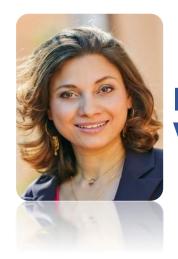


41st UN/CEFACT FORUM

2-5 OCTOBER 2023 | BANGKOK | THAILAND

41st UN/CEFACT Forum - Bangkok

From Documents to Data in Trade: Accelerating Adoption and Fostering Digital and Green Transformations



Dr. Hanane BECHA Vice Chair, Transport & Logistics



About UN/CEFACT

Objectives

- Simple, transparent and effective processes for global business
- Efficient and automated exchange of information
- Targeted support to SDGs 8, 12, and 17

Key tools

- 50 global trade facilitation recommendations
- 950 e-Business standards and guidelines

Means

- Public-Private Partnership
- Over 1500 volunteer experts working on 39 active projects
- Bi-annual Forums and annual Plenary sessions
- Regular Bureau calls



UN UN/ECOSOC

UNECE

EXCOM

UN/CEFACT



Partnerships and Collaboration





























EU DG-MOVE DG-TAXUD DG-MARE DG-DEVCO DG-DIGIT ... ISO
IEC
ITU
WTO
ITC
IATA
ICC
WCO
OECD

DCSA
IPCSA
PROTECT
FIATA
SMDG



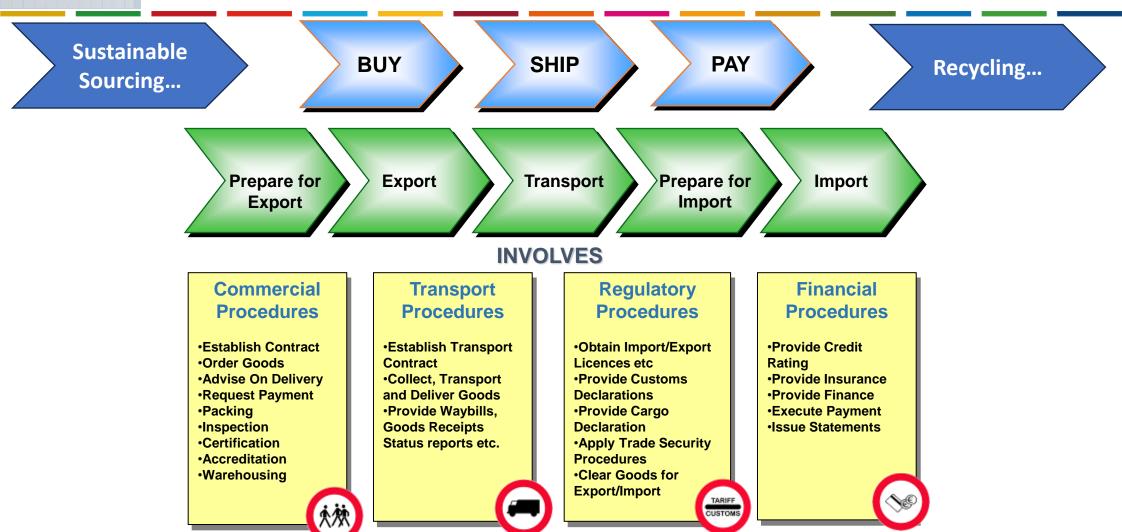
Global Supply Chain Holistic Multimodal links



- Most dematerialization projects are only looking at one sectoral view
 - The international supply chain is very complex
 - Almost all sectoral views are just one part of a global supply chain
- A holistic view and approach are needed
 - Information will not be related purely to goods or purely to transport or purely to regulatory
 - There are clear links between the information in each part of the global supply chain
- UN/CEFACT deliverables all take this holistic approach
 - Cross Industry
 - MultiModal
 - Cross-border Agencies



UN/CEFACT International Supply Chain Processes





What does UN/CEFACT have to offer?

Business Standards

- Process Models (Business Requirement Specification, BRS)
- Reference Data Models (RDMs)
- Semantic Libraries (UNTDED, Core Component Library (CCL), UN/XML, UN/JSON)

Trade Facilitation Recommendations (Harmonized Code Lists, etc)

Technical Specifications



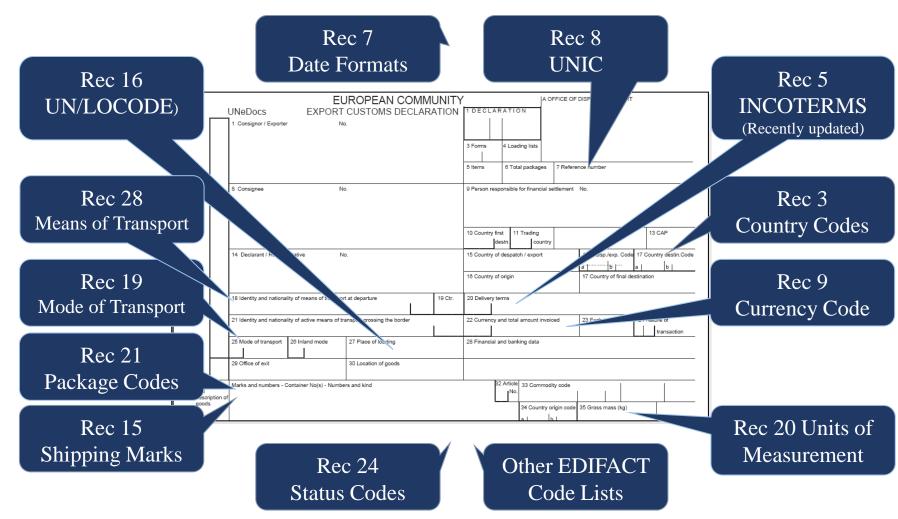
UN/CEFACT tools to support Digitalization

- Recommendation 14
 on authentication of trade documents
- Recommendation 31

 n Electronic
 Commerce

 Agreement
- Recommendation 36
 on Single Window

 Interoperability





UN/CEFACT Core Component Library



Messages

Code lists

Business artefacts

Core components

Key:

ABIE - Aggregate Business

Information Entities

ACC - Aggregate Core Component

qDT – Qualified DataType

Business Information Entities (BIEs)

Reuses of Object Class Library in different business Contexts

(D23A ~ 1350 BIEs)

Semantic Foundation - Core Component (CCs)

Object Class Library

(D23A ~ 650 CCs)

Over 130 Buy Ship Pay data exchange structures (e.g., eBL)



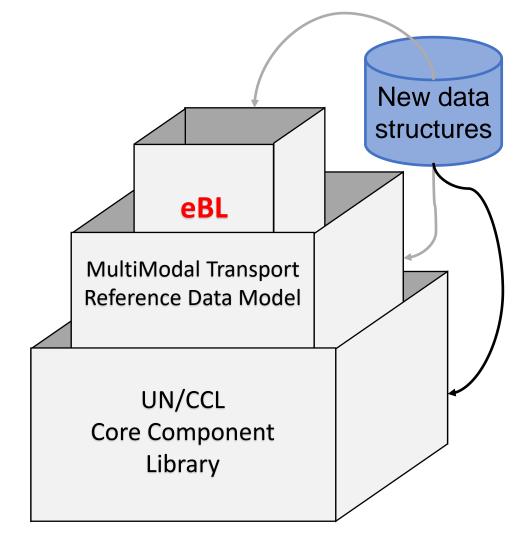
How CCL growth is managed

Library Maintenance Team responsible for

Cross-Domain
 Harmonisation

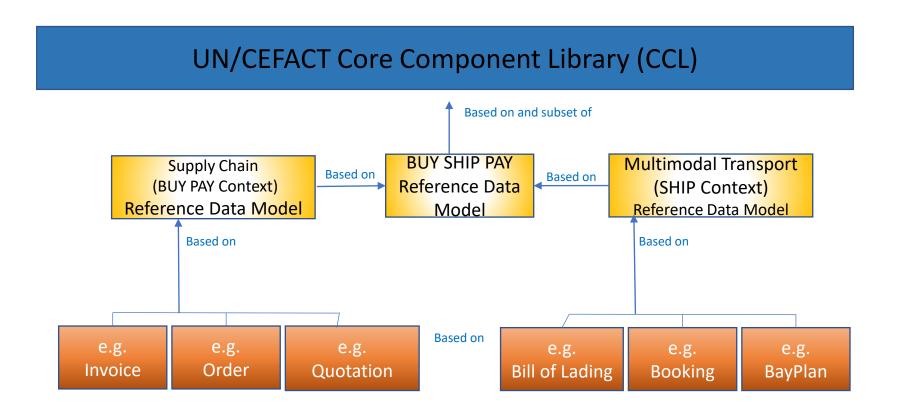
Project Teams responsible for

 Contextualised RDM development, CCL submissions and customised data exchange structures





Building semantic models using a common library





UN/CEFACT - Reference Data Model – Contextualization of models

Buy Ship Pay (BSP RDM)

- > · · C · Transport Temperature Setting *
- C Transport Waste Component
- C Transport Waste Material
- C Transport Cargo Insurance *
- C Transport Cargo *
- C Transport Dangerous Goods *
- C Transport Event *
- > C Transport Instructions *
- C Transport Person *
- C Transport Route *
- > C Transport Service *
- Z Travel Product Feature **
- Z Travel Product Intermediary Sale **
- Z Travel Product Note **
- Z Travel Product Period **

Transport (MMT RDM) Supply Chain (SCRDM)

• • • • • •

.

- C Transport Temperature Setting *
- > C Transport Waste Component *
- C Transport Waste Material *
- C Transport Cargo Insurance *
- C Transport Cargo *
- C Transport Dangerous Goods *
- C Transport Event *
- C Transport Instructions *
- C Transport Person *
- C Transport Route *
- C Transport Service *
- > X Travel Product Feature **
- > X Travel Product Intermediary Sale *
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.....

- C Transport Temperature Setting **
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- Z Transport Instructions **
- > Z Transport Person **
- Z Transport Route **
- Z Transport Service **
- > X Travel Product Feature **
- > X Travel Product Intermediary Sale **
- > X Travel Product Note **
- > X Travel Product Period **

....



UN/CEFACT - Reference Data Model – Contextualization of messages

BSP

Buy Ship Pay Master

- C Exchanged Document Context
- C Exchanged Document
- C Exchanged Declaration
- C Logistics Transport Movement
- C Supply Chain Consignment
- C Logistics Transport Equipment
- C Transport Service
- C Trade Settlement Payment
- C Supply Chain Trade Transaction
- C Valuation Breakdown Statement

MMT

Multi Modal Transport Master **

- C Exchanged Document Context
- C Exchanged Document *
- C Exchanged Declaration
- C Logistics Transport Movement *
- C Supply Chain Consignment
- C Logistics Transport Equipment
- C Transport Service
- Trade Settlement Payment **
- Supply Chain Trade Transaction **
- Valuation Breakdown Statement **

SCRDM

SCRDM CCBDA Master Message Structure **

- C Exchanged Document Context
- C Exchanged Document
- Exchanged Declaration **
- Logistics Transport Movement **
- Supply Chain Consignment **
- C Logistics Transport Equipment **
- Transport Service **
- C Trade Settlement Payment *
- C Supply Chain Trade Transaction *
- C Valuation Breakdown Statement *

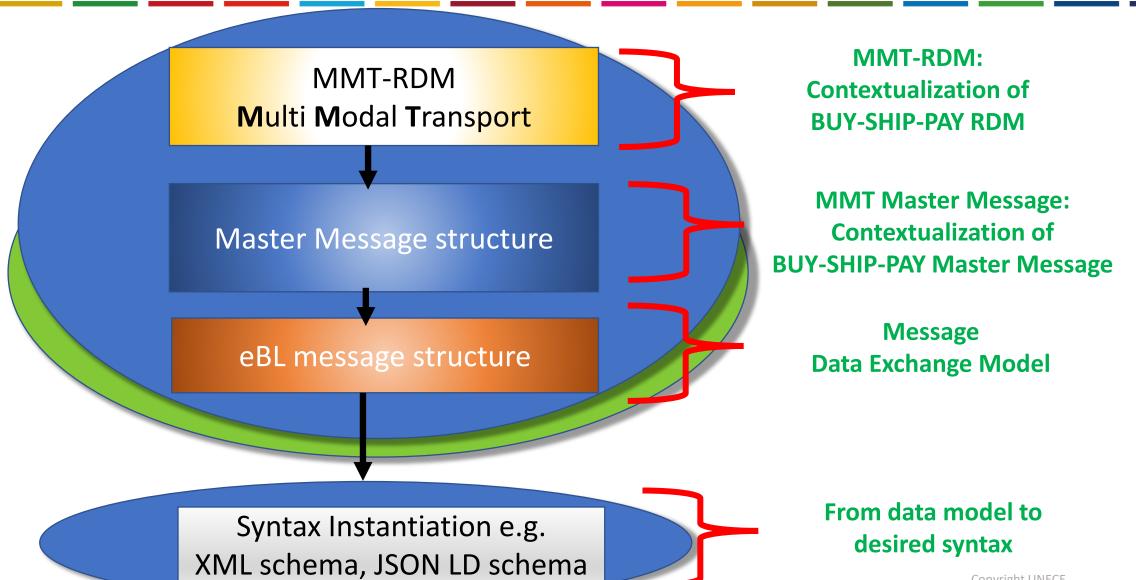


Customized subsets
e.g., Select the needed data
elements for eBL





UN/CEFACT - Reference Data Model – from MMT-RDM towards eBL





UN/CEFACT – Benefits of the Reference Data Models

RDM provides a consolidated list of standardized data and processes for use in a particular business domain, which are globally understandable and exchangeable between parties using common standard data exchange structures

This enables having

- 1. The simplification and harmonization of trade data
- 2. The interoperability of data across the supply chain
- 3. Common basis for implementing chosen data exchange syntax(es)
- 4. Reduction of administrative burden by efficient reuse of data shared within the BUY SHIP PAY domain model
- 5. Standard data exchange structure requirements, which can contribute significantly to reducing the time and costs of international trade transactions
- → RDM is a key tool in the development of modern Information exchange standards



UN/CEFACT Buy/Ship/Pay Data Exchange structures for Trade Finance Facilitation

- Trade Finance a set of techniques or financial instruments used to mitigate the risks inherent in international trade to ensure payment to exporters while assuring the delivery of goods and services to importers
- Trade finance lies at the heart of the complex global trade value chains
- The stakeholders are constantly exchanging documents (in paper format) representing and describing the underlying commercial transaction
- The United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) estimates that five billion trade documents are exchanged annually worldwide
- Trade finance business appears today complex, archaic and very poorly automated, as it is dominated by the exchange of paper documents

IMPORTER Date of invoice Date of shipment Date of delivery Date of settlement Date of Bill of Lading/Airway Bill Date of Issue-letter of Credit EXPORTER Latest Date of Shipment under L/C Expiry Date of L/C Location for L/C Presentment Period for Presentation of docs L/C Sequence of Total Ref No. Sending/Applicant Bank Receiving/Advising Bank IMPORTER'S BANK Importer/Buyer/L/C Applicant BILL OF Exporter/Seller/L/C Beneficiary EXCHANGE Address of Importer/Buyer - Address of Exporter/Seller Currency Code & Amount of L/C EXPORTER'S Maximum Credit Amount Additional Amounts Covered Bank where credit is available Tenor of Drafts (from B/L date) Drawee of Drafts (Bank) COMMERCIAL Documents Required Additional Conditions of L/C Charges w Currency Code & Amoun L/C Confirmation Instructions Reimbursing/Correspondent Bk Instructions to Paving/Accepting Bi Invoice amount Invoice number INSURER - Account information Letter of Credit number Form of Documentary Credit Applicable L/C Rules (e.g. UCP) Reference to Pre-Advise L/C Commercial Invoices number Insurance policy number INSURANCE Bill of Lading number POLICY Certificate of Origin reference number SKUlnumber Design name Description of goods and/or services Guantity Colour BILLS OF LADING Unit price Gross weight Net weight Measurement Number of packages DOCUMENT Packing type Means of transport and route OF ORIGIN - Carrier/Shippe Ocean vessel Voyage number Port of loading/Airport of Departure SHIPPER Port of discharge/Airport of Destination - Origin criterion Final destination Partial Shipment Allowed/Not Allowed WEIGHT/ Tarns Shipment Allowed/Not Allowed PACKING LIST Insurance provider Coverages Credit Limit Effective date PAYMENT Expiration date L/C Authorization Export Rep to Sign BOE Export Rep to Sign Commercial Invoice DOCUMENT Validated Certificate of Insurance Validate Cert of Origin Agent Initial on BOL CORRESPONDENT Source: BCG Analysis

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UN/CEFACT Buy/Ship/Pay Data Exchange structures for Trade Finance Facilitation

Project Purpose In order to support the implementation of MLETR for title transfer, this project will develop data exchange structures as subsets of the Buy/Ship/Pay Reference Data Model (BSP RDM) to support key trade finance data exchanges as part of the UNECE "digital and green transformations for sustainable development in the ECE region" strategy.

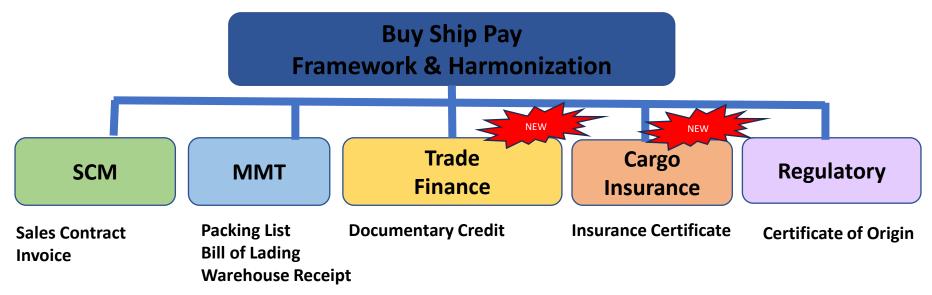
Project Deliverables

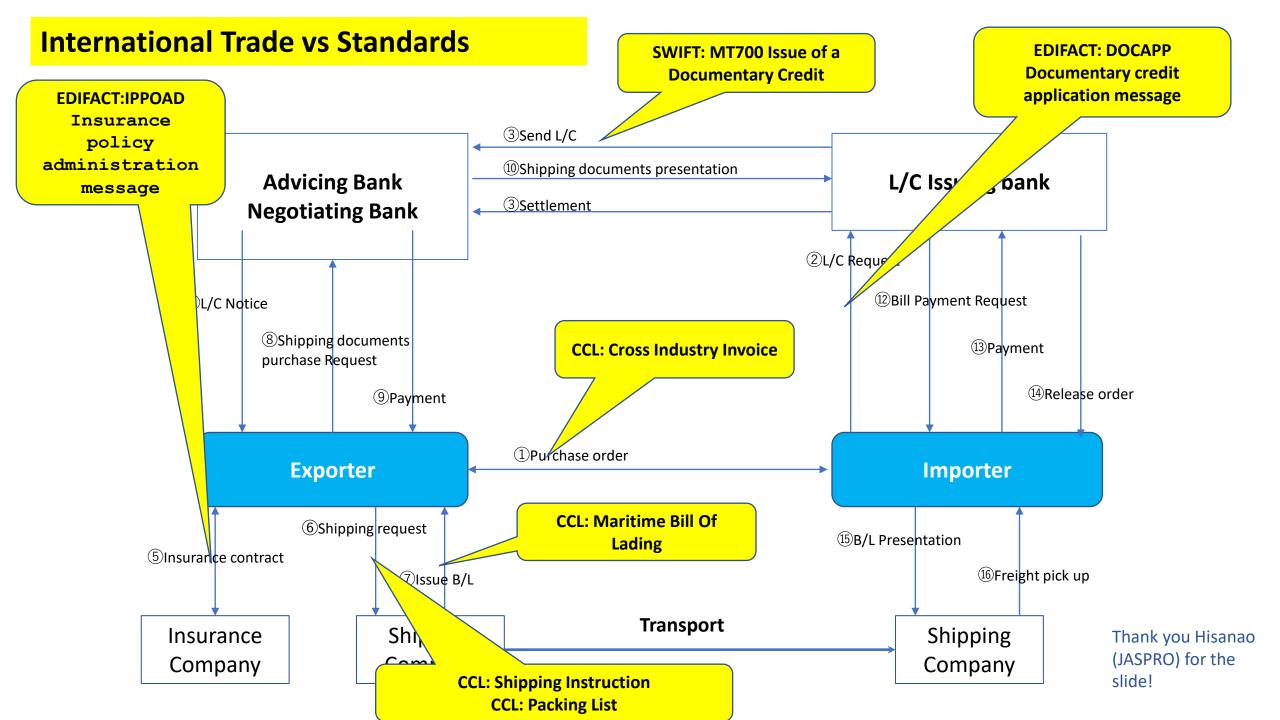
- > BRS and eBusiness Standard for Document Credit Advice
- > BRS and eBusiness Standard for Non-Preferential Certificate of Origin
- > BRS and eBusiness Standard for Maritime Cargo Insurance Certificate
- > BRS, implementation guideline and CCBDA subset for Warehouse Receipt
- > CCBDA Implementation guideline for Trade Finance Subset for Invoice
- > CCBDA Implementation guideline for Trade Finance Subset for Packing List
- > Trade Finance White Paper



Requirements of the UN/CEFACT Buy/Ship/Pay Data Exchange structures for Trade Finance Facilitation

- Based on the Reference Data Models under the BSP-RDM.
- Global Requirements will be addressed
- The scope of the project covers the trade processes from the sales contract to the settlement and the payment.
- Collaborate with relevant organizations, including
 - TC68 (ISO20022 Team) to specify the electronic messages in the trade finance.
 - ICC, DCSA, FIATA, and BIMCO







For further Information

All UNECE and UN/CEFACT Recommendations, codes, standards and publications are available for free on our website at:

www.unece.org/cefact/

All experts are welcome to join the standards development work free of charge

UN/CEFACT Secretariat

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Thank you!

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