

# MINISTÈRE DE LA TRANSITION ÉCOLOGIQUE

Liberté Égalité Fraternité

# National strategy on ageing and maintenance at hazardous sites

# **Feedback from France**



- 1. Origins and need for a national strategy
- 2. National strategy and modernisation plan
- 3. Feedback from inspection campaigns



# 1. Origins and need for a national strategy

- 2. National strategy and modernisation plan
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### Origins of the national plan (1/3)

- 12 January 2007 : Oil storage tank breaks
  - 12 000 m<sup>3</sup> spilled out in a few seconds
  - 2 000 m<sup>3</sup> of petrol flow over the lateral bunds directly into the Garonne river
  - Contamination of the river over 40 km
  - De-pollution: 40 persons, for 6 months, more than € 50 million loss for the operator

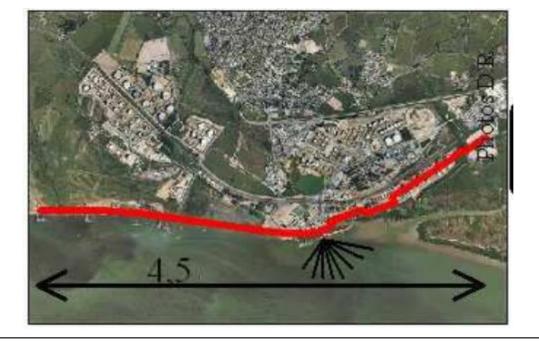




#### **Origins of the national plan (2/3)**

- 16 March 2008 : Pipe leak in a refinery near the Loire river
  - Corroded pipe breaks : 478 tonnes of petrol are spilled over 5 hours (late detection)
  - Contamination of the river and the Atlantic coast over 60 km
  - De-pollution: 750 persons, for 3,5 months, € 50 million









### **Origins of the national plan (3/3)**

- 7 August 2009 : Oil pipeline breaks
  - 5 000 m<sup>3</sup> spilled over 50 000 m<sup>2</sup> in a natural reserve
  - 73 000 tonnes of contaminated soil dug out and replaced by clean soil
  - 1 year after: 200 L of oil are skimmed from underground water reserves
  - Cost of € 10 million









1. Need for implementing a national strategy

## 2. National strategy and modernisation plan

3. Feedback from inspection campaigns

#### MINISTÈRE DE LA TRANSITION ÉCOLOGIQUE Plan for modernising industrial installations (PMII 2010)



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**Pipes and pressure** equipment

**Pipeline network** 

**MODERNISATION PLAN** 

**Civil engineering** 

Safety equipment



Storage tanks

Safety Management Systems

Direction générale de la prevention des risques

16/03/2022



#### **General methodology**

- 1. To establish an **inventory** of equipment (tanks, pipes, etc.) that could lead to a **major accident** in case of failure
- 2. To **assess** equipment's **initial state** (good, acceptable or damaged) and compile a **technical dossier** with all relevant information (plans, characteristics, operating conditions, photos, monitoring, repair and maintenance history, etc.)
- 3. To develop and implement an inspection programme to be conducted by the plant operator:
  - > **Routine** inspection: general state, structure, possible signs of deterioration
  - Reinforced inspection: targeted checks and controls
- 4. To establish and maintain a data base for keeping track of and record inspection results
- 5. To carry out maintenance and repair actions



#### **Generic and targeted regulations**

- Ministerial orders:
  - Generic requirements for monitoring ageing and carrying out maintenance
  - Generic requirements for taking ageing into account in the safety management system
  - Specific requirements for:
    - aboveground storage tanks containing flammable liquids
    - Pipelines
    - Pressure equipment and pressure vessels



#### Specific guidelines and targeted inspection campaigns

- Specific national working groups (trade associations, inspectors, experts, competent authorities)
- Specific national guidelines for each area of the modernisation plant:
  - How to identify relevant equipment
  - Possible failures and degradations
  - Targeted control points and associated control methods
  - Acceptance criteria
  - Monitoring frequency
  - Timeframe for repair and maintenance action / prioritisation
- Inspection checklist for plant operators



1. Need for implementing a national strategy

### 2. National strategy and modernisation plan

### 3. Implementation and inspection campaigns

#### Inspection campaigns by competent authorities

• **2012**:

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- deadline for plant operators to comply with the modernisation plan.
- First informal inspections
- 2013 2017: formal inspections
- Objectives:
  - To verify the appropriate implementation of the modernisation plan by plant operators
  - To check its follow-up in the long run
- Average number of annual inspections: ~300







#### Feedback from inspection campaign

- More exhaustive and systematic identification of relevant equipment
- Improved maintenance : maintenance actions are better identified and scheduled
- Better understanding of degradation mechanisms
- Improved anticipation and organisation for maintenance and repairs

- Technical dossiers are **not always available**, or are **incomplete**
- First assessment of equipment's initial state is not always (properly) done
  - Maintenance or corrective actions are not always implemented (or implemented in due time)
  - Outsourced maintenance: possible difficulties/issues due to outsourced maintenance are not always identified



#### Lessons learnt and good practices

- Thorough and careful checks play a major role in anticipating and preventing ageing and failure of equipment
- Staff **awareness** and **involvement**: essential to involve all staff from top management to maintenance workers in the design of the modernisation programme
- Controls should be increased before and after plant shutdowns and turnarounds
- A good knowledge of main equipment types, and a good maintenance plan help **anticipate** the need for **replacement** and the management of **spare parts**





### Thank you for your attention!

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