Use of financial accounts for analytical purposes Private Sector Debt with a focus on NFCs

Lies Janssen | Brussels | October 1st 2024 21 August 2024



Consolidated private sector debt as an indicator

Private debt numbers by the IMF

Consolidated private sector debt according to ESA2010

Non-financial corporations consolidated debt

NFC debt by instrument

NFC debt by counterpart

Intra group loans

NFC consolidated debt excluding 'pass through loans'



Consolidated private sector debt as an indicator

- The private sector debt is the stock of <u>liabilities</u> held by the sectors Non-Financial Corporations (NFC), Households and Non-Profit institutions serving households (S.11+S.14+S.15).
- The instruments that are taken into account to compile private sector debt are Debt securities and Loans .
- Data are presented in consolidated terms, i.e. do not taking into account transactions within the same sector
- It is one of the main indicators of the Macroeconomic Inbalance Procedure (MIP) of the EU
- The MIP aims to identify, prevent and address the emergence of potentially harmful macroeconomic imbalances that could adversely affect economic stability in a particular Member State, the euro area, or the EU as a whole
- According to MIP consolidated private sector debt should stay below 133% of GDP



Consolidated private sector debt as an indicator

- Usefull insight in your economy
- Communicated to the press

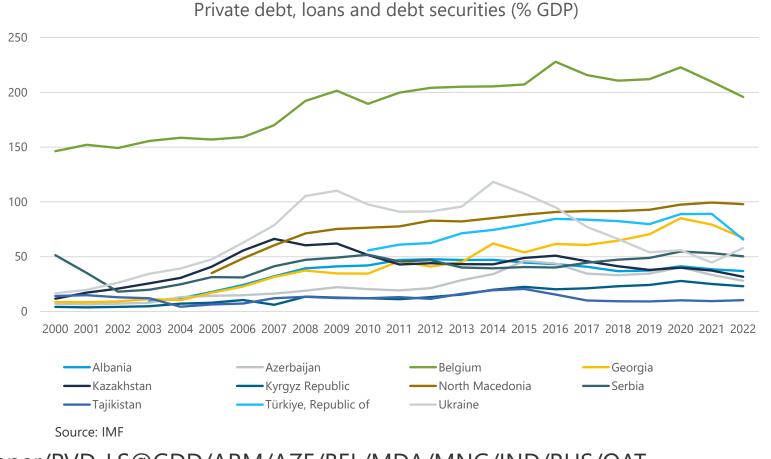
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The private sector debt ratio in Belgium continued to fall in 2022, from 174.3% to 162.8% of GDP, mainly as a result of rising GDP. The rise in GDP was nominally greater than the increase in the liabilities of non-financial corporations and households. In nominal terms, the liabilities of non-financial corporations nonetheless rose slightly, by 0.35% (from €560.3 billion to €562.3 billion). Consolidated household debt increased by 5.3% (from €315.5 billion to €332.2 billion), primarily due to growth in mortgage loans in 2022. ¶

•	¶ CONSOLIDATED·DEBT·OF·THE·BELGIAN·PRIVATE·SECTOR ¹ ~ (in%·GDP)¶								
	1								
	0								-
°¤		2015¤	2016=	2017¤	2018¤	2019¤	2020¤	2021¤	2022=
		o	o	o	ø	o	o	o	ø
·····Non-financial-corporations=		115.7%¤	135.2%¤	126.7%¤	121.1%¤	118.0%=	117.7%=	111.5%=	102.3%
Housebolds=		57.9%≖	58.2%¤	58.9%¤	59.2%¤	60.5%¤	65.4%¤	62.8%≖	60.5%¤
·····Total¤		173.6%=	193.4%¤	185.5%=	180.3%¤	178.5%=	183.1%=	174.3%¤	162.8%
°¤						¤	¤	¤	¤
Source:: NBB.=		_	2	~	,	2	2	o	2

Private sector debt by the IMF

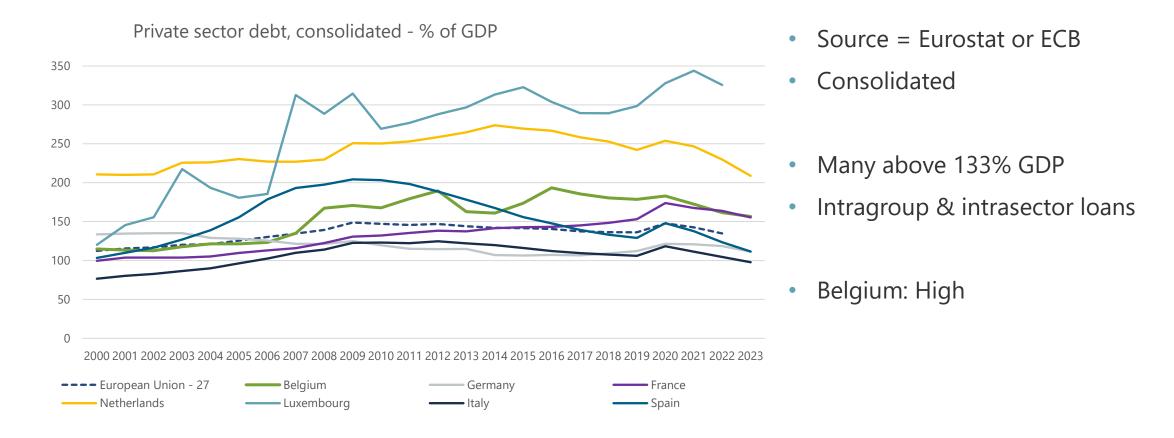
- Data available at IMF
- Non consolidated
- Source is often BIS
- Vintage issues with country data



https://www.imf.org/external/datamapper/PVD_LS@GDD/ARM/AZE/BEL/MDA/MNG/IND/RUS/QAT



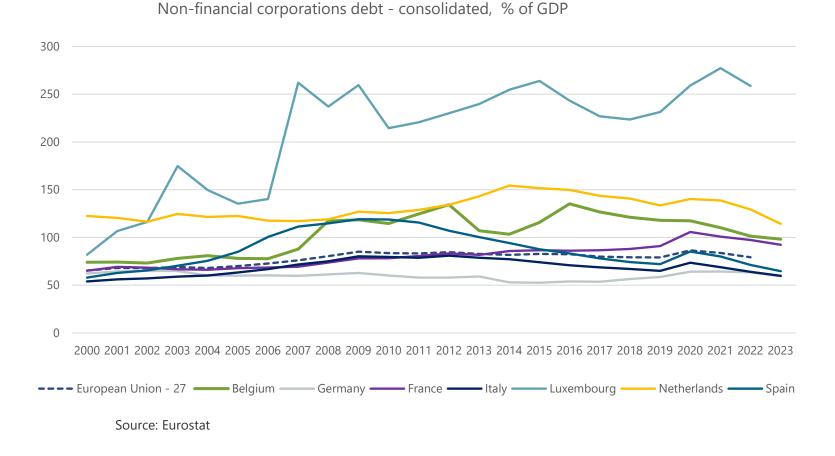
Consolidated private sector debt according to ESA2010



Source: Eurostat https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/databrowser/view/tipspd20/default/line?lang=en



- Similar patern as total private debt
- Illustrates stability of household debt

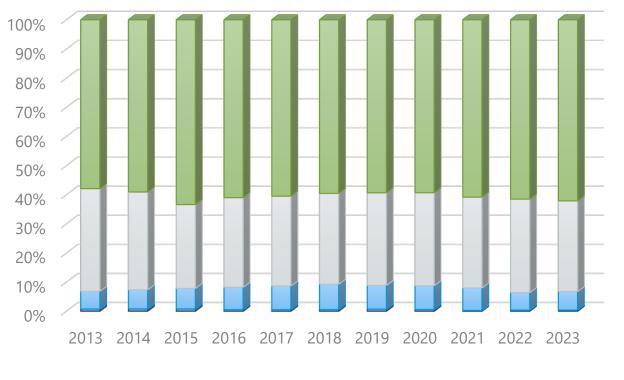




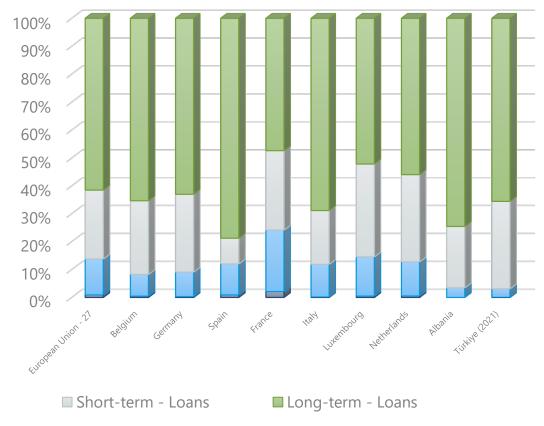
Non-financial corporations consolidated debt by instrument

Long-term debt securities

Belgian NFC debt



■ Short-term debt securities



2022

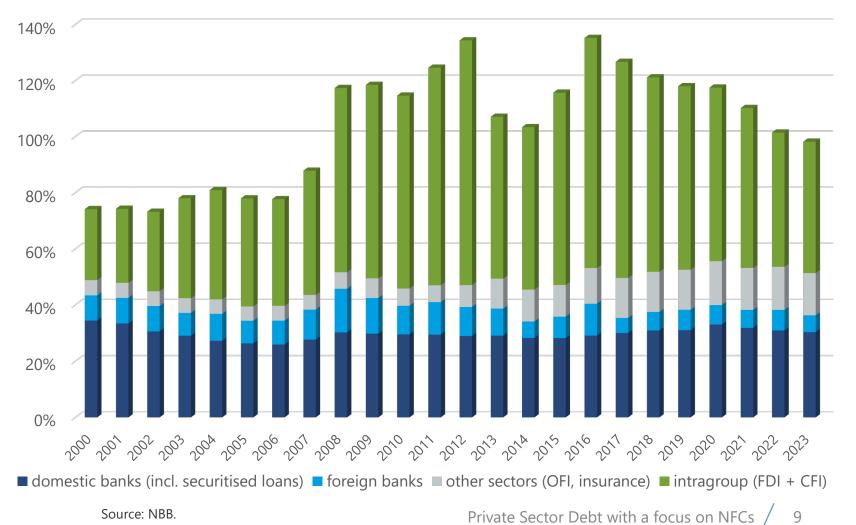


Source: NBB; Eurostat

Consolidated NFC debt in Belgium by counterpart sector

- Other sectors = governement, financial leasing, insurance companies
- Banks, domestic & foreing
- Intra group loans, domestic & foreign
 - = foreign direct investment
 (linked foreign enterprises)
 & Captive financial institions
 (holdings & treasury centers)

=> Not considered to be aimed at financial intermediation

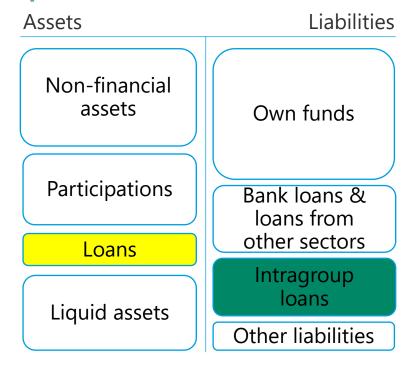




NFC debt: intra-group loans

- As recognized by Eurostat, the <u>intra-group</u> loans play an important role in NFC debt and could inflate the private sector debt ratio for countries with large FDI and intragroup loans for purely financial/tax reasons.
- A proxy for the pass-through loans could be identified as the loans on the asset side of the NFC. These loans are often provided to other related companies part of the (multinational) group of enterprises.

Simplified balance sheet of NFC sector





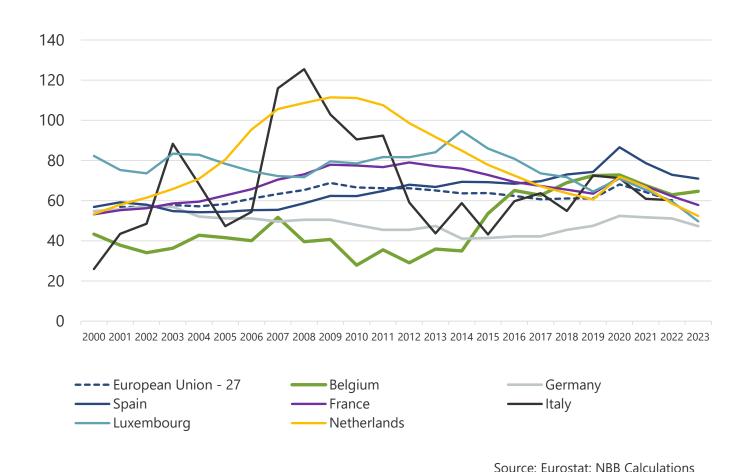
NFC consolidated debt excluding 'pass through loans'

Consolidated debt of non-financial corporations (in % GDP) disregarding "pass through" loans

- Assumption all loan assets of NFC are intra group
- Consolidated NFC debt minus NFC loan assets
- Clearly important for Be, Lu and NI
- Around EU average

Below 133% of GDP

VationaleB



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Questions?

October 1th 2024



