The future of the forestry and wood-based industries sector in the transition to a sustainable bioeconomy

Wood construction

UNCEC/FAO Forestry and Timber Section

UNCEC/FAO National Forest Policy Dialogue Mechanism

Kastamonu, Türkiye 21-23 September 2023
Wood flow (example Austria)

Content

• This is *not* a presentation on wood construction technology

• It is about *how to gain broad support* and desire to build with wood
Two important rules

1. Talk about carbon and low carbon construction

2. Go beyond the “forest and wood community” - to those who are key for low carbon material
   - Consumer – and their children
   - Public entities (communes, schools, ministries)
   - Universities (structural engineers, architects)
Carbon and low carbon construction

Globally, cement and steel used in buildings emitted 2.2 GtCO$_2$-eq, more than twice the amount that was reported for aviation (1.04 GtCO$_2$- eq) in 2018.

Over the period 1990-2019, global CO$_2$ emissions from buildings increased by 50% (IPCC 2021).
Wood - climate-neutral or climate-negative
Wood - climate-neutral or climate-negative building material

Bio-based materials with embodied carbon can store more carbon than they require to produce!
Cities can actually achieve net-zero emissions. But this can only happen if emissions are reduced within and outside of their administrative boundaries through supply chains, which will have beneficial cascading effects across other sectors (IPCC 2021).
Cities as carbon sponge

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Facts are facts but *perception is reality*

Wood for construction *if not used properly* can

1. Destroy forests
2. Burn easily
3. Rots and doesn’t last long
4. Breaks
5. Costs much more

**Urgent need for COMMUNICATION**
The future of sustainable building is also one of the oldest construction materials around: wood.

In this episode of “The UN Forest Podcast”, Ms. Nyasha Harper-Michon, architect and activist, “archtivist”, and Ms. Sandra Frank, co-founder of Arvet, discuss the advantages of low-carbon, wood construction.
Global CO2 emissions could be reduced by up to 31% if builders used wood instead of steel and concrete.

This would reduce global fossil fuel consumption by 12 to 19%.
Promoting sustainable building materials and the implications on the use of wood in buildings

A review of leading public policies in Europe and North America
**Opening and welcome remarks by Ms. Paola Deda,**
Director, UNECE Forest Land and Housing Division

**Keynote speeches**

**Mr. Uwe KIES**  
Secretary General  
InnovaWood Secretariat

**Mr. Kit ENGLAND**  
Green Economy Manager  
Glasgow City Council

“The New European Bauhaus – a creative and transdisciplinary movement in the making!”  
“Moving from systems thinking to systems action”

**Q & A**

**Panelists**

**Ms. Sandra Frank**  
Co-founder and Executive Vice President  
Marketing & Global movement  
ARVET

**Mr. Erik KELHOUT**  
Product Manager Mortgages  
Triodos Bank

“Hands-on experiences to accelerate low-carbon construction in cities”  
“Money can change the world for the better”
Vision - future of wood construction

- Broad acceptance of wooden buildings – mainly medium height 5-6 floors
- Building with wood will become more affordable
- Techniques applied will depend on local requirements and resources
- Mixed materials instead of “pure-wood” – especially in high rise buildings
- Share of prefabrication will increase (industry 4.0)
- Re-use, repurposing and recycling will increase
- Clever modular building will develop further enable reusability
- Cities will become the “second forest”
Industry 4.0 – a practical example

1 week + 6 worker = 1 floor
Thank you!

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