



Interstate Statistical Committee of the Commonwealth of Independent States
CIS-Stat



“Statistical measurement of violence against women and girls: experience of the CIS countries”

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CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN is a global problem that transcends cultural, geographic, religious, social and economic boundaries.

The United Nations defines **violence against women** as *“any act of gender-based violence that results in, or is likely to result in, physical, sexual, or mental harm or suffering to women, including threats of such acts, coercion or arbitrary deprivation of liberty, whether occurring in public or in private life”*

“Declaration on the Elimination of Violence Against Women”
(Resolution 48/104 dated December 20, 1993)

The Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action adopted at the
Fourth World Conference on Women (September 1995)

Methodological manual for the EU survey on gender-based violence against women and other forms of inter-personal violence (2021)



DATA SOURCES ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN

- **Administrative**

Statistical data is provided by law enforcement agencies and healthcare organizations (Ministry of Internal Affairs, Prosecutor's Office, Ministry of Health, Supreme Court, etc.), as well as crisis centers and other specialized institutions to the CIS National Statistical via official statistical reporting forms.

KYRGYZSTAN

Statistical reporting form No. 1-KTs **“Report of an organization, crisis center, shelter, court of aksakals providing social services and assistance to the population”**

The official data on violence against women is scarce, as violence is usually not reported, especially in case of sexual offenses or family violence.

- **Surveys** (ad hoc; MICS)

Surveys provide the most accurate data on the form, frequency, limitation period, circumstances and causes of violence.



VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN AND GIRLS IN THE FOCUS OF SDGs

The entry into force of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development on January 1, 2016 once again made combating violence against women and girls a priority at the highest international level.

5 ГЕНДЕРНОЕ РАВЕНСТВО



Goal 5 of the 2030 Agenda: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls
Target 5.2 “Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation”

The national statistical offices of the CIS Member States have gained some experience in conducting sample surveys on violence, the findings of which are published in the annual compendium on the monitoring of SDG indicators in the CIS countries.



VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN AND GIRLS IN THE FOCUS OF SDGs

5.2.1: Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age, %

ARMENIA

	Subjected to violence by any partner (current or former), 2021							
	physical	%	sexual	%	physical and/or sexual	%	psychological	%
Всего	90	3.5	49	1.9	119	4.6	334	13.0
15-24	5	3.1	4	2.5	9	5.7	25	15.7
25-34	28	4.1	11	1.6	34	5.0	96	34.8
35-44	29	4.0	18	2.5	39	5.3	96	29.9
45-59	28	2.8	16	1.6	37	3.8	117	30.0

National Survey of Domestic Violence Against Women, 2021



VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN AND GIRLS IN THE FOCUS OF SDGs

BELARUS

Proxy indicator 5.2.1.1 Proportion of women subjected to domestic violence by husband/partner in any form (physical, psychological, economic or sexual), %

	total	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-34 years	35-39 years	40-44 years	45-49 years
2012	11.8	15.3	4.9	7.0	10.4	13.7	14.1	16.9

Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey on the Situation of Children and Women (MICS)

KAZAKHSTAN

Proxy indicator 5.2.1.1 Decrease in registered cases of domestic violence against women, %

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
-20.9	-26.8	-32.1	-46.4	-48.0

Statistical data from Form 1-M “On Registered Criminal Offenses”



VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN AND GIRLS IN THE FOCUS OF SDGs

	2015
Women aged 18-75 years	
<i>lifetime</i>	
physical violence	16.2
sexual violence	3.6
physical and/or sexual violence	16.5
<i>past 12 months</i>	
physical violence	4.5
sexual violence	1
physical and/or sexual violence	4.7
Women aged 18-49 year	
<i>lifetime</i>	
physical violence	16
sexual violence	3.9
physical and/or sexual violence	16.4
<i>past 12 months</i>	
physical violence	5.3
sexual violence	1.2
physical and/or sexual violence	5.6

Sample survey on violence against women

KAZAKHSTAN

Proxy indicator 5.2.1

Lifetime and current prevalence of physical and sexual intimate partner violence among ever-partnered women aged 18-75, by type of violence and by time period, %



VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN AND GIRLS IN THE FOCUS OF SDGs

KAZAKHSTAN

Proxy indicator 5.2.1.2 Decrease in registered cases of domestic violence against children, %

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
-22.7	-18.7	-19.0	-30.7	-20.0

Statistical data from Form 1-M “On Registered Criminal Offenses”

KYRGYZSTAN

Proxy indicator 5.2.1.1b Number of domestic violence victims, by sex, age group, education level and occupation, persons

	2010	2015	2020	2021
total	1789	3333	8254	9038
women	1659	3229	7891	8587

State statistical reporting form No. CM-CH-16 “Report on persons – victims of domestic violence”



VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN AND GIRLS IN THE FOCUS OF SDGs

KYRGYZSTAN

Proxy indicator 5.2.1.1a Number of women reporting domestic violence to healthcare institutions, persons

	2010	2015	2020	2021
Number of women who contacted the following institutions due to domestic violence :				
forensic medical units	1308	936	1713	1860
paramedic-midwifery units	68	12	1	1
healthcare organizations that provide health and preventive care	401	666	379	510
ambulance stations (units, hospitals)	414	485	180	178
Number of women treated for injuries resulting from domestic violence	445	1896	798	822

State reporting form No. 1 KTz “Report of an organization, crisis center, shelter, court of aksakals providing social services and assistance to the population”



VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN AND GIRLS IN THE FOCUS OF SDGs

MOLDOVA

5.2.1 Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age, %

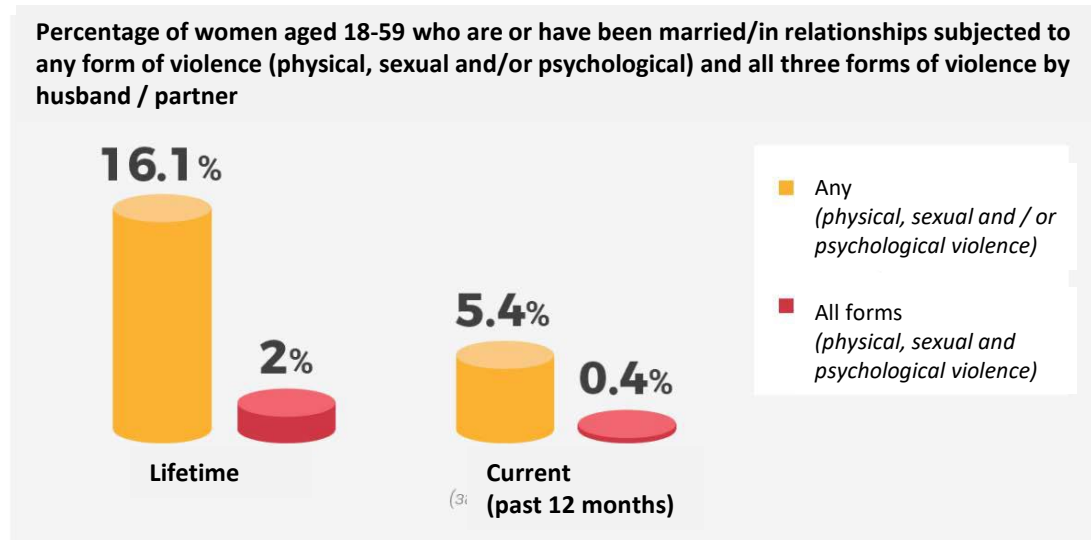
15-65 years	15-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-59 years	60-65 years
Physical violence						
8.9	18.7	11.1	5.8	9.5	2.6	8.6
Sexual violence						
4,1	1.8	8.6	4.1	2.5	2.2	1.3
Psychological violence						
25.7	33.3	32.4	22.7	24.3	20.2	21.1

Survey "Domestic Violence against Women", 2010



TURKMENISTAN

5.2.1 Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, %





5.2.2 Proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by age and place of occurrence, %

ARMENIA

	Subjected to violence by persons other than an intimate partner :			
	physical	%	sexual	%
Total	20	0.7	10	0.3
15-24	8	2.3
25-34	3	0.4
35-44	6	0.8
45-59	3	0.3



VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN AND GIRLS IN THE FOCUS OF SDGs

BELARUS

Proxy indicator 5.2.2.1 Proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence in the previous 12 months (%)

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
0.005	0.005	0.006	0.008	0.006	0.005

KAZAKHSTAN

Proxy indicator 5.2.2 Proportion of women aged 18-75 (18-49) subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner in the past 12 months, by age, %

Type of violence	2015
Physical violence	2,9
Non-partner rape	0,7
Attempted rape or other sexual violence	1,2
Any sexual violence	1,5

Sample Survey on Violence against Women



EXPERIENCE OF CIS NATIONAL STATISTICAL OFFICES IN CONDUCTING SURVEYS ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN AND GIRLS

On November 1, 2022, the CIS Statistical Committee held a **meeting by videoconference for specialists from the national statistical offices of the CIS Member States**, attended by UNFPA and UNECE representatives and international experts, on the **statistical study of violence against women and children**. This event primarily aimed to provide an opportunity for CIS NSO specialists to share their experience and lessons learned from the conducted surveys. The materials of the meeting are posted on the CIS-Stat's official website <http://new.cisstat.org/ru/web/guest/592>

ARMENIA

National Survey on Domestic Violence Against Women conducted in **2021**



KAZAKHSTAN

Sample Survey on Violence Against Women, 2016



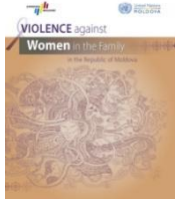
In **2023** Kazakhstan plans to implement a survey on domestic violence using the statistical form for national and statistical observations “Women’s Safety and Life Experiences”



EXPERIENCE OF NATIONAL STATISTICAL OFFICES IN THE CIS IN CONDUCTING SURVEYS ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN AND GIRLS

MOLDOVA

In order to gain knowledge in the field of violence against women, the National Bureau of Statistics conducted the first-ever survey “**Domestic Violence against Women**” in 2010



TURKMENISTAN

The national sample survey “**Health and Status of a Woman in the Family**” was conducted in **2021**

The surveys used the methodological approaches and tools developed by the WHO for the multi-country study on women’s health and violence



EXPERIENCE OF NATIONAL STATISTICAL OFFICES IN THE CIS IN CONDUCTING SURVEYS ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN AND GIRLS

Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (MICS) began in 1995. By 2022, they had been conducted 349 times in 118 countries. The surveys collect statistical indicators on the health of women of reproductive age, mothers and children, children's rights, enrollment rates and physical development.



AZERBAIJAN

Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) to be conducted in May-June 2023

KAZAKHSTAN

Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) (2010/2011)



UZBEKISTAN

Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) (2021/2022)

BELARUS

Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey on the Situation of Children and Women (MICS) (2012; 2019)



KYRGYZSTAN

MICS surveys (2006, 2014, 2018)



TAJIKISTAN

“Situation of Children and Women in Tajikistan” (MICS) (2000; 2005)



KEY PROBLEMS AND CHALLENGES

Key problems

- Data is not always disaggregated
- Significant data release gap
- Data is often not publicly available
- Additional material and financial costs associated with surveys

To achieve a lasting change in the situation of violence against women and girls, it is IMPORTANT to:

- Draw attention to the problem of violence against women and girls at the government level in order to adopt decisions aimed at preventing acts of violence, as well as providing assistance to victims of violence, conducting information and educational activities on the prevention of violence against women and girls, particularly for law enforcement officers, health care workers, psychologists and social workers who provide assistance to women in crisis situations;
- Carry out constant monitoring of statistical information on violence against women and girls with the publication of all necessary conclusions, comments and recommendations;
- Conduct MICS surveys, demographic and health surveys, and include the topics of violence against women and girls in other surveys at the national level;
- Collect disaggregated data on violence.



Thank you!

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