# **UNECE's Air Convention Gothenburg Protocol Review**

April 2022

Working Group on Strategies and Review

Gothenburg Protocol Review Group Potential Options for Addressing Methane

## Methane in ozone formation

- Scientific evidence from the 2016 Scientific Assessment Report and its Policy Response (2017/3), and results from the Global Methane Assessment (UNEP 2021) establishes a strong link between methane emissions and ground-level ozone formation and its impact on health and the environment.
- **Draft 2:** increases in global methane are expected to offset projected NOx and NMVOC emission reductions expected under the Gothenburg Protocol
- **Synergies Document**: given slow rate of methane oxidation in the atmosphere, decrease in surface ozone from methane anywhere globally would provide benefits in the UNECE

## Potential menu of options for addressing methane

- Purpose of document: provide information, gather feedback and begin dialogue on potential ways forward in addressing methane as an ozone precursor
- Initial considerations provided for listed potential options
  - Menu of options is non-exhaustive
- Methane as an ozone precursor is currently addressed under the Convention
  - TFHTAP: hemispheric transport of ozone
  - TFTEI: mitigation technologies
  - TFRN: co-mitigation of methane and ammonia
  - TFIAM/CIAM: emission scenarios
  - ICP-Vegetation: ozone flux-based risk assessment for vegetation
- Create synergies and avoid duplication

# **Overarching Themes**

#### Timing

- Short-term, medium-term, long-term actions
- A menu of options/possibilities to choose from and/or package together

#### Type of Instrument

- Mandatory vs non-mandatory
- Technical guidance and best practices
- Sector-specific approaches
- Potential to revise current Gothenburg Protocol or new separate instrument
- Incremental ratification of a separate methane amendment
- Individual or overall/region-wide target setting

#### Geographical Scale and Ambition

- Larger scale/lower ambition vs narrow geographical scope/higher ambition
- Co-benefits for addressing ammonia emissions
- International cooperation (other initiatives, Forum for International Cooperation of Air Pollution)
- Voluntary commitment approach (e.g. BACA)
- Outreach to compliment Convention work with actions in non-UNECE regions

### Potential menu of options for addressing methane

- Option 1: Compiling, reviewing and improving methane emission information
- Option 2: Minimum requirements for monitoring and reporting data
- Option 3: Adoption of emission targets/optimized national/regional methane reduction commitments
- Option 4: Methane ELVs for certain activities
- *Option 5:* Voluntary programs (such as BACA) such as agricultural best practices (could include guidance documents from option 4)
- Option 6: Capacity-building programs, especially in EECCA

# **Background information**

- Include information on related efforts and/or gaps
- Coordination with national climate/agriculture/energy colleagues and institutions
- Emissions reporting synergies with UNFCCC & Artic Council Expert Group on Black Carbon and Methane