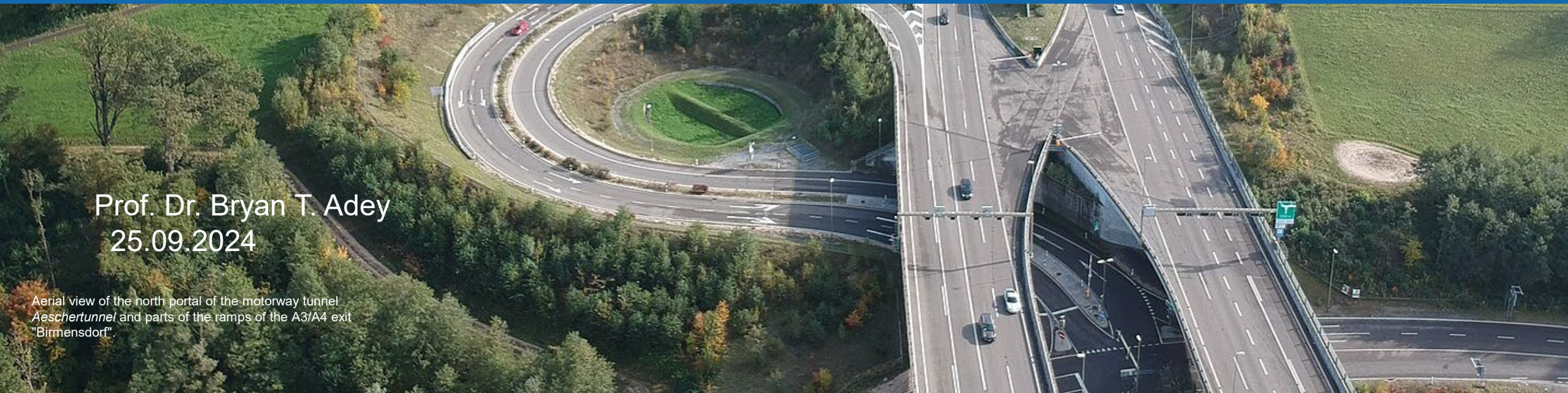




# Transport system resilience to disruptive events and long-term trends

Identifying the need to change and appraising modifications



Prof. Dr. Bryan T. Adey  
25.09.2024

Aerial view of the north portal of the motorway tunnel  
*Aeschertunnel* and parts of the ramps of the A3/A4 exit  
"Birmensdorf".

# What is a transport asset?

Aerial view of the north portal of the motorway tunnel *Aeschertunnel* and parts of the ramps of the A3/A4 exit "Birmensdorf".

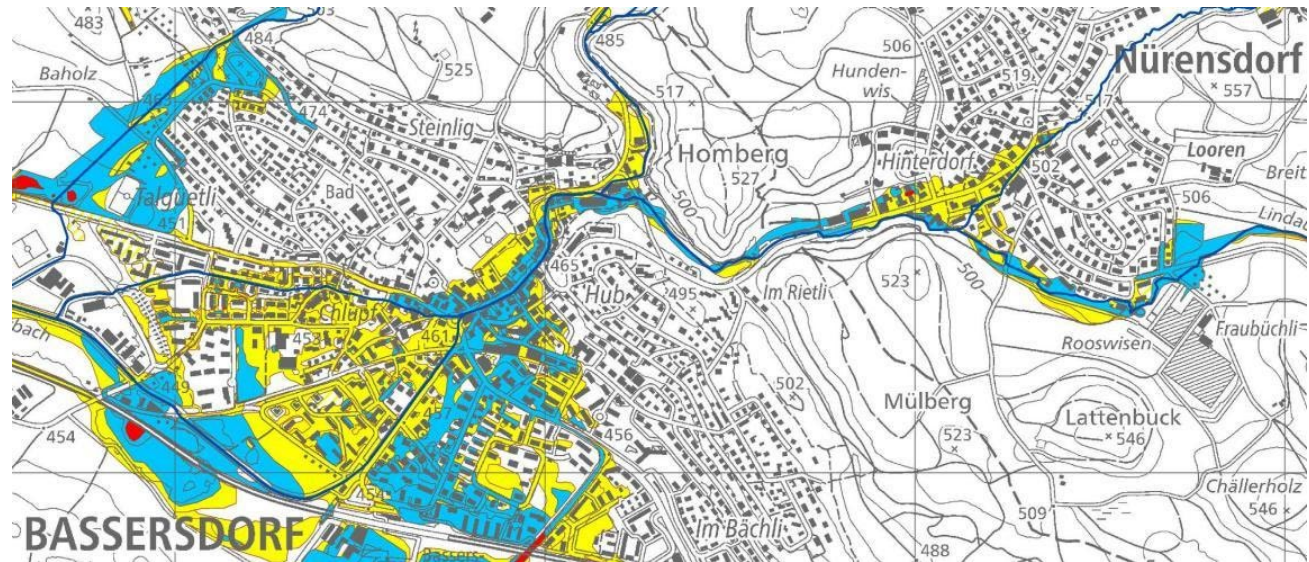


# Transport asset resilience cannot be estimated without considering the system

- If you look at the asset without the organisation, how do you know how long it will take to fix the asset if it is damaged?



- If you look at the asset without the environment, how do you know the severity of flood that might happen? How do you know if money will be available to fix the asset?



# What is a transport system?



## Infrastructure

- The physical assets that are required to provide service

## Environment (1/2)

- The physical environment in which the infrastructure is embedded that might affect the provision of service

## Environment (2/2)

- The organisational environment in which the infrastructure management organisation is embedded that might affect the provision of service

## Organisation

- The organisation(s) responsible for ensuring that the infrastructure provides service

# What is expected from a transport system?

The service to be provided by a transport system is the safe and sustainable mobility of persons and goods.

This service can be operationalized, for example, as the ability to transport from A to B goods and persons

- within a specific amount of time
- with emissions below a specified threshold, and
- goods without being damaged and persons without being hurt or losing their lives.



<https://vignetteswitzerland.com/it/autostrade-svizzere/>

# Why modify transport systems?

Potentially disruptive events



<https://unece.org/transport/publications/stress-test-framework-evaluating-resilience-transport-systems>

Long term trends

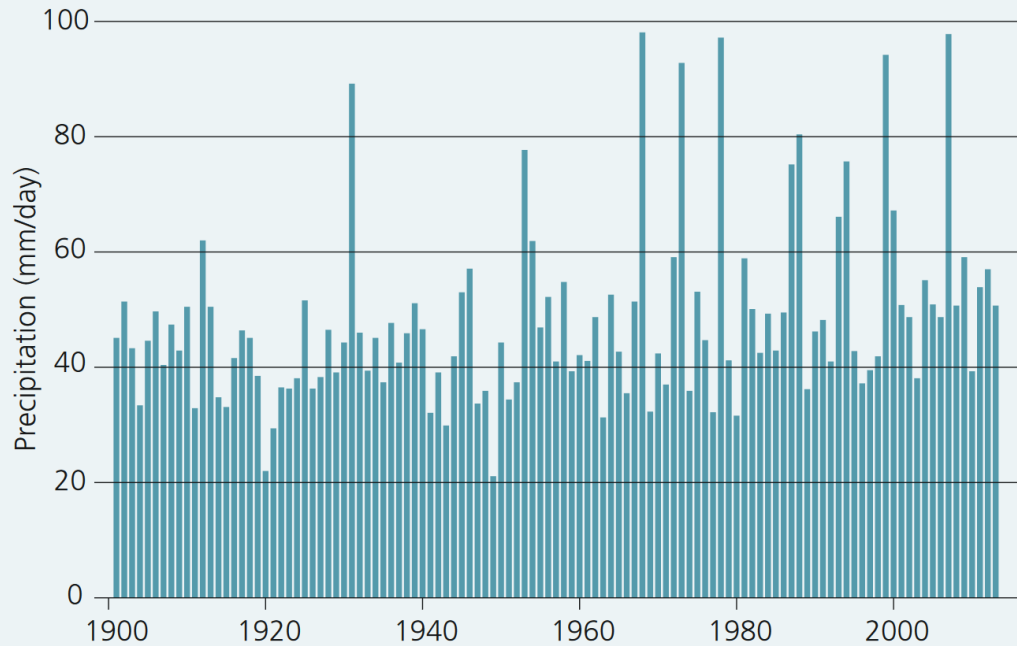


<https://www.spiegel.de/wirtschaft/unternehmen/dubiose-diesel-lieferanten-draengen-auf-den-deutschen-markt-verdacht-auf-steuerbetrug-a-7cc97ff5-822d-4868-991d-2363add779eb>

# Why modify transport systems?

## Potentially disruptive events

Heaviest single-day precipitation event of the year in Zurich



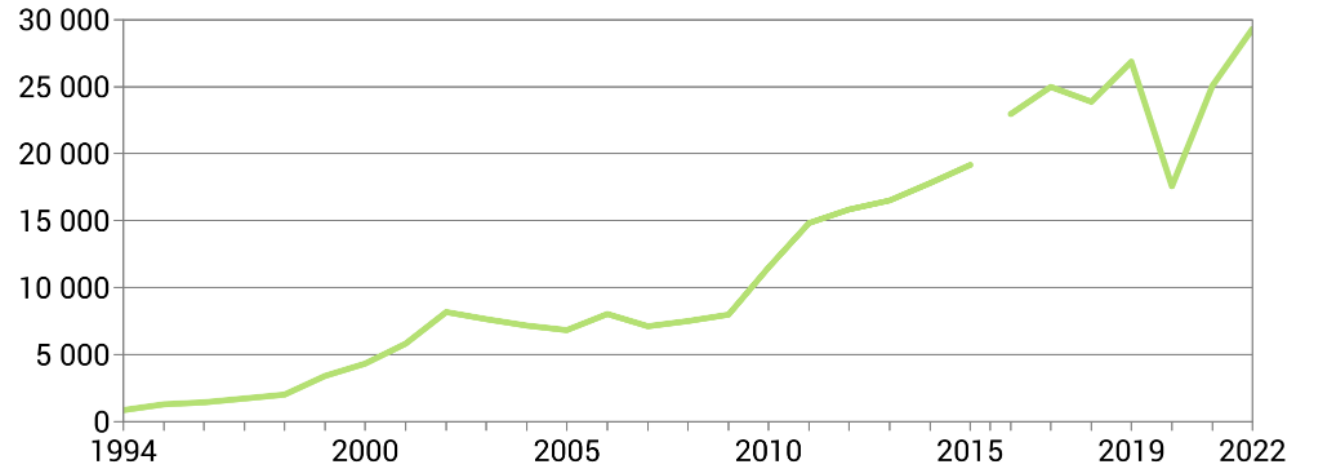
<https://www.nccs.admin.ch/nccs/en/home/climate-change-and-impacts/swiss-climate-change-scenarios/order-the-ch2018-brochure.html>

## Long term trends

### Staubelastung auf dem Nationalstrassennetz

Durch Verkehrsüberlastung verursachte Staus

#### Stunden



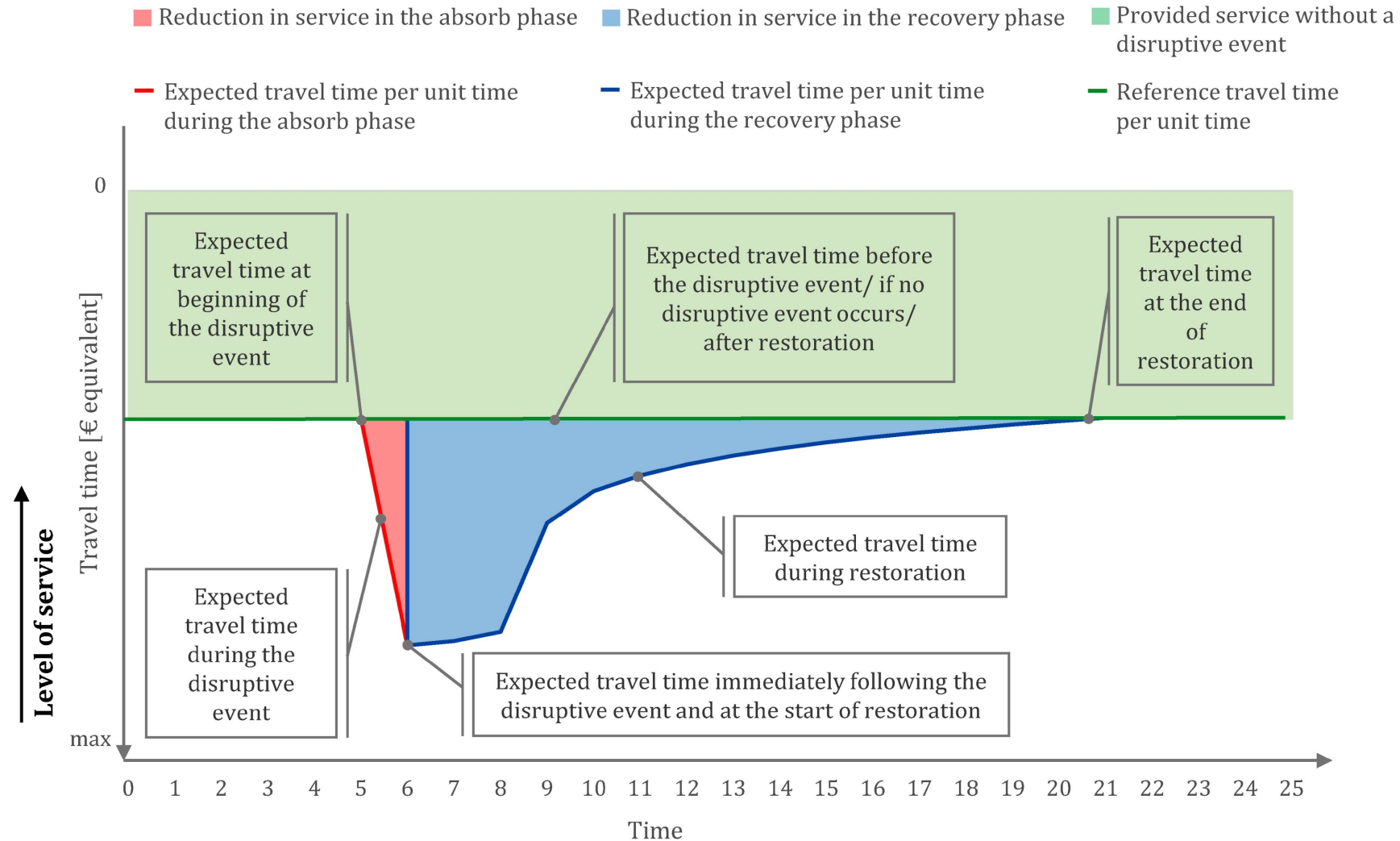
ohne Staus auf den Strecken des neuen Netzbeschlusses (NEB); Anpassung der Berechnungsmethode 2016

Quelle: Bundesamt für Strassen

© BFS 2023

<https://www.bfs.admin.ch/bfs/de/home/statistiken/querschnittsthemen/monitoring-legislaturplanung/alle-indikatoren/leitline-1-wohlstand/staubelastung-nationalstrassennetz.html>

# What is transport system resilience? To a potentially disruptive event

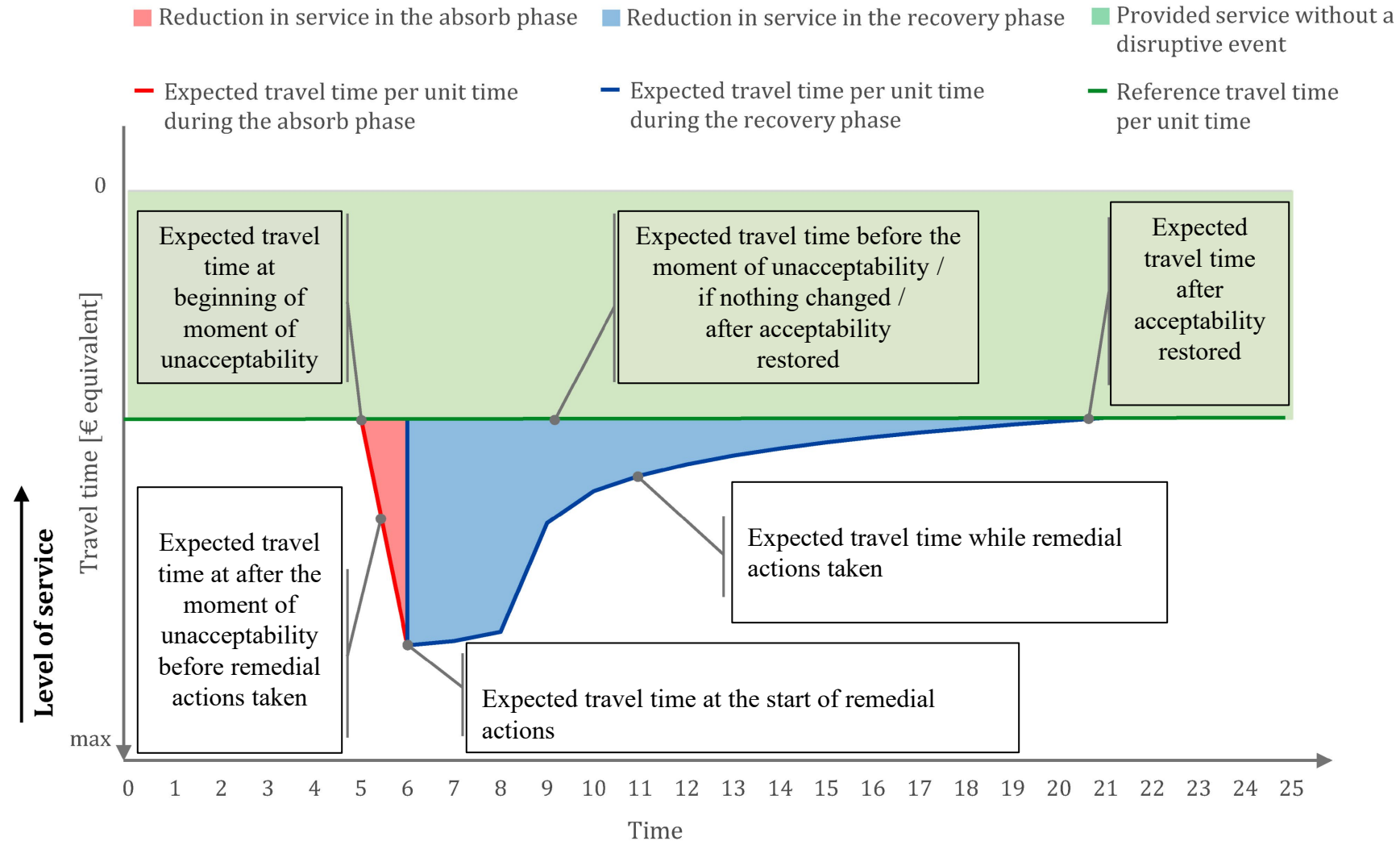


<https://unece.org/transport/publications/stress-test-framework-evaluating-resilience-transport-systems>



# What is transport system resilience?

## To a long-term trend



# What are the best areas for improvement?

## Run stress tests

A stress test is a set of one or more hypothetical scenarios designed to help determine if a transport system can continue to provide an acceptable level of service when

- subjected to one or more potentially disruptive events / one or more potentially disruptive long-term trends

Example potentially disruptive event:

- 1/500 year
  - Damage?
- Time to restoration?
- Cost of restoration?
- Additional travel time?
- Economic impact?
  - Fatalities?



[https://www.swissinfo.ch/eng/politics/harnessing-nature\\_politicians-give-chf1-billion-to-prevent-future-rh%C3%B4ne-flooding/45414070](https://www.swissinfo.ch/eng/politics/harnessing-nature_politicians-give-chf1-billion-to-prevent-future-rh%C3%B4ne-flooding/45414070)

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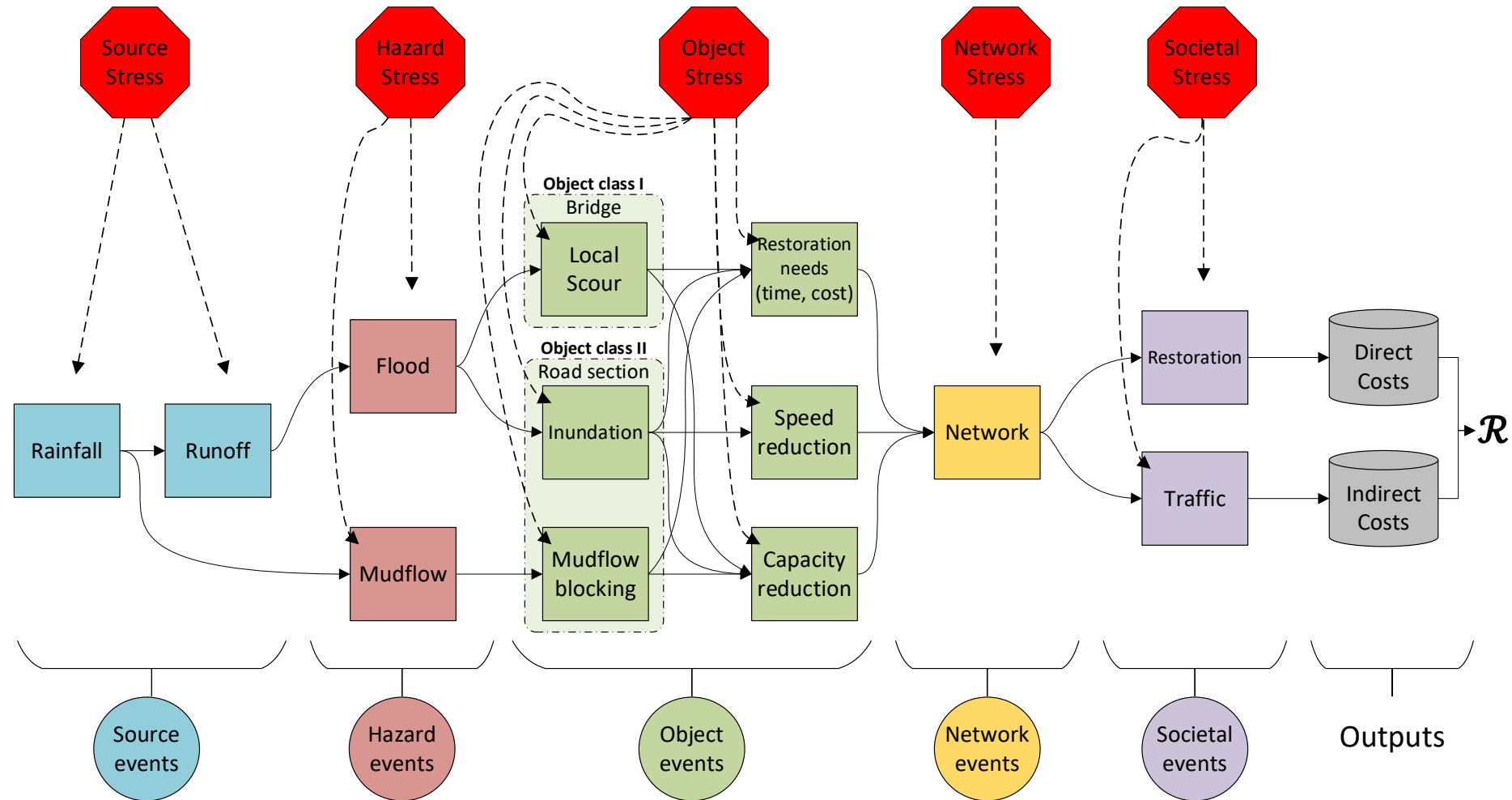
Example long term event:  
doubling of traffic

- Increase in traffic jams?
- Costs to modify infrastructure?
  - Additional travel time?
  - Economic impact?
    - Fatalities?



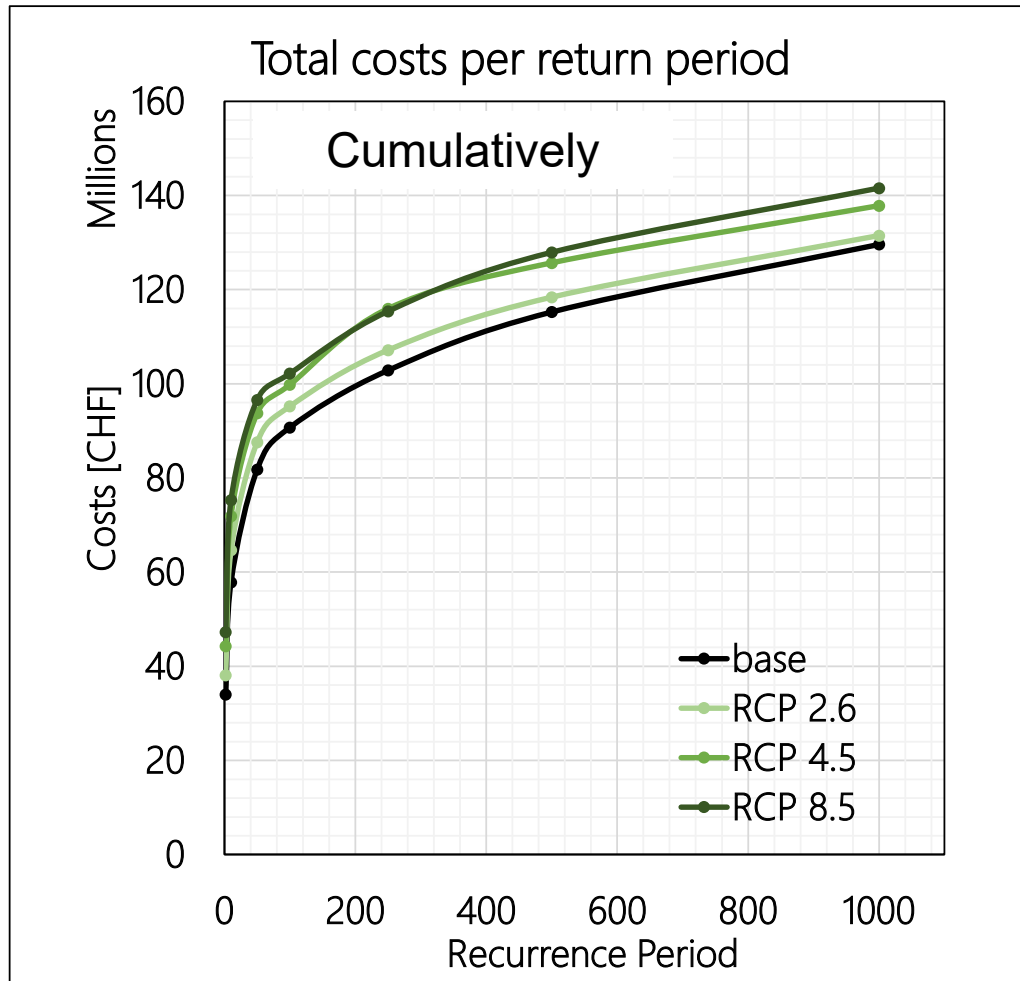
<https://www.spiegel.de/wirtschaft/unternehmen/dubiose-diesel-lieferanten-draengen-auf-den-deutschen-markt-verdacht-auf-steuerbetrug-a-7cc97ff5-822d-4868-991d-2363add779eb>

# How are transport system stressed? with respect to potentially disruptive events?

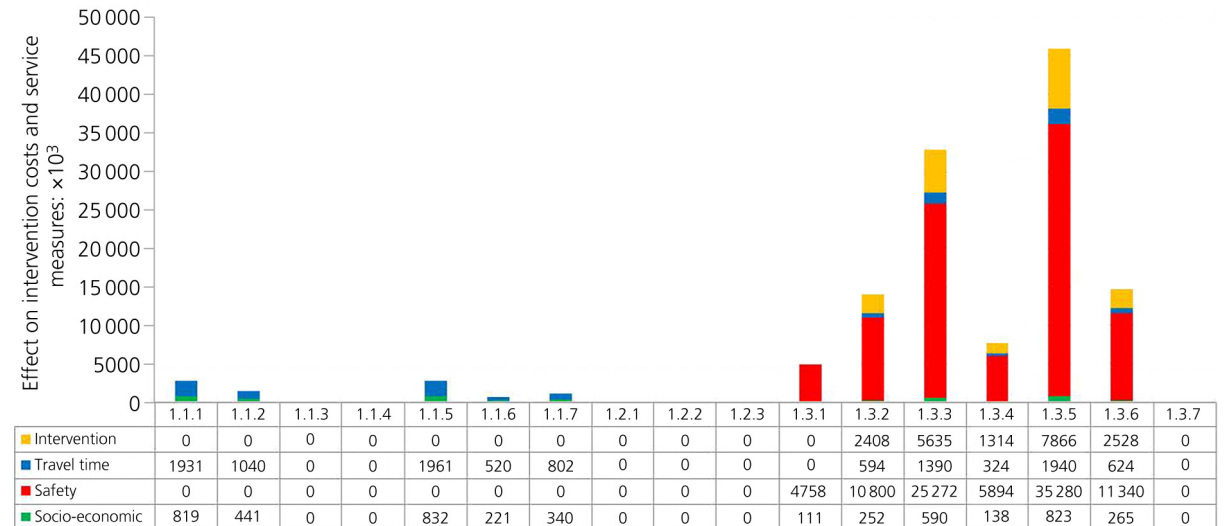


# What knowledge is gained?

Insight into if, how, and when our transport system should be modified



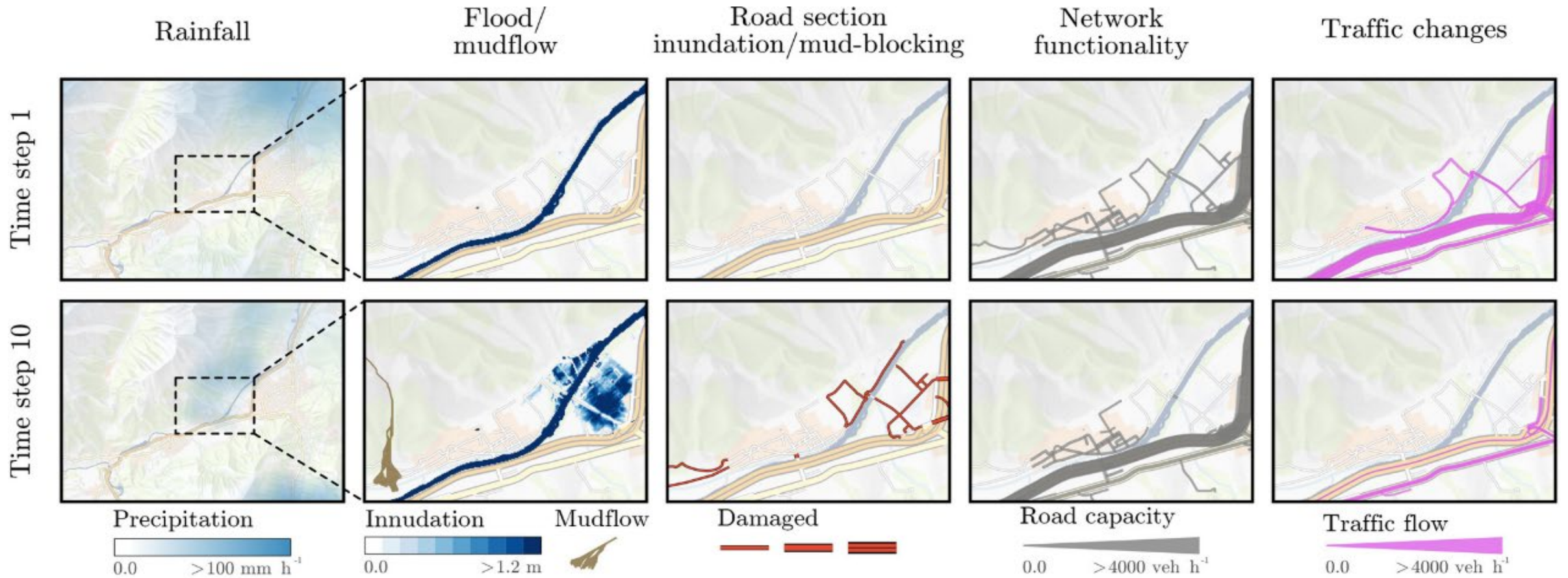
## Bar charts pro indicator



Martani, C., Adey, B.T., Robles, I., di Gennaro F., Pardi, L., Beltran-Hernando, I., Concepcion Toribio Diaz, I., Jimenez Redondo, N., Antonio Moli Diaz, A., (2021), Estimating the resilience of, and targets for, a transport system using expert opinion, Special Issue: Resilient infrastructure for improved disaster management, Infrastructure Asset Management, 8(4), 191-208, DOI: [10.1680/jinam.20.00029](https://doi.org/10.1680/jinam.20.00029)

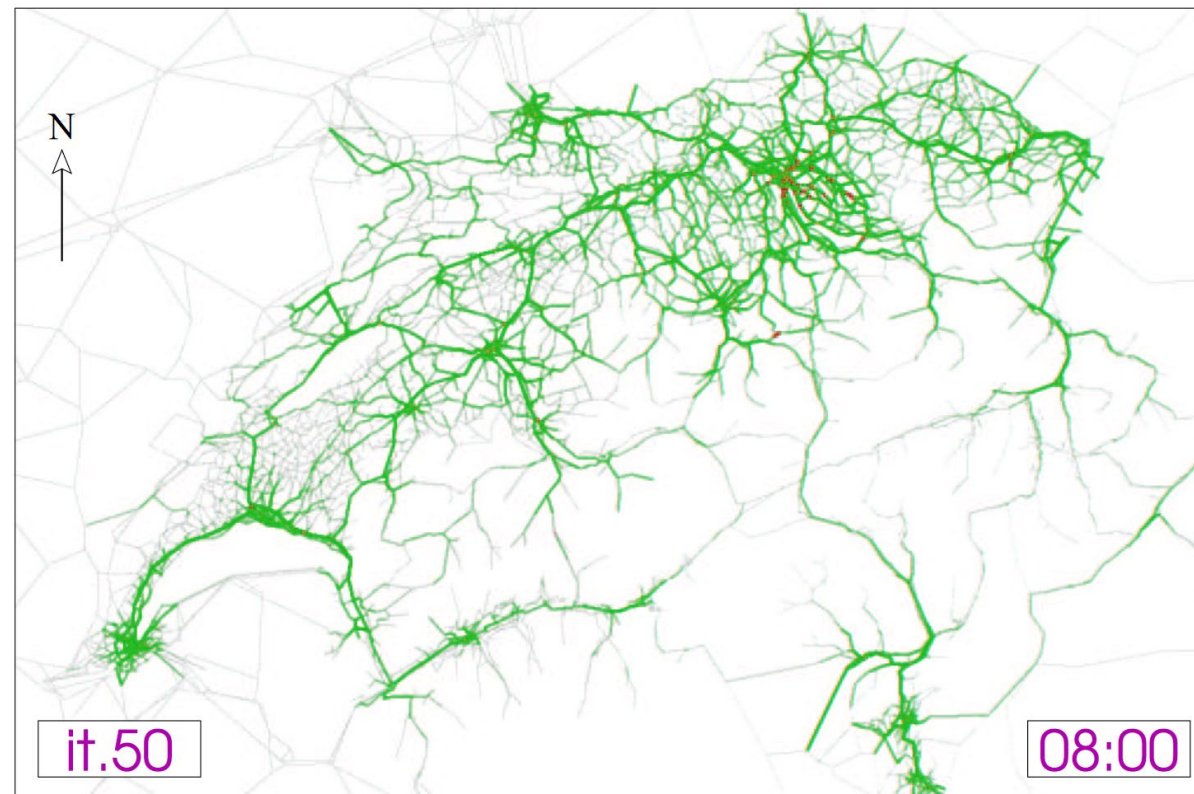
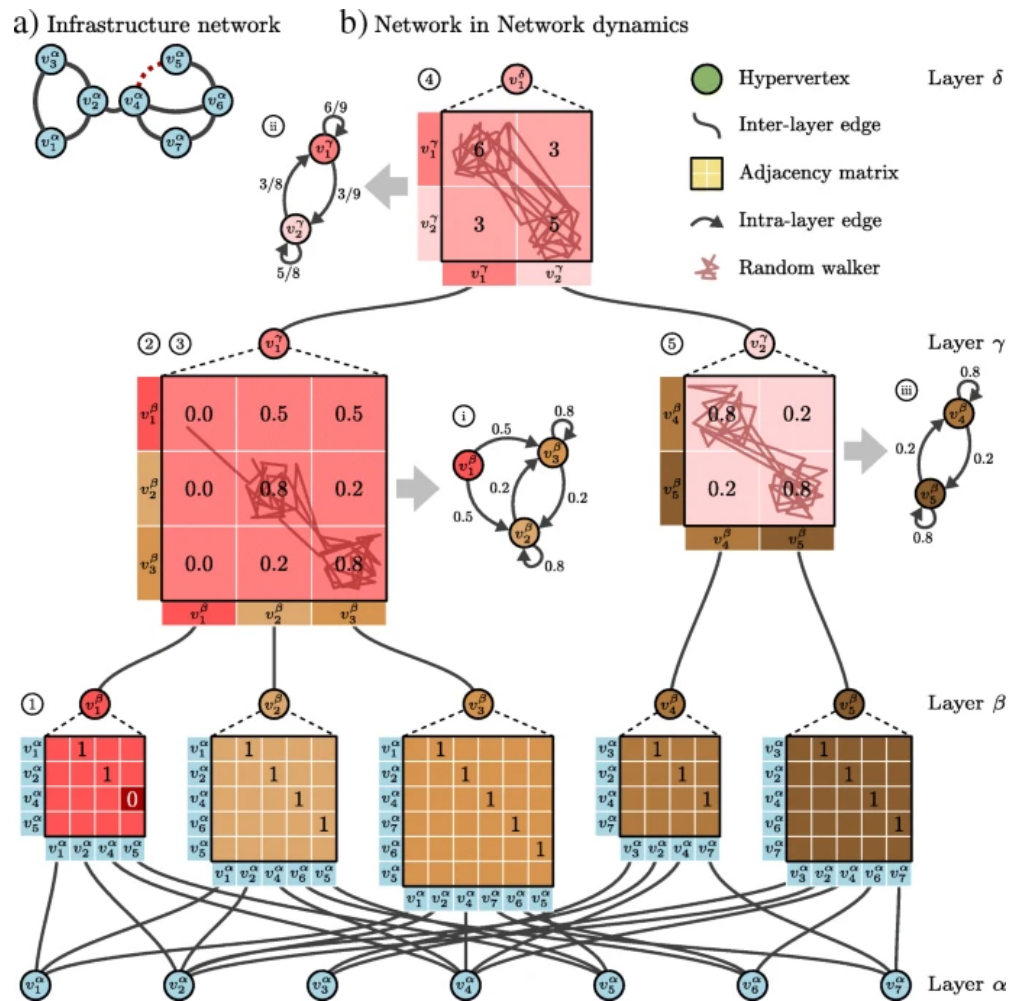
# What knowledge is gained?

Insight into if, how, and when our transport system should be modified



Hackl, J., Lam, J.C., Heitzler, M., Adey, B.T., Hurni, L., (2018), Estimating network related risks: a methodology and an application for roads, Natural Hazards and Earth System Sciences, 18, 2273–2293 DOI: 10.5194/nhess-18-2273-2018

# How are transport systems stressed? with respect to a long-term trend?



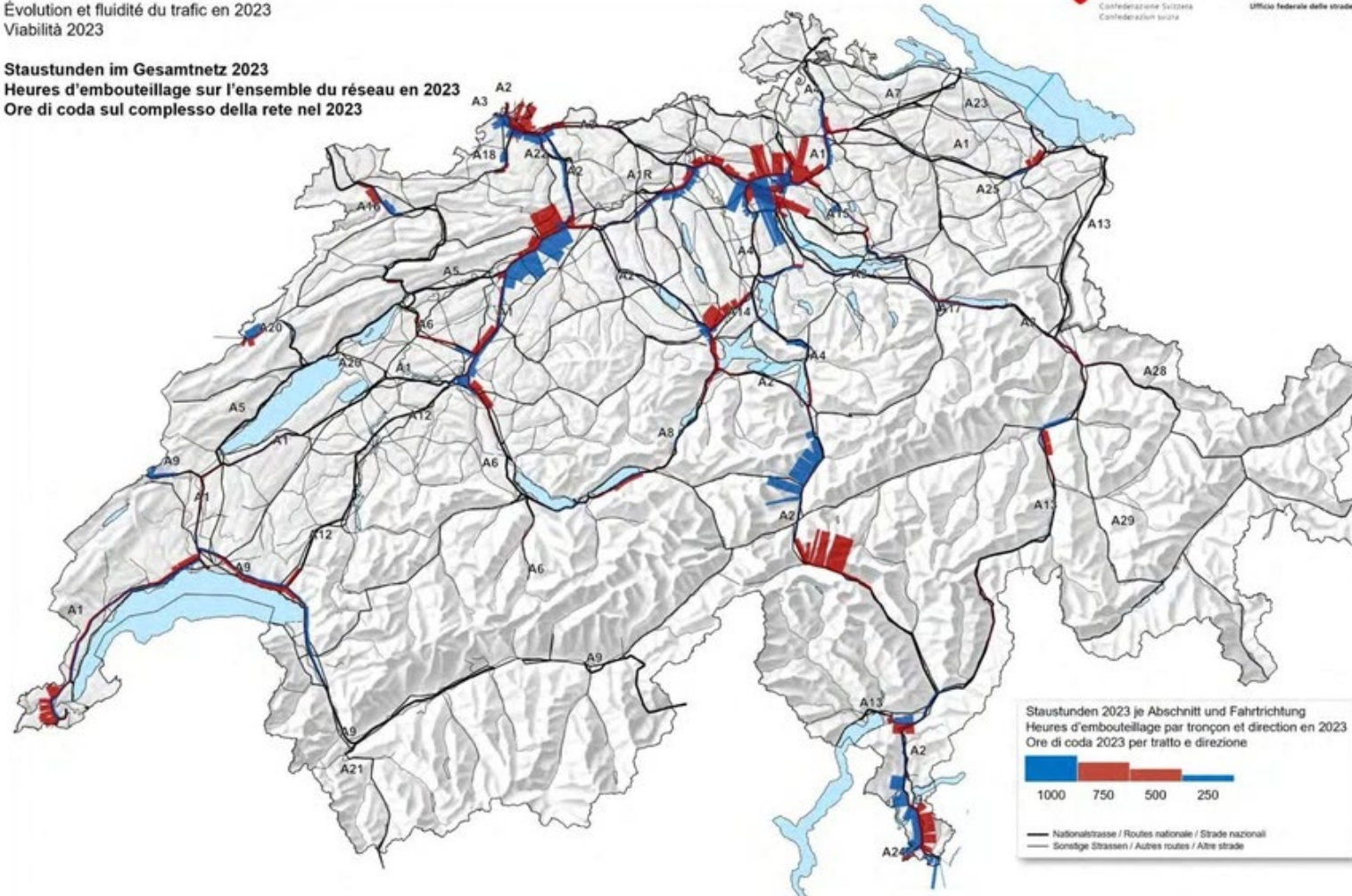
<https://www.researchgate.net/profile/Kay-Axhausen/publication/226715988/figure/fig2/AS:669219091910659@1536565673118/Snapshot-of-Switzerland-at-800-AM-From-the-queue-micro-simulation-iteration-50.png>

Hackl, J., Adey, B.T., (2019), Estimation of traffic flow changes using networks in networks approaches, Applied Network Science, 4:28, DOI: 10.1007/s41109-019-0139-y, 26 pages.

# What knowledge can be gained from such a stress test? Insight into if, how and when our transport system should be modified

Verkehrsentwicklung und Verkehrsfluss 2023  
Évolution et fluidité du trafic en 2023  
Viabilità 2023

Stautunden im Gesamtnetz 2023  
Heures d'embouteillage sur l'ensemble du réseau en 2023  
Ore di coda sul complesso della rete nel 2023

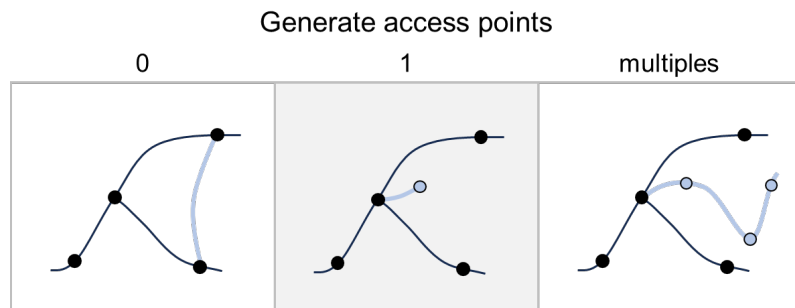




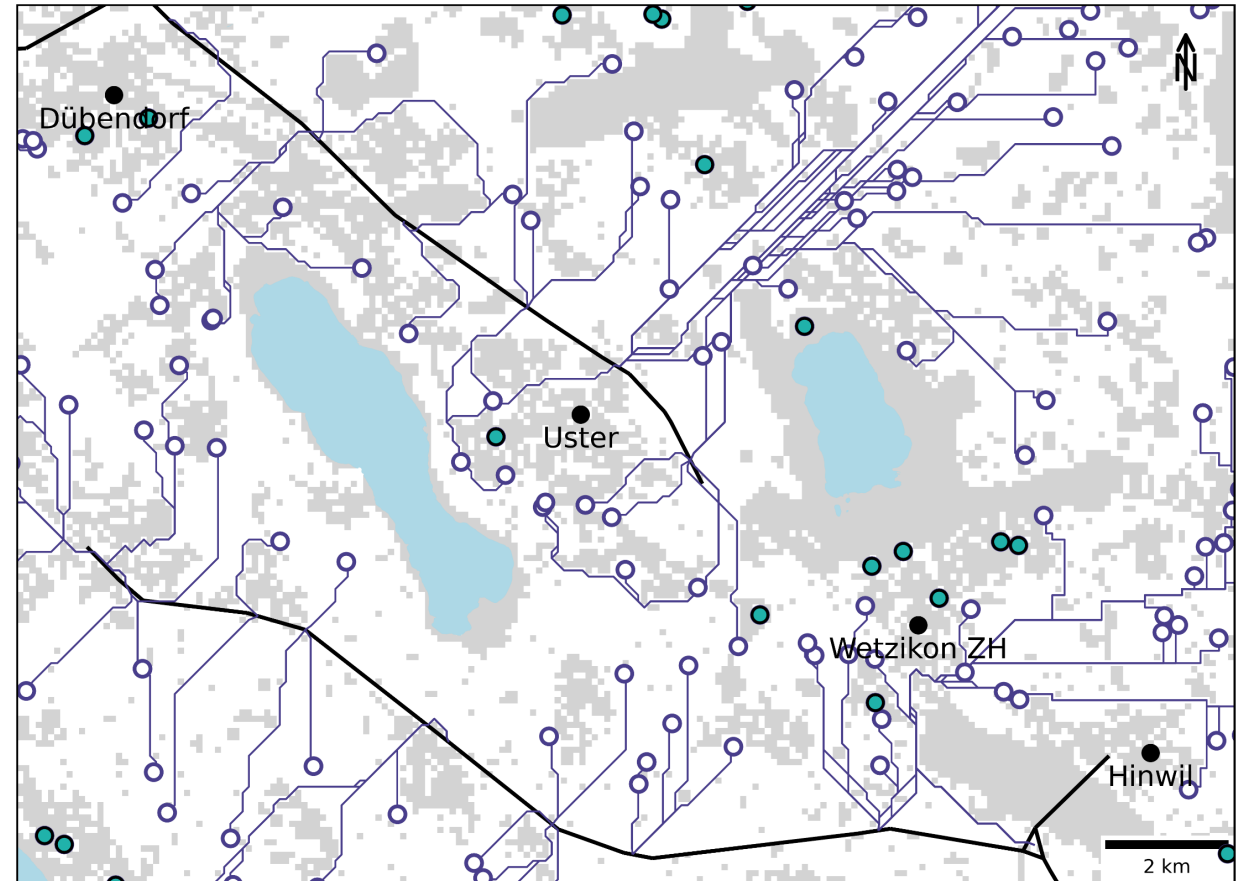
# How is it best to modify the transport system?

## Adaptive plans addressing long-term trends

- Generate random access points
- Filter points based on land use and land cover
- Connect generated access point to closest existing highway access (Euclidean distance)
- From beeline connection to possible highway routing considering landcover and land use



- Existing highway infrastructure
- Generated access points
- Generated bifurcations
- Generated links

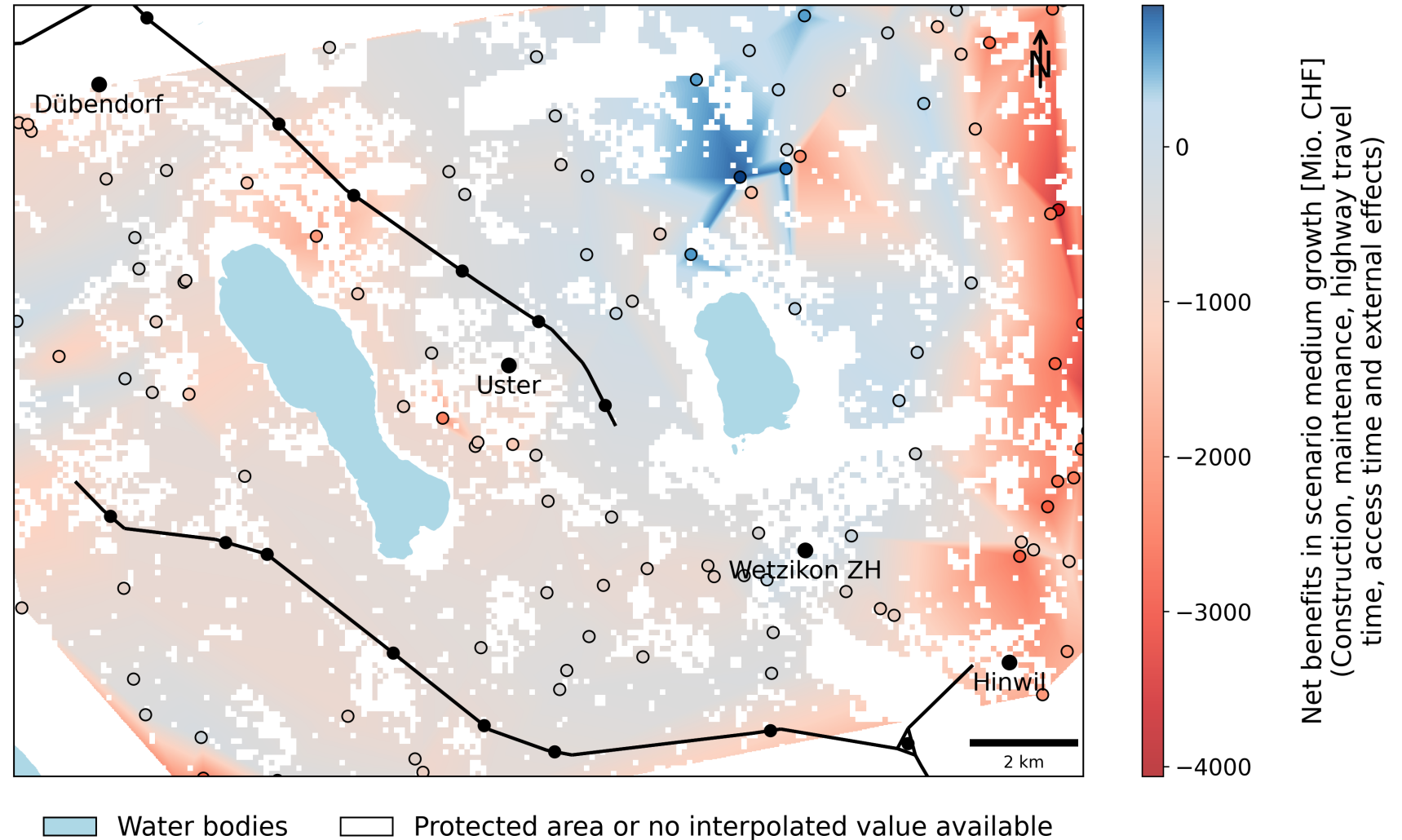


### Legend

- Current highway network
- Generated points
- Deleted points
- Generated links
- Water bodies
- Infeasible area

# How is it best to modify the transport system?

## Adaptive plans addressing long-term trends

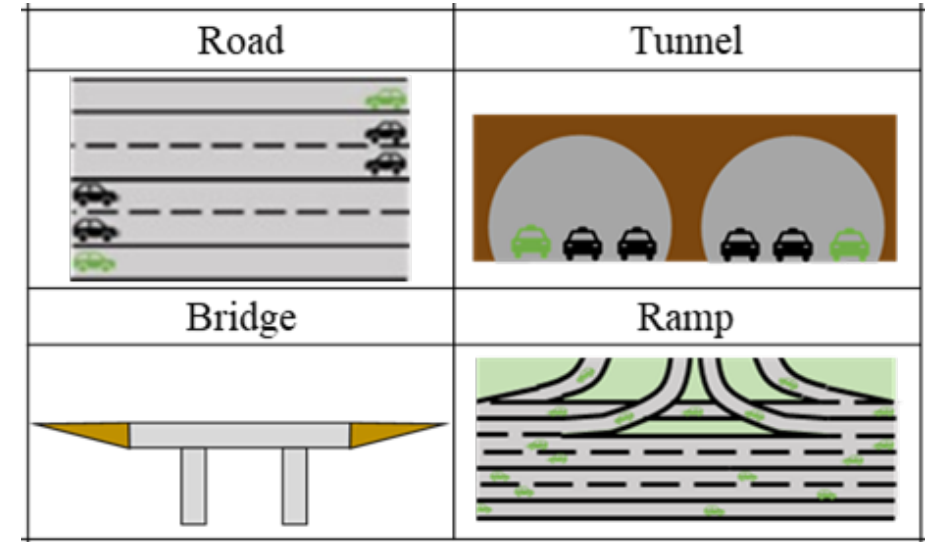


Marggi, F., Elvarsson, A., Adey, B.T., (2024) Implementing early-stage highway planning support in Dübendorf-Hinwil considering uncertain land-use and mobility demand, Swiss Transport Research Conference, May 15-17, Ascona, Switzerland.

# How is it best to modify the transport system?

## Adaptive plans addressing long-term trends

### Example: The Swiss A53 highway extension



Martani, C., Eberle, S., Adey, B.T., (2022), Evaluating highway designs considering uncertain mobility patterns and flexibility using real options, Infrastructure Asset Management, 9(3), pp. 135–155, DOI: 10.1680/jinam.21.00018

- Convert the highway into 3 separate-traffic lanes per direction
- triggered when the number of human driven vehicles is higher than 10'000 per hour

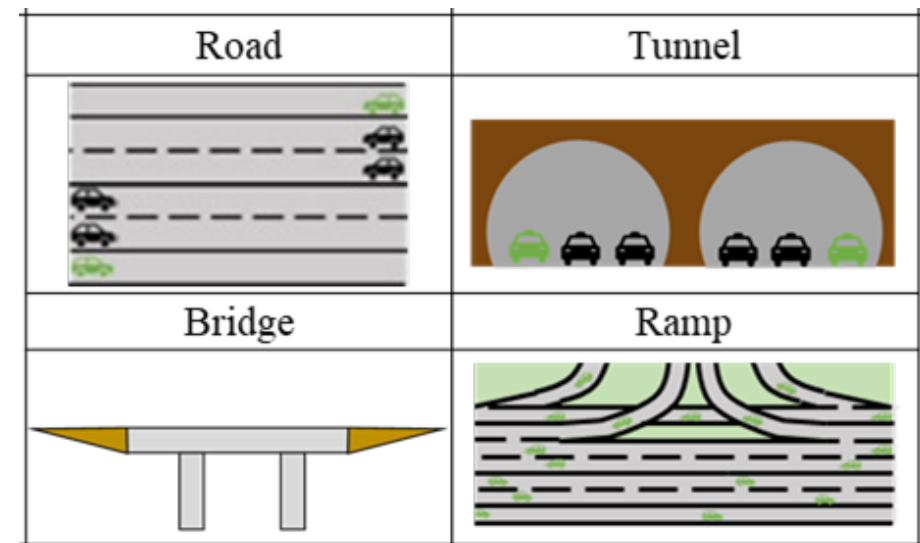
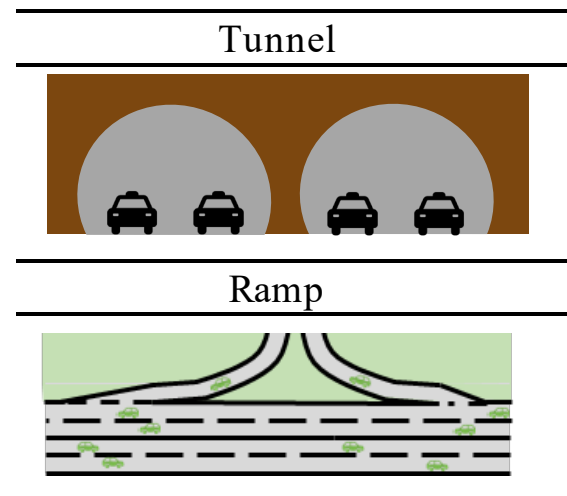
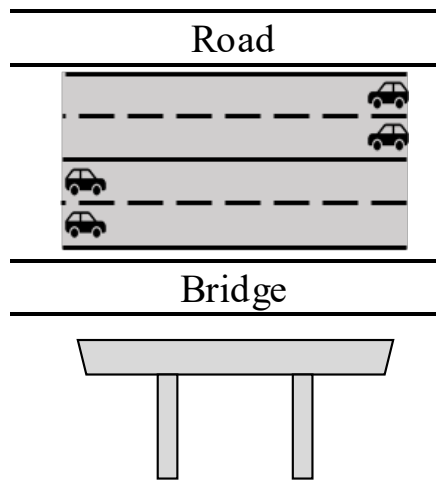
# Can infrastructure be designed to make changes easy?

## Flexible infrastructure addressing long-term trends

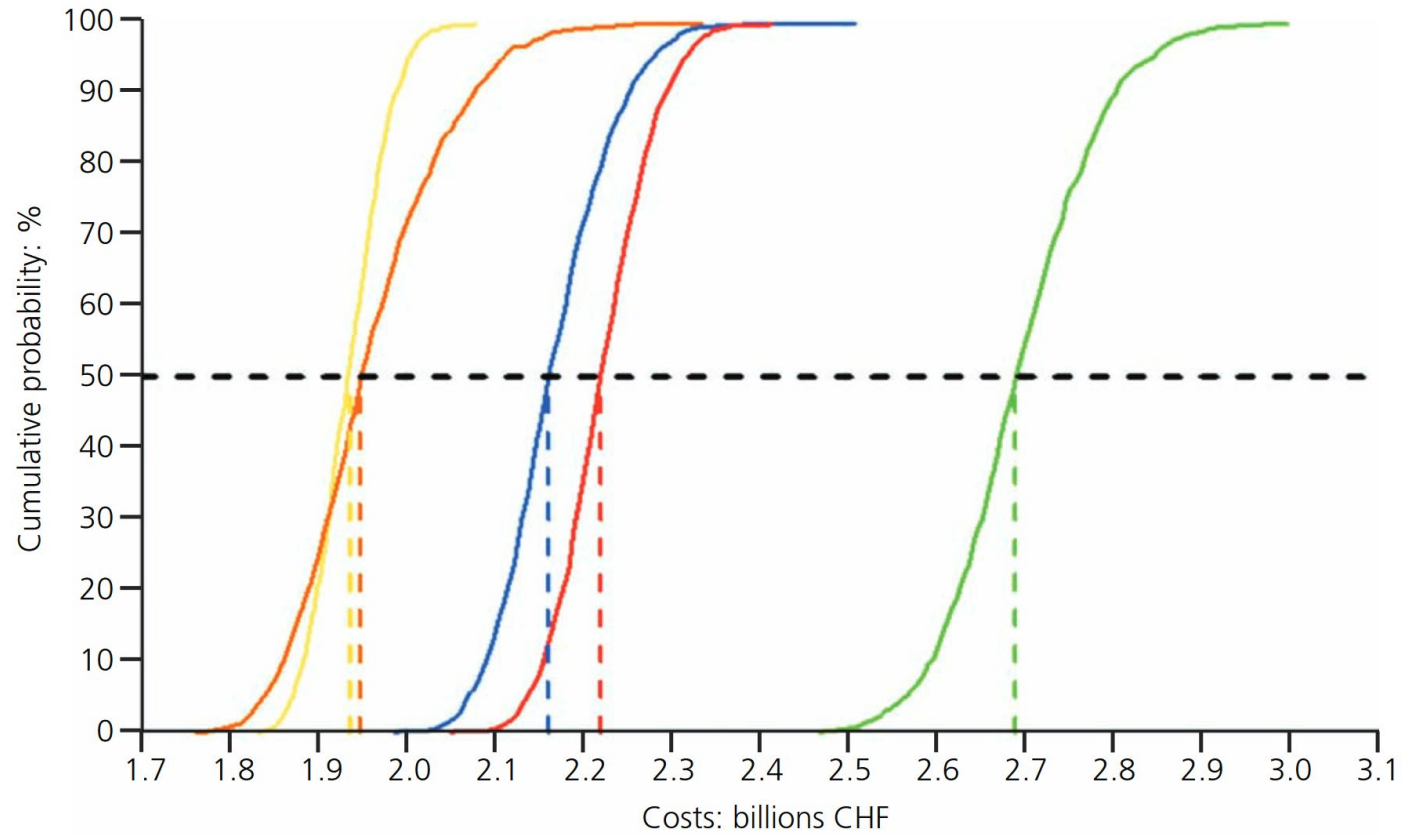
### Example: The Swiss A53 highway extension

#### Flexible Infrastructure

- two lanes in each direction, for the use of both human-driven vehicles and autonomous vehicles (mixed traffic)
- the bridges are designed with the load bearing capacity to enable an extension of a third lane per direction, and the tunnels are excavated from the beginning with the width required to accommodate a third lane per direction
- the on and off ramps are designed as bridges to allow a third lane to pass underneath



# Is it worth it?



Martani, C., Eberle, S., Adey, B.T., (2022), Evaluating highway designs considering uncertain mobility patterns and flexibility using real options, *Infrastructure Asset Management*, 9(3), pp. 135–155, DOI: 10.1680/jinam.21.00018

- Costs of traditional design
- Costs of separate-lanes design
- Costs of flexible design
- Costs of maximum design
- Costs of do-nothing design

# Conclusions

Potentially disruptive events and long-term trends may require modifications to transport systems

Where and how is hard to determine

Stress tests help

They can lead to the development of adaptive plans

Flexible infrastructure can help the implementation of adaptive plans

It has to be worth it though

Aerial view of the north portal of the motorway tunnel *Aeschertunnel* and parts of the ramps of the A3/A4 exit "Birmensdorf".