Identification of Tailings Sites and Review of Available Information and Initiatives on Issues Related to Tailings Management in EECCA countries

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Introduction

PART I. Tailings management in EECCA countries

- TMFs identification
- Legal framework review

PART II. Possible areas of follow up study

Introduction

TMF as an object of research

TMF HAZARD DRIVERS

| INTERNAL | EXTERNAL | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| Facility operation | Location | Military | |
| Quality and quantity of waste ! Technical state of dams, pipelines, bottom insulation Violation of operating conditions | Geological conditions and seismic intensity Hydrological conditions Climatic conditions | Shelling Mining of territories Defensive constructions Unauthorized access | |

HAZARD TYPES

- fire
- chemical
- environmental
- hydrodynamic
- bacteriological

PROBABLE ACCIDENT SCENARIOS

- Dam failure with subsequent spillways of waste
- Waste overflow, leakage, filtration
- Fires and explosions
- Pipelines failure, etc.

! EMERGENCIES of the national and transboundary scale

part I

Tailings management in EECCA countries

TMFs identification in the EECCA region



| Country | Number of TSFs | | |
|---------------|----------------|--|--|
| 1. Ukraine | 465 | | |
| 2. Kazakhstan | 121 | | |
| 3. Kyrgyzstan | 56 | | |
| 4. Uzbekistan | 36 | | |
| 5. Armenia | 23 | | |
| 6. Tajikistan | 13 | | |
| 7. Belarus | 9 | | |
| 8. Georgia | 5 | | |
| 9. Azerbaijan | 4 | | |
| | | | |

Map of EECCA countries

Data sources:

1) TMF Hazard Maps (en) © UNECE; 2) Hazard map TMFs © UBA; 3) TMF map © OSCE; 4) State registers; 5) Monitoring programs; and other open data sources.

TMFs identification in Kazakhstan

| | | Sarnana Gewepu Opendo | rg of the second | Headowfordox |
|---------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Total number of TSFs | 121 TMFs | for the second | Map Cyrran Hup Cyrran | 0000 |
| Status of TSFs | Active - 94Closed - 25 | E.A | Kaza 🕅 tan 🔍 📀 | |
| | Rehabilitated - 2 | 1 57 | A Part of | Q Ourol |
| Total amount of waste stored | 2.868 billion tons | failisi ndoemus | Uzbekistan Uzbekistan Tashkent | Almaty Ankatus yzstan |
| Age of TMFs | ≥ 30 years (1937-1990): | 70 TMFs | Map of TSFs in Kaza | ıkhstan. © UNECE |
| (commissioning year) | < 30 years (1991-2018): | 51 TMFs | | |
| Industries | recommended | | | |
| River Basins | recommended | | | |

Data sources:

1) TMF Hazard Map of Kazakhstan (en). © UNECE; 2) TMF map. © UBA

TMFs identification in Kazakhstan

8 River Basins (incl. transboundary)

potentially affected by TMFs in Kazakhstan

Nura-Sarysu, Aral-Syrdarya, Balkhash-Alakol, Irtysh, Ishim, Shy-Talas, Tobol-Turgai, Ural-Caspian

Data on River Basins potentially affected by TMFs is needed for Assesment of TMF safety:

EIA procedure, Emergency Plan, TMFs accounting System, Emergency Notification System, incl. transboundary emergensies, etc.

Legal framework review

STANDARDS ON TMFs SAFETY as way-marks for enhancing national legislation on tailings management

Safety Guidelines and Good Practices for Tailings Management Facilities, UNECE

Global Industry Standard on Tailings Management

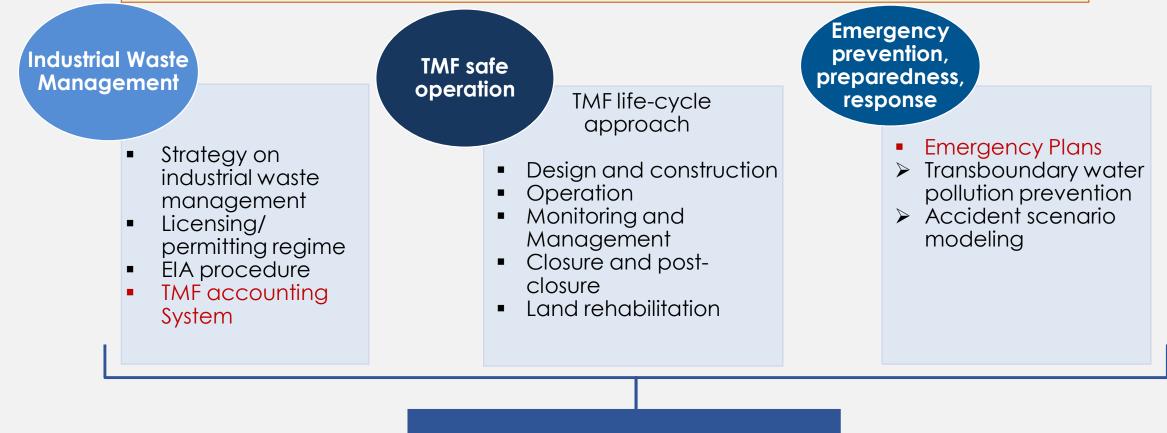
Methodology

for Comprehensive Evaluation of TMF Safety **BAT Reference Document**

for the Management of Waste from Extractive Industries

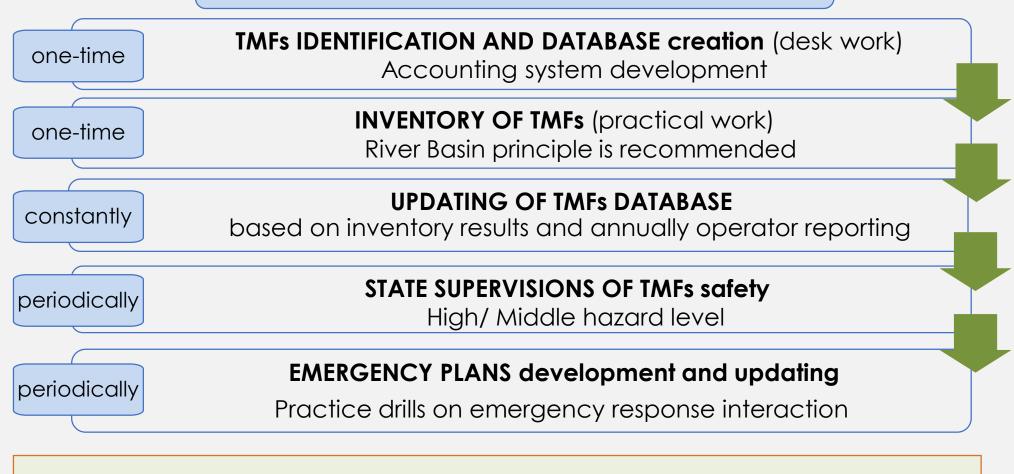
Legal framework review

Legal aspects of environmental and technogenic safety of TMFs



Actions to be taken

TMF-Operator – Competent Authority



Country model of environmental and technogenic safety of TMFs

part II

Possible areas of follow up study



Possible areas of follow up study

Actions to be taken for enhancing TMF safety

The possible pilot projects with further dissemination of the results achieved

1. Inventory of TMFs using River Basin principle (field work), resulting in recommendations on:

- improving the TMF safety level
- accidents prevention
- reducing the risks of water pollution

1.2. Trainings on application of the TMF Methodology involving state supervisors / operators/ independent auditors

2. Development of software for the National TMFs accounting system (TMF-Operator \rightarrow Competent Authority), data collection and updating process using a modern tool, which will be used by the Competent Authority to make informed management decisions

Possible areas of follow up study

3. Emergency preparedness support at TMF of high-hazard level with potential transboundary impact (TMF-Operator ↔ Competent Authority)

 Developing Emergency Plan for TMF-operator, including a part of the plan on method of modelling of the dam failure scenario and considering the potential transboundary impact
 Conducting practical exercises to enhance interaction between the Competent Authorities and TMF-operator (field work)

4. Satellite monitoring of TMF dam stability and trainings of specialists for further self-use for:

- TMFs located in limited access areas (e.g. mountain locations, territories of the armed conflicts)

- Abandoned multi-tonnage TMFs in emergency state

5. Review of industrial waste recycling technologies for TMFs storing large tonnage waste of high resource value for decades

Thank you for your attention!

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