

Statistical Units in the Statistical Business Register

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Roland Sturm, Germany

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Units in the economy and in statistics



Tasks of statistics:

- 1. Arranging and defining these terms
- 2. Statistical adequation: Which unit for which statistics in which function?

The job of the Statistical Business Register

SBRshould provide the statisticians with the units they need

→ Derive the content of the Statistical Business Register from the purposes

→ What do the users of the Statistical Business Register need?

Roles of units

reporting unit

respondent; unit providing information to the data collector.

observation unit

unit about which the collected information is provided: input to statistics

statistical unit

unit about which a statistical output gives information: output of statistics

How to proceed as statisticians?

Step 1:

What do we want to describe? \rightarrow choose appropriate statistical unit

Step 2:

For which units is it the data available/observable \rightarrow choose observation unit

Step 3:

Which unit can be approached to deliver the desired data →choose reporting unit

Illustration: What do we want to know about cars?



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How many cars are produced in Germany?

How many cars are produced by German car manufacturers?







How many people in Germany are occupied by the production of cars?

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How many people are involved in the production of cars?

How many people make their living because we drive a lot in cars?





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How much power/influence has the car industry on politics?

We could do a little quiz...

Everybody receives a set of statistical units and makes a proposal which to use best for which question.

	Unit type 1	Unit type 2	Unit type 3	Unit type 4	
Question 1					
Question 2					
Question 3					
Question 4					



Statistical units

Units defined for statistical output

Main types are:

- Enterprise group
- Enterprise
- Local unit
- Kind-of-activity unit
- Local kind-of-activity unit, sometimes called Establishment

Not a statistical unit: legal unit (but very important for the SBR)



- The statistical units are created based on legal units
- The enterprise may consist of one or more legal units, or in some cases parts of a legal unit (organizational and economic acting)
- Enterprise group: is made up of two or more legal units (control!)
 - presently not developed in all countries, but becomes important with globalization and market concentration
- (Local) kind-of-activity unit: (Local) part of an enterprise occupied with one economic activity (one! activity only)



dimension		Partition by location		
		No	Yes	
Partition	No	Enterprise	Local unit	
by activity	Yes	Kind-of-activity unit	Establishment (Local kind-of-activity unit)	

Institutional unit: National Accounts concept: economic unit that can own assets, incur liabilities and engage in economic transactions

Enterprise: the view of an institutional unit producing goods and services (i.e. the institutional unit in the market sector)



Units in agriculture, forestry and fishing

- Recommended to be included in the SBR, or establish links between SBR and the agricultural register if this exists
- The most common observation unit is "agricultural holding" may correspond to an enterprise group, an enterprise, an establishment, a local unit or a legal unit
- Avoid double counting



Units in Government

- General government sector includes:
 - Central, regional and local government
 - Non-market producers
- For inclusion in SBR: Identify *institutional units* with the decision-making autonomy
- Public enterprises are not part of general government, belong to the financial or nonfinancial corporate sector
- Apply level of aggregation that balances the autonomy of the unit and the level of detail required

... Talk with your colleagues from National Accounts...



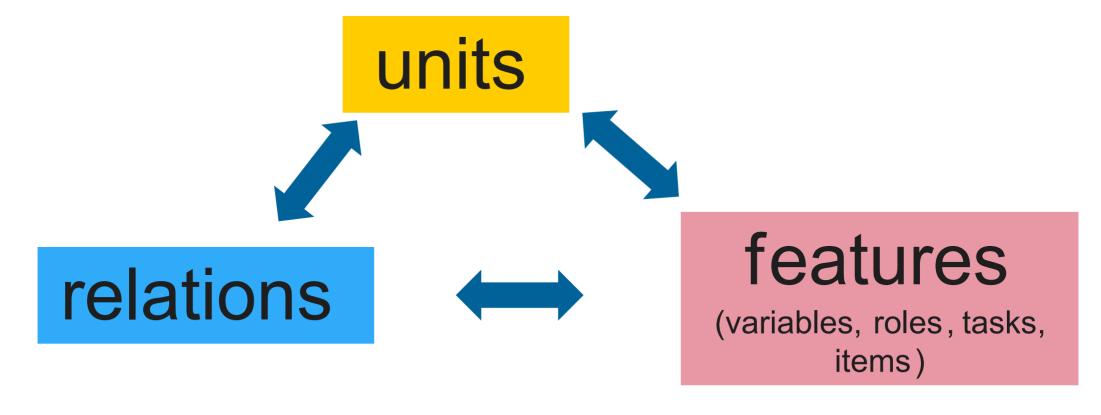
Special purpose entities ...

- Legal units usually established with the purpose to raise capital or hold assets and liabilities
- Usually do not undertake significant production
- Examples: holding companies, royalty/licensing companies, captive insurance companies
- Included in 2008 SNA and BPM6, but only quite vague agreed definition exists
- Identification of units that may be SPE requires consideration of number of employees, physical presence, residency, ownership, financial and non-financial assets

...not an easy job for the SBR...

The basic elements of a Statistical Business Register

Units - relations between units - features of units and relations

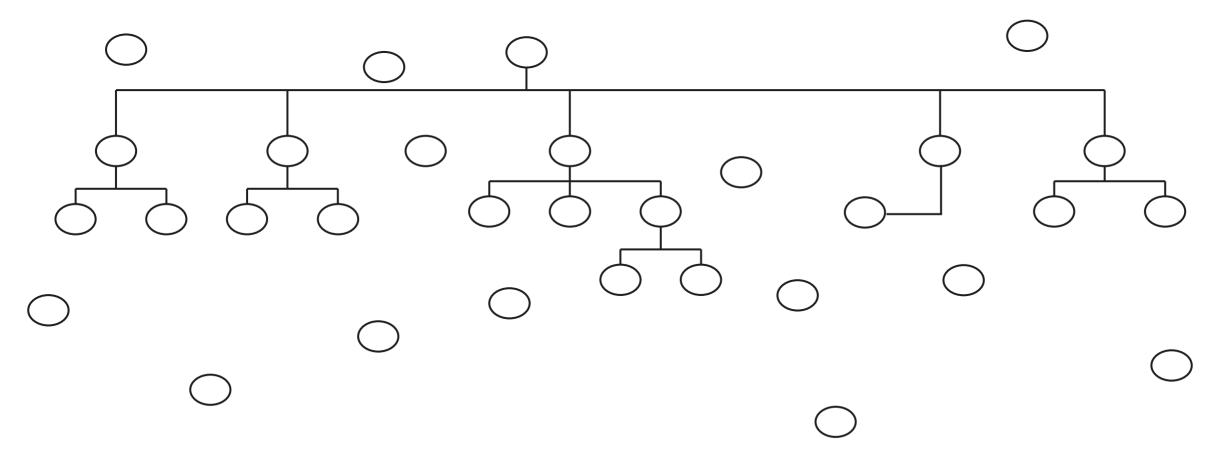


Links between units in the SBR

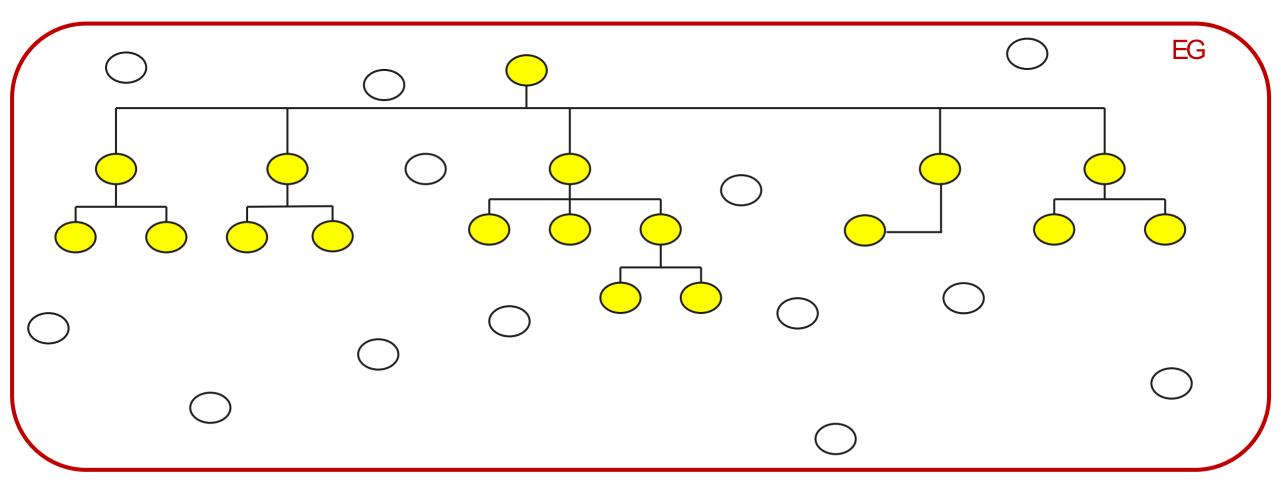


- Make a good deal of the richness of a SBR
- Key links are between
 - legal/administrative units and statistical units
 - statistical units e.g. establishment/enterprises and enterprises/enterprise group
- Allow for a distinction between roles of units: reporting units, observation units and statistical units
- May be hard to be obtained and maintained

Enterprise Group processing in the Business Register



Enterprise Group processing in the Business Register

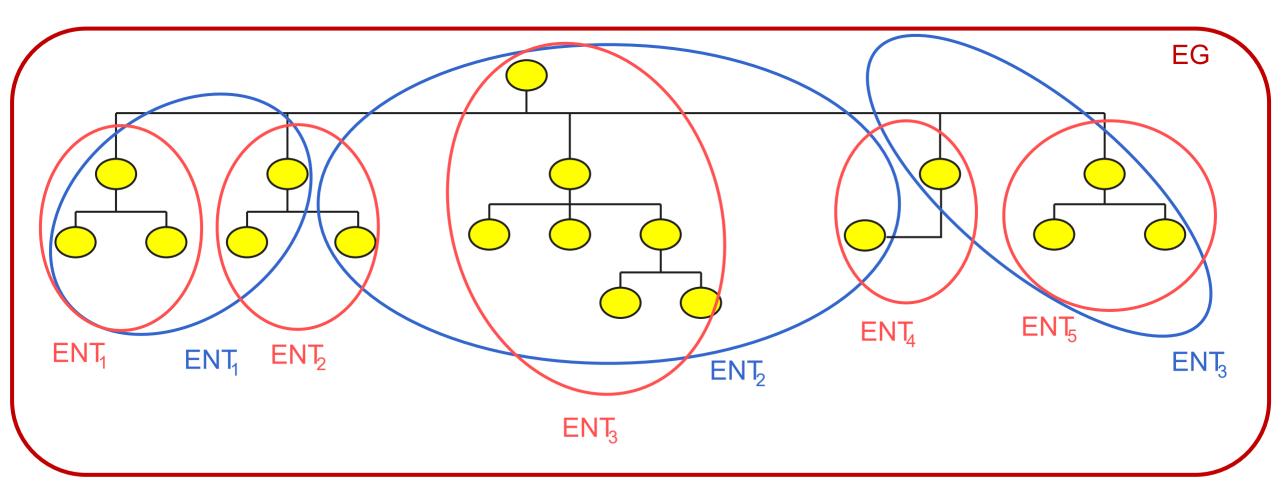




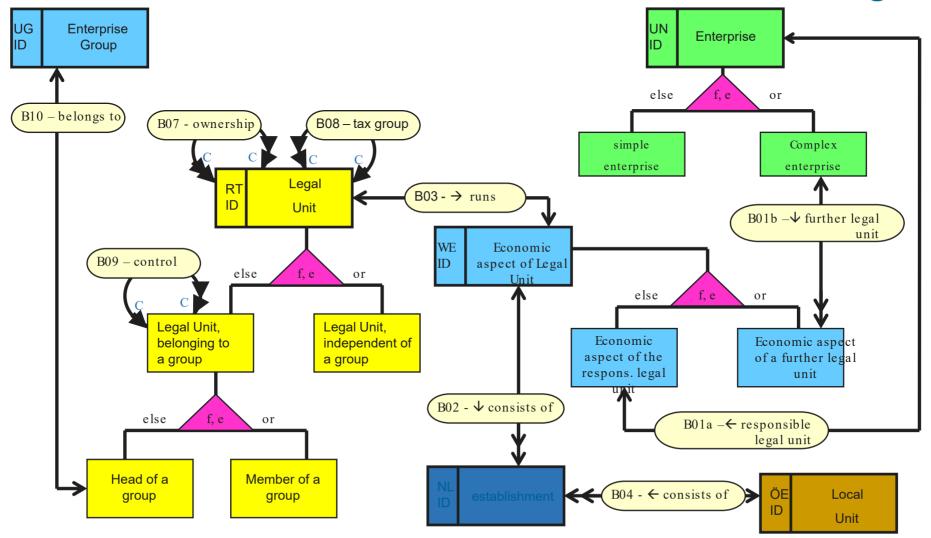
Identifying enterprises within enterprise groups

- Top-down: start from EG and identify enterprises within the group.
- May not be feasible if global group head is not resident in the country –
 cooperation and data exchange with other relevant countries is required
- Bottum-up: start from resident legal units of the enterprise group to identify the enterprises of the group

Profiling of enterprises in the Business Register



Example: basic data model of German Business Register

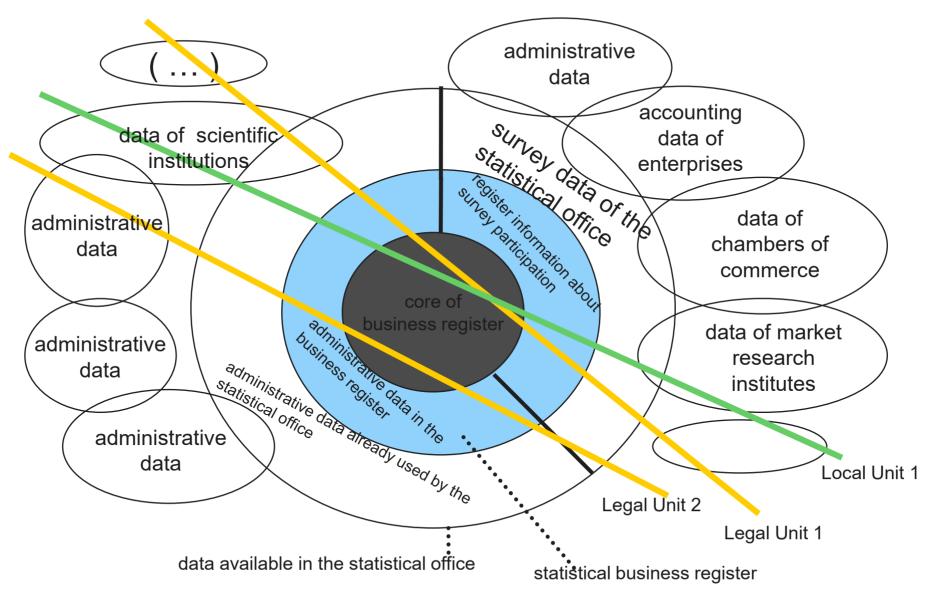




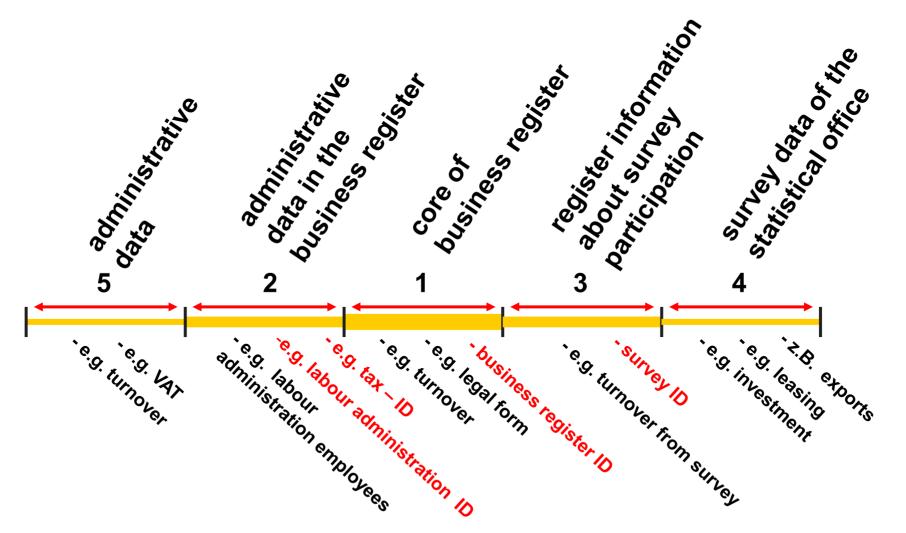


- ID of SBR unit ID in external registers
- Ideal: all admin units linked to SBR units
- Legal unit VAT, trade register, social security
- Links to farm register
- Links to e.g. transport register, health services registers, population registers
- Links to survey populations
- Links to other data sources

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Data combination of a register unit







Identification and contact characteristics

- Type of unit (enterprise group enterprise, establishment, local unit, legal unit, admin unit)
- Identification number (with no embedded information) – allows linking to other units of the SBR and to administrative registers and other sources
- Contact details, addresses, names etc.





Demographic characteristics

Key characteristics to include are

- Date of inclusion on the SBR of the unit
- Date of commencement of economic activity
- Date of final cessation of economic activity
- Date on which legal unit ceased to exist
- Date of merger, take-over, split or break





Economic/stratification characteristics

- Legal form/ legal status
- Institutional sector and sub-sector
- Principal economic activity
- Market orientation (market, non-market)
- Turnover
- Number of persons employed
- •



Contact

Statistisches Bundesamt 65180 Wiesbaden Germany

www.destatis.de

www.destatis.de/kontakt

Roland Sturm

roland.sturm@destatis.de phone +49 611 75-2580

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