



Environmental Statistics in Georgia Challenges and Expectation of Sector review



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General Overview





Organizations in charge of environmental monitoring and assessment system in Georgia:

- Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture of Georgia MEPA
- National Statistics Office of Georgia GEOSTAT

Agencies involved in environmental data collection and processing:

- ✓ LEPL Agency of Protected Areas
- ✓ LEPL Forestry Agency of Adjara
- ✓ LEPL National Forestry Agency
- Department of Environmental Supervision \checkmark
- ✓ National Environmental Agency
- Institute of Geography \checkmark





Data Sources

Data Sources:

- Surveys Geostat
- > Administrative and Monitoring Data Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (MEPA) and respective agencies





• GDP (National Accounts Department)





Data on GHG and Air Pollutant Emissions, Water Resources (Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture)

Data on Air, Water and Soil Quality (National Environmental Agency, National Food Agency)

Data on Forest Resources and its Protection (National Forestry Agency, Forestry Agency of Adjara)

Data on Natural Hazards, Water Abstraction and Discharge (National Environmental Agency)

Data Collection Tools in MEPA





Surface Water Quality Monitoring Points (231)





emoe.gov.ge

Electronic Air Pollution Reporting Module from Point sources

Water Use State Accounting Online Module

Sawmills Management Module



Waste Electronic Reporting System wms.mepa.gov.ge





Groundwater Monitoring Points (68)







Environmental Statistics Disseminated by Geostat

Land resources

- Land cover
- Agricultural and non-agricultural land operated by agricultural holdings

Forest resources and their protection

- Forest area
- Forest fire and restoration
- Illegal and legal timber logging
- Export and import of non-processed timber

Protected areas

- Structure of protected areas
- Number of preserved animal and bird species
- Expenses on maintenance of protected areas and number of employees

Water Resources

• Main rivers, lakes and reservoirs

- collection

Ambient air protection

- from stationary sources
- Exhaust emissions from road transport

Natural hazards

phenomena



• Main indicators for water supply industry and wastewater

• Main indicators for protection and use of water resources

• Generated, decontaminated and emitted hazardous substances

• Number of hydro meteorological events and geological







UNECE Environmental Indicators



A-1. Emissions of pollutants into the atmospheric air	G-1. Final energ
A-2. Ambient air quality in urban areas	G-2.Total prima
A-3. Consumption of ozone-depleting substances	G-3. Energy inte
B-3. Greenhouse gas emissions	G-4. Renewable
C-4. Household water use per capita	H-1. Passenger t
C-5. Water supply industry and population connected to water supply industry	H-2. Freight tran
C-7. Water losses	H-3. Compositio
C-14. Population connected to wastewater treatment	H-4. Age of road
F-2. Fertilizer consumption	

F-4. Pesticide consumption

— Methodology – definitions and terms:

- UNECE environmental indicators
- UNSD/UNEP Questionnaire on Environment Statistics

gy consumption ary energy supply ensity e energy supply transport demand ansport demand on of road motor vehicle fleet by fuel type d motor vehicle fleet



Data Dissemination Formats in Geostat





✓ Annual statistical publication "Natural Resources of Georgia and Environmental Protection" https://www.geostat.ge/en/single-categories/109/environment

✓ Statistical Yearbook of Georgia: Section: Natural Resources and Environmental Protection https://www.geostat.ge/en/single-categories/95/statistical-yearbook

✓ Environment section at Geostat website: Charts and tables https://www.geostat.ge/en/modules/categories/73/environment-statistics



✓ Regional statistical portal of Geostat https://www.geostat.ge/regions/#

Regional statistics section https://www.geostat.ge/en/modules/categories/93/regional-statistics

✓ Separate section for UNECE environmental indicators at Geostat website: https://www.geostat.ge/en/modules/categories/565/environmental-indicators



✓ Android and IOS applications https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=com.geostatappge



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Crime Statist	tics		~
Agricultural	Statistics		~
S Environment	t Statistics		~
Volume of Felled Timber (cubic metre)			
Ambient Air Pollution (thousand tons)			
Protected Are	eas (ha)		
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Data Dissemination Tools in MEPA





Ambient Air Quality Portal – <u>air.gov.ge</u>



Monthly Bulletins and Yearbooks - <u>Nea.gov.ge</u>



Map of emissions of pollutants into the ambient air from stationary sources - Map.emoe.gov.ge



State of Environment Report mepa.gov.ge Informative Inventory Report at ceip.at

Information Hydrogeological Report







Water Information System of Georgia Wis.mepa.gov.ge



Forest and Land-Use Atlas of Georgia atlas.mepa.gov.ge



Gaps and Challenges



- **Data Collection and Availability**
 - Geostat faced issues related to the availability and quality of environmental data. Some data are not be regularly • collected or incompleted
 - The main challenge is to establish comprehensive and accurate data collection mechanisms for various environmental parameters
- Lack of disaggregated administrative and survey data
- **Data Integration and Management**
 - Environmental data is scattered across various agencies and institutions, the main challenge is to integrate data from different sources and ensure its consistency and reliability.
- **Capacity Building**
 - A need for training and capacity building among Geostat, government agencies and institutions responsible for collecting and managing environmental data (including for the introduction of SEEA modules)
 - The main challenge is to enhance the methodological knowledge of personnel involved in environmental statistics













Gaps and Challenges





- **Funding and Resources** •
 - Limited financial and human resources can interfere the development and maintenance of environmental statistics systems
 - The main challenge is securing adequate funding and resources for environmental statistics initiatives
- **Data Quality and Validation**
 - The challenge to ensure the accuracy and validity of environmental data
- Data Dissemination and Accessibility •
 - The main challenge is to enhance data dissemination and accessibility













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Gaps and Challenges by Sector



Air

• Insufficient air quality monitoring stations; Absence of air quality modeling and forecasting system. Lack of established procedures for air quality data verification and validation; Lack of baseline data on stoves in households and burning agricultural residue and other waste; lack of baseline data on transport to use COPERT for the estimation of air emissions; Lack of aggregated data on construction sector;

Water

• The introduction of a water classification system in accordance with the EU Water Framework Directive is an upcoming challenge.

Soil

• Outdated quality standards for soil. Absence of modern methodology for soil pollution monitoring and assessment.

Biodiversity

- Absence of legal framework for biodiversity monitoring. Lack of human and financial resources to conduct monitoring.
- One of the challenges the Forest sector is facing is a lack of modern technologies and integrated electronic system for sustainable forest management

Waste

• Incomplete waste management electronic system that complicates aggregation of reported data on waste (including hazardous) generation, transportation, recycling, and disposal.









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Support Needs from International Organizations



- Conduct Sector review in the field of environment statistics Ο
- Financial support and TA to establish comprehensive data collection system Ο
- Technical Assistance to develop additional waste, water, physical energy flow, and air emission statistics Ο indicators
- Capacity building for the introduction of SEEA air emissions and energy accounts Ο



Sector Review Expectations and Plans for Future Development





- **Reviewing and discussing data gaps**
- Prioritizing non-produced indicators
- Improved coverage, accuracy, and timeliness of environmental data collection. This includes establishing monitoring systems and data-sharing agreements
- Development of centralized databases and data management systems that facilitate easy access and sharing of environmental information
- □ Assessing and looking for new data sources







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Sector Review Expectations and Plans for Future Development





- Implementation of training programs and the development of a skilled workforce capable of producing high-quality environmental statistics.
- Increased budget allocation for environmental data collection and analysis, as well as seeking external funding sources if necessary
- The implementation of rigorous data validation protocols and regular audits to improve data quality
- □ The development of user-friendly platforms (portals) and tools for accessing environmental statistics.















THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

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Reliable Data for Right Decisions!

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