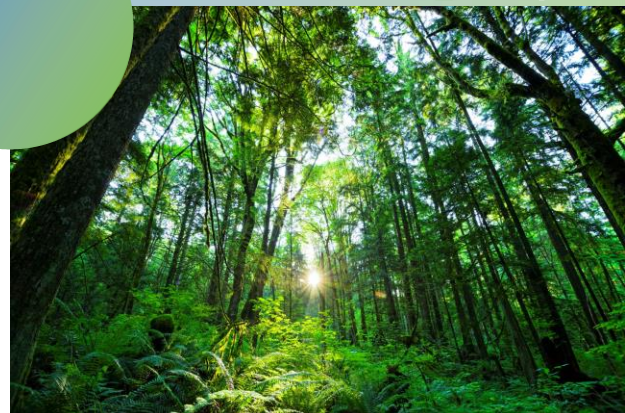




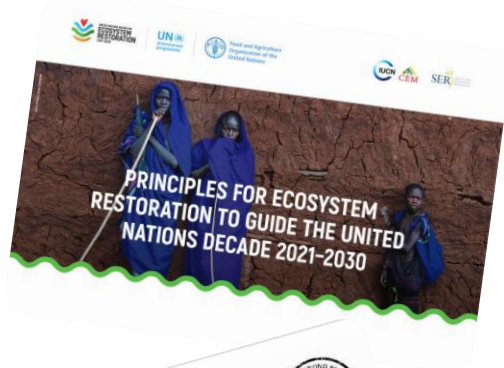
National Policy Guiding Principles for Forest Landscape Restoration

23-24 June 2022, Bishkek, Kyrgyzstan

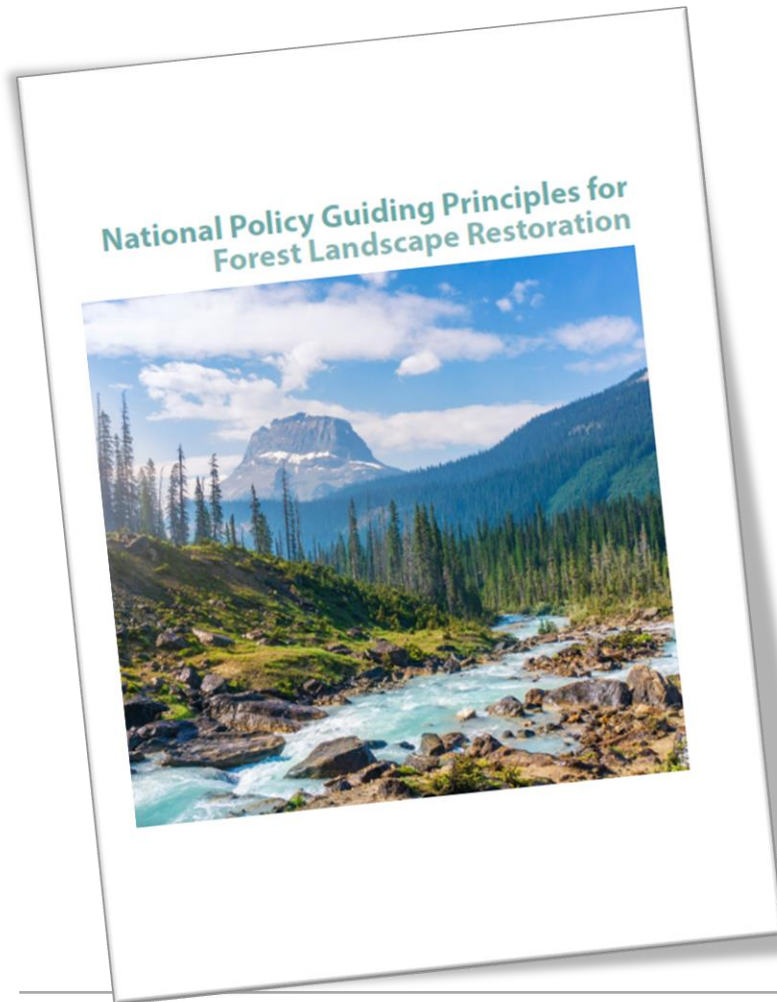


Rationale for the National Policy Guiding Principles?

- Numbers of trainings and tools available (about 9 guidelines and best practices)
- However, conservation, afforestation, and reforestation activities have been carried out for many years, **but with mixed results**



Rationale for the National Policy Guiding Principles?



Lesson learned: what is needed in addition, is an integrated approach that takes into account capacity and needs of all main stakeholders

FLR requires effective policy frameworks to meet international commitments

Governance checklist – what, for whom?

- Guides policy-makers in FLR implementation based on decades of experiences in forestry and FLR
- 7 guiding principles and 8 cross-cutting principles
- Tailored for CCA countries but globally applicable
- Available in English and Russian



Governance checklist – 7 guiding principles



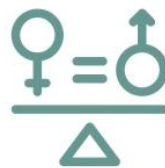
Governance checklist – 8 cross-cutting principles



**Build on commitments
and partnerships**



**Ensure a participatory
approach**



Mainstream gender



**Address needs of people
with disabilities**



**Biodiversity
protection**



**Adapt to
climate change**



Regional approach



Alleviate poverty

Governance checklist – the benefits



Easy framework for streamlined policy and strategy development



Broad stakeholder support



Higher visibility



Increased funding opportunities



Effective contributions to international commitments

Principle - Development of a national FLR strategy



THROUGH:

- Stakeholder analysis
- Identification of root causes of forest landscape degradation
- SWOT analysis to identify internal and external working environment of forest administration
- Identification of social, economic and political problems and needs that forest administration should respond to
- Drafting mission statement, including short, medium- and long-term actions
- Identifying strategic issues
- Formulating strategies (5 years timeframe)
- Formulating immediate actions (2 years timeframe)
- Formulating a vision of success

Principle - Implementation strategies for effective FLR



- Protect and restore **what exists**
- Restore forest landscape through **planting, nature-based regeneration** and other technical measures
- Greening other non-forest sectors in support of FLR:
 - **Greening agriculture by alleviating drivers of forest landscape degradation resulting from agricultural practices**
 - **Greening infrastructures investments**
 - **Greening urban and peri-urban centres**

Creating real, lasting sustainable Impact:

National Policy Guiding Principles – pave the way for **meaningful and sustainable FLR interventions**:

Involve all relevant stakeholders in the process

- **Create effective synergies** (sometimes between conflicting objectives and measures) to achieve common FLR goals
- Support the **design of lasting FLR interventions** – learning from past mistakes, developing sustainable common new ways forward and tapping into funding opportunities

To make FLR a main contributor to sustainable livelihood and to mitigating climate change



UNECE



Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations



THANK YOU

Dominique Reeb
Consultant
UNECE/FAO Forestry and Timber Section
United Nations Economic Commission for Europe

23-24 June 2022, Bishkek, Kyrgyzstan

