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Specialized Section on Standardization of Meat
Texts for adoption as revised UNECE standards

UNECE Standard for Chicken Meat – Carcases and Parts

Note by the secretariat

This text is submitted by the Specialized Section on Standardization of Meat to the Working Party for adoption as a revised UNECE Standard for Chicken Meat – Carcases and Parts. Annex I (Contact list) and Annex II (Codification system) are currently being revised and will be added to the final publication.

UNECE STANDARD

CHICKEN MEAT — CARCASES AND PARTS

1. Introduction

1.1 UNECE standards for meat products

The purpose of UNECE standards for meat products is to facilitate trade by recommending an international language for use between buyer and seller. The language describes meat items commonly traded internationally and defines a coding system for communication and electronic trade. As the texts will be updated regularly, meat industry members who believe that additional items are needed or that existing items are inaccurate or no longer being traded are encouraged to contact the UNECE secretariat.

This text has been prepared under the auspices of the UNECE Specialized Section on Standardization of Meat. It is part of a series of standards that UNECE has developed or is planning to develop.

The following table contains the species for which UNECE standards exist/or are in different stages of development, and their code for use in the UNECE meat code (see section 4).

For further information please visit the UNECE website at http://www.unece.org/trade/agr.

Annex II contains a description of the codification system, which contains a specific application identifier for the implementation of the UNECE Code.

Bovine (Beef) Bovine (Veal) Porcine (Pork) Ovine (Sheep) Caprine (Goat)	Species code (data field 1)
Porcine (Pork) Ovine (Sheep)	10
Ovine (Sheep)	11
	30
Caprine (Goat)	40
	50
Llama	60
Alpaca	61
Chicken	70
Turkey	70
Duck	72

Species	Species code (data field 1)
Goose	73
Horse meat (equine)	80
Edible meat co-products	90
Retail meat cuts	91

1.2 Scope

This standard recommends an international language for raw (unprocessed) chicken (*Gallus domesticus*) carcases and parts (or cuts) marketed as fit for human consumption. Products with added ingredients or "chicken preparations" are not included. The standard provides purchasers with a variety of options for meat handling, packing and conformity assessment, which correspond to good commercial practice for meat and meat products, intended to be sold in international trade.

To market chicken carcases and parts across international borders, the appropriate legislative requirements of food standardization and veterinary control must be complied with. The standard does not attempt to prescribe those aspects which are covered elsewhere, and throughout the standard, such provisions are left for national or international legislation, or requirements of the importing country.

The standard contains references to other international agreements, standards and codes of practice which have the objective of maintaining the quality after dispatch and of providing guidance to Governments on certain aspects of food hygiene, labelling and other matters which fall outside the scope of this Standard. *Codex Alimentarius Commission Standards, Guidelines, and Codes of Practice* should be consulted as the international reference concerning health and sanitation requirements.

1.3 Application

Contractors are responsible for delivering products that comply with all contractual and specification requirements and are advised to set up a quality-control system designed to assure compliance.

For assurance that items comply with these detailed requirements, buyers may choose to use the services of an independent, unbiased third-party to ensure product compliance with a purchaser's specified options. The standard includes illustrative photographs of carcases and selected commercial parts/cuts to make it easier to understand the provisions.

1.4 Adoption and Publication History

Following the recommendation of the Specialized Section, the Working Party on Agricultural Quality Standards adopted the 2006 version at its 62nd session on the basis of document (ECE/TRADE/C/WP.7/2006/13). In 2012, the 2006 edition of the Standard was revised and up-dated, and adopted by the Working Party at its sixty-eighth session in November 2012 (reference document:).

UNECE Standards for meat undergo a complete review three years after publication. Following the review, new editions are published as necessary. Changes requiring immediate attention are published on the UNECE website at http://www.unece.org/trade/agr/standards.htm>.

2. Minimum requirements

All meat must originate from animals slaughtered in establishments regularly operated under the applicable regulations pertaining to food safety and inspection.

Carcases and parts items must be:

- Free from any foreign material (e.g. glass, rubber, plastic, metal ¹).
- Free of foreign odours.
- Free of fecal contamination.
- Free of improper bleeding.
- Free of viscera, trachea, esophagus, mature reproductive organs, and lungs ².
- Practically free of feathers and hemorrhaging ³.
- Free of freezer-burn 4.
- Free of gall discoloration ³.

3. Purchaser-specified requirements

The following subsections define the requirements that can be specified by the purchaser together with the codes to be used in the UNECE Chicken Code (see section 4). The UNECE Code for chicken meat packing is described in section 3.9.

3.1 Additional requirements

Additional purchaser specified requirements that are either not accounted for in the code (e.g. if code 9 "other" is used) or that provide additional clarification to the product or packing description, shall be agreed between buyer and seller and be documented appropriately.

3.2 Species

The code for chicken in data field 1 as defined in section 1.1 is 70.

When specified by the purchaser, meat items will be subject to metal particle detection.

² Unless these organs are inherent to the item specified.

³ This can only be allowed if disclosed by the seller and as permitted by national legislation and by the quality or grade selected.

⁴ Freezer-burn is localized or widespread areas of irreversible surface dehydration indicated, in part or all, by changes from original colour (usually paler), and/or tactile properties (dry, spongy).

3.3 Product/part

3.3.1 Product/part code

The four-digit product code in data field 2 is defined in section 5.

3.3.2 Bone

Chicken carcases and parts vary in presentation for bone as follows:

Bone code		
(data field 3a)	Category	Description
0	Not specified	
1	Bone-in	Product has no bones removed
2	Partially boneless	Product has some, but not all bones removed
3	Boneless	Product has all bones removed
4-9	Codes not used	

3.3.3 Skin

Chicken carcases and parts are available for trade with skin (skin-on) or without skin (skinless). Skin-on carcases and parts are available in skin colours "yellow" and "white." Skin options are:

Skin code		
(data field 3b)	Category	Description
0	Not specified	
1	Skin-On, colour not specified	Product with skin that is either whitish or yellowish in colour; white skin and yellow skin product shall not be mixed in the same lot without the consent of the buyer
2	Skin-On, White Skin	Product with skin that has a whitish colour (Figure 1)
3	Skin-On, Yellow Skin	Product with skin that has yellowish colour (Figure 2)
4	Skinless	Product with all skin removed (Figure 3)
5-9	Codes not used	



Figure 1: Whole Bird with White Skin



Figure 2: Whole Bird with Yellow Skin



Figure 3: Skinless Whole Bird

3.4 Refrigeration

Chicken carcases and parts may be presented chilled, chilled with ice packed in the container, chilled with dry ice packed in the container, lightly frozen, deeply chilled, frozen, deep frozen, individually (quick5) deep frozen without ice glazing, or individually (quick5) deep frozen with ice glazing. Not all categories may be used by all regions. Depending on refrigeration method used, tolerances for product weight are to be agreed between the buyer and seller. It is the responsibility of the operator to ensure that ambient temperatures are such throughout the supply chain as to ensure uniform internal product temperatures as follows:

Refrigeration code	? Category	Description	
0	Not specified	,	
1	Chilled	Internal product temperature maintained at not less than -2.0°C and not more than $+4.0^{\circ}\text{C}$ at all times following the post-slaughter chilling process	
2	Chilled, with Ice Added	Internal product temperature maintained at not less than $-2.0~^{\circ}\text{C}$ and not more than $+4.0~^{\circ}\text{C}$ at all times following the post-slaughter chilling process and packed in a container with ice (frozen water, not dry ice)	
3	Chilled, with Dry Ice (CO ₂) Added ⁵	Internal product temperature maintained at not less than -2.0 °C and not more than $+4.0$ °C at all times following the post-slaughter chilling process and packed in a container with dry ice (CO ₂)	
4	Deeply Chilled ⁶	Internal product temperature maintained at not less than -12 °C and not more than -2.0 °C at all times after freezing	
5	Frozen	Internal product temperature maintained at -12 °C or less at all times after freezing	
6	Deep Frozen	Internal product temperature maintained at -18 °C or less at all times after freezing	
7	Individually (Quick ⁷) Deep Frozen, without Ice Glazing	Product is individually frozen before packing and maintained at an internal temperature –18 °C or less at all times after freezing	
8	Individually (Quick ⁷) Deep Frozen, with Ice Glazing	Product is individually frozen before packing and maintained at an internal temperature –18 °C or less at all times after freezing. Ice glazing methodology and labelling terminology must be agreed between the buyer and seller. The methodology used and any weight pick-up due to ice glazing must be declared on the product description/label	
9	Other	Can be used to describe any other refrigeration agreed between buyer and seller	

⁵ The dry ice shall not be in direct contact with the product.

⁶ This method of refrigeration should only be used for short term storage for retail.

Timelines and temperatures for individually (quick) deep frozen shall conform to relevant legislation of the importing country. Example: To meet the relevant European Union legislation (see Dir. 89/108/EEC) the temperature shall be achieved at a minimum rate of 5 mm/hour.

3.5 Production History

3.5.1 Traceability

The requirements concerning production history as specified by the purchaser may require traceability systems to be in place. Traceability requires a verifiable method of identification of products or batches of products at all relevant stages of production. Traceability records must be able to substantiate the claims being made and the conformity of the procedures must be certified in accordance with the provisions concerning conformity assessment requirements of section 3.8.

3.5.2 Chicken category

Chicken category code (data field 5)	Category	Description
0	Not specified	
1	Very young chickens	Less than 28 days of age
2	Young chickens	Less than 84 days of age, tip of sternum is flexible (not ossified)
3	Roasters	Less than 84 days of age, tip of sternum is less flexible (partly ossified) than for young chicken category
4	Capons 1	Surgically neutered chickens, less than 120 days of age
5		Surgically neutered chickens, more than 140 days of age.*
	Capons 2	days
6	Egg-laying hens	Hens of laying strains with completely ossified sternum
7	Breeding hens and roosters	Females and males with completely ossified sternum
8	Code not used	
9	Other	

^{*}In the EU capons age at castration and at slaughter is established in the Marketing Standards for Poultry (Regulation (EC) No 543/2008)

3.5.3 Production system

The purchaser may specify a production system. In any case, the production has to be in conformity with the regulation in force in the importing country. If no such regulation exists, the regulation of the exporting country shall be used.

Production system code		
(data field 6)	Category ⁸	Description
0	Not specified	
1	Conventional	Chickens are raised in heated and either ventilated or open- sided growing houses
2	Free-range 1	Chickens from slow maturing breeds raised with specified low density indoors and outdoors with unrestricted diurnal outdoor access for at least half of their total life. The feed must contain at least 70% cereals. The minimum slaughter age is 56 days
3	Free-range 2	Chickens from slow maturing breeds raised with specified low density indoors and outdoors with unrestricted diurnal outdoor access for at least half of their total life. The feed must contain at least 70% cereals. The minimum slaughter age is 81 days
4	Free-range 3	Chickens are raised in heated and either ventilated or open- sided growing houses with access to the outdoors
5	-	Chickens are raised outdoors utilizing movable enclosures located on grass
6	Organic ⁹	Production methods that conform to the legislation of the importing country concerning organic production
7-8	Codes not used	
9	Other	Can be used to describe any other production system agreed between buyer and seller

3.5.4 Feeding system

The purchaser may specify a feeding system. In any case the feeding has to be in conformity with the regulation in force in the importing country. If no such regulation exists the feeding system shall be agreed between buyer and seller.

Feeding system code		
(data field 7)	Description	
00	Not specified	
01	Conventional	
02-09	Codes not used	
10	FM free	
11	FM & IAO free	
12	FM, IAO & GP free	

 $^{^8\,}$ In the EU the age of capons and the types of farming are laid down in regulation EC 543/2008 except for organic farming regulation EC 834/2007 (available at http://eurlex.europa.eu).

⁹ Organic production systems include specific feeding systems. The option "organic" is therefore not repeated under feeding system.

Feeding system code	
(data field 7)	Description
13	FM, IAO, GP & GMO free
14	FM & GP free
15	FM, GP & GMO free
16	FM & GMO free
17-29	Codes not used
30	IAO free
31	IAO & GP free
32	IAO & GMO free
33	IAO, GP & GMO free
34-49	Codes not used
50	GP free
51	GP & GMO free
52-59	Codes not used
60	GMO free
61-98	Codes not used
99	Can be used to describe any other feeding system agreed between buyer and seller

FM free Free from fish meal.

IAO free Free from ingredients of animal origin.

GP free Free from growth promoters.

GMO free Free of products derived from genetically modified organisms.

The definitions of the terms above have to be in conformity with the legislation of the importing country.

3.5.5 Slaughter system

Slaughter system coafield 10)	le (data Category	Description
0	Not specified	
1	Conventional	Stunned prior to bleeding
2	Kosher	Appropriate ritual slaughter procedures used
3	Halal	Appropriate ritual slaughter procedures used
4-8	Codes not used	
9	Other	Any other authorized method of slaughter must be agreed between buyer and seller

3.5.6 Chilling system

The purchaser may specify chilling systems as indicated in the table below.

The following chilling systems may cause weight gain through technically unavoidable water retention. The product description/label must contain the percentage of water contained in the product if it exceeds the technological limits as defined in the legislation of the importing country. If such legislation does not exist those limits must be agreed between buyer and seller. The methods used for the determining of the water content must be agreed between buyer and seller. ¹⁰

Chilling system cod	Chilling system code		
(data field 9)	Category	Description	
0	Not specified		
1	Immersion chilled (no additives)	Product chilled by movement through reverse-flowing cold water	
2	Immersion chilled (additives)	Product chilled by movement through reverse-flowing cold water containing anti-microbial agents	
3	Air chilled (no additives)	Product chilled by cold air	
4	Air chilled (additives)	Product chilled by cold air containing anti-microbial agents	
5	Air-spray chilled (no additives)	Product chilled by cold air interspersed with fine water spray	
6	Air-spray chilled (additives)	Product chilled by cold air interspersed with fine water spray containing anti-microbial agents	
7-8	Codes not used		
9	Other	Can be used to describe any other chilling system agreed between buyer and seller	

3.5.7 Anti-microbial treatments

Save as otherwise established in the importing country, the following treatments may take place before or after chilling. These can include physical, chemical or biological treatments either separately or in combination, meeting relevant legislation in the importing country.

Treatment code		
(data field 10)	Category	Description
0	Not specified	
1	Without any anti-microbial treatment	No anti-microbial treatment has been used

Relevant methods can be found in article 9 of the E.U. Regulation (EEC) 1538/91 (consolidated text available at http://eur-lex.europa.eu).

Treatment code		
(data field 10)	Category	Description
2	With specified anti-microbial treatment(s)	The specific treatment(s) must be agreed upon between buyer and seller
3-9	Codes not used	

3.6 Quality level

3.6.1 Definition of codes

A quality level for carcases or parts can be specified as follows:

Quality code (data field 11)	Category	Description	
0	Not specified	The minimum conditions in section 2 have to be complied with	
1	Quality Level 1	Product meets highest quality level ¹¹	
2	Quality Level 2	Product meets second quality level ¹¹	
3-8	Codes not used		
9		Other quality level or system agreed between buyer and	
	Other	seller	

3.7 Labelling information to be mentioned on or affixed to the marketing units of chicken carcases and parts

3.7.1 Mandatory information

Without prejudice to national requirements of the importing countries, the following list contains information that must be listed on product labels on packed chicken carcases and parts:

- Name of the product
- Health stamp/inspection stamp
- · Sell-by/use-by date as required by each country
- Storage conditions: e.g. "Store at or below XX °C"
- Appropriate identification of packer, distributor or dispatcher
- Net weight in kg (and optionally lb)
- Percentage of additional water conforming to section 3.5.6

¹¹ If used, the quality level should conform to relevant legislation of the importing country. If such legislation does not exist, the definition of the quality level should be agreed between buyer and seller.

3.7.2 Other product claims

Other product claims may be listed on product labels as required by the importing country's legislation, or at the buyer's request or as chosen by the processor. If listed, such product claims must be verifiable (see also 3.5.1).

Examples of such product claims include the following:

- · Country of birth
- Country(ies) of raising
- · Country of slaughter
- Country(ies) of processing/cutting
- Country(ies) of packing
- Country of origin: In this standard the term "country of origin" is reserved to indicate that birth, raising, slaughter, processing/cutting and packing have taken place in the same country
- · Production and feeding systems
- · Processing/packaging date
- · Quality/grade/classification
- · Slaughtering procedures
- · Chilling system

3.8 Provisions concerning conformity assessment requirements

The purchaser may request third-party conformity assessment of the product's quality/grade/classification, purchaser-specified options of the standard, and/or animal identification. Individual conformity assessments or combinations may be selected as follows:

Quality/grade/classification conformity assessment (quality): a third party examines and certifies that the product meets the quality level requested. The name of the third-party certifying authority and quality grade standard to be used must be designated as noted in 3.1.

Trade standard conformity assessment (trade standard): a third party examines and certifies that the product meets the purchaser-specified options as specified in this trade standard, except for quality level. The name of the third-party certifying authority must be designated as noted in 3.1. Optionally, the purchaser may indicate specific purchaser specified options to be certified after the name of the third-party certifying authority.

Chicken or batch identification conformity assessment (chicken/batch ID): a third party certifies that the product meets specified requirements. The name of the third-party certifying authority and the requirements must be designated as noted in 3.1.

Conformity assessment code	
(data field 14)	Category
0	Not specified
1	Quality/grade/classification (quality) conformity assessment

Conformity assessment	code
(data field 14)	Category
2	Trade standard conformity assessment
3	Chicken/batch identification (chicken/batch ID) conformity assessment
4	Quality and trade standard conformity assessment
5	Quality and chicken/batch ID conformity assessment
6	Trade standard and chicken/batch ID conformity assessment
7	Quality, trade standard, and chicken/batch ID conformity assessment
8	Code not used
9	Other

3.9 Provisions concerning packing, storage, and transport

The conditions of storage before dispatch and the equipment used for transportation shall be appropriate to the physical and, in particular, to the thermal condition of the chicken carcases and parts (chilled or frozen) and shall be in accordance with the requirements of the importing country. Attention is drawn to the provisions of the *UNECE Agreement on the International Carriage of Perishable Foodstuffs and on the Special Equipment to be Used for Such Carriage (ATP)* (http://www.unece.org/trans/main/wp11/atp.html).

3.9.1 Piece weight

A "piece" is a whole bird, a bird cut into pieces, or a part from a bird as specified by the product description.

The weight can also be indicated as a weight range. Definition of the weight ranges and their application and verification must be agreed between buyer and seller.

Buyer and seller may agree on individual product piece weight as follows:

Piece weight code (data field P1)	Category/Description
0	Not specified
1	Weight range specified
2	Weight specified
3-8	Codes not used
9	Other

3.9.2 Primary packaging

The primary packaging is in direct contact with the product and is used to segregate the product into consumer- or institutional-sized units, and is placed inside a shipping container during transport. One or more pieces may be enclosed in a primary packaging. The primary packaging may be specified as follows:

Primary packaging code (data field P2)	Category	Description
00	Not specified	
01	Plastic bag	Packaging made from flexible, plastic film to enclose product that is closed by commercial methods. A plastic-film liner in a box is considered part of the shipping container and not an internal package.
02	Plastic bag,	раскаде
02	vacuum	Plastic bag or other similar material that adheres to the product through the removal of air by vacuum and a heat-sealing closure
03	_	Plastic bag or other similar material that has an interlocking seal that can be repeatedly opened and closed
04		Plastic bag or other similar material that is filled with a gas and sealed to assist in maintaining product quality
05	Bubble pack, portion control	Plastic bag or other similar material that is used to enclose individual servings of product
06	Tray pack	Flat bottom, tray-shaped container made of polystyrene or other similar plastic material. Product is placed in the tray and then over-wrapped with a plastic film that encloses the product. A moisture-absorbing pad may be placed in the tray under the product to absorb excess moisture
07	with modified	Shallow, flat bottom container made of polystyrene or other similar plastic material. Product is placed in the tray over a moisture-absorbing pad, then over-wrapped with a plastic film that encloses the tray and the product, and gas is added and the package sealed to assist in maintaining product quality
08	Cup/tub	Container made of paper, plastic, or other rigid, waterproof material with a flat bottom and a lid closure
09	Carton	Paper container that holds the product and is packed inside a packing container. The carton may: (1) have an impregnated and/or coated wax surface, or (2) be lined with a plastic-film or other polyethylene bag. The carton is closed using commercial methods. If this package is selected, the purchaser must also specify the type of packing container into which the carton is placed
10-97	Codes not used	
98	Not packaged	Product is not packaged into consumer- or institutional-sized units, (e.g. product is packed directly in a packing container such as a returnable plastic container, lined box, or bulk bin)
99	Other	

3.9.3 Consumer labelling

Consumer labelling of the primary package may be specified as follows:

Consumer labelling code	
(data field P3)	Category/Description
0	Not specified
1	Labelled: consumer labels shall be present on packages. They must be in accordance with the requirements of the country of destination
2	Not labelled
3-9	Codes not used

3.9.4 Weight of the primary package

The weight of the primary package contents is the sum of the weight of the pieces contained, as defined in 3.9.1. The weight can also be indicated as a weight range. In this case the definition of the weight ranges and their application and verification must be agreed between buyer and seller.

Primary package weight code	
(data field P4)	Category/Description
0	Not specified
1	Weight range specified
2	Weight specified
3-8	Codes not used
9	Other

3.9.5 Secondary packaging

Secondary packaging is used to protect and identify the product during transport. Secondary packages consist of one or more primary packages. Secondary packages must be labelled in accordance with the requirements of the country of destination. Secondary packagings may be specified as follows:

Secondary packing code		
(data field P5)	Category	Description
0	Not specified	
1	Box, unlined and unwaxed	Container made from corrugated paper. Closed using tape, straps, or other commercially acceptable methods
2	Box, lined and unwaxed	Corrugated paper container that has a plastic-film bag lining the inside of the container. Closed using tape, straps, or other commercially acceptable methods
3	Box, unlined and waxed	Corrugated paper box impregnated and/or coated with wax to waterproof the container. Closed using tape, straps, or other commercially acceptable methods
4	Container, returnable	Container or "tote" made of plastic or other authorized material that is recovered by the processor after delivery
5	Bulk bin, non- returnable	Large corrugated paper container that is not recovered by the processor after delivery, which may or may not be wax impregnated or lined with a plastic-film bag

Secondary packing code		
(data field P5)	Category	Description
6	Bulk bin, returnable	Large container made of plastic or other authorized material that is recovered by the processor after delivery
7-8	Codes not used	
9	Other	

3.9.6 Secondary package weight

Secondary package weight is specified in kilograms as five digits with one decimal place (0000.0 kg). Secondary package weight tolerances and weight ranges to be determined by the buyer and seller as noted in 3.9.1.

Secondary package weight code (data field P6)	Category/Description
00000	Not specified
00001-99999	Specify five-digit piece weight (0000.0) in kilograms

3.9.7 Poultry meat packaging and packing coding format

The following table demonstrates the general application of the coding format for describing packaging and packing for chicken:

Data field	Description	Section	Code range
	2 650, 19161		
P1	Piece weight	3.9.1	0-9
P2	Primary packaging	3.9.2	00-99
P3	Primary package consumer labelling	3.9.3	0-9
P4	Primary package weight	3.9.4	0-9
P5	Secondary packaging	3.9.5	0-9
P6	Secondary package weight	3.9.6	00000-99999

4. UNECE Code for purchaser requirements for Chicken Meat

4.1 Definition of the code

The UNECE Code for Purchaser Requirements for chicken meat has 14 fields and 20 digits (2 digits not used) and is a combination of the codes defined in sections 3 and 5.

Field no.	Name	Section	Code Range
1	Species	3.2	00 - 99
2	Product/part	5	0000 - 9999
3a	Bone	3.3.2	0 - 9
3b	Skin	3.3.3	0 - 9
4	Refrigeration	3.4	0 - 9

Field no.	Name	Section	Code Range
5	Category	3.5.2	0 - 9
6	Production system	3.5.3	0 - 9
7	Feeding system	3.5.4	00 - 99
8	Slaughter system	3.5.5	0 - 9
9	Chilling system	3.5.6	0 - 9
10	Anti-microbial treatment	3.5.7	0 - 9
11	Quality	3.6	0 - 9
12	Field not used	-	0 - 9
13	Field not used	-	0 - 9
14	Conformity assessment	3.8	0 - 9

4.2 Example

The following example describes: a deep-frozen, yellow-skin, whole young chicken with giblets, which was organically grown and raised, with no fishmeal used in the feed, air chilled without additives, and without antimicrobial treatments. The chicken is of the highest quality and the quality and trade standard are to be certified by a company specified by the buyer.

This item has the following UNECE Chicken Meat Code: 70010113626100311004

Field no.	Name	Requirement	Value
1	Species	Chicken	70
2	Product/part	Whole bird	0101
3a	Bone	Bone-in	1
3b	Skin	Skin-on, yellow skin	3
4	Refrigeration	Deep-frozen	6
5	Category	Young chicken	2
6	Production system	Organic	6
7	Feeding system	Fish meal free	10
8	Slaughter system	Not specified	0
9	Chilling system	Air chilled, no additives	3
10	Anti-microbial treatment	No anti-microbial treatments used	1
11	Quality	Quality level 1	1
12	Field not used	-	0
13	Field not used	-	0
14		Quality and trade standard conformity	
	Conformity assessment	assessment	4

5. Carcases and parts descriptions

5.1 Multilingual index of products

Chinese	Spanish	Russian	French	English	Product
		Тушка потрошеная (ТП) с комплектом			0101
整鸡	Pollo entero	потрохов и шеей	Poulet entier	Whole bird	
去内脏白条 鸡	Pollo entero sin menudencias	Тушка потрошеная (ТП)	Poulet entier sans abats	Whole bird without giblets	0102
去翅去内脏 无骨白条鸡	Pollo entero deshuesado sin alas ni menudencias	Тушка потрошеная (ТП) обваленная без крыльев	Poulet entier désossé, sans abats ni ailes	Boneless whole bird without wings and giblets	0103
去爪白条鸡	Pollo entero sin menudencias con piernas corte largo	Тушка потрошеная (ТП) с низким срезом голеней	Poulet entier sans abats avec pilons coupe longue	Whole bird without giblets, with long-cut drumsticks (Shank)	0104
半脖白条鸡	Pollo entero sin menudencias con medio cogote	Тушка потрошеная (ТП) с половиной шеи	Poulet entier sans abats avec demi-cou	Whole bird without giblets, with half neck	0105
全脖白条鸡	Pollo entero sin menudencias con cogote entero	Тушка потрошеная (ТП) с целой шеей	Poulet entier sans abats avec cou entier	Whole bird without giblets, with whole neck	0106
带头白条鸡	Pollo entero sin menudencias con cabeza	Тушка потрошеная (ТП) с неотделенной головой	Poulet entier sans abats avec tête	Whole bird without giblets, with head	0107
带头带爪白 条鸡	Pollo entero sin menudencias con cabeza y patas	Тушка потрошеная (ТП) с неотделенными головой и плюснами ног	Poulet entier sans abats avec tête et pattes	Whole bird without giblets, with head and feet	0108
半胴体	Pollo en mitades	Тушка, разделанная на 2 части (полутушки)	Poulet découpé en deux (demi-poulet	2-Piece cut-up (Split bird)	0201
四分体	Pollo en cuartos	Тушка, разделанная на 4 части (четвертины)	Poulet découpé en quatre (quart de poulet)	4-Piece cut-up (Quartered bird)	0202
六分体	Pollo trozado en 6, sin alas	Тушка, разделанная на 6 частей	Poulet découpé en six	6-Piece cut-up	0203
传统八分体	Pollo trozado en 8, tradicional	Тушка, разделанная на 8 частей, традиционно	Poulet découpé en huit, selon un mode classique	8-Piece cut- up, traditional	0204

Chinese	Spanish	Russian	French	Page	English	Product
			Poulet			0205
		Тушка,	découpé en			
北仏法川八	Pollo trozado	разделанная на 8	huit, selon		8-Piece cut-	
非传统八分	en 8, no	частей,	un mode non		up, non-	
体	tradicional	нетрадиционно	classique		traditional	
			Poulet			0206
		Тушка,	découpé en			
	Pollo trozado	разделанная на 9	neuf, selon		0 D:	
传统九分体	en 9, tradicional	частей,	un mode		9-Piece cut-	
传统几分平	tradicional	традиционно	classique		up, traditional	
			Poulet			0207
	D 11 1	Тушка,	découpé en		0 D:	
北井坎山八	Pollo trozado	разделанная на 9	neuf, selon		9-Piece cut-	
非传统九分 体	en 9, corte rústico	частей, разделка	un mode		up, country-	
745	rustico	"Кантри"	particulier		cut	
		Тушка,	Poulet			0208
1 // //-	Pollo trozado	разделанная на	découpé en		10-Piece cut-	
十分体	en 10	10 частей	dix		up	
			Moitié			0301
			antérieure			
V. 0.41			(moitié			
前二分体	Mitad delantera	Передняя часть	ailes)		Front half	
			Moitié			0302
		Передняя часть	antérieure			
		без крыльев	sans ailes		Front half	
~ # kg 24 _		(целая грудка с	(poitrine		without wings	
不带翅前二	Mitad delantera	прилегающей	entière avec		(Whole breast	
分体	sin alas	частью спинки)	dos)		with back)	
			Moitié			0401
			postérieure		Back half	
ヒーハム	3.6%	n	(moitié			
后二分体	Mitad trasera	Задняя часть	cuisses)		(Saddle)	
			Moitié			0402
			postérieure			
			sans			
			croupion		Back half	
て#!ロビー	3.6%	2 6	(moitié		without tail	
不带尾后二 分体	Mitad trasera sin rabadilla	Задняя часть без	cuisses sans			
万平	siii rabadiiia	гузки	croupion)		(Saddle)	
		_	Quart			0501
吸血八人	ъ. т	Передняя	antérieur		.	
胸四分体	Pechuga	четвертина	(quart aile)		Breast quarter	
		Передняя	Quart		Split breast	0502
带肩胸四分		четвертина без	antérieur		with back	
体	Media pechuga	крыла	sans aile		portion	
			Poitrine			0601
			entière avec			
			côtes et		Whole breast	
# = 36 1 #		Грудка с ребрами	filets		with ribs and	
带里脊大胸	con costillas	и малым филе	internes		tenderloins	
带骨带翅连	Pechuga entera,	Грудка с ребрами	Poitrine		Bone-in	0602
大胸	con costillas y	и крыльями	entière non		whole breast	

Chinese	Spanish	Russian	French	English Po	Englis	Product
	alas		désossée	ribs and	with ribs an	
			avec côtes et	wings	wing	
			ailes			
			Poitrine			0603
			entière	. 1	D 1	
	Pechuga entera,	Обраценная	désossée avec viande		Boneles whole breas	
	con carne de	грудка с	de côtes,		with rib mea	
无骨不带里	costillas, sin	реберным мясом	sans filets	without		
脊大胸	filete	без малого филе	internes	derloins	tenderloin	
			Poitrine			0604
			entière	Boneless	Boneles	
		Обваленная	désossée	le breast	whole breas	
无骨带里脊	Pechuga entera,	грудка с малым	avec filets	with		
胸肉	con filete	филе	internes	derloins	tenderloin	
			Poitrine			0605
		0.5	entière		Boneles	
工具 不無田	D 1	Обваленная	désossée		whole breas	
无骨不带里 脊胸肉	Pechuga entera, sin filete	грудка без малого филе	sans filets internes	without	withou tenderloin	
日川川へ	siii iiiete	малого филе		derionis	tenderion	0701
			Moitié de poitrine non	in enlit	Dono in anl	0701
带骨大胸(Media nechuga	Половина грудки	désossée		Bone-in spl breast wit	
半)	con costillas	с ребрами	avec côtes	ribs		
•		· F · · F · ·	Moitié de			0702
			poitrine non			0702
	Media pechuga,	Половина грудки	désossée	-in split	Bone-in spl	
带骨翅根连	con costillas y	с ребрами и	avec côtes et	-	breast wit	
大胸(半)	alas	крылом	aile	nd wing	ribs and win	
		Обваленная				0704
		половина грудки	Moitié de			
		без мякотных	poitrine			
工具小版内	Media pechuga,		désossée sans viande		Boneless spl	
无骨小胸肉 (半)	parcialmente deshuesada	прилегающих ребер	de côtes	rib meat	breast withou	
(1)	desiraesada		de cotes	no meat	110 IIIC	0705
		Частично обваленная				0705
		половина грудки				
		с мякотными	Moitié de			
		тканями	poitrine			
		прилегающих	partiellemen	Partially		
	Media pechuga,	ребер и плечевой	t désossée	-	boneless spl breast with ri	
	parcialmente	частью крыла	avec viande		meat and firs	
部分剔骨翅	deshuesada, con primer	(«воздушная» грудка или	de côtes et premier		segment win	
根连胸(半	segmento del	французская	segment	_	(Airline breas	
	ala	разделка)	d'aile		or French cu	
		1 /		•	Tenderloi	0801
					(Inner fille	0001
			Filet		tender, sma	
里脊	Filete	Малое филе	(interne)	fillet)		
	Filete sin punta	Малое филе без	Filet	nderloin	Tenderloi	0802
去头里脊	de tendón	выступающей	(interne)		(Inner fille	

Product	English	Page	French	Russian	Spanish	Chinese
	tender, small fillet) with tendon tip off		avec tendon sectionné	части сухожилия		
0901	Leg with back portion (Leg quarter)		Quart cuisse	Задняя четвертина	Muslo con pierna	腿四分体
0902	Leg with back portion, without tail		Quart cuisse sans croupion	Задняя	Muslo con	
	(Leg quarter without tail)		avec partie de dos	четвертина без гузки	pierna, sin rabadilla	不带尾腿四 分体
0903	Leg with back portion, without tail and		Quart cuisse			
	abdominal fat (Leg quarter without tail and abdominal fat)		sans croupion ni graisse abdominale avec partie de dos	Задняя четвертина без гузки и абдоминального жира	Muslo con pierna, sin rabadilla ni grasa abdominal	不带尾和肚 油腿四分体
0904	Long-cut drumstick and thigh portion with back (Long-cut		Pilon coupe longue et partie de haut de	Голень с частью бедра и часть бедра с	Muslo con	
	drum and thigh portion)		cuisse avec partie de dos	прилегающей спинкой	pierna corte largo y espalda	长切带背全 腿
1001	Whole leg (Short-cut leg)		Cuisse entière	Окорочок	Pierna entera	短切全腿
1002	Whole leg with abdominal fat (Half saddle without back)		Cuisse entière avec graisse abdominale	Окорочок с абдоминальным жиром (задняя часть без спинки)	Pierna entera con grasa abdominal	带肚油全腿
1003	Whole leg, long-cut (Long-cut leg)		Cuisse entière coupe longue	Окорочок с низким срезом голени	Pierna entera, corte largo	长切全腿
1004	Whole leg with thigh/drumsti ck incision (Short-cut Sujiire)		Cuisse entière avec incision du haut de cuisse et du pilon	Окорочок с надрезом мышц бедра/голени	Pierna entera con muslo, con incisión en la parte alta del muslo	短切全腿 (大腿肉和琵琶腿肉切开)
1005	Whole leg, long-cut, with thigh/drumsti ck incision (Long-cut Sujiire)		Cuisse entière coupe longue avec incision du haut de	Окорочок с низким срезом голени и надрезом мышц бедра/голени	Pierna entera, corte largo con incisión	长切全腿 (大腿肉和 琵琶腿肉切 开)

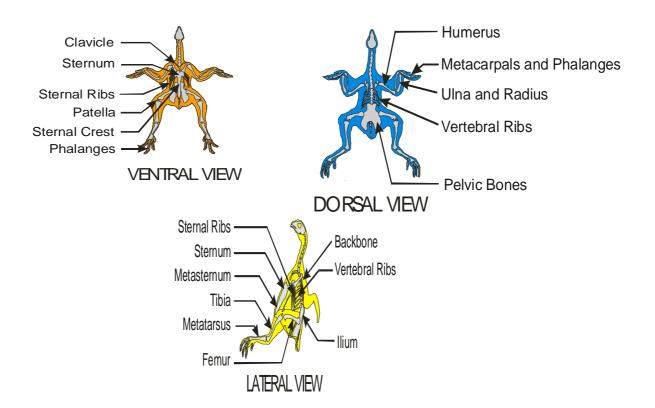
Chinese	Spanish	Russian	French	English	Product
			cuisse et du		
			pilon		
动土田	M1-	Γ	Haut de	TL:_1	1101
鸡大腿	Muslo	Бедро	cuisse	Thigh	
				Bone-in thigh	1102
	Ml		Haut de	with back	
	Muslo con hueso y carcasa	Бедро с частью	cuisse non désossé avec	portion	
带背大腿肉	trasera	спинки	partie de dos	(Thigh quarter)	
TO FOUNDERS	trasera		-		1102
无骨去皮大	Muslo	Обваленное жилованное	Haut de cuisse	Boneless thigh,	1103
腿肉	deshuesado	бедро	désossé paré	trimmed	
/JC1 4	desiraesads	محکوہ		444444	1104
	Muslo		Haut de cuisse		1104
	deshuesado	Обваленное	désossé		
无骨方切大	cortado	бедро квадратной		Boneless	
腿肉	cuadrado	формы	carré	thigh, squared	
			Haut de		1105
		Обваленное	cuisse	Boneless	
	Muslo	жилованное	désossé paré	thigh,	
无骨去皮方	deshuesado en	бедро квадратной	et découpé	trimmed and	
切大腿肉	dos trozos	формы	en carré	squared	
				Drumstick	1201
琵琶腿	Pierna	Голень	Pilon	(Drum)	
				Slant-cut	1202
				drumstick	
	Pierna corte	Кососрезанная	Pilon coupe	(Drum	
斜切琵琶腿	oblicuo	голень	oblique	portion)	
整翅	Ala entera	Крыло	Aile entière	Whole wing	1301
		Плечевая и	Premier et		1302
		локтевая части	deuxième		
V形翅	1 ^{er} y 2°	крыла,	segments	1^{st} and 2^{nd}	
(第1和2节	segmento del	соединенные V-	d'aile	Segment wing	
)	ala (ala en V)	образно	(coupe en V)	(V-wing)	
t stelan			Deuxième et	2 nd and 3 rd	1303
上半翅	2° y 3 ^{er}	_	troisième	Segment wing	
(第2和3节	segmento del	Локтевая часть	segments	(2-joint wing,	
)	ala	крыла с кистью	d'aile	wing portion)	
		Плечевая часть		et a	1304
翅根	1 er	крыла	Premier	1 st Segment	
(第一节)	1 ^{er} segmento del ala	(«драммет», плечо)	segment d'aile	wing (Wing drummette)	
(35 11)	dei aia	плечо)	u ane	,	
			D ''	2 nd Segment	1305
翅中	2° segmento	Локтевая часть	Deuxième	wing (Wing	
(第2节)	del ala	локтевая часть крыла («флэт»)	segment d'aile	flat, mid- joint)	
(N17 H)					1206
翅尖	3 ^{er} segmento del ala (punta	Кисть крыла (кончик,	Troisième	3 rd Segment wing (Wing	1306
(第3节)	dei aia (puiita de ala)	флиппер)	segment d'aile	tip, flipper)	
(NAS 14)	,		Premiers et		1207
	Primer y	Плечевая и	deuxièmes	1 st Segment and 2 nd	1307

Chinese	Spanish	Russian	French	Page	English	Product
(第1和2节)	segmentos del ala separados	крыла	segments d'aile [séparés]		Segment wings (Disjointed	
			[separes]		wings)	
		Крылья с прилегающей частью спинки	Ailes avec		Wings with back attached, whole	1308
带肩翅	Alas con carcasa trasera	(разделка «Пипистрелли»)	dos attaché, entières		(Pipistrelli- cut)	
		Нижняя часть спинки после	5		g. : 1	1401
背肉块	Carcasa trasera sin carne	частичной или полной обвалки	Bas de dos dépouillé		Stripped lower back	
背肉	Carcasa trasera	Нижняя часть спинки	Bas de dos		Lower back	1402
肩肉	Carcasa delantera	Верхняя часть спинки	Haut de dos		Upper back	1403
肩背肉	Carcasa entera sin costillas	Спинка	Dos entier		Whole back	1404
鸡尾	Rabadilla	Гузка	Croupion		Tail	1501
鸡脖	Cogote	Обработанная шея	Cou		Neck	1601
鸡头	Cabeza	Обработанная голова	Tête		Head	1701
			Parties inférieures			1801
加工小凤爪	Patas procesadas	Обработанные плюсны ног	de pattes préparées		Processed paws	
加工大凤爪	Patas largas procesadas	Обработанные ноги	Pattes préparées		Processed feet	1802
			Parties inférieures de pattes			1803
小凤爪	Patas sin procesar	Необработанные плюсны ног	non préparées		Unprocessed paws	
大凤爪	Patas largas sin procesar	Необработанные ноги	Pattes non préparées		Unprocessed feet	1804
鸡肫	Mollejas procesadas	Обработанный мышечный желудок	Gésiers, préparés		Gizzards, processed	1901
71-371 6	procesadas	Мышечный	prepares		processed	1902
ᆎᄓᆄᆊᅚᄼᄁᄼᇄᇅᅜᆉ	Mollejas, corte	желудок, обработанный и разрезанный в	Gésiers, coupe en		Gizzards,	
蝴蝶形鸡肫	mariposa	виде бабочки Мышечный	papillon		butterfly-cut	1903
		мышечный желудок, обработанный и			Gizzards, V-style cut	1703
V形鸡肫	Mollejas, corte en V	V-образно разрезанный	Gésiers, coupe en V		(V-style gizzards)	

Spanish C	Russian	French	Page	English	Product
Hígados	Печень обработанная	Foies		Livers	2001
	Сердце обработанное без верхушки				2101
Corazones sin casquete 去意	аортального клапана	Cœurs, sans «coiffe»		Hearts, cap- off	
Corazones con casquete 带急	Сердце необработанное	Cœurs, avec «coiffe»		Hearts, cap- on	2102
Testículos	Семенники	Testicules		Testes (Fries, testicles)	2201
Piel de la pechuga	Кожа грудки	Peau de poitrine		Breast skin	2301
Piel del muslo	Кожа бедра/окорочка	Peau de haut de cuisse/cuisse		Thigh/leg skin	2302
y pierna Piel del cuerpo	Кожа тушки	Peau de corps		Body skin	2303
Grasa	Абдоминальный жир (листовой	Graisse		Abdominal fat	2401
abdominal 🏻 🔻	жир)	abdominale		(Leaf fat) 2-Product	4001
Combinación de dos productos	Набор из двух видов продуктов	Combinaiso n de deux produits		combinations (2-product combo)	
Combinación		Combinaiso		3-Product combinations	4002
de tres productos	Набор из трех видов продуктов	n de trois produits		(3-product combo)	
Combinación de cuatro	Набор из четырех	Combinaiso n de quatre		4-Product combinations (4-product	4003
productos	видов продуктов	produits		combo)	

5.2 Chicken skeletal diagram explanation

Two of the three skeletal diagrams of a whole chicken shown below are used to illustrate the composition of each poultry product. These three diagrams show the major bones of the chicken in dorsal or back view (in pink), ventral or breast view (in green), and lateral or side view (in yellow). The shaded areas of views for the particular product represents the portion and muscles of the chicken included in that product.



5.3 Chicken meat parts

0101 WHOLE BIRD

A "whole bird" consists of an intact carcase with all parts, including the breast, thighs, drumsticks, wings, back and abdominal fat. The head and feet are removed, and the oil gland and tail may or may not be present. The neck with or without skin and gizzard, heart and liver (giblet pack) are included as separate parts.

0102 WHOLE BIRD WITHOUT GIBLETS

A "whole bird without giblets" consists of an intact carcase with all parts, including the breast, thighs, drumsticks, wings, back and abdominal fat. The head and neck with skin, feet, gizzard, heart and liver are removed. The oil gland and tail may or may not be present.

0103 BONELESS WHOLE BIRD WITHOUT GIBLETS AND WINGS

A "boneless whole bird without giblets and wings" consists of an intact carcase with the breast, thigh, and drumstick meat. The head and neck with skin, wings, feet, gizzard, heart and liver, oil gland and tail are removed.

0104 WHOLE BIRD WITHOUT GIBLETS, WITH LONG-CUT DRUMSTICKS (SHANK)

A "whole bird without giblets, with long-cut drumstick" consists of an intact carcase with all parts, including the breast, thighs, long-cut drumsticks, wings, back and abdominal fat. The head and neck with skin, paws, gizzard, heart and liver, are removed. The tail may or may not be present.

0105 WHOLE BIRD WITHOUT GIBLETS, WITH HALF NECK

A "whole bird without giblets, with half neck" consists of an intact carcase with one-half of the neck attached with all parts, including the breast, thighs, drumsticks, wings, back and abdominal fat. The head, one-half of the neck, feet, gizzard, heart and liver are removed. The oil gland and tail may or may not be present.

0106 WHOLE BIRD WITHOUT GIBLETS, WITH WHOLE NECK

A "whole bird without giblets, with whole neck" consists of an intact carcase with the neck attached with all parts, including the breast, thighs, drumsticks, wings, back and abdominal fat. The head, feet, gizzard, heart, and liver are removed. The oil gland and tail may or may not be present.

0107 WHOLE BIRD WITHOUT GIBLETS, WITH HEAD

A "whole bird without giblets, with head" consists of an intact carcase with the head attached with all parts, including the breast, thighs, drumsticks, wings, back and abdominal fat. The feet, gizzard, heart and liver are removed. The oil gland and tail may or may not be present.

0108 WHOLE BIRD WITHOUT GIBLETS, WITH HEAD AND FEET

A "whole bird without giblets, with head and feet" consists of an intact carcase with the head and feet attached. All parts, including the breast, thighs, drumsticks, wings, back and abdominal fat are also attached. The gizzard, heart and liver are removed. The oil gland and tail may or may not be present.

0201 TWO-PIECE CUT-UP (SPLIT BIRD)

A "2-piece cut-up" bird is produced by splitting a whole bird without giblets (0102) end to end through the back and breast to produce approximately equal left and right carcase halves. The oil gland, tail and abdominal fat may or may not be present. Individual parts may or may not come from the same bird.

0202 FOUR-PIECE CUT-UP (QUARTERED BIRD)

A "4-piece cut-up" bird is produced by cutting a whole bird without giblets (0102) into 2 breast quarters with wings attached and 2 leg quarters. The oil gland, tail and abdominal fat may or may not be present. Individual parts may or may not come from the same bird.

0203 SIX-PIECE CUT-UP

A "6-piece cut-up" bird is produced by cutting a whole bird without giblets (0102) into 2 split breasts with back and rib portions, 2 drumsticks, 2 thighs with back portion. The wings are removed. The oil gland, tail and abdominal fat may or may not be present. Individual parts may or may not come from the same bird.

0204 EIGHT-PIECE CUT-UP, TRADITIONAL

An "8-piece traditional cut-up" bird is produced by cutting a whole bird without giblets (0102) into

2 split breasts with back and rib portions, 2 drumsticks, 2 thighs with back portion, and 2 wings. The oil gland, tail and abdominal fat may or may not be present. Individual parts may or may not come from the same bird.

0205 EIGHT-PIECE CUT-UP, NON-TRADITIONAL

A "8-piece non-traditional cut-up" bird is produced by cutting a whole bird without giblets (0102) into eight pieces specified by the buyer or seller. The oil gland, tail and abdominal fat may or may not be present. Individual parts may or may not come from the same bird.

0206 NINE-PIECE CUT-UP, TRADITIONAL

A "9-piece traditional cut-up" bird is produced by cutting a whole bird without giblets (0102) into

1 breast portion containing the clavicle, 2 split breasts with back and rib portions, 2 drumsticks,

2 thighs with back portion, and 2 wings. The oil gland, tail and abdominal fat may or may not be present. Individual parts may or may not come from the same bird.

0207 NINE-PIECE CUT-UP, COUNTRY-CUT

A "9-piece country-cut cut-up" bird is produced by cutting a whole bird without giblets (0102) into 1 lower breast portion, 2 upper split breasts portions (with back and rib portions), 2 drumsticks, 2 thighs with back portion, and 2 wings. The oil gland, tail and abdominal fat may or may not be present. Individual parts may or may not come from the same bird.

0208 TEN-PIECE CUT-UP

A "10-piece cut-up" bird is produced by cutting a whole bird without giblets (0102) into 4 equal breast portions with back and ribs, 2 thighs with back portion, 2 drumsticks, and 2 wings. The oil gland, tail and abdominal fat may or may not be present. Individual parts may or may not come from the same bird.

0301 FRONT HALF

A "front half" is produced by cutting a whole bird without giblets (0102) perpendicular to the backbone at the ilium just above the femur and downward to the tip of the metasternum. The front half consists of a full breast with the adjacent back portion and both wings attached.

0302 FRONT HALF WITHOUT WINGS (WHOLE BREAST WITH BACK)

A "front half without wings" is produced by cutting a whole bird without giblets (0102) perpendicular to the backbone at the ilium just above the femur and downward to the tip of the metasternum, and removing the wings. The front half without wings consists of a full breast with the adjacent back portion.

0401 BACK HALF (SADDLE)

A "back half" is produced by cutting a whole bird without giblets (0102) perpendicular to the backbone at the ilium just above the femur and downward to the tip of the metasternum. The back half consists of both legs with the adjoining portion of the back, adjacent abdominal fat, and tail. The oil gland may or may not be removed.

0402 BACK HALF WITHOUT TAIL (SADDLE)

A "back half without tail" is produced by cutting a whole bird without giblets (0102) perpendicular to the backbone at the ilium just above the femur and downward to the tip of the metasternum. The back half without tail consists of both legs with the adjoining portion of the back and adjacent abdominal fat.

0501 BREAST QUARTER

A "breast quarter" is produced by cutting a front half (0301) along the sternum and back into two approximately equal portions. The breast quarter consists of half of a breast with the attached wing and a portion of the back.

0502 SPLIT BREAST WITH BACK PORTION

A "split breast with back portion" is produced by cutting a front half without wings (0302) along the sternum and back into two approximately equal portions. The split breast with back portion consists of half of a breast with a portion of the back attached.

0601 WHOLE BREAST WITH RIBS AND TENDERLOINS

A "whole breast with ribs and tenderloins" is produced from a front half without wings (0302) by separating the entire breast from the back by cutting along the junction of the vertebral and sternal ribs. The neck skin and back are removed. The whole breast with ribs and tenderloins consists of the entire breast with rib meat and tenderloins.

0602 BONE-IN WHOLE BREAST WITH RIBS AND WINGS

A "bone-in whole breast with ribs and wings" is produced from a front half (0301) by separating the entire breast from the back by cutting along the junction of the vertebral and sternal ribs. The neck skin and back are removed. The whole breast with ribs and wings consists of the entire breast with ribs, tenderloins, and wings.

0603 BONELESS WHOLE BREAST WITH RIB MEAT, WITHOUT TENDERLOINS

A "boneless whole breast with rib meat, without tenderloins" is produced from a front half without wings (0302) by separating the entire breast from the back by cutting along the junction of the vertebral and sternal ribs. The back, tenderloins, neck skin and bones are removed. The boneless whole breast with rib meat, without tenderloins consists of an entire boneless breast with rib meat.

0604 BONELESS WHOLE BREAST WITH TENDERLOINS

A "boneless whole breast with tenderloins" is produced from a front half without wings (0302) by separating the entire breast from the back by cutting along the junction of the vertebral and sternal ribs. The back, rib meat, neck skin and bones are removed. The boneless whole breast with tenderloins consists of an entire boneless breast with tenderloins.

0605 BONELESS WHOLE BREAST WITHOUT TENDERLOINS

A "boneless whole breast without tenderloins" is produced from a front half without wings (0302) by separating the entire breast from the back by cutting along the junction of the vertebral and sternal ribs. The back, rib meat, tenderloins, neck skin and bones are removed. The boneless whole breast

without tenderloins consists of an entire boneless breast without the tenderloins.

0701 BONE-IN SPLIT BREAST WITH RIBS

A "bone-in split breast with ribs" is produced by cutting a bone-in whole breast with ribs and tenderloins (0601) into two approximately equal portions along the centre of the sternum. A bone-in split breast with ribs consists of one-half of a whole breast with the attached rib meat, tenderloin, and bones.

0702 BONE-IN SPLIT BREAST WITH RIBS AND WING

A "bone-in split breast with ribs and wing" is produced by cutting a bone-in whole breast with ribs and wings (0602) into two approximately equal portions along the centre of the sternum. A split breast with ribs and wing consists of one-half of a whole breast with the attached rib meat, wing, tenderloin, and bones.

0704 BONELESS SPLIT BREAST WITHOUT RIB MEAT

A "boneless split breast without rib meat" is produced by cutting a bone-in whole breast with ribs and tenderloins (0601) into two approximately equal portions along the centre of the sternum. The rib meat and bones are removed. A boneless split breast without rib meat consists of one-half of a whole breast. The tenderloin may or may not be present.

0705 PARTIALLY BONELESS SPLIT BREAST WITH RIB MEAT AND FIRST SEGMENT WING (AIRLINE BREAST OR FRENCH CUT)

A "partially boneless split breast with rib meat and first segment wing" is produced by cutting a bone-in whole breast with ribs and wings (0602) into two approximately equal portions along the centre of the sternum, and removing the second and third wing segments and the breast bones. A partially boneless split breast with rib meat and first segment wing consists of one-half of a whole breast with rib meat and the first segment of the wing (with humerus bone). The tenderloin may or may not be present.

0801 TENDERLOIN (INNER FILLET, TENDER, SMALL FILLET)

A "tenderloin" is produced by separating the inner pectoral muscle from the breast and the sternum. The inner fillet consists of a single intact muscle with the embedded tendon.

$0802\,$ TENDERLOIN (INNER FILLET, TENDER, SMALL FILLET) WITH TENDON TIP OFF

A "tenderloin with tendon tip off" is produced by separating the inner pectoral muscle from the breast and the sternum. The protruding portion of the tendon is removed. The inner fillet with tendon tip off consists of a single intact muscle.

0901 LEG WITH BACK PORTION (LEG QUARTER)

A "leg with back portion" is produced by cutting a back half (0401) along the centre of the backbone into two approximately equal parts. The leg with back portion consists of an intact part that includes the drumstick, thigh with adjoining portion of the back, abdominal fat, and tail.

 $0902\;$ LEG WITH BACK PORTION, WITHOUT TAIL (LEG QUARTER WITHOUT TAIL)

A "leg with back portion, without tail" is produced by cutting a back half without tail (0402) along the centre of the backbone into two approximately equal parts. The leg with back portion, without tail consists of an intact part that includes the drumstick, thigh with adjoining portion of the back, and abdominal fat.

0903 LEG WITH BACK PORTION, WITHOUT TAIL AND ABDOMINAL FAT (LEG QUARTER WITHOUT TAIL AND ABDOMINAL FAT)

A "leg quarter without tail and abdominal fat" is produced by cutting a back half without tail (0402) along the centre of the backbone into two approximately equal parts and removing the abdominal fat. The leg quarter without tail and abdominal fat consists of an intact part that includes the drumstick and thigh with adjoining portion of the back.

0904 LONG-CUT DRUMSTICK AND THIGH PORTION WITH BACK (LONG-CUT DRUM AND THIGH PORTION)

A "long-cut drumstick and thigh portion with back" is produced by cutting a leg quarter without tail (0902) through the thigh nearly parallel with the plane of the backbone just above the condyle. The long-cut drumstick and thigh portion with back consists of two parts: a drumstick with a portion of the thigh attached and the remaining thigh with the back portion and abdominal fat attached.

1001 WHOLE LEG (SHORT-CUT LEG)

A "whole leg" is produced by separating a leg from a back half (0401) between the junction of the femur and pelvic bone. The abdominal fat and back are removed. Skin may or may not be trimmed. The whole leg consists of the thigh and drumstick.

1002 WHOLE LEG WITH ABDOMINAL FAT (HALF SADDLE WITHOUT BACK)

A "whole leg with abdominal fat" is produced by separating a leg from a back half (0401) between the junction of the femur and pelvic bone and removing the back. The whole leg with abdominal fat consists of the drumstick and thigh with associated skin and abdominal fat.

1003 WHOLE LEG, LONG-CUT (LONG-CUT LEG)

A "whole long-cut leg" is produced by cutting a whole bird without giblets, with long-cut drumsticks (0104) perpendicular to the backbone at the ilium just above the femur and downward to the tip of the metasternum, and then separating a leg between the junction of the femur and pelvic bone. The back and a portion of the foot just below the spur are removed. The long-cut leg consists of thigh, drumstick, and a portion of the shank.

1004 WHOLE LEG, WITH THIGH/DRUMSTICK INCISION (SHORT-CUT SUJIIRE)

A "whole leg with thigh/drumstick incision" is produced by separating a leg from a back half (0401) between the junction of the femur and pelvic bone and removing the back. The skin is trimmed. An incision is made through the muscle along the thigh and drumstick bones. The whole leg with thigh/drumstick incision consists of the thigh and drumstick.

1005 WHOLE LEG, LONG-CUT WITH THIGH/DRUMSTICK INCISION (LONG-CUT SUJIIRE)

A "whole long-cut leg with thigh/drumstick incision" is produced by separating a leg from a back half (0401) between the junction of the femur and pelvic bone. The back and a portion of the foot just below the spur are removed and an incision is made through the muscle along the thigh and drumstick bones. The long-cut leg with thigh/drumstick incision consists of thigh, drumstick, and a portion of the shank.

1101 THIGH

A "thigh" is produced by cutting a whole leg (1001) at the joint between the tibia and the femur. The drumstick and patella are removed. The thigh consists of the thigh and associated fat. Meat adjacent to the ilium (oyster meat) may or may not be present.

1102 BONE-IN THIGH WITH BACK PORTION (THIGH QUARTER)

A "thigh with back portion" is produced by cutting a leg quarter (0901) at the joint between the tibia and the femur. The drumstick, patella, and abdominal fat are removed. The thigh with back portion consists of the thigh, attached back portion, and associated fat. The oil gland, tail, and meat adjacent to the ilium (oyster meat) may or may not be present.

1103 BONELESS THIGH, TRIMMED

A "boneless trimmed thigh" is produced by cutting a whole leg (1001) at the joint between the tibia and the femur. The drumstick, patella, femur bone, and nearly all visible fat are removed. The boneless trimmed thigh consists of the thigh meat. The meat adjacent to the ilium (oyster meat) may or may not be present.

1104 BONELESS THIGH, SQUARED

A "boneless squared thigh" is produced by cutting a whole leg (1001) at the joint between the tibia and the femur. The drumstick, patella, femur bone, and meat adjacent to the ilium (oyster meat) are removed. The boneless squared thigh consists of the thigh meat cut to a squared appearance.

1105 BONELESS THIGH, TRIMMED AND SQUARED

A "boneless trimmed and squared thigh" is produced by cutting a whole leg (1001) at the joint between the tibia and the femur. The drumstick, patella, femur bone, nearly all visible fat, and the meat adjacent to the ilium (oyster meat) are removed. The boneless trimmed and squared thigh consists of the thigh meat cut to a squared appearance.

1201 DRUMSTICK (DRUM)

A "drumstick" is produced by cutting a whole leg (1001) through the joint between the tibia and femur. The thigh is removed. The drumstick consists of the tibia, fibula, patella and associated muscles.

1202 SLANT-CUT DRUMSTICK (DRUM PORTION)

A "slant-cut drumstick" is produced by cutting a whole leg (1001) along the tibia of the drumstick and through the joint between the tibia and femur. The thigh and a portion of the meat on one side of the drumstick are removed.

The slant-cut drumstick consists of a portion of the tibia, fibula, patella and associated muscles.

1301 WHOLE WING

A "whole wing" is produced by cutting the wing from a whole bird without giblets (0102) at the joint between the humerus and the backbone. The wing consists of: the first segment (drummette) containing the humerus that attaches the wing to the body, second segment (flat) containing the ulna and radius, and the third segment (tip) containing the metacarpals and phalanges.

1302 FIRST AND SECOND SEGMENT WING (V-WING)

A "first and second segment wing" is produced by cutting a whole wing (1301) between the second and third wing segment. The third segment (tip) is removed. The first and second segment wing consists of: the segment containing the humerus that attaches the wing to the body (drummette), and the segment containing the ulna and radius (flat).

1303 SECOND AND THIRD SEGMENT WING (2-JOINT WING, WING PORTION)

A "second and third segment wing" is produced by cutting a whole wing (1301) between the first and second wing segment. The first segment (drummette) is removed. The second and third segment wing consists of the segment containing the ulna and radius (flat), and the segment containing the metacarpals and phalanges (tip).

1304 FIRST SEGMENT WING (WING DRUMMETTE)

A "first segment wing" is produced by cutting a whole wing (1301) between the first and second segments. The second and third segments (flat and tip) are removed. The first segment wing consists of the first segment containing the humerus that attaches the wing to the body.

1305 SECOND SEGMENT WING (WING FLAT, MID-JOINT)

A "second segment wing" is produced by cutting a whole wing (1301) between the first and second segments and the second and third segments. The first and third segments (drummette and tip) are removed. The second segment wing consists of the second segment containing the ulna and radius.

1306 THIRD SEGMENT WING (WING TIP, FLIPPER)

A "third segment wing" is produced by cutting a whole wing (1301) between the second and third segments. The first and second segments (drummette and flat) are removed. The third segment wing consists of the third segment containing the metacarpals and phalanges.

1307 FIRST SEGMENT AND SECOND SEGMENT WINGS (DISJOINTED WINGS)

"First segment and second segment wings" are produced by cutting a whole wing (1301) between the second and third segments. The third segment (tip) is removed. The joint between the first and second segments is then cut to separate the first and second segments (drummette and flat). First segment and second segment wings consists of approximate equal numbers of first and second segments packaged together.

1308 WINGS WITH BACK ATTACHED, WHOLE (PIPISTRELLI-CUT)

A "whole wings with back attached" is produced by separating the whole wings with back from the breast and back half of a whole bird without giblets (0102) and the mid backbone region. The whole wings with back attached consists of: 2 wings consisting of the humerus (drummette), ulna and radius (flat), and the metacarpals and phalanges (tip), and a portion of the upper backbone attached.

1401 STRIPPED LOWER BACK

A "stripped lower back" is produced by cutting along the pelvic bones to separate the legs from the back half (0401). The stripped lower back consists of the lower backbone, ilium, and pelvic bones with most, if not all, of the meat and skin removed. The tail, abdominal fat, and portions of the kidneys and testes may or may not be present.

1402 LOWER BACK

A "lower back" is produced by cutting a back half (0401) through the joint between the femur the pelvic bone to remove each of the legs. The lower back consists of the lower backbone, ilium, and pelvic bones with attached meat and skin. The tail, abdominal fat, and portions of the kidneys and testes may or may not be present.

1403 UPPER BACK

An "upper back" is produced by cutting a front half without wings (0302) along each side of the backbone to remove the breast and vertebral ribs. The upper back consists of the upper backbone (approximately 1.6 cm (5/8 inch) in width) with attached meat and skin.

1404 WHOLE BACK

A "whole back" is produced by cutting a whole bird without giblets (0102) perpendicular to the backbone at the junction of the neck. A cut is then made parallel along each side of the backbone through the vertebral ribs down to the base of the ilium, and along the outer edge of the pelvic bones. The whole back consists of the entire backbone, ilium, and pelvic bones with attached meat and skin. The tail, abdominal fat, and portions of the kidneys and testes may or may not be present.

1501 TAIL

The "tail" is produced by cutting the carcase through the backbones and the base of the ilium, and removing the carcase. The tail consists of the tailbones with attached meat and skin.

1601 NECK

The "neck" is produced by cutting the neck from the carcase at the shoulder joint and removing the head. The neck consists of the neck bones with attached meat.

1701 HEAD

The "head" is produced by cutting the carcase at the upper neck and removing the carcase. The head consists of the skull bones and contents with attached beak, meat, and skin.

1801 PROCESSED PAWS

A "processed paw" is produced by cutting a carcase leg through the metatarsus approximately at the metatarsal spur. The nail sheaths, thin yellow epidermal skin covering the paw, and carcase are removed. A processed paw consists of a portion of the metatarsus and four digits (phalanges) with attached meat and skin.

1802 PROCESSED FEET

A "processed foot" is produced by cutting a carcase leg at the joints between the metatarsus and the tibia. The carcase is removed. The nail sheaths and thin yellow epidermal skin covering the foot are removed. A processed foot consists of the metatarsus and four digits (phalanges) with attached meat and skin.

1803 UNPROCESSED PAWS

An "unprocessed paw" is produced by cutting a carcase leg at the joint between the metatarsus approximately at the metatarsal spur. The carcase is removed. A paw consists of a portion of the metatarsus and four digits (phalanges), with attached meat and skin. The nail sheaths and thin yellow epidermal skin covering the foot are not removed.

1804 UNPROCESSED FEET

An "unprocessed foot" is produced by cutting a carcase leg at the joint between the metatarsus and the tibia. The carcase is removed. A foot consists of the metatarsus and four digits (phalanges) with attached meat and skin. The nail sheaths and thin yellow epidermal skin covering the foot are not removed.

1901 GIZZARDS, PROCESSED

The "gizzard" is removed from a carcase body cavity. Gizzards are mechanically cut and processed by removing the inner lining and contents. Fat and other adhering organs are removed. The gizzard consists of one or more irregularly shaped pieces of the enlarged muscular portion of the digestive canal.

1902 GIZZARDS, BUTTERFLY-CUT

The "butterfly-cut gizzard" is removed from a carcase body cavity. Gizzards are mechanically cut open horizontally and processed by removing the inner lining and contents. Fat and other adhering organs are removed. The butterfly-cut gizzard consists of one slightly irregularly shaped, muscular portion of the digestive canal.

1903 GIZZARDS, V-STYLE CUT (V-STYLE GIZZARDS)

The "v-style gizzard" is removed from a carcase body cavity. Gizzards are mechanically cut open vertically and processed by removing the inner lining and contents. Fat and other adhering organs are removed. The gizzard consists of one slightly irregularly shaped, muscular portion of the digestive canal.

2001 LIVERS

The "liver" is removed from a carcase body cavity. The bile sac (gall bladder) is removed. The liver consists of a smooth brownish to reddish coloured organ with one or more lobes that is irregular in shape and size.

2101 HEARTS, CAP-OFF

The "cap-off heart" is removed from a carcase body cavity. Fat attached to the heart, the pericardial sac, and the aortal cap are removed. The cap-off heart consists of a muscular organ that circulates blood.

2102 HEARTS, CAP-ON

The "cap-on heart" is removed from a carcase body cavity. Fat attached to the heart, the pericardial sac, and the aortal cap are not removed. The cap-on heart consists of a single muscular piece that circulates blood with associated heart tissue.

2201 TESTES (FRIES, TESTICLES)

"Testes" are removed from a carcase body cavity. Testes consist of membrane-covered, bean-shaped bodies that are the male chicken reproductive organs.

2301 BREAST SKIN

"Breast skin" consists of the exterior layer of tissue that encloses the breast area from a carcase, whole breast, or split breast. The neck skin is not present.

2302 THIGH/LEG SKIN

"Thigh/leg skin" consists of the exterior layer of tissue that encloses the thigh or leg area of a carcase, back half, or leg.

2303 BODY SKIN

"Body skin" consists of the exterior layer of tissue that encloses the entire carcase, excluding the neck area.

2401 ABDOMINAL FAT (LEAF FAT)

Chicken "abdominal fat" consists of a mass of adipose tissue located in the abdominal cavity adjacent to the pelvic bones.

4001 TWO-PRODUCT COMBINATIONS (2-PRODUCT COMBO)

A "two-product combination" consists of two chicken parts (e.g. drumsticks and thighs) or products (e.g. gizzards and livers) that are packaged together or packed in the same package or shipping container.

When placing an order, indicate in writing the product/part code for each product to be delivered, and include the product ratio (e.g. 2 drumsticks per 1 thigh, or equal proportions (1:1) of gizzards and livers).

4002 THREE-PRODUCT COMBINATIONS (3-PRODUCT COMBO)

A "three-product combination" consists of three chicken parts (e.g. drumsticks, thighs, and wings) or products (e.g. necks, gizzards, and livers) that are packaged together or packed in the same package or shipping container.

When placing an order, indicate in writing the product/part code for each product to be delivered, and include the product ratio (e.g. 2 drumsticks and 2 wings, per 1 thigh, or equal proportions (1:1:1) of necks, gizzards, and livers).

4003 FOUR-PRODUCT COMBINATIONS (4-PRODUCT COMBO)

A "four-product combination" consists of four chicken parts (e.g. breast, drumsticks, thighs, and wings) or products (e.g., necks, gizzards, livers, and hearts) that are packaged together or packed in the same package or shipping container.

When placing an order, indicate in writing the product/part code for each product to be delivered, and include the product ratio (e.g. equal proportions (1:1:1:1) of breasts, drumsticks, thighs, and wings).