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**Economic Commission for Europe**

Inland Transport Committee

**World Forum for Harmonization of Vehicle Regulations**

**188th session**

Geneva, 14-16 November 2022

Item 4.7.14 of the provisional agenda

**1958 Agreement:  
Consideration of draft amendments to existing UN Regulations submitted by GRSG**

Proposal for Supplement 4 to the original version of UN Regulation No. 151 (Blind Spot Information Systems)

Submitted by the Working Party on General Safety Provisions [[1]](#footnote-2)\*, [[2]](#footnote-3)\*\*

The text reproduced below was adopted by the Working Party on General Safety Provisions (GRSG) at its 123rd session (ECE/TRANS/WP.29/GRSG/102, para. 18). It is based on ECE/TRANS/WP.29/GRSG/2022/9 as amended by annex III to the report. It is submitted to the World Forum for Harmonization of Vehicle Regulations (WP.29) and to the Administrative Committee (AC.1) for consideration at their November 2022 sessions.

*Contents of the UN Regulation*,

*Insert new Annex 4*, to read:

"Contents

*Page*

Regulation

0. Introduction (for information)

…

Annexes

…

4. Alternative Blind Spot Information Dynamic Test

Appendix: Envelopes and their dedicated points "

*Insert new paragraph 2.19.*, to read:

"2.19. "*TTC*" means the time to collision, calculated between the bicycle reference point and the (theoretical) collision point. In context of this regulation the equation can be calculated as ."

*Paragraph 5.1.*, amend to read:

"5.1. Any vehicle … this UN Regulation.

When the vehicle is equipped with a means to automatically deactivate the BSIS in situations such as, having street cleaning equipment or snowploughs attached, emptying waste containers, or having doors opening to the outside of a bus, the following provisions shall apply as appropriate:

The vehicle manufacturer shall provide a list of situations and corresponding criteria where the BSIS is automatically deactivated to the technical service at the time of type approval and it shall be annexed to the test report.

The BSIS shall be automatically reactivated as soon as the conditions that led to the automatic deactivation are not present anymore.

A constant optical warning signal shall inform the driver that the BSIS has been deactivated. The yellow failure warning signal specified in paragraph 5.6. below may be used for this purpose."

*Paragraph 5.3.1.4.*, amend to read:

"5.3.1.4. The BSIS shall give an information signal at last point of information, for a bicycle moving with a speed between 5 km/h and 20 km/h, at a lateral separation between bicycle and vehicle of between 0.9 and 4.25 metres, which could result in a collision between bicycle and vehicle with an impact position 0 to 6 m with respect to the vehicle front right corner, if typical steering motion would be applied by the vehicle driver.

The information signal shall not be visible before the first point of information. It shall be given between the first point of information and the last point of information.

It shall also give an information signal for a bicycle moving with a speed between 5 km/h and 20 km/h, at a lateral separation of between 0.25 m up to 0.9 m and longitudinally located between -0,6 and +0,6 m in reference to the centre of the most forward front wheel while driving straight.

However, the information signal is not required when the relative longitudinal distance between bicycle and front right corner of the vehicle is more than 30 m to the rear or 7 m to the front. Furthermore, the information signal is not required if the TTC is higher than 9 s."

*Insert a new paragraph 6.3.4*., to read:

"6.3.4. Pre-Test Conditioning

If requested by the vehicle manufacturer, the subject vehicle may be driven a maximum of 100 km on a mixture of urban and rural roads with other traffic and roadside furniture to initialise the sensor system."

*Paragraph 6.5.7.,* amend to read:

"6.5.7. Verification of Blind Spot Information signal

Verification of the Blind Spot Information signal can be made by following two methods, at the manufacturer's choosing:

(a) Verify if the Blind Spot Information signal has been activated before the vehicle crosses line C in Figure 1 of Appendix 1 to this Regulation, and if the Blind Spot Information signal has not been activated before the vehicle crosses line D in Figure 1.

(b) The activation of the blind spot information signal may be checked using the test procedure as specified in Annex 4 to this UN Regulation."

*Paragraph 6.5.10*., amend to read:

"6.5.10. The test is passed when the Blind Spot Information signal has been activated in all test cases as shown in Table 1 of Appendix 1 to this Regulation before the vehicle has crossed line C (see paragraph 6.5.7. above) or the activation of the blind spot information signal has been verified using the test procedure as specified in Annex 4, and the Blind Spot Information signal has not been activated in any test run when the vehicle passes the traffic sign (see paragraph 6.5.8. above).

…"

*Insert a new Annex 4,* to read:

**"Annex 4**

**Alternative Blind Spot Information Dynamic Test**

0. Test concept and requirements for use (not legally binding)

This alternative test procedure can be used to verify the conformity of the blind spot information system to paragraph 5.3.1.4. with regard to the activation timing as specified in paragraph 6.5.7. and 6.5.10., provided that the tests are performed with equipment that allows to control the position of both the vehicle under test and the bicycle dummy with an absolute accuracy of ± 0.5 m at all times. This equipment consists of a means to influence the vehicle movement, such as a driving robot system or a driving system that utilizes access to the vehicle’s actuators, a robot-controlled platform for the bicycle dummy, and position measurement systems using a fusion of differential global navigation satellite systems and an inertial measurement unit. Note that the other requirements of paragraph 5.3.1.4., especially false positives and first point of information (FPI), still need to be checked with the test procedure as specified in paragraph 6.5 and its subparagraphs.

1. Test procedure

1.1. Verify that the vehicle and the test track are in the condition as required per section 6 and its subparagraphs.

1.2. Equip the vehicle with the following equipment:

1.2.1. A position measurement system, able to measure the vehicle position with an accuracy of 5 cm, such as a differential global navigation satellite system (GNSS) and inertial measurement unit fusion system, sampling at no less than 100 Hz.

1.2.2. A driving system that is able to modulate the direction, deceleration and acceleration of the vehicle under test in order to follow recorded trajectories with an accuracy of 50 cm when comparing recorded and replayed trajectory over time.

If the driving system does not allow a sufficient manual control, it may be absent during the recording of the trajectory as defined in paragraph 1.3. below.

1.2.3. A system to detect the information and warning signals after their activation with a time delay of not more than 25 ms.

1.3. Drive manually and record vehicle position over time for all relevant envelopes described in Appendix 1 for the vehicle under test. Modulate the speed as necessary during the turn while staying in the performance requirements as specified in section 5.3.1. (e.g. up to 30 km/h vehicle speed). The initial speed as specified in Appendix 1 should be maintained until passing a line corresponding to x=-30 in the coordinate system as specified in Appendix 1.

The vehicle shall be driven in such a way that the vehicle front is inside the dedicated points given for the respective envelopes in Appendix 1 at all times. This shall be verified with the measured data.

A marking of the positions using markers is permitted but not necessary.

If deemed justified by the technical service, any other trajectories that would be driven with the given vehicle to negotiate 90° turns may be tested as well.

1.4. Drive the tests according to the table in appendix 1, using the driving system and the trajectories as recorded while performing paragraph 1.4. of this annex, ensuring the bicycle dummy robot is synchronized to impact the vehicle under test at the respective impact position (the front right corner (-0, +0.5 m) or a position 6 m (+0, -0.5 m) behind the front right corner of the vehicle) and is travelling on the respective y coordinate.

It may be necessary and shall be allowed to synchronize the dummy robot against a replay of the vehicle under test (VUT) trajectories (with full driving system control over speed and steering) rather than against the originally recorded trajectory while driving manually.

The dummy speed shall be at the respective speed with a tolerance of +- 2 km/h at all times. The dummy robot starting position should be X=-65m. The acceleration of the dummy shall be such that the dummy shall have reached the speed for the actual test case, as shown in Table 1 in Appendix 1 to this Annex, after a distance of not more than 5.66 m and after the acceleration the dummy shall move within the specified tolerance of +- 2 km/h. The vehicle shall start to move sufficiently before dummy start to allow this dummy starting position.

If the correct collision position for each VUT trajectory has been verified with a test run without a dummy on the carrier platform and repeatability of the test setup has been verified as well, the test may be aborted after detection of the information signal.

1.5. Calculate the stopping distance with respect to passing the bicycle trajectory for each individual trajectory and each available sampling point, taking into account a possible vehicle deceleration of 5 m/s² and a reaction time of 1.4 seconds.

The calculation may be performed in the following manner:

Calculate the required braking distance *d*brake for each data point on the trajectory, using the following equation:

,   
using the momentaneous vehicle speed *v*(*t*) in m/s.

The distance of the VUT front right corner on its path to the bicycle line of movement shall be *d*Bicycletrajecrory(*t*).

The position of the last point of information then is given by the first time where the following condition applies:

|*d*Bicycletrajecrory(*t*). - *d*brake,total(*t*) | < 0.35 m

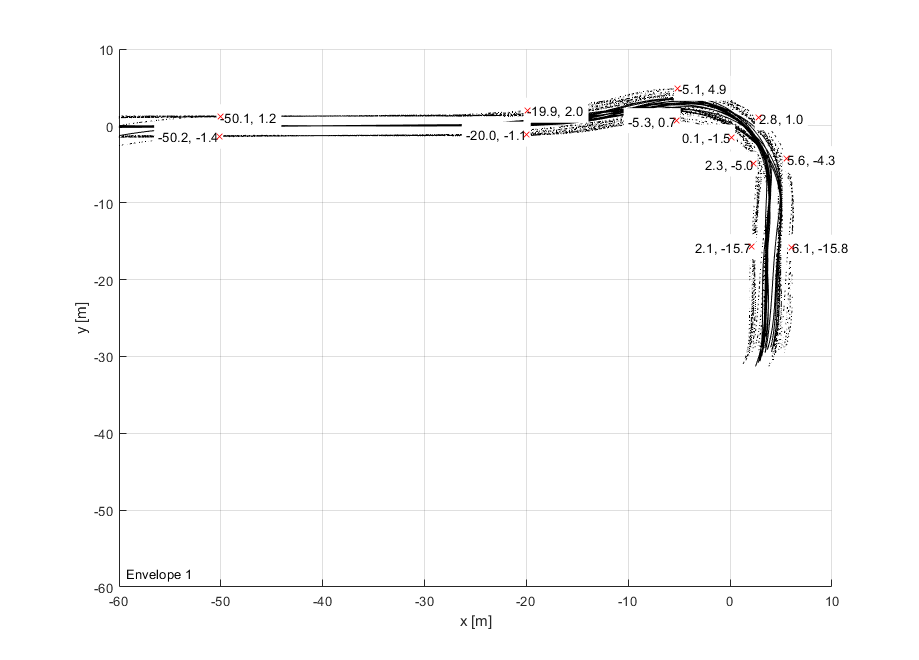
1.6. The test procedure is considered to be passed, and consequently the vehicle is deemed to have fulfilled paragraphs 6.5.6., 6.5.7. and 6.5.10., if the information signal is given at a distance (on the path coordinate of the individual trajectories) greater than the stopping distance (on the path coordinate of the individual trajectories) as calculated in paragraph 1.5. above for all required test runs conducted according to paragraph 1.4. above.

1.7. All measurement data (in the form of plots) and all calculations done in paragraph 1.5. shall be included in a test report with regard to this annex. The test report shall be annexed to the certificate.

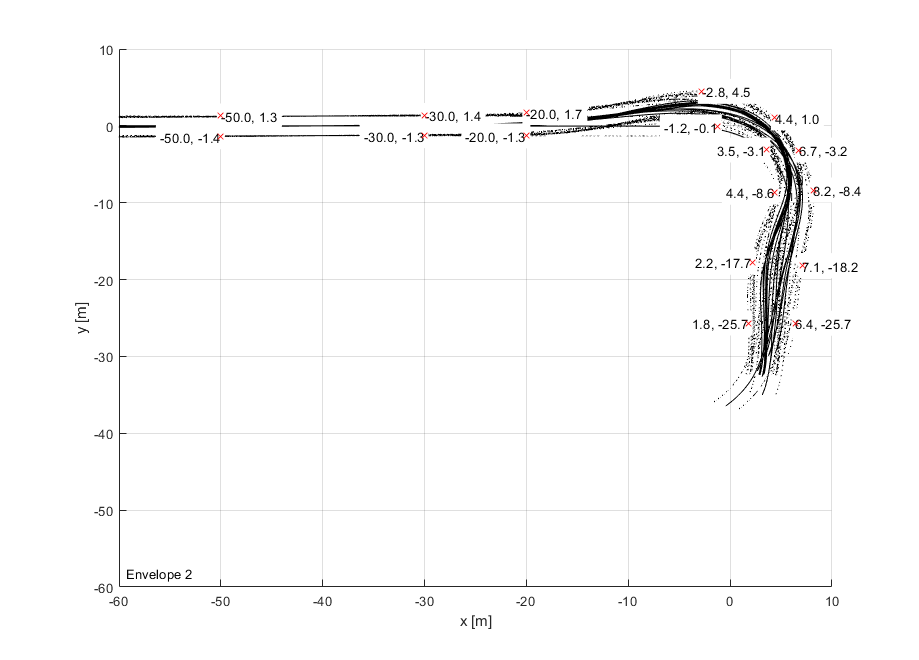
**Appendix**

Envelopes and their dedicated points

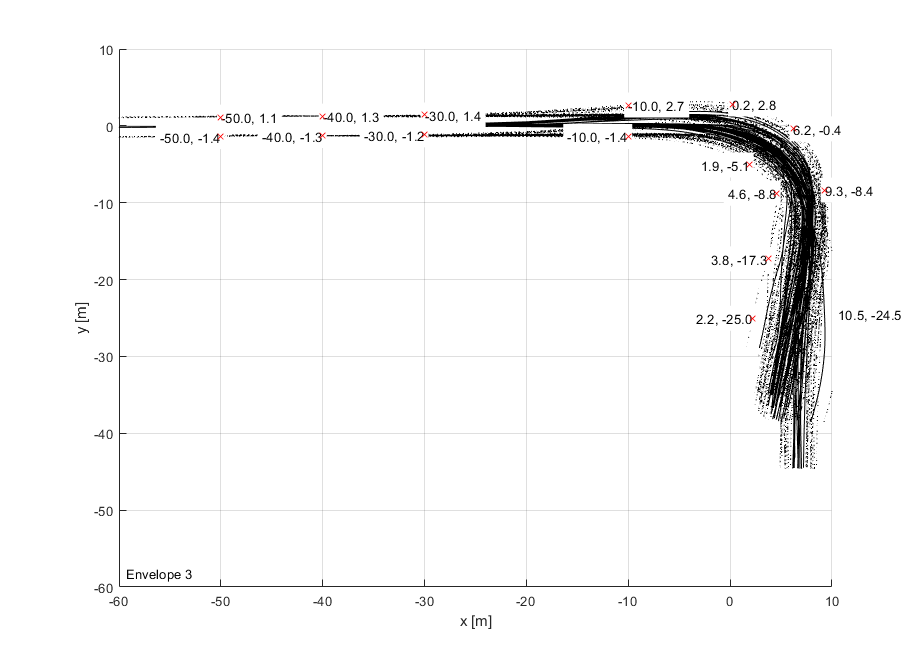
**Envelope 1:**



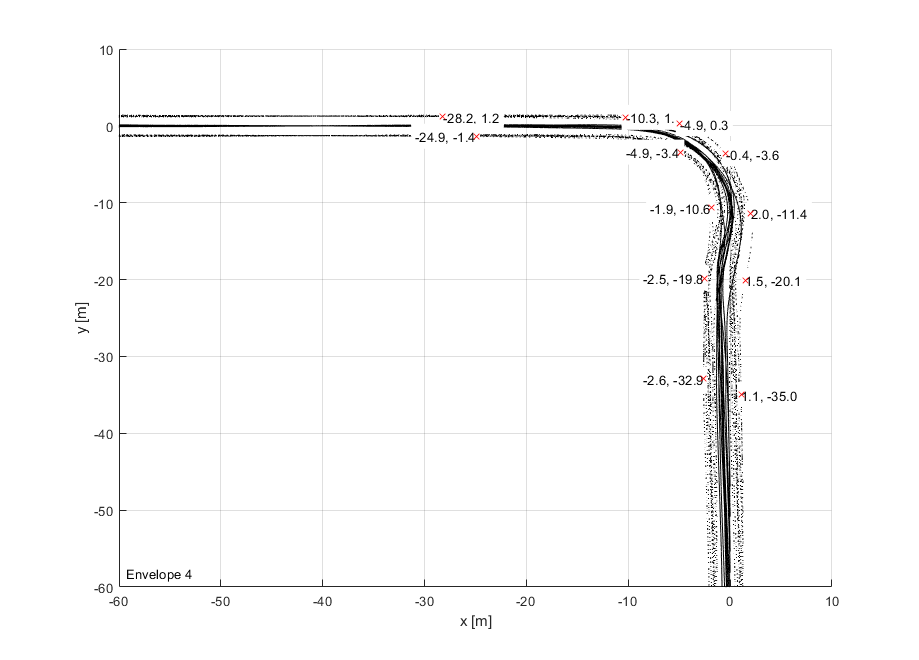
**Envelope 2 (not considering the outlier test run):**



**Envelope 3:**



**Envelope 4:**



**Envelope 5:**

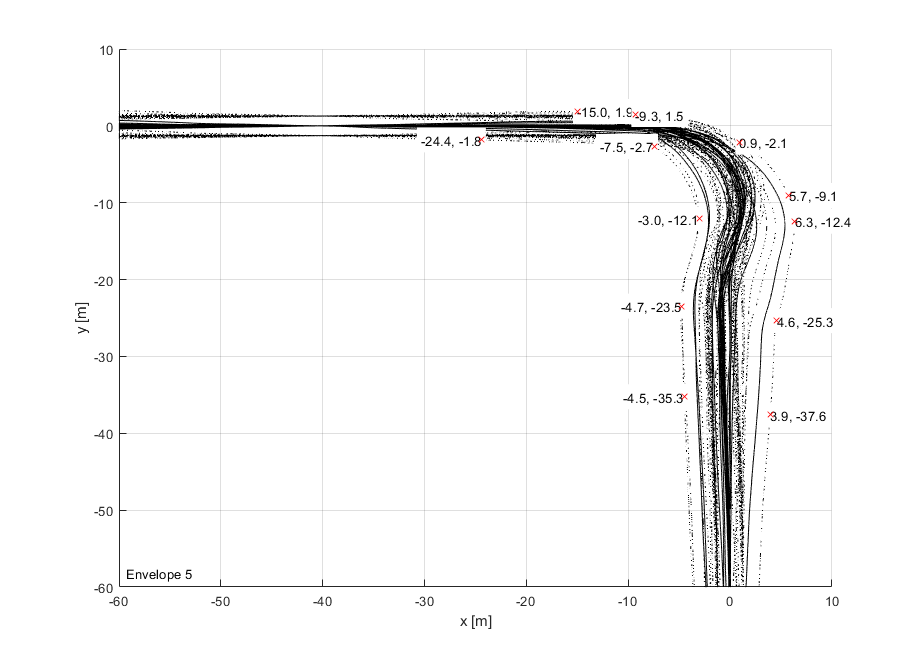


Table 1

**Scenarios (other parameters possible as long as those are within the limits as defined in the core text)**

|  | *Envelope* | *Lateral bicycle coordinate with respect to dummy center, in the coordinate systems as shown above (tolerance: ± 0.1 m)* | *Bicycle speed (tolerance:  ± 2 km/h)* | *Initial vehicle speed (tolerance: ± 2 km/h)* | *Impact position with tolerance (for two points each)* |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Single trucks, single tractors | 1,3 | -2.9 m, -5.7 m | 10 km/h, 20 km/h | 10 km/h, 20 km/h | 0m (-0 m, +0.5 m), 6m (-0.5 m, +0 m) |
| Trucks equipped to tow trailers | 1, 2, 3 | -2.9 m, -5.7 m | 10 km/h, 20 km/h | 10 km/h, 20 km/h | 0m (-0 m, +0.5 m), 6m (-0.5 m, +0 m) |
| Tractors (equipped to tow semitrailers) | 1, 3 | -2.9 m, -5.7 m | 10 km/h, 20 km/h | 10 km/h, 20 km/h | 0m (-0 m, +0.5 m), 6m (-0.5 m, +0 m) |
| M3 Class I with the exception of articulated M3 Class I[[3]](#footnote-4)1 | 4, 5 | -2.9 m, -5.7 m | 10 km/h, 20 km/h | 10 km/h, 20 km/h | 0m (-0 m, +0.5 m), 6m (-0.5 m, +0 m) |
| All other M3 | 5 | -2.9 m, -5.7 m | 10 km/h, 20 km/h | 10 km/h, 20 km/h | 0m (-0 m, +0.5 m), 6m (-0.5 m, +0 m) |

Place the relevant speed signs in relation to the vehicle longitudinally within the first 10 m of the trajectory, and with a distance of up to 2 m laterally to the foreseen vehicle path, but not in the vehicle path."

1. \* In accordance with the programme of work of the Inland Transport Committee for 2022 as outlined in proposed programme budget for 2022 (A/76/6 (part V sect. 20) para 20.76), the World Forum will develop, harmonize and update UN Regulations in order to enhance the performance of vehicles. The present document is submitted in conformity with that mandate. [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
2. \*\* This document has been submitted late for technical reasons. [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
3. 1 As defined in the Consolidated Resolution on the Construction of Vehicles (R.E.3.), document ECE/TRANS/WP.29/78/Rev.6, para. 2. - https://unece.org/transport/vehicle-regulations/wp29/resolutions [↑](#footnote-ref-4)