

Rail NDC Template

The Importance of Reflecting Inland Transport Emissions in Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs) under the Paris Agreement

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Fostering close cooperation links

with all actors in the rail transport domain

Preparing and publishing Reports,
Specifications,
Guidelines, IRS

The worldwide organisation for the promotion of rail transport

200
members
on all 5 continents



Understanding the business needs

of the rail community

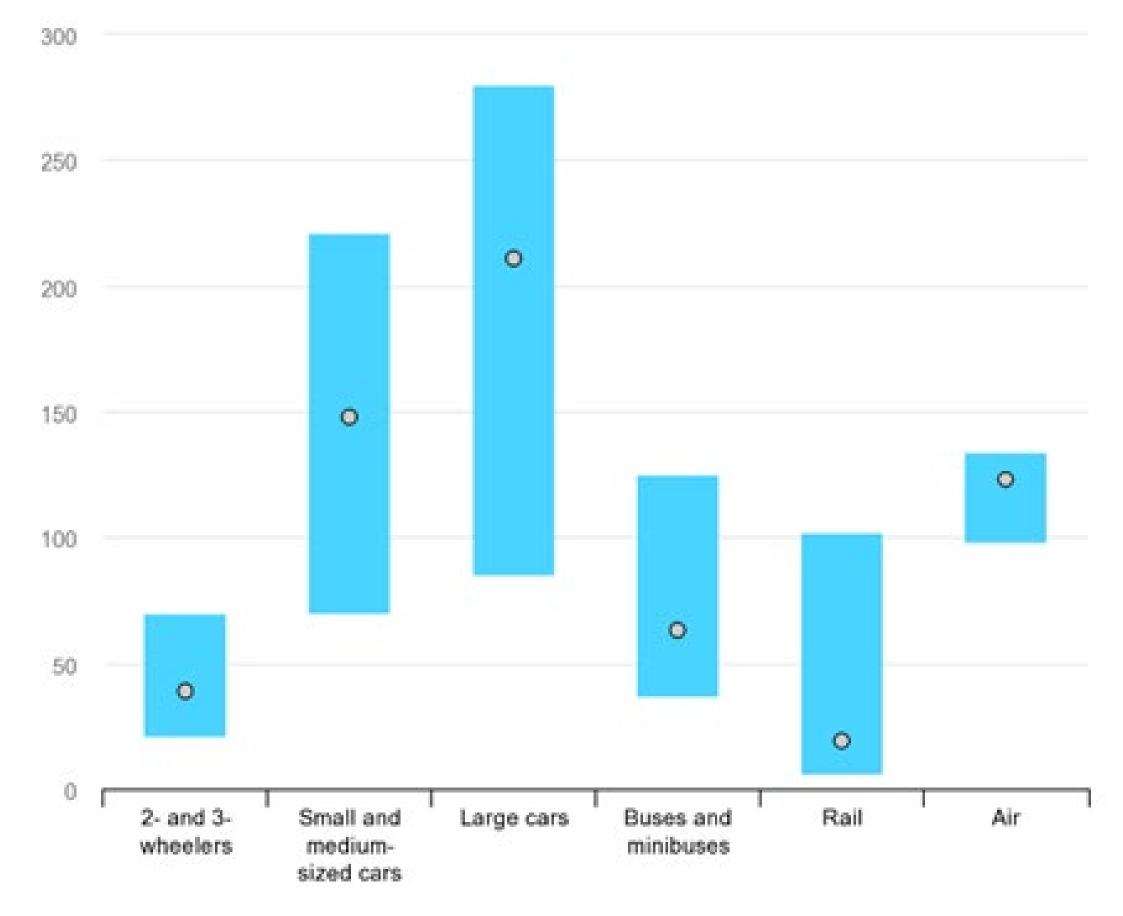
Developing innovation programmes

to identify solutions to those needs



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Lowest GHG and energy intensity of all modes Globalaverage of 22g CO2eq/passenger km

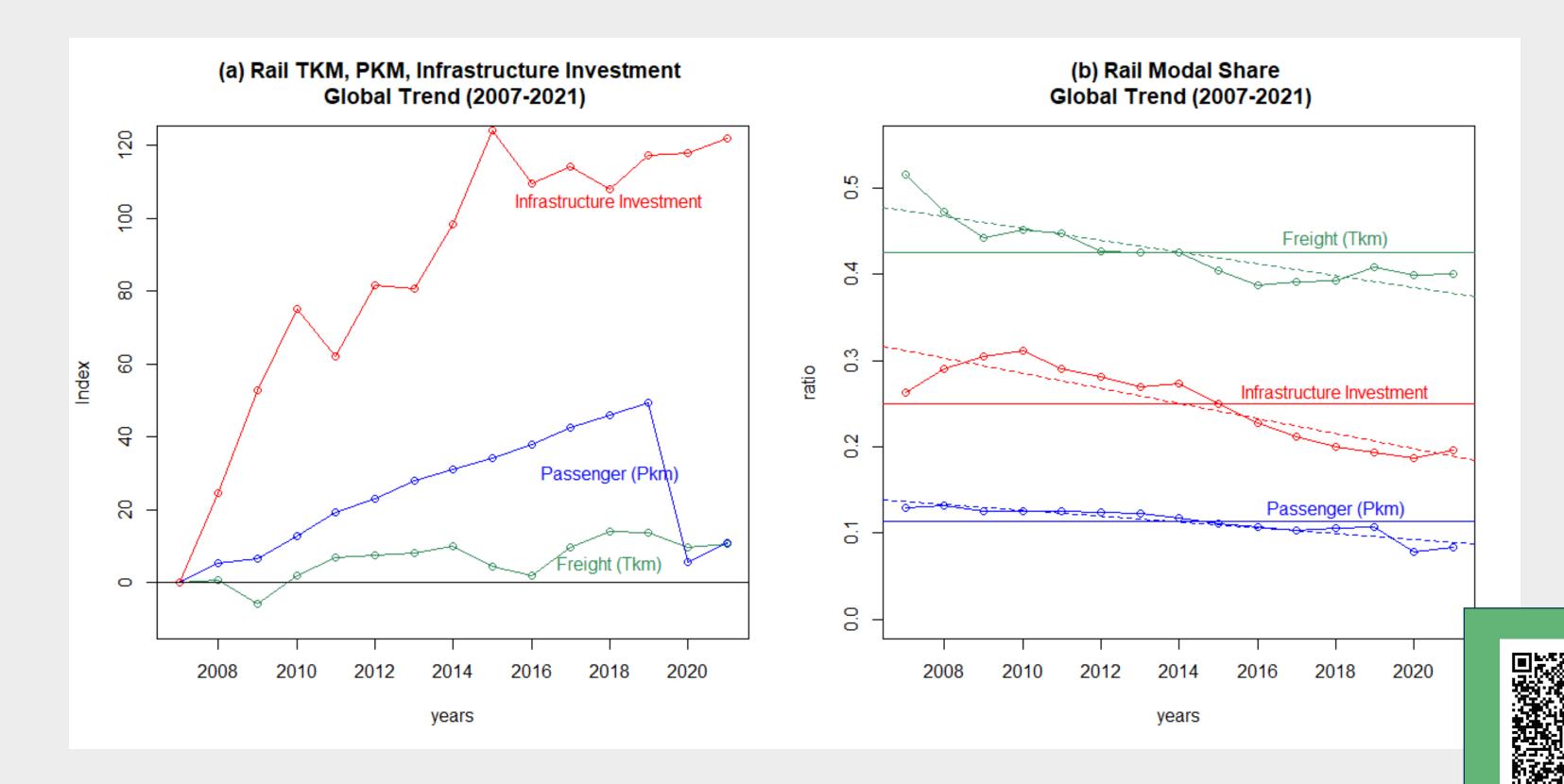


Source: IEA (2023), Rail, IEA, Paris https://www.iea.org/reports/rail, License: CC BY 4.0





Activity returning but with a shrinking share







Rail in NDCs: analysis and recommendations



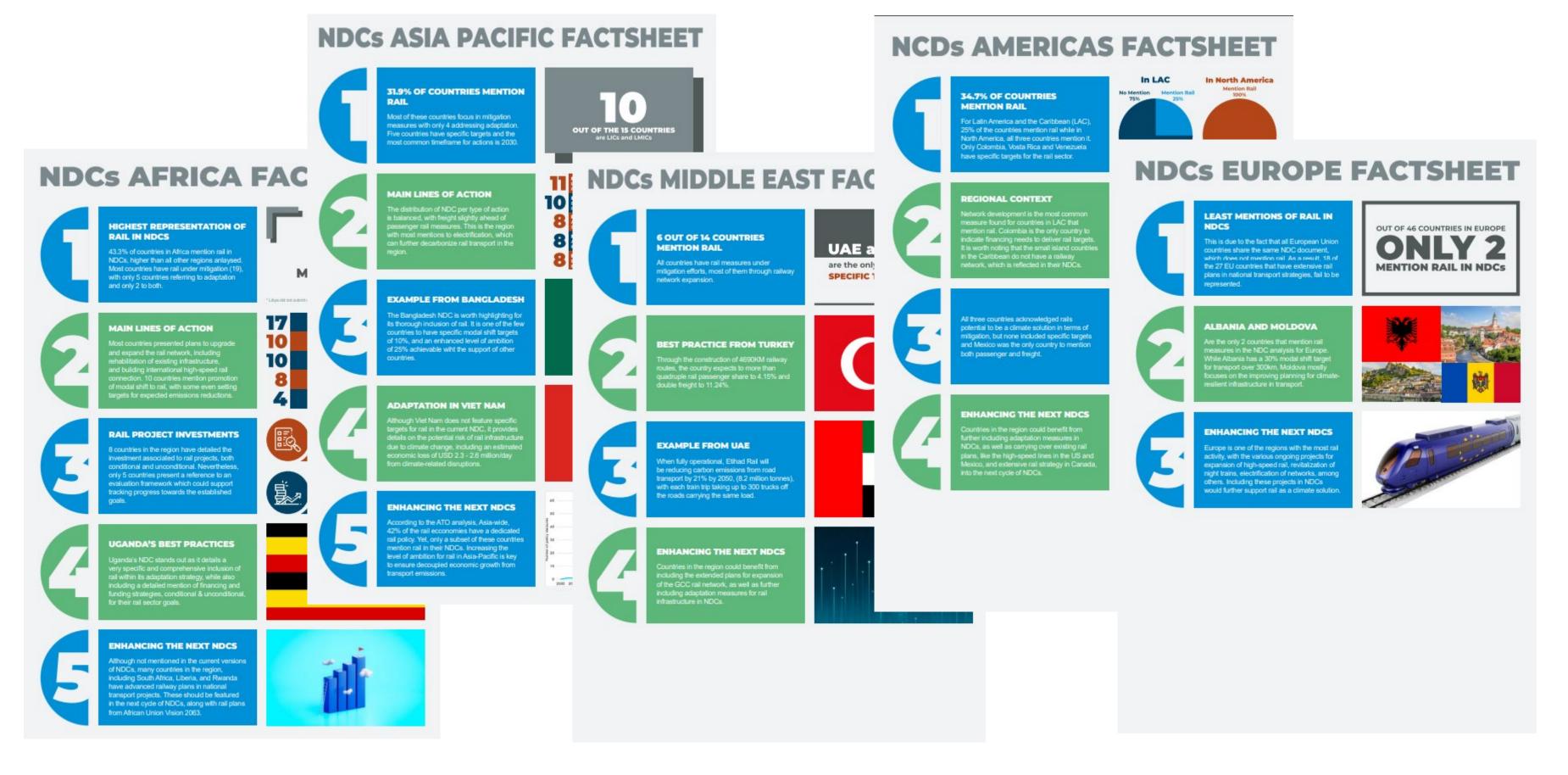
1. Status	Does the NDC mention rail? Are there specific targets for the rail sector?
2. Leadership	Who oversees the NDC process? What about the rail agenda?
3. Duration	What is the timeframe for achieving targets for railway development?
4. Ambition	Is rail addressed in a mitigative and/or adaptive context?
5. Action	What kind of concrete action do they focus on?
6. Investment	Is funding in place to implement plans for railway development?
7. Evaluation	Is there a clear evaluation framework in place to track progress on rail targets?

Rail accounts for just 1% of transport emissions

Just 25% of NDCs feature Railways

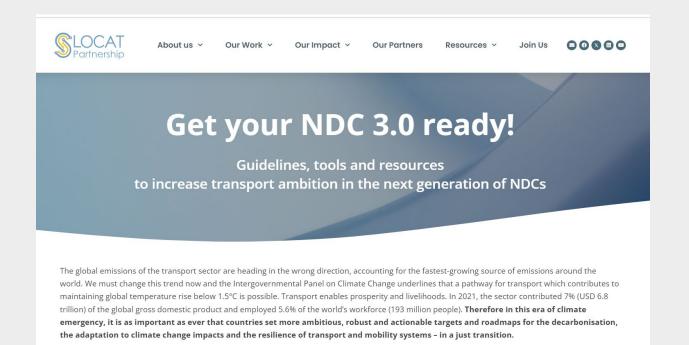
Only 10% of NDCs have targets for Rail

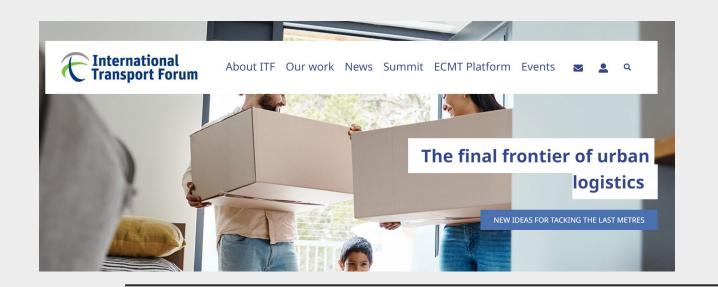
Rail in NDCs: regional factsheets





NDCs for rail, public transport and active travel







A guide to support countries in more ambitious Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs) for rail.







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O ANALYSIS REPORT

PUBLIC TRANSPORT NATIONAL DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS TEMPLATE

IUNE 2024

UITP has created this template for national governments to use to guide and take action in order to strengthen their commitments towards public transport and active mobility in their Nationally Determined Contributions (NDC). Countries can use it to explore options, reflecting national priorities and addressing key implementation and financing needs to strengthen 2025 submissions.

INTRODUCTI

The next round of NDCs, with an implementation timeframe of 2035, are due to be submitted in advance of COP30 in Brazil. The previous round, in their totality, has shown that current efforts and plans are insufficient to reach the goals of the Paris Agreement. The 2025 NDC updates have a key role to play in determining whether the world can



2 https://www.temport.com/areals and Social additional College of Social States (Support - And Soldania) 2 https://www.temport.com/areals/soldania/Soldani

get back on a global emissions trajectory aligned with limiting global heating to 1.5C and how countries plan to tackle climate change in all sectors.

Urban transport accounted for 8% of global CO₂ emissions and around 40% of global transport emissions in 2020. In the absence of interventions, motorised mobility in cities could surge 94% in the next 25 years! At the same time, half of the world's population lacks access to public transport! This means that emissions, air pollution, and energy demand from the urban transport sector will continue rising.

The COP28 Global Stocktake" (GST) recognises that we need deep, rapid, and sustained reductions in greenhouse gas emissions (GHG) in line with 1.5°C pathways across different sectors and that NDCs need to be significantly more ambitious. Each country's NDC should contain information on how the GST autoome has been reflected in their updates. It calls on Parties to transition away from fossil fuels to renewables and to accelerate emissions reductions from road transport through a range of pathways, including the development of infrastructure and rapid deployment of zero and low emission vehicles. Public transport is a fundamental pathway to reducing and accelerating emissions reductions in urban transport.

The UITP analysis report on 'Public Transport & Nationally Determined Contributions' shows that

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A guide to support countries in more ambitious Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs) for rail.





TO CLEARLY DEFINE OBJECTIVES

Specify quantifiable objectives related to the rail sector, which could include targets for rail network expansion, a modal shift, electrification, or emissions reductions

TO FIND OPPORTUNITY TO BOOST AMBITION

Find the opportunities in rail to accelerate action and boost emissions savings while building future resilience so that your targets can be raised from the previous cycle.

TO FILL GAPS FOR A COMPREHENSIVE APPROACH

Encompass comprehensive strategies, considering policies both push and pull measures to incentivize a modal shift. Include rail in both mitigation and the adaptation plan and consider both freight and passengers mobility.



Ensure that rail sector goals, national and continental transport strategies and broader national climate and sustainability objectives align and cross reference. Action can be accelerated when national policies are cascaded and supported at the local level.



Include specific, measurable, and time-bound targets related to rail sector performance, emissions reduction, and modal shift percentages. These should be regularly monitored and reported, with clearly identified stakeholders responsible for tracking progress.

TO BE CLEAR ON FUNDING AND FINANCING

Clearly indicate how rail investments will be financed. Where applicable, differentiate between conditional and unconditional funding to open opportunities for international collaboration on investment needed.



Find opportunity to boost ambition



Include existing national and local policies and projects for rail that are not yet mentioned in NDCs

In Asia , 12 LMICs have included railways - related targets in transport policy documents, however, only two have mentioned railway - specific targets in their NDCs.





Include specific policies and measurable targets that indicate how they will be achieved

Burkina Faso NDC (2022) shows 2 rail projects (one conditional and one unconditional) with potential GgCO2eq savings by 2025, 2030 and 2050.





Expand climate action scope: integrate mitigation, adaptation, and broader sustainability goals.

Vietnam's NDC is one of the only ones to present estimated economic losses due to climate change effects in rail infrastructure.



Set more ambitious goals in NDCs, addressing both the potential for mitigation and adaptation within a given national context.



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RAIL NDC TEMPLATE

Measurable targets



• Malawi's NDC designates the Ministry of Transport and Public Works (MOTPW) and the Ministry of Local Government (MOLG) as the primary owners of actions, with Passenger Associations, Bus Operators Associations, City Councils, and private transport companies as key stakeholders.



Measurable

• Burkina Faso's NDC includes the Accra-Ouagadougou rail interconnection project, which is estimated to save 748 Gg of CO2e by 2050.



Time-bound

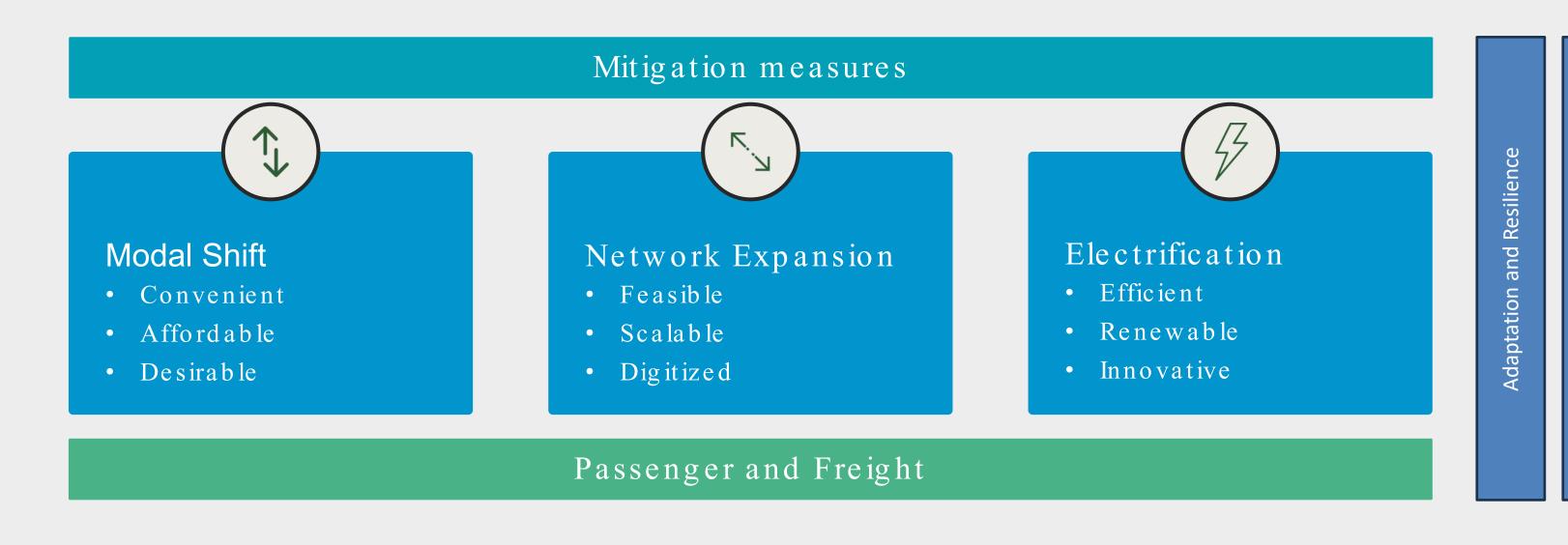
• Uganda: Uganda's NDC shows some differentiation, with short-term (2026), medium-term (2030), and long-term (2050) goals.



Include clear, measurable, and time-bound targets related to rail sector performance, emissions reduction, and modal shift percentages. These should be regularly monitored and reported, with clearly identified stakeholders responsible for tracking progress.



A comprehensive approach



Encompass comprehensive strategies, considering policies and push and pull measures to enhance a modal shift, while expanding the rail network and/or increasing energy efficiency where appropriate.







A comprehensive approach

- Modal Shift

Make it

Convenient

- Integrated Transport and Land Use Planning.
- Technological Innovation
 - Paraguay NDC highlights incorporation of passenger and freight rail transport strategies in territorial planning through Urban and Territorial Development Plans.



Affordable

- Subsidies and Incentives
- Regulatory Measures
 - Moldova NDC refers to the "new (2019) Railway Transport Code", establishes guidelines for state support in developing railway infrastructure, to boost investment and international freight competitiveness.

Desirable

• Public Awareness Campaigns

Costa Rica's NDC
 highlights the impact of
 several SDGs related to
 the new Tren Eléctrico
 de Pasajeros in the Gran
 Área Metropolitana , while
 also addressing black
 carbon reduction and a
 just transition.









A comprehensive approach

- Network Expansion

Make it

Feasible

- Long -term Planning
- Investment priorities
 - Turkey's NDC projects a railway investment of \$29 billion (2019 prices) by 2030, prioritizing the importance of railway sector to achieve sustainability targets.



Scalable

- Building institutional capacity
- International standardization
 - Tajikistan's NDC
 emphasizes goals to
 align all transport
 modes —including rail,
 road, air, and
 specialized services —
 with international
 standards.



Digitized

- Increased efficiency and capacity
- Seamless connectivity
 - Bangladesh NDC sets goals for p urchase of modern rolling stock and signaling system for railway, which will improve efficiency of rail services.







A comprehensive approach

- Electrification

Make it

Efficient

- Integrate Advanced Energy Efficient Technologies
- Modernization of rail operations
 - Azerbaijan's NDC includes plans for electrifying railway lines and transitioning to an alternating current (AC) traction system, as part of the measures to reduce negative impacts from trasnport in the environment.



Renewable

- Prioritize Rail Electrification with Renewable Energy
 - Myanmar's NDC
 proposes electric high
 speed railway networks
 powered by renewable
 energy as a means to
 reduce GHG emissions,
 subject to future bilateral
 or multilateral
 agreements.

Innovative

- Invest in Alternative Technologies
 - Chile's NDC promotes shifting from private cars to bicycles or public transport and sets ambitious goals for using green hydrogen across various sectors, including transport.







Thank you for your attention



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