







# Overview of the Project

Project Name: Promotion of Community Resilience Against Plastic

Pollution and Climate Change in the Mekong River

Basin

• Short Name: Plastic Free Rivers

Donor: Government of Japan

Project Period: April 2022 – March 2023

Locations: Riverine communities in Vietnam and Thailand

# Summary of the Project Progress

### Project Site Selection

- Vietnam Cai Rang District, Can Tho, Vietnam
- Thailand Wat Bangbua community (LadPrao Canal), Bangkok, Thailand

### Scoping

- Plastic and Climate Resilience Nexus: Research on the interlinkage between Floods and plastic pollution and community resilience
  - Both cities experiences frequent flood and flood influence the livelihood of local communities
  - Plastic leakage into canal increases the risk of flood by clogging the canal drainage system
  - Improvement of community-led plastic waste management directly and indirectly enhance the community resilience

### Technology

- CCTV plastic monitoring Plan to implement in Cai Rang District
- Mobile application to promote waste segregation and recycling Plan to implement in Wat Bangbua community

### Government Counterpart consultation

- Pollution Control Department, Thailand
- Bangkok Metropolitan Administration, Thailand
- Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment, Vietnam
- Departments of Natural Resources and the Environment, Vietnam
- Vietnam Administration of Sea and Islands, Vietnam

# CounterMEASURES I & II Projects

Science-Policy Interface for macro and micro plastics management in rivers

## Promote Resilience in Riverine Communities for Plastic Pollution and Climate Change

Capacity building based on the tools and mechanisms developed under the CounterMEASURES project

Increased investment and uptake of plastic pollution prevention measures by national and local governments, CSOs and financial institutions demonstrated in the Lower Mekong River through international cooperation and stakeholder engagement.

# Targets under this project

Output 1: A network of regional experts, stakeholders, and representatives of Mekong riverine communities are supported and trained to accelerate the implementation of the protocols for Riverine Microplastic and Macroplastic Monitoring in the Lower Mekong River and to assess and map the impact of CC and plastic pollution during the COVID-19 Pandemic on livelihoods of selected riverine communities in Thailand and Vietnam to inform decisions

**Output 2:** Effectiveness of new technologies and good practices to mitigate the impact of climate change and plastic pollution demonstrated in selected Mekong riverine communities in Thailand and Vietnam, documented and made available for replication.

# Project rollout

Implementation Arrangement: Established diversified team with local partners and engaging with local stakeholders

## Implementation Partner

- Thailand: Asian Institute of Technology (AIT) USD 170,000
- **Vietnam:** The Institute of Strategy and Policy of Natural Resource and Environment (ISPONRE) USD 114,500

### Diversified Team

- 30 Experts (22: Thailand, 8: Vietnam, Gender Balance: 61% Man, 39% Woman)
- Expertise: Waste Management, Waste Management Technology, Innovation, GIS, Machine Learning, Gender, Social Development, Climate Change, Communication, Information Technology

### Government Counterpart consultation

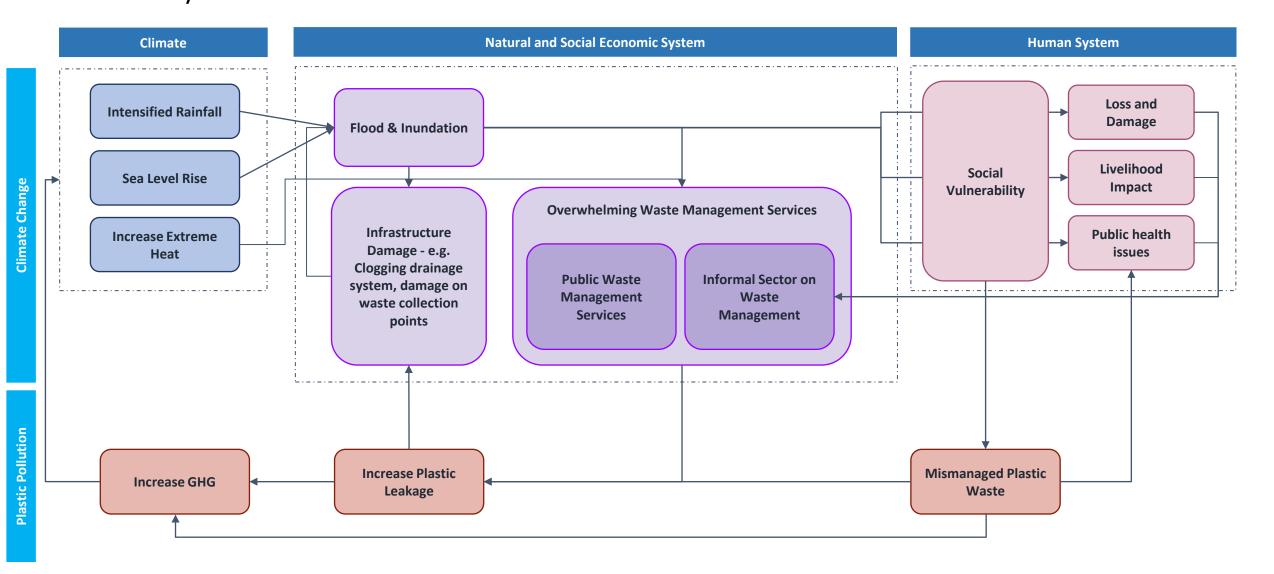
#### Thailand

- Pollution Control Department (PCD)
- Bangkok Metropolitan Administration (BMA)

#### Vietnam

- Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment (MoNRE)
- Departments of Natural Resources and the Environment Can Tho (DONRE)
- Vietnam Administration of Sea and Islands (VASI)

Plastic Pollution and Climate Resilience Nexus: Focus on Urban Floods and Plastic Leakage. Plastic Pollution amplifies the Urban Flood impacts on community resilience



**Vision:** Stop the loop of flood, plastic leakage and community vulnerability and promote a shift to inclusive and resilient circular economy with the power of technology and citizen engagement



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## **Power of Technology**



CCTV Plastic Monitoring



Mobile based Circular Economy Platform

## **Power of Citizen Engagement**



Community-based
Plastic Waste Management



Inclusive Circular Economy



## Baseline Survey, Impact Assessment, Solution design are ongoing in both Thailand and Vietnam

**Discussion Points** 

#### **Potential Questions**

**Required Support from** stakeholders

Issues Identification Where is the major plastic leakage hotspots Existing Data on plastic pollution Plastic Who will be the main contributor on plastic pollution and leakage in Can Tho a Pollution Issues What is the major challenges on plastic waste management (formal/informal) Implementation site selection What is the mechanism that plastic pollution leak into environment Hazard map of any natural disasters What is the major climate change impacts in Can Tho and where it happens What is the major issues for Climate related data Climate How the impacts amplified the risk of plastic leakage into environment b Socio-economic data and community resilience that has What is the climate change impacts on waste management operations Change Issues demographic data of Can Tho How climate change affects to increase of plastic pollution and its leakage strong interlinkage with plastic Support and Coordination on pollution and climate change? interview/data collection on Is there any urban flood that caused by clogging of plastic waste in drainages Is there any livelihood issues, such as fishery, agriculture, tourism industry etc, formal/informal sector on waste Issues in a that caused by plastic pollution amplified by climate change management, socially vulnerable C Is there any health issues that caused by insufficient plastic waste management Community groups, industry groups Is there any issues on socially vulnerable groups due to the increase plastic pollution amplified by the climate change Community members are aware of the plastic pollution issues and how it Capacity Identification Participate the capacity mapping impacts their livelihood and health issues? activities Competencies/ Community member and local authorities has sufficient skills to monitor the (interview/questionnaires) Resources/ Provide the information on The community has sufficient Is there sufficient technology to deal with the issues? Enabling existing activities Are there any national and local policies that enhance, or at least do not capacity to deal with the issues? Environment constrain, the efficiency and effectiveness of plastic waste management (formal/informal) Plastic Monitoring technology meets the needs of community and fits to Permission to conduct PoC on Technology Intervention current operations by local authorities and communities? plastic monitoring **Feasibility** The technologies satisfies the local/national regulation, and local capacities?

What technology is the best to implement in a community and

how to operationalize to sustain

- Who will be the main users/operators of the technologies, who needs to be involved and who will be interested and capable to support
- human resources, etc) Operationalize g
  - Is there any successful cases that we can learn
    - What is the necessary procedure in Can Tho to implement and operationalize

What is the necessary points to consider for sustainability (finance, regulations,

- Identify and coordinate with main users within the local authority
- Provide staff for capacity development training and for PoC implementation

# **Site Selection:** Targeted riverine communities that has significant plastic leakage and affected by urban flooding and inundation









#### **Thailand:** Wat Bangbua Community (Ladprao canal)

- Community Profile
- Traditional (encroach on the canal) and renovated slum areas
- Total area: >4,800 m² (3 Rai)
- 140 households
- Issues
- Large number of plastics leaked to canal and block waterway
- Increase in water-born Diseases
- Community Challenges
- Waste management
- Facing plastic pollution and waste management issue
   tradition way of waste disposal
- Polluted canal and sanitation issues, especially during summer: odor, low water quality
- Transportation issues: waste collection point (BMA) located far from their houses
- Climate Change
- Have faced flooding for a weeks (1-10 Sep, 2022)
- During flood event,
  - water level increased up to 50-70 cm from the floor
  - Plastic wastes have distributed (flow in-out) between their households
  - Increase in water-born disease

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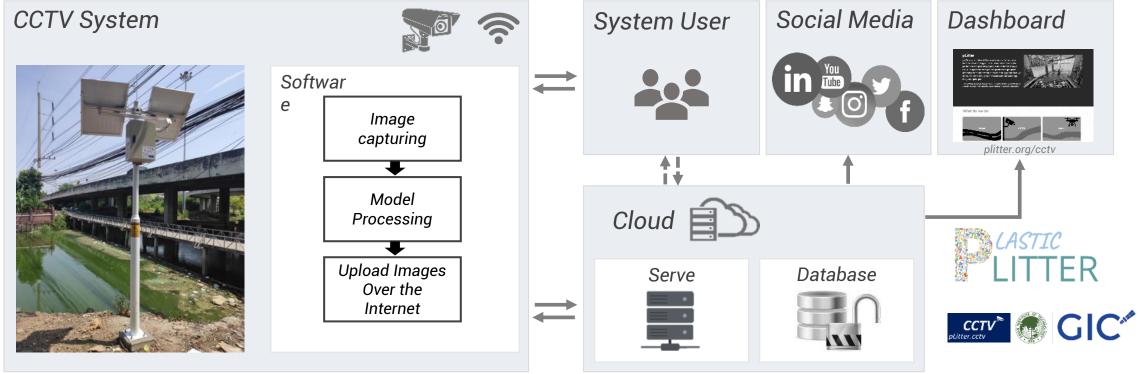
**Vietnam:** Ninh Kieu District and Cai Rang Floating Market Community

- Community Profile
- Ninh Kieu District: Urban land-based community
- Cai Rang Floating Market Community: Most famous tourist site of Can Tho city
- Issues
- Poor plastic waste management blocks drainage systems and then exacerbates the inundation during extreme rainfall events, which can reduce the ability of the city to cope with extreme climate events
- Socio-economic issues caused by floods and polluiton
- Community Challenges
- Waste management
- Lack of access to waste collection service
- Lack of proper equipment for waste collection
- Polluted canal and sanitation issues
- Transportation issues: waste collection to communities
- Climate Change
- Recorded Flood event 2019, 2022
- Intensified rain

# **Technology Review:** A total of 101 technologies reviewed with a focus on plastic waste management

Topic	Challenge	Possible Intervention	Technology option
Infrastructure, Settlement and Livelihood	<ul> <li>Damage to the settlement (inundation) and infrastructure (drainage system) which is exacerbated by plastic clogged in a drainage system</li> <li>Lack of accessibility to public services (public announcement and awareness programme, accessibility of alternative)</li> <li>Public health issues (water-/vector-bone diseases)</li> <li>Food and water contamination both by flood and microplastic</li> <li>Extreme use of plastic bottles to secure clean water in daily life and in emergency due to the disaster or plastic buckets to collect rainwater</li> <li>Extreme use of plastic food wrappers and plastic bags due to frequent shopping to secure fresh foods and water (due to no fridge system)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify/map out drain system clogged with plastic waste (hotspots), overlayed with a flood risk map</li> <li>Improve infrastructure including a drainage system</li> <li>Clean-up drains and waterways</li> <li>Assess the living (hygiene, public health, water supply, etc.) Develop specific policies, guidelines and plans to improve above environments</li> <li>Implement the activities according to the above policy arrangement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CCTV, Drone, etc.</li> <li>Mobile app for citizen science</li> <li>Litter boom</li> <li>Waste collector at the water gate</li> <li>Cleanup equipment for waterways</li> </ul>
Working environment and Occupational safety and health (OSH)	<ul> <li>Poor living and working environment (poor occupational safety and health) due to extreme heat and floods together with the negative impact of plastic pollution to ecosystem and biodiversity</li> </ul>	Assess the working environments (vulnerabilities such as informal waste management sector including waste picking, communal waste management, etc.)	<ul> <li>Equipment for separation,</li> <li>PPE equipment</li> <li>Any mobile app to promote separation in informal sector / community</li> <li>Waste tracker for informal sector</li> </ul>
Community Trust and Cohesion	<ul> <li>Lack of awareness activities against plastic pollution with climate change</li> <li>Loss of opportunities to participate activities and events related to plastic pollution with climate change</li> </ul>	Strengthen the community awareness and outreach activities integrated both plastic pollution and climate change  Promote citizen science to recognize the plastic pollution with the impact to community	<ul> <li>Visualization of plastic pollution and climate change impacts (mobile app, Facebook, CCTV result, etc.)</li> <li>Any tools for outreach for plastic pollution to the communities</li> </ul>
Community Waste Management	Vulnerability waste management in a community resulted in plastic pollution, linked with climate change	<ul> <li>Improve SWM system (poor/no 3Rs and collection/transportation, open dumping) in collaboration with a community, NGOs and an informal sector</li> <li>Improve SWM infrastructures (collection station, transportation, recycling technology, disposal site)</li> <li>Identify the plastic leakage sources and pathways</li> <li>Clean-up (plastic) waste clogged in drains and waterways</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mobile app to accelerate the separation in a community</li> <li>Mobile app to make community (generator) easier access to junkshop or waste picker</li> <li>Mobile app Cleanup equipment at the waterway</li> <li>Interceptor</li> </ul>

Monitoring as Entry point of being Resilient: Set up CCTVs to monitor the leakage of plastic pollution for better planning and raising awareness

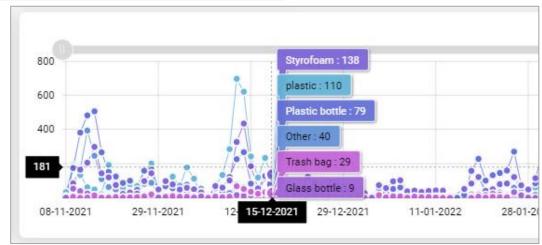


#### Aim of pLitterCCTV

- 1. Detect plastic litter on rivers and categorized in to 6 categories
- 2. Daily number of plastic litter detected for each category

#### Benefits of Having the plitterCCTV System

 Awareness of what type of plastic litter discharging to rivers (Evidence collection)



Digital Technology to bridge community and circular economy: Deploy mobile circular economy platform to incentives the plastic waste collection, segregation and recycling and improve the livelihood



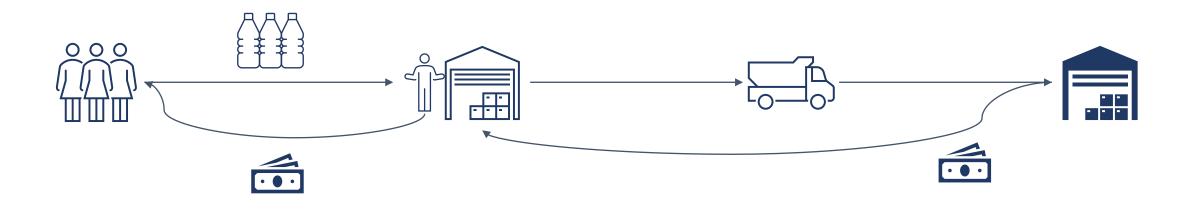
**Green2Get:** Bridge producer, Consumer and Recyclers with mobile app



OK Recycle: Connect Sellers and Buyers







**Stakeholder Engagement:** Project introduced to government counterparts and stakeholders and welcomes the project and keen for the uptake of the project output



- Meeting with Government Counterparts
   Organized with VASI, DONRE (Vietnam) and PCD (Thailand), BMA is also informed.
- VASI: Interested in the project contribution to INC process. Request further meeting with UNEP.
- DONRE: Interested in CCTV monitoring system to integrate their local monitoring system
- PCD: Welcomed the project and proposed the implementation sites and the potential technologies
- Community Survey is ongoing

# Outreach and Communication: Project introduced to Bangkok based ambassadors/representatives and preparation process for INC



- Participated from Australia, Egypt, EU, Finland,
   Germany, Kenya, India, Indonesia, Japan,
   Malaysia, and Thailand
- CounterMEASURE project and the current project were highlighted and introduced as remarkable regional initiatives to promote science-based plastic leakage monitoring
- CounterMEASURE project were highlighted in the preparation documents for the Panel - Asia Pacific's role negotiating a global treaty on plastic pollution

# Thank you

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