Reporting on global SDG indicator 6.5.2

TEMPLATE of the second cycle for reporting

Content of the template

The template is divided into four parts:

- Section I Calculation of SDG indicator 6.5.2
- Section II Information on each transboundary basin or group of basins
- Section III General information on transboundary water management at the national level
- Section IV Final questions

Country name: Republic of NAMIBIA

I. Calculation of Sustainable Development Goal indicator 6.5.2

Methodology

1. Using the information gathered in section II, the information gathered in this section allows for the calculation of Sustainable Development Goal global indicator 6.5.2, which is defined as the proportion of transboundary basin area with an operational arrangement for water cooperation.

2. The step-by-step monitoring methodology for indicator 6.5.2, developed by UNECE and UNESCO in the framework of UN-Water, should be referred to for details on the necessary data, the definitions and the calculation.^a

3. The value of the indicator at the national level is derived by adding up the surface area in a country of those transboundary basins (river and lake basins and aquifers) that are covered by an operational arrangement and dividing the area obtained by the aggregate total area in a country of all transboundary basins (both river and lake basins, and aquifers).

4. Transboundary basins are basins of transboundary waters, that is, of any surface waters (notably rivers, lakes) or groundwaters which mark, cross or are located on boundaries between by two or more States. For the purpose of the calculation of this indicator, for a transboundary river or lake, the basin area is determined by the extent of its catchment. For groundwater, the area to be considered is the extent of the aquifer.

5. An "arrangement for water cooperation" is a bilateral or multilateral treaty, convention, agreement or other formal arrangement among riparian countries that provides a framework for cooperation on transboundary water management.

6. For an arrangement to be considered "operational" all the following criteria need to be in place in practice:

(a) There is a joint body, joint mechanism or commission (e.g., a river basin organization) for transboundary cooperation (criterion 1);

(b) There are regular (at least once per year) formal communications between riparian countries in form of meetings (either at the political or technical level) (criterion 2);

(c) Joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management plan, or an action plan have been agreed upon by the riparian countries (criterion 3);

(d) There is a regular (at least once per year) exchange of data and information (criterion 4).

Calculation of indicator 6.5.2

7. Please list in the tables below the transboundary basins (rivers and lakes and aquifers) in your country's territory and provide the following information for each of them:

(a) The country/ies with which the basin is shared;

(b) The surface area of the basin (the catchment of rivers or lakes and the aquifer in the case of groundwater) within the territory of your country (in square kilometres (km^2));

^a Available from the UN-Water website: https://www.sdg6monitoring.org/indicators/target-65/indicators652/ (updated version "2020").

(c) Whether a map and/or a geographical information system (GIS) shapefile of the basin has been provided;

- (d) Whether there is an arrangement in force for the basin;
- (e) The verification of each of the four criteria to assess operationality;

(f) The surface area of the basin within the territory of your country which is covered by a cooperation arrangement that is operational according to the above criteria.

8. In case an operational arrangement is in place only for a sub-basin or a portion of a basin, please list this sub-basin just after the transboundary basin it is part of. In case there is an operational arrangement for the whole basin, do not list sub-basins in the table below.

► Table 1

Transboundary river or lake basin (please add rows as needed)

Name of transboundary river or lake basin/sub-basin	It is a basin or a sub- basin? ^b	Countries shared with	Surface area of the basin/ sub- basin (in km ²) within the territory of the country	Map and/or GIS shapefile provided (yes/no)	Covered by an arrangement (entirely, partly, no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 1 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 2 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 3 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 4 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Surface area of the basin/ sub-basin (in km ²) covered by an operational arrangement within the territory of the country
Orange-Senqu	Basin	Botswana, Lesotho, South Africa	243,196 km ²	No	Entirely					243,196 km ²
Okavango	Basin	Angola, Botswana	153 783 km ²	No	Entirely					153 783 km ²
Kunene	Basin	Angola	14 700 km²	No	Entirely					14 700 km²
Zambezi	Basin	Botswana, Angola, Zambia, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Tanzania, Mozambiqu e	17 100 km ²	No	Entirely					17 100 km ²
Cuvelai	Basin	Angola	105 349 km ²	No	Entirely					105 349 km ²
(A) Total surface area of trans basins of rivers and lakes o arrangements within the to	covered by	operational		_	1			I		534, 128 km ²

^b List sub-basins after the basin they belong to.

Name of transboundary river or lake basin/sub-basin	It is a basin or a sub- basin? ^b	Countries shared with	Surface area of the basin/ sub- basin (in km ²) within the territory of the country	Map and/or GIS shapefile provided (yes/no)	Covered by an arrangement (entirely, partly, no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 1 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 2 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 3 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 4 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Surface area of the basin/ sub-basin (in km ²) covered by an operational arrangement within the territory of the country
(in km ²) (do not double count sub-b (B) Total surface area of trans		basins of	534, 128 km ²]						
rivers and lakes within the (in km ²) (do not double count sub-b	territory o									

• Table 2

Transboundary aquifers (please add rows as needed)

Name of the transboundary aquifer	Countries shared with	Surface area of the aquifer ^c (in km ²) within the territory of the country	Map and/ or GIS shapefile provided (yes/no)	Covered by an aquifer specific arrangement (entirely, partly, no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Covered within an arrangement not specific to the aquifer ^d (entirely, partly, no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 1 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 2 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 3 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 4 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Surface area of the aquifer (in km ²) covered by an opera- tional arrange- ment within the territory of the country
Stampriet (covered by ORASECOM Agreement)	Botswana, South Africa	63 252 km ²	No	No	Entirely					63 252 km2
Ohangwena (covered by CUVECOM Agreement)	Angola	5 170 km ²	No	No	Entirely					5 170 km2
(C) Sub-total: surface area o aquifers covered by oper arrangements (in km ²)	•		1	1	1	1	1	1		68 422km ²
(D) Total surface area of tra aquifers (in km ²)	nsboundary	68 422 km ²								

^c For a transboundary aquifer, the extent is derived from the aquifer system delineation which is commonly done relying on information of the subsurface (notably the extent of geological formations). As a general rule, the delineation of aquifer systems is based on the delineation of the extent of the hydraulically connected water-bearing geological formations. Aquifer systems are three-dimensional objects and the aquifer area taken into account is the projection on the land surface of the system. Ideally, when different aquifer systems not hydraulically connected are vertically superposed, the different relevant projected areas are to be considered separately, unless the different aquifer systems are managed conjunctively.

^d In the text of the agreement or arrangement or in the practice.

Indicator value for the country

Surface waters:

Percentage of surface area of transboundary basins of rivers and lakes covered by an operational arrangement:

A/B x 100 = 534, 128/534, 128 x 100 = 100%

Aquifers:

Percentage of surface area of transboundary aquifers covered by an operational arrangement:

C/D x 100 = 68 422/68 422 x 100 = 100%

Sustainable Development Goal indicator 6.5.2:

Percentage of surface area of transboundary basins covered by an operational arrangement:

 $((A + C)/(B + D)) \times 100 = ((534,128+68,422) / (534,128+68,422)) \times 100 = 100\%$

Spatial information

If a map (or maps) of the transboundary surface water catchments and transboundary aquifers (i.e., "transboundary basins") is available, please consider attaching them. Ideally, shapefiles of the basin and aquifer delineations that can be viewed in GIS should be sent.

(www.kunene.riverawarenesskit.com; http://zambezicommission.org; https://www.okacom.org/; www.orasecom.org; https://www.cuvecom.org/)

Additional information

If the respondent has comments that clarify assumptions or interpretations made for the calculation, or the level of certainty of the spatial information, please write them here:

None

Does your country have transboundary agreements or arrangements for the protection and/or management of transboundary waters (i.e., rivers, lakes or groundwater), whether bilateral or multilateral?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, list the bilateral and multilateral agreements or arrangements (listing for each of the countries concerned): [CUVECOM Agreement 2014, Kunene River Basin Water Use Agreements (1-5) 1926-1991, OKACOM Agreement 1994, ORASECOM Agreement Revised in 2018, Permanent Water Committee 1992, ZAMCOM Agreement 2004]

II. Questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin, or group of basins (river, lake or aquifer)

Please complete this second section for each transboundary basin (river or lake basin, or aquifer), sub-basin, part of a basin or a group of basins covered by the same agreement or

arrangement where conditions are similar.¹ In some instances, you may provide information on both a basin and one or more of its sub-basins or parts thereof, for example, where you have agreements² or arrangements on both the basin and its sub-basin. You may coordinate your responses with other States with which your country shares transboundary waters, or even prepare a joint report. General information on transboundary water management at the national level should be provided in section III and not repeated here.

Please reproduce this whole section with its questions for each transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins for which you will provide a reply.

Name of the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: [Orange-Senqu River Basin]

List of the riparian States: [Botswana, Lesotho, Namibia and South Africa]

In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation with the river or lake basin:

Unconfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	
Unconfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Confined aquifer connected to surface water	
Confined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Other	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Unknown	

Percentage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: [243,196 km2]

1. Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agreement(s) or arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force	\boxtimes
Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force	

Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians

Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s) [ORASECOM Agreement 2018, PWC 1992]

Agreement or arrangement is under development

No agreement or arrangement

If there is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please explain briefly why not and provide information on any plans to address the situation: [fill in]

If there is no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism for the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then jump to

¹ In principle, section II should be submitted for every transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, in the country, but States may decide to group basins in which their share is small or leave out basins in which their share is very minor, e.g., below 1 per cent.

² In section II, "agreement" covers all kinds of treaties, conventions and agreements ensuring cooperation in the field of transboundary waters. Section II can also be completed for other types of arrangements, such as memorandums of understanding.

question 4; if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or mechanism then go to question 3.

Questions 2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agreement or arrangement in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins.

2. (a) Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to cooperation?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

Additional explanations? [fill in]

Or, if the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the entire sub-basin?

Yes //No //

Additional explanations? [fill in]

Which States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrangement? (*Please list*): [Namibia, Botswana, Lesotho and South Africa]

(b) If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or sub-basin, does it also cover aquifers?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [fill in]

What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement? (c) \boxtimes All water uses A single water use or sector Several water uses or sectors If one or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriate): Water uses or sectors Industry Agriculture Transport (e.g., navigation) Households Energy: hydropower and other energy types Fisheries Tourism Nature protection Other (*please list*): [fill in]

(d) What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agreement or arrangement?

Procedural and institutional issues

Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	\boxtimes
Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	\boxtimes
Consultation on planned measures	\boxtimes
Mutual assistance	\boxtimes
Topics of cooperation	
Joint vision and management objectives	\boxtimes
Joint significant water management issues	\bowtie
Navigation	
Human health	\boxtimes
Environmental protection (ecosystem)	\boxtimes
Water quality	\bowtie
Water quantity or allocation	\bowtie
Cooperation in addressing floods	\bowtie
Cooperation in addressing droughts	\bowtie
Climate change adaptation	\bowtie
Monitoring and exchange	
Joint assessments	\boxtimes
Data collection and exchange	\boxtimes
Joint monitoring	\boxtimes
Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	\boxtimes
Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	\boxtimes
Common early warning and alarm procedures	\boxtimes
Exchange of experience between riparian States	\boxtimes
Exchange of information on planned measures	\boxtimes
Joint planning and management	
Development of joint regulations on specific topics	\boxtimes
Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	\boxtimes
Management of shared infrastructure	\boxtimes
Development of shared infrastructure	\boxtimes
Other (<i>please list</i>): [fill in]	

(e) What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces with the agreement or arrangement and its implementation, if any?

Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	\boxtimes
Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	

Lack of financial resources	\boxtimes
Insufficient human capacity	\boxtimes
Insufficient technical capacity	\boxtimes
Tense diplomatic relations	
Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
No significant difficulties	

Other (*please describe*): [Ensuring equitable and reasonable allocation of water, Environmental flows requirements and low water levels especially during dry seasons]

(f) What are the main achievements in implementing the agreement or arrangement and what were the keys to achieving such success? [Basin wide IWRM Plan (2014) and Strategic Action Plan (2014), Joint Basin Survey every 5 years, joint water management]

(g) Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide the web address of the document (*please attach document or insert web address, if applicable*): [www.orasecom.org]

Is your country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agreement or arrangement?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If no, why not? (please explain): [fill in]

Where there is a joint body or mechanism

(a) If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or mechanism (*please tick one*)?

Plenipotentiaries	
Bilateral commission	
Basin or similar commission	\boxtimes
Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	

Other (please describe): [fill in]

(b) Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

(c) Which States (including your own) are members of the joint body or mechanism? (*Please list*): [Namibia, Botswana, Lesotho and South Africa]

(d) Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint body or mechanism? (please list): [None]

(e) If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism how does the joint body or mechanism cooperate with them?

No cooperation They have observer status Other (*please describe*): [fill in] (f) Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following features (*please tick the ones applicable*)?

A secretariat

If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secretariat or does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe): [Joint secretariat – hosted by Republic of South Africa]

 \boxtimes

A subsidiary body or bodies

Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]

Other features (*please list*): [The Commission has technical bodies comprising of representatives from all the riparian states]

(g) What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism?³

······································	
Identification of pollution sources	\boxtimes
Data collection and exchange	\boxtimes
Joint monitoring	\boxtimes
Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	\boxtimes
Setting emission limits	
Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	\boxtimes
Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	\boxtimes
Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	\boxtimes
Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	
Water allocation and/or flow regulation	\boxtimes
Policy development	
Control of implementation	
Exchange of experience between riparian States	\boxtimes
Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	\boxtimes
Settling of differences and conflicts	\boxtimes
Consultations on planned measures	\boxtimes
Exchange of information on best available technology	\boxtimes
Participation in transboundary EIA	\square
Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	\bowtie
Management of shared infrastructure	\square
Addressing hydromorphological alterations	\boxtimes

³ This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

Climate change adaptation	\boxtimes
Joint communication strategy	\boxtimes
Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	\boxtimes
Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	\boxtimes
Capacity-building	\boxtimes
Any other tasks (<i>please list</i>): [fill in]	

(h) What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces with the operation of the joint body or mechanism, if any?

5	
Governance issues	\boxtimes
Please describe, if any: [Bilaterals comissions sometime information at basinwide meetings]	s do not share
Unexpected planning delays	\boxtimes
Please describe, if any: [Uncoordinated projects such Vioolsdrfit Dam, Lesotho Botswana Water Transfer Highlands Water Projects Phase 2]	
Lack of resources	\boxtimes
Please describe, if true: [Finances	
Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	
Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
Lack of effective measures	
Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
Unexpected extreme events	\boxtimes
Please describe, if any: [Drought events, and floods]	
Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
Please describe, if any: [Not realtime always but obtained from DWS website]	d on request or

Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]

(i) Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet regularly?

Yes X/No	
If yes, how frequently does it meet?	
More than once per year	\boxtimes
Once per year	
Less than once per year	

(j) What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or mechanism? [Permanent Secretariat, IWRM Plan (2014) and its M&E plan, Joint Basin Survey every 5 years, Funding secured for the basin strategic Action plan implementation through UNDP/GEF support since 2018, review of 2000 ORASECOM agreement, exchange of information]

(k) Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coastal State to cooperate?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

If yes, please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal States also riparian States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechanism? [Coastal/island states are part of SADC and don't have shared rivers, thus not invited unless at SADC level initiatives]

4. Have joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management plan or action plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes X/No

If yes, please provide further details: [Orange-Senqu Basin-wide IWRM Plan (2014-2024), Strategic Action Plan for Orange-Senqu River Basin (2014-2024)]

5. How is the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basins or group of basins protected, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainable and rational water use?

Regulation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and gravel extraction.	
Environmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and seasonality	\boxtimes
Water quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, heavy metals	\boxtimes
Water-related species and habitats protection	\boxtimes
Other measures (<i>please describe</i>): [fill in]	

6. (a) Does your country regularly exchange information and data with other riparian States in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

(b) If yes, how often:	
More than once per year	\boxtimes
Once per year	
Less than once per year	

(c) Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connection with meetings of joint bodies): [Proponents for any development in the basin that have possible impacts on the basin notify other riparian states on future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development]

(d) If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?

Environmental conditions	
Research activities and application of best available techniques	\boxtimes
Emission monitoring data	
Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts	\boxtimes

	Point source pollution sources	\boxtimes		
	Diffuse pollution sources	\square		
	Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.)	\boxtimes		
	Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels)	\boxtimes		
	Water abstractions	\boxtimes		
	Climatological information			
	Future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development	\boxtimes		
	Other subjects (please list): [fill in]			
	Other comments, e.g. spatial coverage of data and information exchanin]	ge: [fill		
	(e) Is there a shared database or information platform?			
Yes 🛛	Yes 🛛/No 🗌			
	(f) Is the database publicly available?			
Yes]/No 🔀			
If yes,	please provide the web address: [fill in]			
(g)	What are the main difficulties and challenges to data exchange, if appl	icable?		
Frequ	ency of exchanges			
Timin	g of exchanges	\boxtimes		
Comp	arability of data and information			
Limite	ed spatial coverage	\boxtimes		
Inadeo	quate resources (technical and/or financial)	\boxtimes		
Other (please describe): [fill in]				
Additi	ional comments: [fill in]			

(h) What are the main benefits of data exchange on the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins? (*please describe*): [Early warning on possible occurance of flood and drought, informed planning and decision making]

7. Do the riparian States carry out joint monitoring in the transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

	Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
Border surface waters			
Surface waters in the entire basin		\boxtimes	\boxtimes
Surface waters on the main watercourse	\boxtimes		
Surface waters in part of the basin			

(a) If yes, what does the joint monitoring cover?

	Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
please describe [fill in]			
Transboundary aquifer(s) (connected or unconnected)	\boxtimes		\boxtimes
Aquifer(s) in the territory of one riparian hydraulically connected to a transboundary river or lake	\boxtimes		\boxtimes

(b) If joint monitoring is carried out, how is this done?

National monitoring stations connected through a network or common stations	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Joint and agreed methodologies	\boxtimes
Please describe: [fill in]	
Joint sampling	\boxtimes
Please describe: [fill in]	
Common monitoring network	\boxtimes
Please describe: [fill in]	
Common agreed parameters	\boxtimes
Please describe: [fill in]	

(c) Please describe the main achievements regarding joint monitoring, if any: [Water level standardised equipment, water resource quality – information available on www.orasecom.org]

(d) Please describe any difficulties experienced with joint monitoring: [Funds for recurrent activities – highly depended on donors and limited national budgets]

8. Do the riparian States carry out joint assessment of the transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, please provide the date of the last or only assessment, the frequency and scope (e.g., surface waters or groundwaters only, pollution sources, etc.) of the assessment, and assessment methodology applied: [STAS – Stampriet Transboundary Aquifer project done with UNESCO-IHP with funding from the Swiss Development Agency collected and shared groundwater data and modelling.]

9. Have the riparian States agreed to use joint water quality standards?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, what standards have been applied, e.g. international or regional standards (please specify which), or have national standards of the riparian States been applied? [Adapted from South African standards – using accredited Laboratories in countries]

10. What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary impact of accidental pollution?

Notification and communication	\bowtie
Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution	
Other (<i>please list</i>): [fill in]	
No measures	
If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting

11. What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary impact of extreme weather events and climate change?

Notification and communication	\boxtimes
Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	\boxtimes
Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
Joint climate change adaptation strategy	
Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	
Other (please list): [fill in]	
No measures	

If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in putting in place such measures?: [fill in]

12. Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

If yes, please provide a brief summary: [fill in]

13. Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water management in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)

Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	
Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	\boxtimes
Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	
Intergovernmental organizations	\boxtimes
Private sectors organizations or associations	\bowtie
Water user groups or associations	\bowtie
Academic or research institutions	\boxtimes
Other non-governmental organizations	\boxtimes
General public	\boxtimes

Other (please specify): [fill in]	
Availability of information to the public	
Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans ⁴	\boxtimes
Public involvement	\boxtimes
Other (<i>please specify</i>): [fill in]	

⁴ Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

Name of the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: [Okavango River Basin]

List of the riparian States: [Angola, Botswana and Namibia]

In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation with the river or lake basin:

Unconfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	
Unconfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Confined aquifer connected to surface water	
Confined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Other	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Unknown	

Percentage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: [153 783 km²]

1. Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agreement(s) or arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s)	[OKACOM
Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians	
Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force	
One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force	\boxtimes

Agreement 1994, currently being reviewed]

Agreement or arrangement is under development

No agreement or arrangement

If there is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please explain briefly why not and provide information on any plans to address the situation: [fill in]

If there is no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism for the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then jump to question 4; if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or mechanism then go to question 3.

Questions 2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agreement or arrangement in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins.

2. (a) Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to cooperation?

Yes X/No

If yes, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States?

Yes X/No

Additional explanations? [fill in]

Or, if the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the entire sub-basin?

Yes //No //

Additional explanations? [fill in]

Which States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrangement? (*Please list*): [Angola, Namibia and Botswana]

(b) If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or sub-basin, does it also cover aquifers?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [fill in]

(c) What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?	
All water uses	\boxtimes
A single water use or sector	
Several water uses or sectors	
If one or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriate	?):
Water uses or sectors	
Industry	
Agriculture	
Transport (e.g., navigation)	
Households	
Energy: hydropower and other energy types	
Fisheries	
Tourism	
Nature protection [
Other (<i>please list</i>): [fill in]	

(d) What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agreement or arrangement?

Procedural and institutional issues

Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	\boxtimes
Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	\square
Consultation on planned measures	\bowtie
Mutual assistance	\square
Topics of cooperation	
Joint vision and management objectives	\boxtimes
Joint significant water management issues	\square
Navigation	
Human health	\boxtimes
Environmental protection (ecosystem)	\boxtimes
Water quality	\square
Water quantity or allocation	\boxtimes

Cooperation in addressing floods	\boxtimes
Cooperation in addressing droughts	\boxtimes
Climate change adaptation	\boxtimes
Monitoring and exchange	
Joint assessments	\boxtimes
Data collection and exchange	\boxtimes
Joint monitoring	\boxtimes
Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	\boxtimes
Common early warning and alarm procedures	\boxtimes
Exchange of experience between riparian States	\bowtie
Exchange of information on planned measures	\bowtie
Joint planning and management	
Development of joint regulations on specific topics	\bowtie
Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	\boxtimes
Management of shared infrastructure	\boxtimes
Development of shared infrastructure	\bowtie
Other (please list): [fill in]	

(e) What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces with the agreement or arrangement and its implementation, if any?

Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	\boxtimes
Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	
Lack of financial resources	\boxtimes
Insufficient human capacity	\boxtimes
Insufficient technical capacity	\boxtimes
Tense diplomatic relations	
Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
No significant difficulties	

Other (please describe): [Equitable and reasonable allocation of water]

(f) What are the main achievements in implementing the agreement or arrangement and what were the keys to achieving such success? [Development of Basin Strategic Action Programme (SAP) for the Sustainable Development and Management of the Cubango-Okavango Basin and National Action Plans (2011), Cubango-Okavango River BasinTransboundary Diagnostic Analysis(2011), Joint hydrological monitoring (twice a year), OKACOM

Notification Consultation Negotiation Guidelines (2018), commitment by the riparian members states]

Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide the web (g) address of the document (please attach document or insert web address, if applicable): [https://www.okacom.org/]

Is your country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agreement or arrangement?

Yes X/No

3.

If no, why not? (please explain): [fill in]

Where there is a joint body or mechanism

If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or mechanism (a) (please tick one)?

Plenipotentiaries	
Bilateral commission	
Basin or similar commission	\boxtimes
Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	

Other (*please describe*): [fill in]

(b) Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes X/No

(c) Which States (including your own) are members of the joint body or mechanism? (Please list): [Botswana, Namibia and Angola]

(d) Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint body or mechanism? (please list): [None]

(e) If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism how does the joint body or mechanism cooperate with them?

No cooperation

They have observer status

Other (please describe): [fill in]

Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following features (please (f) tick the ones applicable)?

A secretariat

 \square

If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secretariat or does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe): [Joint secretariat - hosted by Republic of Botswana]

A subsidiary body or bodies

Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]

Other features (please list): [The Commission has a ministers' forum (comprising of water ministers from the three riparian states, council of commissioners, steering committee and technical bodies comprising of representatives from all the riparian states.]

(g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism? ⁵	
	Identification of pollution sources	\boxtimes
	Data collection and exchange	\boxtimes
	Joint monitoring	\boxtimes
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	\boxtimes
	Setting emission limits	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	\boxtimes
	Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	\boxtimes
	Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	\boxtimes
	Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	
	Water allocation and/or flow regulation	\boxtimes
	Policy development	
	Control of implementation	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	\boxtimes
	Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	\boxtimes
	Settling of differences and conflicts	\boxtimes
	Consultations on planned measures	\boxtimes
	Exchange of information on best available technology	\boxtimes
	Participation in transboundary EIA	\boxtimes
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	\bowtie
	Management of shared infrastructure	\boxtimes
	Addressing hydromorphological alterations	\boxtimes
	Climate change adaptation	\boxtimes
	Joint communication strategy	\boxtimes
	Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	\bowtie
	Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	\boxtimes
	Capacity-building	\boxtimes
	Any other tasks (<i>please list</i>): [fill in]	

(h) What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces with the operation of the joint body or mechanism, if any?

⁵ This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

Governance issues	\boxtimes
<i>Please describe, if any:</i> [Differences in country official languages calls for translations and interpretations when countries commun	•
Unexpected planning delays	\boxtimes
Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
Lack of resources	\boxtimes
Please describe, if true: [Finances to execute transboundry proje activities within member states]	ects and
Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	
Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
Lack of effective measures	
Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
Unexpected extreme events	\boxtimes
Please describe, if any: [Drought events, and floods]	
Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
Diagon describe if any Member states are in the process of fine	lizing o

Please describe, if any: [Member states are in the process of finalizing a Rules and Procedures on the Sharing of Data and Information for the river basin]

Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]

(i) Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet regularly?

Yes X/No	
If yes, how frequently does it meet?	
More than once per year	\boxtimes
Once per year	
Less than once per year	

(j) What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or mechanism? [SAP implementation with support from UNDP/GEF project since 2019, Collaboration with various developmental partners including USAID, EU, SIDA, CRIDIF and others, adaption of the reviewed Organisational structure that emanated from Institutional Functional Analysis (IFA)]

(k) Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coastal State to cooperate?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

If yes, please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal States also riparian States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechanism? [Coastal/island states are part of SADC and not part of this basin, thus not invited unless at SADC level initiatives]

4. Have joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management plan or action plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No

If yes, please provide further details: [Strategic Action Plan (SAP) of 2011, OKACOM 200/2021 Work pland and Budget]

5. How is the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basins or group of basins protected, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainable and rational water use?

Regulation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and gravel extraction.	
Environmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and seasonality	\boxtimes
Water quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, heavy metals	\boxtimes
Water-related species and habitats protection	\boxtimes
Other measures (please describe): [fill in]	

6. (a) Does your country regularly exchange information and data with other riparian States in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

(b) If yes, how often:	
More than once per year	\boxtimes
Once per year	
Less than once per year	

(c) Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connection with meetings of joint bodies): [Member states inform each other on planned developments and measures taken to avoid significant harm to other riparian states as provided for in the OKACOM's Rules and Procedures on the sharing of Data and Information]

(d) If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?

Environmental conditions	
Research activities and application of best available techniques	\boxtimes
Emission monitoring data	
Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts	\boxtimes
Point source pollution sources	\boxtimes
Diffuse pollution sources	\boxtimes
Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.)	\boxtimes
Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels)	\boxtimes
Water abstractions	\boxtimes
Climatological information	
Future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development	\boxtimes

Other subjects (please list): [fill in]

Other comments, e.g. spatial coverage of data and information exchange: [fill in]

(e) Is there a shared database or information platform?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

(f) Is the database publicly available?

Yes 🗌 /No 🖂

If yes, please provide the web address: [The OKACOM's Decision Support System (DSS) is still under development and not yet available for public]

(g) What are the main difficulties and challenges to data exchange, if applicable?

Frequency of exchanges	\bowtie
Timing of exchanges	\boxtimes
Comparability of data and information	\boxtimes
Limited spatial coverage	\square
Inadequate resources (technical and/or financial)	\square

Other (*please describe*): [Some data recording stations not transmitting, nonstandardized data collection procedures, data storage in each member state different]

Additional comments: [fill in]

(h) What are the main benefits of data exchange on the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins? (*please describe*): [Early warning information sharing, planning and decision making]

7. Do the riparian States carry out joint monitoring in the transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

(a) If yes, what does the joint monitoring cover? (surface water is done, groundwater monitoring not yet done)

	Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
Border surface waters			
Surface waters in the entire basin		\boxtimes	\boxtimes
Surface waters on the main watercourse	\boxtimes		
Surface waters in part of the basin please describe [fill in]			
Transboundary aquifer(s) (connected or unconnected)			
Aquifer(s) in the territory of one riparian hydraulically connected to a transboundary river or lake			

(b) If joint monitoring is carried out, how is this done?

National monitoring stations connected through a network or common stations	\boxtimes
Please describe: [fill in]	
Joint and agreed methodologies	\square
Please describe: [fill in]	
Joint sampling	\square
Please describe: [fill in]	
Common monitoring network	\square
Please describe: [fill in]	
Common agreed parameters	\boxtimes
Please describe: [fill in]	

(c) Please describe the main achievements regarding joint monitoring, if any: [Transboundary Diagonostic Analysis report produced and SAP/NAP available on https://www.okacom.org/, as well as the development of the OKACOM Decision Support System (DSS).]

(d) Please describe any difficulties experienced with joint monitoring: [Funds for recurrent activities, breakages of equipment during long distance travel on gravel roads.]

8. Do the riparian States carry out joint assessment of the transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, please provide the date of the last or only assessment, the frequency and scope (e.g., surface waters or groundwaters only, pollution sources, etc.) of the assessment, and assessment methodology applied: [Joint water monitoring is carried out twice a year during high flows and during low flows. The last monitoring was done in November 2019.]

9. Have the riparian States agreed to use joint water quality standards?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, what standards have been applied, e.g. international or regional standards (please specify which), or have national standards of the riparian States been applied? [Currently OKACOM's Water Resources Technical Committee (WRTC) has not yet agreed on which standards to use for the joint monitoring, but all member states do not have standards for Aquatic ecosystems. Botswana and Namibia have national standards for Drinking Water, Angola uses WHO guidelines]

10. What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary impact of accidental pollution?

 Notification and communication
 Image: Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution

 Other (*please list*): [fill in]

No measures

If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in putting in place such measures?: [fill in]

11. What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary impact of extreme weather events and climate change?

Notification and communication	\boxtimes
Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	
Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
Joint climate change adaptation strategy	
Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	
Other (please list): [fill in]	
No measures	

If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in putting in place such measures?: [fill in]

12. Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

If yes, please provide a brief summary: [fill in]

13. Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water management in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)

Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	
Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	\boxtimes
Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	
Intergovernmental organizations	\boxtimes
Private sectors organizations or associations	\boxtimes
Water user groups or associations	\boxtimes
Academic or research institutions	\boxtimes
Other non-governmental organizations	\boxtimes
General public	\boxtimes
Other (please specify): [fill in]	
Availability of information to the public	
Consultation on planned measures or river basin	

management plans⁶ Public involvement Other (*please specify*): [fill in] \boxtimes

⁶ Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

Name of the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: [Zambezi River Basin]

List of the riparian States: [Botswana, Angola, Zambia, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Namibia, Tanzania, Mozambique]

In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation with the river or lake basin:

Unconfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	
Unconfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Confined aquifer connected to surface water	
Confined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Other	
Please describe: [fill in]	

Unknown

Percentage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: [17 100 km²]

 \square

1. Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agreement(s) or arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

 One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force
 Image: Comparison of the compa

Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians

Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s) [ZAMCOM Agreement 2004]

Agreement or arrangement is under development

No agreement or arrangement

If there is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please explain briefly why not and provide information on any plans to address the situation: [fill in]

If there is no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism for the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then jump to question 4; if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or mechanism then go to question 3.

Questions 2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agreement or arrangement in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins.

2. (a) Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to cooperation?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

Additional explanations? [fill in]

Or, if the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the entire sub-basin?

Yes 🗌 /No 🗌

Additional explanations? [fill in]

Which States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrangement? (*Please list*): [Botswana, Angola, Zambia, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Namibia, Tanzania, Mozambique]

(b) If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or sub-basin, does it also cover aquifers?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [fill in]

(c) What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement
--

All water uses	\boxtimes
A single water use or sector	
Several water uses or sectors	
If one or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as app	ropriate):
Water uses or sectors	
Industry	
Agriculture	
Transport (e.g., navigation)	
Households	
Energy: hydropower and other energy types	
Fisheries	
Tourism	
Nature protection	
Other (please list): [fill in]	

(d) What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agreement or arrangement?

Procedural and institutional issues

Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	\boxtimes
Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	\boxtimes
Consultation on planned measures	\boxtimes
Mutual assistance	\boxtimes
Topics of cooperation	
Joint vision and management objectives	\boxtimes
Joint significant water management issues	\boxtimes
Navigation	\boxtimes
Human health	\boxtimes
Environmental protection (ecosystem)	\boxtimes

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Water quality	\boxtimes
Water quantity or allocation	
Cooperation in addressing floods	
· ·	
Cooperation in addressing droughts	\boxtimes
Climate change adaptation	\boxtimes
Monitoring and exchange	
Joint assessments	\boxtimes
Data collection and exchange	\boxtimes
Joint monitoring	\boxtimes
Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	\boxtimes
Common early warning and alarm procedures	\boxtimes
Exchange of experience between riparian States	\boxtimes
Exchange of information on planned measures	\boxtimes
Joint planning and management	
Development of joint regulations on specific topics	\boxtimes
Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin	_
management or action plans	\bowtie
Management of shared infrastructure	\boxtimes
Development of shared infrastructure	\boxtimes
Other (<i>please list</i>): [fill in]	

(e) What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces with the agreement or arrangement and its implementation, if any?

Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	\boxtimes
Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	
Lack of financial resources	\boxtimes
Insufficient human capacity	\boxtimes
Insufficient technical capacity	\boxtimes
Tense diplomatic relations	
Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
No significant difficulties	

Other (*please describe*): [Flood and drought management, control of alien invasive species, sustainable fishing]

(f) What are the main achievements in implementing the agreement or arrangement and what were the keys to achieving such success? [ZACPRO 6 project, Rules and Procedures for sharing of data and information related to

the management and development of the Zambezi Watercourse (2016), Procedures for Notification of Planned Measures (2017), ZAMWIS-DSS (2019), Zambezi Strategic Action Plan (2019), commitment by member states.]

(g) Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide the web address of the document (*please attach document or insert web address, if applicable*): [www.zambezicommission.org]

Is your country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agreement or arrangement?

Yes X/No

3.

If no, why not? (please explain): [fill in]

Where there is a joint body or mechanism

(a) If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or mechanism (*please tick one*)?

Plenipotentiaries	
Bilateral commission	
Basin or similar commission	\boxtimes
Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	

Other (*please describe*): [fill in]

(b) Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

(c) Which States (including your own) are members of the joint body or mechanism? (*Please list*): [Angola, Botswana, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Tanzania, Zambia, Zimbabwe]

(d) Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint body or mechanism? (please list): [None]

(e) If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism how does the joint body or mechanism cooperate with them?

No cooperation

They have observer status

Other (*please describe*): [fill in]

(f) Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following features (*please tick the ones applicable*)?

A secretariat

If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secretariat or does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe): [Joint secretariat – hosted by Republic of Zimbabwe]

A subsidiary body or bodies

Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]

Other features (*please list*): [The Commission has technical bodies comprising of representatives from all the riparian states]

 \boxtimes

(g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism? ⁷	
	Identification of pollution sources	\boxtimes
	Data collection and exchange	\boxtimes
	Joint monitoring	\boxtimes
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	\boxtimes
	Setting emission limits	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	\boxtimes
	Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	\boxtimes
	Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	
	Water allocation and/or flow regulation	\boxtimes
	Policy development	
	Control of implementation	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	\boxtimes
	Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	\boxtimes
	Settling of differences and conflicts	\boxtimes
	Consultations on planned measures	\boxtimes
	Exchange of information on best available technology	\boxtimes
	Participation in transboundary EIA	\boxtimes
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	\boxtimes
	Management of shared infrastructure	\boxtimes
	Addressing hydromorphological alterations	\boxtimes
	Climate change adaptation	\boxtimes
	Joint communication strategy	\boxtimes
	Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	\boxtimes
	Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	\boxtimes
	Capacity-building	\boxtimes
	Any other tasks (<i>please list</i>): [fill in]	

(h) What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces with the operation of the joint body or mechanism, if any?

⁷ This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

Governance issues	\boxtimes
<i>Please describe, if any:</i> [Unharmonised policy and especially on fisheries]	laws of states
Unexpected planning delays	\boxtimes
Please describe, if any: []	
Lack of resources	\boxtimes
Please describe, if true: [Finances]	
Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	
Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
Lack of effective measures	
Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
Unexpected extreme events	\boxtimes
Please describe, if any: [Drought events, and floods]	
Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
Please describe, if any: [Not realtime always]	
Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]	
Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies m	eet regularly?

Yes No If yes, how frequently does it meet? More than once per year Once per year Less than once per year

(j) What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or mechanism? [ZAMCOM in collaboration with WWF is implementing the Kwando Project with Angola, Botswana, Namibia and Zambia being the target member countries since 2019, ZACPRO 6 project, Rules and Procedures for sharing of data and information related to the management and development of the Zambezi Watercourse (2016), Procedures for Notification of Planned Measures (2017), ZAMWIS-DSS (2019), Zambezi Strategic Action Plan (2019), commitment by member states]

(k) Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coastal State to cooperate?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

(i)

If yes, please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal States also riparian States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechanism? [Mozambique is a coastal state and a riparian of the Zambezi basin, the Zambezi river mouth is in Mozambique.]

4. Have joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management plan or action plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

 \square

Yes 🛛/No

If yes, please provide further details: [Strategic plan for the Zambezi Watercourse (2018-2040), and The Zambezi Watercourse Commission (ZAMCOM) through its Secretariat is now rolling out the implementation of the ZSP under its 2019/20 Work Plan and Budget and the 3-year Rolling Work Plan (2019/20 – 2022/23).]

5. How is the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basins or group of basins protected, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainable and rational water use?

Regulation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and gravel extraction.	
Environmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and seasonality	\boxtimes
Water quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, heavy metals	\boxtimes
Water-related species and habitats protection	\boxtimes
Other measures (please describe): [fill in]	

- 6. (a) Does your country regularly exchange information and data with other riparian States in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?
 - Yes 🛛/No 🗌

(b) If yes, how often:	
More than once per year	\boxtimes
Once per year	
Less than once per year	

(c) Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connection with meetings of joint bodies): [Guided by the ZAMCOM Procedures for Notification of Planned Measures (2017), proponents for any development in the basin that have possible impacts on the basin notify other riparian states on future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development]

(d) If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?

Environmental conditions	
Research activities and application of best available techniques	\boxtimes
Emission monitoring data	
Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts	\boxtimes
Point source pollution sources	\boxtimes
Diffuse pollution sources	\boxtimes
Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.)	\boxtimes
Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels)	\boxtimes
Water abstractions	\boxtimes

Climatological information

Future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development

Other subjects (please list): [fill in]

Other comments, e.g. spatial coverage of data and information exchange: [fill in]

 \boxtimes

(e) Is there a shared database or information platform?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

(f) Is the database publicly available?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

If yes, please provide the web address: [Zambezi Water Infromation System (ZAMWIS) a web-based, is still under construction.]

(g) What are the main difficulties and challenges to data exchange, if applicable?

Frequency of exchanges	
Timing of exchanges	\square
Comparability of data and information	
Limited spatial coverage	\boxtimes
Inadequate resources (technical and/or financial)	\boxtimes

Other (please describe): [Sometimes outdated/delayed/unavailable information]

Additional comments: [fill in]

(h) What are the main benefits of data exchange on the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins? (*please describe*): [Early warning on possible occurance of flood and drought, informed planning and decision making]

7. Do the riparian States carry out joint monitoring in the transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

(a) If yes, what does the joint monitoring cover?

	Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
Border surface waters			
Surface waters in the entire basin			
Surface waters on the main watercourse	\boxtimes		
Surface waters in part of the basin please describe [fill in]			
Transboundary aquifer(s) (connected or unconnected)			
Aquifer(s) in the territory of one riparian hydraulically connected to a			

transboundary river or lake

(b) If joint monitoring is carried out, how is this done?	
National monitoring stations connected through a network or common stations	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Joint and agreed methodologies	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Joint sampling	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Common monitoring network	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Common agreed parameters	
Please describe: [fill in]	

(c) Please describe the main achievements regarding joint monitoring, if any: [HYCOS installation on the main channels and they feed the ZAMWIS (surface water monitoring)]

(d) Please describe any difficulties experienced with joint monitoring: [Non operation of some monitoring statations due to insufficient maintenance, breakage/vandalism and poor network receptions]

8. Do the riparian States carry out joint assessment of the transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, please provide the date of the last or only assessment, the frequency and scope (e.g., surface waters or groundwaters only, pollution sources, etc.) of the assessment, and assessment methodology applied: []

9. Have the riparian States agreed to use joint water quality standards?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

If yes, what standards have been applied, e.g. international or regional standards (please specify which), or have national standards of the riparian States been applied? []

10. What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary impact of accidental pollution?

Notification and communication	\boxtimes
Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution	
Other (<i>please list</i>): [fill in]	
No measures	

If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in putting in place such measures?: [fill in]

11. What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary impact of extreme weather events and climate change?

Notification and communication	\boxtimes
Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	\boxtimes
Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
Joint climate change adaptation strategy	
Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	
Other (<i>please list</i>): [fill in]	
No measures	
If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting

12. Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

If yes, please provide a brief summary: [fill in]

13. Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water management in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)

Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	
Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	\boxtimes
Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	
Intergovernmental organizations	\boxtimes
Private sectors organizations or associations	\boxtimes
Water user groups or associations	\boxtimes
Academic or research institutions	\boxtimes
Other non-governmental organizations	\boxtimes
General public	\boxtimes
Other (please specify): [Development partners]	
Availability of information to the public	
Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans ⁸	\boxtimes

⁸ Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

Public involvement Other (*please specify*): [fill in] \boxtimes

Name of the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: [Cuvelai Basin]

List of the riparian States: [Angola and Namibia]

In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation with the river or lake basin:

Unconfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	
Unconfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Confined aquifer connected to surface water	
Confined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Other	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Unknown	

Percentage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: [105 349 km²]

1. Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agreement(s) or arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force	\bowtie	
Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force		

Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians

Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s) [CUVECOM Agreement 2014]

Agreement or arrangement is under development

No agreement or arrangement

If there is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please explain briefly why not and provide information on any plans to address the situation: [fill in]

If there is no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism for the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then jump to question 4; if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or mechanism then go to question 3.

Questions 2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agreement or arrangement in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins.

2. (a) Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to cooperation?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

Additional explanations? [fill in]

Or, if the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the entire sub-basin?

Yes 🗌 /No 🗌

Additional explanations? [fill in]

Which States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrangement? (*Please list*): [Namibia, Angola]

(b) If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or sub-basin, does it also cover aquifers?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [Ohangwena II Aquifer]

(c) What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?

All water uses	\boxtimes
A single water use or sector	
Several water uses or sectors	\boxtimes
If one or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as	s appropriate):
Water uses or sectors	
Industry	\boxtimes
Agriculture	\boxtimes
Transport (e.g., navigation)	
Households	\boxtimes
Energy: hydropower and other energy types	
Fisheries	\boxtimes
Tourism	\boxtimes
Nature protection	\boxtimes
Other (<i>please list</i>): [fill in]	

(d) What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agreement or arrangement?

Procedural and institutional issues

Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	\boxtimes
Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	\boxtimes
Consultation on planned measures	\boxtimes
Mutual assistance	\boxtimes
Topics of cooperation	
Joint vision and management objectives	\boxtimes
Joint significant water management issues	\boxtimes
Navigation	
Human health	\boxtimes
Environmental protection (ecosystem)	\boxtimes
Water quality	

Water quantity or allocation	\boxtimes
Cooperation in addressing floods	\boxtimes
Cooperation in addressing droughts	\boxtimes
Climate change adaptation	\bowtie
Monitoring and exchange	
Joint assessments	\square
Data collection and exchange	\square
Joint monitoring	
Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	\bowtie
Common early warning and alarm procedures	\bowtie
Exchange of experience between riparian States	\bowtie
Exchange of information on planned measures	\bowtie
Joint planning and management	
Development of joint regulations on specific topics	\bowtie
Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	\boxtimes
Management of shared infrastructure	\boxtimes
Development of shared infrastructure	\boxtimes
Other (<i>please list</i>): [fill in]	

(e) What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces with the agreement or arrangement and its implementation, if any?

Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	\boxtimes
Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	
Lack of financial resources	\boxtimes
Insufficient human capacity	\boxtimes
Insufficient technical capacity	\boxtimes
Tense diplomatic relations	
Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
No significant difficulties	

Other (*please describe*): [It is still an establishing Commission and recently completed its IWRM Plan and water resources assessment in 2019 and is in search for cooperating partners in development.]

(f) What are the main achievements in implementing the agreement or arrangement and what were the keys to achieving such success? [CUVECOM IWRM Plan (2020-2024), Operationalizing of the basin

office, webpage development in 2019, establishement of technical committee]

(g) Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide the web address of the document (*please attach document or insert web address, if applicable*): [https://www.cuvecom.org/]

Is your country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agreement or arrangement?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

3.

If no, why not? (please explain): [fill in]

Where there is a joint body or mechanism

(a) If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or mechanism (*please tick one*)?

Plenipotentiaries	
Bilateral commission	
Basin or similar commission	\boxtimes
Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	

Other (*please describe*): [fill in]

(b) Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

(c) Which States (including your own) are members of the joint body or mechanism? (*Please list*): [Namibia and Angola]

(d) Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint body or mechanism? (please list): [None]

(e) If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism how does the joint body or mechanism cooperate with them?

No cooperation

They have observer status

Other (please describe): [fill in]

(f) Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following features (*please tick the ones applicable*)?

A secretariat

 \boxtimes

If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secretariat or does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe): [Joint Secretariat hosted by Republic of Namibia in Oshakati]

A subsidiary body or bodies

Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]

Other features (please list): [A satellite office is established in Angola]

(g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism? ⁹	
	Identification of pollution sources	
	Data collection and exchange	\boxtimes
	Joint monitoring	
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Setting emission limits	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	\boxtimes
	Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	\boxtimes
	Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	
	Water allocation and/or flow regulation	
	Policy development	\boxtimes
	Control of implementation	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	\boxtimes
	Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	\boxtimes
	Settling of differences and conflicts	
	Consultations on planned measures	\boxtimes
	Exchange of information on best available technology	\boxtimes
	Participation in transboundary EIA	\boxtimes
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	\boxtimes
	Management of shared infrastructure	\boxtimes
	Addressing hydromorphological alterations	\boxtimes
	Climate change adaptation	\boxtimes
	Joint communication strategy	\boxtimes
	Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	\boxtimes
	Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	\boxtimes
	Capacity-building	\boxtimes
	Any other tasks (<i>please list</i>): [fill in]	

(h) What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces with the operation of the joint body or mechanism, if any?

⁹ This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

Governance issues

Please describe, if any: [Limited or no development partners to assist with commission's operations, unavailablity of information in Angola, they are busy seting up their flood monitoring network]

 \boxtimes

 \boxtimes

 \boxtimes

Unexpected planning delays

Lack of resources

Please describe, if any: []

Please describe, if true: [Finances and Human capacity. At the moment the operations depends solely on the two member states' contributions (after the GIZ support ceased), the secretariat is manned by only one personnel (Programme Manager, there is no an appointed Executive Secretary.]

Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	
Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
Lack of effective measures	
Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
Unexpected extreme events	\boxtimes
Please describe, if any: [Drought events, and floods]	
Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
Please describe, if any: [Not realtime always but obtained on a from DWS website]	request or

Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]

(i) Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet regularly?

Yes 🛛/No

If yes, how frequently does it meet?

More than once per year	\boxtimes
Once per year	
Less than once per year	

(j) What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or mechanism? [CUVECOM IWRM Plan of 2019, operationalization of secretariat, stakeholder engegament and awareness raising on CUVECOM existence, Webpage development and operationalization.]

(k) Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coastal State to cooperate?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

If yes, please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal States also riparian States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechanism? [Coastal/island states are part of SADC and don't have shared rivers, thus not invited unless at SADC level initiatives]

4. Have joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management plan or action plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes X/No

If yes, please provide further details: [CUVECOM IWRM Plan of 2019, Annual action plan and budget for 2020/2021 finacial year.]

5. How is the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basins or group of basins protected, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainable and rational water use?

Regulation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and gravel extraction.	\boxtimes
Environmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and seasonality	\boxtimes
Water quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, heavy metals	\boxtimes
Water-related species and habitats protection	\boxtimes

Other measures (*please describe*): [Being just developed – focus has been on office establishement, plan development and effective early warning procedures.]

- 6. (a) Does your country regularly exchange information and data with other riparian States in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?
 - Yes 🛛/No 🗌

(b)	If yes, how often:	
Mor	e than once per year	\bowtie
Onc	e per year	
Less	than once per year	

(c) Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connection with meetings of joint bodies): [Exchange of EIA reports and Presentations on project concepts and proposals.]

(d) If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?

Environmental conditions	
Research activities and application of best available techniques	\boxtimes
Emission monitoring data	
Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts	\boxtimes
Point source pollution sources	\boxtimes
Diffuse pollution sources	
Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.)	\boxtimes
Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels)	\boxtimes
Water abstractions	

	Climatological information	\boxtimes
	Future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development	\boxtimes
	Other subjects (please list): [fill in]	
	Other comments, e.g. spatial coverage of data and information exclin]	nange: [fill
	(e) Is there a shared database or information platform?	
Y	∕es □/No ⊠	
	(f) Is the database publicly available?	
Y	Zes □/No ⊠	
Į	fyes, please provide the web address: [fill in]	
(g) What are the main difficulties and challenges to data exchange, if a	pplicable?
F	Frequency of exchanges	
]	iming of exchanges	\boxtimes
(Comparability of data and information	
Ι	imited spatial coverage	\boxtimes
Ι	nadequate resources (technical and/or financial)	\boxtimes
(Other (<i>please describe</i>): [fill in]	
A	additional comments: [fill in]	
(h) What are the main benefits of data exchange on the basin, sub-basin	n, part of a

(h) What are the main benefits of data exchange on the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins? (*please describe*): [Early warning, hydrological data sharing (mainly water levels), sustainable use of water resources, joint planning and decision making]

7. Do the riparian States carry out joint monitoring in the transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

(a) If yes, what does the joint monitoring cover?

	Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
Border surface waters	\boxtimes		
Surface waters in the entire basin			
Surface waters on the main watercourse	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	
Surface waters in part of the basin			
please describe [fill in]			
Transboundary aquifer(s) (connected or unconnected)	\boxtimes		
Aquifer(s) in the territory of one riparian hydraulically connected to a			

transboundary river or lake

(b) If joint monitoring is carried out, how is this done?	
National monitoring stations connected through a network or common stations	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Joint and agreed methodologies	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Joint sampling	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Common monitoring network	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Common agreed parameters	
Please describe: [fill in]	

- (c) Please describe the main achievements regarding joint monitoring, if any: []
- (d) Please describe any difficulties experienced with joint monitoring: []
- 8. Do the riparian States carry out joint assessment of the transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🗌 /No 🖂

If yes, please provide the date of the last or only assessment, the frequency and scope (e.g., surface waters or groundwaters only, pollution sources, etc.) of the assessment, and assessment methodology applied: [

9. Have the riparian States agreed to use joint water quality standards?

Yes 🗌 /No 🖂

If yes, what standards have been applied, e.g. international or regional standards (please specify which), or have national standards of the riparian States been applied? []

10. What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary impact of accidental pollution?

 Notification and communication
 Image: Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution

 Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution
 Image: Coordinate of the pollution

 Other (please list): [fill in]
 Image: Coordinate of the pollution

 No measures
 Image: Coordinate of the pollution

 If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in putting in place such measures?: [fill in]

11. What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary impact of extreme weather events and climate change?

Notification and communication	\bowtie
Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	
Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
Joint climate change adaptation strategy	
Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	
Other (please list): [fill in]	
No measures	

If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in putting in place such measures?: [fill in]

12. Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

If yes, please provide a brief summary: [fill in]

13. Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water management in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)

Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	
Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	\square
Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	
Intergovernmental organizations	\square
Private sectors organizations or associations	\boxtimes
Water user groups or associations	\boxtimes
Academic or research institutions	\square
Other non-governmental organizations	\square
General public	\square
Other (please specify): [fill in]	
Availability of information to the public	
Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans ¹⁰	
Public involvement	\boxtimes
Other (<i>please specify</i>): [fill in]	

¹⁰ Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

Name of the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: [Kunene River Basin]

List of the riparian States: [Angola and Namibia]

In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation with the river or lake basin:

Unconfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	
Unconfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Confined aquifer connected to surface water	
Confined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Other	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Unknown	

Percentage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: [14 700 km²]

1. Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agreement(s) or arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force	\boxtimes
Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force	

Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians

Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s) [Water Use Agreements (1-5) 1926-1991]

Agreement or arrangement is under development

No agreement or arrangement

If there is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please explain briefly why not and provide information on any plans to address the situation: [fill in]

If there is no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism for the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then jump to question 4; if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or mechanism then go to question 3.

Questions 2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agreement or arrangement in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins.

2. (a) Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to cooperation?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

Additional explanations? [fill in]

Or, if the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the entire sub-basin?

Yes 🗌 /No 🗌

 \square

Additional explanations? [fill in]

Which States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrangement? (*Please list*): [Namibia, Angola]

(b) If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or sub-basin, does it also cover aquifers?

Yes 🗌 /No 🖾

If yes, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [fill in]

(c) What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?	
All water uses	
A single water use or sector	
Several water uses or sectors	\boxtimes
If one or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as approp	riate):
Water uses or sectors	
Industry	
Agriculture	\boxtimes
Transport (e.g., navigation)	
Households	\boxtimes
Energy: hydropower and other energy types	\boxtimes
Fisheries	
Tourism	
Nature protection	
Other (<i>please list</i>): [fill in]	

(d) What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agreement or arrangement?

Procedural and institutional issues

Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	
Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	\boxtimes
Consultation on planned measures	\boxtimes
Mutual assistance	\boxtimes
Topics of cooperation	
Joint vision and management objectives	
Joint significant water management issues	\boxtimes
Navigation	
Human health	
Environmental protection (ecosystem)	\boxtimes
Water quality	
Water quantity or allocation	

Cooperation in addressing floods	\boxtimes
Cooperation in addressing droughts	
Climate change adaptation	
Monitoring and exchange	
Joint assessments	\boxtimes
Data collection and exchange	\boxtimes
Joint monitoring	
Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
Common early warning and alarm procedures	
Exchange of experience between riparian States	\boxtimes
Exchange of information on planned measures	
Joint planning and management	
Development of joint regulations on specific topics	\boxtimes
Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	\boxtimes
Management of shared infrastructure	\boxtimes
Development of shared infrastructure	\boxtimes
Other (<i>please list</i>): [fill in]	

(e) What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces with the agreement or arrangement and its implementation, if any?

Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	
Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	\boxtimes
Lack of financial resources	\bowtie
Insufficient human capacity	\boxtimes
Insufficient technical capacity	\boxtimes
Tense diplomatic relations	
Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
No significant difficulties	

Other (*please describe*): [Old dated agreements – not based on the SADC water protocol]

(f) What are the main achievements in implementing the agreement or arrangement and what were the keys to achieving such success? [Establishment of the Permanent Joint Technical Committee (PJTC for Kunene) and its sub-committees and task forces]

(g) Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide the web address of the document (*please attach document or insert web address, if applicable*): [www.kunenerak.org]

3. Is your country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agreement or arrangement?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If no, why not? (please explain): [fill in]

Where there is a joint body or mechanism

(a) If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or mechanism (*please tick one*)?

Plenipotentiaries	\boxtimes
Bilateral commission	
Basin or similar commission	
Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	
Other (<i>please describe</i>): [fill in]	

(b) Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

(c) Which States (including your own) are members of the joint body or mechanism? (*Please list*): [Angola and Namibia]

(d) Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint body or mechanism? (please list): [None]

(e) If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism how does the joint body or mechanism cooperate with them?

No cooperation

They have observer status

Other (please describe): [fill in]

(f) Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following features (*please tick the ones applicable*)?

A secretariat

If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secretariat or does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe): []

A subsidiary body or bodies

Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]

Other features (*please list*): [Secretariat and Kunene Watercourse Commission are yet to be established]

(g) What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism?¹¹

¹¹ This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its

Identification of pollution sources	
Data collection and exchange	\bowtie
Joint monitoring	
Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
Setting emission limits	
Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	
Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	\boxtimes
Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	
Water allocation and/or flow regulation	\boxtimes
Policy development	
Control of implementation	
Exchange of experience between riparian States	\boxtimes
Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	\boxtimes
Settling of differences and conflicts	
Consultations on planned measures	\boxtimes
Exchange of information on best available technology	\boxtimes
Participation in transboundary EIA	
Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	\boxtimes
Management of shared infrastructure	\boxtimes
Addressing hydromorphological alterations	\boxtimes
Climate change adaptation	
Joint communication strategy	
Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	
Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	\boxtimes
Capacity-building	\boxtimes
Any other tasks (<i>please list</i>): [fill in]	

(h) What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces with the operation of the joint body or mechanism, if any?

Governance issues

 \boxtimes

subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

Please describe, if any: [No real Basin Commission as per SA] on SharedWatercourses]	DC Protocol
Unexpected planning delays	\boxtimes
Please describe, if any: []	
Lack of resources	\boxtimes
Please describe, if true: [Finances for major joint develor operations]	opment and
Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	\boxtimes
Please describe, if true: [Being developed – currently using t Water Use Agrreement]	he 1969 3rd
Lack of effective measures	
Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
Unexpected extreme events	\boxtimes
Please describe, if any: [Drought events, and floods]	
Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
Please describe, if any: [fill in]	

Others (*please list and describe, as appropriate*): [in the process of establishing the Kunene River Basin Commission to replace the PJTC – Secretariat is shared between the member states]

(i) Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet regularly?

Yes 🛛/No

If yes, how frequently does it meet?

More than once per year	\square
Once per year	
Less than once per year	

(j) What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or mechanism? [Kunene Transboundary water supply project, Baynes hydropower project agreements, rehabilitation of Calueque dam]

(k) Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coastal State to cooperate?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

If yes, please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal States also riparian States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechanism? [Not applicable]

4. Have joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management plan or action plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes X/No

If yes, please provide further details: [Joint water master plan to be developed – however joint objectives exists from the Water use agreements, especially the

1969 agreement, each committee has activities they carryout jointly e.g. Baynes Hydropower Project, Calueque Dam rehabilitation, Kunene Transboundary Water Supply Project, etc.]

5. How is the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basins or group of basins protected, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainable and rational water use?

 Regulation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and gravel extraction.

 Image: Construct of the second second

Water-related species and habitats protection

Other measures (*please describe*): [Being developed – focus has been on water supply and hydropower projects]

Π

6. (a) Does your country regularly exchange information and data with other riparian States in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

(b) If yes, how often:	
More than once per year	\boxtimes
Once per year	
Less than once per year	

(c) Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connection with meetings of joint bodies): [Proponents for any development in the basin that have possible impacts on the basin notify other riparian states on future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development]

(d) If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?

Environmental conditions	
Research activities and application of best available techniques	
Emission monitoring data	
Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts	\boxtimes
Point source pollution sources	
Diffuse pollution sources	
Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.)	\boxtimes
Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels)	\boxtimes
Water abstractions	\boxtimes
Climatological information	
Future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development	\boxtimes

Other subjects (please list): [fill in]

Other comments, e.g. spatial coverage of data and information exchange: [fill in]

(e) Is there a shared database or information platform?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

(f) Is the database publicly available?

Yes 🗌 /No 🖾

If yes, please provide the web address: [fill in]

(g)What are the main difficulties and challenges to data exchange, if applicable?Frequency of exchanges
Timing of exchanges
Comparability of data and information
Limited spatial coverage
Inadequate resources (technical and/or financial)
Other (please describe): [fill in]

Additional comments: [fill in]

(h) What are the main benefits of data exchange on the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins? (*please describe*): [Early warning on possible occurance of flood and drought, informed planning and decision making]

7. Do the riparian States carry out joint monitoring in the transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

(a) If yes, what does the joint monitoring cover?

	Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
Border surface waters			
Surface waters in the entire basin			
Surface waters on the main watercourse			
Surface waters in part of the basin please describe [fill in]			
Transboundary aquifer(s) (connected or unconnected)			
Aquifer(s) in the territory of one riparian hydraulically connected to a transboundary river or lake			

(b) If joint monitoring is carried out, how is this done?

National monitoring stations connected through a network

or common stations	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Joint and agreed methodologies	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Joint sampling	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Common monitoring network	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Common agreed parameters	
Please describe: [fill in]	

(c) Please describe the main achievements regarding joint monitoring, if any: [N/A]

- (d) Please describe any difficulties experienced with joint monitoring: [N/A]
- 8. Do the riparian States carry out joint assessment of the transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🗌 /No 🖂

If yes, please provide the date of the last or only assessment, the frequency and scope (e.g., surface waters or groundwaters only, pollution sources, etc.) of the assessment, and assessment methodology applied: []

9. Have the riparian States agreed to use joint water quality standards?

Yes 🗌 /No 🖾

If yes, what standards have been applied, e.g. international or regional standards (please specify which), or have national standards of the riparian States been applied? [N/A]

10. What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary impact of accidental pollution?

Notification and communication	\boxtimes
Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution	
Other (please list): [fill in]	
No measures	

If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in putting in place such measures?: [fill in]

11. What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary impact of extreme weather events and climate change?

Notification and communication	\boxtimes
Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	
Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
Joint climate change adaptation strategy	

		_
	Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	
	Other (<i>please list</i>): [fill in]	
	No measures	
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	n putting
12.	Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?	
	Yes 🗌/No 🔀	
	If yes, please provide a brief summary: [fill in]	
13.	Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundar management in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	ry water
	Yes 🗌/No 🔀	
	If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)	
	Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	
	Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	
	Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
	If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	
	Intergovernmental organizations	\boxtimes
	Private sectors organizations or associations	\boxtimes
	Water user groups or associations	\boxtimes
	Academic or research institutions	\boxtimes
	Other non-governmental organizations	\boxtimes
	General public	\boxtimes
	Other (please specify): [fill in]	
	Availability of information to the public	
	Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans ¹²	\boxtimes
	Public involvement	\boxtimes
	Other (<i>please specify</i>): [fill in]	

¹² Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

Name of the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: [Lower Orange River],

List of the riparian States: [South Africa and Namibia]

In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation with the river or lake basin:

Unconfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	
Unconfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Confined aquifer connected to surface water	
Confined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Other	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Unknown	

Percentage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: [243,196 km²]

1. Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agreement(s) or arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force	\boxtimes
Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force	

Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians

Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s) [Permanent Water Commission (PWC) Agreement 1992]

Agreement or arrangement is under development

No agreement or arrangement

If there is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please explain briefly why not and provide information on any plans to address the situation: [fill in]

If there is no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism for the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then jump to question 4; if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or mechanism then go to question 3.

Questions 2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agreement or arrangement in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins.

2. (a) Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to cooperation?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

Additional explanations? [Lower Orange, common border between Namibia and South Africa]

Or, if the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the entire sub-basin?

 \square

Yes 🗌 /No 🗌

Additional explanations? [fill in]

Which States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrangement? (*Please list*): **[Namibia and South Africa]**

(b) If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or sub-basin, does it also cover aquifers?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

If yes, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [fill in]

(c) What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrange	amont?
(c) what is the sectoral scope of the agreement of arrange	ement?
All water uses	
A single water use or sector	
Several water uses or sectors	\boxtimes
If one or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as a	appropriate):
Water uses or sectors	
Industry	\boxtimes
Agriculture	\boxtimes
Transport (e.g., navigation)	
Households	\boxtimes
Energy: hydropower and other energy types	
Fisheries	
Tourism	
Nature protection	
Other (please list): [fill in]	

(d) What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agreement or arrangement?

Procedural and institutional issues

Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	
Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	\boxtimes
Consultation on planned measures	\boxtimes
Mutual assistance	\boxtimes
Topics of cooperation	
Joint vision and management objectives	
Joint significant water management issues	\boxtimes
Navigation	
Human health	
Environmental protection (ecosystem)	\boxtimes
Water quality	\boxtimes

Water quantity or allocation	\boxtimes
Cooperation in addressing floods	
Cooperation in addressing droughts	
Climate change adaptation	
Monitoring and exchange	
Joint assessments	
Data collection and exchange	
Joint monitoring	
Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
Common early warning and alarm procedures	
Exchange of experience between riparian States	
Exchange of information on planned measures	
Joint planning and management	
Development of joint regulations on specific topics	\boxtimes
Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	\boxtimes
Management of shared infrastructure	\boxtimes
Development of shared infrastructure	\boxtimes
Other (please list): [fill in]	

(e) What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces with the agreement or arrangement and its implementation, if any?

\boxtimes
\boxtimes
\boxtimes
\bowtie

Other (*please describe*): [Coordination with ORASECOM since its establishment having samilar functions and covering same part of the larger basin]

(f) What are the main achievements in implementing the agreement or arrangement and what were the keys to achieving such success? [Lower Orange River Management Study (LORMS)]

(g) Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide the web address of the document (*please attach document or insert web address, if applicable*): [www.orasecom.org]

3. Is your country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agreement or arrangement?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If no, why not? (please explain): [fill in]

Where there is a joint body or mechanism

(a) If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or mechanism (*please tick one*)?

Plenipotentiaries	
Bilateral commission	\boxtimes
Basin or similar commission	
Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	
Other (<i>please describe</i>): [fill in]	

(b) Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

(c) Which States (including your own) are members of the joint body or mechanism? (*Please list*): [Namibia and South Africa]

(d) Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint body or mechanism? (please list): [None]

(e) If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism how does the joint body or mechanism cooperate with them?

No cooperation

They have observer status

Other (please describe): [fill in]

(f) Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following features (*please tick the ones applicable*)?

A secretariat

 \boxtimes

If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secretariat or does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe): [fill in]

A subsidiary body or bodies

Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]

Other features (*please list*): [Joint Irrigation Authority]

(g) What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism?¹³

¹³ This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be

Identification of pollution sources	\boxtimes
Data collection and exchange	\boxtimes
Joint monitoring	\boxtimes
Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
Setting emission limits	
Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	\boxtimes
Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	\boxtimes
Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	
Water allocation and/or flow regulation	\boxtimes
Policy development	\boxtimes
Control of implementation	
Exchange of experience between riparian States	\boxtimes
Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	\boxtimes
Settling of differences and conflicts	
Consultations on planned measures	\boxtimes
Exchange of information on best available technology	\boxtimes
Participation in transboundary EIA	\boxtimes
Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	\boxtimes
Management of shared infrastructure	\boxtimes
Addressing hydromorphological alterations	\boxtimes
Climate change adaptation	
Joint communication strategy	
Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	
Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	\boxtimes
Capacity-building	\boxtimes
Any other tasks (<i>please list</i>): [Development of Joint Water infra gauging weirs and dams]	structure -

(h) What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces with the operation of the joint body or mechanism, if any?

Governance issues

 \boxtimes

included.

Please describe, if any: [Part of the ORASECOM area]	
Unexpected planning delays	
Please describe, if any: [Fill in]	
Lack of resources	\square
Please describe, if true: [Finances and monitoring infrastructure]	
Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	
Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
Lack of effective measures	
Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
Unexpected extreme events	\boxtimes
Please describe, if any: [Drought events, and floods]	
Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
Please describe, if any: []	

Others (*please list and describe, as appropriate*): [They are part of ORASECOM which covers the whole basin and information shared at that level from all bilaterals]

(i) Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet regularly?

Yes 🛛/No

If yes, how frequently does it meet?

More than once per year	\boxtimes
Once per year	
Less than once per year	

(j) What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or mechanism? [LORMS, Noordoewer-Vioolsdrift dam joint pre-feasibility study]

(k) Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coastal State to cooperate?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

If yes, please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal States also riparian States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechanism? [N/A]

4. Have joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management plan or action plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes //No

If yes, please provide further details: [Covered in the ORASECOM IWRM basinwide Plan]

5. How is the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basins or group of basins protected, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainable and rational water use?

Regulation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and gravel extraction.	
Environmental flow norms, including consideration of levels a seasonality	and
Water quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal colifo heavy metals	rms,
Water-related species and habitats protection	\boxtimes
Other measures (please describe): [fill in]	

6. (a) Does your country regularly exchange information and data with other riparian States in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

(b) If yes, how often:	
More than once per year	\boxtimes
Once per year	
Less than once per year	

(c) Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connection with meetings of joint bodies): [Proponents for any development in the basin that have possible impacts on the basin notify other riparian states on future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development]

(d)	If yes, on w	hat subjects a	e information	and c	lata exchanged	?
-----	--------------	----------------	---------------	-------	----------------	---

Environmental conditions	
Research activities and application of best available techniques	
Emission monitoring data	
Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts	\boxtimes
Point source pollution sources	\boxtimes
Diffuse pollution sources	\boxtimes
Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.)	\boxtimes
Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels)	\boxtimes
Water abstractions	\boxtimes
Climatological information	
Future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development	\boxtimes
Other subjects (<i>please list</i>): [fill in]	

Other comments, e.g. spatial coverage of data and information exchange: [fill in]

(e) Is there a shared database or information platform?

Yes 🗌/No 🔀

(f)	Is the	database	publicly	available?
-----	--------	----------	----------	------------

Yes 🗌 /No 🖂

(g) What are the main difficulties and challenges to data exchange, if applicable?

Frequency of exchanges	
Timing of exchanges	\boxtimes
Comparability of data and information	
Limited spatial coverage	\bowtie
Inadequate resources (technical and/or financial)	\boxtimes
Other (please describe): [fill in]	

Additional comments: [fill in]

(h) What are the main benefits of data exchange on the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins? (*please describe*): [Early warning on possible occurance of flood and drought, informed planning and decision making]

7. Do the riparian States carry out joint monitoring in the transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

(a) If yes, what does the joint monitoring cover?

	Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
Border surface waters	\boxtimes		
Surface waters in the entire basin			
Surface waters on the main watercourse			
Surface waters in part of the basin please describe [fill in]			
Transboundary aquifer(s) (connected or unconnected)			
Aquifer(s) in the territory of one riparian hydraulically connected to a transboundary river or lake			

(b) If joint monitoring is carried out, how is this done?

National monitoring stations connected through a network or common stations	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Joint and agreed methodologies	\boxtimes
Please describe: [fill in]	
Joint sampling	

Please describe: [fill in]

Common monitoring network

Please describe: [fill in]

Common agreed parameters

Please describe: [fill in]

(c) Please describe the main achievements regarding joint monitoring, if any: [N/A]

 \square

(d) Please describe any difficulties experienced with joint monitoring: [N/A]

8. Do the riparian States carry out joint assessment of the transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

If yes, please provide the date of the last or only assessment, the frequency and scope (e.g., surface waters or groundwaters only, pollution sources, etc.) of the assessment, and assessment methodology applied: []

9. Have the riparian States agreed to use joint water quality standards?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

If yes, what standards have been applied, e.g. international or regional standards (please specify which), or have national standards of the riparian States been applied? [N/A]

10. What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary impact of accidental pollution?

Notification and communication	\boxtimes
Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution	
Other (<i>please list</i>): [fill in]	

No measures

If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in putting in place such measures?: [fill in]

11. What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary impact of extreme weather events and climate change?

Notification and communication	\boxtimes
Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	\boxtimes
Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
Joint climate change adaptation strategy	
Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	
Other (please list): [fill in]	
No measures	
If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting

12. Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

If yes, please provide a brief summary: [fill in]

13. Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water management in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes 🗌/No 🔀	
If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)	
Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	
Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	
Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	
Intergovernmental organizations	
Private sectors organizations or associations	
Water user groups or associations	
Academic or research institutions	
Other non-governmental organizations	
General public	
Other (please specify): [fill in]	
Availability of information to the public	
Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans ¹⁴	
Public involvement	\boxtimes
Other (<i>please specify</i>): [fill in]	

Please remember to complete section II for each of the transboundary basins, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins. Please also remember to attach copies of agreements or arrangements, if any.

III.Water management at the national level

In this section, you are requested to provide general information on water management at the national level as it relates to transboundary waters. Information on specific transboundary basins, sub-basins, part of basins and groups of basins, should be presented in section II and not repeated here.

1. (a) Does your country's national legislation, policies, action plans and strategies refer to measures to prevent, control and reduce any transboundary impact?

¹⁴ Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, please briefly describe the main national laws, policies, action plans and strategies [Water Resources Management Act No.11 of 2013, National Water Policy, National Development Plan 5, Ministry of Agriculture, Water and Forestry Strategic Plan 2017/18-2021/22, National IWRM Plan of 2010. They collectively advocate for actions towards ensuring Namibian share in shared watercourses, susutainable water resources management as well as stakeholders' participation and engagement]

(b) Does your country's legislation provide for the following principles?

Precautionary principle	Yes 🛛/No 🗌
Polluter pays principle	Yes 🛛/No 🗌
Sustainable development	Yes 🛛/No 🗌
User pays principle	Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, please briefly describe how these principles are implemented at the national level: [The Water Resources Management Act No.11 of 2013, provide for water use permit with conditions to report all pollution cases and clean up. Similary the Environmental management Act 2007, as part of the Environmental Clearance Certificate provides for the Environmental Management Plan, to clean up and rehabilitate the sites back to its original state.]

(c) Does your country have a national licensing or permitting system for wastewater discharges and other point source pollution? (e.g., in industry, mining, energy, municipal, wastewater management or other sectors)?

Yes X/No

If yes, for which sectors?

Industry	\boxtimes
Mining	\boxtimes
Energy	\boxtimes
Municipal	\boxtimes
Livestock raising	
Aquaculture	\boxtimes

Other (please list): [fill in]

Please briefly describe the licensing or permitting system, indicating whether the system provides for setting emission limits based on best available technology?

If yes, for which sectors? (please list): [There are Effluent standards for industry, mining and municipal sectors which each wastewater discharge permit holders must adhere to. Code of Practice for reuse of wastewater is developed for different reuse purposes including agriculture.]

If not, please explain why not (giving the most important reasons) or provide information if there are plans to introduce a licensing or permitting system: [fill in]

(d) Are the authorized discharges monitored and controlled?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, how? (Please tick the ones applicable):	
Monitoring of discharges	\boxtimes
Monitoring of physical and chemical impacts on water	\boxtimes
Monitoring of ecological impacts on water	\boxtimes
Conditions on permits	\boxtimes
Inspectorate	\boxtimes
Other means (<i>please list</i>): [fill in]	

If your country does not have a discharge monitoring system, please explain why not or provide information if there are plans to introduce a discharge monitoring system: [fill in]

(e) What are the main measures which your country takes to reduce diffuse sources of water pollution on transboundary waters (e.g., from agriculture, transport, forestry or aquaculture)? The measures listed below relate to agriculture, but other sectors may be more significant. Please be sure to include these under "others":

Legislative measures Norm for uses of fertilizers \boxtimes Norms for uses of manure \square \boxtimes Permitting system \square Bans on or norms for use of pesticides Others (please list): [fill in] **Economic and financial measures** Monetary incentives \square Environmental taxes (such as fertilizer taxes) \boxtimes Others (please list): [fill in] \square Agricultural extension services **Technical measures** Source control measures \boxtimes Crop rotation \boxtimes Tillage control \boxtimes Winter cover crops Others (please list): [fill in] Other measures Buffer/filter strips \boxtimes \square Wetland reconstruction Sedimentation traps \square Chemical measures Others (please list): [fill in] \square Other types of measures

If yes, please list: [fill in]

(f) What are the main measures which your country takes to enhance water resources allocation and use efficiency?

Please tick as appropriate (not all might be relevant)

\boxtimes
\boxtimes

(g) Does your country apply the ecosystems approach?

Yes 🗌 /No 🔀

If yes, please describe how: [fill in:]

(h) Does your country take specific measures to prevent the pollution of groundwaters?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, please briefly describe the most important measures: [**Designated water protected areas around the country**]

2. Do your national laws require transboundary environmental impact assessment (EIA)?

Yes 🛛/No 🗌

If yes, please briefly describe the legislative basis, and any related implementing procedures. [The Environmental Management Act requires all activities, even the cross border ones to have EIA done. Draft transboudnary EIA are being developed for ORASECOM and OKACOM to be integrated with national EIA.]

If not, do other measures provide for transboundary EIA? [fill in]

IV. Final questions

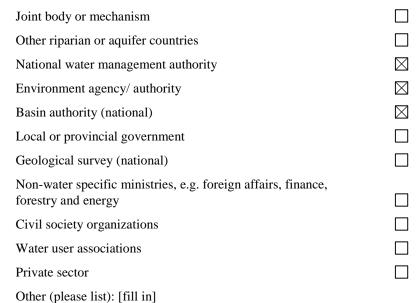
1. What are the main challenges your country faces in cooperating on transboundary waters?

Differences between national administrative and legal frameworks	\boxtimes
Lack of relevant data and information	\square
Difficulties in data and information exchange	\square
Sectoral fragmentation at the national level	\boxtimes

I an ann a hanniar	
Language barrier	
Resource constraints	\boxtimes
Environmental pressures, e.g. extreme events	\boxtimes
Sovereignty concerns	\boxtimes
Please list other challenges and/or provide further details: [fill in]	
2. What have been the main achievements in-cooperating on transboundary wa	aters?
Improved water management	\boxtimes
Enhanced regional integration, i.e. beyond water	\boxtimes
Adoption of cooperative arrangements	\boxtimes
Adoption of joint plans and programmes	\boxtimes
Long-lasting and sustained cooperation	\boxtimes
Financial support for joint activities	\boxtimes
Stronger political will for transboundary water cooperation	\boxtimes
Better knowledge and understanding	\boxtimes
Dispute avoidance	
Stakeholder engagement	\boxtimes

Please list other achievements, keys to achieving success, and/or provide concrete examples: [fill in]

3. Please indicate which institutions were consulted during the completion of the questionnaire



Please briefly describe the process by which the questionnaire was completed: [The national ministry responsible for water initiated the process and shared the questionnaire with relevant offices indicating where they should provide inputs. Inputs were then collated into a country report]

- 4. If you have any other comments please add them here (*insert comments*): [fill in]
- 5. Name and contact details of the person(s) who filled out the questionnaire (*please insert*): [Aune Amwaama (Ms)]

Date: [30 June 2020]

Signature: []

Thank you very much for taking the time to complete this report.