Economic Commission for Europe
Inland Transport Committee

Eighty-fourth session
Geneva, 22-25 February 2022
Item 9 (a) of the provisional agenda
Strategic questions of a horizontal and cross-sectoral
policy or regulatory nature:
Status of accession to international United Nations
inland transport conventions and agreements

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transport conventions and agreements

Note by the secretariat*

Summary

This document presents the status of accessions by ECE and non-ECE member States
to the United Nations transport agreements and conventions administered by ECE.

On 6 December 2021, the total number of contracting parties to the 59 United Nations
legal instruments in the field of transport administered by ECE was 1,807, with six new
contracting parties to six legal instruments.

The Committee may wish to invite countries, which have not yet done so, to accede
to the United Nations conventions and other legal instruments in inland transport
administered by the Committee and its subsidiary bodies.

I. Overview

1. Figure I below shows the growth of the total number of contracting parties to legal
instruments on inland transport concluded under the purview of the Inland Transport
Committee (ITC). On 6 December 2021, the total number of contracting parties to the 59
United Nations legal instruments in the field of transport administered by the United Nations
Economic Commission for Europe (ECE) was 1,807, with six new contracting parties to six
legal instruments (see annex for details). Out of these 59 legal instruments, ten have not yet
entered into force. The summary tables on the status of signatures, ratifications and
accessions for all legal instruments are available at www.unece.org/trans/conventn/intro.html.

* This document was scheduled for publication after the standard publication date owing to
circumstances beyond the submitter's control.
Figure I
Annual Growth of Contracting Parties to Legal Instruments on inland transport under the purview of the ITC

Source: ECE

2. Figure II below illustrates the evolution of accessions by ECE and non-ECE contracting parties since 1950.

Figure II
Accession of ECE and non-ECE Contracting Parties (1950–2021)

Legend: Solid line: ECE member States - Dotted line: non-ECE member States
Source: ECE

3. Of the 193 United Nations Member States, 151 States (78 per cent) are contracting parties to at least one legal instrument on inland transport, in addition to two Permanent Observers to the United Nations and one non-State contracting party. Eleven per cent of the United Nations Member States are contracting parties to at least 30 legal instruments.

II. Geographical Distribution of Contracting Parties

4. The total number of contracting parties to the 59 transport conventions is 1,807 (as of 6 December 2021). Of these, 1,390 are ECE member States and 417 are non-ECE States.

5. Of the 151 United Nations Member States that are contracting parties, 95 (63 per cent) are non-ECE member States.

6. Out of the 59 legal instruments under the purview of ITC, 49 are in force. Non-ECE United Nations Member States are contracting parties to 32 transport conventions, representing 30 per cent of the total number of accessions to these conventions. This also
means that about 60 per cent of United Nations transport conventions serviced by ECE and in force, have a geographical coverage beyond the territory of ECE. On average, each ECE member State is party to 25 legal instruments, while each non-ECE member State is party to 4.3 legal instruments.

Figure III
ECE and non-ECE member States Contracting Parties to at least one United Nations Transport Convention

Legend: Dark grey: contracting parties - Light grey: non_contracting parties
Source: ECE

7. The European Union is currently the only non-State contracting party to United Nations legal instruments under the purview of the Committee. It is party to seven legal instruments.

8. Ethiopia became in 2021 the 151st United Nations Member State to accede to one of the conventions under the purview of the Committee. Forty-two United Nations Member States are not yet contracting parties to any legal instruments on inland transport under the purview of ITC: Angola, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Chad, Colombia, Comoros, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Djibouti, Dominica, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Gabon, Gambia, Grenada, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kiribati, Libya, Maldives, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Micronesia (Federated States of), Mozambique, Nauru, Nicaragua, Palau, Panama, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Somalia, South Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Timor-Leste, Tuvalu, Vanuatu, Yemen and Zambia.

9. The Committee may wish to consider this information and provide guidance on ways to increase the number of new accessions to the legal instruments under its purview.
## Annex

### Accessions registered from 1 January – 6 December 2021

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Contracting party</th>
<th>Convention</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>02/12/2021</td>
<td>Iran (Islamic Republic of)</td>
<td>Agreement on the International Carriage of Perishable Foodstuffs and on the Special Equipment to be Used for such Carriage (ATP), of 1 September 1970</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25/08/2021</td>
<td>Ethiopia</td>
<td>Convention on Road Traffic, of 8 November 1968</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24/08/2021</td>
<td>Kyrgyzstan</td>
<td>European Agreement concerning the Work of Crews of Vehicles Engaged in International Road Transport (AETR), 1970</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14/06/2021</td>
<td>Turkmenistan</td>
<td>Customs Convention on Containers, 1972</td>
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<tr>
<td>14/06/2021</td>
<td>Turkmenistan</td>
<td>Convention on Customs Treatment of Pool Containers Used in International Transport, 1994</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01/04/2021</td>
<td>Estonia</td>
<td>Convention on Road Traffic, 1949</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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