Questionnaire for the report of CYPRUS on the implementation of the Protocol on Strategic Environmental Assessment in the period 2019–2021

Information on the focal point for the Protocol

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Part one Current legal and administrative framework for the implementation of the Protocol

In this part, please describe the legal, administrative and other measures taken in your country to implement the provisions of the Protocol. This part should describe the framework for your country's implementation, and not its experience in the application of, the Protocol.

Please do not reproduce the text of the legislation itself but summarize and explicitly refer to the relevant provisions transposing the text of the Protocol (for example, Strategic Environmental Assessment Law of the Republic of ..., article 5 (3) of Government Resolution No. ..., para. ... item...)

Article 3 General provisions

I.3. According to article 3 (1) of the Protocol: "Each Party shall take the necessary legislative, regulatory and other appropriate measures to implement the provisions of this Protocol within a clear, transparent framework." Please provide the main legislative, regulatory and other measures your country has adopted to implement the Protocol (art. 3, (1)) (more than one option may apply):

(a) Law on strategic environmental assessment (please provide exact title/reference number/year/access link, if any): Law on the Assessment of Impact on the Environment from Certain Plans and/or Programmes (No.102(I)/2005)

(b) Strategic environmental assessment provisions are transposed into another law/other laws (please specify, providing title/reference number/year/access link, if any): As above

(c) Regulation (please indicate title/reference number/year/access link, if any): N/A

(d) Administrative rule (please indicate title/reference number/year/access link, if any): N/A

(e) Other (please specify):

Please explain:

Article 4 Field of application concerning plans and programmes

I.4.1 Which plans and programmes referred to in article 4 (2)–(4) of the Protocol are set out in your country's legislation?

An SEA is carried out for all plans and programmes which are prepared for agriculture, forestry, fisheries, energy, industry, transport, waste management, water management, telecommunications, tourism, town and country planning or land use and which set the framework for future development consent of projects listed in Annexes I and II to Directive 2011/92/EU

List the types of plans and programmes that require strategic environmental assessment in your country's legislation and provide references to the relevant legislation:

<u>2019</u>

1) Environmental Assessment of the area plan for the area of oil and gas storage facilities in the Livadia area of the Larnaca district

- 2) Akama National Forest Park Sustainable Development Plan
- 3) Action Plan of the technical committee for environmental restoration of abandoned mines
- 4) Environmental Assessment for Water Management and Dehydration Coping
- 5) Amendment of the Town Planning Zones of the Political Declaration communities of Menikou, Orounta, Kato Moni, Agioi Iliofoti of the Nicosia district
- 6) Environmental Assessment for the Limassol Sustainable Urban Mobility Plan
- 7) Amendment of Operational Program "Competitiveness and Sustainable Development 2014-2020"
- 8) Environmental Assessment of the Local Plan of the Free District of Famagusta
- 9) Environmental Assessment on the National Energy and Climate Plan for the period 2021-2030.
- 10) Procedure for reviewing the Local Plan of Athienou after the annulment of the Approved Local Plan of Athienou (2012) by the Administrative Court

<u>2020</u>

- 1) Environmental Assessment to promote policy design for the regulation and control of development and environmental protection on British Sovereign Bases.
- 2) Environmental Assessment for the Sustainable Development of Akama National Forest Park.
- 3) Environmental Assessment for the Sustainable Urban Mobility Plan of Larnaca
- 4) Local Plan review process for the South of Nicosia Area after the cancellation of the Approved Local Plan for the South of Nicosia Area (2015) by the Administrative Court.
- 5) Environmental Assessment for the Cyprus Abandoned Mines Action Plan
- 6) Approved Local Plan of Tseri community(2015) Review and Publication
- 7) Environmental Assessment for the improvement and protection of the coastline from Cape Kiti to the Larnaca airport area

<u>2021</u>

- 1) Review of approved local plan of Golden Bay (2015)
- 2) Evaluation of the objections against the published local plan of Paphos (2019) review and recommendations of the Committee for the Study of Objections
- 3) Environmental Assessment of the Akama Local Plan under preparation.
- 4) Environmental Assessment for the National Strategy for the Development of Troodos Mountain Communities
- 5) Environmental Assessment for the THALEIA Operational Program 2021-2027

- 6) Environmental Assessment for the protection and improvement of the coastal front from Neo Chorio (Pafos) to Pachyammos.
- 7) Environmental Assessment in relation to the siting of projects that utilize Renewable Energy Sources (RES) in the Power Generation sector
- 8) Environmental Assessment of the Limassol center area plan under modification
- 9) Environmental Assessment for the protection and improvement of the "Pandahou-Fresh Water" coastal area in Ayia Napa
- 10) Environmental Assessment for the Maritime, Fisheries and Aquaculture Operational Program 2021-2027 co-financed by the European Maritime, Fisheries and Aquaculture Fund 2021-2027
- 11) Environmental Assessment for the protection and improvement of the beach front in the area of Askos, which falls within the boundaries of the Municipality of Peyia

Plans and programmes prepared for:

Agriculture Forestry $\sqrt{}$ Fisheries $\sqrt{}$ Energy $\sqrt{}$ Industry including mining $\sqrt{}$ Transport $\sqrt{}$ Regional development $\sqrt{}$ Waste management Water management $\sqrt{}$ Telecommunications Tourism $\sqrt{}$ Town and country planning $\sqrt{}$ Land use $\sqrt{}$ Other (including those falling under article 4 (3)–(4)), please list Please explain: **I.4.2.** Explain how you define whether a plan or programme "set the framework for future development consent" (art. 4 (2)): This refers to the framework for future development consent, as legislatively defined by the Law on the Assessment of the Environmental Impacts of certain Projects (No. 127(I)/2018). Annexes I and II of the aforementioned law, describe in detail all projects requiring an Environmental Impact Assessment and require future development consent.

I.4.3. Explain how the term "plans and programmes ... which determine the use of small areas at local level" (art. 4 (4)) is interpreted in your country's legislation: Interpretation is on case-by-case basis, depending on the plan or programme, ensuring that it is located in a small area at a local level.

I.4.4. Explain how you identify in your legislation a "minor modification" to a plan or programme (art. 4 (4)): On a case-by-case basis, judging whether the modification is minor, as far as its importance, urgency and extent are concerned.

Article 5 Screening

I.5.1 According to article 5 (1): "Each Party shall determine whether plans and programmes referred to in article 4, paragraphs 3 and 4, are likely to have significant environmental, including health, effects either through a case-by-case examination or by specifying types of plans and programmes or by combining both approaches."

How do you determine which plans and programmes referred to in article 4 (3)–(4) should be subject to a strategic environmental assessment? Please specify:

- (a) On a case-by-case basis $\sqrt{}$
- (b) By specifying types of plans and programmes
- (c) By using a combination of (a) and (b) above \Box
- (d) Other (please specify):

Please explain:

I.5.2. According to article 5 (2), each Party shall ensure that the environmental and health authorities are consulted during screening.

Please explain whether your legislation provides for consultation with environmental and health authorities at the screening stage and, if so, how.

- (a) On a case-by-case basis: $\sqrt{}$
- (b) As defined in the national legislation:
- (c) Other (please specify)

Please explain:

I.5.3. According to article 5 (3): "To the extent appropriate, each Party shall endeavour to provide opportunities for the participation of the public concerned in the screening of plans and programmes under this article."

Please indicate whether you provide opportunities for the public concerned to participate in screening of plans and programmes in your legislation and, if so, how.

No 🔨

Yes 🗌

Please specify (more than one option may apply):

(a) By sending written comments to the relevant authority

- (b) By completing a questionnaire
- (c) By taking part in a public hearing
- (d) Other (please specify):

Please explain: Opinions are requested from relevant authorities only

Article 6 Scoping

I.6.1 According to article 6 (1): "Each Party shall establish arrangements for the determination of the relevant information to be included in the environmental report in accordance with article 7, paragraph 2."

Please explain how you determine the relevant information to be included in the environmental report. According to article 15(1)(a) of the Law on the Assessment of Impact on the Environment from Certain Plans and/or Programmes (No.102(I)/2005), the information required for the environmental report, is included in Annex I (of the aforementioned Law).

I.6.2. According to article 6 (2), each Party shall ensure that the environmental and health authorities are consulted during scoping.

Please explain whether your country's legislation provides for consultation with environmental and health authorities at the scoping stage and, if so, how.

- (a) On a case-by-case basis: $\sqrt{}$
- (b) As defined in the national legislation:
- (c) Other (please specify)

Please explain:

I.6.3 According to article 6 (3): "To the extent appropriate, each Party shall endeavour to provide opportunities for the participation of the public concerned when determining the relevant information to be included in the environmental report."

Please indicate whether your country's legislation provides opportunities for the public concerned to participate in scoping of plans and programmes and, if so, how.

No 🔨

Yes 🗌

Please specify (more than one option may apply):

- (a) By sending written comments to the relevant authority
- (b) By completing a questionnaire
- (c) By taking part in a public hearing
- (d) Other (please specify):

Please explain:

Article 7 Environmental report

I.7.1. According to article 7 (2): "The environmental report shall, in accordance with the determination under article 6, identify, describe and evaluate the likely significant environmental, including health, effects of implementing the plan or programme and its reasonable alternatives."

How do you determine "reasonable alternatives"? Please specify (more than one option may apply):

- (a) On a case-by-case basis $\sqrt{}$
- (b) As defined in the national legislation (please specify):
- (c) By using a combination of (a) and (b) above
- (d) Other (please specify):

Please explain: Determined on a case-by-case basis. Reasonable alternatives may involve an alternative location, or different methods/procedures undertaken in order to achieve the aims of the plan/programme, or the "do nothing" scenario

I.7.2. According to article 7 (3): "Each Party shall ensure that environmental reports are of sufficient quality to meet the requirements of this Protocol."

How do you ensure that quality of the reports is sufficient? Please specify:

(a) The competent authority checks the information provided and ensures that it includes all information required under annex IV as a minimum before making it available for comments $\sqrt{}$

- (b) By using quality checklists \Box
- (c) There are no specific procedures or mechanisms

(d) Other (please specify): In cases where reports are considered insufficient, written comments are sent to the applicant, who is obliged to improve the quality of the report, or otherwise the report is sent back to the applicant for revision. Is also worth mentioning that according to article 15(1)(a) of the Law on the Assessment of Impact on the Environment from Certain Plans and/or Programmes (No.102(I)/2005), criteria for determining the importance of possible environmental impacts, are included in Annex II (of the aforementioned Law).

Please explain:

Article 8 Public participation

I.8.1. According to article 8 (2): "Each Party, using electronic media or other appropriate means, shall ensure the timely public availability of the draft plan or programme and the environmental report."

How do you notify the public and make the draft plans and programmes and the environmental report available? Please specify (more than one option may apply):

- (a) Through public notices in printed media \Box
- (b) Through electronic media $\sqrt{}$
- (c) Placing copies in public offices for the public $\sqrt{}$

(d) Through other means: Publication in 2 national newspapers, the government gazette and also a reference in the web page of the Department and SEA Platform in

https://eia.moa.gov.cy/public/sea. A period of 30 days is allowed for any interested party to raise comments on any plan/programme.

Please explain:

I.8.2. According to article 8 (3): "Each Party shall ensure that the public concerned, including relevant non-governmental organizations, is identified for the purposes of paragraphs 1 and 4."

How do you identify the public concerned? Please specify (more than one option may apply):

(a) Based on the geographical location of the plans and programmes $\sqrt{}$

(b) Based on the environmental effects (significance, extent, accumulation, etc.) of the plans and programmes $\sqrt{}$

(c) By making the information available to all members of the public and letting them identify themselves as the public concerned $\sqrt{}$

(d) By other means: Based on the nature of the proposed plan/programme, and whether it is likely to have an impact on the everyday life of various groups/stakeholders (eg. in aquaculture zoning, fishermen organisations should be informed/notified, since they should be considered as stakeholders.)

Please explain:

I.8.3. According to article 8 (4): "Each Party shall ensure that the public referred to in paragraph 3 has the opportunity to express its opinion on the draft plan or programme and the environmental report within a reasonable time frame."

How can the public concerned express its opinion on the draft plan and programme and the environmental report? Please specify (more than one option may apply):

- (a) By sending comments to the relevant authority/focal point $\sqrt{}$
- (b) By completing a questionnaire \Box
- (c) By taking part in a public hearing $\sqrt{}$
- (d) Other (please specify):

Please explain: Depending on the plan/programme under study, representatives of the public affected are invited to the meeting(s) scheduled by the Assessment Committee established, under article 7 of Law No.102(I)/2005. Opinions or objections raised are taken into consideration by the Environmental Authority.

I.8.4. According to article 8 (4): "The public [concerned, including relevant nongovernmental organizations] has the opportunity to express its opinion ... within a reasonable time frame."

Do you have a definition (for example, a number of days) in your legislation of the term "within a reasonable time frame"? Please specify:

(a) No, it is defined on a case-by-case basis \Box

(b) Yes (please provide the definition): \sqrt{A} period of 35 days is allowed for the public to raise comments on any plan/programme.

(c) Other (please specify):

Please explain your selection:

Article 9 Consultation with environmental and health authorities

I.9.1. According to article 9 (1): "Each Party shall designate the authorities to be consulted which, by reason of their specific environmental or health responsibilities, are likely to be concerned by the environmental, including health, effects of the implementation of the plan or programme."

How are the environmental and health authorities identified? Please specify:

- (a) On a case-by-case basis:
- (b) As defined in the national legislation: $\sqrt{}$
- (c) Other (please specify)

Please explain: According to article 7 (Law No.102(I)/2005), the Assessment Committee established, is chaired by the Environment Department and consists of representatives from the Ministries of Interior, of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, of Communication and Works, the Directorate General for European Programmes, Coordination and Development, the Cyprus University and Cyprus Technical University, the Federation of Environmental and Ecological Organisations and the Scientific and Technical Chamber of Cyprus. The Committee advises the Environment Department on the contents of the Environmental Opinion.

I.9.2. According to article 9 (4): "Each Party shall determine the detailed arrangements for informing and consulting the environmental and health authorities referred to in paragraph 1."

How are the arrangements for informing and consulting the environmental and health authorities determined? Please specify:

- (a) On a case-by-case basis:
- (b) As defined in the national legislation: $\sqrt{}$
- (c) Other (please specify)

Please explain:

I.9.3. According to article 9 (3): "Each Party shall ensure that the authorities referred to in paragraph 1 are given, in an early, timely and effective manner, the opportunity to express their opinion on the draft plan or programme and the environmental report."

Does your national legislation call for consultations with environmental and health authorities?

(a) Yes (please refer to specific provisions and provide citations in order to clarify the issue) $\sqrt{}$

(b) No 🗌

Please explain:

I.9.4. How can the environmental and health authorities express their opinion?

- (a) By sending comments $\sqrt{}$
- (b) By completing a questionnaire
- (c) In a meeting $\sqrt{}$
- (d) By other means (please specify)

Please explain: They usually express their opinion in the meeting scheduled by the Committee established under Law No.102(I)/2005

Article 10 Transboundary consultations

I.10.1. According to article 10 (1): "Where a Party of origin considers that the implementation of a plan or programme is likely to have significant transboundary environmental, including health, effects or where a Party likely to be significantly affected so requests, the Party of origin shall as early as possible before the adoption of the plan or programme notify the affected Party."

As a Party of origin, when do you notify the affected Party?

(a) During scoping \Box

(b) When the draft plan or programme and the environmental report have been prepared

(c) At other times (please specify): $\sqrt{}$

Please explain: As soon as possible and not later than informing the public in the republic

I.10.2. According to article 10 (2): "[The] notification shall contain, inter alia:
(a) The draft plan or programme and the environmental report including information on its possible transboundary environmental, including health, effects; and

(b) Information regarding the decision-making procedure, including an indication of a reasonable time schedule for the transmission of comments."

As a Party of origin, what information do you include in the notification? Please specify:

(a) The information required by article 10 (2) $\sqrt{}$

(b) The information required by article 10 (2), plus additional information (please specify):

Please explain:

I.10.3. According to article 10 (2): "The notification shall contain, inter alia: ... an indication of a reasonable time schedule for the transmission of comments."

As a Party of origin, does your legislation indicate a reasonable time schedule (in days, weeks, months) for the affected Party? Please specify:

- (a) No √
- (b) Yes (please indicate how long):

If "Yes", please explain whether that schedule contains individual time frames for a response to the notification and for provision of comments and specify those in days, weeks, months, as relevant:

I.10.4. According to article 10 (3)–(4), when the affected Party expresses its wish to enter into consultations before the adoption of the plan or programme, the Parties concerned shall enter into consultations further to detailed arrangements agreed by them with a view to ensuring that the public concerned and the authorities in the affected Party are informed and given an opportunity to forward their opinion within a reasonable time frame.

How do the Parties agree on detailed arrangements?

- (a) Following those of the Party of origin \Box
- (b) Following those of the affected Party

- (c) On a case-by-case basis $\sqrt{}$
- (d) In accordance with existing arrangements (for example, bilateral agreement)
- (e) Other (please specify):

Please explain: The arrangements to ensure that the public and the authorities concerned in the affected Party are informed sufficiently (within a reasonable time frame), are made on a case-by-case basis, taking into account the national importance, urgency and extent of the proposed plan/project.

Article 11 Decision

I.11.1. According to article 11 (1): "Each Party shall ensure that when a plan or programme is adopted due account is taken of: (a) [t]he conclusions of the environmental report; (b) [t]he measures to prevent, reduce or mitigate the adverse effects identified in the environmental report; and (c) [t]he comments received in accordance with articles 8 to 10."

Please specify how your country ensures that due account is taken of:

- (a) The conclusions of the environmental report $\sqrt{}$
- (b) Mitigation measures $\sqrt{}$
- (c) Comments received in accordance with articles $8-10\sqrt{10}$

Please explain: The Environment Department informs the relevant authorities, the competent authority, the public, and any Member State consulted in respect of a transboundary context about the adoption of the plan or programme, including the items referred to in paragraphs (a) to (c) above. There is also a reference in the web page of the Department and SEA Platform

I.11.2. According to article 11 (2): "Each Party shall ensure that, when a plan or programme is adopted, the public, the authorities ... and the Parties consulted ... are informed, and that the plan or programme is made available to them together with a statement summarizing how the environmental, including health, considerations have been integrated into it, how the comments received ... have been taken into account and the reasons for adopting it in the light of the reasonable alternatives considered."

How and when do you inform your own public and authorities? The decision of the Environment Department regarding a plan or programme to be adopted, is published in the Department's website and SEA Platform.

(a) Pursuant to national legislation (please refer to specific provisions and provide citations in order to clarify the procedure followed):

(b) Other (please specify): There is no specific reference for the time-frame within which this information should be made available by the responsible authority and therefore the approach is to inform the public and authorities as soon as is reasonably practicable after the decision taken regarding the plan or programme.

Please explain:

I.11.3. Does the information provided to the public and authorities include?

(a) Plan or programme: $\sqrt{}$

(b) Statement summarizing how the environmental, including health, considerations have been integrated into the plan or programme, and how the comments received have been taken into account: $\sqrt{}$

(c) The reasons for adopting the plan or programme in the light of the reasonable alternatives considered: \surd

I.11.4. How do you inform the Parties consulted (art. 11 (2))?

(a) By informing the point of contact $\sqrt{}$

(b) By informing the contact person of the ministry responsible for strategic environmental assessment, who then follows the national procedure and informs his/her own authorities and public $\sqrt{}$

(c) By informing all the authorities involved in the assessment and letting them inform their own public $\sqrt{}$

(d) Other (please specify):

Your comments: When such a case occurs, depending on the proposed development, both practises described in (a) and (b) above will be used

Article 12

Monitoring

According to article 12 (1)–(2): "1. Each Party shall monitor the significant environmental, including health, effects of the implementation of the plans and programmes.

• • •

2. The results of the monitoring ... shall be made available ... to the authorities ... and to the public."

I.12. Describe the legal requirements for monitoring the significant environmental, including health, effects of the implementation of the plans and programmes: The environmental opinion includes terms for monitoring by the competent authority which define environmental indicators and monitoring time frames

Article 13

Policies and legislation

According to article 13 (1): "Each Party shall endeavour to ensure that environmental, including health, concerns are considered and integrated to the extent appropriate in the preparation of its proposals for policies and legislation that are likely to have significant effects on the environment, including health."

I.13. Does your country have national legislation on the application of principles and elements of the Protocol as regards policies and legislation? Please specify.

(a) Yes (please specify which articles of the Protocol apply):

(b) No √

Please explain:

Part two Practical application during the period 2019–2021¹

Please report on your country's practical experiences in applying the Protocol (not your country's procedures, as described in part one). The focus here is on identifying good practices as well as difficulties Parties have encountered in applying the Protocol in practice. The goal is to enable Parties to share solutions. Please therefore provide appropriate examples highlighting application of the Protocol and innovative approaches to improving its application. Parties' reporting also provides useful information to other countries within and beyond the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (ECE) region that facilitates their efforts to implement and accede to the Protocol.

Part two also focuses on issues identified in the third review of implementation^{*a*} by Parties and those issues that have been identified as priorities by Parties in the 2021–2023 workplan.^{*b*} It also addresses the objectives of the Long-term strategy and the action plan for the Convention and the Protocol related to: "Adapting the reviews [of implementation] to maximize their usefulness as a source of information, highlight progress achieved, draw attention to areas that need improvement, disseminate best practice...".^{*c*}

^{*a*} United Nations publication, ECE/MP.EIA/SEA/14.

^b ECE/MP.EIA/30/Add.1-ECE/MP.EIA/SEA/13/Add.1, decision VIII/2-IV/2.

^c Ibid., decision VIII/3–IV/3, annex, item II.A. 9.

A. Some specific questions related to domestic and transboundary implementation in the period 2019–2021

II.1. Does your country's strategic environmental assessment documentation always include specific information on health effects? Please specify:

- (a) Yes
- (b) No, only when potential health effects are identified $\sqrt{}$

II.2. Does your country's strategic environmental assessment documentation always include specific information on potential transboundary environmental, including health, effects? Please specify:

- (a) Yes
- (b) No, only when potential transboundary effects are identified $\sqrt{}$

¹ Part II of this questionnaire is not considered to be a reporting obligation according to the Protocol. Parties are encouraged to share examples of good practice, subject to their capabilities and the availability of relevant data.

B. Example of application of the Protocol in your country during the period 2019–2021

II.3. Please provide, using the table provided in annex I to this questionnaire, the (approximate) number of domestic strategic environmental assessment procedures initiated during the 2019–2021 period, list them grouped by the sectors listed in article 4 (2), and indicate their average duration and costs.

II.4. Please provide the (approximate) number of transboundary consultations referred to in article 10 of the Protocol that your country, during the reporting period, initiated, as a Party of origin, and participated in, as an affected Party. Please use the table in annex II to this questionnaire listing the transboundary procedures grouped by the sectors listed in article 4 (2), indicating their average duration. No transboundary consultations

II.5. Do you have a register of the domestic and transboundary strategic environmental assessment procedures (cases) that can be accessible for other Parties to consult, as needed?

Domestic procedures		Transboundary procedures		
(a)	Yes $$	(a)	Yes √	
(b)	No 🗌	(b)	No 🗌	
If so, please provide the access link to the register: https://eia.moa.gov.cy/public/sea/			please provide the access link to the er: https://eia.moa.gov.cy/public/sea/	

II.6. According to paragraph 10 of decision IV/5 on reporting and review of implementation of the Protocol,² the lists of domestic and transboundary strategic environmental assessment procedures included in the responses to questions II.3 and II.4 of the questionnaire are to be posted on the ECE website. Should your country object to this, however, please indicate "Yes" in the table below and explain, as relevant:

Domestic procedures (list provided under question II.3 and link to register referred in question II.5, if provided)	Transboundary procedures (list provided under question II.4 and link to register referred in question II.5, if provided)
 (a) Yes (my country has an objection to the compilation and posting of this information) □ Please explain: (b) No (no objection) √ 	 (a) Yes (my country has an objection to the compilation and posting of this information) □ Please explain: (b) No (no objection) √

² ECE/MP.EIA/30/Add.3–ECE/MP.EIA/SEA/13/Add.3.

C. Experience with the strategic impact assessment procedure in 2019–2021

II.7. Please list the benefits of strategic environmental assessment that are identified by your country:

- (a) Cost effectiveness
- (b) More focused and informed planning $\sqrt{}$
- (c) Coordination with other sectors/i.e. avoiding overlaps or discrepancies \Box
- (d) Environmental and health benefits $\sqrt{}$
- (e) Other

Please provide your comments:

I.8. Has your country experienced substantial difficulties in interpreting particular terms contained in (or particular articles of) the Protocol?

(a) No $\sqrt{}$

(b) Yes \Box (please indicate which ones):

II.9. Please indicate how your country overcomes these difficulties, if any. Please provide examples that may include, among other things, working with other Parties to find solutions or using existing guidelines or fact sheets:

II.10. With regard your country's experience with domestic and/or transboundary procedures:

(a) Please describe your country's procedures for ensuring that the health aspects are properly incorporated into the environmental report and that the health authorities are consulted as provided for in article 3 No special provisions in national law. Health aspects are addressed on a case-by-case basis.

(b) To contribute to the sharing of knowledge and experience on themes outlined in the workplan for 2021–2023, please provide at least one example of your country's application of strategic environmental assessment in one or several of the following areas:

Biodiversity

Circular economy

Energy transition

Development cooperation

Smart and sustainable cities

Sustainable infrastructure

Maritime spatial planning

(When describing your experience, please indicate the name of the plan/programme subject to strategic environmental assessment, provide background information or describe the context in which the document has been developed, describe the stages of the procedure and other issues of interest for other Parties. Please flag good practice, and/or lessons learned, referring, as relevant, to the contribution of the above application of strategic environmental assessment towards the attainment of Sustainable Development Goals or climate objectives. When providing an example, you may also make use of the template in annex III to the present questionnaire.)

(c) Please indicate whether strategic environmental assessments implemented in your country can be considered to have contributed to the implementation of Sustainable Development Goals and their specific targets:

Yes, (certain) strategic environmental assessments significantly contributed to the attainment of Sustainable Development Goals

Yes, (certain) strategic environmental assessments somewhat contributed to the attainment of Sustainable Development Goals

No, there is no evidence that strategic environmental assessment contributes to the attainment of Sustainable Development Goals in practice

If "Yes", please list the most relevant Sustainable Development Goals³ (and their targets) and provide an example(s) of how strategic environmental assessment has contributed to their achievement

II.11. Please indicate whether your country has been carrying out monitoring according to article 12.

(a) No 🗌

(b) Yes $\sqrt{}$:

If so, please specify types of plans or programmes subject to the monitoring according to article 12, citing good practice examples or elements of good practice (for example, consultation or public participation), if available

 ³ In 2017, the Meetings of the Parties acknowledged that the Convention and, in particular, the Protocol, contribute to the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (ECE/MP.EIA/23/Add.1-ECE/MP.EIA/SEA/7/Add.1, decision VII/7-III/6, Minsk Declaration, para.
 7). Selected examples of targets of the Sustainable Development Goals that strategic environmental assessment could help to implement include the following (see informal document to the fifth meeting of the Working Group (Geneva, 11–15 April 2016):

⁽a) Sustainable Development Goal 3 – Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages (targets 3.9 and 3.d);

⁽b) Sustainable Development Goal 6 – Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all (targets 6.3, 6.5–6.6 and 6.a–6.b);

⁽c) Sustainable Development Goal 7 – Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all (targets 7.2 and 7.a);

⁽d) Sustainable Development Goal 8 – Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all (target 8.4)

⁽e) Sustainable Development Goal 9 – Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation (targets 9.1 and 9.4);

⁽f) Sustainable Development Goal 11 – Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable (targets 11.3–11.4, 11.6 and 11.a–11.b);

⁽g) Sustainable Development Goal 12 – Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns (targets 12.2 and 12.4–12.5);

⁽h) Sustainable Development Goal 13 – Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts (targets 13.1–13.3);

⁽i) Sustainable Development Goal 14 – Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development (target 14.1);

⁽j) Sustainable Development Goal 15 – Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss (targets 15.1 and 15.4);

⁽k) Sustainable Development Goal 16 – Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels (targets 16.6–16.7 and 16.10);

⁽¹⁾ Sustainable Development Goal 17 – Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development (targets 17.13 and 17.16–17.17).

For more details see informal document ECE/MP.EIA/WG.2/2016/5/INF.16, available at http://staging2.unece.org.net4all.ch/fileadmin/DAM/env/eia/documents/WG2.5_April2016/Informal_do cument_16_ece.mp.eia.wg.2.2016.INF.16_SDG_Mapping.pdf.

II.12. With regards to your country's experience with transboundary procedures, in response to each of the questions below, please either provide one or two practical examples or describe your country's general experience. You might also want to include examples of lessons learned in order to help others. Please detail:

(a) What difficulties has your country experienced and what solutions has it found?

- (i) Translation and interpretation
- (ii) Other issues

(b) What elements of the environmental report and other documentation does your country usually translate as a Party of origin?

(c) As an affected Party, please specify whether and how your country has ensured the participation of the public concerned and the authorities pursuant to article 10 (4):

- (i) No 🗌
- (ii) Yes \Box (please indicate how):
- (d) What has your country's experience been of the effectiveness of public participation?

(e) Does your country have examples of organizing transboundary strategic environmental assessment procedures for joint cross-border plans and programmes?

- (i) No 🗌
- (ii) Yes \Box (please describe):

D. Experience regarding guidance in 2019–2021

II.13. Has your country used in practice the following documents:

Good Practice Recommendations on Public	Resource Manual to Support Application of the
Participation in Strategic Environmental Assessment	Protocol on Strategic Environmental Assessment
(ECE/MP.EIA/SEA/2014/2)	(ECE/MP.EIA/17)

Yes √

No 🗌

Please specify reasons for not using the Good Practice Recommendations:

(i) Lack of awareness about the document $\hfill \square$

(ii) The document is not relevant

(iii) The document is outdated and needs revision \Box

Your comments and/or suggestions for improving or supplementing the Good Practice Recommendations: Yes 🗌

Please specify reasons for not using the Manual:

(i) Lack of awareness about the document $\sqrt{}$

(ii) The Manual is not relevant

(iii) The Manual is outdated and needs revision

Your comments and/or suggestions for improving or supplementing the Resource Manual:

E. Contributions to the funding of the workplans

II.14. Please indicate whether the information regarding contributions to the trust fund was already provided by your country in the responses to the questionnaire concerning the Convention and covered both the Convention and the Protocol:

- (i) Yes 🗌
- (ii) No √

If your response is "No", please provide the information regarding the contributions to the trust fund below.

II.15. Through paragraph 4 of decision VII/4–III/4 on budget, financial arrangements and financial assistance,⁴ applicable for the period 2017–2020, the Meetings of the Parties to the Convention and the Protocol jointly "Urge[d] all Parties to contribute to ensuring sustainable funding of activities and an equitable and proportionate sharing of the financial burden among the Parties." For the period 2021–2023, by paragraph 1 of decision VIII/1–IV/1⁵, regarding funding of the adopted workplans, the Meeting of the Parties decided that: "All the Parties have a duty to contribute to the sharing of the costs that are not covered by the United Nations regular budget."

(a) Please indicate whether your Government contributed to the funding of the workplans during the reporting period, indicating also the currency and the amount of the contribution:

(i) My Government made a multi-year contribution for the period 2017–2020

Please indicate when the contribution was provided (year), amount and currency:

(ii) Individual contribution in 2019

Yes Amount and currency:

No $\sqrt{\text{Please explain the reason: Not available budget}}$

(iii) Individual contribution in 2020:

Yes Amount and currency:

No $\sqrt{}$ Please explain the reason: Not available budget

(iv) Individual contribution in 2021:

Yes Amount and currency:

No $\sqrt{}$ Please explain the reason: Not available budget

(v) Please indicate any plans of your country to contribute for the period 2021– 2023

(b) Did your country make in-kind contributions in the reporting period?

Yes Please describe how:

No \sqrt{P} Please explain the reason Not available budget

F. Suggested improvements to the report

II.16. Please provide suggestions for how this report could be improved:

⁴ ECE/MP.EIA/23/Add.1–ECE/MP.EIA/SEA/7/Add.1.

⁵ ECE/MP.EIA/30/Add.1–ECE/MP.EIA/SEA/13/Add.1.

Annex I

List and number of domestic strategic environmental assessment procedures initiated in the reporting period

Sector	Total number or an estimate*	Number of local-level procedures	Number of national- level procedures	Estimated average duration of the procedure,** months, if available	Average costs (also as percentage of the total costs for preparation of a plan/programme), euros and (percentage), if available
Agriculture:					
Forestry:	3	3			
Fisheries:	1		1		
Energy:	2		2		
Industry including mining:	2		2		
Transport:	2	2			
Regional development:	6	6			
Waste management:					
Water management:	1		1		
Telecommunication:					
Tourism:	5	5			
Town and country planning:	4	4			
Land use:					
Other, including those falling under article 4 (3)–(4):	2		2		

* The information provided constitutes:

Statistical data

Estimates

** Once the need for strategic environmental assessment is determined

Your comments:

Annex II

List and number of transboundary strategic environmental assessments in the reporting period

Sector	Total number or an estimate*	Number of local-level procedures	Number of national- level procedures	Estimated average duration of the procedure,** months, if available	Average costs (also as percentage of the total costs for preparation of a plan/programme), euros and (percentage), if available
Agriculture:					
Forestry:					
Fisheries:					
Energy:					
Industry including mining:					
Transport:					
Regional development:					
Waste management:					
Water management:					
Telecommunication:					
Tourism:					
Town and country planning:					
Land use:					
Other, including those falling under article 4 (3)–(4):					

Annex III

Template for describing a good practice example of implementing a strategic environmental assessment at the national level or in a transboundary context

I. General information

- 1. Title of plan/programme
- 2. Authority responsible for the plan's/programme's development
- 3. Nature of the related strategic environmental assessment procedure:
 - (a) Domestic
 - (b) Transboundary

4. Please indicate which stage(s)/step(s) of the strategic environmental assessment procedure is/are considered to represent good practice:

The entire procedure

Screening	(art.	5)	
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Scoping	(art.	6)	
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Environmental report (art.	7)	
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Public pa	rticipation	(art.	8) [
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Consultation with environmental and health authorities (art. 9)

Transboundary consultations (art. 10)

Decision (art. 11)

Monitoring (art. 12)

5. Please indicate to which topic(s) of the 2021–2023 workplan the example is related:

Biodiversity

Circular economy [
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Development cooperation

Energy	transition	
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Smart and sustainable cities

Sustainable infrastructure	
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II. Background

Please provide a short description of the plan/programme, the context of its development and general information about the strategic environmental assessment

III. Procedure under the protocol on strategic environmental assessment and elements of good practice

Please describe, in more detail, the procedural step/steps that is/are considered to represent good practice and then explain why that is:

- III.1. Field of application (art. 4)
- III. 2. Screening (art. 5)
- III. 3. Scoping (art. 6)
- **III.4.** Environmental report (art. 7)
- III.5. Public participation (art. 8)
- III.6. Consultation with environmental and health authorities (art. 9)
- III.7. Transboundary consultations (art. 10)
- III.8. Decision (art. 11)
- III.9. Monitoring (art. 12)

IV. Lessons learned and advice to other parties:

IV.1. Please indicate:

- (a) Challenges in carrying out the procedure, if any, and how those were tackled
- (b) Lessons learned

IV.2. As relevant, please also refer to the contribution of the above application of strategic environmental assessment towards the attainment of Sustainable Development Goals¹ or climate objectives.

¹ In 2017, the Meetings of the Parties acknowledged that the Convention and, in particular, the Protocol, contribute to the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals

⁽ECE/MP.EIA/23/Add.1–ECE/MP.EIA/SEA/7/Add.1, decision VII/7–III/6, Minsk Declaration, para. 7). Selected examples of targets of the Sustainable Development Goals that strategic environmental assessment could help to implement include the following (see informal document to the fifth meeting of the Working Group (Geneva, 11–15 April 2016):

⁽a) Sustainable Development Goal 3 – Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages (targets 3.9 and 3.d);

⁽b) Sustainable Development Goal 6 – Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all (targets 6.3, 6.5–6.6 and 6.a–6.b);

⁽c) Sustainable Development Goal 7 – Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all (targets 7.2 and 7.a);

⁽d) Sustainable Development Goal 8 – Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all (target 8.4)

⁽e) Sustainable Development Goal 9 – Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation (targets 9.1 and 9.4);

⁽f) Sustainable Development Goal 11 – Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable (targets 11.3–11.4, 11.6 and 11.a–11.b);

⁽g) Sustainable Development Goal 12 – Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns (targets 12.2 and 12.4–12.5);

⁽h) Sustainable Development Goal 13 – Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts (targets 13.1–13.3);

⁽i) Sustainable Development Goal 14 – Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development (target 14.1);

⁽j) Sustainable Development Goal 15 – Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss (targets 15.1 and 15.4);

 ⁽k) Sustainable Development Goal 16 – Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels (targets 16.6–16.7 and 16.10);

 ⁽¹⁾ Sustainable Development Goal 17 – Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development (targets 17.13 and 17.16–17.17). For more details see informal document ECE/MP.EIA/WG.2/2016/5/INF.16, available at http://staging2.unece.org.net4all.ch/fileadmin/DAM/env/eia/documents/WG2.5_April2016/Informal_document_16_ece.mp.eia.wg.2.2016.INF.16_SDG_Mapping.pdf.