In this Annex:
- The examples are fine quality products;
- Among these examples there has been no need to trace back a product;
- These examples are P.O. Box address or non-unique address (often an indication of an area (e.g., business park);
- In some of these examples the P.O. Box address looks like a physical address to inspectors;
- In these examples there is no doubt the packer and/or the dispatcher can be identified by the authorities of origin (presumably by the P.O. box address).
- All examples gave a lot of discussion and took a lot of scrutinize time to check.
Israël (UNECE MEMBER) – Mango’s:

- Producer (packer and/or the dispatcher) is registered by authorities on P.O. box address.
Puerto Rico (USA UNECE MEMBER) – Mango’s:

- P.O. Box 848, Santa Isabel, P.R. 00757; We assume producer is registered by authorities on P.O. box address.
Example Kenya:

- Producer is registered by authorities on P.O. box address.
Example Panama - Melon:
(Somewhere along the) Calle 8va, Final Barriada El Rosario (neighborhood the Rosary), Chitré (Not a unique address / area indication)
We assume producer is registered by authorities on P.O. box address.
Zimbabwe - Citrus:

- We assume packer is registered by authorities on P.O. box address.
Côte d'Ivoire – Mango’s:

- We assume producer is registered by authorities on P.O. box address.
- Quartier Residentiel lots 1727-1728 IIoI: 196 looks like an address
Tanzania – Avocado:

- We assume dispatcher is registered by authorities on P.O. box address.
- Packhouse: Njombe, Hagafilo looks like an address (Not a unique address)
Zambia – Passion fruit:

- We assume producer is registered by authorities on Farm number.
- FARM 3552
  Mkushi Zambia
  Looks like an address unique identifier (Farm) number
**Senegal – Tomato’s:**

- We assume producer is registered by authorities on P.O. box address.
- Looks like an address

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grands Domaines du Sénégal</th>
<th>Produit / Product</th>
<th>Poids</th>
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<tr>
<td>Ndawdoone BP 634 Saint-Louis Sénégal</td>
<td>Tomates Cerises Cherry Tomatoes</td>
<td>15/20</td>
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<tr>
<td>GGN 4049928437525</td>
<td>Tomates Cerises Olivettes Baby Plum</td>
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<tr>
<td>N° de lot</td>
<td>Tomates Cerises Grappes Vine Cherry Tomatoes</td>
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<td>Origin</td>
<td>Category</td>
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<td>Sénégal</td>
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</table>

**Reference:**
- Kwaliteits-Controle-Bureau
Egypt – Orange’s:

- We assume producer is registered by authorities on P.O. box address;
- Looks like an address combined with P.O. Box (Not a unique address AGREEN has the same address.)
Costa Rica – Pineapples:

• Piso 7 (Floor 7), Edificio Terrazas B, Plaza Roble, Escazú, San Jose, Costa Rica; “Produced and packed by” The address mentioned seems to be an office and not production location or packing location. Physical address of dispatch? (or mailbox company?)
Conclusions:

• It is up to country of origin (country of export) to make sure the packer and/or the dispatcher can be identified by its address.

• Products are fine, rejection of thousands of colli products by importing countries simply on a P.O. Box address (often the address used by authorities in the country of origin for registration purposes) makes packers and/or dispatchers victims of the standard (the requirement of a physical address) set. (Especially when there is no unique physical address supplied by authorities to these companies). Reduce losses and waste starts here by not rejecting on P.O. Box at import.