## UN/SCEGHS/41/INF.13/Add.1

Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods and on the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

**Sub-Committee of Experts on the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals** 

2 December 2021

**Forty-first session** 

Geneva, 8-10 December 2021

Item 3 (a) of the provisional agenda

Implementation of the GHS:

possible development of a list of chemicals classified in accordance with the GHS

## GHS chemical classification list survey

Transmitted by the experts from Canada and the United States of America on behalf of the informal correspondence group

## **United Nations GHS Chemical Classification List Survey**

The United Nations Sub-Committee of Experts on the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) Global List informal correspondence group is conducting a survey of existing national, regional, and third-party chemical classification lists that follow the GHS. The goal of the survey is to understand how the lists were developed and how they compare to guiding principles developed by the informal correspondence group. See <a href="ST/SG/AC.10/C.4/48">ST/SG/AC.10/C.4/48</a>, Annex III, p. 18 for the guiding principles. For additional background on the survey and the UN discussion, see <a href="UN/SCEGHS/40/INF.15">UN/SCEGHS/40/INF.15</a> and <a href="ST/SG/AC.10/C.4/80">ST/SG/AC.10/C.4/80</a> paragraphs 41 to 43.

You have been identified as having expertise in a chemical classification list; the following survey includes a series of questions about the applicable list, including how it was developed, whether the rationale and data underlying the classifications are available, whether the list is legally binding, and what hazard categories and classes are included in the list.

The survey will take approximately one hour to complete and is provided in English. If you need translation services or need the survey to be provided in a different format, if you have any technical questions or issues completing the survey, or questions related to the survey material, please contact the contractor's survey help email at <a href="mailto:surveyhelp@erg.com">surveyhelp@erg.com</a>.

You can complete this survey online using the username and password credentials provided in the survey invitation email you received (or was otherwise shared with you) for your applicable chemical list:

https://erg.qualtrics.com/UN-GHS-Chemical-Classification-List-Survey

Thank you for your participation!

## **General Questions**

Contac	t information for the survey respondent:
Busin Email	etion/Organization: ess address: address: contact method:
What i	s the GHS implementation status? (Select all that apply)
_	GHS is legally implemented in one or more possible sectors (that is, the GHS has been adopted through a legally binding instrument, such as a law, decree, regulation, mandatory standard, etc. and the instrument is in force.)
	GHS is implemented on a voluntary basis in one or more possible sectors (that is, the GHS has been incorporated into a non-mandatory instrument, such as voluntary standards, recommendations, guidance, etc. and/or is voluntary.)
	GHS implementation is in transition* to legal implementation (*this excludes transition to a more recent version of the GHS)
	GHS implementation is in transition* to implementation on a voluntary basis (*this excludes transition to a more recent version of the GHS)
	Other (please provide brief explanation below)
	Not implemented
	Not applicable (organization)
	Not applicable (other, please provide brief explanation below)
If nece	ssary, please provide a brief explanation of your response in the space below.

GHS im	plementation is in transition, what sectors will ply)	the GHS be implemented for? (Select all
	Consumer	☐ Production
	Emergency Response	☐ Storage
	Environment	☐ Transport
	Pesticides	☐ Workplace
	Pharmaceuticals – human	☐ Other
	Pharmaceuticals – veterinary (animal)	
GHS im	GHS has been implemented, which version of the aplementation is in transition*, which version of the nented? (Select all that apply) xcludes transition to a more recent version of the	the GHS is planned to be
	GHS 1 <sup>st</sup> edition	☐ GHS Rev.5
	GHS Rev.1	☐ GHS Rev.6
	GHS Rev.2	☐ GHS Rev.7
	GHS Rev.3	☐ GHS Rev.8
	GHS Rev.4	☐ GHS Rev.9
Does th	nis country or organization have a classification	list?
0	Yes	
0	No	
	If no, is there a publicly known intent for the gorganization to create a list?	overnment, a competent authority or
	O Yes	
	O No	
Does th	nis list align with the GHS or the jurisdiction's in	plementation (past or present) of the
0	Yes	
0	No	
0	Partially (Please explain)	

If the GHS has been implemented, what sectors has the GHS been implemented for? If the

What authority or organization is responsible for this list (for example, administration of this list, making this list available)?		
	as performed the classifications (for example, technical experts internal to the ity or organization responsible for this list, a third-party contracted company)?	
0	Technical experts internal to the authority or organization responsible for this list	
0	Technical experts external to the authority or organization responsible for this list (please provide name of the authority, organization or company)	
0	Other (please state)	
Provide	e a brief summary of the classification process, as relevant.	
What is	s the purpose of this list? (Select all that apply)	
	Harmonize classification	
	Assist stakeholders with classifications	
	Verify compliance	
	Restrict substances	
	Other (please state)	
Is this I	ist publicly available or restricted?	
0	Publicly available. If possible, please attach the list to this survey (for example, an excel or pdf file)	
0	Restricted	
	If restricted, is there a publicly known intent for the government, a competent authority or organization to make this list publicly available?	
	O Yes	
	O No	

ls acces	ss to this list free of charge?
0	Yes
0	No
What is	s the web link for this list (if available)?
ls this l	ist available in English?
0	Yes
0	No
ls this l	ist available in another language?
0	Yes (please list the other language(s) this list is available in):
0	No
Are ext	ernal classification lists considered in the process of classification?
0	Yes (please list the classification list(s) considered):
0	No
	e a contact for this list (for example, if another authority, organization or member of plic wanted information about this list, who should they contact)?
0	Yes, the contact is the same as survey respondent
0	Yes, there is another primary contact (please list below)
0	Yes, there is generic contact form or email available (please provide):
0	Other (please explain):
$\cap$	No

If t	here is another primary contact, please provide their contact information:
	Name of contact:
	Affiliation/Organization:
	Email address of contact:  Other contact information:
	ere other relevant chemical classification lists to be noted for this country/jurisdiction inization?
0	Yes (please provide the name of the other relevant chemical classification lists):
0	No
0	Do not know
0	There are other chemical classification lists, but they are not related to the GHS
new significant	as well as mechanisms for expert review, conflict resolution and updating the list when the data or information become available le (a) Questions:
changi to prov Stakeh organis civil soo	process leading to changes to this list (for example, adding or removing chemicals, ing classification information for a substance), is there an opportunity for stakeholders vide input?  Industry can include, but are not limited to: relevant authorities, relevant intergovernmental stations, business/industry associations, non-governmental organisations representing the ciety, organisations representing the interest of employees potentially affected, academia ther jurisdictions potentially affected.
0	Yes
0	No
	If yes, please indicate the stakeholders involved with a brief explanation of their role. For example, are the relevant stakeholders consulted on changes to this list? Do changes to this list require approval from stakeholders (for example, in a council or committee)?

	If yes,	is there an opportunity for public consultation?
	C	Yes
	C	) No
Do the	classif	ications have a mechanism for expert review?
0	Yes	
0	No	
	-	are the classifications subject to an internal peer review? (for example, within impetent authority or organization responsible for administering this list)
	C	) Yes
	C	) No
	•	are the classifications subject to an external peer review? (for example, outside ompetent authority or organization responsible for administering this list)
	C	) Yes
	C	) No
Conflict resoluti there m arbitrat	t can bo ion refe nediation tor in t	have a mechanism for conflict resolution?  e considered as differing opinions amongst stakeholders or experts, with conflict erring to the mechanism used to address the differing opinions. For example, is on or arbitration? That is, are classifications based on consensus or is there an the system that makes a final decision (such as the competent authority)? Is there lical procedures?
0	Yes	
0	No	
	-	is this mechanism considered to be part of the process of establishing fications on this list?
	C	) Yes
	C	) No
	C	Other (please explain)

	If yes,	please provide a brief summary of this mechanism.
ecom	e availa	nanism for updating the classifications when new significant data or information ble? icant information is any information that changes the classification of the
any inf	ormatio	ixture and leads to a resulting change in the information provided on the label or n concerning the chemical and appropriate control measures that may affect the graph 1.4.7.2.1)
0	Yes	
0	No	
	would	is this mechanism real time updating? (for example, if significant new data that result in a classification change are identified, is the mechanism for revising the cation initiated, as opposed to waiting for the next cyclical update)?
	0	Yes
	0	No
	0	Other (please explain)
	If yes, i	is this mechanism cyclical in nature? (for example, every two years, if relevant)?
	0	Yes (please state the time period for the application of this mechanism)
	0	No
	0	Other (please explain)
	If yes, i	is it possible for stakeholders to initiate updates to this list?
	0	Yes
	0	No
	0	Other (please explain)

# Guiding principle (b) All GHS hazard categories and classes must be included in the global list of classified chemicals

Guiding principle (b) Questions:

Hazard classes and categories may vary between GHS revisions.

	ountry/jurisdiction, which implementation of the GHS are the classifications based on? organization, which version of the GHS are the classifications based on? (Select all that
	GHS 1 <sup>st</sup> edition
	GHS Rev.1
	GHS Rev.2
	GHS Rev.3
	GHS Rev.4
	GHS Rev.5
	GHS Rev.6
	GHS Rev.7
	GHS Rev.8
	GHS Rev.9
	Other (please explain)
If m	nore than one version is selected, please provide a brief explanation.

	nazard classes and categories from the GHS version used included for the cations?
0	Yes
0	No
	If no, for which hazard classes and categories from the GHS version used were classifications not performed?  [List of the applicable hazard classes and categories listed in the Annex to this document as check boxes (select all that apply), based on the answer to the previous question]
0	Other (please explain)
Does th	nis list include hazards not addressed in the GHS?
0	Yes
0	No
	If yes, please provide a brief description of the hazards.
	provide a reference for the applied classification criteria (for example, the regulation on the GHS, as applicable).

## Guiding principle (c) Only substances, as defined by the GHS, will be included in the global list of classified chemicals

Guiding principle (c) Questions:

<u>Substance</u> means chemical elements and their compounds in the natural state or obtained by any production process, including any additive necessary to preserve the stability of the product and any impurities deriving from the process used, but excluding any solvent which may be separated without affecting the stability of the substance or changings its composition. (GHS Chapter 1.2)

<u>Mixture</u> means a mixture or a solution composed of two or more substances in which they do not react. (GHS Chapter 1.2)

Does this list	include: (Select all that apply)
☐ Subst	rances (as defined by the GHS)?
☐ Mixtu	ures (as defined by the GHS)?
	r chemical compounds outside the scope of the GHS definition of substance and ire? (Please provide the definitions that apply to this list, as applicable.)
Does this list	include only prioritised chemicals?
O Yes	
O No	
If yes	, is it limited to specific hazards?
	Yes (please list the hazards or provide a brief description):
(	O No
If yes	, is it limited to high-volume chemicals?
	Yes
	O No
If yes	, what other criteria are applied?

### **United Nations GHS Chemical Classification List Survey**

wnatis	the total number of chemicals on this list?
Option	ıl:
How n	nany substances (as defined by the GHS)? nany mixtures (as defined by the GHS)? nany compounds excluded from the GHS tion of substances and mixtures?
luding Chem	le (d) All substances must be accurately identifiable and described for each entry (e.g. ical Abstracts Service Registry Numbers (CAS numbers), the UN numbers assigned t of dangerous goods regulations where assigned/applicable, and relevant impurities)
iding princip	le (d) Questions
How ar	e chemicals identified in this list? (Select all that apply)
	Common name
	International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC) name
	Chemical Abstract Service (CAS) Registry Number
	UN number (under UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations)
	National coding scheme
	Regional coding scheme
	Other (please specify):
are rele The GH the GHS	e chemicals described for each entry on this list? For example, for chemicals on this list evant impurities named, if applicable?  S does not have a definition for impurities but it may be understood within the context of a definition of substance:  Ince means chemical elements and their compounds in the natural state or obtained by aduction process, including any additive necessary to preserve the stability of the product

Guiding principle (e) The data sets forming the basis for the chemical classification must be referenced with the classification. The source of the information must also be electronically available, and publicly accessible. The data should be derived using test methods that are scientifically sound and validated according to international procedures

Guiding principle (e) Questions

	cuments from the decision making process electronically available and publicly ble? If partially, what are the limitations?
0	Yes
0	No
0	Partially. Please state the limitations:
	lataset on which the classification is based referenced with the classification? If y, what are the limitations?
0	Yes
0	No
0	Partially. Please state the limitations:
accessi	lataset on which the classification is based electronically available and publicly ble? If partially, what are the limitations?
	Yes
0	No
0	Partially. Please state the limitations:
Are the	e data available in sufficient detail for an independent assessment to be conducted?
$\circ$	
O	Yes

How does the classification process take GHS paragraph 1.3.2.4.3 into consideration, with the understanding that the classification process can be complex and available data from testing or studies will be dependent on the generally accepted standards of good scientific practice at the time the test or study was conducted?

Tests that determine hazardous properties, which are conducted according to internationally recognized scientific principles, can be used for the purposes of a hazard determination for health and environmental hazards. The GHS criteria for determining health and environmental hazards are test method neutral, allowing different approaches as long as they are scientifically sound and validated according to international procedures and criteria already referred to in existing systems for the hazard of concern and produce mutually acceptable data. Test methods for determining physical hazards are generally more clear-cut, and are specified in the GHS. (GHS paragraph 1.3.2.4.3)

Guiding principle (f) The global list of chemical classifications will be non-binding. As with the GHS itself, countries will have the option to make the list binding if they adopt it through their legislative and/or regulatory process. Furthermore, the development of a global list is compatible with the GHS principle of self-classification.

Guiding principle (f) Question

Are the classifications legally binding or non-binding?

0	Legally	binding
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$\circ$	Non-binding

If legally binding, please provide the reference for the legislation:

Guiding principles (Annex III, page 18):

https://www.unece.org/fileadmin/DAM/trans/doc/2012/dgac10c4/ST-SG-AC10-C4-48e.pdf

## **Hazard Classes & Categories Annex**

The following is a list of hazard classes and categories from all versions of the GHS.

#### **Physical Hazard Classes**

#### Explosives

- Unstable explosives (1<sup>st</sup> edition to GHS Rev.8)
- Division 1.1 to 1.6 (1st edition to GHS Rev.8)
- Category 1 (GHS Rev.9 to present)
- Category 2 (GHS Rev.9 to present)
  - Category 2A (GHS Rev.9 to present)
  - Category 2B (GHS Rev.9 to present)
  - Category 2C (GHS Rev.9 to present)

#### Flammable Gases

- Flammable gas Category 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to GHS Rev.6)
- Flammable gas Category 2 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to GHS Rev.6)
- Chemically unstable gas Category A (GHS Rev.4 to GHS Rev.6)
- Chemically unstable gas Category B (GHS Rev.4 to GHS Rev.6)
- Pyrophoric gas (GHS Rev.6)
- Category 1A Flammable gas (GHS Rev.7 to present)
- Category 1A Pyrophoric gas (GHS Rev.7 to present)
- Category 1A Chemically unstable gas A (GHS Rev.7 to present)
- Category 1A Chemically unstable gas B (GHS Rev.7 to present)
- Category 1B Flammable gas (GHS Rev.7 to present)
- Category 2 Flammable gas (GHS Rev.7 to present)

#### Aerosols

- Category 1 (1st edition to present)
- Category 2 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 3 (GHS Rev. 4 to present)

#### Chemicals Under Pressure

- Category 1 (GHS Rev.8 to present)
- Category 2 (GHS Rev.8 to present)
- Category 3 (GHS Rev.8 to present)

#### Oxidizing Gases

Category 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Gases Under Pressure

- Compressed gas (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Liquefied gas (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Refrigerated liquefied gas (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Dissolved gas (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Flammable Liquids

- Category 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 2 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

- Category 3 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 4 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Flammable Solids

- Category 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 2 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Self-reactive substances and mixtures

- Type A (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Type B (1st edition to present)
- Type C (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Type D (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Type E (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Type F (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Type G (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Pyrophoric liquids

Category 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Pyrophoric solids

Category 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Self-heating substances and mixtures

- Category 1 (1st edition to present)
- Category 2 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases

- Category 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 2 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 3 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Oxidizing liquids

- Category 1 (1st edition to present)
- Category 2 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 3 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Oxidizing solids

- Category 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 2 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 3 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Organic peroxides

- Type A (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Type B (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Type C (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Type D (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Type E (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Type F (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Type G (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Corrosive to metals

• Category 1 (1st edition to present)

#### Desensitized explosives

- Category 1 (GHS Rev.6 to present)
- Category 2 (GHS Rev.6 to present)
- Category 3 (GHS Rev.6 to present)
- Category 4 (GHS Rev.6 to present)

#### **Health Hazard Classes**

#### Acute toxicity

#### Oral

- Category 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 2 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 3 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 4 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 5 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Dermal

- Category 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 2 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 3 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 4 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 5 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Inhalation

- Category 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 2 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 3 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 4 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 5 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

- Category 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
  - Sub-category 1A (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
  - Sub-category 1B (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
  - Sub-category 1C (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 2 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 3 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

- Category 1 (1st edition to present)
- Category 2 (1st edition to GHS Rev.4)
- Category 2A (1<sup>st</sup> edition to GHS Rev.4)
- Category 2/2A (GHS Rev.5 to present)
- Category 2B (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Respiratory sensitization

- Category 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
  - Sub-category 1A (GHS Rev.3 to present)
  - Sub-category 1B (GHS Rev.3 to present)

#### Skin sensitization

- Category 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
  - Sub-category 1A (GHS Rev.3 to present)
  - Sub-category 1B (GHS Rev.3 to present)

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

- Category 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
  - Category 1A (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
  - Category 1B (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 2 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Carcinogenicity

- Category 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
  - Category 1A (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
  - Category 1B (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 2 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Reproductive toxicity

- Category 1 (1st edition to present)
  - Category 1A (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
  - o Category 1B (1st edition to present
- Category 2 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Effects on or via lactation (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)

#### Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure

- Category 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 2 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 3 (GHS Rev.1 to present)

#### Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure

- Category 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category 2 (1st edition to present)

#### Aspiration hazard

- Category 1 (GHS Rev.1 to present)
- Category 2 (GHS Rev.1 to present)

### **Environmental Hazard Classes**

#### Hazardous to the aquatic environment

- Category Acute 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category Acute 2 (1st edition to present)
- Category Acute 3 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category Chronic 1 (1<sup>st</sup> edition to present)
- Category Chronic 2 (1st edition to present)
- Category Chronic 3 (1st edition to present)
- Category Chronic 4 (1st edition to present)

#### Hazardous to the ozone layer

• Category 1 (GHS Rev.3 to present)