### Household & family characteristics

### Chapter revision

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Independent statistics for evidence-based decision making

### Overview

- Population
- Structure
- Sections
  - Revisions
  - Additions
  - Removals

### Population

- Usual place of residence
- Population base ("usually resident population")
  - $\circ$  unhoused population

### **Structure - Sections**

- 1. Household characteristics
  - a. Institutional households
  - b. Private households
- 2. Family characteristics
- 3. Household and family characteristics of persons
- 4. ANNEX: Further non-core classifications and methodological considerations

### **Structure - Subsections**

### 1. Definitions

### 2. Methodological considerations

Adding/renew considerations:

- Household-dwelling vs. housekeeping approach
- Register-based vs. traditional census methodology
- Skip-generation household distinctions
- Reference-person approach vs. relationship matrix approach
- Sex and/or gender-based distinctions
- Couple type distinctions
- Determining family nuclei in three-or-more-generation households
- Presence of (grand)parents in household of person
- 3. Core classifications + Notes
- 4. Non-core classifications + Notes

#### Institutional household

A group of persons for whom housing and often daily necessities are being provided by an institution. An institution is understood to be a legal body for the purpose of long-term residence and provision of services to a group of people. Institutions usually have common facilities shared by the occupants (e.g., washrooms, lounges, dining facilities, dormitories and so forth).

#### Revision: Type of institutional household (non-core classification)

| 2030   | 2020   |
|--|--|
| <ul> <li>(1.0) Residential care facilities for adults and/or children (hospitals, hospices, palliative care units, residential units for people with (mental, physical or sensory) disabilities, rehabilitation facilities, reintegrative housing facilities, other long-term care facilities, such as homes for the elderly and nursing homes)</li> <li>(2.0) Correctional and custodial facilities (including those for juveniles)</li> <li>(3.0) Residences for students</li> <li>(4.0) Military bases and government vessels</li> <li>(5.0) Shelters or refuges for adults and/or children (e.g., temporary shelter for unhoused persons, asylum claimants, etc.)</li> <li>(6.0) Religious establishments</li> <li>(7.0) Other collective living facilities</li> <li>(7.1) Commercial temporary accommodations (hotels, motels, campgrounds, parks, commercial vessels)</li> </ul> | 2020<br>(1.0) Residences for students<br>(2.0) Hospitals, convalescent homes, establishments for the disabled, psychiatric institutions,<br>old people's homes and nursing homes<br>(3.0) Assisted living facilities and welfare institutions including those for the homeless<br>(4.0) Military barracks<br>(5.0) Correctional and penal institutions<br>(6.0) Religious institutions<br>(7.0) Worker dormitories |
| <ul><li>(7.2) Commercial employee group living quarters (work dormitories, training centers)</li><li>(7.3) Other collective living quarters</li></ul>  |  |

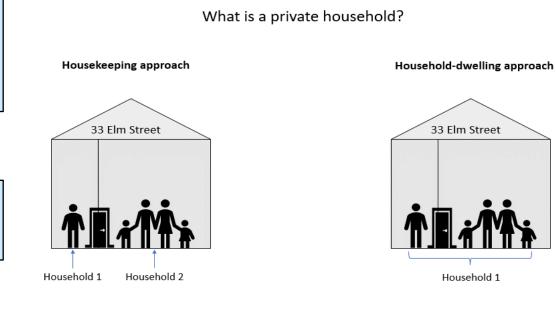
#### Private household

Private household (housekeeping variant)

A person or group of persons who occupy a whole **or part of a** private dwelling as their usual place of residence. Persons form a separate private household within a given dwelling if they live in a separate room (or rooms) which does not join with any of the other occupants of the dwelling. In multi-person private households, the persons may be related to one another, unrelated to one another, or some combination of the two.

#### Private household (household-dwelling variant)

A person or group of persons who occupy a **whole** private **dwelling** as their usual place of residence. In multi-person private households, the persons may be related to one another, unrelated to one another, or some combination of the two.



### **Revision:**

### Three-or-more-generation household

A household that includes at least three separate generations of the same family (that is, persons linked by biological, spouse/partner or adoptive relationships). Most commonly, this includes one or more children, their parent(s) and their grandparent(s).

#### 2020:

A 'three-generation household' consists of <u>two or more</u> separate family nuclei or one family nucleus and (an)other family member(s), containing at least three generations. <u>The</u> youngest two generations should always constitute one family nucleus.

**Example:** A child, their uncle and their grandmother living together. -> Three generations household. (just <u>one family nuclei</u> and the <u>youngest two generations don't</u> constitute one family nucleus)

#### **Revision:**

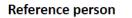
### Type of private household (core classification)

| 2030  | 2020   |
|---|--|
| (1.0) One-family-nucleus households without additional persons              | (1.0) Non-family households  |
| (1.1) Couple without children   | (1.1) One-person households  |
| (1.2) Couple with children  | (1.2) Multi-person households  |
| (1.3) One-parent family   | (2.0) One-family households  |
| (2.0) Other family households   | (2.1) Husband-wife couples without resident children                   |
| (2.1) Three-or-more-generation households                                   | (2.1.1) Without other persons  |
| (2.2) Multiple-family households (excluding three-or-more-generation        | (2.1.2) With other persons   |
| households)   | (2.2) Husband-wife couples with at least one resident child under 25   |
| (2.3) One-family households with additional persons not in a family nucleus | (2.2.1) Without other persons  |
| (excluding three-or-more-generation households)                             | (2.2.2) With other persons   |
| (3.0) Non-family households   | (2.3) Husband-wife couples, youngest resident son/daughter 25 or older |
| (3.1) One-person households   | (2.3.1) Without other persons  |
| (3.2) Two-or-more-person non-family households                              | (2.3.2) With other persons   |
|   |  |
|   | (2.10) Lone mothers, youngest resident son/daughter 25 or older        |
|   | (2.10.1) Without other persons   |
|   | (2.10.2) With other persons  |
|   | (3.0) Two or more-family households                                    |

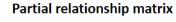
### Family nucleus

Two or more persons living in the same private household who together form a couple (with or without children) or a one-parent family. Within a family nucleus, all inter-person relationships are limited to direct (first-degree) relationships, that is, between spouses/partners and/or between parents and children.

Approaches to determine relationships within the household









Full relationship matrix



### **Revision:** *Extended family*

Two or more persons living in the same private household who are related to each other by blood, couple union, adoption, or foster relationship. All members of a given <u>family nucleus</u> are also members of the same extended family.

#### 2020:

It is recommended that an 'extended family' be defined for census purposes as a group of persons who live together in the same household, including one or more family nuclei and other persons who do not constitute a family nucleus as defined above but are related to each other or to any members of any family nuclei in the same household (to a specified degree) through blood, marriage or adoption.

**Removal:** Type of extended family (non-core classification)

#### **Revision:** *Family nucleus type (core classification)*

| 2030  | 2020  |
|---|---|
| <ul> <li>(1.0) Couple family</li> <li>(1.1) Without children</li> <li>(1.2) With child(ren)</li> <li>(2.0) One-parent family</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>(1.0) Husband-wife family, not reconstituted family</li> <li>(1.1) Without resident children</li> <li>(1.2) With at least one resident child under 25</li> <li>(1.3) Youngest resident son/daughter 25 or older</li> <li>(2.0) Cohabiting couple, not reconstituted family</li> <li>(2.1) Without resident children</li> <li>(2.2) With at least one resident child under 25</li> <li>(2.3) Youngest resident son/daughter 25 or older</li> <li>(3.0) Lone father</li> <li>(3.1) With at least one resident child under 25</li> <li>(3.2) Youngest resident son/daughter 25 or older</li> <li>(4.0) Lone mother</li> <li>(4.1) With at least one resident child under 25</li> <li>(3.2) Youngest resident son/daughter 25 or older</li> <li>(5.0) Reconstituted family</li> <li>(5.1) With at least one resident child under 25</li> <li>(5.2) Youngest resident son/daughter 25 or older</li> </ul> |

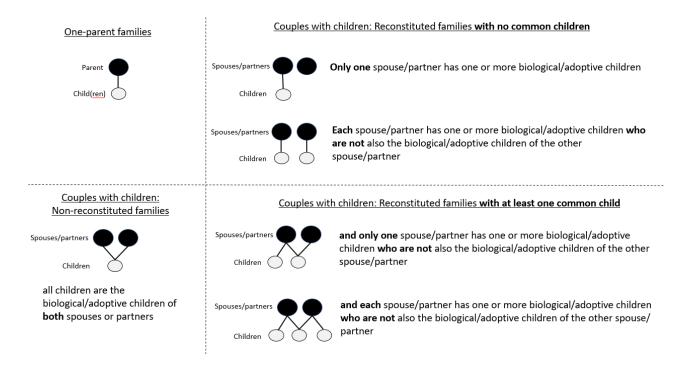
Notes: Possible distinctions: Type of couple, age groupings of the youngest child, sex or gender of the parent in a one-parent family.

### **Revision:** *Reconstituted family type (non-core classification)*

| 2030  | 2020  |
|---|---|
| <ul> <li>(1.1) With no common children</li> <li>(1.1.1) Only one spouse/partner has one or more biological/adoptive children who are not also the biological/adoptive children of the other spouse/partner</li> <li>(1.2) With at least one common child</li> <li>(1.2.1) and only one spouse/partner has one or more biological/adoptive children who are not also the biological/adoptive children of the other spouse/partner</li> <li>(1.2.2) and each spouse/partner has one or more other biological/adoptive children who are not also the biological/adoptive children of the other spouse/partner</li> <li>(1.2.2) and each spouse/partner has one or more other biological/adoptive children who are not also the biological/adoptive children of the other spouse/partner</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>(1.0) Reconstituted family, one non-common child</li> <li>(1.1) And no common children</li> <li>(1.2) And one common child</li> <li>(1.3) And two or more common children</li> <li>(2.0) Reconstituted family, two non-common children</li> <li>(2.1) And no common children</li> <li>(2.2) And one common children</li> <li>(2.3) And two or more common children</li> <li>(3.0) Reconstituted family, three non-common children</li> <li>(3.1) And no common children</li> <li>(3.2) And one common children</li> <li>(3.3) And two or more common children</li> <li>(4.0) Reconstituted family, four or more non-common children</li> <li>(4.1) And no common children</li> <li>(4.2) And one common children</li> <li>(4.3) And two or more common children</li> </ul> |

Notes: Countries can opt to make additional distinctions based on the sex or gender of each member of the couple and/or the type of couple.

#### Family nuclei with children including reconstituted families and their various configurations



## **Characteristics of persons**

### **Revision:** *family nucleus status and household living arrangement of person (core classification)*

| 2030   | 2020  |
|--|---|
| <ul> <li>(1.0) Person is in a family nucleus</li> <li>(1.1) Spouse or partner in a couple</li> <li>(1.1.1) Without children</li> <li>(1.2) With child(ren)</li> <li>(1.2) Parent in a one-parent family</li> <li>(1.3) Child</li> <li>(2.0) Person is not in a family nucleus</li> <li>(2.1) Living with others</li> <li>(2.1.1) Living with other relatives (non-relatives may also be present), includes</li> <li>foster children</li> <li>(2.1.2) Living with non-relatives only</li> <li>(2.2) Living alone</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>(1.0) Person in a private household</li> <li>(1.1) Person in a nuclear family household</li> <li>(1.1.1) Husband/male spouse or registered partner</li> <li>(1.1.2) Wife/female spouse or registered partner</li> <li>(1.1.3) Male partner in a consensual union</li> <li>(1.1.4) Female partner in a consensual union</li> <li>(1.1.5) Lone father</li> <li>(1.1.6) Lone mother</li> <li>(1.1.7) Child under 25 years of age</li> <li>(1.1.8) Son/daughter aged 25 or older</li> <li>(1.2.9) Other persons not member of the nuclear family, but in a nuclear family household</li> <li>(1.2.1) Living alone</li> <li>(1.2.2) Living with relatives</li> <li>(1.2.3) Living with non-relatives</li> <li>(2.0) Person not in a private household</li> <li>(2.1) Person in institutional household</li> <li>(2.2) Primary homeless person</li> <li>(2.3) Other</li> </ul> |

## **Characteristics of persons**

### **Revision:** *Extended family status of person (non-core classification)*

| 2030   | 2020  |
|--|---|
| <ul> <li>(1.0) Person is in an extended family</li> <li>(1.1) In a family nucleus</li> <li>(1.2) Not in family nucleus</li> <li>(2.0) Person is not in an extended family</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>(1.0) Extended family reference person</li> <li>(2.0) Husband/wife/spouse, registered partner, or cohabiting partner of reference person</li> <li>(3.0) Child of reference person</li> <li>(4.0) Other relative of reference person</li> <li>(5.0) Not member of an extended family</li> </ul> |

## **Characteristics of persons**

**Removal**: Unhoused persons -> out of scope **Additions**:

Presence of person's grandparent(s) in the household (non-core classification)

(1.0) Living with at least one grandparent

(1.1) And two parents

(1.2) And one parent

(1.3) And without parents

(2.0) Living without grandparents

- (2.1) With two parents
- (2.2) With one parent
- (2.3) And without parents

#### Presence of person's parent(s) in household (non-core classification)

(1.0) Living with at least one parent

(2.0) Not living with a parent

### ANNEX Beyond the classical characteristics

#### **Retain:**

- Sole or shared occupancy
- Tenure status of household
- Rent and other housing costs

**Removal** (Out of scope (non-core topics)):

- Durable consumer goods possessed by the household
- Number of cars available for the use of the household
- Availability of car parking
- Telephone and internet connection