**Title of contribution**  
Subjective and objective poverty comparison within EU-SILC

**Author Name**  
Rasim Ryustem, Estefania Alaminos Aguilera, Agata Kaczmarek-Firth

**Author Organization**  
EUROSTAT

**Topic**  
Subjective poverty

**Summary:**

The main focus of the European Union statistics on income and living conditions (EU-SILC) is the measurement of objective poverty based on household income and the relative poverty threshold. However, EU-SILC includes also information on subjective poverty such as the ‘ability to make ends meet’.

EU-SILC contains both longitudinal and cross-sectional annual information. Therefore, as a panel data collection, EU-SILC allows the analysis of the household and individual situation before and during the time of the pandemic as well as during the recovery period. This allows for monitoring both subjective and objective poverty in time of the global turbulence.

The paper presents data from EU-SILC 2019, 2020 and 2021 and looks at cross-sectional and longitudinal results related to both objective and subjective poverty.

The subjective poverty indicators have gained importance in the context of the recent UNECE initiative to develop a guide on methods for measuring subjective poverty and its aim to agree on a short list of harmonised subjective poverty indicators for international comparisons. Authors consider that the suggested analysis would deepen the understanding of the methodological and analytical properties of the potential subjective poverty indicators.

Please select your preferred contribution (you may select both options):

☑️ Presentation

☐ Paper (Please note that papers should be submitted separately by 14 October)