

Codelist complete revision: the Brazilian experience

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Presentation Content

- DMRs validation: the traditional approach
- Why to do a complete revision?
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DMRs validation: the traditional approach

- Check for possible duplication with entries in the current codelist
- Confirm real existence and exact geographic location
- Establish function codes (port, airport, road terminal, ICD, etc.)
- Define a unique, mnemonic and harmonized code
- Frequent problem: cascading changes
- Limitation: validation done manually, one by one!

DMRs validation: the traditional approach

Codelist situation in 2015 (Release 2014/2): 2205 entries

Status	Al	RL	RQ	QQ	XX
Qty	326	427	1443	8	1

Work done since NFP nomination:

Release	New codes	Changed Entries	Deleted codes	Accepted DMRs	Release	New codes	Changed entries	Deleted codes	Accepted DMRs
2015/1	145	3		148	2018/2	12	29	202	243
2015/2	19	2	3	24	2019/1	1	2		3
2016/1	8	1	1	10	2019/2	11	21	15	47
2016/2	9	1	5	15	2020/1	4			4
2017/1	7	9	28	44	2020/2	26			26
2017/2	8	1	9	18	2021/1	16	10	2	28
2018/1	15	17	5	37	Total	281	96	270	647

Codelist situation in 2021 (Release 2021/1): 2217 entries

Status	AA	AC	Al	RL	RQ	XX
Qty	211	144	260	304	1296	2

Why to do a complete revision?

- Improve codelist data quality (<u>reliability</u>)
 - elimination of duplicities
 - deletion of codes assigned to non-existent locations
 - use of more mnemonic codes
 - correction of name spelling
 - setting up-to-date functions
 - setting correct geocoordinates
- Include ALL the 5570 Brazilian municipalities (completeness)
 - every municipality may be of interest for international trade purposes (e-commerce, parcels, ...)
 - complete UN/LOCODE coverage of the national territory

Important guidelines

- Golden rule: do not change the codes of major cities, ports and airports!
- Specific areas (such as an airport or port) within a larger location (such as a municipality) may have a specific code, different from the larger location, when duly justified
- <u>Harmonization implies choosing</u>: in case of code duplications or code conflicts between different databases (UN/LOCODE x IMO/Gisis x Customs systems), only one code will remain
- We are not building a codelist from scratch: deletion and code reusing are necessary in the harmonization process, especially considering that 1860 entries have never been validated by a NFP before

Methodology

- Based on:
 - usage of open data sources
 - automation of the validation/revision process
- Main steps:
 - 1. Clean and prepare the data
 - 2. Combine the data to create the complete list of Brazilian locations (the "Big Table")
 - 3. Compare the "Big Table" with the current Brazilian UN/LOCODE codelist to keep as many existing codes as possible
 - 4. Define codes for all remaining locations in the "Big Table"
 - 5. Compare the "Big Table" with the current codelist to create the DMRs needed to add, change or delete entries

Methodology – Open data sources

- Municipality names, subdivisions and geocoordinates
 - IBGE (Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics)
- Ports (functions 1 and 8)
 - ANTAQ (Waterborne Transport National Agency), IMO, ECLAC
- Roads and railroads terminals (functions 2 and 3)
 - ANTT (Terrestrial Transport National Agency)
- Airports (function 4)
 - ANAC (Civil Aviation National Agency), IATA
- International Mail Processing Centers (function 5)
 - UPU
- Internal Clearance Depots (function 6)
 - RFB (Brazilian Internal Revenue and Customs Secretariat)
- FPSOs (function 7)
 - ANP (Petroleum National Agency), Petrobrás

Methodology – Automation

- IT tools:
 - environment: Jupyter Notebook
 - development language: Python, with Pandas package
 - support software: MS Excel and MS Access
- Some highlights:
 - development of a <u>code generation algorithm</u>, responsible for creating approximately half of the codes (BR xxx)
 - 15 notebooks were developed
 - 21 intermediate data files were created
 - +- 100 hours of work

Outcomes

Codelist BEFORE complete revision (2021/1): 2217 entries

Status	AA	AC	Al	RL	RQ	XX
Qty	211	144	260	304	1296	2

Codelist AFTER complete revision (2021/2): 5730 entries

Status	AA	AC	Al	RL	RQ	XX
Qty	5597	34	-	-	-	99

Final adjustments (2022/1)

DMRs	add (+)	change ()	delete (x)	Total
Qty	6	120	4	130

Outcomes

- Revised Brazilian codelist → 5633 entries
 - ALL the 5570 municipalities
 - 23 major ports and airports with their own specific codes
 - 40 operating FPSOs

COMPLETE

- no need to add any other location (except for new FPSOs)
- any new port or airport can be added to the list by simply changing the function of the corresponding municipality

RELIABLE

- official names and geocoordinates for ALL locations
- up-to-date functions, based on open data available on the websites of the corresponding national agencies

Thank you!

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