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**Economic Commission for Europe**

Inland Transport Committee

**World Forum for Harmonization of Vehicle Regulations**

**Working Party on Pollution and Energy**

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Item 4(a) of the provisional agenda

**Heavy duty vehicles: UN Regulations Nos. 49
(Emissions of compression ignition and positive
ignition (LPG and CNG) engines) and 132
(Retrofit Emissions Control devices (REC))**

Proposal for a new Supplement to the 07 series of amendments to UN Regulation No. 49 (Emissions of compression ignition and positive ignition (LPG and CNG) engines)

Submitted by the expert from the International Organization of Motor Vehicle Manufacturers[[1]](#footnote-2)\*

The text reproduced below was prepared by the expert from the International Organization of Motor Vehicle Manufacturers (OICA). This document aims at permitting the use of hydrogen (H2) as fuel for emissions type approval of heavy-duty vehicles. The modifications to the current text of the Regulation are marked in bold for new or strikethrough for deleted characters.

 I. Proposal

*Paragraph 4.6.2.,* amend to read:

"4.6.2. If the manufacturer permits the engine family to run on market fuels that do not comply neither with the reference fuels included in Annex 5 nor CEN standard EN 228 (in the case of unleaded petrol) **or grade D (type I or II) of ISO standard ISO 14687 (in the case of hydrogen)** or CEN standard EN 590 (in the case of diesel), such as running on FAME B100 (CEN standard EN14214), FAME diesel blends B20/B30 (CEN standard EN 16709), paraffinic fuel (CEN standard EN 15940) or others the manufacturer shall, in addition to the requirements in paragraph 4.6.1. comply with the following requirements:"

*Insert new paragraph 4.12.3.3.8.,* to read:

"**4.12.3.3.8. For hydrogen fuelled engines the approval mark shall contain a letter/s after the national symbol, the purpose of which is to distinguish the fuel type and the working principal the approval has been granted. This letter/s will be as follows:**

 **(a) T in case of the PI engine being approved and calibrated for gaseous hydrogen**

 **(b) TD in case of the CI engine being approved and calibrated for gaseous hydrogen**

 **(c) U in case of the PI engine being approved and calibrated for liquefied hydrogen**

 **(d) UD in case of the CI engine being approved and calibrated for liquefied hydrogen**"

*Paragraph 5.3.,* amend to read:

"5.3. Emission limits

 Table 1 provides the emissions limits that apply to this Regulation.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | Limit values |
| CO (mg/kWh) | THC (mg/kWh) | NMHC (mg/kWh) | CH4 (mg/kWh) | NOX \*) (mg/kWh) | NH3 (ppm) | PM mass (mg/kWh) | PM number (#/kWh) |
| WHSC (CI) | 1,500 | 130 |  |  | 400 | 10 | 10 | 8.0 x 1011 |
| WHTC (CI) | 4,000 | 160 |  |  | 460 | 10 | 10 | 6.0 x 1011\*\*) |
| WHTC (PI) | 4,000 |  | 160 | 500 | 460 | 10 | 10 | 6.0 x 1011\*\*) |

 Notes:

 PI = Positive Ignition

CI = Compression Ignition

\*) The admissible level of NO2 component in the NOX limit value may be defined at a later stage.

\*\*) The limit shall apply as from the dates set out in row B of Table 1 in Appendix 9 to Annex 1 to this Regulation.

**CO, THC, NMHC and CH4 do not need to be demonstrated for engines where all of the fuels used have a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Paragraph 8.3.3.3.,* amend to read:

"8.3.3.3. For diesel, ethanol (ED95), petrol, E85, **hydrogen,** LNG20, LNG and LPG fuelled, including dual-fuel, engines, all these tests may be conducted with the applicable market fuels. However, at the manufacturer’s request, the reference fuels described in Annex 5 to this Regulation may be used. This implies tests, as described in paragraph 4. of this Regulation."

*Annex 1, paragraph 3.2.2.2.,* amend to read:

"3.2.2.2. Heavy duty vehicles Diesel/Petrol/LPG/NG-H/NG-L/ NG-HL/Ethanol (ED95)/ Ethanol (E85) **/Hydrogen (T) /Hydrogen (TD) /Hydrogen (U) /Hydrogen (UD)** 1)"

*Annex 1, paragraph 3.2.17.1.,* amend to read:

"3.2.17.1. Fuel: LPG /NG-H/NG-L /NG-HL **/Hydrogen (T) /Hydrogen (TD) /Hydrogen (U) /Hydrogen (UD)** 1)"

*Addendum to Annex 2A, paragraph 1.1.5.,* amend to read:

"*1.1.5.* Category of engine: Diesel/Petrol/LPG/NG-H/NG-L/NG-HL/Ethanol (ED95)/ Ethanol (E85)/ LNG/LNG20 1) **/Hydrogen (T) /Hydrogen (TD) /Hydrogen (U) /Hydrogen (UD)** 1)"

*Addendum to Annex 2A, paragraph 1.4.1.,* amend to read:

"*1.4.1.* WHSC test

 Table 4

 WHSC test

|  |
| --- |
| WHSC test (if applicable) \*; \*\* |
| DFMult/add 1) | CO **\*\*\*** | THC **\*\*\*** | NMHC **\*\*\*,** ‡ | NOX | PM Mass | NH3 | PM Number |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emissions | CO **\*\*\***(mg/kWh) | THC **\*\*\***(mg/kWh) | NMHC **\*\*\*,** ‡(mg/kWh) | NOX(mg/kWh) | PM Mass (mg/kWh) | NH3 ppm | PM Number (#/kWh) |
| Test result |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calculatedwith DF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO2 emissions mass emission **\*\*\***: ............................................................ **(**g/kWh) Fuel consumption: .............................................................................. (g/kWh)  |

Notes:

\* In the case of engines considered in paragraphs 4.6.3. and 4.6.6. of this Regulation, repeat the information for all fuels tested, when applicable.

\*\* In the case of dual-fuel engines of Type 1B, Type 2B, and Type 3B, types as defined in Annex 15 to this Regulation, repeat the information in both dual-fuel and diesel mode.

**\*\*\* Not required for engines where all the fuels used have a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**

‡ In the cases laid down in Table 1 of Annex 15 to this Regulation for dual-fuel engines, and for positive ignition engines."

*Addendum to Annex 2A, paragraph 1.4.2.,* amend to read:

"*1.4.2.* WHTC test

 Table 5

 WHTC test

|  |
| --- |
| WHTC test \*; \*\* |
| DFMult/add 1) | CO **\*\*\*** | THC **\*\*\*** | NMHC **\*\*\*,** ‡ | CH4 **\*\*\*,** ‡‡ | NOX | PM Mass | NH3 | PM Number |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emissions | CO **\*\*\***(mg/kWh) | THC **\*\*\***(mg/kWh) | NMHC **\*\*\*,** ‡(mg/kWh) | CH4 **\*\*\*,** ‡ (mg/kWh) | NOX(mg/kWh) | PM Mass (mg/kWh) | NH3 ppm | PM Number (#/kWh) |
| Cold start |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hot start w/o regeneration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hot start with regeneration 1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| kr,u (mult/add) 1)kr,d (mult/add) 1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weighted test result |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Final test result with DF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO2 emissions mass emission **\*\*\***: ............................................................ **(**g/kWh) Fuel consumption: .............................................................................. (g/kWh)  |

Notes:

\* In the case of engines considered in paragraphs 4.6.3. and 4.6.6. of this Regulation, repeat the information for all fuels tested, when applicable.

\*\* In the case of dual-fuel engines of Type 1B, Type 2B, and Type 3B, types as defined in Annex 15 to this Regulation, repeat the information in both dual-fuel and diesel mode.

**\*\*\* Not required for engines where all the fuels used have a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**

‡ In the cases laid down in Table 1 of Annex 15 to this Regulation for dual-fuel engines, and for positive ignition engines."

*Addendum to Annex 2C, paragraph 1.1.5.,* amend to read:

"*1.1.5.* Category of engine: Diesel/Petrol/LPG/NG-H/NG-L/NG-HL/Ethanol (ED95)/ Ethanol (E85)/ LNG/LNG20 1) **/Hydrogen (T) /Hydrogen (TD) /Hydrogen (U) /Hydrogen (UD)** 1)"

*Addendum to Annex 2C, paragraph 1.4.1.,* amend to read:

"1.4.1. WHSC test

 Table 4

 WHSC test

|  |
| --- |
| WHSC test (if applicable) \*; \*\* |
| DFMult/add 1) | CO **\*\*\*** | THC **\*\*\*** | NMHC **\*\*\*,** ‡ | NOX | PM Mass | NH3 | PM Number |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emissions | CO **\*\*\***(mg/kWh) | THC **\*\*\***(mg/kWh) | NMHC **\*\*\*,** ‡(mg/kWh) | NOX(mg/kWh) | PM Mass (mg/kWh) | NH3 ppm | PM Number (#/kWh) |
| Test result |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calculatedwith DF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO2 emissions mass emission **\*\*\***: ............................................................ **(**g/kWh) Fuel consumption: .............................................................................. (g/kWh)  |

Notes:

\* In the case of engines considered in paragraphs 4.6.3. and 4.6.6. of this Regulation, repeat the information for all fuels tested, when applicable.

\*\* In the case of dual-fuel engines of Type 1B, Type 2B, and Type 3B, types as defined in Annex 15 to this Regulation, repeat the information in both dual-fuel and diesel mode.

**\*\*\* Not required for engines where all the fuels used have a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**

‡ In the cases laid down in Table 1 of Annex 15 to this Regulation for dual-fuel engines, and for positive ignition engines."

*Addendum to Annex 2C, paragraph 1.4.2.,* amend to read:

"1.4.2. WHTC test

 Table 5

 WHTC test

|  |
| --- |
| WHTC test \*; \*\* |
| DFMult/add 1) | CO **\*\*\*** | THC **\*\*\*** | NMHC **\*\*\*,** ‡ | CH4 **\*\*\*,** ‡‡ | NOX | PM Mass | NH3 | PM Number |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emissions | CO **\*\*\***(mg/kWh) | THC **\*\*\***(mg/kWh) | NMHC **\*\*\*,** ‡(mg/kWh) | CH4 **\*\*\*,** ‡ (mg/kWh) | NOX(mg/kWh) | PM Mass (mg/kWh) | NH3 ppm | PM Number (#/kWh) |
| Cold start |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hot start w/o regeneration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hot start with regeneration 1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| kr,u (mult/add) 1)kr,d (mult/add) 1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weighted test result |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Final test result with DF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CO2 emissions mass emission **\*\*\***: ............................................................ **(**g/kWh) Fuel consumption: .............................................................................. (g/kWh)  |

Notes:

\* In the case of engines considered in paragraphs 4.6.3. and 4.6.6. of this Regulation, repeat the information for all fuels tested, when applicable.

\*\* In the case of dual-fuel engines of Type 1B, Type 2B, and Type 3B, types as defined in Annex 15 to this Regulation, repeat the information in both dual-fuel and diesel mode.

**\*\*\* Not required for engines where all the fuels used have a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**

‡ In the cases laid down in Table 1 of Annex 15 to this Regulation for dual-fuel engines, and for positive ignition engines."

*Annex 3, Table 2,* amend to read:

"

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Engine type* | *Code* |
| Diesel fuelled CI engine | D |
| Ethanol (ED95) fuelled CI engine  | ED |
| Ethanol (E85) fuelled PI engine  | E85 |
| Petrol fuelled PI engine | P |
| LPG fuelled PI engine | Q |
| Natural gas fuelled PI engine | See paragraph 4.12.3.3.6. of this Regulation |
| **Hydrogen fuelled engine** | **See paragraph 4.12.3.3.8. of this Regulation** |
| Dual-fuel engines | See paragraph 4.12.3.3.7. of this Regulation |

"

*Annex 4, paragraph 3.3.,* amend to read:

"3.3. Symbols and abbreviations for the fuel composition

wALF Hydrogen content of fuel, per cent mass

wBET Carbon content of fuel, per cent mass

wGAM Sulphur content of fuel, per cent mass

wDEL Nitrogen content of fuel, per cent mass

wEPS Oxygen content of fuel, per cent mass

α Molar hydrogen ratio ~~(H/C)~~

**β Molar carbon ratio**

γ Molar sulphur ratio ~~(S/C)~~

δ Molar nitrogen ratio ~~(N/C)~~

ε Molar oxygen ratio ~~(O/C)~~

 referring to a fuel C**β**HαOεNδSγ**, with β=1 for fuels containing carbon and β=0 for fuels not containing carbon**"

*Annex 4, paragraph 3.4.,* amend to read:

"3.4. Symbols and abbreviations for the chemical components

C1 Carbon 1 equivalent hydrocarbon

CH4 Methane

C2H6 Ethane

C3H8 Propane

CO Carbon monoxide

CO2 Carbon dioxide

DOP Di-octylphtalate

HC Hydrocarbons

**H2 Hydrogen**

H2O Water

NMHC Non-methane hydrocarbons

NOx Oxides of nitrogen

NO Nitric oxide

NO2 Nitrogen dioxide

**O2 Oxygen**

PM Particulate matter"

*Annex 4, paragraph 5.2.3.6.,* amend to read:

"5.2.3.6. Fuel type

(a) Diesel;

(b) Natural gas (NG);

(c) Liquefied petroleum gas (LPG);

(d) Ethanol~~.~~**;**

**(e) Hydrogen.** "

*Annex 4, paragraph 8.,* amend to read:

"8. Emission calculation

 The final test result shall be rounded in one step to the number of places to the right of the decimal point indicated by the applicable emission standard plus one additional significant figure, in accordance with ASTM E 29-06B. No rounding of intermediate values leading to the final break-specific emission result is permitted.

 Calculation of hydrocarbons and/or non-methane hydrocarbons is based on the following molar carbon/hydrogen/oxygen ratios (C/H/O) of the fuel:

 CH1.86O0.006 for diesel (B7),

 CH2.92O0.46 for ethanol for dedicated C.I. engines (ED95),

 CH1.93O0.032 for petrol (E10),

 CH2.74O0.385 for ethanol (E85),

 CH2.525 for LPG (liquefied petroleum gas),

 CH4 for NG (natural gas) and biomethane~~.~~**,**

 **H2 for hydrogen.**

 Examples of the calculation procedures are given in Appendix 5 to this annex.

 Emissions calculation on a molar basis, in accordance with Annex 7 of **UN GTR**~~gtr~~ No. 11 concerning the exhaust emission test protocol for Non-Road Mobile Machinery (NRMM), is permitted with the prior agreement of the Type Approval Authority."

*Annex 4, paragraph 8.1.,* amend to read:

"8.1. Dry/wet correction

If the emissions are measured on a dry basis, the measured concentration shall be converted to a wet basis according to the following equation:

cw = kw x cd (12)

Where:

cd is the dry concentration in ppm or per cent volume

kw is the dry/wet correction factor (kw,a, **kw,r,** kw,e, or kw,d depending on respective equation used)

**If** **all the fuels used have a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. to this annex, then the equations …**"

*Annex 4, paragraph 8.1.1.* *Equation (15),* amend to read:

" $k\_{w,r}=\left(\frac{1}{1 + a × 0,005 × (c\_{CO2} + c\_{CO})}-k\_{w1}\right)×1,008$

$k\_{w,r}=\left(\frac{1}{1 + α × 0,005 × (c\_{CO2} + c\_{CO})} -k\_{w1}\right)×1,008 $"

*Annex 4, paragraph 8.1.1.*, amend to read:

"… Equations 13 and 14 are principally identical with the factor 1.008 in equations 13 and 15 being an approximation for the more accurate denominator in equation 14. **Equation 15** **is not applicable, if one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8.**"

*Annex 4, paragraph 8.1.2.*, amend to read:

"8.1.2. Diluted exhaust gas

 $k\_{w,e}= \left[\left(1-\frac{α × c\_{CO2w}}{200}\right)-k\_{w2}\right]×1,008$ (18)

 or

 $k\_{w,e}= \left[\left(\frac{(1 - k\_{w2})}{1 + \frac{α × c\_{CO2d}}{200}}\right)\right]×1,008$ (19)

 With

 $k\_{w2}= \frac{1,608 × \left[H\_{d} × \left(1-\frac{1}{D}\right) + H\_{a} × \left(\frac{1}{D}\right)\right]}{1000 + \left\{1,608 × \left[H\_{d} × \left(1-\frac{1}{D}\right) + H\_{a} × \left(\frac{1}{D}\right)\right]\right\}}$ (20)

 Where:

 α is the molar hydrogen ration of the fuel

 cCO2w is the wet CO2 concentration, per cent

 cCO2d is the dry CO2 concentration, per cent

 Hd is the diluent humidity, g water per kg dry air

 Ha is the intake air humidity, g water per kg dry air

 D is the dilution factor (see paragraph 8.5.2.3.2.)

 **Equation (18) and (19) are not applicable if one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8.**"

*Annex 4, paragraph 8.1.3. Equation (22),* amend to read:

" $k\_{w2}=\frac{1,608 × H\_{d}}{1000 + \left(1,608 × H\_{d}\right)}$

 $k\_{w3}=\frac{1,608 × H\_{d}}{1000 + \left(1,608 × H\_{d}\right)}$"

*Annex 4, paragraph 8.4.1.1.,* amend to read:

"8.4.1.1. Introduction

For calculation of the emissions in the raw exhaust gas and for controlling of a partial flow dilution system, it is necessary to know the exhaust gas mass flow rate. For the determination of the exhaust mass flow rate, one of the methods described in paragraphs 8.4.1.3. to 8.4.1.**8**. may be used."

*Annex 4, paragraph 8.4.1.2.,* amend to read:

"8.4.1.2. Response time

For the purpose of emissions calculation, the response time of any of the methods described in paragraphs 8.4.1.3. to 8.4.1.**8**. shall be equal to or less than the analyser response time of ≤ 10 seconds, as required in paragraph 9.3.5.

For the purpose of controlling of a partial flow dilution system, a faster response is required. For partial flow dilution systems with online control, the response time shall be ≤ 0.3 second. For partial flow dilution systems with look ahead control based on a pre-recorded test run, the response time of the exhaust flow measurement system shall be ≤ 5 seconds with a rise time of ≤ 1 second. The system response time shall be specified by the instrument manufacturer. The combined response time requirements for the exhaust gas flow and partial flow dilution system are indicated in paragraph 9.4.6.1."

*Annex 4, paragraph 8.4.1.6.,* amend to read:

" ´…

With

 ${A}/{F\_{st}}= \frac{138,0 ×(1+ \frac{α}{4} - \frac{ε}{2} + γ)}{12,011 +1,00794 × α + 15,9994 × ε + 14,0067 × δ+32,065 × γ}$

${A}/{F\_{st}}= \frac{138,0 ×(β + \frac{α}{4} - \frac{ε}{2} + γ)}{12,011 × β +1,00794 × α + 15,9994 × ε + 14,0067 × δ+32,065 × γ}$(31)

$λ\_{i}=\frac{\left(100-\frac{c\_{COd × 10^{-4}}}{2}-c\_{HCw}×10^{-4}\right)+\left(\frac{α}{4} × \frac{1- \frac{2×c\_{COd}×10^{-4}}{3,5×c\_{CO2d}}}{1+ \frac{c\_{CO}×10^{-4}}{3,5×c\_{CO2d}}}-\frac{ε}{2}-\frac{δ}{2}\right)×\left(c\_{CO2d}+c\_{COd}×10^{-4}\right)}{4,764×\left(1+\frac{α}{4}-\frac{ε}{2}+γ\right)×\left(c\_{CO2d}+c\_{COd}×10^{-4}+c\_{HCw}×10^{-4}\right)}$

$λ\_{i}=\frac{β×\left(100-\frac{c\_{COd × 10^{-4}}}{2}-c\_{HCw}×10^{-4}\right)+\left(\frac{α}{4} × \frac{1- \frac{2×c\_{COd}×10^{-4}}{3,5×c\_{CO2d}}}{1+ \frac{c\_{CO}×10^{-4}}{3,5×c\_{CO2d}}}-\frac{ε}{2}-\frac{δ}{2}\right)×\left(c\_{CO2d}+c\_{COd}×10^{-4}\right)}{4,764×\left(β+\frac{α}{4}-\frac{ε}{2}+γ\right)×\left(c\_{CO2d}+c\_{COd}×10^{-4}+c\_{HCw}×10^{-4}\right)}$(32)

Where:

qmaw,i is the instantaneous intake air mass flow rate, kg/s

A/Fst is the stoichiometric air to fuel ratio, kg/kg

**β** **is the molar carbon ratio of the fuel, with β=1 for fuels containing carbon and β=0 for fuels not containing carbon**

λi is the instantaneous excess air ratio

cCO2d is the dry CO2 concentration, per cent

cCOd is the dry CO concentration, ppm

cHCw is the wet HC concentration, ppm

**Equation (32) is not applicable if one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8.**"

*Annex 4, paragraph 8.4.2.3.* *Table 5,* amend to read:

"Table 5
Raw exhaust gas u values and component densities

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Fuel | ρe | Gas |
| NOx | CO | HC | CO2 | O2 | CH4 |
| ρgas [kg/m3] |
| 2.053 | 1.250 | a | 1.9636 | 1.4277 | 0.716 |
| ugasb |
| Diesel(B7) | 1.2943 | 0.001586 | 0.000966 | 0.000482 | 0.001517 | 0.001103 | 0.000553 |
| Ethanol (ED95) | 1.2768 | 0.001609 | 0.000980 | 0.000780 | 0.001539 | 0.001119 | 0.000561 |
| CNGc | 1.2661 | 0.001621 | 0.000987 | 0.000528d | 0.001551 | 0.001128 | 0.000565 |
| Propane | 1.2805 | 0.001603 | 0.000976 | 0.000512 | 0.001533 | 0.001115 | 0.000559 |
| Butane | 1.2832 | 0.001600 | 0.000974 | 0.000505 | 0.001530 | 0.001113 | 0.000558 |
| LPGe | 1.2811 | 0.001602 | 0.000976 | 0.000510 | 0.001533 | 0.001115 | 0.000559 |
| Petrol (E10) | 1.2931 | 0.001587 | 0.000966 | 0.000499 | 0.001518 | 0.001104 | 0.000553 |
| Ethanol (E85) | 1.2797 | 0.001604 | 0.000977 | 0.000730 | 0.001534 | 0.001116 | 0.000559 |
| **Hydrogen** | **1.1872** | **0.001729** | **0.001053** | **0.000075** | **0.001654** | **0.001203** | **0.000603** |

a depending on fuel
b at λ = 2, dry air, 273 K, 101.3 kPa
c u accurate within 0.2 % for mass composition of: C=66 - 76 %; H=22 - 25 %; N=0 - 12 %
d NMHC on the basis of CH2.93 (for total HC the ugas coefficient of CH4 shall be used)
e u accurate within 0.2 % for mass composition of: C3 = 70 - 90 %; C4 = 10 - 30 %"

*Annex 4, paragraph 8.4.2.4.,* amend to read:

"…

The molar mass of the exhaust, Me, shall be derived for a general fuel composition C**β**HαOεNδSγ under the assumption of complete combustion, as follows:

$M\_{e,i}=\frac{1+\frac{q\_{mf,i}}{q\_{maw,i}}}{\frac{q\_{mf,i}}{q\_{maw,i}}×\frac{\frac{α}{4}+\frac{ε}{2}+\frac{δ}{2}}{12,011+1,00794×α+15,9994×ε+14,0067×δ+32,065×γ}+\frac{\frac{H\_{a}×10^{-3}}{2×1,00794+15,9994}+\frac{1}{M\_{a}}}{1+H\_{a}×10^{-3}}}$

$M\_{e,i}=\frac{1+\frac{q\_{mf,i}}{q\_{maw,i}}}{\frac{q\_{mf,i}}{q\_{maw,i}}×\frac{\frac{α}{4}+\frac{ε}{2}+\frac{δ}{2}}{12,011×β+1,00794×α+15,9994×ε+14,0067×δ+32,065×γ}+\frac{\frac{H\_{a}×10^{-3}}{2×1,00794+15,9994}+\frac{1}{M\_{a}}}{1+H\_{a}×10^{-3}}}$ (41)

"

*Annex 4, paragraph 9.3.2.1.,* amend to read:

"9.3.2.1. Introduction

 Paragraphs 9.3.2.2. to 9.2.3.**8**. describe the measurement principles to be used. A detailed description of the measurement systems is given in Appendix 2 to this annex. The gases to be measured shall be analyzed with the following instruments. For non-linear analyzers, the use of linearizing circuits is permitted. "

*Annex 5,* add new fuel type to read:

"… **Technical data on fuels for testing compression-ignition or positive ignition and dual-fuel engines**

 **Type: Hydrogen**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Characteristics* | *Units* | *Limits* | *Test Method* |
| *Minimum* | *Maximum* |
| Hydrogen fuel index | % mole fraction | 99.97 |  | (a) |
| Total non-hydrogen gases | μmol/mol |  | 300 |  |
| Lists of non-hydrogen gases and the specification of each contaminant **(f)** |  |
| Water (H2O) | μmol/mol |  | 5 | (e) |
| Total hydrocarbons(b) except methane (C1 equivalent) | μmol/mol |  | 2 | (e) |
| Methane (CH4) | μmol/mol |  | 100 | (e) |
| Oxygen (O2) | μmol/mol |  | 5 | (e) |
| Helium (He) | μmol/mol |  | 300 | (e) |
| Total Nitrogen (N2) and Argon (Ar) (b) | μmol/mol |  | 300 | (e) |
| Carbon dioxide (CO2) | μmol/mol |  | 2 | (e) |
| Carbon monoxide (CO) (c) | μmol/mol |  | 0.2 | (e) |
| Total sulfur compounds (d) (H2S basis) | μmol/mol |  | 0.004 | (e) |
| Formaldehyde (HCHO) | μmol/mol |  | 0.2 | (e) |
| Formic acid (HCOOH)  | μmol/mol |  | 0.2 | (e) |
| Ammonia (NH3) | μmol/mol |  | 0.1 | (e) |
| Total halogenated compounds (e)(Halogenate ion basis) | μmol/mol |  | 0.05 | (e) |
| (a)  The hydrogen fuel index is determined by subtracting the “total non-hydrogen gases” in this table, expressed in mole per cent, from 100 mole per cent.(b) Total hydrocarbons except methane include oxygenated organic species. (c) The sum of measured CO, HCHO and HCOOH shall not exceed 0.2 µmol/mol(d)  As a minimum, total sulphur compounds include H2S, COS, CS2 and mercaptans, which are typically found in natural gas.(e) Test method shall be documented. Test methods defined in ISO21087 are preferable.(f) The analysis of specific contaminants depending on the production process shall be exempted. A vehicle manufacturer shall provide the responsible authority reasons for exempting specific contaminants."  |

*Annex 6, paragraph 1.2.,* amend to read:

"1.2. This annex does not apply to dual-fuel engines and vehicles or engines and vehicles **where all of the fuels used have a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 6.2.,* amend to read:

"6.2. The conformity factors shall be calculated and presented for both the CO2 mass based method and the work based method. The pass/fail decision shall be made on the basis of the results of the work based method. **The CO2 mass based method may be omitted, if the molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of at least one of the fuels used is 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4**."

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.1.11.,* amend to read:

"10.1.1.11. Type of engine: petrol, ethanol (E85), diesel/NG /LPG /ethanol (ED95) **/hydrogen** (Delete as appropriate)"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.5.1.,* amend to read:

"10.1.5.1. Engine fuel type (e.g. diesel, ethanol ED95, NG, LPG, petrol, E85**, hydrogen**)"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.8.1.,* amend to read:

"10.1.8.1. THC concentration [ppm] **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.8.2.,* amend to read:

"10.1.8.2. CO concentration [ppm] **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.8.4.,* amend to read:

"10.1.8.4. CO2 concentration [ppm] **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.9.1.,* amend to read:

"10.1.9.1. THC mass [g/s] **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.9.2.,* amend to read:

"10.1.9.2. CO mass [g/s] **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.9.4.,* amend to read:

"10.1.9.4. CO2 mass [g/s] **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.9.5.,* amend to read:

"10.1.9.5. CH4 mass [g/s] for ~~P.I.~~ **natural-gas** fuelled engines only"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.9.6.,* amend to read:

"10.1.9.6. THC cumulated mass [g] **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.9.7.,* amend to read:

"10.1.9.7. CO cumulated mass [g] **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.9.9.,* amend to read:

"10.1.9.9. CO2 cumulated mass [g] **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.9.16.,* amend to read:

"10.1.9.16. Work window THC conformity factor [-] **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.9.17.,* amend to read:

"10.1.9.17. Work window CO conformity factor [-] **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.9.20.,* amend to read:

"10.1.9.20. CO2 mass window duration [s] **for engines where none of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.9.21.,* amend to read:

"10.1.9.21. CO2 mass window THC conformity factor [-] **for engines where none of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.9.22.,* amend to read:

"10.1.9.22. CO2 mass window CO conformity factor [-] **for engines where none of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.9.23.,* amend to read:

"10.1.9.23. CO2 mass window NOx conformity factor [-] **for engines where none of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.9.24a.,* amend to read:

"10.1.9.24a. CO2 mass window PM number conformity factor [-] **for engines where none of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.10.8.,* amend to read:

"10.1.10.8. THC emissions [g] **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.10.9.,* amend to read:

"10.1.10.9. CO emissions [g] **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.10.11.,* amend to read:

"10.1.10.11. CO2 emissions [g] **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.11.2.,* amend to read:

"10.1.11.2. Work window THC conformity factor [-] **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.11.3.,* amend to read:

"10.1.11.3. Work window CO conformity factor [-] **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.11.6.,* amend to read:

"10.1.11.6. CO2 mass window THC conformity factor [-] **for engines where none of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.11.7.,* amend to read:

"10.1.11.7. CO2 mass window NOx conformity factor [-] **for engines where none of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.11.8.,* amend to read:

"10.1.11.8. Work window CO conformity factor [-] **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.11.11.,* amend to read:

"10.1.11.11. CO2 mass window: Minimum and maximum window duration [s] **for engines for engines where none of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.11.13.,* amend to read:

"10.1.11.13. CO2 mass window: Percentage of valid windows **for engines for engines where none of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.12.1.,* amend to read:

"10.1.12.1. THC analyser zero, span and audit results, pre and post test **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.12.2.,* amend to read:

"10.1.12.2. CO analyser zero, span and audit results, pre and post test **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, paragraph 10.1.12.4.,* amend to read:

"10.1.12.4. CO2 analyser zero, span and audit results, pre and post test **for engines where one of the fuels used has a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 8, Appendix 1, paragraph A.1.1.,* amend to read:

"A.1.1. Introduction

This Appendix describes the procedure to determine pollutant emissions from on-vehicle on-road measurements using Portable Emissions Measurement Systems (hereinafter “PEMS”). The pollutant emissions to be measured from the exhaust of the engine include the following components: carbon monoxide, total hydrocarbons, nitrogen oxides and PM number for compression ignition engines and carbon monoxide, non- methane hydrocarbons, methane, nitrogen oxides and PM number for positive ignition engines. Additionally, carbon dioxide shall be measured to enable the calculation procedures described in paragraph A.1.4.

For engines fuelled with natural gas, the manufacturer, technical service or Type Approval Authority may choose to measure the total hydrocarbon (THC) emissions only instead of measuring the methane and non-methane hydrocarbon emissions. In that case, the emission limit for the total hydrocarbon emissions is the same as the one shown in paragraph 5.3. of this Regulation for methane emissions. For the purposes of the calculation of the conformity factors pursuant to paragraphs A.1.4.2.3. and A.1.4.3.2., the applicable limit shall in that case be the methane emission limit only.

For engines fuelled with gases other than natural gas, the manufacturer, technical service or Type Approval Authority may choose to measure the total hydrocarbon (THC) emissions instead of measuring the non-methane hydrocarbon emissions. In that case, the emission limit for the total hydrocarbon emissions is the same as shown in paragraph 5.3. of this Regulation for non-methane hydrocarbon emissions. For the purposes of the calculations of the conformity factors pursuant to paragraphs A.1.4.2.3. and A.1.4.3.2., the applicable limit shall in that case be the non-methane emission limit.

 **For engines where all the fuels used have a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4, the manufacturer may choose to measure only nitrogen oxides and PM number. In this case lambda and optionally air mass flow shall be measured as well to enable the data consistency check as described in paragraph A.1.3.2.**"

*Table 1 in Annex 8, Appendix 1, paragraph A.1.2.2.*, amend to read:

"Table 1
**Test parameters**

| Parameter | Unit | Source |
| --- | --- | --- |
| THC concentration1, 5 | ppm | Gas analyser |
| CO concentration1, 5 | ppm | Gas analyser |
| NOx concentration1 | ppm | Gas analyser |
| CO2 concentration1, 5 | ppm | Gas analyser |
| CH4 concentration1, 2, 5 | ppm | Gas analyser |
| PM number concentration | #/cm3 | PM number analyser |
| Dilution setting (if applicable) | - | PM number analyser |
| Exhaust gas flow | kg/h | Exhaust Flow Meter (hereinafter EFM) |
| Exhaust temperature | K | EFM |
| Ambient temperature3 | K | Sensor |
| Ambient pressure | kPa | Sensor |
| Engine torque4 | Nm | ECU or Sensor |
| Engine speed | rpm | ECU or Sensor |
| Engine fuel flow | g/s | ECU or Sensor |
| Engine coolant temperature | K | ECU or Sensor |
| Engine intake air temperature3 | K | Sensor |
| Vehicle ground speed | km/h | ECU and GPS |
| Vehicle latitude | degree | GPS |
| Vehicle longitude | degree | GPS |
| **Lambda value** 6 | **-** | **ECU or Sensor** |
| **Air mass flow** 7 | **kg/h** | **ECU or Sensor** |

Notes:

1 Measured or corrected to a wet basis

2 Only for gas engines fuelled with natural gas

3 Use the ambient temperature sensor or an intake air temperature sensor

4 The recorded value shall be either (a) the net brake engine torque according to paragraph A.1.2.4.4. of this appendix or (b) the net brake engine torque calculated from the torque values according to paragraph A.1.2.4.4. of this appendix.

**5 Not applicable for engines where all the fuels used have a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**

**6 Only for engineswhere all the fuels used have a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4**

**7 optional for engineswhere all the fuels used have a molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4**"

*Annex 8, Appendix 1, paragraph A.1.3.2.1.,* amend to read:

"A.1.3.2.1. Analysers and EFM data

 The consistency of the data (exhaust mass flow measured by the EFM and gas concentrations) shall be verified using a correlation between the measured fuel flow from the ECU and the fuel flow calculated using the formula in paragraph 8.4.1.7. of Annex 4 to this Regulation. **If the molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of all the fuels used is 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4, then the formula in paragraph 8.4.1.6. of Annex 4 shall be used instead.** A linear regression shall be performed for the measured and calculated fuel rate values. The method of least squares shall be used, with the best fit equation having the form:

…"

 *Annex 9, Table 2, paragraph 3.2.2.*, amend to read:

"Table 2
**OTLs (positive ignition engines)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | Limit in mg/kWh |
|  | NOx | CO 1)**, 2)** |
| Phase-in period | 1,500 | 7,500 |
| General requirements | 1,200 | 7,500 |

1) The transitional provisions related to introduction of the CO OTLs are specified in paragraphs 13.2.2. and 13.3.2. of this Regulation.

**2) not applicable if the molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of all the fuel used is 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 9B, paragraph 3.26.,* amend to read:

"3.26. Abbreviations

AES Auxiliary Emission Strategy

**CI Compressed Ignition**

CV Crankcase Ventilation

DOC Diesel Oxidation Catalyst

DPF Diesel Particulate Filter or Particulate Trap including catalyzed DPFs**,** ~~and~~ Continuously Regenerating Traps (CRT) **and other soot particle filters**

DTC Diagnostic trouble code

EGR Exhaust Gas Recirculation

HC Hydrocarbon

LNT Lean NOx Trap (or NOx absorber)

LPG Liquefied Petroleum Gas

MECS Malfunction Emission Control Strategy

NG Natural Gas

NOx Oxides of Nitrogen

OTL OBD Threshold Limit

**PI Positive Ignition**

PM Particulate Matter

SCR Selective Catalytic Reduction

SW Screen Wipers

TFF Total Functional Failure monitoring

VGT Variable Geometry Turbocharger

VVT Variable Valve Timing"

*Annex 9B, paragraph 5.2.3.,* amend to read:

"5.2.3. Low fuel level

Manufacturers may request approval to disable monitoring systems that are affected by low fuel level / pressure or running out of fuel (e.g. diagnosis of a malfunction of the fuelling system or misfiring) as follows:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | ~~Diesel~~ | ~~Gas~~ |
|  |  | ~~NG~~ | ~~LPG~~ |
| ~~(a) The low fuel level considered for such a disablement shall not exceed 100 litres or 20 per cent of the nominal capacity of the fuel tank, whichever is lower.~~  | ~~X~~ |  | ~~X~~ |
| ~~(b) The low fuel pressure in the tank considered for such a disablement shall not exceed 20 per cent of the usable range of fuel tank pressure.~~  |  | ~~X~~ |  |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Liquid fuel storage** | **Gaseous fuel storage** |
| **(a) The low fuel level considered for such a disablement shall not exceed 100 litres or 20 per cent of the nominal capacity of the fuel tank, whichever is lower.**  | **X** |  |
| **(b) The low fuel pressure in the tank considered for such a disablement shall not exceed 20 per cent of the usable range of fuel tank pressure.**  |  | **X** |

 "

*Annex 9B, Appendix 3 – Item 6,* amend to read:

"Appendix 3 - Item 6

Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR) system monitoring

The OBD system shall monitor the following elements of the EGR system on engines so equipped for proper operation:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | ~~Diesel~~**CI engine** | ~~Gas~~**PI engine** |
| (a1) EGR low/high flow: the EGR system's ability to maintain the commanded EGR flow rate, detecting both “flow rate too low” and “flow rate too high” conditions – emission threshold monitoring. | X |  |
| (a2) EGR low/high flow: the EGR system's ability to maintain the commanded EGR flow rate, detecting both “flow rate too low” and “flow rate too high” conditions – performance monitoring |  | X |
| (a3) EGR low flow: the EGR system's ability to maintain the commanded EGR flow rate, detecting “flow rate too low” conditions – total functional failure or performance monitoring as specified in this item. | X | X |
| (b) Slow response of the EGR actuator: the EGR system's ability to achieve the commanded flow rate within a manufacturer specified time interval following the command – performance monitoring.  | X | X |
| (c1) EGR cooler under cooling performance: the EGR cooler system's ability to achieve the manufacturer's specified cooling performance – performance monitoring. | X | X |
| (c2) EGR cooler under cooling performance: the EGR cooler system's ability to achieve the manufacturer's specified cooling performance – total functional failure monitoring as specified in this item. | X | X |

 …"

*Annex 9B, Appendix 3 – Item 7,* amend to read:

"Appendix 3 - Item 7

Fuel System monitoring

The OBD system shall monitor the following elements of the fuel system on engines so-equipped for proper operation:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | ~~Diesel~~**CI engine** | ~~Gas~~**PI engine** |
| (a) Fuel system pressure control: fuel system ability to achieve the commanded fuel pressure in closed loop control – performance monitoring. | X |  |
| (b) Fuel system pressure control: fuel system ability to achieve the commanded fuel pressure in closed loop control in the case where the system is so constructed that the pressure can be controlled independently of other parameters – performance monitoring. | X |  |
| (c) Fuel injection timing: fuel system ability to achieve the commanded fuel timing for at least one of the injection events when the engine is equipped with the appropriate sensors – performance monitoring. | X |  |
| (d) Fuel injection quantity: fuel system ability to achieve the commanded fuel quantity by detecting errors from desired fuel quantity in at least one of the injection events when the engine is equipped with the appropriate sensors (e.g. in pre- main- or post-injection) – emission threshold monitoring. | X |  |
| (e) Fuel injection system: ability to maintain the desired air-fuel ratio (incl. but not limited to self-adaptation features) – performance monitoring. |  | X |

 "

*Annex 9B, Appendix 3 – Item 8,* amend to read:

"Appendix 3 - Item 8

Air handling and turbocharger/Boost pressure control system

The OBD system shall monitor the following elements of the Air handling and turbo-charger/Boost pressure control system on engines so-equipped for proper operation:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | ~~Diesel~~**CI engine** | ~~Gas~~**PI engine** |
| (a1) Turbo under/over boost: turbo boost system's ability to maintain the commanded boost pressure, detecting both “boost pressure too low” and “boost pressure too high” conditions – emission threshold monitoring. | X |  |
| (a2) Turbo under/over boost: turbo boost system's ability to maintain the commanded boost pressure, detecting both “boost pressure too low” and “boost pressure too high” conditions – performance monitoring. |  | X |
| (a3) Turbo under boost: turbo boost system's ability to maintain the commanded boost pressure, detecting “boost pressure too low” conditions – total functional failure or performance monitoring as specified in this item. | X | X |
| (b) Variable Geometry Turbo (VGT) slow response: VGT system's ability to achieve the commanded geometry within a manufacturer specified time-performance monitoring. | X | X |
| (c) Charge air cooling: Charge air cooling system efficiency - total functional failure. | X | X |

 …"

*Annex 9B, Appendix 3 – Item 10,* amend to read:

"Appendix 3 - Item 10

Misfire Monitoring

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | ~~Diesel~~**CI engine** | ~~Gas~~**PI engine** |
| (a) No prescriptions. | X |  |
| (b) Misfire that may cause catalyst damage (e.g. by monitoring a certain percentage of misfiring in a certain period of time) – performance monitoring. |  | X |

 "

*Annex 9B, Appendix 3 – Item 13,* amend to read:

"Appendix 3 - Item 13

Exhaust gas and oxygen sensors monitoring

The OBD system shall monitor:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | ~~Diesel~~**CI engine** | ~~Gas~~**PI engine** |
| (a) The electrical elements of the exhaust gas sensors on engines so-equipped for proper operation according to item 1 to this appendix – component monitoring. | X | X |
| (b) Both the primary and secondary (fuel control) oxygen sensors. These sensors are considered as exhaust gas sensors to be monitored for proper operation according to item 1 to this appendix – component monitoring. |  | X |

 "

*Annex 9B, Appendix 3 – Item 15,* amend to read:

"Appendix 3 - Item 15

Three-way catalyst

The OBD system shall monitor the three-way catalyst on engines so-equipped for proper operation:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | ~~Diesel~~**CI engine** | ~~Gas~~**PI engine** |
| (a) Three-way Catalyst Conversion efficiency: the catalyst ability to convert NOx and CO – performance monitoring |  | X |

 "

*Annex 10, paragraph 5.2.2.,* amend to read:

"5.2.2. The applicable emission limits shall be the following:

(a) For CO: 2,000 mg/kWh1;

(b) For THC: 220 mg/kWh1;

(c) For NOx: 600 mg/kWh;

(d) For PM: 16 mg/kWh.

**1 the measurement shall not be required if the molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of all the fuels used is 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**"

*Annex 12, paragraph 3.1.,* amend to read:

"3.1. Raw measurement

This paragraph shall apply, if CO2 is measured in the raw exhaust gas **and the molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of all the fuels used is greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4**."

*Annex 12, paragraph 3.2.,* amend to read:

"3.2. Dilute measurement

This paragraph shall apply, if CO2 is measured in the dilute exhaust gas **and the molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of all the fuels used is greater than 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4**."

*Annex 12, insert new paragraph 3.3.,* to read:

**"3.3. Calculation from fuel consumption**

 **This paragraph shall apply, if the molar carbon to hydrogen ratio of the all the fuels used is 0 as defined in paragraph 8. of Annex 4.**

**The fuel consumption shall be determined according to paragraph 4. of this annex and the measured test-averaged fuel consumption shall be used as the base for calculating the test averaged CO2 emissions.**

**The mass of CO2 (g/test) shall be set to zero according to the following equation:**

$m\_{CO\_{2}}= \frac{β × M\_{CO\_{2}}}{β×A\_{C}+ α ×A\_{H}}× q\_{mf}$ "

*Annex 12, paragraph* 3.3. *(former), renumber as paragraph 3.4.*

*Annex 12, Appendix 1, paragraph A.1.2.1.2.,* amend to read:

"A.1.2.1.2. Paragraph 5.2.4. of Regulation No.101 shall be understood as follows:

 (1) Density: measured on the test fuel according to ISO 3675 or an equivalent method. For petrol, diesel, ethanol (E85) and ethanol for dedicated C.I. engines (ED95) the density measured at 288 K (15 °C) will be used; for LPG and natural gas/biomethane a reference density shall be used, as follows:

 0.538 kg/litre for LPG;

 0.654 kg/m3 for NG.

 (2) Hydrogen-carbon-oxygen ratio: fixed values shall be used which are:

 C1H1.93O0.032 for petrol (E10);

 C1H1.86O0.006 for diesel (B7);

 C1H2.525 for LPG (liquefied petroleum gas);

 CH4 for NG (natural gas) and biomethane;

 C1H2.74O0.385 for ethanol (E85);

 C1H2.92O0.46 for ethanol for dedicated C.I. engines (ED95)~~.~~**;**

 **H2 for hydrogen.**"

*Annex 12, Appendix 1, paragraph A.1.2.1.2.,* amend to read:

"A.1.2.1.3. Paragraph 1.4.3. of Annex 6. of Regulation No. 101 shall be understood as:

1.4.3. The fuel consumption, expressed in litres per 100 km (in the case of petrol, LPG, ethanol (E85 and ED95) and diesel) or in m3 per 100 km (in the case of NG/biomethane) is calculated by means of the following formulae:

(a) For vehicles with a positive ignition engine fuelled with petrol (E10):

FC = (0.120/D) · [(0.831 - HC) + (0.429 - CO) + (0.273 · CO2)]

(b) For vehicles with a positive ignition engine fuelled with LPG:

FCnorm = (0.1212/0.538) · [(0.825 · HC) + (0.429 · CO) + (0.273 · CO2)]

If the composition of the fuel used for the test differs from the composition that is assumed for the calculation of the normalised consumption, on the manufacturer’s request a correction factor cf may be applied, as follows:

FCnorm = (0.1212/0.538) · (cf) · [(0.825 · HC) + (0.429 · CO) + (0.273 · CO2)]

The correction factor cf, which may be applied, is determined as follows:

cf = 0.825 + 0.0693 nactual

Where:

nactual is the actual H/C ratio of the fuel used

(c) For vehicles with a positive ignition engine fuelled with NG/biomethane:

FCnorm = (0.1336/0.654) · [(0.749 · HC) + (0.429 · CO) + (0.273 · CO2)]

(d) For vehicles with a positive ignition engine fuelled with ethanol (E85):

FC = (0.1742/D) · [(0.574 · HC) + (0.429 · CO) + (0.273 · CO2)]

(e) For vehicles with a compression ignition engine fuelled with diesel (B7):

FC = (0.1165/D) · [(0.859 · HC) + (0.429 · CO) + (0.273 · CO2)]

(f) For vehicles with a dedicated compression ignition engine fuelled with ethanol (ED95)

FC = (0.186/D) · [(0.538 · HC) + (0.429 · CO) + (0.273 · CO2)]

**(g) For vehicles fuelled by gaseous hydrogen:**

$FC=0.024\frac{V}{d}\left[\frac{1}{Z\_{1}}\frac{p\_{1}}{T\_{1}}-\frac{1}{Z\_{2}}\frac{p\_{2}}{T\_{2}}\right]$

**Under previous agreement with the type-approval authority, and for vehicles fuelled either by gaseous or liquid hydrogen, the manufacturer may choose as alternative to the method above, or a method according to standard protocols such as SAE J2572 or ISO 23828.**

In these formulae:

FC is the fuel consumption in litre per 100 km (in the case of petrol, ethanol, LPG, diesel or biodiesel) or in m3 per 100 km (in the case of natural gas)

HC is the measured emission of hydrocarbons in g/km

CO is the measured emission of carbon monoxide in g/km

CO2 is the measured emission of carbon dioxide in g/km

D is the density of the test fuel. In the case of gaseous fuels this is the density at 288 K (15 °C).

**d is the theoretical length of the applicable phase or cycle, in km**

**p1 is the pressure in gaseous fuel tank before the operating cycle in Pa**

**p2 is the pressure in gaseous fuel tank after the operating cycle in Pa**

**T1 is the temperature in gaseous fuel tank before the operating cycle in K**

**T2 is the temperature in gaseous fuel tank after the operating cycle in K**

**Z1 is the compressibility factor of the gaseous fuel at p1 and T1**

**Z2 is the compressibility factor of the gaseous fuel at p2 and T2**

**V is the inner volume of the gaseous fuel tank in m3**"

 II. Justification

1. Hydrogen fuelled vehicles are covered in UN Regulation No. 83 and UN Regulation No. 154 (LD regulation), but hydrogen fuelled engines are not yet covered in UN Regulation No. 49 and UN Regulation No. 85

2. Hydrogen fuelled engines could be one complementary option to reduce CO2 emission of future heavy duty vehicles

3. Thus hydrogen fuel should be integrated in UN Regulation No. 49 and UN Regulation No. 85 for better alignment with UN Regulation No. 83 and UN Regulation No. 154

To mark the proposed amendments to the existing text of the UN Regulations, UN Global Technical Regulations (UN GTRs) and UN Rules, the proposals for consideration by the GRs can be prepared either on track change mode or using bold text (for the additions) and strikethrough (for the deleted text).

1. \* In accordance with the programme of work of the Inland Transport Committee for 2022 as outlined in proposed programme budget for 2022 (A/76/6 (Sect.20), para 20.76), the World Forum will develop, harmonize and update UN Regulations in order to enhance the performance of vehicles. The present document is submitted in conformity with that mandate. [↑](#footnote-ref-2)