

Online Course on the UNECE Guidelines for Mainstreaming Ageing



Objective

Build knowledge on mainstreaming ageing as a policy strategy to effectively respond to individual and population ageing through interactive and innovative training modules.

Learning objectives

- ✓ Understand the societal implications of population ageing and the need for policy strategies to prepare for and adapt societies to ageing populations
- ✓ Obtain an overview of current concepts, principles, and international approaches to ageing.
- ✓ Understand the concept of mainstreaming ageing and core elements for a strategic approach to mainstream ageing in public policies
- ✓ Enhance understanding of the concept of "doing mainstreaming" and the mechanisms and tools

Target audience

✓ Policymakers

✓ Civil society stakeholders

✓ UN agencies



Key principles

Short: The duration of one module is 15-20 minutes. The total time of the course is around 1.5 hours.

Flexible: The course modules can be taken in any order; access to subsequent lessons does not depend on completing the previous ones.

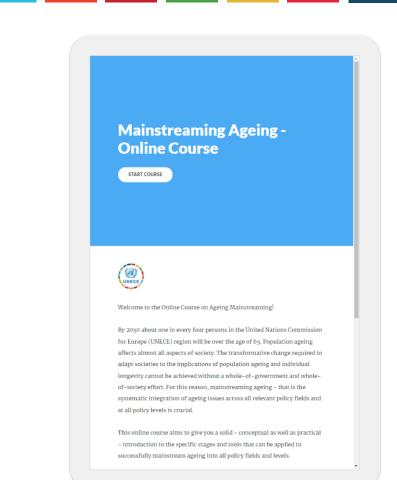
Grounded in existing materials: Reference relevant Guideline chapters, worksheets for further exercises and other relevant readings and learning resources to allow more in-depth reading for those who wish to elaborate on the subject matter further.

Modular and interactive design

- Using platform Articulate 360
- For desktop and mobile devices
- Self-paced

UNECE

• Duration 1.5h-2h





Key principles

Adaptable: Allows easy translation and adaptation for the national level.

Interactive: Tasks are aimed to reveal details, stimulate reflection, and add additional levels of understanding – not to check the knowledge.

Practical: Can be used as an eLearning preparatory component for face-to-face training or stand-alone to raise awareness.

Inclusive: Based on the principles of inclusive and accessible communications

Disability-Inclusive Communications Guidelines

Patricia

INFCF

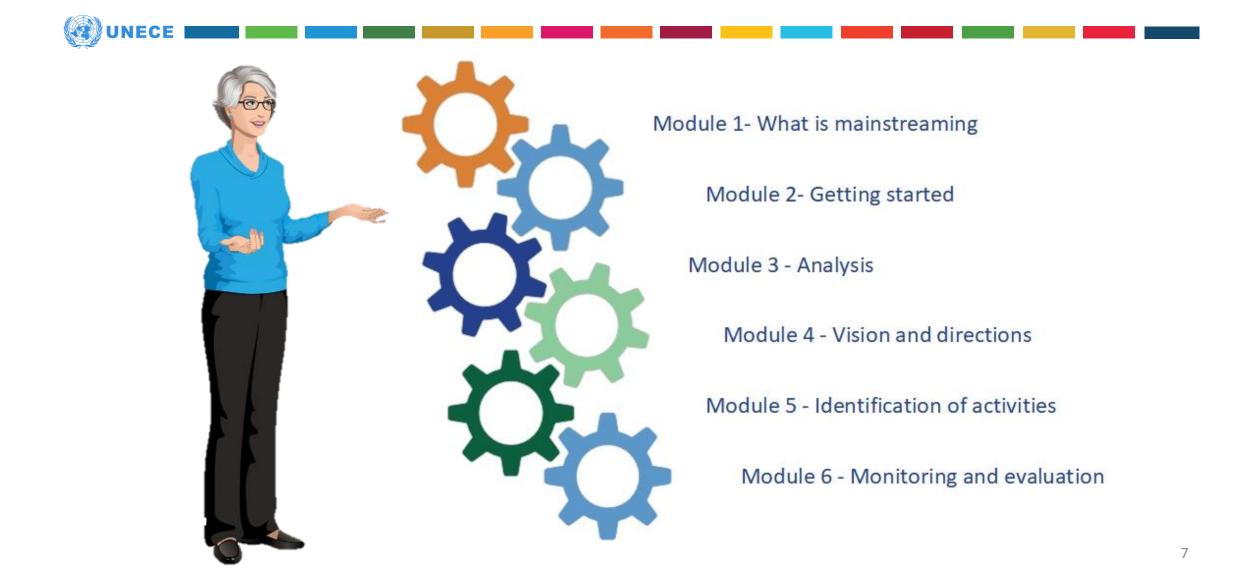
It is. In the UNECE region today, every sixth person is over 65; this will be the case for about one in four persons by 2050.

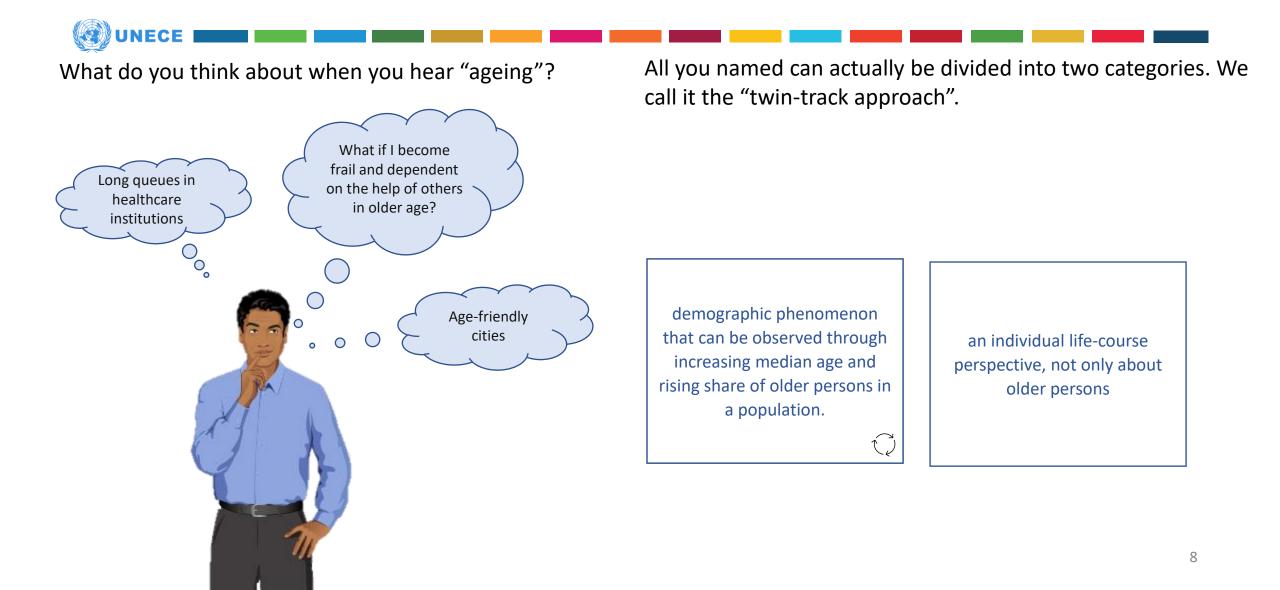
That's a valuable step, but to deal with this transformation, we need more - to ensure systematic coordination and policy coherence across policy areas and government levels, addressing both population and individual ageing. The world is changing... and ageing...

It is excellent that we have already started to think about it. In my country, we have a national ageing strategy being adopted.

Sounds complicated...

James





The implications of ageing can be seen everywhere!



Goods and services ₽	Housing	Education •
Urban development O	Labour market Đ	Health and care services &
Families •	Rural areas	Migration ©
Informal care O	Social protection	Data &

Mainstreaming ageing is not something new – it is the answer to the challenges and opportunities of ageing and commitments that are long on the agenda!



Mainstreaming ageing considers all generations and recognises the heterogeneity and diversity within and across age groups.

Yes, it considers ageing from an individual life-course perspective, taking into account people's changing needs and capacities as they age without homogenising them.

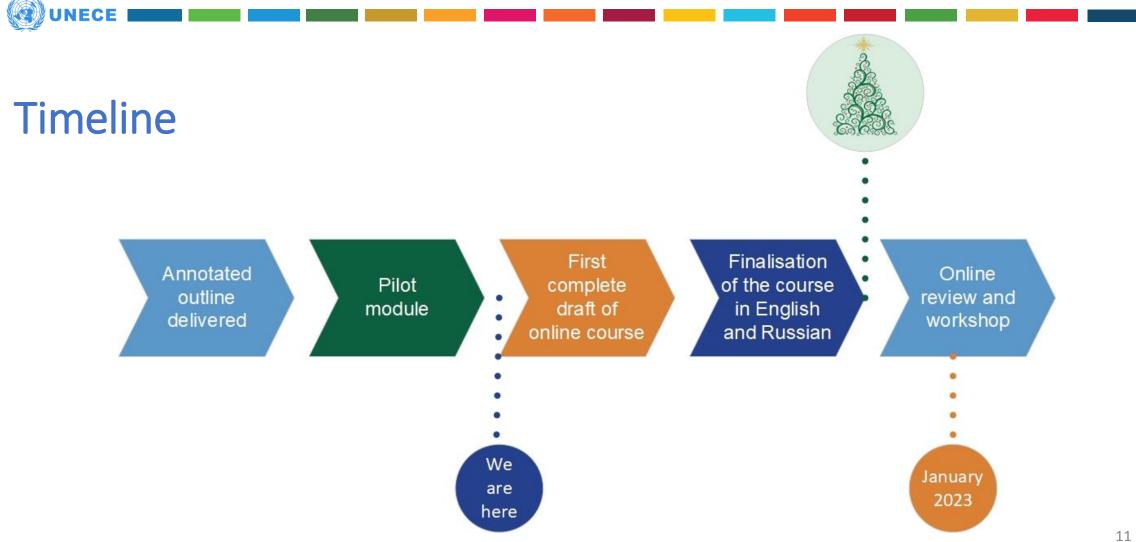
Mainstreaming ageing is a brand-new concept to improve the situation of older persons.

No, mainstreaming ageing is one of the core commitments of the MIPAA/RIS and is deeply rooted in international frameworks and initiatives.

Let me guess which statements belong here:









SWGA Engagement

- ✓ Volunteer to pilot the course and provide feedback
- ✓ Dissemination of the course when ready
- ✓ Translation to national languages

"In-house" translations:

English, Russian, Spanish, German