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|  | United Nations | ECE/TRANS/WP.29/2023/41 | |
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**Economic Commission for Europe**

Inland Transport Committee

**World Forum for Harmonization of Vehicle Regulations**

**189th session**

Geneva, 7-9 March 2023

Item 4.14.1 of the provisional agenda

**1958 Agreement:  
Proposal for amendments to the Consolidated Resolution**

**on the common specification of light source categories (R.E.5)**

Proposal for Amendment 9 to the Consolidated Resolution on the common specification of light source categories (R.E.5)

Submitted by the Working Party on Lighting and Light-Signalling[[1]](#footnote-2)\*

The text reproduced below was adopted by the Working Party on Lighting and Light-Signalling (GRE) at its eighty-seventh session (ECE/TRANS/WP.29/GRE/87, para. 14). It is based on ECE/TRANS/WP.29/GRE/2022/26. It is submitted to the World Forum for Harmonization of Vehicle Regulations (WP.29) and to the Administrative Committee (AC.1) for consideration at their March 2023 sessions.

*The Status table*, amendto read:

"**Status table**

This consolidated version of this Resolution contains all provisions and amendments adopted so far by the World Forum for Harmonization of Vehicle Regulations (WP.29) and is valid from the date as indicated in the following table until the date on which the next revision of this Resolution becomes valid:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Version of the Resolution* | *Date \* as from which the version is valid* | *Adopted by WP.29* | | *Clarification* |
| *Session No.* | *Amendment document No.* |
| 1 **(**Original**)** | 22.06.2017 | 170 | ECE/TRANS/WP.29/2016/111 | Based upon Annexes 1 of UN Regulations:   No. 37, up to and including Supplement 44   No. 99, up to and including Supplement 11   No. 128, up to and including Supplement 5 |
| … | … | … | … | … |
| 9 | 08.03.2023 | 189 | ECE/TRANS/WP.29/2023/41 | Amended detail in sheets:  H19/1, H19/2, H19/4, H19/5, L1/5  Amended detail in LED light source sheet LR4/2  Introduction of new LED light source categories LW6A, LW6B, LY6A and LY6B |

\* This date is the date of adoption of the amendment to the Resolution by WP.29 or the date of entering into force of an amendment to UN Regulation No. 37, 99 or 128 adopted by AC.1 as a package with the amendment to the Resolution in the same session of WP.29.

"

*Paragraph 3.3.,*

*Group 2,* amend to read:

"

| *Group 2* | | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *LED light source categories only for use in signalling lamps, cornering lamps, reversing lamps and rear registration plate lamps:* | | | | |
|  | *Category* |  | *Sheet number(s)* |  |
|  | LR1 |  | LR1/1 to 5 |  |
|  | LW2 | 2 | LW2/1 to 5 |  |
|  | LR3A |  | Lx3/1 to 6 |  |
|  | LR3B |  | Lx3/1 to 6 |  |
|  | LW3A | 2 | Lx3/1 to 6 |  |
|  | LW3B | 2 | Lx3/1 to 6 |  |
|  | LY3A |  | Lx3/1 to 6 |  |
|  | LY3B |  | Lx3/1 to 6 |  |
|  | LR4A |  | LR4/1 to 5 |  |
|  | LR4B |  | LR4/1 to 5 |  |
|  | LR5A |  | Lx5/1 to 6 |  |
|  | LR5B |  | Lx5/1 to 6 |  |
|  | LW5A | 2 | Lx5/1 to 6 |  |
|  | LW5B | 2 | Lx5/1 to 6 |  |
|  | LY5A |  | Lx5/1 to 6 |  |
|  | LY5B |  | Lx5/1 to 6 |  |
|  | LR6A |  | Lx6/1 to 6 |  |
|  | LR6B |  | Lx6/1 to 6 |  |
|  | LW6A | 2 | Lx6/1 to 6 |  |
|  | LW6B | 2 | Lx6/1 to 6 |  |
|  | LY6A |  | Lx6/1 to 6 |  |
|  | LY6B |  | Lx6/1 to 6 |  |

1 Not for use in conformity of production control of lamps.

2 Not for use behind red and amber lenses"

*Annex 1,*

*Sheet H19/1, the introductory text above the figures,* amend to read:

"The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament light source."

*Sheet H19/1, the caption with Figure 2,* amend to read:

"Figure 2 - Maximum filament light source outline4"

*Sheet H19/2, table, header row,* amend to read:

"…

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| *Dimensions in mm* | *Filament light sources of normal production* | *Standard filament light sources* |
| *12 V* | *12 V* |

…"

*Sheet H19/4, table, header row,* amend to read:

"…

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Reference\** | *Dimension\*\** | *Tolerance* | |
| *Filament light sources of normal production* | *Standard filament*  *light sources* |

…"

*Sheet H19/5, footnote 3,* amend to read:

"…

3 The light emitted from standard filament light sources and from normal production filament light sources shall be white.

…"

*Annex 3,*

*Sheet L1/5, table 3, caption,* amend to read:

"Test point values of normalized intensities of normal production and standard LED light sources, respectively"

*Annex 3, Sheet LR4/2, table 1, footnote 9*, amend to read:

*"* 9/ Light centre length, both functions are operated at the same time during the measurement; for the method of measurement, see Annex K of IEC Publication 60809, Edition 4.*"*

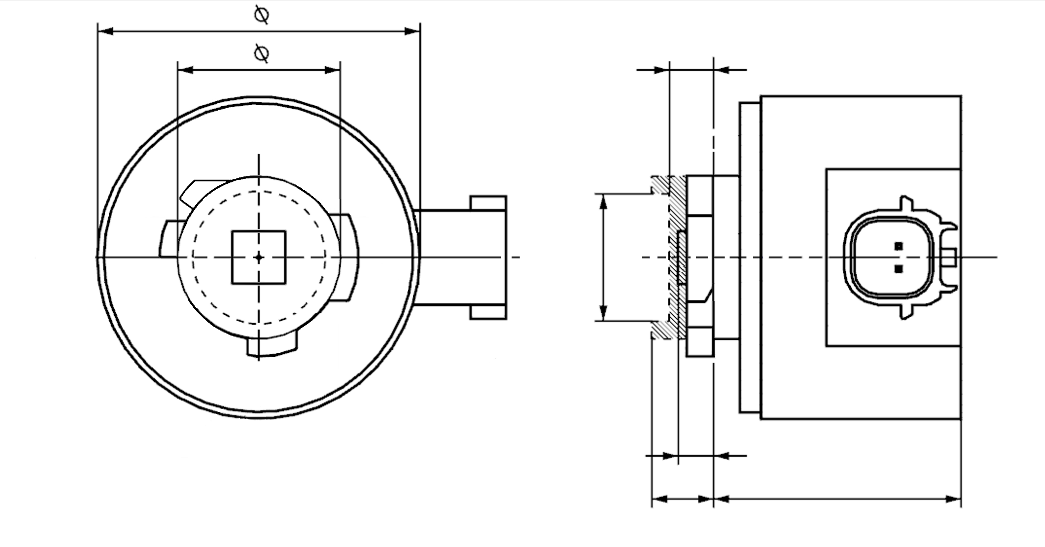
*Annex 3, Sheets Lx6/1 to 6*, amend to read (see following pages; one page per sheet):

" **Categories LR6A, LR6B, LW6A, LW6B, LY6A, LY6B Sheet Lx6/1**

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions of the LED light source.

Figure 1\*

**Main Drawing**



b

c

m

e

a

d

4

Light emitting area3

Reference axis2

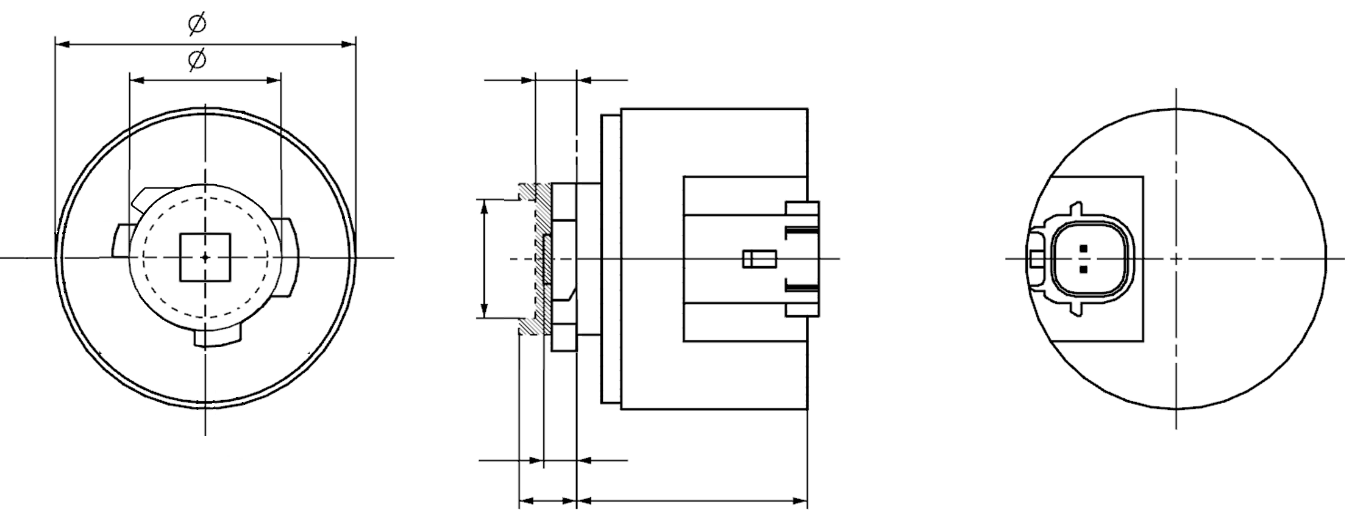
V+

Ground

Reference plane1

ø k

**LR6A, LW6A, LY6A**



a

e

m

b

c

ø k

d

Reference axis2

Light emitting area3

Reference plane1

4

Ground

V+

**LR6B, LW6B, LY6B**

\* Projection method:

For the notes see sheet Lx6/2  
 **Categories LR6A, LR6B, LW6A, LW6B, LY6A, LY6B Sheet Lx6/2**

Table 1

**Essential dimensional, electrical and photometric characteristics of the LED light source**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Dimensions* | | | | | | *Production LED light sources* | *Standard LED light sources* |
| a | | | | | mm | 6.0 max. | |
| b | | | | | mm | c + 10.0 min.  38.0 max. | |
| c | | | | | mm | 18.5 ± 0.1 | |
| d | | | | | mm | 28.0 max. | |
| e 8/ | | | | | mm | 3.0 ± 0.30 | 3.0 ± 0.15 |
| k 9/ | | | | | mm | 7.5 min. | |
| m 9/ | | | | | mm | 4.0 max. | |
| Cap | LR6A, LR6B  LW6A, LW6B  LY6A, LY6B | | PGJ18.5d-33  PGJ18.5d-12  PGJ18.5d-7 | | in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-185-3) | | |
| *Electrical and photometric characteristics* | | | | | | | |
| Rated values | | Volts | |  | | 12 | |
| Watts | | LR6A, LR6B | | 7 | |
| LW6A, LW6B | | **7** | |
| LY6A, LY6B | | **7** | |
| Test voltage | | Volts (DC) | |  | | 13.5 | |
| Objective Values 6 | | Watts (at test voltage) | | LR6A, LR6B | | 8 max. | |
| LW6A, LW6B | | 8 max. | |
| LY6A, LY6B 10 | | 8 max. | |
| Luminous flux (in lm at test voltage) 5 | | LR6A, LR6B | | 180 ± 15% | 180 ± 10 % 7 |
| LW6A, LW6B | | 550 ± 20% | 550 ± 10% 7 |
| LY6A, LY6B 10 | | 440 ± 20% | 440 ± 10% 7 |
| Luminous flux (in lm at 9 V DC) 5 | | LR6A, LR6B | | 40 min. | |
| LW6A, LW6B | | 110 min. | |
| LY6A, LY6B 10 | | 90 min. | |

1/ The reference plane is the plane defined by the contact points of the cap-holder fit.

2/ The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the centre of the bayonet core.

3/ Light emitting area: to be checked by means of the box system in Figure 2

4/ A minimum free air space of 5 mm around the light source shall be respected for convection; the connector interface can be neglected.

5/ The emitted light shall be red for LR6A and LR6B, white for LW6A and LW6B, and amber for LY6A and LY6B.

6/ After continuous operation for 30 minutes at 23 ± 2.5° C.

7/ The measured value shall be in between 105 per cent and 90 per cent of the value measured after 1 minute.

8/ Light centre length; for the method of measurement, see Annex K of IEC 60809, Edition 4.

9/ The bounded area defined with the dimensions c, k and m defines the maximum outline in relation to the reference system

10/ Operated in flashing mode for 30 minutes (frequency = 1.5 Hz, duty cycle 50 per cent ON, 50 per cent OFF). Measured in the ON-state of flashing mode after 30 minutes of operation.

Electrical characteristics

In case of LED light source failure (no light emitted) the max. electrical current draw, when operated between 12 V and 14 V, shall be less than 20 mA (open circuit condition).

**Categories LR6A, LR6B, LW6A, LW6B, LY6A, LY6B Sheet Lx6/3**

Screen projection requirements

The following test is intended to define the requirements for the light emitting area of the LED light source and to determine whether the light emitting area is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane in order to check compliance with the requirements.

The position of the light emitting area is checked by the box system defined in Figure 2, which is aligned to the planes C90 and C180 and shows the projection when viewing along direction γ = 0º at e = 3.0 mm (C, γ as defined in Figure 3).

The luminous flux Φ emitted into the viewing direction shall be calculated as given below:

with

*S* = area to be considered

*L* = luminance average of area *S*

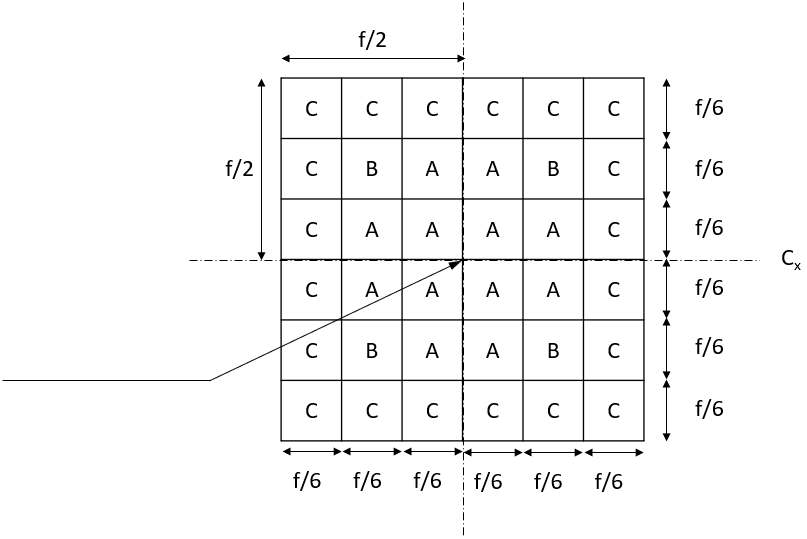
Ω = solid angle defined by the entrance aperture of the measurement system

The distribution of luminous flux originating from the LEA as shown in Figure 2 shall fulfil the requirements given in Table 3. All numbers shall be given in % of the total luminous flux emitted into the viewing direction from the bayonet core area, i.e. a circular area with diameter c = 18.5 mm (see Figure 1).

*Note: When evaluating the luminous flux distribution emitted from the LEA, reflections and stray light within the measurement equipment shall be reduced as much as possible and if necessary, corrected. More details regarding measurement of light-emitting areas can be found in the publication describing general photometry accuracy guidelines currently prepared by CIE TC2-67*

Figure 2

**Box definition of the light emitting area with dimensions as specified in Table 2**



C0

C90

C180

C270

Reference axis perpendicular in

the centre of the light-emitting area

Table 2

**Dimensions of the box system in Figure 2**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Dimensions in mm* | *f* |
| LED light sources of normal production | 4.8 |
| Standard LED light sources | 4.8 |

**CATEGORIES LR6A, LR6B, LW6A, LW6B, LY6A, LY6B Sheet Lx6/4**

Table 3

**Proportion of the total luminous flux emitted into the viewing direction from the areas specified in Figure 2**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Category* | *Area(s)* | *LED light sources of normal production* | *Standard LED light sources* |
| LR6A, LR6B  LY6A, LY6B | Each A individually | > 3%  < 10 % | > 4%  < 10% |
| Each B individually | > 3%  < 10% | > 3%  < 10% |
| All A and B together | > 70% | > 75% |
| Each C individually | < 2% | < 2% |
| All A, B and C together | > 90% | > 90% |
| LW6A, LW6B | Each A individually | > 3%  < 10 % | > 3%  < 10% |
| Each B individually | > 3%  < 10% | > 3%  < 10% |
| All A and B together | > 65% | > 70% |
| Each C individually | < 3% | < 3% |
| All A, B and C together | > 90% | > 90% |

**Categories LR6A, LR6B, LW6A, LW6B, LY6A, LY6B Sheet Lx6/5**

Normalized luminous intensity distribution

The following test is intended to determine the normalized luminous intensity distribution of the light source in an arbitrary plane containing the reference axis. The intersection of the reference axis and the parallel plane to the reference plane in distance e = 3.0 mm is used as the coordinate system origin.

The light source is mounted on a flat plate with the corresponding mounting lug features. The plate is mounted to the goniometer table by a bracket, so that the reference axis of the light source lines up with one of the rotating axes of the goniometer. The corresponding measurement set-up is described in Figure 3.

Luminous intensity data is recorded with a standard photo-goniometer. The measurement distance should be chosen appropriately, to make sure that the detector is located in the far field of the light distribution.

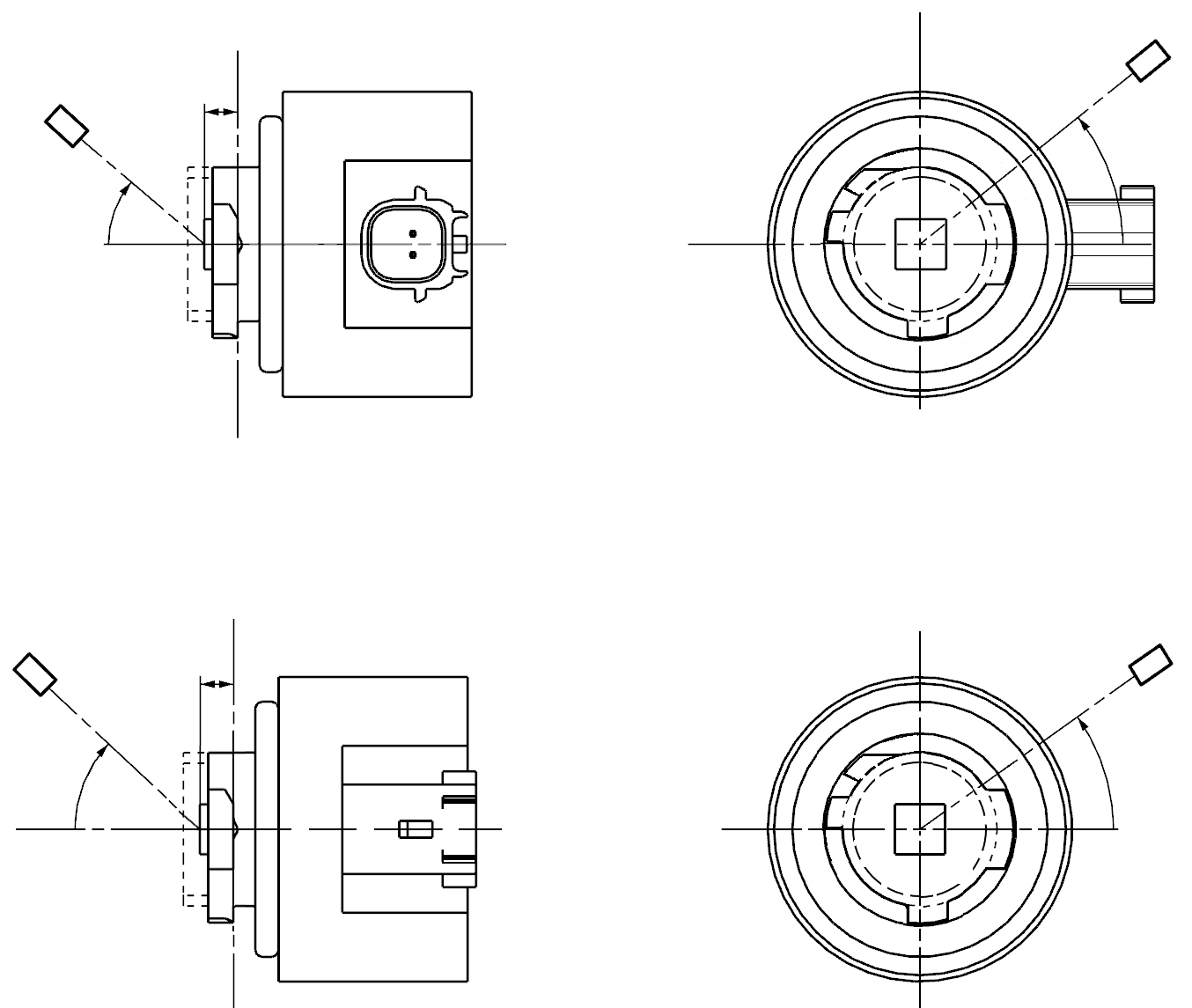
The measurements shall be performed in C-planes C0, C90, C180 and C270, which contain the reference axis of the light source. The test points for each plane for multiple polar angles γ are specified in Table 4.

The measured luminous intensity values, normalised to the measured luminous flux of the individual light source under test, shall be converted to normalised luminous intensity values of a 1,000 lm light source.The data shall comply with the tolerance band as defined in Table 4.

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential set-up for measurement of the LED light source.

Figure 3

**Set-up to measure the luminous intensity distribution**



Reference axis

Reference plane

Photo-Detector or Goniometer

C-Plane definition

Viewing direction along reference axis

e

γ

C

C0

Reference axis

Reference plane

Photo-Detector or Goniometer

C-Plane definition

Viewing direction along reference axis

e

γ

C0

C

**LR6A, LW6A, LY6A**

**LR6B, LW6B, LY6B**

**Categories LR6A, LR6B, LW6A, LW6B, LY6A, LY6B Sheet Lx6/6**

The light pattern as described in Table 4 shall be substantially uniform, i.e. in between two adjacent grid points the relative luminous intensity requirement is calculated by linear interpolation using the two adjacent grid points. In case of doubt this may be checked in addition to verification of the grid points given in Table 4.

Table 4

**Test point values of normalized intensities**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | *LED light sources of normal production* | | *Standard LED light sources* | |
| *Angle γ* | *Minimum Intensity  in cd /1000 lm* | *Maximum Intensity  in cd/1000 lm* | *Minimum Intensity  in cd /1000 lm* | *Maximum Intensity in cd /1000 lm* |
| 0° | 200 | 425 | 250 | 390 |
| 15° | 190 | 415 | 240 | 370 |
| 30° | 170 | 380 | 220 | 335 |
| 45° | 145 | 310 | 180 | 275 |
| 60° | 85 | 245 | 105 | 220 |
| 75° | 0 | 160 | 0 | 150 |
| 90° | 0 | 70 | 0 | 65 |

"

1. \* In accordance with the programme of work of the Inland Transport Committee for 2023 as outlined in proposed programme budget for 2023 (A/77/6 (Sect. 20), table 20.6), the World Forum will develop, harmonize and update UN Regulations in order to enhance the performance of vehicles. The present document is submitted in conformity with that mandate. [↑](#footnote-ref-2)