Questionnaire for the report of NORWAY on the implementation of the Protocol on Strategic Environmental Assessment in the period 2019–2021

Information on the focal point for the Protocol

1. Name and contact information:

Bjørn Bugge Ministry of Climate and Energy P.o. box 8013 Dep. NO-0030 Oslo bjorn.bugge@kld.dep.no

Tel: +47 92098216

Mari Lise Sjong Norwegian Environment agency mari.lise.sjong@miljodir.no

Tel.: +47 47024543

Information on the point of contact for the Protocol

2. Name and contact information (if different from above):

Mari Lise Sjong Norwegian Environment agency mari.lise.sjong@miljodir.no

Tel.: +47 47024543

Anne Elisabeth Katmo Norwegian Environment Agency anne.katmo@miljodir.no

Tel.: +47 95152110

Information on the person responsible for preparing the report

3. Country: Norway

4. Surname: Sjong

5. Forename: Mari Lise

6. Institution: Norwegian Environment Agency

7. Postal address: Miljødirektoratet, Postboks 5672 Torgarden, 7485 Trondheim

8. Email address: mari.lise.sjong@miljodir.no

9. Telephone number: +47 47024543

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Part one

Current legal and administrative framework for the implementation of the Protocol

In this part, please describe the legal, administrative and other measures taken in your country to implement the provisions of the Protocol. This part should describe the framework for your country's implementation, and not its experience in the application of, the Protocol.

Please do not reproduce the text of the legislation itself but summarize and explicitly refer to the relevant provisions transposing the text of the Protocol (for example, Strategic Environmental Assessment Law of the Republic of ..., article 5 (3) of Government Resolution No. ..., para. ... item...)

Article 3 General provisions

- I.3. According to article 3 (1) of the Protocol: "Each Party shall take the necessary legislative, regulatory and other appropriate measures to implement the provisions of this Protocol within a clear, transparent framework." Please provide the main legislative, regulatory and other measures your country has adopted to implement the Protocol (art. 3, (1)) (more than one option may apply):
- (a) Law on strategic environmental assessment (please provide exact title/reference number/year/access link, if any):
 - Lov om planlegging og byggesaksbehandling (Planning and building act) https://lovdata.no/dokument/NL/lov/2008-06-27-71
- (b) Strategic environmental assessment provisions are transposed into another law/other laws (please specify, providing title/reference number/year/access link, if any):
 - Petroleumsloven (Petroleum act) https://lovdata.no/dokument/NL/lov/1996-11-29-72
 - Lov om fornybar energiproduksjon til havs (Offshore renewable energy act) https://lovdata.no/dokument/NL/lov/2010-06-04-21
 - Lov om mineralvirksomhet på kontinentalsokkelen (Act on mineral activities on the continental shelf https://lovdata.no/dokument/NL/lov/2019-03-22-7
- (c) Regulation (please indicate title/reference number/year/access link, if any):
 - Forskrift om konsekvensutredninger (regulations on EIA and SEA) https://lovdata.no/dokument/SF/forskrift/2017-06-21-854
 - Forskrift til lov om petroleumsvirksomhet (Regulations on petroleum activities) https://lovdata.no/dokument/SF/forskrift/petroleumsforskriften2017-06-21-854
- (d) Administrative rule (please indicate title/reference number/year/access link, if any):
- (e) Other (please specify):

Please explain:

Article 4

Field of application concerning plans and programmes

I.4.1 Which plans and programmes referred to in article 4 (2)–(4) of the Protocol are set out in your country's legislation?

List the types of plans and programmes that require strategic environmental assessment in your country's legislation and provide references to the relevant legislation:

Plans and programmes prepared for:

Agriculture

Forestry

Fisheries

Energy

- Opening of oil fields. Petroleumsloven (Petroleum act) https://lovdata.no/dokument/NL/lov/1996-11-29-72
- Opening of areas for offs-shore wind power production Lov om fornybar energiproduksjon til havs (Offshore renewable energy act) https://lovdata.no/dokument/NL/lov/2010-06-04-21

Industry including mining

 Deep sea mining (Act on mineral activities on the continental shelf) https://lovdata.no/dokument/NL/lov/2019-03-22-7

Transport

Regional development

 Regional plans, when the plans set out frameworks for initiatives in Annexes I and II. Forskrift om konsekvensutredninger (Regulations on EIA and SEA) https://lovdata.no/dokument/SF/forskrift/2017-06-21-854

Waste management

Water management

Plans according to the Water Framework Directive.

Telecommunications

Tourism

Town and country planning

• The land-use element of the municipal master plan, and municipal sub-plans and area zoning plans when the plans set out frameworks for projects in Annexes I and II. Lov om planlegging og byggesaksbehandling (Planning and building act) https://lovdata.no/dokument/NL/lov/2008-06-27-71 Forskrift om konsekvens-utredninger (Regulations on EIA and SEA) https://lovdata.no/dokument/SF/forskrift/2017-06-21-854

Land use

As above

Other (including those falling under article 4 (3)–(4)), please list

Please explain: SEA regulations for plans and programmes do not explicitly detail sector PPs (see third bullet point):

• The land-use element of the municipal master plan

- Regional plans, municipal sub-plans and area zoning plans when the plans set out frameworks for initiatives in Annexes I and II.
- Plans and programmes in accordance with other legislation that set the framework for projects in Annexes I and II and which are adopted by a ministry

I.4.2. Explain how you define whether a plan or programme "set the framework for future development consent" (art. 4 (2)):

There is no explicit definition in the legislation, but implicitly it would be defined as setting guidelines for further development or requiring more detailed planning.

I.4.3. Explain how the term "plans and programmes ... which determine the use of small areas at local level" (art. 4 (4)) is interpreted in your country's legislation:

As Norwegian regulations cover both SEA and EIA, requirements for assessment are relatively seamless between large or small areas. A detailed zoning plan is screened according to criteria similar to annex I and II in the EIA directive.

I.4.4. Explain how you identify in your legislation a "minor modification" to a plan or programme (art. 4 (4)):

Extensions or changes to projects in Annex I, where the extension or change in itself exceeds the size criteria in the Annex, would be considered "major" (as opposed to "minor"). Where no size criteria have been given, the extension or change shall be assessed in accordance with screening criteria. Thus, focus is on the impact, not on the modification being major or minor.

Article 5 Screening

I.5.1 According to article 5 (1): "Each Party shall determine whether plans and programmes referred to in article 4, paragraphs 3 and 4, are likely to have significant environmental, including health, effects either through a case-by-case examination or by specifying types of plans and programmes or by combining both approaches."

How do you determine which plans and programmes referred to in article 4 (3)–(4) should be subject to a strategic environmental assessment? Please specify:

(a) On a case-by-case basis

(a)	On a case-by-case basis
(b)	By specifying types of plans and programmes \boxtimes
(c)	By using a combination of (a) and (b) above \square
(d)	Other (please specify):
Please	explain: No such provision.

I.5.2. According to article 5 (2), each Party shall ensure that the environmental and health authorities are consulted during screening.

Please explain whether your legislation provides for consultation with environmental and health authorities at the screening stage and, if so, how.

(a)	On a case-by-case basis:
(b)	As defined in the national legislation:
(c)	Other (please specify) No such provision, ref. question I.5.2.
Please	explain:

$\textbf{I.5.3.} \ \ \textbf{According to article 5 (3): "To the extent appropriate, each Party shall endeavour to provide opportunities for the participation of the public concerned in \mathbb{R}^{2} and \mathbb{R}^{2} are the participation of the public concerned in \mathbb{R}^{2}.}$ the screening of plans and programmes under this article."

Please indicate whether you provide opportunities for the public concerned to participate in
screening of plans and programmes in your legislation and, if so, how.

	e indicate whether you provide opportunities for the public concerned to participate in ning of plans and programmes in your legislation and, if so, how.
	No ⊠
	Yes
Pleas	e specify (more than one option may apply):
(a)	By sending written comments to the relevant authority
(b)	By completing a questionnaire
(c)	By taking part in a public hearing
(d)	Other (please specify):
Pleas	e explain:
	icle 6 ping
deter	According to article 6 (1): "Each Party shall establish arrangements for the rmination of the relevant information to be included in the environmental report cordance with article 7, paragraph 2."
	e explain how you determine the relevant information to be included in the onmental report.
scopi witho	regulations set basic requirements. Competent authority decides, with input from ng process. (Scoping with public hearing for plans with mandatory SEA. Scoping out public hearing for plans and programmes in accordance with other legislation that at frameworks for projects in Annexes I and II and which are adopted by a ministry.)
	According to article 6 (2), each Party shall ensure that the environmental and h authorities are consulted during scoping.
	e explain whether your country's legislation provides for consultation with onmental and health authorities at the scoping stage and, if so, how.
(a)	On a case-by-case basis:
(b)	As defined in the national legislation: \boxtimes
(c)	Other (please specify)
	e explain: Regulations do not specify who to consult with. However, environmental prities will always be consulted, and health authorities when relevant.
ende	According to article 6 (3): "To the extent appropriate, each Party shall avour to provide opportunities for the participation of the public concerned when mining the relevant information to be included in the environmental report."
	e indicate whether your country's legislation provides opportunities for the public erned to participate in scoping of plans and programmes and, if so, how.
	No 🗌
	Yes 🖂
Pleas	e specify (more than one option may apply):

By sending written comments to the relevant authority \boxtimes

(a)

5

(b)	By completing a questionnaire		
(c)	By taking part in a public hearing		
(d)	Other (please specify):		
Please	explain:		
_	Article 7 Environmental report		
the de	I.7.1. According to article 7 (2): "The environmental report shall, in accordance with the determination under article 6, identify, describe and evaluate the likely significant environmental, including health, effects of implementing the plan or programme and its reasonable alternatives."		
How o	do you determine "reasonable alternatives"? Please specify (more than one option may be		
(a)	On a case-by-case basis ⊠		
(b)	As defined in the national legislation (please specify):		
(c)	By using a combination of (a) and (b) above		
(d)	Other (please specify):		
Please	explain:		
	According to article 7 (3): "Each Party shall ensure that environmental reports sufficient quality to meet the requirements of this Protocol."		
How o	do you ensure that quality of the reports is sufficient? Please specify:		
	The competent authority checks the information provided and ensures that it includes formation required under annex IV as a minimum before making it available for ents \boxtimes		
(b)	By using quality checklists		
(c)	There are no specific procedures or mechanisms		
(d)	Other (please specify):		
Please	explain:		
Article 8 Public participation I.8.1. According to article 8 (2): "Each Party, using electronic media or other appropriate means, shall ensure the timely public availability of the draft plan or programme and the environmental report."			
	do you notify the public and make the draft plans and programmes and the onmental report available? Please specify (more than one option may apply):		
(a)	Through public notices in printed media ⊠		
(b)	Through electronic media		
(c)	Placing copies in public offices for the public		
(d)	Through other means: Direct e-mails to relevant authorities and NGOs.		
Please	explain:		

	According to article 8 (3): "Each Party shall ensure that the public concerned, ling relevant non-governmental organizations, is identified for the purposes of graphs 1 and 4."
How	do you identify the public concerned? Please specify (more than one option may apply):
(a)	Based on the geographical location of the plans and programmes \boxtimes
(b) plans	Based on the environmental effects (significance, extent, accumulation, etc.) of the and programmes \boxtimes
(c) identi	By making the information available to all members of the public and letting them fy themselves as the public concerned \boxtimes
(d)	By other means:
Please	e explain:
in par	According to article 8 (4): "Each Party shall ensure that the public referred to ragraph 3 has the opportunity to express its opinion on the draft plan or ramme and the environmental report within a reasonable time frame."
	can the public concerned express its opinion on the draft plan and programme and the onmental report? Please specify (more than one option may apply):
(a)	By sending comments to the relevant authority/focal point \boxtimes
(b)	By completing a questionnaire
(c)	By taking part in a public hearing
(d)	Other (please specify):
Please	e explain:
I.8.4.	According to article 8 (4): "The public [concerned, including relevant non-
gover	nmental organizations] has the opportunity to express its opinion within a nable time frame."
gover reaso Do yo	nmental organizations] has the opportunity to express its opinion within a
gover reaso Do yo	nmental organizations] has the opportunity to express its opinion within a nable time frame." ou have a definition (for example, a number of days) in your legislation of the term
gover reaso Do yo "with	nmental organizations] has the opportunity to express its opinion within a nable time frame." ou have a definition (for example, a number of days) in your legislation of the term in a reasonable time frame"? Please specify:
pover reaso Do yo "with (a)	nmental organizations] has the opportunity to express its opinion within a nable time frame." ou have a definition (for example, a number of days) in your legislation of the term in a reasonable time frame"? Please specify: No, it is defined on a case-by-case basis
Do yo "with (a) (b) (c)	nmental organizations] has the opportunity to express its opinion within a nable time frame." ou have a definition (for example, a number of days) in your legislation of the term in a reasonable time frame"? Please specify: No, it is defined on a case-by-case basis Yes (please provide the definition): Minimum of six weeks.
Do you with (a) (b) (c) Please	nmental organizations] has the opportunity to express its opinion within a nable time frame." ou have a definition (for example, a number of days) in your legislation of the term in a reasonable time frame"? Please specify: No, it is defined on a case-by-case basis Yes (please provide the definition): Minimum of six weeks. Other (please specify):
Do you with (a) (b) (c) Please Control L9.1. consurare lii	nmental organizations] has the opportunity to express its opinion within a nable time frame." ou have a definition (for example, a number of days) in your legislation of the term in a reasonable time frame"? Please specify: No, it is defined on a case-by-case basis Yes (please provide the definition): Minimum of six weeks. Other (please specify): exemplain your selection:
Do you with (a) (b) (c) Please Control L9.1. consulare liimple	nmental organizations] has the opportunity to express its opinion within a nable time frame." ou have a definition (for example, a number of days) in your legislation of the term in a reasonable time frame"? Please specify: No, it is defined on a case-by-case basis Yes (please provide the definition): Minimum of six weeks. Other (please specify): explain your selection: icle 9 isultation with environmental and health authorities According to article 9 (1): "Each Party shall designate the authorities to be alted which, by reason of their specific environmental or health responsibilities, kely to be concerned by the environmental, including health, effects of the
Do you with (a) (b) (c) Please Control L9.1. consulare liimple	nmental organizations] has the opportunity to express its opinion within a nable time frame." ou have a definition (for example, a number of days) in your legislation of the term in a reasonable time frame"? Please specify: No, it is defined on a case-by-case basis Yes (please provide the definition): Minimum of six weeks. Other (please specify): explain your selection: icle 9 isultation with environmental and health authorities According to article 9 (1): "Each Party shall designate the authorities to be alted which, by reason of their specific environmental or health responsibilities, kely to be concerned by the environmental, including health, effects of the mentation of the plan or programme."
pover reaso Do yo "with (a) (b) (c) Pleaso Arti Consulare lii imple	nmental organizations] has the opportunity to express its opinion within a nable time frame." ou have a definition (for example, a number of days) in your legislation of the term in a reasonable time frame"? Please specify: No, it is defined on a case-by-case basis Yes (please provide the definition): Minimum of six weeks. Other (please specify): e explain your selection: icle 9 isultation with environmental and health authorities According to article 9 (1): "Each Party shall designate the authorities to be alted which, by reason of their specific environmental or health responsibilities, kely to be concerned by the environmental, including health, effects of the mentation of the plan or programme." are the environmental and health authorities identified? Please specify:
pover reaso Do yo "with (a) (b) (c) Please Arti Consulare lii imple How a	nmental organizations] has the opportunity to express its opinion within a nable time frame." on have a definition (for example, a number of days) in your legislation of the term in a reasonable time frame"? Please specify: No, it is defined on a case-by-case basis Yes (please provide the definition): Minimum of six weeks. Other (please specify): explain your selection: icle 9 asultation with environmental and health authorities According to article 9 (1): "Each Party shall designate the authorities to be alted which, by reason of their specific environmental or health responsibilities, kely to be concerned by the environmental, including health, effects of the mentation of the plan or programme." are the environmental and health authorities identified? Please specify: On a case-by-case basis:

environmental or health responsibilities. By general practice, environmental authorities

(esp. the county governor) will always be consulted, whereas health authorities will be consulted when relevant.

I.9.2. According to article 9 (4): "Each Party shall determine the detailed arrangements for informing and consulting the environmental and health authorities referred to in paragraph 1."

How	are	the	arrangements	for	informing	and	consulting	the	environmental	and	health
autho	ritie	s det	ermined? Plea	se sp	ecify:						

(a) On a case-by-case basis: ⊠

(b) As defined in the national legislation: \boxtimes

(c) Other (please specify)

Please explain:

I.9.3. According to article 9 (3): "Each Party shall ensure that the authorities referred to in paragraph 1 are given, in an early, timely and effective manner, the opportunity to express their opinion on the draft plan or programme and the environmental report."

Does your national legislation call for consultations with environmental and health authorities?

(a) Yes (please refer to specific provisions and provide citations in order to clarify the issue) \boxtimes

Forskrift om konsekvensutredninger (Regulations on EIA and SEA), Section 25 Consultation on the planning proposal or application with impact assessment: The competent authority or proposer shall circulate the planning proposal or application for an initiative with the impact assessment for comments to the affected authorities, parties and interest groups and present the documents for public scrutiny. A reasonable time limit for comments shall be set. The time limit shall be at least six weeks.

(b) No ...

Please explain:

I.9.4. How can the environmental and health authorities express their opinion?

(a) By sending comments

(b) By completing a questionnaire

(c) In a meeting

(d) By other means (please specify)

Please explain:

Article 10

Transboundary consultations

I.10.1. According to article 10 (1): "Where a Party of origin considers that the implementation of a plan or programme is likely to have significant transboundary environmental, including health, effects or where a Party likely to be significantly affected so requests, the Party of origin shall as early as possible before the adoption of the plan or programme notify the affected Party."

As a Party of origin, when do you notify the affected Party?

(a) During scoping ⊠

(b)	When the draft plan or programme and the environmental report have been prepared
(c)	At other times (please specify):
Please	explain:
(a)	According to article 10 (2): "[The] notification shall contain, inter alia: The draft plan or programme and the environmental report including nation on its possible transboundary environmental, including health, effects;
(b) of a re	Information regarding the decision-making procedure, including an indication easonable time schedule for the transmission of comments."
As a F	Party of origin, what information do you include in the notification? Please specify:
(a)	The information required by article 10 (2)
(b) specif	The information required by article 10 (2), plus additional information (please y):
progre questi	e explain: As we usually notify during the scoping stage, there is no draft plan or amme or environmental report, but a terms of reference/scoping programme. Thus, the on cannot be answered as it is. However, at a later stage we send the draft PP + onmental report and other information required by 10.2 to affected parties.
	According to article 10 (2): "The notification shall contain, inter alia: an ation of a reasonable time schedule for the transmission of comments."
	Party of origin, does your legislation indicate a reasonable time schedule (in days, , months) for the affected Party? Please specify:
(a) own c	No \boxtimes Indirectly, legislation says time frames should be equal to time frames in our ountry, that is: a minimum of six weeks.
(b)	Yes (please indicate how long):
	s", please explain whether that schedule contains individual time frames for a response notification and for provision of comments and specify those in days, weeks, months, evant:
enter conce them affect	According to article 10 (3)–(4), when the affected Party expresses its wish to into consultations before the adoption of the plan or programme, the Parties rned shall enter into consultations further to detailed arrangements agreed by with a view to ensuring that the public concerned and the authorities in the ed Party are informed and given an opportunity to forward their opinion within conable time frame.
How o	do the Parties agree on detailed arrangements?
(a)	Following those of the Party of origin
(b)	Following those of the affected Party
(c)	On a case-by-case basis
(d)	In accordance with existing arrangements (for example, bilateral agreement)
(e)	Other (please specify):
Please	explain:

Article 11 Decision

I.11.1. According to article 11 (1): "Each Party shall ensure that when a plan or programme is adopted due account is taken of: (a) [t]he conclusions of the environmental report; (b) [t]he measures to prevent, reduce or mitigate the adverse effects identified in the environmental report; and (c) [t]he comments received in accordance with articles 8 to 10."

Please specify how your country ensures that due account is taken of:

- (a) The conclusions of the environmental report \boxtimes
- (b) Mitigation measures ⊠
- (c) Comments received in accordance with articles 8–10 ⊠

Please explain:

All of this should be disclosed and used in justifying the decision, according to section 29 of Forskrift om konsekvensutredninger (Regulations on EIA and SEA): The competent authority shall take due account of the impact assessment and the comments received when considering the plan or initiative. In the case presentation or decision recommendation, the characteristics of the plan or initiative and the significant impact the plan or initiative will have on the environment and society shall be described. It shall be stated how the comments received have been assessed and what significance they have been assigned. Conditions shall be set to avoid, limit, remedy and if possible, compensate for significant impact on the environment and society. The competent authority shall ensure that the proposer meets the conditions.

I.11.2. According to article 11 (2): "Each Party shall ensure that, when a plan or programme is adopted, the public, the authorities ... and the Parties consulted ... are informed, and that the plan or programme is made available to them together with a statement summarizing how the environmental, including health, considerations have been integrated into it, how the comments received ... have been taken into account and the reasons for adopting it in the light of the reasonable alternatives considered."

How and when do you inform your own public and authorities?

(a) Pursuant to national legislation (please refer to specific provisions and provide citations in order to clarify the procedure followed): \boxtimes

Forskrift om konsekvensutredninger (Regulations on EIA and SEA), Section 30 Publication of the decision When the competent authority has made a decision on the matter, this shall be made known to the public and the authorities concerned. The documents shall be available through electronic media, as long as it is in compliance with the law. Planning decisions shall be announced in accordance with the Planning and Building Act sections 8-4, 11-15 and 12-12.

(b) Other (please specify):

Please explain:

I.11.3. Does the information provided to the public and authorities include?

- (a) Plan or programme:
- (b) Statement summarizing how the environmental, including health, considerations have been integrated into the plan or programme, and how the comments received have been taken into account:
- (c) The reasons for adopting the plan or programme in the light of the reasonable alternatives considered: \boxtimes

I.11.4. How do you inform the Parties consulted (art. 11 (2))?
(a) By informing the point of contact 🔀
(b) By informing the contact person of the ministry responsible for strategic environmental assessment, who then follows the national procedure and informs his/her own authorities and public
(c) By informing all the authorities involved in the assessment and letting them inform their own public \Box
(d) Other (please specify):
Your comments:
Article 12
Monitoring
According to article 12 (1)–(2): "1. Each Party shall monitor the significant environmental, including health, effects of the implementation of the plans and programmes.
2. The results of the monitoring shall be made available to the authorities and to the public."
I.12. Describe the legal requirements for monitoring the significant environmental, including health, effects of the implementation of the plans and programmes:
854/2017/Forskrift om konsekvensutredninger (Regulations on EIA and SEA), Section 29 Where necessary, the competent authority shall set requirements for monitoring significant negative impact of the plan or initiative on the environment and society. When monitoring is required, the competent authority shall determine the procedure, as well as the duration and scope of the monitoring.
Article 13
Policies and legislation
According to article 13 (1): "Each Party shall endeavour to ensure that environmental, including health, concerns are considered and integrated to the extent appropriate in the preparation of its proposals for policies and legislation that are likely to have significant effects on the environment, including health."
I.13. Does your country have national legislation on the application of principles and elements of the Protocol as regards policies and legislation? Please specify.
(a) Yes (please specify which articles of the Protocol apply):
(b) No 🔀
Please explain:

Part two Practical application during the period 2019–2021¹

Please report on your country's practical experiences in applying the Protocol (not your country's procedures, as described in part one). The focus here is on identifying good practices as well as difficulties Parties have encountered in applying the Protocol in practice. The goal is to enable Parties to share solutions. Please therefore provide appropriate examples highlighting application of the Protocol and innovative approaches to improving its application. Parties' reporting also provides useful information to other countries within and beyond the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (ECE) region that facilitates their efforts to implement and accede to the Protocol.

Part two also focuses on issues identified in the third review of implementation^a by Parties and those issues that have been identified as priorities by Parties in the 2021–2023 workplan.^b It also addresses the objectives of the Long-term strategy and the action plan for the Convention and the Protocol related to: "Adapting the reviews [of implementation] to maximize their usefulness as a source of information, highlight progress achieved, draw attention to areas that need improvement, disseminate best practice...".^c

A. Some specific questions related to domestic and transboundary implementation in the period 2019–2021

	II.1. Does your country's strategic environmental assessment documentation always include specific information on health effects? Please specify:				
(a)	Yes				
(b)	No, only when potential health effects are identified \boxtimes				
includ	II.2. Does your country's strategic environmental assessment documentation always include specific information on potential transboundary environmental, including health, effects? Please specify:				
	y errouse reasons poorly				
(a)	Yes				

^a United Nations publication, ECE/MP.EIA/SEA/14.

^b ECE/MP.EIA/30/Add.1–ECE/MP.EIA/SEA/13/Add.1, decision VIII/2–IV/2.

^c Ibid., decision VIII/3–IV/3, annex, item II.A. 9.

Part II of this questionnaire is not considered to be a reporting obligation according to the Protocol. Parties are encouraged to share examples of good practice, subject to their capabilities and the availability of relevant data.

В.	Example of application of the Protocol in your country during the
	period 2019–2021

- II.3. Please provide, using the table provided in annex I to this questionnaire, the (approximate) number of domestic strategic environmental assessment procedures initiated during the 2019–2021 period, list them grouped by the sectors listed in article 4 (2), and indicate their average duration and costs.
- II.4. Please provide the (approximate) number of transboundary consultations referred to in article 10 of the Protocol that your country, during the reporting period, initiated, as a Party of origin, and participated in, as an affected Party. Please use the table in annex II to this questionnaire listing the transboundary procedures grouped by the sectors listed in article 4 (2), indicating their average duration.
- II.5. Do you have a register of the domestic and transboundary strategic environmental assessment procedures (cases) that can be accessible for other Parties to consult, as needed?

Domestic procedures	Transboundary procedures
(a) Yes	(a) Yes
(b) No 🔀	(b) No 🔀
If so, please provide the access link to the register:	If so, please provide the access link to the register:

II.6. According to paragraph 10 of decision IV/5 on reporting and review of implementation of the Protocol,² the lists of domestic and transboundary strategic environmental assessment procedures included in the responses to questions II.3 and II.4 of the questionnaire are to be posted on the ECE website. Should your country object to this, however, please indicate "Yes" in the table below and explain, as relevant:

Domestic procedures (list provided under question II.3 and link to register referred in question II.5, if provided)	Transboundary procedures (list provided under question II.4 and link to register referred in question II.5, if provided)			
 (a) Yes (my country has an objection to the compilation and posting of this information) ☐ Please explain: (b) No (no objection) ☑ No such list 	 (a) Yes (my country has an objection to the compilation and posting of this information) □ Please explain: (b) No (no objection) ⊠ 			

C. Experience with the strategic impact assessment procedure in 2019–2021

II.7.	Please list the benefits of strategic environmental assessment that are identified
by you	ur country:

(a)	Cost effectiveness	
(a)	COST CHECTIACHESS I	

² ECE/MP.EIA/30/Add.3-ECE/MP.EIA/SEA/13/Add.3.

(b)	More focused and informed planning
(c)	Coordination with other sectors/i.e. avoiding overlaps or discrepancies
(d)	Environmental and health benefits
(e)	Other
Please	e provide your comments:
of inf	SEAs are carried out by (regional and) municipal authorities. There is no compilation formation relating to the above question, but in general SEAs are expected to be icial in all the mentioned contexts.
I.8. terms	Has your country experienced substantial difficulties in interpreting particular contained in (or particular articles of) the Protocol?
(a)	No 🖂
(b)	Yes [(please indicate which ones):
provi	Please indicate how your country overcomes these difficulties, if any. Please de examples that may include, among other things, working with other Parties to olutions or using existing guidelines or fact sheets:
	With regard your country's experience with domestic and/or transboundary dures:
	Please describe your country's procedures for ensuring that the health aspects are rly incorporated into the environmental report and that the health authorities are lted as provided for in article 3
Healt	h authorities are consulted when relevant.
_	To contribute to the sharing of knowledge and experience on themes outlined in the plan for 2021–2023, please provide at least one example of your country's application at tegic environmental assessment in one or several of the following areas:
Biodi	versity
Circul	lar economy
Energ	y transition
Devel	opment cooperation
Smart	and sustainable cities
Sustai	nable infrastructure
Marit	ime spatial planning
to stractory context other referring assess. When	In describing your experience, please indicate the name of the plan/programme subject ategic environmental assessment, provide background information or describe the att in which the document has been developed, describe the stages of the procedure and issues of interest for other Parties. Please flag good practice, and/or lessons learned, ing, as relevant, to the contribution of the above application of strategic environmental ament towards the attainment of Sustainable Development Goals or climate objectives. providing an example, you may also make use of the template in annex III to the att questionnaire.)
	Please indicate whether strategic environmental assessments implemented in your ry can be considered to have contributed to the implementation of Sustainable opment Goals and their specific targets:
	es, (certain) strategic environmental assessments significantly contributed to the ment of Sustainable Development Goals
	es, (certain) strategic environmental assessments somewhat contributed to the ment of Sustainable Development Goals

☐ No,	there	is no	evidence	that	strategic	environmental	assessment	contributes	to	the
attainme	ent of S	Sustair	nable Deve	elopn	nent Goals	s in practice				

If "Yes", please list the most relevant Sustainable Development Goals³ (and their targets) and provide an example(s) of how strategic environmental assessment has contributed to their achievement

In our general opinion, strategic environmental assessments are suitable for contributing to the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals and presumably do contribute to the achievement of Sustainable Development Goals. This has however not been assessed separately.

II.11. Please indicate whether your country has been carrying out monitoring according to article 12.

- (a) No We have no information on this.
- (b) Yes □:

If so, please specify types of plans or programmes subject to the monitoring according to article 12, citing good practice examples or elements of good practice (for example, consultation or public participation), if available

In 2017, the Meetings of the Parties acknowledged that the Convention and, in particular, the Protocol, contribute to the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (ECE/MP.EIA/23/Add.1–ECE/MP.EIA/SEA/7/Add.1, decision VII/7–III/6, Minsk Declaration, para. 7). Selected examples of targets of the Sustainable Development Goals that strategic environmental assessment could help to implement include the following (see informal document to the fifth meeting of the Working Group (Geneva, 11–15 April 2016):

⁽a) Sustainable Development Goal 3 – Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages (targets 3.9 and 3.d);

⁽b) Sustainable Development Goal 6 – Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all (targets 6.3, 6.5–6.6 and 6.a–6.b);

⁽c) Sustainable Development Goal 7 – Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all (targets 7.2 and 7.a);

⁽d) Sustainable Development Goal 8 – Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all (target 8.4)

⁽e) Sustainable Development Goal 9 – Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation (targets 9.1 and 9.4);

⁽f) Sustainable Development Goal 11 – Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable (targets 11.3–11.4, 11.6 and 11.a–11.b);

⁽g) Sustainable Development Goal 12 – Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns (targets 12.2 and 12.4–12.5);

⁽h) Sustainable Development Goal 13 – Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts (targets 13.1–13.3);

⁽i) Sustainable Development Goal 14 – Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development (target 14.1);

⁽j) Sustainable Development Goal 15 – Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss (targets 15.1 and 15.4);

⁽k) Sustainable Development Goal 16 – Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels (targets 16.6–16.7 and 16.10);

⁽l) Sustainable Development Goal 17 – Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development (targets 17.13 and 17.16–17.17). For more details see informal document ECE/MP.EIA/WG.2/2016/5/INF.16, available at http://staging2.unece.org.net4all.ch/fileadmin/DAM/env/eia/documents/WG2.5_April2016/Informal_document_16_ece.mp.eia.wg.2.2016.INF.16__SDG_Mapping.pdf.

II.12. With regards to your country's experience with transboundary procedures, in response to each of the questions below, please either provide one or two practical

		describe your country's gener nples of lessons learned in orde	al experience. You might also want to er to help others. Please detail:
(a)	What	difficulties has your country exp	erienced and what solutions has it found?
	(i)	Translation and interpretation	
	(ii)	Other issues	
(b) count		elements of the environmentally translate as a Party of origin?	I report and other documentation does your
	ription ed part	• •	ation of part of the documentation relevant for
(c) partic			whether and how your country has ensured the authorities pursuant to article 10 (4):
	(i)	No 🗌	
	(ii)	Yes (please indicate how):	
		nding the documentation directly our website, and in some cases ac	to relevant authorities and NGOs, by posting dvertising in local newspapers.
(d)	What	has your country's experience be	een of the effectiveness of public participation?
autho e-mai hearin	rities a l), as t ng. Ant	nd NGOs identified by Point of C hey do not as a rule visit our w	tentially interested parties (apart from those Contact, and receiving documentation direct by website just in case there is a relevant public s is used for projects close to the border, and
projec which	cts clos had	e to the national border, an exam	be most comprehensive related to wind power ple being an offshore project in Swedish waters the authorities, NGOs and the public, and
(e) enviro			es of organizing transboundary strategic at cross-border plans and programmes?
	(i)	No 🖂	
	(ii)	Yes [(please describe):	
Expe	erienc	ee regarding guidance in 2	019–2021
II.13.	Has y	our country used in practice th	e following documents:
Partici	pation in	Recommendations on Public Strategic Environmental Assessment SEA/2014/2)	Resource Manual to Support Application of the Protocol on Strategic Environmental Assessment (ECE/MP.EIA/17)
Yes			Yes
No	\boxtimes		No 🖂
Pleas	se spec	ify reasons for not using the	Please specify reasons for not using the

Manual:

document⊠

(i) Lack of awareness about the

(ii) The Manual is not relevant \square

D.

 \boxtimes

Good Practice Recommendations:

(i) Lack of awareness about the document

(ii) The document is not relevant

Good Practice Recommendations on Public Participation in Strategic Environmental Assessment (ECE/MP.EIA/SEA/2014/2)	Resource Manual to Support Application of the Protocol on Strategic Environmental Assessment (ECE/MP.EIA/17)			
(iii) The document is outdated and needs revision	(iii) The Manual is outdated and needs revision			
Your comments and/or suggestions for improving or supplementing the Good Practice Recommendations:	Your comments and/or suggestions for improving or supplementing the Resource Manual:			
Contributions to the funding of the	workplans			
II.14. Please indicate whether the information fund was already provided by your country concerning the Convention and covered be	ry in the responses to the questionnaire			
(i) Yes ⊠				
(ii) No 🗌				
If your response is "No", please provide the trust fund below.	information regarding the contributions to the			
ensuring sustainable funding of activities a of the financial burden among the Parties.	I jointly "Urge[d] all Parties to contribute to and an equitable and proportionate sharing "For the period 2021–2023, by paragraph 1 g of the adopted workplans, the Meeting of have a duty to contribute to the sharing of			
	nent contributed to the funding of the workplans ne currency and the amount of the contribution:			
(i) My Government made a multi-	-year contribution for the period 2017–2020 \square			
Please indicate when the contributio USD 247.500	on was provided (year), amount and currency:			
(ii) Individual contribution in 2019	9			
Yes Amount and currency:				
No Please explain the reason:				
(iii) Individual contribution in 2020	D:			
Yes Amount and currency:				
No Please explain the reason:				
(iv) Individual contribution in 202	1:			
Yes Amount and currency:				
No Please explain the reason:				

E.

ECE/MP.EIA/23/Add.1–ECE/MP.EIA/SEA/7/Add.1.
 ECE/MP.EIA/30/Add.1–ECE/MP.EIA/SEA/13/Add.1.

	(v) Please indicate any plans of your country to contribute for the period 2021–2023 Not available
(b)	Did your country make in-kind contributions in the reporting period?
Yes [Please describe how:
No 🗌	Please explain the reason

F. Suggested improvements to the report

II.16. Please provide suggestions for how this report could be improved:

In order to answer question II.15 it should suffice to answer "yes" if my country has contributed financially, as the secretariat must already know the exact amounts. As several ministries are involved in the economic support, it often takes some effort to reconstruct the exact figures.

Annex I

List and number of domestic strategic environmental assessment procedures initiated in the reporting period

All municipal master plans (among others) have an SEA, and we have no information of how many of the 358 municipalities made new/revised their plans in the reporting period. There is no national register for SEAs in Norway.

Sector	Total number or an estimate*	Number of local-level procedures	Number of national- level procedures	Estimated average duration of the procedure, ** months, if available	Average costs (also as percentage of the total costs for preparation of a plan/programme), euros and (percentage), if available
Agriculture:					
Forestry:					
Fisheries:					
Energy:		We have	no informat	tion on	
Industry including mining:		this.			
Transport:					
Regional development:					
Waste management:					
Water management:					
Telecommunication:					
Tourism:					
Town and country planning:					
Land use:					
Other, including those falling under article 4 (3)–(4):					
* The information provided Statistical data Estimates ** Once the need for states			sessment is de	etermined	
Your comments:					

Annex II

List and number of transboundary strategic environmental assessments in the reporting period

Sector	Total number or an estimate*	Number of local-level procedures	Number of national- level procedures	Estimated average duration of the procedure,** months, if available	Average costs (also as percentage of the total costs for preparation of a plan/programme), euros and (percentage), if available
Agriculture:					
Forestry:					
Fisheries:					
Energy:					
Industry including mining:					
Transport:			re has been i sboundary S		
Regional development:		Nor	•	y of origin in	
Waste management:					
Water management:					
Telecommunication:					
Tourism:					
Town and country planning:					
Land use:					
Other, including those falling under article 4 (3)–(4):					

Annex III

Template for describing a good practice example of implementing a strategic environmental assessment at the national level or in a transboundary context

I. General information

1. Title of plan/programme
2. Authority responsible for the plan's/programme's development
3. Nature of the related strategic environmental assessment procedure:
(a) Domestic
(b) Transboundary
4. Please indicate which stage(s)/step(s) of the strategic environmental assessment procedure is/are considered to represent good practice:
The entire procedure
Screening (art. 5)
Scoping (art. 6)
Environmental report (art. 7)
Public participation (art. 8)
Consultation with environmental and health authorities (art. 9)
Transboundary consultations (art. 10)
Decision (art. 11)
Monitoring (art. 12)
5. Please indicate to which topic(s) of the 2021–2023 workplan the example is related:
Biodiversity
Circular economy
Development cooperation
Energy transition
Smart and sustainable cities
Sustainable infrastructure
Background

II.

Please provide a short description of the plan/programme, the context of its development and general information about the strategic environmental assessment

III. Procedure under the protocol on strategic environmental assessment and elements of good practice

Please describe, in more detail, the procedural step/steps that is/are considered to represent good practice and then explain why that is:

- III.1. Field of application (art. 4)
- III. 2. Screening (art. 5)
- III. 3. Scoping (art. 6)
- III.4. Environmental report (art. 7)
- III.5. Public participation (art. 8)
- III.6. Consultation with environmental and health authorities (art. 9)
- III.7. Transboundary consultations (art. 10)
- III.8. Decision (art. 11)
- III.9. Monitoring (art. 12)

IV. Lessons learned and advice to other parties:

IV.1. Please indicate:

- (a) Challenges in carrying out the procedure, if any, and how those were tackled
- (b) Lessons learned
- IV.2. As relevant, please also refer to the contribution of the above application of strategic environmental assessment towards the attainment of Sustainable Development Goals¹ or climate objectives.

In 2017, the Meetings of the Parties acknowledged that the Convention and, in particular, the Protocol, contribute to the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (ECE/MP.EIA/23/Add.1–ECE/MP.EIA/SEA/7/Add.1, decision VII/7–III/6, Minsk Declaration, para. 7). Selected examples of targets of the Sustainable Development Goals that strategic environmental assessment could help to implement include the following (see informal document to the fifth meeting of the Working Group (Geneva, 11–15 April 2016):

⁽a) Sustainable Development Goal 3 – Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages (targets 3.9 and 3.d);

⁽b) Sustainable Development Goal 6 – Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all (targets 6.3, 6.5–6.6 and 6.a–6.b);

⁽c) Sustainable Development Goal 7 – Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all (targets 7.2 and 7.a);

⁽d) Sustainable Development Goal 8 – Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all (target 8.4)

⁽e) Sustainable Development Goal 9 – Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation (targets 9.1 and 9.4);

⁽f) Sustainable Development Goal 11 – Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable (targets 11.3–11.4, 11.6 and 11.a–11.b);

⁽g) Sustainable Development Goal 12 – Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns (targets 12.2 and 12.4–12.5);

⁽h) Sustainable Development Goal 13 – Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts (targets 13.1–13.3);

⁽i) Sustainable Development Goal 14 – Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development (target 14.1);

⁽j) Sustainable Development Goal 15 – Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss (targets 15.1 and 15.4);

⁽k) Sustainable Development Goal 16 – Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels (targets 16.6–16.7 and 16.10);

⁽¹⁾ Sustainable Development Goal 17 – Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development (targets 17.13 and 17.16–17.17). For more details see informal document ECE/MP.EIA/WG.2/2016/5/INF.16, available at http://staging2.unece.org.net4all.ch/fileadmin/DAM/env/eia/documents/WG2.5_April2016/Informal_document_16_ece.mp.eia.wg.2.2016.INF.16__SDG_Mapping.pdf.