## Reporting on global SDG indicator 6.5.2

## TEMPLATE of the second cycle for reporting

## **Content of the template**

The template is divided into four parts:

- Section I Calculation of SDG indicator 6.5.2
- Section II Information on each transboundary basin or group of basins
- Section III General information on transboundary water management at the national level
- Section IV Final questions

Country name: Brazil

#### I. Calculation of Sustainable Development Goal indicator 6.5.2

### Methodology

- 1. Using the information gathered in section II, the information gathered in this section allows for the calculation of Sustainable Development Goal global indicator 6.5.2, which is defined as the proportion of transboundary basin area with an operational arrangement for water cooperation.
- 2. The step-by-step monitoring methodology for indicator 6.5.2, developed by UNECE and UNESCO in the framework of UN-Water, should be referred to for details on the necessary data, the definitions and the calculation.<sup>a</sup>
- 3. The value of the indicator at the national level is derived by adding up the surface area in a country of those transboundary basins (river and lake basins and aquifers) that are covered by an operational arrangement and dividing the area obtained by the aggregate total area in a country of all transboundary basins (both river and lake basins, and aquifers).
- 4. Transboundary basins are basins of transboundary waters, that is, of any surface waters (notably rivers, lakes) or groundwaters which mark, cross or are located on boundaries between by two or more States. For the purpose of the calculation of this indicator, for a transboundary river or lake, the basin area is determined by the extent of its catchment. For groundwater, the area to be considered is the extent of the aquifer.
- 5. An "arrangement for water cooperation" is a bilateral or multilateral treaty, convention, agreement or other formal arrangement among riparian countries that provides a framework for cooperation on transboundary water management.
- 6. For an arrangement to be considered "operational" all the following criteria need to be in place in practice:
- (a) There is a joint body, joint mechanism or commission (e.g., a river basin organization) for transboundary cooperation (criterion 1);
- (b) There are regular (at least once per year) formal communications between riparian countries in form of meetings (either at the political or technical level) (criterion 2);
- (c) Joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management plan, or an action plan have been agreed upon by the riparian countries (criterion 3);
- (d) There is a regular (at least once per year) exchange of data and information (criterion 4).

#### Calculation of indicator 6.5.2

- 7. Please list in the tables below the transboundary basins (rivers and lakes and aquifers) in your country's territory and provide the following information for each of them:
  - (a) The country/ies with which the basin is shared;
- (b) The surface area of the basin (the catchment of rivers or lakes and the aquifer in the case of groundwater) within the territory of your country (in square kilometres (km²));
- (c) Whether a map and/or a geographical information system (GIS) shapefile of the basin has been provided;
  - (d) Whether there is an arrangement in force for the basin;
  - (e) The verification of each of the four criteria to assess operationality;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Available from the UN-Water website: https://www.sdg6monitoring.org/indicators/target-65/indicators652/ (updated version "2020").

- (f) The surface area of the basin within the territory of your country which is covered by a cooperation arrangement that is operational according to the above criteria.
- 8. In case an operational arrangement is in place only for a sub-basin or a portion of a basin, please list this sub-basin just after the transboundary basin it is part of. In case there is an operational arrangement for the whole basin, do not list sub-basins in the table below.

Table 1
Transboundary river or lake basin (please add rows as needed)

Name of transboundary river or lake basin/sub-basin	It is a basin or a sub-basin? <sup>b</sup>	Countries shared with	Surface area of the basin/ sub- basin (in km²) within the territory of the country	Map and/or GIS shapefile provided (yes/no)	Covered by an arrangement (entirely, partly, no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 1 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 2 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 3 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 4 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Surface area of the basin/sub-basin (in km²) covered by an operational arrangement within the territory of the country
1. La Plata Basin	Basin	Paraguay, Uruguay, Argentina and Bolivia	1.407.280	Yes	Entirely	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	1.407.280
1.1. Quaraí River Basin	Sub-basin	Uruguay	6.603	Yes	Entirely	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	6.603
1.2. Apa River Basin	Sub-basin	Paraguay	11.325	Yes	Entirely	No	No	Yes	Yes	0,0
2. Amazon River Basin	Basin	Bolivia, Colombia, Ecuador, Guyana, Peru, Suriname and Venezuela	3.712.354	Yes	Entirely	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	3.712.354
3. Mirin Lagoon Basin	Basin	Uruguay	26.257	Yes	Entirely	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	26.257
4. Oiapoque River Basin	Basin	French Guyana	12.277	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	0,0
(A) Total surface area of trans rivers and lakes covered by the territory of the country (do not double count sub-b	y operational a y (in km²)									5.145.891
(B) Total surface area of trans lakes within the territory o (do not double count sub-b	of the country (		5.158.168							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> List sub-basins after the basin they belong to.

Name of the transboundary aquifer	Countries shared with	Surface area of the aquifer (in km²) within the territory of the country	Map and/ or GIS shapefile provided (yes/no)	Covered by an aquifer specific arrangement (entirely, partly, no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Covered within an arrangement not specific to the aquifer (entirely, partly, no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion I applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 2 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 3 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 4 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Surface area of the aquifer (in km²) covered by an operational arrangement within the territory of the country
Amazonas	Bolivia, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, Venezuela	2.000.000	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	0,0
Serra Geral	Argentina, Paraguay, Uruguay	420.593	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	0,0
Bauru-Caiuá	Paraguay	353.374	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	0,0
Pantanal	Bolivia, Paraguay	162.318	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	0,0
Guarani	Argentina, Paraguay and Uruguay	67.976	Yes	Entirely	Entirely	No	No	No	No	0,0
Aquidauana	Paraguay	73.027	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	0,0
Permo-Carbonífero	Uruguay	37.388	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	0,0
Litorâneo Sul (Chuí)	Uruguay	26.564	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	0,0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> For a transboundary aquifer, the extent is derived from the aquifer system delineation which is commonly done relying on information of the subsurface (notably the extent of geological formations). As a general rule, the delineation of aquifer systems is based on the delineation of the extent of the hydraulically connected water-bearing geological formations. Aquifer systems are three-dimensional objects and the aquifer area taken into account is the projection on the land surface of the system. Ideally, when different aquifer systems not hydraulically connected are vertically superposed, the different relevant projected areas are to be considered separately, unless the different aquifer systems are managed conjunctively.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> In the text of the agreement or arrangement or in the practice.

Name of the transboundary aquifer	Countries shared with	Surface area of the aquifer <sup>c</sup> (in km²) within the territory of the country	Map and/ or GIS shapefile provided (yes/no)	Covered by an aquifer specific arrangement (entirely, partly, no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Covered within an arrangement not specific to the aquifer (entirely, partly, no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion I applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 2 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 3 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Criterion 4 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in sect. II)	Surface area of the aquifer (in km²) covered by an operational arrangement within the territory of the country
Litorâneo Norte (Costeiro)	French Guyana	5.351	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	0,0
Grupo Roraima	Guyana and Venezuela	5.010	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	0,0
Boa Vista-Areias Brancas	Guyana	14.849	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	0,0
(C) Sub-total: surface area o aquifers covered by oper arrangements (in km²)	•		1	1	1		1	1		0,0
(D) Total surface area of transboundary aquifers (in km²)		3.166.450								

### Indicator value for the country

A (Km <sup>2</sup> )	B (Km <sup>2</sup> )	C (Km <sup>2</sup> )	D (Km <sup>2</sup> )
5.145.891	5.158.168	0,0	3.166.450

#### **Surface waters:**

Percentage of surface area of transboundary basins of rivers and lakes covered by an operational arrangement:

$$A/B \times 100 = 99,76\%$$

#### **Aquifers:**

Percentage of surface area of transboundary aquifers covered by an operational arrangement:

$$C/D \times 100 = 0.0\%$$

### Sustainable Development Goal indicator 6.5.2:

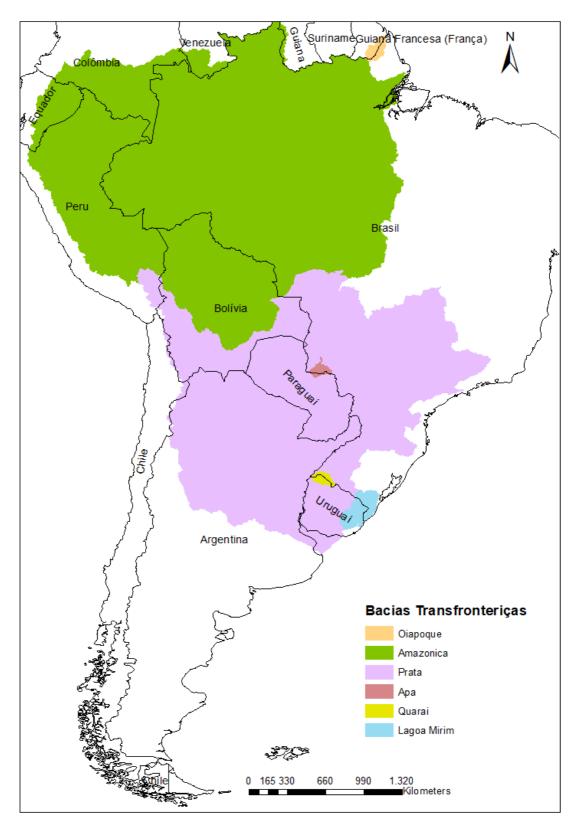
Percentage of surface area of transboundary basins covered by an operational arrangement:

$$((A + C)/(B + D)) \times 100 = 61,82\%$$

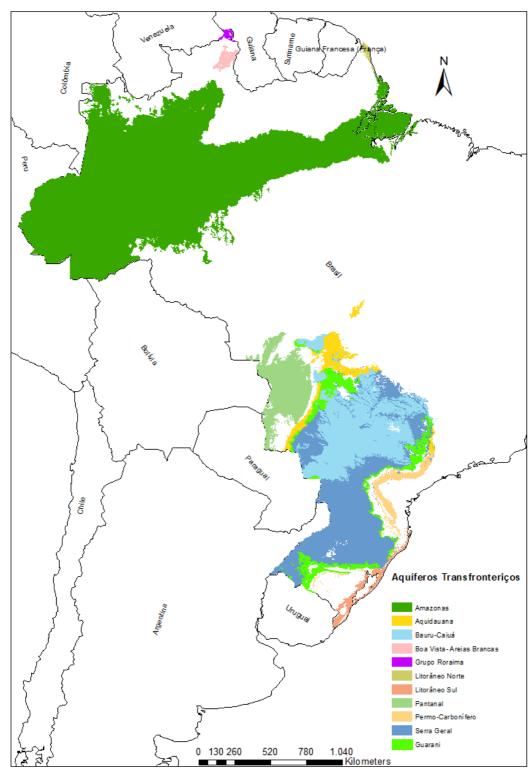
### **Spatial information**

If a map (or maps) of the transboundary surface water catchments and transboundary aquifers (i.e., "transboundary basins") is available, please consider attaching them. Ideally, shapefiles of the basin and aquifer delineations that can be viewed in GIS should be sent.

The transboundary basins of are shown in Map 1 and the transboundary aquifers in Map 2. The boundaries are available for download in shapefile, at ANA's Metadata Portal: https://metadados.ana.gov.br/geonetwork/srv/pt/main.home?uuid=54891117-5f06-4cdc-b929-fcd4b50eec08. To measure the area, it was used the Albers Equal-Area Conic Projection, reference projection in Brazil for area calculation.



Map 1 – Transboundary basins in Brazil. Source: ANA, 2020. https://metadados.ana.gov.br/geonetwork/srv/pt/main.home?uuid=54891117-5f06-4cdc-b929-fcd4b50eec08

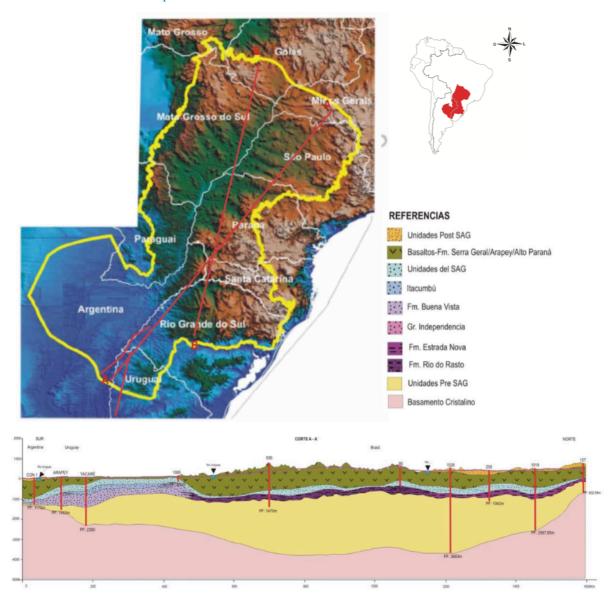


Map 2 – Transboundary aquifers in Brazil. Source: ANA, 2020. https://metadados.ana.gov.br/geonetwork/srv/pt/main.home?uuid=54891117-5f06-4cdc-b929-fcd4b50eec08

### Additional information

If the respondent has comments that clarify assumptions or interpretations made for the calculation, or the level of certainty of the spatial information, please write them here:

The transboundary aquifers' polygons used in the calculation correspond to the unconfined zone of the aquifer systems within the Brazilian territory. Thus, it is not the entire area of each aquifer system, just the outcropping areas of the aquifers. This criterion was used because some of the systems are superposed, e.g. Guarani Aquifer System, Serra Geral and Bauru-Caiuá as shown in Map 3.



Map 3 – Guarani Aquifer System – geological characteristics. Source: Informe Final de Hidrogeologia. Consórcio Guarani, 2008.

Does your country have transboundary agreements or arrangements for the protection and/or
management of transboundary waters (i.e., rivers, lakes or groundwater), whether bilateral or
multilateral?

Yes ⊠/No □

If yes, list the bilateral and multilateral agreements or arrangements (listing for each of the countries concerned): [fill in]

## **Transboundary Basins**

### 1 – Amazon Basin

Amazon Cooperation Treaty	Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, Guyana,
	Peru, Venezuela and Suriname

## 2- La Plata Basin

*	Argentina, Brazil, Bolivia, Paraguay and Uruguay
Cooperation Agreement for the Sustainable Development and the Integrated Management of the Apa River Basin	Brazil and Paraguay
Cooperation Agreement for the Utilization of the Natural Resources and the Development of the Quarai/Cuareim River Basin	Brazil and Uruguay

## 3 – Mirim Lagoon Basin

Mirim Lagoon Basin Treaty Brazil and Uruguai
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## **Transboundary Aquifers**

## 1 – Guarani Aquifer System

Guarani Aquifer Agreement	Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay and Uruguay
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# II. Questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin, or group of basins (river, lake or aquifer)

Please complete this second section for each transboundary basin (river or lake basin, or aquifer), sub-basin, part of a basin or a group of basins covered by the same agreement or arrangement where conditions are Yesilar. In some instances, you may provide information on both a basin and one or more of its sub-basins or parts thereof, for example, where you have agreements or arrangements on both the basin and its sub-basin. You may coordinate your responses with other States with which your country shares transboundary waters, or even prepare a joint report. General information on transboundary water management at the national level should be provided in section III and not repeated here.

Please reproduce this whole section with its questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins for which you will provide a reply.

# Name of the transboundary basin,—sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: AMAZON BASIN

List of the riparian States: Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, Guyana, Peru, Suriname<sup>3</sup> and Venezuela.

In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation with the river

or lake basin.

01 16	ine busin.	
Unc	onfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	
Unc	onfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Con	fined aquifer connected to surface water	
Con	fined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Othe	er	
Plea	se describe: [fill in]	
Unk	nown	
	centage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of up of basins: $43,62\%$	a basin oı
1.	Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agree arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins	
	One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force	$\boxtimes$
	Comment: The Amazon Cooperation Treaty is the main cooperation agreement; however, Brazil has bilateral agreements with all riparial regarding different topics.	
	Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force	
	Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In principle, section II should be submitted for every transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, in the country, but States may decide to group basins in which their share is small or leave out basins in which their share is very minor, e.g., below 1 per cent.

In section II, "agreement" covers all kinds of treaties, conventions and agreements ensuring cooperation in the field of transboundary waters. Section II can also be completed for other types of arrangements, such as memorandums of understanding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Despite being a member of the Amazon Cooperation Treaty Suriname is not within the Amazon Hydrographic Region.

		eration Treaty.	Amazor
	Agree	ment or arrangement is under development	
	No ag	reement or arrangement	
		re is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please explai ot and provide information on any plans to address the situation: [fill:	
transl questi	oounda ion 4; i	no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism ary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then just there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or mediation 3.	jump to
	gemen	and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agree t in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin of	
2.	(a)	Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to coope	ration?
	Yes 🔀	☑/No □	
	If yes,	does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States	s?
	Yes 🔀	☑/No □	
	Additi	ional explanations? [fill in]	
	Or, if the basin?	the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the er	ntire sub-
	Yes [	]/No []	
	Additi	ional explanations? [fill in]	
		n States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrange list): Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, Guyana, Peru, Surina zuela.	_
	(b) does it	If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or sut also cover aquifers?	ıb-basin
	Yes 🛭	☑/No □	
he Aı		, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: Es Aquifer System	specially
	(c)	What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?	
		All water uses	$\boxtimes$
		A single water use or sector	
		Several water uses or sectors	
	<i>If one</i>	or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriate):	
	Water	r uses or sectors	
		Industry	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Despite being a member of the Amazon Cooperation Treaty Suriname is not within the Amazon Hydrographic Region.

	Agriculture	
	Transport (e.g., navigation)	
	Households	
	Energy: hydropower and other energy types	
	Fisheries	
	Tourism	
	Nature protection	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(d) arran	What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in t gement?	he agreement or
	Procedural and institutional issues	
	Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	$\boxtimes$
	Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	$\boxtimes$
	Consultation on planned measures	$\boxtimes$
	Mutual assistance	$\boxtimes$
	Topics of cooperation	
	Joint vision and management objectives	$\boxtimes$
	Joint significant water management issues	$\boxtimes$
	Navigation	$\boxtimes$
	Human health	$\boxtimes$
	Environmental protection (ecosystem)	$\boxtimes$
	Water quality	$\boxtimes$
	Water quantity or allocation	$\boxtimes$
	Cooperation in addressing floods	$\boxtimes$
	Cooperation in addressing droughts	$\boxtimes$
	Climate change adaptation	$\boxtimes$
	Monitoring and exchange	
	Joint assessments	$\boxtimes$
	Data collection and exchange	$\boxtimes$
	Joint monitoring	$\boxtimes$
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	$\boxtimes$
	Common early warning and alarm procedures	$\boxtimes$
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on planned measures	$\boxtimes$
	Joint planning and management	

	Development of joint regulations on specific topics	$\boxtimes$
	Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	$\boxtimes$
	Management of shared infrastructure	$\boxtimes$
	Development of shared infrastructure	$\boxtimes$
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	Comments: The riparian countries have invested in the interinfrastructure, such as transport and energy, which could lead development of the region, strengthening the regional trade and within the Amazon region.	to greater
	Considering the wide hydrographic network of the region, current integration measures between countries will consider the except network and its potential for use, which can generate specific agree	ional water
	(e) What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country factorized agreement or arrangement and its implementation, if any?	es with the
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	$\boxtimes$
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	$\boxtimes$
	Lack of financial resources	$\boxtimes$
	Insufficient human capacity	$\boxtimes$
Tense d	Insufficient technical capacity liplomatic relations	
	Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
	No significant difficulties	
	Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	One of the principles of transboundary management is the observ sovereignty of States, thus, that bilateral or regional cooperation ofto as a slow process in view of the need for political and institutional at different levels. In this scenario, we can highlight:	en develops
	<ol> <li>The difficulty in articulating and coordinating inspection actio other countries of the Amazon basin and the limitation of jurisdicti powers of each agency or country;</li> </ol>	
	2) The need for an international relationship has demanded intens and cooperation between the National Water Agency (Brazil) and institutions in other Amazonian countries. Such a procedure requires efforts and policy and institutional adjustments;	counterpar
	3) Despite ongoing actions, Brazil does not yet have river basin conborder or transboundary rivers;	mmittees ir
	4) It is necessary to strengthen the articulation of the eight country Bolivia, Colombia, Ecuador, Guyana, Peru, Suriname and Verinternational forums in the defense of issues relevant to the Amazon	nezuela) ir

(f) What are the main achievements in implementing the agreement or arrangement and what were the keys to achieving such success?

Strengthened exchange of information; Establishment of formal locus for negotiation related to water resources management; Establishment of the Strategic Agenda (2018) which reflects the priorities of riparian countries aligned with 2030 Agenda; Elaboration of the Transboundary Diagnostic Analysis and the Strategic Action Programme; Capacity building and institutional strengthening; Elaboration of a pilot program to improve the monitoring network; Advances in technical and scientific knowledge related to aquatic ecosystems, the amazon aquifer, water quality and quantity, and; Identification of vulnerable areas to extreme events and climate change.

(g) Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide the web address of the document (please attach document or insert web address, if applicable):

https://www2.senado.leg.br/bdsf/bitstream/handle/id/186318/000406292.pdf?sequence=1

http://www.otca-

oficial.info/assets/documents/20160629/488ec01c1ab55922e4797d9d49e2934c.pdf

3. Is your country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agreement or arrangement?

Ves	M	/No	

If no, why not? (please explain): [fill in]

#### Where there is a joint body or mechanism

(a) If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or mechanism (*please tick one*)?

Plenipotentiaries	$\bowtie$
Bilateral commission	
Basin or Yesilar commission	
Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	
Other (please describe): [fill in]	

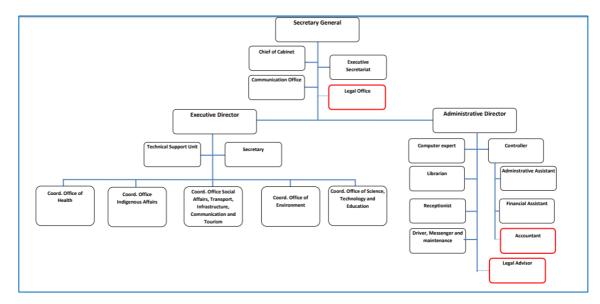
(b) Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

## Yes ⊠/No □

- (c) Which States (including your own) are members of the joint body or mechanism? (*Please list*): Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, Guyana, Peru, Suriname<sup>5</sup> and Venezuela.
- (d) Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint body or mechanism? (please list): [fill in]
- (e) If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism how does the joint body or mechanism cooperate with them?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Despite being a member of the Amazon Cooperation Treaty Suriname is not within the Amazon Hydrographic Region.

No cooper	cation	
They have	e observer status	
Other (ple	ase describe): [fill in]	
(f) Does the j	oint body or mechanism have any of the filicable)?	following features (please
A secretar	iat	
does each Secretaria http://www	ecretariat is a permanent one, is it country host its own secretariat? (Please at t – Norms and rules: w.otca-o/assets/documents/20160629/eb44e91669	lescribe): Permanent Joint
•	ary body or bodies	$\boxtimes$



Other features (please list): [fill in]

	Other reacures (preuse usi). [IIII III]	
(g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism? <sup>6</sup>	
	Identification of pollution sources	
	Data collection and exchange	$\boxtimes$
	Joint monitoring	$\boxtimes$
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Setting emission limits	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

	Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	
	Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	
	Water allocation and/or flow regulation	
	Policy development	$\boxtimes$
	Control of implementation	$\boxtimes$
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	$\boxtimes$
	Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	
	Settling of differences and conflicts	$\boxtimes$
	Consultations on planned measures	$\boxtimes$
	Exchange of information on best available technology	
	Participation in transboundary EIA	
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Addressing hydromorphological alterations	$\boxtimes$
	Climate change adaptation	$\boxtimes$
	Joint communication strategy	$\boxtimes$
	Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	$\boxtimes$
	Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	$\boxtimes$
	Capacity-building	$\boxtimes$
	Any other tasks (please list): [fill in]	
(h) opera	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces tion of the joint body or mechanism, if any?	with the
	Governance issues	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Unexpected planning delays	$\boxtimes$
	Please describe, if any: Some countries don't have national water replans.	esources
	Lack of resources	$\boxtimes$
	Please describe, if true: Lack of financial and personal.	
	Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	$\boxtimes$
	Please describe, if true: Different legal and institutional levels countries.	among
	Lack of effective measures	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	

		Unexpected extreme events	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]	
	(i)	Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet regula	arly?
	Yes 🗵	☑/No□	
	If yes,	how frequently does it meet?	
		More than once per year	
		Once per year	$\boxtimes$
		Less than once per year	
		What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or med we an official locus for multilateral negotiations and decisions about well resources management among the riparian countries.	
	(k) cooper	Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coastal rate?	State to
Yes [	]/No [>		
		please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal Sta an States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechanis	
4.	_	joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basin	-
Yes 🛭	/No		
Coope	eration	e provide further details: Development and agreement of the Am Strategic Agenda (2018) which reflects the priorities of riparian co 2030 Agenda, and also the Strategic Action Program (2018).	
5.	protec	is the transboundary basin,—sub-basin, part of a basins or group of ted, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainant al water use?	
		ation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and extraction.	
	Enviro season	onmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and nality	$\boxtimes$
		quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, metals	$\boxtimes$
	Water	-related species and habitats protection	$\boxtimes$
	Other	measures (please describe): [fill in]	
6.	(a) States	Does your country regularly exchange information and data with other in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	riparian
Yes 🔀	/No [		

	(b)	If yes, how often:	
		More than once per year	
		Once per year	
		Less than once per year	
	(c) meetin	Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connectings of joint bodies): Publicly available at governmental web portals.	on with
	(d)	If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?	
		Environmental conditions	
		Research activities and application of best available techniques	
		Emission monitoring data	
		Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts	$\boxtimes$
		Point source pollution sources	
		Diffuse pollution sources	
		Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.)	
		Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels)	$\boxtimes$
		Water abstractions	
		Climatological information	$\boxtimes$
		Future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development	$\boxtimes$
		Other subjects (please list): [fill in]	
		Other comments, e.g. spatial coverage of data and information exchanin]	nge: [fill
	(e)	Is there a shared database or information platform?	
Yes [	]/No [>		
	(f)	Is the database publicly available?	
Yes 🛭	/No [		
		provide the web address: There is no shared information platform. Fall information is publicly available.	rom the
	(g)	What are the main difficulties and challenges to data exchange, if app	licable?
	Freque	ency of exchanges	
	Timin	g of exchanges	$\boxtimes$
	Comp	arability of data and information	$\boxtimes$
	Limite	ed spatial coverage	
	Inadeo	quate resources (technical and/or financial)	
	Other	(please describe): [fill in]	
		ional comments: The difference in quality and standards of the informountry.	nation in

	(h) What are the main benefits of data exchange on the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins? ( <i>please describe</i> ): To enable coordinated actions among countries, and more reliability on the water resources management.				
7.	Do the riparian States carry out joint monitoring in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?				
Yes [	No				
	(a)	If yes, what does the joint monitoring	g cover?		
			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
Borde	er surfa	ace waters	$\boxtimes$		
Surfa	ce wat	ers in the entire basin	$\boxtimes$		
	ce wat	ers on the main	$\boxtimes$		
Surfa	ce wat	ers in part of the basin			
	pleas	se describe [fill in]			
	sbound connec	ary aquifer(s) (connected eted)			
ripari	an hyd	n the territory of one fraulically connected to a ary river or lake			
	(b)	If joint monitoring is carried out, how	w is this done?		
		National monitoring stations connec or common stations	ted through a n	etwork	$\boxtimes$
(ACT Amaz qualit	CO) and zon couty of w	Please describe: Amazon Project - T Brazil, in collaboration with the Ard d the Brazilian Cooperation Agency (A untries aiming the definition of a strate rater, besides a programme of capacity be these countries.	nazon Coopera BC), proposed egic network to	ation Treaty a joint action b monitor the	Organization n between the quantity and
		Joint and agreed methodologies			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint sampling			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common monitoring network			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common agreed parameters			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
	(c) Please describe the main achievements regarding joint monitoring, if any: Updated information for proper management; Contribution to monitoring actions in each country.				

	(d) Please describe any difficulties experienced with joint monitoring: Chainstitutional priorities and lack of financial, human and technical resources.	nges in
8.	Do the riparian States carry out joint assessment of the transboundary basin basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	n, sub-
Yes 🗵	☑/No □	
	If yes, please provide the date of the last or only assessment, the frequency and (e.g., surface waters or groundwaters only, pollution sources, etc.) of the asses and assessment methodology applied: Strategic Action Program, 2018.	_
9.	Have the riparian States agreed to use joint water quality standards?	
Yes [	]/No 🔀	
	If yes, what standards have been applied, e.g. international or regional state (please specify which), or have national standards of the riparian States applied? Each country has their own standard, usually aligned with UN standard.	s been
10.	What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary impaccidental pollution?	pact of
	Notification and communication	
	Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	$\boxtimes$
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in pin place such measures?: The lack of financial and technical resources in riparian states and lack of interest.	
11. extrem	What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary imple weather events and climate change?	pact of
	Notification and communication	$\boxtimes$
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
	Joint climate change adaptation strategy	$\boxtimes$
	Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	$\boxtimes$
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
12.	Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?	
Yes 🗵	☑/No □	
with a focus l donation	please provide a brief summary: The National Water Agency has bilateral p ll Amazonian countries (with the exception of Venezuela) and in these proje has been on donating a Data Collection Platforms for monitoring hydrological dang equipment for the establishment of Situation Rooms, which aims to monitor a such as droughts and floods.	cts the

13.	Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water me in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	anagement
Yes [	⊠/No	
	If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)	
	Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	$\boxtimes$
	Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	
	Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
	If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	
	Intergovernmental organizations	
	Private sectors organizations or associations	
	Water user groups or associations	
	Academic or research institutions	$\boxtimes$
	Other non-governmental organizations	$\boxtimes$
	General public	
	Other (please specify): [fill in]	
	Availability of information to the public	$\boxtimes$
	Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans <sup>7</sup>	$\boxtimes$
	Public involvement	$\boxtimes$
	Other (please specify): [fill in]	

# II. Questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin, or group of basins (river, lake or aquifer)

Please complete this second section for each transboundary basin (river or lake basin, or aquifer), sub-basin, part of a basin or a group of basins covered by the same agreement or arrangement where conditions are similar. In some instances, you may provide information on both a basin and one or more of its sub-basins or parts thereof, for example, where you have agreements or arrangements on both the basin and its sub-basin. You may coordinate your responses with other States with which your country shares transboundary waters, or even prepare a joint report. General information on transboundary water management at the national level should be provided in section III and not repeated here.

Please reproduce this whole section with its questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins for which you will provide a reply.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> In principle, section II should be submitted for every transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, in the country, but States may decide to group basins in which their share is small or leave out basins in which their share is very minor, e.g., below 1 per cent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> In section II, "agreement" covers all kinds of treaties, conventions and agreements ensuring cooperation in the field of transboundary waters. Section II can also be completed for other types of arrangements, such as memorandums of understanding.

## Name of the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: LA **PLATA BASIN** List of the riparian States: Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Paraguay e Uruguay In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation with the river or lake basin: Unconfined aquifer connected to a river or lake П Unconfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water Confined aquifer connected to surface water Confined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water Other Please describe: [fill in] Unknown Percentage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: 16,54% Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agreement(s) or arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins? One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force M Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s) La Plata Basin Treaty, in force since 14/08/1970. Asunción Declaration on the Uses of International Rivers (1971) Treaty for the Development of the Water Resources Exploitation within the Uruguay River and its Affluent the Pepiri-Guazu River (1980) Complementary Adjustment to the Technical and Scientific Cooperation Agreement for the Implementation of the Integrated Water Resources Management Project in the Upper Paraguay River Basin, signed by Bolivia and Brazil, in La Paz on 11/15/2001. The Adjustment "aims to develop a hydrological monitoring system in the upper Paraguay River basin". Acuerdo de Santa Cruz de La Sierra Sobre Transporte Fluvial por la Hidrovia Paraguay-Paraná (1992) Agreement or arrangement is under development No agreement or arrangement

If there is no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism for the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then jump to question 4; if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or mechanism then go to question 3.

If there is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please explain briefly why not and provide information on any plans to address the situation: [fill in]

Questions 2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agreement or arrangement in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins.

2.	(a)	Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to coope	ration?
	Yes 🛭	☑/No □	
	If yes	, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States	?
	Yes 🛭	☑/No □	
	Addit	ional explanations? [fill in]	
	Or, if basin	the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the en	itire sub-
	Yes [	]/No	
	Addit	ional explanations? [fill in]	
		h States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arran se list): Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Paraguay e Uruguay	gement?
	(b) does i	If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or sut also cover aquifers?	ıb-basin,
	Yes [	]/No ⊠	
	If yes	, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [fill	in]
	(c)	What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?	
		All water uses	$\boxtimes$
		A single water use or sector	
		Several water uses or sectors	
	<i>If one</i>	or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriate):	
	Wate	r uses or sectors	
		Industry	
		Agriculture	
		Transport (e.g., navigation)	
		Households	
		Energy: hydropower and other energy types	
		Fisheries	
		Tourism	
		Nature protection	
		Other (please list): [fill in]	
	(d) arrang	What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agree gement?	ment or
		Procedural and institutional issues	
		Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	$\boxtimes$
		Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	$\boxtimes$

Consultation on planned measures	$\boxtimes$
Mutual assistance	$\boxtimes$
Topics of cooperation	
Joint vision and management objectives	$\boxtimes$
Joint significant water management issues	$\boxtimes$
Navigation	$\boxtimes$
Human health	$\boxtimes$
Environmental protection (ecosystem)	$\boxtimes$
Water quality	$\boxtimes$
Water quantity or allocation	$\boxtimes$
Cooperation in addressing floods	$\boxtimes$
Cooperation in addressing droughts	$\boxtimes$
Climate change adaptation	$\boxtimes$
Monitoring and exchange	
Joint assessments	$\boxtimes$
Data collection and exchange	$\boxtimes$
Joint monitoring	
Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
Common early warning and alarm procedures	$\boxtimes$
Exchange of experience between riparian States	$\boxtimes$
Exchange of information on planned measures	$\boxtimes$
Joint planning and management	
Development of joint regulations on specific topics	$\boxtimes$
Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	$\boxtimes$
Management of shared infrastructure	$\boxtimes$
Development of shared infrastructure	$\boxtimes$

Comments: Due to the strategic importance of water resources in the La Plata Basin for the five riparian states, topics addressed in the La Plata Basin Treaty are also considered in bilateral cooperation. For decades, Brazil has had bilateral agreements with Argentina, Bolivia, Paraguay and Uruguay on different topics on the development agenda.

It is noteworthy that the hydroelectric and fluvial transport potential is fundamental for the regional economy and, above all, for economic integration. These countries have, for some time, carried out shared management in the areas of navigation (Hidrovia Paraná-Paraguay) and hydroelectric energy production (Itaipu Plant). In addition, the water agenda is directly inserted in the agricultural sectors of the countries of La Plata Basin.

Other (please list): [fill in] What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces with the (e) agreement or arrangement and its implementation, if any? Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with X national laws, policies and programmes Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with  $\boxtimes$ regional laws, policies and programmes  $\boxtimes$ Lack of financial resources Insufficient human capacity Insufficient technical capacity Tense diplomatic relations Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement No significant difficulties Other (please describe): [fill in] Other difficulties and challenges: Institutional and priority changes in each country; Conflicts of interest in the shared use of water between power generation, navigation and tourism; Difficulty in integrating and coordinating inspection measures between states; Problems in the maintenance of shared infrastructures that can compromise the water quality and multiple uses; Integration with sub-national strategies and priorities. What are the main achievements in implementing the agreement or arrangement and what were the keys to achieving such success? Strengthened exchange of information; A formal locus for negotiation, among riparian states, related to water resources management. Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide the web address of the document (please attach document or insert web address, if applicable): https://www2.camara.leg.br/legin/fed/decret/1970-1979/decreto-67084-19-agosto-1970-408584-publicacaooriginal-1-pe.html Is your country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agreement or arrangement? Yes ⊠/No □ If no, why not? (please explain): [fill in] Where there is a joint body or mechanism If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or mechanism (please tick one)?  $\boxtimes$ Plenipotentiaries Bilateral commission Basin or similar commission Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points

3.

Other (please describe): [fill in]

	(b) basin,	Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary bas, part of a basin or group of basins?	sin, su	ıb-
Yes 🗵	]/No [			
	(c) mecha	Which States (including your own) are members of the joint banism? (Please list): Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Paraguay e Uruguay	ody	or
	(d) mecha	Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint lanism? (please list): [fill in]	body	or
	(e) the jo	If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism ho int body or mechanism cooperate with them?	ow do	ses
		No cooperation		
		They have observer status		
		Other (please describe): [fill in]		
	(f) tick th	Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following features the ones applicable)?	(plea	ıse
		A secretariat	$\boxtimes$	
		If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secreta does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe):	riat	or
		Joint Permanent Secretariat – CIC Plata		
		The Intergovernmental Coordinating Committee of the Countries of Plata Basin (CIC) was recognized by the aforementioned Treaty permanent joint body of the La Plata Basin, charged with procoordinating and monitoring the progress of multinational actions aim integrated development of the La Plata Basin. The CIC is also in charged promoting technical and financial assistance with the support of interorganizations, as well as executing the decisions adopted by the Ministonian Affairs of each of the countries that are part of the committee of the Treaty).	mas to as to	the ng, the of nal of
		A subsidiary body or bodies	$\boxtimes$	
		Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics):		
		Financial Fund for the Development of the Countries of the La Plata FONPLATA	basir	1 –
		FONPLATA is an entity with international legal status, which was cract as the financial body of the Treaty on the La Plata basin. Its missing give technical and financial support for studies, projects, programminitiatives, which work to promote the harmonious development and printegration of the member countries of the La Plata basin.	ion is nes a	to ind
		CIH - Intergovernmental Committee of the Paraguay-Parana Waterway body responsible for navigation of the Paraná and Paraguay rivers. All states of the Plata Basin Treaty are part of CIH.		
		Other features (please list): [fill in]		

(g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism? <sup>10</sup>	
	Identification of pollution sources	
	Data collection and exchange	$\boxtimes$
	Joint monitoring	$\boxtimes$
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Setting emission limits	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	$\boxtimes$
	Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	$\boxtimes$
	Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	
	Water allocation and/or flow regulation	$\boxtimes$
	Policy development	$\boxtimes$
	Control of implementation	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	$\boxtimes$
	Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	
	Settling of differences and conflicts	$\boxtimes$
	Consultations on planned measures	$\boxtimes$
	Exchange of information on best available technology	
	Participation in transboundary EIA	
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	$\boxtimes$
	Management of shared infrastructure	$\boxtimes$
	Addressing hydromorphological alterations	
	Climate change adaptation	$\boxtimes$
	Joint communication strategy	$\boxtimes$
	Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	$\boxtimes$
	Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	$\boxtimes$
	Capacity-building	
	Any other tasks (please list): [fill in]	

(h) What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces with the operation of the joint body or mechanism, if any?

This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

Governance issues	
Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
Unexpected planning delays	$\boxtimes$
Please describe, if any: Institutional changes	
Lack of resources	$\boxtimes$
Please describe, if true: Financial and personnel	
Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	
Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
Lack of effective measures	
Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
Unexpected extreme events	
Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
Lack of information and reliable forecasts	$\boxtimes$
Please describe, if any: Improve real-time data sharing	
Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]	
(i) Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet r	egularly?
Yes ⊠/No□	
If yes, how frequently does it meet?	
More than once per year	$\boxtimes$
Once per year	
Less than once per year	
(j) What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or	mechanism?
1) Official and multilateral environment for negotiations and decisions between riparian states;	sion-making
2) Improved governance of the entire basin;	
3) Implementation of relevant projects. Between 2013 and 2016, the created a Marco Program (PM) for the sustainable management of water the La Plata Basin, in response to the impacts of natural variations and clir A year later, it was identified the need to continue working in joint action the analysis of cross-border assessment and the elaboration of the Strate Program. Today there is a GEF Medium Size Project (MSP) in place prepare the basis for the implementation of the Strategic Action Program. The project is led by CIC Plata, in cooperation with the Organization of States (OAS) and CAF - Development Bank of Latin America.	resources in mate change. ons, through egic Actions that aim to mme (SAP).
(k) Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coa cooperate?	stal State to
Yes □/No ⊠	
If yes, please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal riparian States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechin]	

4.	-	plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of b	-	
Yes 🔀	]/No□	]		
If yes,	please	provide further details:		
Strate	_	Action Programme of La Plata Basin: http://cicplata.uds/2017/09/adt_pae_resumo_executivo.pdf	org/wp-	
develo	pment	l/Alto Paraguay - Transboundary cooperation for the conservation, sus and integrated management of the Pantanal - Upper Paraguay Rive proved for the GEF 7 <sup>th</sup> cycle.		
5.	How is the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basins or group of basins protected, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainable and rational water use?			
	_	ation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and extraction.		
	Enviro seasor	onmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and nality	$\boxtimes$	
		quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, metals	$\boxtimes$	
	Water	-related species and habitats protection	$\boxtimes$	
	Other	measures (please describe): [fill in]		
6.	(a) States	Does your country regularly exchange information and data with other in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	riparian	
Yes 🛭	/No [			
	(b)	If yes, how often:		
		More than once per year	$\boxtimes$	
		Once per year		
		Less than once per year		
		Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connections of joint bodies): Publicly available at governmental web portals, www.snirh.gov.br/		
	(d)	If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?		
		Environmental conditions		
		Research activities and application of best available techniques	$\boxtimes$	
		Emission monitoring data		
		Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts	$\boxtimes$	
		Point source pollution sources		
		Diffuse pollution sources		
		Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.)	$\boxtimes$	
		Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels)	$\square$	

		Water abstractions			
		Climatological information			$\boxtimes$
		Future planned measures with transinfrastructure development	boundary impac	ets, such as	$\boxtimes$
		Other subjects (please list): [fill in]			
		Other comments, e.g. spatial covera in]	ige of data and	information e	exchange: [fill
	(e)	Is there a shared database or inform	ation platform?		
Yes 🛭	✓/No [				
	(f)	Is the database publicly available?			
Yes 🛭	✓/No [				
If yes,	please	provide the web address: http://sstd.	cicplata.org/ssto	<b>d</b> /	
	(g)	What are the main difficulties and c	hallenges to dat	a exchange,	if applicable?
	Frequ	ency of exchanges			
	Timin	g of exchanges			$\boxtimes$
	Comp	arability of data and information			$\boxtimes$
	Limite	ed spatial coverage			
	Inadeo	quate resources (technical and/or fina	ncial)		$\boxtimes$
	Other	(please describe): [fill in]			
		ional comments: Data acquisition cotandards.	osts, lack of equ	ipment and	differences in
	coord	What are the main benefits of data or group of basins? (please descrinated actions between riparian count gement.	ibe): Enable ar	n integrated	planning and
7.		e riparian States carry out joint monito f a basin or group of basins?	oring in the trans	boundary bas	sin, sub-basin,
Yes 🛭	/No [				
	(a)	If yes, what does the joint monitoring	ng cover?		
			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
Borde	er surfac	ce waters	$\boxtimes$		
Surfac	ce wate	rs in the entire basin	$\boxtimes$		
	ce wate	rs on the main			
Surfac	ce wate	rs in part of the basin			
	please	describe [fill in]			
	bounda connect	ry aquifer(s) (connected ed)			

			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
ripar	ian hyd	n the territory of one raulically connected to a ry river or lake			
	(b)	If joint monitoring is carried out, ho	w is this done?		
		National monitoring stations connec or common stations		etwork	$\boxtimes$
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint and agreed methodologies			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint sampling			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common monitoring network			$\boxtimes$
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common agreed parameters			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
	ripari (d) and p	Please describe the main achieved. More frequently updated information ian states  Please describe any difficulties experiority changes can lead to weakened the execution of many of the joint actional.	and contribution	n to monitor nt monitoring an and finance	ing actions in g: Institutional cial conditions
8.		he riparian States carry out joint asset, part of a basin or group of basins?	essment of the	transbounda	ry basin, sub-
Yes	⊠/No				
	(e.g., and a finish computhat	s, please provide the date of the last or surface waters or groundwaters only, assessment methodology applied: La Index in 2016 and has a 20-year planning ponents and 28 strategic actions. The are part of them includes intemmendations to contribute to the susta	pollution source Plata Basin Stra g horizon. It inc set of strategic rventions prop	ces, etc.) of the tegic Action cludes 6 strate actions and posals and	Program was egic areas, 13 130 activities management
9.	Have	the riparian States agreed to use joint	water quality s	tandards?	
Yes	∏/No	$\boxtimes$			
	(plea	s, what standards have been applied, se specify which), or have national ied? Each country has they own standards	standards of	the riparian	ı States been
10.		t are the measures implemented to pre- lental pollution?	vent or limit th	e transbound	lary impact of
		Notification and communication			

	Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: Lack of technical and financial resources level of priority given to this type of measure.	
11.	What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in extreme weather events and climate change?	npact of
	Notification and communication	$\boxtimes$
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	$\boxtimes$
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
	Joint climate change adaptation strategy	$\boxtimes$
	Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	$\boxtimes$
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
12.	Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?	
Yes 🗵	]/No 🗌	
Nation	please provide a brief summary: Within bilateral cooperation actions, B all Water Agency has developed data and knowledge exchange initiatives, ong and provided support for the installation of hydrological situations rooms.	
13.	Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water mana in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	igement
Yes 🔀	]/No 🗌	
	If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)	
	Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	$\boxtimes$
	Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	$\boxtimes$
	Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
	If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism:	
	The Intergovernmental Coordination Committee of La Plata Basin (Clarepresentatives from each of the five member countries. Each state has representatives and alternates (political and technical). From the Brazil's summistry of Foreign Affairs is responsible for the political representation, ewith full powers by their respective government. And the Ministry of R Development and the Ministry of the Environment the technical representation. It is important to highlight that under the International Hydrological Programment.	as two side the ndowed legional on.
	IHP-LAC was established, nn November 2019, the Working Group or resources in the La Plata Basin. The WG has the following objectives:	

- Promote, develop and continue thematic studies and research of common interest that contribute to the integrated management of water resources in the La Plata Basin; and
- To gather and make compatible the advances obtained by other programs and initiatives of the IHP and by the UNESCO-Water family, in relation to La Plata basin.

Intergovernmental organizations	$\boxtimes$
Private sectors organizations or associations	
Water user groups or associations	
Academic or research institutions	$\boxtimes$
Other non-governmental organizations	$\boxtimes$
General public	
Other (please specify): [fill in]	
Availability of information to the public	$\boxtimes$
Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans <sup>11</sup>	
Public involvement	
Other (please specify): [fill in]	

# II. Questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin, or group of basins (river, lake or aquifer)

Please complete this second section for each transboundary basin (river or lake basin, or aquifer), sub-basin, part of a basin or a group of basins covered by the same agreement or arrangement where conditions are similar. <sup>12</sup> In some instances, you may provide information on both a basin and one or more of its sub-basins or parts thereof, for example, where you have agreements <sup>13</sup> or arrangements on both the basin and its sub-basin. You may coordinate your responses with other States with which your country shares transboundary waters, or even prepare a joint report. General information on transboundary water management at the national level should be provided in section III and not repeated here.

Please reproduce this whole section with its questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins for which you will provide a reply.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

In principle, section II should be submitted for every transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, in the country, but States may decide to group basins in which their share is small or leave out basins in which their share is very minor, e.g., below 1 per cent.

In section II, "agreement" covers all kinds of treaties, conventions and agreements ensuring cooperation in the field of transboundary waters. Section II can also be completed for other types of arrangements, such as memorandums of understanding.

## Name of the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: MIRIM **LAGOON BASIN** List of the riparian States: Brazil and Uruguay In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation with the river or lake basin: Unconfined aquifer connected to a river or lake П Unconfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water Confined aquifer connected to surface water Confined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water Other Please describe: [fill in] Unknown Percentage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: 0,30% Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agreement(s) or arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins? $\boxtimes$ One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s) The Cooperation Treaty for the Use of Natural Resources and the Development of the Mirim Lagoon Basin - Mirim Lagoon Basin Treaty Agreement or arrangement is under development No agreement or arrangement If there is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please explain briefly why not and provide information on any plans to address the situation: [fill in] If there is no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism for the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then jump to question 4; if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or mechanism then go to question 3. Questions 2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agreement or arrangement in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins. 2. Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to cooperation? (a) Yes ⊠/No □ If yes, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States?

Additional explanations? In addition to the Mirim Lagoon itself, the hydrographic basin also includes the São Gonçalo Canal - which connects to the Lagoa dos Patos and

Yes ⊠/No □

therefore gives access to the sea, the Arroio Chuí and the Jaguarão River - both also with contiguous stretches with Uruguay.

Or, if	the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the en	tire sub-
Yes [	]/No []	
Addit	ional explanations?.	
	h States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrange list): Brazil and Uruguay	gement?
(b) does i	If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or sut also cover aquifers?	ıb-basin,
Yes [	]/No 🔀	
If yes,	, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [fill	in]
(c)	What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?	
	All water uses	$\boxtimes$
	A single water use or sector	
	Several water uses or sectors	
<i>If one</i>	or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriate):	
Wate	r uses or sectors	
	Industry	
	Agriculture	
	Transport (e.g., navigation)	
	Households	
	Energy: hydropower and other energy types	
	Fisheries	
	Tourism	
	Nature protection	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(d) arrang	What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agree gement?	ment or
	Procedural and institutional issues	
	Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	$\boxtimes$
	Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	$\boxtimes$
	Consultation on planned measures	
	Mutual assistance	$\boxtimes$
	Topics of cooperation	
	Joint vision and management objectives	$\boxtimes$
	Joint significant water management issues	$\bowtie$

	Navigation	$\boxtimes$
	Human health	$\boxtimes$
	Environmental protection (ecosystem)	$\boxtimes$
	Water quality	$\boxtimes$
	Water quantity or allocation	$\boxtimes$
	Cooperation in addressing floods	$\boxtimes$
	Cooperation in addressing droughts	$\boxtimes$
	Climate change adaptation	
	Monitoring and exchange	
	Joint assessments	$\boxtimes$
	Data collection and exchange	$\boxtimes$
	Joint monitoring	$\boxtimes$
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Common early warning and alarm procedures	$\boxtimes$
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on planned measures	$\boxtimes$
	Joint planning and management	
	Development of joint regulations on specific topics	
	Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	$\boxtimes$
	Management of shared infrastructure	$\boxtimes$
	Development of shared infrastructure	$\boxtimes$
	The construction of the São Gonçalo dam aimed to prevent the introcean waters (salinization) in the Mirim Lagoon, in order to guara water quality for urban supply, animal feed and irrigation of crops.	
	The Mercosur waterway has dams equipped with locks, beacons are installed, being a two-way waterway between Brazil and Uruguay, important route for the commercial exchange between the countries.	_
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(e) agree	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces ment or arrangement and its implementation, if any?	with the
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	$\boxtimes$
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	$\boxtimes$
	Lack of financial resources	$\boxtimes$
	Insufficient human capacity	$\boxtimes$

	Insufficient technical capacity	
	Tense diplomatic relations	
	Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
	No significant difficulties	
	Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	Additional difficulties:	
	The existence of two jurisdictions in the territory of the basin (state and Federa domain). The surface waters of Lagoa Mirim, Rio Jaguarão and Canal São Gonçal are under Federal jurisdiction and the waters that flow into those water bodies are under state jurisdiction. The configured dual domain (federal and states) intensifies the complexity of integrated and decentralized river basin management, increasin institutional interfaces.	o e s
	Since a major part of the region is a floodplain, it been difficult to establish precisterritorial limits;	e
	(f) What are the main achievements in implementing the agreement of arrangement and what were the keys to achieving such success?	r
	Strengthened exchange of information and the establishment of a formal locus for negotiation, between riparian states, related to water resources management.	r
	(g) Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide the we address of the document (please attach document or insert web address, applicable):	
	https://wp.ufpel.edu.br/alm/files/2019/07/Tratado-de-Coopera%C3%A7%C3%A3opara-o-Aproveitamento-dos-Recursos-Naturais-1977.pdf	-
	https://www25.senado.leg.br/web/atividade/materias/-/materia/17043	
3.	Is your country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agreement of arrangement?	r
Yes	⊠/No	
If no,	why not? (please explain): [fill in]	
Whe	re there is a joint body or mechanism	
	(a) If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or mechanism (please tick one)?	n
	Plenipotentiaries	
	Bilateral commission	
	Basin or similar commission	
	Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	
	Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(b) Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins?	)-
Yes [	⊠/No	

- (c) Which States (including your own) are members of the joint body or mechanism? (*Please list*): Brazil and Uruguay
- (d) Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint body or mechanism? (please list): [fill in]
- (e) If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism how does the joint body or mechanism cooperate with them?

No cooperation

They have observer status

Other (please describe): [fill in]

(f) Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following features (*please tick the ones applicable*)?

A secretariat

If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secretariat or does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe):

Joint Permanent Secretariat called the Mixed Brazilian-Uruguayan Commission for the Development of the Mirim Lagoon Basin (CLM) - created by the Mirim Lagoon Basin Treaty. From the Brazil's side the Ministry of Foreign Affairs is responsible for the political representation, endowed with full powers by their respective government. And the Ministry of Regional Development for the technical representation.

The CLM is dedicated to studying technical, scientific and social issues related to the development of the basin and supervising the execution of common projects and works and coordinating their operation. The Commission also contributes with suggestions of policies, norms or measures for the development of the region and for the conservation and exploitation of natural resources.

A subsidiary body or bodies

 $\boxtimes$ 

Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics):

1) The Mirim Lagoon Basin Development Agency (ALM).

The Agency is focused on the development the basin – Brazilian side - and as an operational and support body for the Brazilian Section of the CLM. Its mission is "to promote studies, research and surveys with a view to subsidiary programs and projects that develop the integrated and sustainable development of the region, under the Lagoa Mirim Treaty. Currently, ALM is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the São Gonçalo Canal Lock Dam, for the administration of the Dam and for the Irrigation District of Arroio Chasqueiro and for the operation of part of the Hydrometeorological and Water Quality Network on the Brazilian side of the Mirim Lagoon.

Other features (*please list*): [fill in]

(g) What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism?<sup>14</sup>

This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

	Identification of pollution sources	
	Data collection and exchange	$\boxtimes$
	Joint monitoring	$\boxtimes$
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Setting emission limits	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	$\boxtimes$
	Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	$\boxtimes$
	Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	
	Water allocation and/or flow regulation	$\boxtimes$
	Policy development	$\boxtimes$
	Control of implementation	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	$\boxtimes$
	Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	$\boxtimes$
	Settling of differences and conflicts	$\boxtimes$
	Consultations on planned measures	$\boxtimes$
	Exchange of information on best available technology	$\boxtimes$
	Participation in transboundary EIA	
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	$\boxtimes$
	Management of shared infrastructure	$\boxtimes$
	Addressing hydromorphological alterations	$\boxtimes$
	Climate change adaptation	
	Joint communication strategy	$\boxtimes$
	Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	$\boxtimes$
	Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	$\boxtimes$
	Capacity-building	$\boxtimes$
	Any other tasks (please list): [fill in]	
(h) operat	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces ion of the joint body or mechanism, if any?	with the
	Governance issues	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Unexpected planning delays	$\boxtimes$
	Please describe, if any: Institutional and priority changes	

	Lack of resources	$\boxtimes$
	Please describe, if true: Financial and Personnel	
	Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	$\boxtimes$
ripari	Please describe, if true: Different legal and institutional levels an states.	between
	Lack of effective measures	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Unexpected extreme events	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]	
	(i) Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet regu	larly?
	Yes ⊠/No□	
	If yes, how frequently does it meet?	
	More than once per year	$\boxtimes$
	Once per year	
	Less than once per year	
	(j) What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or med	chanism?
	1) Official and bilateral environment for negotiations and decisions countries;	between
	2) Level of institutionalization reached by CLM;	
	3) Increased basin governance;	
	4) Creation of working groups, responsible for management guidelines base consideration of local challenges and potential, as well as the demands of us	
	5) Realization of meetings with the sub national river basin committee, descentralized participation;	ensuring
	6) Implementation of projects in the region.	
	(k) Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coastal cooperate?	State to
Yes [	]/No 🔀	
	If yes, please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal St riparian States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechan in]	
4.	Have joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management action plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basin.	
Yes [	☑/No□	
If yes,	please provide further details:	

Pilot Project for the Integrated and Sustainable Transboundary Water Resources Management in the Mirim Lagoon and Quaraí River Basins, established in 2004, to be implemented by the bilateral mixed commissions of the two basins, as well as by the National Water Resources Management System (Brazil) and by the Water Resources Management System of the Rio Grande do Sul State (Brazil).

In June 2020 it was pre-approved a GEF MSP entitled "Binational and integrated water resources management in the Merin Lagoon Basin and Coastal Lagoons" that aims to elaborate a TDA and an SAP for the region. The GEF Agency if FAO and the project executing entities are the ALM(Brazil) and DINAGUA (Uruguay).

		of eacotrate a TDA and an SAP for the region. The GEF Agency if FA of the executing entities are the ALM(Brazil) and DINAGUA (Uruguay).	O and the
5.	protec	is the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basins or group eted, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainal water use?	
	_	lation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and l extraction.	$\boxtimes$
	Envir seaso	onmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and nality	$\boxtimes$
		r quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, r metals	$\boxtimes$
	Water	r-related species and habitats protection	$\boxtimes$
	Other	measures (please describe): [fill in]	
6.	(a) States	Does your country regularly exchange information and data with others in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	er riparian
Yes [	/No [		
	(b)	If yes, how often:	
		More than once per year	$\boxtimes$
		Once per year	
		Less than once per year	
		Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connectings of joint bodies): Publicly available at governmental web portals www.snirh.gov.br/	
	(d)	If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?	
		Environmental conditions	
		Research activities and application of best available techniques	$\boxtimes$
		Emission monitoring data	
		Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts	$\boxtimes$
		Point source pollution sources	
		Diffuse pollution sources	
		Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.)	
		Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels)	
		Water abstractions	

		Climatological information			
		Future planned measures with transinfrastructure development	nsboundary impac	ets, such as	
		Other subjects (please list): [fill in	]		
		Other comments, e.g. spatial cove in]	rage of data and i	nformation e	exchange: [fill
	(e)	Is there a shared database or inform	mation platform?		
Yes [	]/No [	$\boxtimes$			
	(f)	Is the database publicly available?	•		
Yes [	/No [				
	, please .inmet.;	e provide the web address: From Br gov.br	razil's side: www	ana.gov.br;	www.inpe.br;
	(g)	What are the main difficulties and	challenges to dat	a exchange,	if applicable?
	Frequ	ency of exchanges			
	Timir	ng of exchanges			
	Comp	parability of data and information			
	Limit	ed spatial coverage			
	Inade	quate resources (technical and/or fin	nancial)		
	Other	(please describe): [fill in]			
		cional comments: Data acquisition or y of each country.	costs and differen	nces in stand	ards and data
	action effect	What are the main benefits of data or group of basins? (please describes among the countries. More reliable results. Strengthened politication institutions of the two countries.	be): Allow for moble water resourced, institutional	re precise an es managem	d coordinated ent and more
7.		e riparian States carry out joint moni of a basin or group of basins?	toring in the trans	boundary bas	sin, sub-basin,
Yes [	/No [				
	(a)	If yes, what does the joint monitor	ring cover?		
			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
Borde	er surfa	ce waters	$\boxtimes$		
Surfa	ce wate	ers in the entire basin	$\boxtimes$		
	ce wate	ers on the main			
Surfa	ce wate	ers in part of the basin			
	please	e describe [fill in]			

			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
	bounda connect	ry aquifer(s) (connected ed)			
riparia	ın hydr	the territory of one aulically connected to a y river or lake			
	(b)	If joint monitoring is carried out, how	v is this done?		
	(0)	National monitoring stations connect or common stations		etwork	$\boxtimes$
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint and agreed methodologies			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint sampling			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common monitoring network			$\boxtimes$
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common agreed parameters			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Please describe the main achieve for frequently updated information as h country.	_		_
	(d) and pr	Please describe any difficulties exper- tiority changes and insufficient financial	-	_	
8.		e riparian States carry out joint asserpart of a basin or group of basins?	ssment of the t	ransboundar	y basin, sub-
Yes [	]/No [>				
	(e.g., s	please provide the date of the last or esurface waters or groundwaters only, assessment methodology applied: [fill in	pollution source		
9.	Have	the riparian States agreed to use joint	water quality st	andards?	
Yes [	]/No [>				
	(pleas	what standards have been applied, e specify which), or have national ed? Each country has they own standar	standards of	the riparian	States been
10.		are the measures implemented to prevental pollution?	ent or limit the	e transbound	ary impact of
		Notification and communication			$\boxtimes$
		Coordinated or joint early warning or water pollution	r alarm system	for accidenta	1

	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
11.	What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary i extreme weather events and climate change?	mpact of
	Notification and communication	$\boxtimes$
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	$\boxtimes$
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	$\boxtimes$
	Joint climate change adaptation strategy	
	Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	$\boxtimes$
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
12.	Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?	
Yes [	]/No 🔀	
If yes,	please provide a brief summary: [fill in]	
13.	Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water mar in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	nagement
Yes 🛭	☑/No □	
	If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)	
	Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	$\boxtimes$
	Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	
	Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
	If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	
	Intergovernmental organizations	
	Private sectors organizations or associations	
	Water user groups or associations	$\boxtimes$
	Academic or research institutions	$\boxtimes$
	Other non-governmental organizations	$\boxtimes$
	General public	
	Other (please specify): [fill in]	
	Availability of information to the public	$\boxtimes$
	Consultation on planned measures or river basin	

	management plans <sup>15</sup>	$\boxtimes$
	Public involvement	$\boxtimes$
	Other (please specify): [fill in]	
	tions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin, or group o ;, lake or aquifer)	f basins
aquife arrang on bo have a your reven	e complete this second section for each transboundary basin (river or lake left), sub-basin, part of a basin or a group of basins covered by the same agree gement where conditions are similar. In some instances, you may provide infect the abasin and one or more of its sub-basins or parts thereof, for example, what agreements or arrangements on both the basin and its sub-basin. You may corresponses with other States with which your country shares transboundary was prepare a joint report. General information on transboundary water managemental level should be provided in section III and not repeated here.	ement or ormation here you oordinate vaters, or
	e reproduce this whole section with its questions for each transboundary bar part of a basin or group of basins for which you will provide a reply.	sin, sub-
	e of the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basin or group of POQUE RIVER BASIN	basins:
List o	f the riparian States: Brazil and French Guyana.	
	e case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation with t se basin:	he river
Unco	nfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	
Unco	nfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Confi	ned aquifer connected to surface water	
Confi	ned aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Other		
Please	e describe: [fill in]	
Unkn	own	
	entage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of a to of basins: $0.14\%$	basin or
1.	Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agreemed arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	ent(s) or
	One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force	

II.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

In principle, section II should be submitted for every transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, in the country, but States may decide to group basins in which their share is small or leave out basins in which their share is very minor, e.g., below 1 per cent.

In section II, "agreement" covers all kinds of treaties, conventions and agreements ensuring cooperation in the field of transboundary waters. Section II can also be completed for other types of arrangements, such as memorandums of understanding.

	Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force	
	Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians	
	Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s) [fill in]	
	Agreement or arrangement is under development	
	No agreement or arrangement	$\boxtimes$
	If there is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please why not and provide information on any plans to address the situation:	
	There are no agreements for the Oiapoque River basin. Negotiation scientific and technological cooperation between Brazil and French Guidone in the past, with no records of actual project execution.	
trans quest then Ques	ere is no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechal boundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins to tion 4; if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body of go to question 3. tions 2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral angement in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin.	hen jump to r mechanism
of ba		
2.	(a) Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to a	cooperation?
	Yes /No	
	If yes, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian	States?
	Yes  /No	
	Additional explanations? [fill in]	
	Or, if the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover basin?	the entire sub-
	Yes /No /	
	Additional explanations? [fill in]	
	Which States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or (Please list): [fill in]	arrangement?
	(b) If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin does it also cover aquifers?	or sub-basin,
	Yes /No	
	If yes, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement	t: [fill in]
	(c) What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?	
	All water uses	
	A single water use or sector	
	Several water uses or sectors	
	If one or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriat	'e):
	Water uses or sectors	
	Industry	

	Agriculture	
	Transport (e.g., navigation)	
	Households	
	Energy: hydropower and other energy types	
	Fisheries	
	Tourism	
	Nature protection	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(d) arrang	What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agree gement?	ement or
	Procedural and institutional issues	
	Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	
	Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	
	Consultation on planned measures	
	Mutual assistance	
	Topics of cooperation	
	Joint vision and management objectives	
	Joint significant water management issues	
	Navigation	
	Human health	
	Environmental protection (ecosystem)	
	Water quality	
	Water quantity or allocation	
	Cooperation in addressing floods	
	Cooperation in addressing droughts	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Monitoring and exchange	
	Joint assessments	
	Data collection and exchange	
	Joint monitoring	
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Common early warning and alarm procedures	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on planned measures	
	Joint planning and management	

		Development of joint regulations on specific topics	
		Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
		Management of shared infrastructure	
		Development of shared infrastructure	
		Other (please list): [fill in]	
	(e) agreer	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces ment or arrangement and its implementation, if any?	with the
		Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	
		Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	
		Lack of financial resources	
		Insufficient human capacity	
		Insufficient technical capacity	
		Tense diplomatic relations	
		Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
		No significant difficulties	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(f) arrang	What are the main achievements in implementing the agreen gement and what were the keys to achieving such success? [fill in]	nent or
		Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide to so of the document (please attach document or insert web additable): [fill in]	
3.	-	ar country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agreement?	ment or
Yes 🔀	]/No [		
Guian frame	a, cove work of	t? (please explain): Currently, transboundary issues between Brazil and ering the watershed of the River Oiapoque, have been discussed with the Joint Commission for Cross-Border Cooperation (CMT) and the Oiapoque.	thin the
Amapa develo econor	á, in Bi opment mic dev	every two years and seeks to strengthen socioeconomic relations brazil, and the overseas department of French Guiana, in France, to sup of the border region. Among the topics covered are health, education, swelopment, migration issues and the environment. The last meeting too in Amapá.	port the ecurity,
Intent	betwee	oque Council is a consultative and parity body, instituted by the Declar en the French Government and the Brazilian Government, signed in It., 2012.	

Where there is a joint body or mechanism

	(a) (pleas	If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or me <i>e tick one</i> )?	chanism
		Plenipotentiaries	
		Bilateral commission	$\boxtimes$
		Basin or similar commission	
		Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(b) basin,	Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary bas part of a basin or group of basins?	sin, sub-
Yes 🛭	]/No [		
	(c) mecha	Which States (including your own) are members of the joint mism? (Please list): Brazil and French Guyana	ody or
	(d) mecha	Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint mism? (please list): [fill in]	body or
	(e) the joi	If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism h nt body or mechanism cooperate with them?	ow does
		No cooperation	
		They have observer status	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(f) tick th	Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following features <i>e ones applicable</i> )?	(please
		A secretariat	
		If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secreta does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe): [fill in]	
		A subsidiary body or bodies	
		Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]	
		Other features (please list): [fill in]	
	(g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism? <sup>18</sup>	
		Identification of pollution sources	
		Data collection and exchange	
		Joint monitoring	
		Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
		Setting emission limits	
		Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
		Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	

This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

	Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	
	Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	
	Water allocation and/or flow regulation	
	Policy development	$\boxtimes$
	Control of implementation	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	$\boxtimes$
	Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	
	Settling of differences and conflicts	
	Consultations on planned measures	
	Exchange of information on best available technology	
	Participation in transboundary EIA	
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Addressing hydromorphological alterations	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Joint communication strategy	
	Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	
	Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	
	Capacity-building	
	Any other tasks (please list): [fill in]	
h) opera	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces ation of the joint body or mechanism, if any?	with the
	Governance issues	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Unexpected planning delays	$\boxtimes$
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Lack of resources	$\boxtimes$
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Lack of effective measures	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Unexpected extreme events	

		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]	
	(i)	Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet regul	larly?
	Yes 🛭	☑/No□	
	If yes.	, how frequently does it meet?	
		More than once per year	
		Once per year	
		Less than once per year – every 2 years	$\boxtimes$
	(j) Agree	What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or med ement on the construction of a bridge over the Oiapoque River.	hanism?
	(k) coope	Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coastal rate?	State to
Yes [	]/No [		
		, please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal Sta an States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechani	
4.		joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of b	-
Yes [	]/No[>		
If yes,	please	provide further details: [fill in]	
5.	protec	is the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basins or group of ted, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainal water use?	
	Regul	ation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and	_
	gravel	extraction.	
	Enviro season	onmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and nality	
		quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, metals	
	Water	related species and habitats protection	
	Other	measures (please describe): [fill in]	
6.	(a) States	Does your country regularly exchange information and data with other in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	riparian
Yes [	]/No [		
	(b)	If yes, how often:	
		More than once per year	
		Once per year	

		Less than once per year	
	(c) meeti	Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connectings of joint bodies): [fill in]	tion with
	(d)	If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?	
		Environmental conditions	
		Research activities and application of best available techniques	
		Emission monitoring data	
		Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts	
		Point source pollution sources	
		Diffuse pollution sources	
		Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.)	
		Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels)	
		Water abstractions	
		Climatological information	
		Future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development	
		Other subjects (please list): [fill in]	
		Other comments, e.g. spatial coverage of data and information exchin]	ange: [fill
	(e)	Is there a shared database or information platform?	
Yes [	]/No [	$\boxtimes$	
	(f)	Is the database publicly available?	
Yes [	/No [		
	-	e provide the web address: From Brazil's side data are publicly aval web portals, such as http://www.snirh.gov.br/	railable at
(g)	What	are the main difficulties and challenges to data exchange, if applicabl	e?
	Frequ	ency of exchanges	
	Timin	ng of exchanges	
	Comp	parability of data and information	
	Limit	ed spatial coverage	
	Inade	quate resources (technical and/or financial)	
	Other	(please describe): [fill in]	
	CMT,	ional comments: Lack of priority to address the issue of water resour, lack of agreement between countries and lack of a water resources plographic basin of the Oiapoque River.	
	(h) basin	What are the main benefits of data exchange on the basin, sub-basin or group of basins? ( <i>please describe</i> ): [fill in]	, part of a

Yes	∏/No∣	$\boxtimes$			
	(a)	If yes, what does the joint monit	coring cover?		
			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
Bord	ler surfa	ace waters			
Surfa	ace wat	ers in the entire basin			
	ace wat	ers on the main			
Surfa	ace wat	ers in part of the basin			
	pleas	e describe [fill in]			
	sbound aconnec	ary aquifer(s) (connected ted)			
ripar	ian hyd	n the territory of one raulically connected to a ry river or lake			
	(b)	If joint monitoring is carried out	, how is this done?		
		National monitoring stations cor or common stations	nnected through a n	etwork	
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint and agreed methodologies			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint sampling			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common monitoring network			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common agreed parameters			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
	(c) in]	Please describe the main achieve	ements regarding jo	oint monitorin	ng, if any: [fil
	(d)	Please describe any difficulties of	experienced with jo	int monitorir	ng: [fill in]
8.		he riparian States carry out joint a, part of a basin or group of basins		transbounda	ry basin, sub
Yes	∏/No	$\boxtimes$			
	(e.g.,	s, please provide the date of the las surface waters or groundwaters o assessment methodology applied: [	nly, pollution sour		
9.		the riparian States agreed to use j	_	411-9	

Yes 🗌	]/No 🖂	
	If yes, what standards have been applied, e.g. international or regional state (please specify which), or have national standards of the riparian State applied? [fill in]	
10.	What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in accidental pollution?	pact of
	Notification and communication	$\boxtimes$
	Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
11.	What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in extreme weather events and climate change?	npact of
	Notification and communication	$\boxtimes$
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
	Joint climate change adaptation strategy	
	Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
12.	Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?	
Yes [	]/No 🖂	
If yes,	please provide a brief summary: [fill in]	
13.	Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water mana in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	gement
Yes [	]/No 🖂	
	If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)	
	Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	
	Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	
	Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
	If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	
	Intergovernmental organizations	
	Private sectors organizations or associations	
	Water user groups or associations	

Academic or research insti	tutions	
Other non-governmental o	rganizations	
General public		
Other (please specify): [fill	in]	
Availability of information to the	public	
Consultation on planned measures management plans <sup>19</sup>	s or river basin	
Public involvement		
Other (please specify): [fill in]		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

## II. Questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin, or group of basins (river, lake or aquifer)

Please complete this second section for each transboundary basin (river or lake basin, or aquifer), sub-basin, part of a basin or a group of basins covered by the same agreement or arrangement where conditions are similar.<sup>20</sup> In some instances, you may provide information on both a basin and one or more of its sub-basins or parts thereof, for example, where you have agreements<sup>21</sup> or arrangements on both the basin and its sub-basin. You may coordinate your responses with other States with which your country shares transboundary waters, or even prepare a joint report. General information on transboundary water management at the national level should be provided in section III and not repeated here.

Please reproduce this whole section with its questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins for which you will provide a reply.

## Name of the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: QUARAI RIVER BASIN (LA PLATA SUB-BASIN)

In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation with the river

List of the riparian States: Brazil and Uruguay

or la	ke basin:	
Unco	onfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	
Unco	onfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Conf	fined aquifer connected to surface water	
Conf	fined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Othe	or .	
Pleas	se describe: [fill in]	
Unkı	nown	
	centage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of up of basins: $0,\!08\%$	a basin or
1.	Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agrees arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	
	One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force	$\boxtimes$
	Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force	
	Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians	
	Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s):	
	Quarai River Rasin Agreement	

In principle, section II should be submitted for every transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, in the country, but States may decide to group basins in which their share is small or leave out basins in which their share is very minor, e.g., below 1 per cent.

In section II, "agreement" covers all kinds of treaties, conventions and agreements ensuring cooperation in the field of transboundary waters. Section II can also be completed for other types of arrangements, such as memorandums of understanding.

The Cooperation Agreement for the Use of Natural Resources and the Development of the Quaraí River Basin signed between Brazil and Uruguay, on March 11, 1991, and complemented by the Complementary Adjustment to the Cooperation Agreement, of May 6, 1997.

The Agreement came into force with the Decree No. 657, of September 24, 1992. It aims, among other objectives, the rational and equitable use of water for domestic, urban, agricultural and industrial purposes; regularization of flows and flood control; the establishment of irrigation and drainage systems for agricultural purposes; and the solution of problems arising from the misuse of water, adequate use of mineral, plant and animal resources; management, proper use, recovery and conservation of water resources, considering the characteristics of the Basin; and management, conservation, proper use and recovery of the region's soils, among others.

	Agree	ment or arrangement is under development	
	No ag	reement or arrangement	
		re is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please explain ot and provide information on any plans to address the situation: [fill i	
transl questi	oounda ion 4; i	no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism ary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then j f there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or mediestion 3.	jump to
	gemen	and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agreed t in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin o	
2.	(a)	Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to coope	ration?
	Yes 🛭	☑/No □	
	If yes,	does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States	?
	Yes [	]/No 🔀	
	Additi	ional explanations?	
	Or, if basin?	the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the en	itire sub-
	Yes 🛭	☑/No □	
	Additi	ional explanations? Quaraí is a sub-basin of La Plata Basin	
		n States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrange <i>list</i> ): Brazil and Uruguay	gement?
	(b) does i	If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or sut also cover aquifers?	ıb-basin,
	Yes	]/No 🔀	
	If yes,	please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [fill	in]
	(c)	What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?	
		All water uses	$\boxtimes$
		A single water use or sector	
		Several water uses or sectors	

If one or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriate):

Wat	ter uses or sectors	
	Industry	
	Agriculture	
	Transport (e.g., navigation)	
	Households	
	Energy: hydropower and other energy types	
	Fisheries	
	Tourism	
	Nature protection	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(d) arrai	What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agement?	e agreement or
	Procedural and institutional issues	
	Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	$\boxtimes$
	Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	$\boxtimes$
	Consultation on planned measures	$\boxtimes$
	Mutual assistance	$\boxtimes$
	Topics of cooperation	
	Joint vision and management objectives	$\boxtimes$
	Joint significant water management issues	$\boxtimes$
	Navigation	$\boxtimes$
	Human health	$\boxtimes$
	Environmental protection (ecosystem)	$\boxtimes$
	Water quality	$\boxtimes$
	Water quantity or allocation	$\boxtimes$
	Cooperation in addressing floods	$\boxtimes$
	Cooperation in addressing droughts	$\boxtimes$
	Climate change adaptation	$\boxtimes$
	Monitoring and exchange	
	Joint assessments	$\boxtimes$
	Data collection and exchange	$\boxtimes$
	Joint monitoring	
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Common early warning and alarm procedures	$\boxtimes$

	Exchange of experience between riparian States	$\boxtimes$
	Exchange of information on planned measures	$\boxtimes$
	Joint planning and management	
	Development of joint regulations on specific topics	$\boxtimes$
	Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	$\boxtimes$
	Management of shared infrastructure	$\boxtimes$
	Development of shared infrastructure	$\boxtimes$
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(e) agreen	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces ment or arrangement and its implementation, if any?	with the
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	$\boxtimes$
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	$\boxtimes$
	Lack of financial resources	$\boxtimes$
	Insufficient human capacity	$\boxtimes$
	Insufficient technical capacity	
	Tense diplomatic relations	
	Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
	No significant difficulties	
	Other (please describe):	
	Comments:	
	Additional difficulties	
	1) The existence of two jurisdictions in the territory of the basin (s and Federal water domains). The configured dual water jurisdictions (s and states) intensifies the complexity of integrated and decentralized r basin management, increasing institutional interfaces.	federal
	2) The control and inspection of water uses and abstractions of water obstacle to be overcome. Although there are inspection campaigns Brazilian side, the difficulty of articulating and coordinating actio Uruguay for this purpose needs to move forward. The limitation jurisdictions and powers of each body end up allowing limits of action constitutes a risk for the adequate use of water;	on the ns with of the
	4) Pollution of the Quaraí river basin due to domestic and industrial released mainly by the municipalities of Quarai and Barra do Quara deposits and contamination by pesticides from crops.	_

The participation of local interest groups in the governance structure, in dialogue with social organizations and state bodies in the riparian countries;

(f) What are the main achievements in implementing the agreement or arrangement and what were the keys to achieving such success?

The assessment of specific demands that are in line with the principle of state sovereignty over the territory; Creation of a Local Coordination Committee; Data Exchange. Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide the web address of the document (please attach document or insert web address, if applicable): https://wp.ufpel.edu.br/alm/?page\_id=1981 https://wp.ufpel.edu.br/alm/files/2019/07/Vig%C3%AAncia-Provis%C3%B3ria-do-Acordo-de-Coopera%C3%A7%C3%A3o-para-o-Aproveitamento-dos-Recursos-Naturais-e-o-Desenvolvimento-da-Bacia-do-Rio-Quara%C3%AD-1991.pdf Is your country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agreement or arrangement? Yes ⊠/No □ If no, why not? (please explain): [fill in] Where there is a joint body or mechanism If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or mechanism (please tick one)? Plenipotentiaries Bilateral commission M Basin or similar commission Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points Other (please describe): [fill in] Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary basin, subbasin, part of a basin or group of basins? Which States (including your own) are members of the joint body or

Yes ⊠/No □

(g)

3.

- mechanism? (Please list): Brazil and Uruguay
- Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint body or mechanism? (please list): [fill in]
- If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism how does the joint body or mechanism cooperate with them?

No cooperation	Ш
They have observer status	
Other (please describe): [fill in]	

Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following features (please tick the ones applicable)?

A secretariat M If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secretariat or does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe):

Joint Permanent Secretariat called the Brazilian-Uruguayan Joint Commission for the Development of the Quaraí River Basin - CRQ, with the following functions: to study the technical, scientific, economic and social issues related to the development of the Quaraí River basin; to present to the government's proposals for projects and activities to be carried out, and; to coordinate the rational and equitable management, the use, recovery and conservation of the basin's water resources, as well as its other natural resources.

A subsidiary body or bodies

 $\boxtimes$ 

Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): Local Coordination Committee (CCL) or Quaraí River Basin Committee



Other features (please list): [fill in]

(g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism? <sup>22</sup>	
	Identification of pollution sources	
	Data collection and exchange	$\boxtimes$
	Joint monitoring	$\boxtimes$
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Setting emission limits	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	
	Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	
	Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	$\boxtimes$
	Water allocation and/or flow regulation	$\boxtimes$
	Policy development	$\boxtimes$
	Control of implementation	$\boxtimes$

This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

	Exchange of experience between riparian States	$\boxtimes$
	Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	$\boxtimes$
	Settling of differences and conflicts	$\boxtimes$
	Consultations on planned measures	$\boxtimes$
	Exchange of information on best available technology	$\boxtimes$
	Participation in transboundary EIA	
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	$\boxtimes$
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Addressing hydromorphological alterations	$\boxtimes$
	Climate change adaptation	
	Joint communication strategy	
	Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	$\boxtimes$
	Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	$\boxtimes$
	Capacity-building	$\boxtimes$
	Any other tasks (please list): [fill in]	
(h) operat	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces tion of the joint body or mechanism, if any?	with the
	Governance issues	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Unexpected planning delays	$\boxtimes$
	Please describe, if any: Institutional and priority changes	
	Lack of resources	$\boxtimes$
	Please describe, if true: Financial and personnel	
	Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	$\boxtimes$
	Please describe, if true: Differences in legal and institutional capacities	es
	Lack of effective measures	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Unexpected extreme events	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]	
(i)	Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet regul	larly?
Yes D	₹/No□	

If yes, how frequently does it meet? More than once per year  $\boxtimes$ Once per year Less than once per year (i) What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or mechanism? 1) Official and bilateral environment for negotiations and decisions 2) Increased basin governance; 3) Joint monitoring; 4) Capacity building; 5) Establishment of a regulatory framework for the Water Use of the Quaraí River, through a Resolution of the National Water Agency, updated in 2014; 6) Formation of working groups in different areas to solve specific problems in the region (sanitation, training, water reservoir and Brazil and Uruguay articulation); 7) Increased exchange of information and experiences; 8) Participatory process in action planning; and 9) Implementation of projects for the development of the Quaraí River basin. Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coastal State to cooperate? Yes □/No ⊠ If yes, please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal States also riparian States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechanism? [fill Have joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management plan or action plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes ⊠/No□

4.

If yes, please provide further details:

Strategic Action Programme for La Plata Basin.

Beyond that, in 2004, the Pilot Project for Integrated and Sustainable Transboundary Water Resources Management in the Lagoa Mirim and Rio Quaraí Basins was defined, to be implemented by the bilateral mixed commissions of the two basins, as well as by national and the State Water Resources Management Systems (Rio Grande do Sul).

In 2006, it started a series of field works linked to the research project in the Cuareim / Quaraí river basin, financed by the European Union, called TwinLatin - twinning of European and Latin American hydrographic basins for research that enable the sustainable management of water resources. This project aims to evaluate the implementation of the European Union's objectives for the management of water resources, the construction of methods and lines of action, guided by the European Union's Framework Directive on Water. A discretized hydrological model was elaborated, considering, for the first time, data from an extensive network of climatological, pluviometric and fluviometric stations in both countries. This model considers all existing reservoirs in the basin and relates to irrigated crops with their water sources, allowing the use of a consistent calibration. In addition, there was a lot of information about water quality.

The creation of the River Quaraí River Basin Management Committee, in 2008, which includes the participation of water users in the region, the population of the basin and the public bodies involved. Its effective installation took place in 2009.

In 2010, it started to elaborate a Water Resources Plan for a basin that includes, among other aspects, an integration of the procedures related to the framing of water bodies, collection and collection of fees for the use of water resources, as well as a integration of standards for environmental licensing processes and other aspects of the environmental agenda. As basic sources used for TwinLatin reports, a previous study on a basin and census information and collected by bodies active in the basin, such as the person responsible for basic sanitation and preferences.

The ANA-DINÁGUA Project for Transboundary Monitoring of the Hydrographic Basins of Rio Quaraí and Lagoa Mirim, completed in 2018, with the objective of carrying out an installation of hydrometeorological stations in the regions, acquisition of acoustic meters and quality probes, training and qualification of technicians of the DINAGUA, joint monitoring, implementation of the situation room and shared database.

-			
5.	prote	is the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basins or group cted, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainal water use?	
	_	lation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and el extraction.	$\boxtimes$
		conmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and enality	
		r quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, y metals	$\boxtimes$
	Wate	r-related species and habitats protection	$\boxtimes$
	Other	r measures (please describe): [fill in]	
6.	(a) State	Does your country regularly exchange information and data with others in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	er riparian
Yes [	⊠/No [		
	(b)	If yes, how often:	
		More than once per year	$\boxtimes$
		Once per year	
		Less than once per year	
		Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connectings of joint bodies): Publicly available at governmental web portals/www.snirh.gov.br/	
	(d)	If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?	
		Environmental conditions	
		Research activities and application of best available techniques	
		Emission monitoring data	
		Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts	$\boxtimes$
		Point source pollution sources	$\boxtimes$

Surface was	ters in the entire basin	$\boxtimes$		
Border surf	ace waters	$\boxtimes$		
	•	Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
(a)	If yes, what does the joint monitoring	g cover?		
Yes ⊠/No				
	he riparian States carry out joint monitor of a basin or group of basins?	ing in the trans	boundary bas	sin, sub-basin,
relia	w for more precise and coordinated acti ble water resources management and me tutional and technical articulation between	ore effective re	sults. Streng	then political,
(h) basii	What are the main benefits of data expression or group of basins? (please describe):	change on the	basin, sub-b	asin, part of a
Add qual	itional comments: Data acquisition cosity.	sts and differe	nces in data	standard and
Othe	er (please describe): [fill in]			
Inad	equate resources (technical and/or finan	icial)		
Lim	ited spatial coverage			
Com	parability of data and information			$\boxtimes$
Tim	ing of exchanges			
Freq	uency of exchanges			
(g)	What are the main difficulties and ch	allenges to dat	a exchange, i	if applicable?
If yes, pleas	ee provide the web address: Publicly avavw.snirh.gov.br/ and http://sstd.cicplata.	_	nmental web	portals, such
Yes ⊠/No				
— (f)	Is the database publicly available?			
Yes ⊠/No		F		
(e)	in] Is there a shared database or information			8 1
	Other comments, e.g. spatial coverage	re of data and i	nformation e	exchange: [fill
	infrastructure development  Other subjects ( <i>please list</i> ): [fill in]	ouncer's imput	,	
	Future planned measures with transb	oundary impac	ts, such as	
	Climatological information			$\boxtimes$
	Water abstractions	and water to ven	<del>?</del> )	
	Flows or water levels (including grou			
	Diffuse pollution sources  Existing hydromorphological alterati	ons (doms, ota	,	$\square$
	Diffuse pollution sources			

			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
Surfac		ers on the main	$\boxtimes$		
Surfac	e wate	ers in part of the basin			
	pleas	e describe [fill in]			
Transl		ary aquifer(s) (connected ted)			
riparia	ın hydi	n the territory of one raulically connected to a ry river or lake			
	(b)	If joint monitoring is carried out, ho	w is this done?		
		National monitoring stations connec or common stations	ted through a n	etwork	$\boxtimes$
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint and agreed methodologies			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint sampling			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common monitoring network			$\boxtimes$
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common agreed parameters			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
	-	Please describe the main achiev More frequently updated information ch country	_		_
	(d) and p	Please describe any difficulties experiority changes and insufficient finance	-	_	
8.		ne riparian States carry out joint asse, part of a basin or group of basins?	essment of the	transbounda	ry basin, sub-
Yes [	]/No [	$\boxtimes$			
	(e.g.,	, please provide the date of the last or surface waters or groundwaters only, ssessment methodology applied: [fill i	pollution sour		
9.	Have	the riparian States agreed to use joint	water quality s	tandards?	
Yes [	]/No [	$\boxtimes$			
	(plea.	s, what standards have been applied, se specify which), or have national ed? Each country has they own standa	standards of	the ripariar	i States been

10.	accidental pollution?	impact of
	Notification and communication - Situation Room	$\boxtimes$
	Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in place such measures?: [fill in]	n putting
11.	What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary extreme weather events and climate change?	impact of
	Notification and communication	$\boxtimes$
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	$\boxtimes$
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	$\boxtimes$
	Joint climate change adaptation strategy	
	Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	$\boxtimes$
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in place such measures?: [fill in]	n putting
12.	Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?	
Yes [	]/No 🛛	
If yes,	please provide a brief summary: [fill in]	
13.	Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water main the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	nagement
Yes 🛭	☑/No □	
	If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)	
	Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	$\boxtimes$
	Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	
	Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
	If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	
	Intergovernmental organizations	$\boxtimes$
	Private sectors organizations or associations	
	Water user groups or associations	$\boxtimes$
	Academic or research institutions	$\boxtimes$
	Other non-governmental organizations	
	General public	

Availability of information to the public	$\boxtimes$
Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans <sup>23</sup>	
Public involvement	
Other (please specify): [fill in]	
Questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin, or (river, lake or aquifer)	group of basins
Please complete this second section for each transboundary basin (river of aquifer), sub-basin, part of a basin or a group of basins covered by the sar arrangement where conditions are similar. <sup>24</sup> In some instances, you may proon both a basin and one or more of its sub-basins or parts thereof, for example agreements or arrangements on both the basin and its sub-basin. You your responses with other States with which your country shares transbour even prepare a joint report. General information on transboundary water manational level should be provided in section III and not repeated here.	me agreement or vide information mple, where you may coordinate ndary waters, or
Please reproduce this whole section with its questions for each transboun basin, part of a basin or group of basins for which you will provide a reply.	dary basin, sub-
Name of the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basin or group RIVER BASIN (LA PLATA SUB-BASIN)	of basins: APA
List of the riparian States: Brazil and Paraguay	
In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relatio or lake basin:	n with the river
Unconfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	
Unconfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Confined aquifer connected to surface water	
Confined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Other	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Unknown	
Percentage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, pagroup of basins: [fill in]	rt of a basin or

Other (please specify): [fill in]

II.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> In principle, section II should be submitted for every transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, in the country, but States may decide to group basins in which their share is small or leave out basins in which their share is very minor, e.g., below 1 per cent.

<sup>25</sup> In section II, "agreement" covers all kinds of treaties, conventions and agreements ensuring cooperation in the field of transboundary waters. Section II can also be completed for other types of arrangements, such as memorandums of understanding.

1.	Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agreement(s) or arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?
	One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force
	Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force
	Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians
	Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s)
	Cooperation Agreement for Sustainable Development and Integrated Management of the Apa River Basin - signed in Brasilia on September 11, 2006.
	The agreement aims to promote the sustainable development of the basin through the integrated management of transboundary water resources, with emphasis on aspects such as the rational, equitable and sustainable use of water for domestic, urban, agricultural and industrial purposes; the solution of problems arising from the improper use of water; the protection of fountainhead areas from surface and underground sources; and the regularization of flows and the control of floods.
	The agreement entered into force on October 11, 2009, having been ratified by Decree 7,710, on May 6, 2010.
	Some cooperation initiatives between Brazil and Paraguay in this basin are also developed as an isolated Project or activity, supported by the Basic Technical Cooperation Agreement between the Government of the Federative Republic of Brazil and the Government of the Republic of Paraguay, signed on October 27, 1987.
	Agreement or arrangement is under development
	No agreement or arrangement
	If there is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please explain briefly why not and provide information on any plans to address the situation: [fill in]
trans quest then g	ere is no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism for the boundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then jump to ion 4; if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or mechanism go to question 3.  tions 2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agreement or agement in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group sins.
2.	(a) Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to cooperation?
	Yes ⊠/No □
	If yes, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States?
	Yes □/No ⊠
	Additional explanations?
	The Apa River basin is a sub-basin of La Plata Basin and is located in the southern tip of the Upper Paraguay Basin. In the Brazilian territory, this basin covers the municipalities of Ponta Porã, Antônio João, Bela Vista, Caracol, Porto Murtinho, Bonito and Jardim in the State of Mato Grosso do Sul.
	In Paraguayan territory it is present in the area of the Department of Amambay in the cities of Pedro Juan Caballero and Bella Vista and in the Department of Concepción

covered by the Apa River Cooperation Agreement. Or, if the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the entire subbasin? Yes ⊠/No □ Additional explanations? [fill in] Which States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrangement? (Please list): Brazil and Paraguay If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or sub-basin, does it also cover aquifers? Yes □/No ⊠ If yes, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [fill in] What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?  $\boxtimes$ All water uses A single water use or sector Several water uses or sectors If one or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriate): Water uses or sectors Industry Agriculture Transport (e.g., navigation) Households Energy: hydropower and other energy types Fisheries Tourism Nature protection Other (please list): [fill in] What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agreement or (d) arrangement? Procedural and institutional issues  $\boxtimes$ Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution  $\boxtimes$ Institutional cooperation (joint bodies) Consultation on planned measures Mutual assistance **Topics of cooperation** Joint vision and management objectives  $\square$ 

Joint significant water management issues

in the municipalities of Concepción, San Carlos and San Lázaro. This entire area is

X

	Navigation	$\boxtimes$
	Human health	$\boxtimes$
	Environmental protection (ecosystem)	$\boxtimes$
	Water quality	$\boxtimes$
	Water quantity or allocation	$\boxtimes$
	Cooperation in addressing floods	$\boxtimes$
	Cooperation in addressing droughts	$\boxtimes$
	Climate change adaptation	
	Monitoring and exchange	
	Joint assessments	$\boxtimes$
	Data collection and exchange	$\boxtimes$
	Joint monitoring	$\boxtimes$
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Common early warning and alarm procedures	$\boxtimes$
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	$\boxtimes$
	Exchange of information on planned measures	$\boxtimes$
	Joint planning and management	
	Development of joint regulations on specific topics	$\boxtimes$
	Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	$\boxtimes$
	Management of shared infrastructure	$\boxtimes$
	Development of shared infrastructure	$\boxtimes$
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(e) agree	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country face ment or arrangement and its implementation, if any?	s with the
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	$\boxtimes$
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	$\boxtimes$
	Lack of financial resources	$\boxtimes$
	Insufficient human capacity	$\boxtimes$
	Insufficient technical capacity	
	Tense diplomatic relations	
	Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
	No significant difficulties	
	Other (nlease describe): [fill in]	

(f) What are the main achievements in implementing the agreement or arrangement and what were the keys to achieving such success?

Greater exchange of technical information between the water resources management bodies of both countries and expansion of the dialogue between users, representatives of civil society, academic sectors and other beneficiaries of the agreement;

Strengthening the diplomatic relationship between the two countries and contributing to the bilateral strategies and actions defined in the Joint Commissions and in the meetings of the Neighbourhood Committee between Brazil and Paraguay;

Planning of local actions focused on the reality of the area covered by the agreement

Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide the web address of the document (please attach document or insert web address, if applicable):

http://www.planalto.gov.br/ccivil 03/ ato2007-2010/2010/decreto/D7170.htm

3.	Is your	country	a member	of any	joint	body	or	mechanism	for	this	agreement	or
	arranger	ment?										
_												

Yes ⊠/No □

If no, why not? (please explain):

Yes, but the joint body has not yet been established.

Article IV of the Apa River Basin Agreement foresee the creation of the Joint Brazilian-Paraguayan Commission for Sustainable Development and Integrated Management of the Apa River Basin (CRA), with representatives from the Ministries of Foreign Affairs and the bodies responsible for national water resources policy. Likewise, the Local Coordination Committee (CCL) should be created. However, these institutions have not yet been installed.

As established by the Agreement, the Apa River Basin Coordination Committee, when consolidated, will be the binational body responsible for advising the Joint Brazilian-Paraguayan Commission, which, when created, will be responsible for the execution of the Agreement.

mechanism? (please list): No

When	re there	e is a joint body or mechanism	
	(a) (pleas	If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or more tick one)?	echanism
		Plenipotentiaries	
		Bilateral commission	
		Basin or similar commission	
		Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(b) basin,	Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary bases, part of a basin or group of basins?	asin, sub-
Yes [	/No [		
	(c) mecha	Which States (including your own) are members of the joint anism? (Please list): Brazil and Paraguay	body or
	(d)	Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint	body or

(e) the jo	If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism hint body or mechanism cooperate with them?	ow does
	No cooperation	
	They have observer status	
	Other (please describe): [fill in]	
(f) tick th	Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following features the ones applicable)?	s (please
	A secretariat	$\boxtimes$
	If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secrete does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe):	ariat or
	The Joint Brazilian-Paraguayan Commission for Sustainable Development Integrated Management of the Apa River Basin (CRA), with the advit Local Coordination Committee, has the role of identifying initiate projects of bilateral interest, analysing their environmental, technic financial viability. Then, the CRA, through the national sections, servinterface with the governments of both parties, taking the proposal respective Ministries of Foreign Affairs. This is the mechanism that we the implementation of projects, raising more funds with integrand or even the signing a new specific bilateral instrument.	ce of the ives and ical and ves as an ls to the rill allow
	A subsidiary body or bodies	
	Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]	
	Other features (please list): [fill in]	
(g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism? <sup>26</sup>	
	The joint body is not operational yet.	
	Identification of pollution sources	
	Data collection and exchange	
	Joint monitoring	
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Setting emission limits	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	
	Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	
	Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	
	Water allocation and/or flow regulation	
	Policy development	
	Control of implementation	

This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	
	Settling of differences and conflicts	
	Consultations on planned measures	
	Exchange of information on best available technology	
	Participation in transboundary EIA	
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Addressing hydromorphological alterations	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Joint communication strategy	
	Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	
	Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	
	Capacity-building	
	Any other tasks (please list): [fill in]	
(h) opera	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces tion of the joint body or mechanism, if any?	with the
	Governance issues	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Unexpected planning delays	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Lack of resources	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Lack of effective measures	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Unexpected extreme events	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]	
(i)	Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet regu	larly?
Yes	□/No□	

	If yes,	how frequently does it meet?	
		More than once per year	
		Once per year	
		Less than once per year	
	(j) [fill in	What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or mec []	hanism?
	(k) coope	Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coastal rate?	State to
Yes [	]/No [>		
		please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal Sta an States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechani.	
4.	-	joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated managemen plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of b	_
Yes [	]/No[>		
If yes,	please	provide further details:	
5.	protec	is the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basins or group of ted, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainal water use?	
	_	ation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and extraction.	$\boxtimes$
	Environment Enviro	onmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and nality	$\boxtimes$
		quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, metals	$\boxtimes$
	Water	-related species and habitats protection	$\boxtimes$
	Other	measures (please describe): [fill in]	
6.	(a) States	Does your country regularly exchange information and data with other in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	riparian
Yes 🛭	/No [		
	(b)	If yes, how often:	
		More than once per year	$\boxtimes$
		Once per year	
		Less than once per year	
		Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connectings of joint bodies): Publicly available at governmental web portals, www.snirh.gov.br/	
	(d)	If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?	
		Environmental conditions	
		Research activities and application of best available techniques	$\square$

		Emission monitoring data	
		Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts	$\boxtimes$
		Point source pollution sources	
		Diffuse pollution sources	
		Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.)	$\boxtimes$
		Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels)	$\boxtimes$
		Water abstractions	$\boxtimes$
		Climatological information	$\boxtimes$
		Future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development	$\boxtimes$
		Other subjects (please list): [fill in]	
		Other comments, e.g. spatial coverage of data and information excharin]	nge: [fill
	(e)	Is there a shared database or information platform?	
Yes 🛭	☑/No [		
		Comment: Specifically, for the basin, no. But the area is covered by Plata SSTD system. http://sstd.cicplata.org/sstd/	y the La
	(f)	Is the database publicly available?	
Yes 🛭	☑/No [		
		e provide the web address: http://sstd.cicplata.org/sstd/ From Brazil's stable - www.ana.gov.br; www.inpe.br; www.inmet.gov.br	ide, all data are
	(g)	What are the main difficulties and challenges to data exchange, if app	licable?
	Frequ	ency of exchanges	
	Timin	ng of exchanges	
	Comp	parability of data and information	$\boxtimes$
	Limit	ed spatial coverage	
	Inade	quate resources (technical and/or financial)	$\boxtimes$
	Other	(please describe): [fill in]	
	Addit standa	ional comments: Data acquisition costs and differences in data qua	lity and
	action more	What are the main benefits of data exchange on the basin, sub-basin, or group of basins? ( <i>please describe</i> ): Allow for more precise and coons among the countries. Count on more reliable water resources managen effective results. Strengthen political, institutional and technical articles institutions in the two countries	rdinated nent and
7.		e riparian States carry out joint monitoring in the transboundary basin, su f a basin or group of basins?	b-basin,
Yes 🛭	√No [	٦	

			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
Borde	r surfa	ace waters	$\boxtimes$		
Surfac	e wat	ers in the entire basin	$\boxtimes$		
Surfac water		ers on the main			
Surfac	e wat	ers in part of the basin			
	pleas	e describe [fill in]			
Transl or unc		ary aquifer(s) (connected tted)			
riparia	ın hyd	n the territory of one raulically connected to a ry river or lake			
	(b)	If joint monitoring is carried out,	how is this done?		
		National monitoring stations con or common stations	nected through a n	etwork	$\boxtimes$
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint and agreed methodologies			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint sampling			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common monitoring network			$\boxtimes$
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common agreed parameters			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
	-	Please describe the main ach More frequently updated informati ch country	_		-
	(d)	Please describe any difficulties e	xperienced with jo	int monitorin	ng:
		autional and priority changes and arces.	insufficient finance	cial, technica	al and human
	to carbe ca	nstallation of the bilateral commiss talyse actions. It should be borne is tried out at the national level of eacutions - even if integrated and in co	n mind that manag ch country, accordi	gement actioning to the rele	ns will always
8.		he riparian States carry out joint a n, part of a basin or group of basins		transbounda	ry basin, sub-
Yes [	]/No	$\boxtimes$			

If yes, please provide the date of the last or only assessment, the frequency and scope (e.g., surface waters or groundwaters only, pollution sources, etc.) of the assessment, and assessment methodology applied: [fill in] 9. Have the riparian States agreed to use joint water quality standards? Yes ∏/No ⊠ If yes, what standards have been applied, e.g. international or regional standards (please specify which), or have national standards of the riparian States been applied? Each country has they own standard, usually aligned with the UN standards. 10. What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary impact of accidental pollution?  $\boxtimes$ Notification and communication Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution Other (please list): [fill in] No measures If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in putting in place such measures?: [fill in] 11. What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary impact of extreme weather events and climate change? Notification and communication M  $\square$ Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts Joint climate change adaptation strategy Joint disaster risk reduction strategy Other (please list): [fill in] No measures If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in putting in place such measures?: [fill in] 12. Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation? Yes □/No ⊠ *If yes, please provide a brief summary:* [fill in] Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water management in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins? Yes ⊠/No □

If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)

or mechanism

Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body

Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body

Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body

If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism:

 $\boxtimes$ 

[fill in] Intergovernmental organizations  $\boxtimes$ Private sectors organizations or associations  $\boxtimes$ Water user groups or associations  $\boxtimes$ Academic or research institutions Other non-governmental organizations  $\boxtimes$ General public Other (please specify): [fill in] Availability of information to the public  $\boxtimes$ Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans<sup>27</sup> Public involvement Other (please specify): [fill in]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

## II. Questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin, or group of basins (river, lake or aquifer)

Please complete this second section for each transboundary basin (river or lake basin, or aquifer), sub-basin, part of a basin or a group of basins covered by the same agreement or arrangement where conditions are similar.<sup>28</sup> In some instances, you may provide information on both a basin and one or more of its sub-basins or parts thereof, for example, where you have agreements<sup>29</sup> or arrangements on both the basin and its sub-basin. You may coordinate your responses with other States with which your country shares transboundary waters, or even prepare a joint report. General information on transboundary water management at the national level should be provided in section III and not repeated here.

Please reproduce this whole section with its questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins for which you will provide a reply.

## Name of the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: Guarani Aquifer System

In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation with the river

List of the riparian States: Brazil, Argentina, Paraguay and Uruguay.

or la	ke basin:	
Unco	onfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	
Unco	onfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Conf	ined aquifer connected to surface water	$\boxtimes$
Conf	ined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Othe	r	
Pleas	se describe: [fill in]	
Unkr	nown	
	entage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of a p of basins: $0.8\%$	a basin o
1.	Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agreen arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	
	One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force	
	Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force	$\boxtimes$
	Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians	
	Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s) [fill in]	
	Agreement or arrangement is under development	
	No agreement or arrangement	

In principle, section II should be submitted for every transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, in the country, but States may decide to group basins in which their share is small or leave out basins in which their share is very minor, e.g., below 1 per cent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> In section II, "agreement" covers all kinds of treaties, conventions and agreements ensuring cooperation in the field of transboundary waters. Section II can also be completed for other types of arrangements, such as memorandums of understanding.

If there is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please explain briefly why not and provide information on any plans to address the situation:

In August 2010, the Guarani Aquifer Agreement was signed between Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay and Uruguay, based on the Declaration of the United Nations Conference on the Environment (1972), at Rio - 92, on Agenda 21, at the Assembly of United Nations Convention on the Law of Transboundary Aquifers, the Summit on Sustainable Development and the Mercosur Framework Agreement on Environment. The Agreement aims at greater cooperation for scientific knowledge and responsible management of water resources.

Brazil ratified the agreement in 2017 by means of Legislative Decree No. 52, of 2017, which approved the text of the Agreement on the Guarani Aquifer, signed in San Juan, Argentina, on August 2, 2010. All countries have already ratified the Agreement, however, the Paraguayan Ministry of Foreign Affairs has to deposit its instrument of ratification to Brazil. It is noteworthy that it is only after this deposit that the Agreement may enter into force.

The Agreement can be divided into seven parts, which indicate the main legal concerns that are the subject of the negotiations: i) Rationale and aquifer rights; ii) Environmental principles for use; iii) Obligation not to cause any significant damage; iv) Obligations to provide information; v) Principles for cooperation; vi) Dispute settlement system; and vii) General provisions.

The agreement was established within the scope of the Plata Basin Treaty, and in accordance with Article VI of that treaty, a Commission comprising the four parties will be constituted, which will coordinate cooperation among themselves for the fulfilment of the principles and objectives of this Agreement. The Commission will draft its own regulation. There is, therefore, an institutional relationship between these agreements and also a territorial relationship.

If there is no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism for the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then jump to question 4; if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or mechanism then go to question 3.

Questions 2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agreement or arrangement in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins.

2.	(a)	Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to cooperation?
	Yes	☑/No □
	If yes	, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States?
	Yes [	✓/No □
	Addit	tional explanations? [fill in]
	Or, if basin	the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the entire sub-?
	Yes	□/No □
	Addit	tional explanations? [fill in]
		h States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrangement? se list): Brazil, Argentina, Paraguay e Uruguay

(b) does it	If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or sut also cover aquifers?	ıb-basin,
Yes [	]/No []	
If yes,	please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [fill	in]
(c)	What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?	
	All water uses	
	A single water use or sector	
	Several water uses or sectors	$\boxtimes$
If one	or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriate):	
Water	r uses or sectors	
	Industry	$\boxtimes$
	Agriculture	$\boxtimes$
	Transport (e.g., navigation)	
	Households	$\boxtimes$
	Energy: hydropower and other energy types	$\boxtimes$
	Fisheries	
	Tourism	$\boxtimes$
	Nature protection	$\boxtimes$
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(d) arrang	What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agree gement?	ment or
	Procedural and institutional issues	
	Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	$\boxtimes$
	Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	$\boxtimes$
	Consultation on planned measures	$\boxtimes$
	Mutual assistance	
	Topics of cooperation	
	Joint vision and management objectives	$\boxtimes$
	Joint significant water management issues	$\boxtimes$
	Navigation	
	Human health	$\boxtimes$
	Environmental protection (ecosystem)	$\boxtimes$
	Water quality	$\boxtimes$
	Water quantity or allocation	$\boxtimes$
	Cooperation in addressing floods	
	Cooperation in addressing droughts	

	Climate change adaptation	
	Monitoring and exchange	
	Joint assessments	$\boxtimes$
	Data collection and exchange	$\boxtimes$
	Joint monitoring	$\boxtimes$
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Common early warning and alarm procedures	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	$\boxtimes$
	Exchange of information on planned measures	
	Joint planning and management	
	Development of joint regulations on specific topics	
	Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	$\boxtimes$
	Management of shared infrastructure	$\boxtimes$
	Development of shared infrastructure	$\boxtimes$
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(e) agreen	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces nent or arrangement and its implementation, if any?	with the
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	$\boxtimes$
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	$\boxtimes$
	Lack of financial resources	$\boxtimes$
	Insufficient human capacity	$\boxtimes$
	Insufficient technical capacity	$\boxtimes$
	Tense diplomatic relations	
	Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
	No significant difficulties	
	Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	Comments:	
	Among the difficulties are the implementation of fragmented actions trictly national approaches, which represent a medium and long-ted Disarticulated actions compromise the ability of countries to deal of challenges imposed by environmental changes, such as climate changer require strategic and coordinated actions between the parties in situations in the regional context;	rm risk with the e, which

The agreement is still very vague on some issues such as impasses in relation to the harms caused to other parties. Nor is there a clear definition of what is

considered a harm and what should be done if there is a tie in the votes to create an additional protocol to the Agreement; and

Finally, it is noted that the Agreement is ambiguous as to the possibility of managing the aquifer in an articulated manner between countries, which can generate different interpretations in cases of disagreements between the states.

(f) What are the main achievements in implementing the agreement or arrangement and what were the keys to achieving such success?

Although the Agreement is not yet in force, some advances have already been observed:

- 1) Formation of a regional cooperation mechanism with instances of participation at different levels. The creation of these spaces for discussion and exchange led to a progressive increase in technical and institutional capacities, the strengthening of relationships of trust and the dissemination of lessons learned at all levels;
- 2) Strengthening the exchange of technical and institutional information;
- 3) Contribution to international cooperation in relation to environmental issues, especially the management of groundwater;
- 4) The primary reaffirmation of the sovereignty of the riparian states in relation to the underground water reserve;
- 5) Greater awareness of the use of groundwater;
- 6) Increased knowledge about the Guarani Aquifer System and its importance for the water scenario in the region; and
- 7) The precursor character of the Guarani Aquifer Agreement when it is based on Resolution 63/124 of the United Nations Assembly, 2008, non-binding, which deals with the International Law of Transboundary Aquifers. Five principles of the Resolution were applied in the Agreement: the principle of sovereignty of States over the stretch of aquifers located underground in their territory, the principle of equitable and rational use, the obligation not to cause sensitive damage, the exchange of data and information on a regular basis and the general obligation to cooperate.

Below are the indirect advances resulting from the great technical involvement that preceded the negotiations of the Agreement, according to Villar (2015):

- Creation by UNESCO, in Uruguay, of CeReGAS Regional Centre for the Management of Underground Water Category 2 Centre, with the mission of "integrating national and regional capacities at public and / or private level for the sustainable management of aquifers and the protection of water resources under an integral approach that contemplates environmental, economic and social aspects, in line with the international commitments assumed by the country and the region in terms of sustainable development";
- Training and greater involvement in groundwater management by managers and technicians from the States involved in the Guarani Aquifer System Project (PSAG).
- Publication of the Water Law in Paraguay.
- International projects now have approaches focused on the study of groundwater.
- (g) Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide the web address of the document (please attach document or insert web address, if applicable):

	-	://www.internationalwaterlaw.org/documents/regionaldocs/Guarani_Ament-Portuguese.pdf	Aquifer_A
3.	•	our country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agragement?	reement or
Yes	□/No [	$\boxtimes$	
If no	, why no	ot? (please explain): The Agreement is not in force yet.	
Whe	re ther	re is a joint body or mechanism	
	(a) (plea	If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or rase tick one)?	nechanism
		Plenipotentiaries	
		Bilateral commission	
		Basin or similar commission	
		Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(b) basin	Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary as, part of a basin or group of basins?	basin, sub-
Yes	☐/No [		
	(c) mech	Which States (including your own) are members of the join nanism? (Please list): [fill in]	t body oi
	(d) mech	Are there any riparian States that are not members of the join nanism? (please list): [fill in]	nt body on
	(e) the jo	If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism bint body or mechanism cooperate with them?	n how does
		No cooperation	
		They have observer status	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(f) tick t	Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following feature the ones applicable)?	res ( <i>please</i>
		A secretariat	
		If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secretoes each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe): [fill	
		A subsidiary body or bodies	
		Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]	
		Other features (please list): [fill in]	
	(g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism? <sup>30</sup>	)
		Identification of pollution sources	

This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

	Data collection and exchange	
	Joint monitoring	
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Setting emission limits	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	
	Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	
	Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	
	Water allocation and/or flow regulation	
	Policy development	
	Control of implementation	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	
	Settling of differences and conflicts	
	Consultations on planned measures	
	Exchange of information on best available technology	
	Participation in transboundary EIA	
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Addressing hydromorphological alterations	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Joint communication strategy	
	Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	
	Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	
	Capacity-building	
	Any other tasks (please list): [fill in]	
(h) opera	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country face tion of the joint body or mechanism, if any?	s with the
	Governance issues	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Unexpected planning delays	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Lack of resources	

		Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
		Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	
		Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
		Lack of effective measures	
		Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
		Unexpected extreme events	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]	
	(i)	Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet regu	larly?
	Yes [	]/No[_	
	If yes,	how frequently does it meet?	
		More than once per year	
		Once per year	
		Less than once per year	
	(j) [fill in	What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or med []	hanism?
	(k) coope	Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coastal rate?	State to
Yes [	]/No [		
		please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal Sta an States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechani	
4.		joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of b	-
Yes 🛭	☑/No[	]	
If yes,	please	provide further details:	
Guara manag Argen	ni Aqu gement itina, B	Project for Environmental Protection and Sustainable Developmer ifer System (PSAG) was launched. The final goal of the project was to framework for groundwater that would support its sustainable managerazil, Paraguay and Uruguay. The project, which ended in 2009, facili ween national institutions and with international cooperation and f	create a ement in tated the

bodies and made it possible to conclude the Strategic Action Programme (SAP) and a scientific technical collection of great importance for the countries involved, as well as tools for articulated management between countries (Information System, proposed Monitoring Network, Models of Aquifer Operation). The SAP has local, regional and national approaches, as well as individual and common actions for each country.

The project was important to determine the limits of occurrence, areas of recharge and discharge of the aquifer, as well as allowed the elaboration of a digital cartographic base of the region of its occurrence. In addition, PSAG was an important source of demystification of speculations about the Guarani Aquifer. The first was that groundwater travelled long distances, including between countries, but water flows, in fact, are quite limited due to the compartmentalization of the SAG and occur at very small speeds. The issue was also revised that the SAG's groundwater was already polluted, especially in the São Paulo region, when, in fact, basaltic coverage is a source of considerable protection against this problem, although specific points of natural contamination are found and anthropic, this is not a regional reality. Finally, another issue demystified was that there was in the Ribeirão Preto region, State of São Paulo, an overexploitation of the Guarani Aquifer, which could affect other states and regions.

A new GEF MSP was signed in 2020 and will support the implementation of SAP.

Outside the regional context supported by the 2010 Guarani Aquifer Agreement, diplomatic, technical, political and institutional issues relating to the Guarani Aquifer can be dealt with bilaterally with Argentina, Paraguay and Uruguay, in the Joint Commissions and in the Neighbourhood Commissions , which Brazil holds annually with each country, if requested by the two countries in the referred bilateral meetings

by th	e two c	ountries in the referred bilateral meetings			
5.	prote	How is the transboundary basin,—sub-basin, part of a basins or group of basins protected, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainable and rational water use?			
		lation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and el extraction.			
		conmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and enality			
		r quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, y metals			
	Wate	r-related species and habitats protection	$\boxtimes$		
	Other	r measures (please describe): [fill in]			
6.	(a) State	Does your country regularly exchange information and data with ot s in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	her riparian		
Yes	⊠/No [				
	(b)	If yes, how often:			
		More than once per year	$\boxtimes$		
		Once per year			
		Less than once per year			
		Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connectings of joint bodies): Through a public access platform and in multiple access platform access platform and in multiple access platform access pl			
	(d)	If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?			
		Environmental conditions	$\boxtimes$		
		Research activities and application of best available techniques	$\boxtimes$		
		Emission monitoring data			
		Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts	$\boxtimes$		
		Point source pollution sources	$\boxtimes$		

	Diffuse pollution sources	$\boxtimes$
	Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.)	$\boxtimes$
	Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels)	$\boxtimes$
	Water abstractions	$\boxtimes$
	Climatological information	$\boxtimes$
	Future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development	$\boxtimes$
	Other subjects (please list): [fill in]	
	Other comments, e.g. spatial coverage of data and information exchain]	inge: [fill
(e)	Is there a shared database or information platform?	
Yes □/No		
(f)	Is the database publicly available?	
Yes ⊠/No		
<i>If yes, ple</i> available:	ase provide the web address: From Brazil's side the information is	publicly
www.ana.g	gov.br e http://www.snirh.gov.br/ (water resources data)	
http://rima	sweb.cprm.gov.br/pmapper/_bacias_hidrograficas.php; (groundwater dat	ta)
http://www sources)	v.biosferamg.com.br/licenciamento/cadastro-tecnico-federal-ibama/ (poll	ution
http://www	v.snis.gov.br/ (pollution sources)	
http://www	v.embrapa.br (pollution sources)	
http://www data)	w.inmet.gov.br/portal/index.php?r=estacoes/estacoesAutomaticas (climat	tological
(g)	What are the main difficulties and challenges to data exchange, if app	plicable?
Free	quency of exchanges	
Tin	ing of exchanges	
Cor	nparability of data and information	$\boxtimes$
Lin	nited spatial coverage	
Inac	dequate resources (technical and/or financial)	$\boxtimes$
Oth	er (please describe): [fill in]	
	litional comments: Cost of data acquisition and difference in quality and pollection and availability of information in each country.	protocols
acti moi	What are the main benefits of data exchange on the basin, sub-basin, in or group of basins? ( <i>please describe</i> ): Allow for more precise and coorns among the countries. Count on more reliable water resources managere effective results. Strengthen political, institutional and technical artiveen institutions in the two countries.	ordinated ment and

7.		ne riparian States carry out joint monito of a basin or group of basins?	oring in the trans	boundary bas	sin, sub-basin,
Yes [	/No	• •			
	(a)	If yes, what does the joint monitoring	ng cover?		
			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
Bord	er surfa	ace waters			
Surfa	ice wat	ers in the entire basin			
	ice wat	ers on the main			
Surfa	ice wat	ers in part of the basin			
	pleas	se describe [fill in]			
	sbound connec	ary aquifer(s) (connected eted)			
ripari	ian hyd	n the territory of one raulically connected to a ary river or lake			
	(b)	If joint monitoring is carried out, he National monitoring stations conne		etwork	
		or common stations	C		
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint and agreed methodologies			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint sampling			
		Please describe: [fill in]			_
		Common monitoring network			
		Please describe: [fill in]			_
		Common agreed parameters			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
	(c) in]	Please describe the main achievement	ents regarding jo	int monitorii	ng, if any: [fill
	(d)	Please describe any difficulties exp	erienced with jo	int monitorir	ng: [fill in]
8.		he riparian States carry out joint ass a, part of a basin or group of basins?	essment of the	transbounda	ry basin, sub-
Yes	⊠/No				
	(e.g.,	s, please provide the date of the last or surface waters or groundwaters only assessment methodology applied: G	, pollution sourc	ces, etc.) of th	he assessment,

	(2009) - https://www.oas.org/DSD/WaterResources/projects/Guara Guarani.pdf	ni/SAP-
9.	Have the riparian States agreed to use joint water quality standards?	
Yes [	]/No 🛛	
	If yes, what standards have been applied, e.g. international or regional state (please specify which), or have national standards of the riparian State applied? Each country has they own standard, usually aligned with the UN states.	es been
10.	What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in accidental pollution?	npact of
	Notification and communication	
	Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	$\boxtimes$
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
11.	What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in extreme weather events and climate change?	npact of
	Notification and communication	
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
	Joint climate change adaptation strategy	
	Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	$\boxtimes$
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
12.	Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?	
Yes [	]/No 🔀	
If yes,	please provide a brief summary: [fill in]	
13.	Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water manain the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	agement
Yes [	]/No 🔀	
	If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)	
	Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	
	Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	
	Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
	If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	

Intergovernmental organizations	
Private sectors organizations or associations	
Water user groups or associations	
Academic or research institutions	
Other non-governmental organizations	
General public	
Other (please specify): [fill in]	
Availability of information to the public	
Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans <sup>31</sup>	
Public involvement	
Other (please specify): [fill in]	
Questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin, or grou river, lake or aquifer)	p of basins
Please complete this second section for each transboundary basin (river or la equifer), sub-basin, part of a basin or a group of basins covered by the same a transpersent where conditions are similar. <sup>32</sup> In some instances, you may provide on both a basin and one or more of its sub-basins or parts thereof, for example have agreements <sup>33</sup> or arrangements on both the basin and its sub-basin. You may your responses with other States with which your country shares transboundary even prepare a joint report. General information on transboundary water managinational level should be provided in section III and not repeated here.	greement o information , where you y coordinate y waters, o
Please reproduce this whole section with its questions for each transboundary pasin, part of a basin or group of basins for which you will provide a reply.	basin, sub
Name of the transboundary basin,—sub-basin, part of a basin or group AMAZON AQUIFER	of basins
List of the riparian States: Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru and Venezu	ıela
n the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation wi or lake basin:	ith the rive
Inconfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	$\boxtimes$
Inconfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Confined aquifer connected to surface water	
Confined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	

II.

 $<sup>^{31}\,</sup>$  Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> In principle, section II should be submitted for every transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, in the country, but States may decide to group basins in which their share is small or leave out basins in which their share is very minor, e.g., below 1 per cent.

<sup>33</sup> In section II, "agreement" covers all kinds of treaties, conventions and agreements ensuring cooperation in the field of transboundary waters. Section II can also be completed for other types of arrangements, such as memorandums of understanding.

Other		
Please	e describe: [fill in]	
Unkn	own	
	entage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of a boof basins: $23,5\%$	oasin or
1.	Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agreeme arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	nt(s) or
	One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force	
	Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force	
	Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians	
	Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s) [fill in]	
	Agreement or arrangement is under development	
	No agreement or arrangement	$\boxtimes$
	If there is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please explain why not and provide information on any plans to address the situation: The has been object of interest by the ACTO. The joint body expects to cassessments and increase the knowledge about the aquifer, with support of B Water Agency - ANA.	aquifer arry out
trans quest	ere is no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism boundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then j ion 4; if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or med go to question 3.	ump to
	tions 2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agreed gement in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin owns.	
2.	(a) Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to cooper	ration?
	Yes  \[ \] /No  \[ \]	
	If yes, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States	?
	Yes  \[ \] /No  \[ \]	
	Additional explanations? [fill in]	
	Or, if the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the enbasin?	tire sub-
	Yes  /No	
	Additional explanations? [fill in]	
	Additional explanations? [fill in]  Which States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrange (Please list): [fill in]	gement?
	Which States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrange	_
	Which States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrange (Please list): [fill in]  (b) If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or su	_

(c)	What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?	
	All water uses	
	A single water use or sector	
	Several water uses or sectors	
If on	e or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriate):	
Wate	er uses or sectors	
	Industry	
	Agriculture	
	Transport (e.g., navigation)	
	Households	
	Energy: hydropower and other energy types	
	Fisheries	
	Tourism	
	Nature protection	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(d) arran	What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agreegement?	ement or
	Procedural and institutional issues	
	Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	
	Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	
	Consultation on planned measures	
	Mutual assistance	
	Topics of cooperation	
	Joint vision and management objectives	
	Joint significant water management issues	
	Navigation	
	Human health	
	Environmental protection (ecosystem)	
	Water quality	
	Water quantity or allocation	
	Cooperation in addressing floods	
	Cooperation in addressing droughts	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Monitoring and exchange	
	Joint assessments	
	Data collection and exchange	П

		Joint monitoring	
		Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
		Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
		Common early warning and alarm procedures	
		Exchange of experience between riparian States	
		Exchange of information on planned measures	
		Joint planning and management	
		Development of joint regulations on specific topics	
		Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
		Management of shared infrastructure	
		Development of shared infrastructure	
		Other (please list): [fill in]	
	(e) agreen	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces ment or arrangement and its implementation, if any?	with the
		Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	
		Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	
		Lack of financial resources	
		Insufficient human capacity	
		Insufficient technical capacity	
		Tense diplomatic relations	
		Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
		No significant difficulties	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(f) arrang	What are the main achievements in implementing the agreen ement and what were the keys to achieving such success? [fill in]	nent or
		Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide to so of the document (please attach document or insert web add able): [fill in]	
3.	-	ar country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agreement?	ment or
Yes [	]/No [		
If no, 1	why noi	t? (please explain): [fill in]	
Wher	e there	is a joint body or mechanism	
	(a) (please	If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or med etick one)?	chanism
		Plenipotentiaries	

3.

		Bilateral commission	
		Basin or similar commission	
		Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(b) basin,	Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary bapart of a basin or group of basins?	sin, sub
Yes [	]/No [		
	(c) mecha	Which States (including your own) are members of the joint mism? (Please list): [fill in]	body o
	(d) mecha	Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint anism? (please list): [fill in]	body or
	(e) the joi	If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism hant body or mechanism cooperate with them?	ow does
		No cooperation	
		They have observer status	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(f) tick th	Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following feature <i>e ones applicable</i> )?	s (please
		A secretariat	
		If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secreta does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe): [fill in	
		A subsidiary body or bodies	
		Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]	
		Other features (please list): [fill in]	
	(g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism? <sup>34</sup>	
		Identification of pollution sources	
		Data collection and exchange	
		Joint monitoring	
		Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
		Setting emission limits	
		Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
		Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	
		Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	
		Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	

This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

	Water allocation and/or flow regulation	
	Policy development	
	Control of implementation	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	
	Settling of differences and conflicts	
	Consultations on planned measures	
	Exchange of information on best available technology	
	Participation in transboundary EIA	
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Addressing hydromorphological alterations	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Joint communication strategy	
	Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	
	Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	
	Capacity-building	
	Any other tasks ( <i>please list</i> ): [fill in]	
h) pera	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces tion of the joint body or mechanism, if any?	with the
	Governance issues	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Unexpected planning delays	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Lack of resources	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Lack of effective measures	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Unexpected extreme events	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	

		Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]	
	(i)	Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet regul	larly?
	Yes [	]/No[]	
	If yes,	, how frequently does it meet?	
		More than once per year	
		Once per year	
		Less than once per year	
	(j) [fill in	What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or mec	hanism?
	(k) coope	Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coastal rate?	State to
Yes [	]/No [		
		please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechani.	
4.		joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated managemen plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of b	-
Yes [	]/No		
If yes,	please	provide further details: [fill in]	
5.	How is the transboundary basin,—sub-basin, part of a basins or group of basins protected, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainable and rational water use?		
	_	ation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and l extraction.	
	Enviro	onmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and nality	
		quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, metals	
	Water	related species and habitats protection	
	Other	measures (please describe): [fill in]	
5.	(a) States	Does your country regularly exchange information and data with other in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	riparian
Yes [	]/No [		
	(b)	If yes, how often:	
		More than once per year	
		Once per year	
		Less than once per year	
	(c) meetin	Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connectings of joint bodies): [fill in]	on with
	(d)	If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?	

Bord	er surfa	ce waters	П	П	
			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
	(a)	If yes, what does the joint monitorin	g cover?		
Yes [	/No [				
7.	part o	e riparian States carry out joint monito of a basin or group of basins?	ring in the trans	boundary bas	sin, sub-basin,
	(h) basin	What are the main benefits of data e or group of basins? (please describe):	-	basin, sub-b	asin, part of a
	Addi	tional comments: [fill in]			
	Other	(please describe): [fill in]			
	Inade	quate resources (technical and/or fina	ncial)		
	Limit	ed spatial coverage			
	Comp	parability of data and information			
	Timii	ng of exchanges			
	Frequ	nency of exchanges			
	(g)	What are the main difficulties and cl	hallenges to data	a exchange,	if applicable?
If yes	s, please	e provide the web address: [fill in]			
Yes [	/No [				
	(f)	Is the database publicly available?			
Yes [	/No [		•		
	(e)	Is there a shared database or information	ation platform?		
		Other comments, e.g. spatial covera in]	ge of data and i	nformation 6	exchange: [fill
		Other subjects (please list): [fill in]			
		Future planned measures with transl- infrastructure development	ooundary impac	ts, such as	
		Climatological information			
		Water abstractions			
		Flows or water levels (including gro	undwater levels	s)	
		Existing hydromorphological alterat	ions (dams, etc.	.)	
		Diffuse pollution sources			
		Point source pollution sources			
		Planned measures taken to prevent, transboundary impacts	control or reduc	ee	
		Emission monitoring data			
		Research activities and application of	of best available	techniques	
		Environmental conditions			

			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
Surfa	ce wate	ers in the entire basin			
Surface waters on the main watercourse					
Surfa	ce wate	ers in part of the basin			
	pleas	e describe [fill in]			
	bounda	ary aquifer(s) (connected ted)			
Aquifer(s) in the territory of one riparian hydraulically connected to a transboundary river or lake					
	(b)	If joint monitoring is carried out, ho	w is this done?		
		National monitoring stations connector common stations	ted through a n	etwork	
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint and agreed methodologies			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint sampling			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common monitoring network			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common agreed parameters			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
	(c) in]	Please describe the main achieveme	nts regarding jo	int monitorir	ng, if any: [fill
	(d)	Please describe any difficulties expe	rienced with jo	int monitorin	ng: [fill in]
8.		Do the riparian States carry out joint assessment of the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?			
Yes [	]/No [	$\boxtimes$			
	If yes, please provide the date of the last or only assessment, the frequency and scope (e.g., surface waters or groundwaters only, pollution sources, etc.) of the assessment, and assessment methodology applied: [fill in]				
9.	Have the riparian States agreed to use joint water quality standards?				
Yes [	]/No [	$\boxtimes$			
	(plea.	s, what standards have been applied, se specify which), or have national ed? [fill in]	_	_	

10.	What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in accidental pollution?	npact of
	Notification and communication	
	Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	$\boxtimes$
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
11.	What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in extreme weather events and climate change?	npact of
	Notification and communication	
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
	Joint climate change adaptation strategy	
	Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	$\boxtimes$
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
12.	Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?	
Yes [	/No ⊠	
<i>If yes</i>	, please provide a brief summary: [fill in]	
13.	Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water manin the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	agement
Yes [	/No ⊠	
	If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)	
	Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	
	Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	
	Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
	If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	
	Intergovernmental organizations	
	Private sectors organizations or associations	
	Water user groups or associations	
	Academic or research institutions	
	Other non-governmental organizations	
	General public	

Other (please specify): [fill in]	
Availability of information to the public	
Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans <sup>35</sup>	
Public involvement	
Other (please specify): [fill in]	
Questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin, or gro (river, lake or aquifer)	up of basins
Please complete this second section for each transboundary basin (river or laquifer), sub-basin, part of a basin or a group of basins covered by the same arrangement where conditions are similar. <sup>36</sup> In some instances, you may provid on both a basin and one or more of its sub-basins or parts thereof, for example have agreements <sup>37</sup> or arrangements on both the basin and its sub-basin. You me your responses with other States with which your country shares transboundary even prepare a joint report. General information on transboundary water managements are provided in section III and not repeated here.	agreement or e information le, where you ay coordinate ary waters, or
Please reproduce this whole section with its questions for each transboundar basin, part of a basin or group of basins for which you will provide a reply.	y basin, sub-
Name of the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basin or group of bas GERAL AQUIFER	sins: SERRA
List of the riparian States: Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay and Uruguay.	
In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation vor lake basin:	vith the river
Unconfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	
Unconfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Confined aquifer connected to surface water	$\boxtimes$
Confined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Other	
Please describe: [fill in]	
Unknown	
Percentage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of group of basins: 4,94%	of a basin or

II.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

In principle, section II should be submitted for every transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, in the country, but States may decide to group basins in which their share is small or leave out basins in which their share is very minor, e.g., below 1 per cent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> In section II, "agreement" covers all kinds of treaties, conventions and agreements ensuring cooperation in the field of transboundary waters. Section II can also be completed for other types of arrangements, such as memorandums of understanding.

1.	Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agreement(s) or arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?		
	One o	or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force	
		ement or arrangement developed but not in force	
		ement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians	
		e insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s) [fill in]	
		ement or arrangement is under development	
	_	greement or arrangement	
	If the	re is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please explaint and provide information on any plans to address the situation:	n briefly
trans quest	bound: ion 4;	no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism ary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then jif there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or meduestion 3.	jump to
	gemen	and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agree at in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin of	
2.	(a)	Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to coope	ration?
	Yes [	]/No	
	If yes	, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States	?
	Yes [	]/No	
	Addit	ional explanations? [fill in]	
	Or, if basin	the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the er?	tire sub-
	Yes [	]/No	
	Addit	ional explanations? [fill in]	
	Which States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrangement (Please list): [fill in]		
	(b) does i	If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or suit also cover aquifers?	ıb-basin,
	Yes	]/No	
	If yes	, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [fill	in]
	(c)	What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?	
		All water uses	
		A single water use or sector	
		Several water uses or sectors	
	If one	or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriate):	
	Wate	r uses or sectors	

	Industry	
	Agriculture	
	Transport (e.g., navigation)	
	Households	
	Energy: hydropower and other energy types	
	Fisheries	
	Tourism	
	Nature protection	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(d) arrar	What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agement?	agreement or
	Procedural and institutional issues	
	Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	
	Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	
	Consultation on planned measures	
	Mutual assistance	
	Topics of cooperation	
	Joint vision and management objectives	
	Joint significant water management issues	
	Navigation	
	Human health	
	Environmental protection (ecosystem)	
	Water quality	
	Water quantity or allocation	
	Cooperation in addressing floods	
	Cooperation in addressing droughts	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Monitoring and exchange	
	Joint assessments	
	Data collection and exchange	
	Joint monitoring	
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Common early warning and alarm procedures	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on planned measures	

		Joint planning and management	
		Development of joint regulations on specific topics	
		Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
		Management of shared infrastructure	
		Development of shared infrastructure	
		Other (please list): [fill in]	
	(e) agreer	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces ment or arrangement and its implementation, if any?	with the
		Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	
		Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	
		Lack of financial resources	
		Insufficient human capacity	
		Insufficient technical capacity	
		Tense diplomatic relations	
		Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
		No significant difficulties	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(f) arrang	What are the main achievements in implementing the agreen gement and what were the keys to achieving such success? [fill in]	nent or
		Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide to so of the document (please attach document or insert web ada trable): [fill in]	
3.	-	ar country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agreement?	ment or
Yes [	]/No [		
If no,	why no	t? (please explain): [fill in]	
When	re there	e is a joint body or mechanism	
	(a) (pleas	If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or mechanism which kind of joint body or mechanism.	chanism
		Plenipotentiaries	
		Bilateral commission	
		Basin or similar commission	
		Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(b) basin.	Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary bas part of a basin or group of basins?	sin, sub-

Yes [	]/No [			
	(c) mecha	Which States (including your own) are members of the joint inism? (Please list): [fill in]	body (	<b>)</b> 1
	(d) mecha	Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint mism? (please list): [fill in]	body o	<b>)</b> 1
	(e) the joi	If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism hant body or mechanism cooperate with them?	ow doe	38
		No cooperation		
		They have observer status		
		Other (please describe): [fill in]		
	(f) tick th	Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following features <i>e ones applicable</i> )?	s (pleas	36
		A secretariat		
		If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secreta does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe): [fill in		))
		A subsidiary body or bodies		
		Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]		
		Other features (please list): [fill in]		
	(g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism? <sup>38</sup>		
		Identification of pollution sources		
		Data collection and exchange		
		Joint monitoring		
		Maintenance of joint pollution inventories		
		Setting emission limits		
		Elaboration of joint water quality objectives		
		Management and prevention of flood or drought risks		
		Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures		
		Surveillance and early warning of water related disease		
		Water allocation and/or flow regulation		
		Policy development		
		Control of implementation		
		Exchange of experience between riparian States		
		Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations		

This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

	Settling of differences and conflicts	
	Consultations on planned measures	
	Exchange of information on best available technology	
	Participation in transboundary EIA	
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Addressing hydromorphological alterations	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Joint communication strategy	
	Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	
	Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	
	Capacity-building	
	Any other tasks ( <i>please list</i> ): [fill in]	
(h) operat	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces tion of the joint body or mechanism, if any?	with the
	Governance issues	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Unexpected planning delays	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Lack of resources	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Lack of effective measures	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Unexpected extreme events	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]	
(i)	Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet regu	larly?
Yes [	]/No[_	
If yes,	how frequently does it meet?	
	More than once per year	
	Once per year	

inism?
tate to
aic io
es also 1? [fill
olan or ins?
basins le and
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parian
with

	Diffuse pollution sources				
	Existing hydromorphological alterati	ons (dams, etc.	)		
	Flows or water levels (including ground	undwater levels	s)		
	Water abstractions				
	Climatological information				
	Future planned measures with transb infrastructure development	oundary impac	ts, such as		
	Other subjects (please list): [fill in]				
	Other comments, e.g. spatial coveragin]	ge of data and i	nformation e	xchange: [fill	
(6	e) Is there a shared database or informa	tion platform?			
Yes //	No 🗌				
(f	Is the database publicly available?				
Yes //	No 🗌				
If yes, pl	ease provide the web address: [fill in]				
(g	(g) What are the main difficulties and challenges to data exchange, if applicable?				
F	requency of exchanges				
T	iming of exchanges				
C	omparability of data and information				
L	imited spatial coverage				
Inadequate resources (technical and/or financial)					
Other (please describe): [fill in]					
A	dditional comments: [fill in]				
	n) What are the main benefits of data exasin or group of basins? ( <i>please describe</i> ):	-	basin, sub-ba	asin, part of a	
	o the riparian States carry out joint monitor art of a basin or group of basins?	ring in the trans	boundary bas	in, sub-basin,	
Yes //	No 🔀				
(2	a) If yes, what does the joint monitoring	g cover?			
		Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical	
Border s	urface waters				
Surface	waters in the entire basin				
Surface watercou	waters on the main				
Surface	waters in part of the basin				
מ	lease describe [fill in]				

			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
	bound	ary aquifer(s) (connected ted)			
ripari	Aquifer(s) in the territory of one riparian hydraulically connected to a transboundary river or lake				
	(b)	If joint monitoring is carried out, ho	w is this done?		
	(0)	National monitoring stations connec or common stations		etwork	
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint and agreed methodologies			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint sampling			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common monitoring network			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common agreed parameters			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
	(c) in]	Please describe the main achievemen	nts regarding jo	int monitorin	g, if any: [fill
	(d)	Please describe any difficulties expe	rienced with jo	int monitorin	g: [fill in]
8.		he riparian States carry out joint asse , part of a basin or group of basins?	ssment of the	transboundar	y basin, sub-
Yes [	]/No [	$\boxtimes$			
	(e.g.,	s, please provide the date of the last or surface waters or groundwaters only, ussessment methodology applied: [fill i	pollution sourc		
9.	Have	the riparian States agreed to use joint	water quality s	tandards?	
Yes [	]/No [	$\boxtimes$			
	(plea	s, what standards have been applied, se specify which), or have national ed? [fill in]	_	_	
10.		are the measures implemented to pre- ental pollution?	vent or limit th	e transbound	ary impact of
		Notification and communication			
		Coordinated or joint early warning o water pollution	r alarm system	for accidenta	al
		Other (please list): [fill in]			
		No measures			$\boxtimes$

	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
11.	What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary is extreme weather events and climate change?	mpact of
	Notification and communication	
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
	Joint climate change adaptation strategy	
	Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	$\boxtimes$
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
12.	Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?	
Yes [	]/No ⊠	
If yes	, please provide a brief summary: [fill in]	
13.	Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water man in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	agement
Yes [	]/No ⊠	
	If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)	
	Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	
	Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	
	Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
	If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	
	Intergovernmental organizations	
	Private sectors organizations or associations	
	Water user groups or associations	
	Academic or research institutions	
	Other non-governmental organizations	
	General public	
	Other (please specify): [fill in]	
	Availability of information to the public	
	Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans <sup>39</sup>	П
	Public involvement	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

#### II. Questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin, or group of basins (river, lake or aquifer)

Please complete this second section for each transboundary basin (river or lake basin, or aquifer), sub-basin, part of a basin or a group of basins covered by the same agreement or arrangement where conditions are similar. 40 In some instances, you may provide information on both a basin and one or more of its sub-basins or parts thereof, for example, where you have agreements <sup>41</sup> or arrangements on both the basin and its sub-basin. You may coordinate your responses with other States with which your country shares transboundary waters, or even prepare a joint report. General information on transboundary water management at the national level should be provided in section III and not repeated here.

Please reproduce this whole section with its questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins for which you will provide a reply.

Name of the transboundary basin,—sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: BAURU-CAIUÁ AQUIFER

In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation with the river

List of the riparian States: Brazil and Paraguay

or lake basin:

Unco	nfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	$\boxtimes$
Unco	nfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Confined aquifer connected to surface water		
Confi	ned aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Other		
Please	e describe: [fill in]	
Unkn	own	
	entage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of p of basins: $4{,}15\%$	a basin or
1.	Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agree arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins	` '
	One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force	
	Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force	
	Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians	

Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s) [fill in]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> In principle, section II should be submitted for every transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, in the country, but States may decide to group basins in which their share is small or leave out basins in which their share is very minor, e.g., below 1 per cent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> In section II, "agreement" covers all kinds of treaties, conventions and agreements ensuring cooperation in the field of transboundary waters. Section II can also be completed for other types of arrangements, such as memorandums of understanding.

	Agre	ement or arrangement is under development	
	No a	greement or arrangement	$\boxtimes$
		ere is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please expland not and provide information on any plans to address the situation. ity.	
trans quest	bound ion 4;	no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism lary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or mo question 3.	jump to
	igemei	2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agree nt in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin	
2.	(a)	Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to coop	eration?
	Yes [	/No	
	If yes	s, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian State	es?
	Yes [	/No	
	Addi	tional explanations? [fill in]	
	Or, if basin	f the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the end?	ntire sub-
	Yes [	/No	
	Addi	tional explanations? [fill in]	
		ch States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrange list): [fill in]	ngement?
	(b) does	If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or s it also cover aquifers?	sub-basin,
	Yes [	/No	
	If yes	s, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [fil	l in]
	(c)	What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?	
		All water uses	
		A single water use or sector	
		Several water uses or sectors	
	If one	e or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriate):	
	Wate	er uses or sectors	
		Industry	
		Agriculture	
		Transport (e.g., navigation)	
		Households	
		Energy: hydropower and other energy types	
		Fisheries	

	Tourism	
	Nature protection	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(d) arrang	What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agreement?	eement or
	Procedural and institutional issues	
	Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	
	Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	
	Consultation on planned measures	
	Mutual assistance	
	Topics of cooperation	
	Joint vision and management objectives	
	Joint significant water management issues	
	Navigation	
	Human health	
	Environmental protection (ecosystem)	
	Water quality	
	Water quantity or allocation	
	Cooperation in addressing floods	
	Cooperation in addressing droughts	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Monitoring and exchange	
	Joint assessments	
	Data collection and exchange	
	Joint monitoring	
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Common early warning and alarm procedures	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on planned measures	
	Joint planning and management	
	Development of joint regulations on specific topics	
	Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Development of shared infrastructure	

		Other (please list): [fill in]	
	(e) agreei	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country farment or arrangement and its implementation, if any?	ces with the
		Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	
		Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	
		Lack of financial resources	
		Insufficient human capacity	
		Insufficient technical capacity	
		Tense diplomatic relations	
		Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
		No significant difficulties	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(f) arrang	What are the main achievements in implementing the agreement and what were the keys to achieving such success? [fill in]	reement or
		Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provises of the document (please attach document or insert web cable): [fill in]	
3.	-	or country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agreement?	greement or
Yes [	]/No [		
f no,	why no	t? (please explain): [fill in]	
Whei	e there	e is a joint body or mechanism	
	(a) (pleas	If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or se tick one)?	mechanism
		Plenipotentiaries	
		Bilateral commission	
		Basin or similar commission	
		Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(b) basin,	Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary part of a basin or group of basins?	basin, sub-
Yes [	]/No [		
	(c) mecha	Which States (including your own) are members of the join anism? (Please list): [fill in]	nt body or
	(d) mecha	Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joi anism? (please list): [fill in]	nt body or
	(e)	If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism cooperate with them?	m how does

	No cooperation		
	They have observer status		
	Other (please describe): [fill in]		
(f) tick the	Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following features <i>e ones applicable</i> )?	(ple	ase
	A secretariat		
	If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secreta does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe): [fill in]		or
	A subsidiary body or bodies		
	Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]		
	Other features (please list): [fill in]		
(g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism? <sup>42</sup>		
	Identification of pollution sources		
	Data collection and exchange		
	Joint monitoring		
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories		
	Setting emission limits		
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives		
	Management and prevention of flood or drought risks		
	Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures		
	Surveillance and early warning of water related disease		
	Water allocation and/or flow regulation		
	Policy development		
	Control of implementation		
	Exchange of experience between riparian States		
	Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations		
	Settling of differences and conflicts		
	Consultations on planned measures		
	Exchange of information on best available technology		
	Participation in transboundary EIA		
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans		

This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

		Management of shared infrastructure	
		Addressing hydromorphological alterations	
		Climate change adaptation	
		Joint communication strategy	
		Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	
		Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	
		Capacity-building	
		Any other tasks (please list): [fill in]	
	(h) operat	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces ion of the joint body or mechanism, if any?	with the
		Governance issues	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Unexpected planning delays	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Lack of resources	
		Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
		Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	
		Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
		Lack of effective measures	
		Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
		Unexpected extreme events	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]	
	(i)	Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet regula	arly?
	Yes [	]/No[	
	If yes,	how frequently does it meet?	
		More than once per year	
		Once per year	
		Less than once per year	
	(j) [fill in	What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or mech ]	nanism?
	(k) cooper	Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coastal rate?	State to
Yes	]/No [		

If yes, please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal States also riparian States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechanism? [fill in] 4. Have joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management plan or action plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins? Yes □/No⊠ *If yes, please provide further details:* [fill in] How is the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basins or group of basins protected, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainable and rational water use? Regulation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and П gravel extraction. Environmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and seasonality Water quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, heavy metals Water-related species and habitats protection Other measures (please describe): [fill in] 6. Does your country regularly exchange information and data with other riparian States in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins? Yes □/No ⊠ (b) If yes, how often: More than once per year Once per year Less than once per year Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connection with meetings of joint bodies): [fill in] If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged? (d) П Environmental conditions Research activities and application of best available techniques Emission monitoring data Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts Point source pollution sources Diffuse pollution sources Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.) Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels) Water abstractions Climatological information

	Future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development				
		Other subjects (please list): [fill in]			
		Other comments, e.g. spatial coveragin]	ge of data and in	nformation ex	xchange: [fill
	(e)	Is there a shared database or information	tion platform?		
Yes [	]/No [				
	(f)	Is the database publicly available?			
Yes [	]/No [				
If yes,	please	provide the web address: [fill in]			
	(g)	What are the main difficulties and ch	allenges to data	a exchange, i	f applicable?
	Freque	ency of exchanges			
	Timin	g of exchanges			
	Comp	arability of data and information			
	Limite	ed spatial coverage			
	Inadeo	quate resources (technical and/or finan	cial)		
	Other	(please describe): [fill in]			
	Additional comments: [fill in]				
	(h) What are the main benefits of data exchange on the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins? ( <i>please describe</i> ): [fill in]				
7.		e riparian States carry out joint monitor f a basin or group of basins?	ing in the transb	ooundary bas	in, sub-basin,
Yes [	]/No [>				
	(a)	If yes, what does the joint monitoring	g cover?		
			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
Border	r surfac	ee waters			
Surfac	e wate	rs in the entire basin			
Surface waters on the main watercourse		rs on the main			
Surface waters in part of the basin					
please describe [fill in]					
Transboundary aquifer(s) (connected or unconnected)					
riparia	n hydr	the territory of one aulically connected to a y river or lake			

(b) If joint monitoring is carried out, how is this done?

		National monitoring stations connected through a network or common stations	
		Please describe: [fill in]	
		Joint and agreed methodologies	
		Please describe: [fill in]	
		Joint sampling	
		Please describe: [fill in]	
		Common monitoring network	
		Please describe: [fill in]	
		Common agreed parameters	
		Please describe: [fill in]	
	(c) in]	Please describe the main achievements regarding joint monitoring, if a	any: [fill
	(d)	Please describe any difficulties experienced with joint monitoring: [fil	ll in]
8.		e riparian States carry out joint assessment of the transboundary bas part of a basin or group of basins?	sin, sub-
Yes [	]/No [>		
	(e.g., s	please provide the date of the last or only assessment, the frequency ar surface waters or groundwaters only, pollution sources, etc.) of the assessessment methodology applied: [fill in]	_
9.	Have	the riparian States agreed to use joint water quality standards?	
Yes [	]/No [>		
	(pleas	what standards have been applied, e.g. international or regional stee specify which), or have national standards of the riparian Stated? [fill in]	
10.		are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in ental pollution?	npact of
		Notification and communication	
		Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution	
		Other (please list): [fill in]	
		No measures	$\boxtimes$
		If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
11.		are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in the weather events and climate change?	npact of
		Notification and communication	
		Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	
		Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
		Joint climate change adaptation strategy	

	Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	$\boxtimes$
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
12.	Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?	
Yes [	]/No ⊠	
If yes,	, please provide a brief summary: [fill in]	
13.	Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water mans in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	agement
Yes [	]/No ⊠	
	If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)	
	Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	
	Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	
	Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
	If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	
	Intergovernmental organizations	
	Private sectors organizations or associations	
	Water user groups or associations	
	Academic or research institutions	
	Other non-governmental organizations	
	General public	
	Other (please specify): [fill in]	
	Availability of information to the public	
	Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans <sup>43</sup>	
	Public involvement	
	Other (please specify): [fill in]	

# II. Questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin, or group of basins (river, lake or aquifer)

Please complete this second section for each transboundary basin (river or lake basin, or aquifer), sub-basin, part of a basin or a group of basins covered by the same agreement or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

arrangement where conditions are similar.<sup>44</sup> In some instances, you may provide information on both a basin and one or more of its sub-basins or parts thereof, for example, where you have agreements<sup>45</sup> or arrangements on both the basin and its sub-basin. You may coordinate your responses with other States with which your country shares transboundary waters, or even prepare a joint report. General information on transboundary water management at the national level should be provided in section III and not repeated here.

Please reproduce this whole section with its questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins for which you will provide a reply.

#### Name of the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: PANTANAL AQUIFER

In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation with the river

List of the riparian States: Bolivia, Brazil and Paraguay

or la	ke basin:	
Unco	onfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	$\boxtimes$
Unco	onfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Conf	ined aquifer connected to surface water	
Conf	ined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Othe	r	
Pleas	e describe: [fill in]	
Unkr	nown	
	entage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of p of basins: $1,91\%$	a basin or
1.	Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agreed arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	
	One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force	
	Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force	
	Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians	
	Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s) [fill in]	
	Agreement or arrangement is under development	
	No agreement or arrangement	$\boxtimes$
	If there is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please explicitly why not and provide information on any plans to address the situation priority.	

If there is no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism for the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then jump to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> In principle, section II should be submitted for every transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, in the country, but States may decide to group basins in which their share is small or leave out basins in which their share is very minor, e.g., below 1 per cent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> In section II, "agreement" covers all kinds of treaties, conventions and agreements ensuring cooperation in the field of transboundary waters. Section II can also be completed for other types of arrangements, such as memorandums of understanding.

question 4; if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or mechanism then go to question 3.

Questions 2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agreement or arrangement in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins.

2.	(a)	Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to coope	ration?	
	Yes [	]/No		
	If yes	, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States	?	
	Yes [	]/No		
	Addit	ional explanations? [fill in]		
	Or, if basin's	the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the er?	tire sub-	
	Yes [	]/No		
	Addit	ional explanations? [fill in]		
		h States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrange list): [fill in]	gement's	
	(b) does i	If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or sut also cover aquifers?	ıb-basin	
	Yes [	]/No		
	If yes, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [fill in]			
	(c)	What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?		
		All water uses		
		A single water use or sector		
		Several water uses or sectors		
	<i>If one</i>	or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriate):		
	Wate	r uses or sectors		
		Industry		
		Agriculture		
		Transport (e.g., navigation)		
		Households		
		Energy: hydropower and other energy types		
		Fisheries		
		Tourism		
		Nature protection		
		Other (please list): [fill in]		
	(d)	What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agree	ment of	

Procedural and institutional issues

arrangement?

	Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	
	Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	
	Consultation on planned measures	
	Mutual assistance	
	Topics of cooperation	
	Joint vision and management objectives	
	Joint significant water management issues	
	Navigation	
	Human health	
	Environmental protection (ecosystem)	
	Water quality	
	Water quantity or allocation	
	Cooperation in addressing floods	
	Cooperation in addressing droughts	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Monitoring and exchange	
	Joint assessments	
	Data collection and exchange	
	Joint monitoring	
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Common early warning and alarm procedures	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on planned measures	
	Joint planning and management	
	Development of joint regulations on specific topics	
	Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin	
	management or action plans	
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Development of shared infrastructure	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(e) agreer	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces ment or arrangement and its implementation, if any?	with the
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	

		Lack of financial resources	
		Insufficient human capacity	
		Insufficient technical capacity	
		Tense diplomatic relations	
		Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
		No significant difficulties	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(f) arrang	What are the main achievements in implementing the agreer gement and what were the keys to achieving such success? [fill in]	nent or
		Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide as of the document (please attach document or insert web addiable): [fill in]	
3.	-	ar country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agree gement?	ment or
Yes [	]/No [		
If no,	why not	t? (please explain): [fill in]	
Wher	e there	is a joint body or mechanism	
	(a) (pleas	If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or medetick one)?	chanism
		Plenipotentiaries	
		Bilateral commission	
		Basin or similar commission	
		Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(b) basin,	Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary bas part of a basin or group of basins?	sin, sub-
Yes [	]/No [		
	(c) mecha	Which States (including your own) are members of the joint busism? (Please list): [fill in]	oody or
	(d) mecha	Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint mism? (please list): [fill in]	body or
	(e) the joi	If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism h nt body or mechanism cooperate with them?	ow does
		No cooperation	
		They have observer status	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(f) tick th	Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following features <i>e ones applicable</i> )?	(please
		A secretariat	

	If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secret does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe): [fill in	or
	A subsidiary body or bodies	
	Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]	
	Other features (please list): [fill in]	
(g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism? <sup>46</sup>	
	Identification of pollution sources	
	Data collection and exchange	
	Joint monitoring	
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Setting emission limits	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	
	Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	
	Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	
	Water allocation and/or flow regulation	
	Policy development	
	Control of implementation	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	
	Settling of differences and conflicts	
	Consultations on planned measures	
	Exchange of information on best available technology	
	Participation in transboundary EIA	
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Addressing hydromorphological alterations	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Joint communication strategy	
	Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	

This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

		Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	
		Capacity-building	
		Any other tasks ( <i>please list</i> ): [fill in]	
	(h) operat	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces tion of the joint body or mechanism, if any?	with the
	1	Governance issues	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Unexpected planning delays	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Lack of resources	
		Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
		Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	
		Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
		Lack of effective measures	
		Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
		Unexpected extreme events	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]	
	(i)	Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet regul	arly?
	Yes [	]/No[]	
	If yes,	how frequently does it meet?	
		More than once per year	
		Once per year	
		Less than once per year	
	(j) [fill in	What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or mecla.]	hanism?
	(k) coope	Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coastal rate?	State to
Yes [	]/No [		
		please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal Sta an States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechanis	
4.		joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basin	
Yes	]/No		
If yes,	please	provide further details: [fill in]	

4.

5.	protec	How is the transboundary basin,—sub-basin, part of a basins or group of basins protected, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainable and rational water use?			
	_	lation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and l extraction.			
	Envir seaso	onmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and nality			
		r quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, r metals			
	Water	r-related species and habitats protection			
	Other	measures (please describe): [fill in]			
6.	(a) States	Does your country regularly exchange information and data with o in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	ther riparian		
Yes [	]/No [	riangle			
	(b)	If yes, how often:			
		More than once per year			
		Once per year			
		Less than once per year			
	(c) meeti	Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connngs of joint bodies): [fill in]	ection with		
	(d)	If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?			
		Environmental conditions			
		Research activities and application of best available techniques			
		Emission monitoring data			
		Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts			
		Point source pollution sources			
		Diffuse pollution sources			
		Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.)			
		Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels)			
		Water abstractions			
		Climatological information			
		Future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development			
		Other subjects (please list): [fill in]			
		Other comments, e.g. spatial coverage of data and information ex in]	change: [fill		
	(e)	Is there a shared database or information platform?			
Yes [	/No [				

	(f)	Is the database publicly available?						
Yes [	/No [							
If yes	, please	e provide the web address: [fill in]						
	(g) What are the main difficulties and challenges to data exchange, if applicable?							
	Frequency of exchanges							
	Timing of exchanges							
	Comparability of data and information							
	Limited spatial coverage							
	Inadequate resources (technical and/or financial)							
	Other	r (please describe): [fill in]						
	Addi	tional comments: [fill in]						
	(h) basin	What are the main benefits of data or group of basins? (please describe)	-	basin, sub-b	asin, part of a			
7.		ne riparian States carry out joint monitor of a basin or group of basins?	oring in the trans	boundary ba	sin, sub-basin,			
Yes [	]/No [	$\boxtimes$						
	(a)	If yes, what does the joint monitoring	ng cover?					
			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical			
Bord	er surfa	ace waters						
Surfa	ice wate	ers in the entire basin						
	ice wate	ers on the main						
Surfa	ice wate	ers in part of the basin						
	pleas	e describe [fill in]						
	sbounda connec	ary aquifer(s) (connected ted)						
ripari	ian hyd	n the territory of one raulically connected to a ry river or lake						
	(b)	If joint monitoring is carried out, ho	ow is this done?					
		National monitoring stations connector common stations	cted through a n	etwork				
		Please describe: [fill in]						
		Joint and agreed methodologies						
		Please describe: [fill in]						
		Joint sampling						
		Please describe: [fill in]						

		Common monitoring network	
		Please describe: [fill in]	
		Common agreed parameters	
		Please describe: [fill in]	
	(c) in]	Please describe the main achievements regarding joint monitoring, if	any: [fill
	(d)	Please describe any difficulties experienced with joint monitoring: [fi	ll in]
8.		e riparian States carry out joint assessment of the transboundary bas part of a basin or group of basins?	sin, sub-
Yes [	]/No [	riangle	
	(e.g.,	please provide the date of the last or only assessment, the frequency as surface waters or groundwaters only, pollution sources, etc.) of the assessessment methodology applied: [fill in]	
9.	Have	the riparian States agreed to use joint water quality standards?	
Yes [	]/No [	riangle	
	(pleas	, what standards have been applied, e.g. international or regional state specify which), or have national standards of the riparian Stated? [fill in]	
10.		are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in ental pollution?	npact of
		Notification and communication	
		Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution	
		Other (please list): [fill in]	
		No measures	$\boxtimes$
		If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
11.		are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in the weather events and climate change?	npact of
		Notification and communication	
		Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	
		Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
		Joint climate change adaptation strategy	
		Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	
		Other (please list): [fill in]	
		No measures	
		If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
12.	Are p	rocedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?	
Yes	]/No [	lacksquare	

*If yes, please provide a brief summary:* [fill in] Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water management in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins? Yes □/No ⊠ If yes, how? (please tick all applicable) Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body *If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism:* [fill in] Intergovernmental organizations Private sectors organizations or associations Water user groups or associations Academic or research institutions Other non-governmental organizations General public Other (please specify): [fill in] Availability of information to the public Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans<sup>47</sup>

### II. Questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin, or group of basins (river, lake or aquifer)

Please complete this second section for each transboundary basin (river or lake basin, or aquifer), sub-basin, part of a basin or a group of basins covered by the same agreement or arrangement where conditions are similar.<sup>48</sup> In some instances, you may provide information on both a basin and one or more of its sub-basins or parts thereof, for example, where you have agreements<sup>49</sup> or arrangements on both the basin and its sub-basin. You may coordinate your responses with other States with which your country shares transboundary waters, or

Public involvement

Other (please specify): [fill in]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> In principle, section II should be submitted for every transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, in the country, but States may decide to group basins in which their share is small or leave out basins in which their share is very minor, e.g., below 1 per cent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> In section II, "agreement" covers all kinds of treaties, conventions and agreements ensuring cooperation in the field of transboundary waters. Section II can also be completed for other types of arrangements, such as memorandums of understanding.

even prepare a joint report. General information on transboundary water management at the national level should be provided in section III and not repeated here.

Please reproduce this whole section with its questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins for which you will provide a reply.

Name of the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: AOUIDAUANA AOUIFER

AQU	IDAUANA AQUIFER	
List o	of the riparian States: Brazil and Paraguay	
	e case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation w ke basin:	ith the river
Unco	onfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	
Unco	onfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Conf	ined aquifer connected to surface water	
Conf	ined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Othe	r	$\boxtimes$
Pleas	e describe: Whole aquifer semiconfined	
Unkr	nown	
	entage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part op of basins: $0.86\%$	f a basin or
1.	Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agree arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basin	
	One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force	
	Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force	
	Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians	
	Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s) [fill in]	
	Agreement or arrangement is under development	
	No agreement or arrangement	$\boxtimes$
	If there is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please ex why not and provide information on any plans to address the situate priority.	
trans ques	ere is no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechan sboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins th tion 4; if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or go to question 3.	en jump to
arra	ctions 2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agreement in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basisins.	
2.	(a) Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to co	ooperation?
	Yes/No	
	If yes, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian S	tates?
	Yes  /No	

Additi	onal explanations? [fill in]	
Or, if the basin?	the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the en	tire sub-
Yes [	]/No [	
Additi	ional explanations? [fill in]	
	n States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrange list): [fill in]	gement?
(b) does it	If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or su talso cover aquifers?	b-basin,
Yes [	]/No [	
If yes,	please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [fill	in]
(c)	What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?	
	All water uses	
	A single water use or sector	
	Several water uses or sectors	
<i>If one</i>	or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriate):	
Water	r uses or sectors	
	Industry	
	Agriculture	
	Transport (e.g., navigation)	
	Households	
	Energy: hydropower and other energy types	
	Fisheries	
	Tourism	
	Nature protection	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(d) arrang	What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agree gement?	ment or
	Procedural and institutional issues	
	Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	
	Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	
	Consultation on planned measures	
	Mutual assistance	
	<b>Topics of cooperation</b>	
	Joint vision and management objectives	
	Joint significant water management issues	
	Navigation	П

	Human health	
	Environmental protection (ecosystem)	
	Water quality	
	Water quantity or allocation	
	Cooperation in addressing floods	
	Cooperation in addressing droughts	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Monitoring and exchange	
	Joint assessments	
	Data collection and exchange	
	Joint monitoring	
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Common early warning and alarm procedures	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on planned measures	
	Joint planning and management	
	Development of joint regulations on specific topics	
	Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Development of shared infrastructure	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(e) agreer	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces ment or arrangement and its implementation, if any?	with the
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	
	Lack of financial resources	
	Insufficient human capacity	
	Insufficient technical capacity	
	Tense diplomatic relations	
	Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
	No significant difficulties	
	Other (please describe): [fill in]	

	` /	What are the main achievements in implementing the agreer ment and what were the keys to achieving such success? [fill in]	nent	or
	address	Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide of the document ( <i>please attach document or insert web adable</i> ): [fill in]		
3.	Is your arrange	country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agree ment?	ment	or
Yes [	]/No [			
If no,	why not?	(please explain): [fill in]		
When	e there i	s a joint body or mechanism		
		If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or medick one)?	chani	sm
	]	Plenipotentiaries		
	]	Bilateral commission		
	]	Basin or similar commission		
	]	Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points		
	(	Other (please describe): [fill in]		
		Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary based art of a basin or group of basins?	sin, sı	ub-
Yes [	]/No [			
		Which States (including your own) are members of the joint laism? (Please list): [fill in]	oody	or
		Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint ism? (please list): [fill in]	body	or
		If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism he tody or mechanism cooperate with them?	ow do	oes
	]	No cooperation		
	-	They have observer status		
	(	Other (please describe): [fill in]		
		Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following features ones applicable)?	(plea	ase
	1	A secretariat		
		If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secreta does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe): [fill in]		or
	1	A subsidiary body or bodies		
	i	Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]		
	(	Other features ( <i>please list</i> ): [fill in]		

(g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism? <sup>50</sup>	
	Identification of pollution sources	
	Data collection and exchange	
	Joint monitoring	
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Setting emission limits	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	
	Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	
	Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	
	Water allocation and/or flow regulation	
	Policy development	
	Control of implementation	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	
	Settling of differences and conflicts	
	Consultations on planned measures	
	Exchange of information on best available technology	
	Participation in transboundary EIA	
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Addressing hydromorphological alterations	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Joint communication strategy	
	Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	
	Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	
	Capacity-building	
	Any other tasks (please list): [fill in]	
(h)	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces	with t

the operation of the joint body or mechanism, if any?

This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

	Governance issues			
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]			
	Unexpected planning delays			
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]			
	Lack of resources			
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]			
	Lack of mechanism for implementing measures			
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]			
	Lack of effective measures			
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]			
	Unexpected extreme events			
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]			
	Lack of information and reliable forecasts			
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]			
	Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]			
	(i) Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet reg	ularly?		
	Yes/No			
	If yes, how frequently does it meet?			
	More than once per year			
	Once per year			
	Less than once per year			
	(j) What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or mo [fill in]	echanism?		
	(k) Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coasta cooperate?	al State to		
Yes [	]/No []			
	If yes, please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal S riparian States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechanin]			
4.	Have joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management action plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of	-		
Yes [	]/No[X]			
If yes,	please provide further details: [fill in]			
5.	How is the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basins or group of basins protected, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainable and rational water use?			
	Regulation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and gravel extraction.			

	Environment Enviro	onmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and nality	
		quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, metals	
	Water	r-related species and habitats protection	
	Other	measures (please describe): [fill in]	
6.	(a) States	Does your country regularly exchange information and data with other in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	riparian
Yes [	]/No [>		
	(b)	If yes, how often:	
		More than once per year	
		Once per year	
		Less than once per year	
	(c) meetii	Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connectings of joint bodies): [fill in]	on with
	(d)	If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?	
		Environmental conditions	
		Research activities and application of best available techniques	
		Emission monitoring data	
		Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts	
		Point source pollution sources	
		Diffuse pollution sources	
		Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.)	
		Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels)	
		Water abstractions	
		Climatological information	
		Future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development	
		Other subjects (please list): [fill in]	
		Other comments, e.g. spatial coverage of data and information exchanin]	nge: [fill
	(e)	Is there a shared database or information platform?	
Yes [	]/No [		
	(f)	Is the database publicly available?	
Yes [	]/No [		
If yes,	please	provide the web address: [fill in]	

What are the main difficulties and challenges to data exchange, if applicable?

(g)

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	Frequ	ency of exchanges				
	Timing of exchanges					
	Comparability of data and information					
	Limited spatial coverage					
	Inade	quate resources (technical and/or finar	ncial)			
	Other	(please describe): [fill in]				
	Addit	ional comments: [fill in]				
	(h) basin	What are the main benefits of data e or group of basins? (please describe):	-	basin, sub-b	asin, pa	rt of a
7.		e riparian States carry out joint monitor f a basin or group of basins?	ring in the trans	boundary bas	sin, sub-	basin,
Yes [		_				
	(a)	If yes, what does the joint monitoring	g cover?			
			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemic	cal
Borde	r curfa	ce waters			$\overline{}$	
		ers in the entire basin				
Surface waters on the main watercourse		ers on the main		Ш		
Surface waters in part of the basin						
please describe [fill in]						
Transboundary aquifer(s) (connected or unconnected)						
Aquifer(s) in the territory of one riparian hydraulically connected to a transboundary river or lake		aulically connected to a				
	(b)	If joint monitoring is carried out, how	w is this done?			
		National monitoring stations connector common stations	ted through a n	etwork		
		Please describe: [fill in]				
		Joint and agreed methodologies				
		Please describe: [fill in]				
		Joint sampling				
		Please describe: [fill in]				
		Common monitoring network				
		Please describe: [fill in]				
		Common agreed parameters				
		Please describe: [fill in]				

	(c) in]	Please describe the main achievements regarding joint monitoring, if a	ıny: [fill
	(d)	Please describe any difficulties experienced with joint monitoring: [fil	1 in]
8.		e riparian States carry out joint assessment of the transboundary bas part of a basin or group of basins?	in, sub-
Yes [	]/No [		
	(e.g., s	please provide the date of the last or only assessment, the frequency are surface waters or groundwaters only, pollution sources, etc.) of the assessment methodology applied: [fill in]	
9.	Have	the riparian States agreed to use joint water quality standards?	
Yes [	]/No [>		
	(pleas	what standards have been applied, e.g. international or regional state specify which), or have national standards of the riparian Stated? [fill in]	
10.		are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in ental pollution?	npact of
		Notification and communication	
		Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution	
		Other (please list): [fill in]	
		No measures	$\boxtimes$
		If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
11.		are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in the weather events and climate change?	npact of
		Notification and communication	
		Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	
		Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
		Joint climate change adaptation strategy	
		Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	
		Other (please list): [fill in]	
		No measures	$\boxtimes$
		If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
12.	Are p	rocedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?	
Yes [	]/No [		
If yes,	please	provide a brief summary: [fill in]	
13.		ne public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water mana basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	agement
Yes□	]/No [>	₹	

If yes, now? (please tick all applicable)	
Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	
Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	
Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	
Intergovernmental organizations	
Private sectors organizations or associations	
Water user groups or associations	
Academic or research institutions	
Other non-governmental organizations	
General public	
Other (please specify): [fill in]	
Availability of information to the public	
Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans <sup>51</sup>	
Public involvement	
Other ( <i>please specify</i> ): [fill in]	

## II. Questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin, or group of basins (river, lake or aquifer)

Please complete this second section for each transboundary basin (river or lake basin, or aquifer), sub-basin, part of a basin or a group of basins covered by the same agreement or arrangement where conditions are similar.<sup>52</sup> In some instances, you may provide information on both a basin and one or more of its sub-basins or parts thereof, for example, where you have agreements<sup>53</sup> or arrangements on both the basin and its sub-basin. You may coordinate your responses with other States with which your country shares transboundary waters, or even prepare a joint report. General information on transboundary water management at the national level should be provided in section III and not repeated here.

Please reproduce this whole section with its questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins for which you will provide a reply.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> In principle, section II should be submitted for every transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, in the country, but States may decide to group basins in which their share is small or leave out basins in which their share is very minor, e.g., below 1 per cent.

In section II, "agreement" covers all kinds of treaties, conventions and agreements ensuring cooperation in the field of transboundary waters. Section II can also be completed for other types of arrangements, such as memorandums of understanding.

Name of the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: PERMO-CARBONÍFERO SYSTEM List of the riparian States: Brazil and Uruguay In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation with the river or lake basin: Unconfined aquifer connected to a river or lake X Unconfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water Confined aquifer connected to surface water Confined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water Other Please describe: [fill in] Unknown Percentage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: 0,44% Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agreement(s) or arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins? One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s) [fill in] Agreement or arrangement is under development No agreement or arrangement If there is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please explain briefly why not and provide information on any plans to address the situation: Lack of

If there is no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism for the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then jump to question 4; if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or mechanism then go to question 3.

priority.

Questions 2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agreement or arrangement in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins

or bas	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
2.	(a)	Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to cooperation?
	Yes	]/No
	If yes	, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States?
	Yes	]/No
	Addit	ional explanations? [fill in]
	Or, if basin	the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the entire sub?
	Yes	7/No □

Addi	tional explanations? [fill in]	
	ch States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arm use list): [fill in]	rangement?
(b) does	If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or it also cover aquifers?	sub-basin,
Yes [	/No	
If yes	s, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [i	fill in]
(c)	What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?	
	All water uses	
	A single water use or sector	
	Several water uses or sectors	
If one	e or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriate):	
Wate	er uses or sectors	
	Industry	
	Agriculture	
	Transport (e.g., navigation)	
	Households	
	Energy: hydropower and other energy types	
	Fisheries	
	Tourism	
	Nature protection	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(d) arran	What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agreement?	reement or
	Procedural and institutional issues	
	Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	
	Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	
	Consultation on planned measures	
	Mutual assistance	
	Topics of cooperation	
	Joint vision and management objectives	
	Joint significant water management issues	
	Navigation	
	Human health	
	Environmental protection (ecosystem)	
	Water quality	
	Water quantity or allocation	

	Cooperation in addressing floods	
	Cooperation in addressing droughts	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Monitoring and exchange	
	Joint assessments	
	Data collection and exchange	
	Joint monitoring	
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Common early warning and alarm procedures	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on planned measures	
	Joint planning and management	
	Development of joint regulations on specific topics	
	Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Development of shared infrastructure	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(e) agreei	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces ment or arrangement and its implementation, if any?	with the
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	
	Lack of financial resources	
	Insufficient human capacity	
	Insufficient technical capacity	
	Tense diplomatic relations	
	Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
	No significant difficulties	
	Other (please describe): [fill in]	
(f) arrang	What are the main achievements in implementing the agreed gement and what were the keys to achieving such success? [fill in]	ment or
	Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide ss of the document ( <i>please attach document or insert web adecable</i> ): [fill in]	

3.		ur country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agree gement?	ment or
Yes [	]/No [		
If no,	why no	ot? (please explain): [fill in]	
Wher	e there	e is a joint body or mechanism	
	(a) (pleas	If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or mese tick one)?	chanism
		Plenipotentiaries	
		Bilateral commission	
		Basin or similar commission	
		Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(b) basin,	Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary bas part of a basin or group of basins?	sin, sub-
Yes [	]/No [		
	(c) mecha	Which States (including your own) are members of the joint lanism? (Please list): [fill in]	ody or
	(d) mecha	Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint anism? (please list): [fill in]	body or
	(e) the jo	If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism h int body or mechanism cooperate with them?	ow does
		No cooperation	
		They have observer status	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(f) tick th	Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following features are ones applicable)?	(please
		A secretariat	
		If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secreta does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe): [fill in]	
		A subsidiary body or bodies	
		Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]	
		Other features (please list): [fill in]	
	(g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism? <sup>54</sup>	
		Identification of pollution sources	
		Data collection and exchange	

This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

	Joint monitoring	
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Setting emission limits	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	
	Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	
	Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	
	Water allocation and/or flow regulation	
	Policy development	
	Control of implementation	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	
	Settling of differences and conflicts	
	Consultations on planned measures	
	Exchange of information on best available technology	
	Participation in transboundary EIA	
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Addressing hydromorphological alterations	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Joint communication strategy	
	Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	
	Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	
	Capacity-building	
	Any other tasks (please list): [fill in]	
(h) operat	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces ion of the joint body or mechanism, if any?	with the
	Governance issues	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Unexpected planning delays	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Lack of resources	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	

	Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Lack of effective measures	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Unexpected extreme events	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]	
	(i) Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet	regularly?
	Yes/No	
	If yes, how frequently does it meet?	
	More than once per year	
	Once per year	
	Less than once per year	
	(j) What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body o [fill in]	r mechanism?
	(k) Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian cocooperate?	oastal State to
Yes	□/No	
	If yes, please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coast riparian States and therefore already members of the joint body or me in]	
4.	Have joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated manag action plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group	-
Yes	/No⊠	
If yes	s, please provide further details: [fill in]	
5.	How is the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basins or group protected, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of surational water use?	
	Regulation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and gravel extraction.	
	Environmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and seasonality	
	Water quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, heavy metals	
	Water-related species and habitats protection	
	Other measures (please describe): [fill in]	

6.	(a) States	Does your country regularly exchange information and data with other in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	riparian
Yes [	]/No [	$ lap{3}$	
	(b)	If yes, how often:	
		More than once per year	
		Once per year	
		Less than once per year	
	(c) meetin	Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connectings of joint bodies): [fill in]	ion with
	(d)	If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?	
		Environmental conditions	
		Research activities and application of best available techniques	
		Emission monitoring data	
		Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts	
		Point source pollution sources	
		Diffuse pollution sources	
		Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.)	
		Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels)	
		Water abstractions	
		Climatological information	
		Future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development	
		Other subjects (please list): [fill in]	
		Other comments, e.g. spatial coverage of data and information exchain]	nge: [fill
	(e)	Is there a shared database or information platform?	
Yes [	]/No [		
	(f)	Is the database publicly available?	
Yes [	]/No [		
If yes,	please	provide the web address: [fill in]	
	(g)	What are the main difficulties and challenges to data exchange, if app	olicable?
	Frequ	ency of exchanges	
	Timin	ng of exchanges	
	Comp	parability of data and information	
	Limite	ed spatial coverage	
	Inade	quate resources (technical and/or financial)	

	Othe	r (please describe): [fill in]			
	Addi	tional comments: [fill in]			
	(h) basin	What are the main benefits of data of or group of basins? (please describe)	-	basin, sub-b	asin, part of a
7.	Do the riparian States carry out joint monitoring in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?				
Yes [	]/No	$\boxtimes$			
	(a)	If yes, what does the joint monitoring	ng cover?		
			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
Bord	er surfa	ace waters			
Surfa	ce wat	ers in the entire basin			
	ce wate	ers on the main			
Surfa	ce wat	ers in part of the basin			
	pleas	e describe [fill in]			
	sbound connec	ary aquifer(s) (connected ted)			
ripari	an hyd	n the territory of one raulically connected to a ry river or lake			
	(b)	If joint monitoring is carried out, ho	ow is this done?		
		National monitoring stations connector common stations	cted through a n	etwork	
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint and agreed methodologies			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint sampling			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common monitoring network			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common agreed parameters			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
	(c) in]	Please describe the main achieveme	ents regarding jo	oint monitorir	ng, if any: [fill
	(d)	Please describe any difficulties expe	erienced with jo	int monitorin	ng: [fill in]
8.	Do t	he riparian States carry out joint asso	essment of the	transbounda	ry basin, sub-

basin, part of a basin or group of basins?

Yes [	]/No ⊠	
	If yes, please provide the date of the last or only assessment, the frequency of (e.g., surface waters or groundwaters only, pollution sources, etc.) of the assand assessment methodology applied: [fill in]	_
9.	Have the riparian States agreed to use joint water quality standards?	
Yes [	]/No ⊠	
	If yes, what standards have been applied, e.g. international or regional standards of the riparian Standards of the riparian Standards (fill in]	
10.	What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary accidental pollution?	impact of
	Notification and communication	
	Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	ı putting
11.	What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary extreme weather events and climate change?	impact of
	Notification and communication	
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
	Joint climate change adaptation strategy	
	Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	n putting
12.	Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?	
Yes [	]/No ⊠	
If yes,	, please provide a brief summary: [fill in]	
13.	Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water main the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	nagement
Yes [	]/No ⊠	
	If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)	
	Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	
	Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	
	Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	

If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	
Intergovernmental organizations	
Private sectors organizations or associations	
Water user groups or associations	
Academic or research institutions	
Other non-governmental organizations	
General public	
Other (please specify): [fill in]	
Availability of information to the public	
Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans <sup>55</sup>	
Public involvement	
Other (please specify): [fill in]	
Questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin, or gre(river, lake or aquifer)	oup of basin
Please complete this second section for each transboundary basin (river or aquifer), sub-basin, part of a basin or a group of basins covered by the same arrangement where conditions are similar. <sup>56</sup> In some instances, you may provid on both a basin and one or more of its sub-basins or parts thereof, for examp have agreements <sup>57</sup> or arrangements on both the basin and its sub-basin. You n your responses with other States with which your country shares transbounde even prepare a joint report. General information on transboundary water mananational level should be provided in section III and not repeated here.	e agreement of de information ple, where you nay coordinat lary waters, of
Please reproduce this whole section with its questions for each transboundarbasin, part of a basin or group of basins for which you will provide a reply.	ıry basin, sub
Name of the transboundary basin,—sub-basin, part of a basin or grouLITORÂNEO SUL AQUIFER (CHUI)	up of basins
List of the riparian States: Brazil and Uruguay	
In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation or lake basin:	with the rive
Unconfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	$\boxtimes$

II.

 $<sup>^{55}\,</sup>$  Or, where applicable, a quifer management plans.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> In principle, section II should be submitted for every transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, in the country, but States may decide to group basins in which their share is small or leave out basins in which their share is very minor, e.g., below 1 per cent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> In section II, "agreement" covers all kinds of treaties, conventions and agreements ensuring cooperation in the field of transboundary waters. Section II can also be completed for other types of arrangements, such as memorandums of understanding.

Unco	onfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Conf	fined aquifer connected to surface water	
Conf	ined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Othe	r	
Pleas	se describe: [fill in]	
Unkr	nown	
	entage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of a p of basins: $0.31\%$	basin or
1.	Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agreem arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	ent(s) or
	One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force	
	Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force	
	Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians	
	Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s) [fill in]	
	Agreement or arrangement is under development	
	No agreement or arrangement	$\boxtimes$
	If there is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please explawhy not and provide information on any plans to address the situation: priority.	
trans ques	tere is no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism shoundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then tion 4; if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or me go to question 3.	jump to
arra	stions 2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agree ngement in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin asins.	
2.	(a) Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to coope Yes/No	eration?
	If yes, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian State	s?
	Yes □/No □	
	Additional explanations? [fill in]	
	Or, if the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the e basin?	ntire sub-
	Yes □/No □	
	Additional explanations? [fill in]	
	Which States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arran (Please list): [fill in]	ngement?
	(b) If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or s does it also cover aquifers?	ub-basin,
	Yes □/No □	

If yes	, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [fill	l in]
(c)	What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?	
	All water uses	
	A single water use or sector	
	Several water uses or sectors	
If one	or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriate):	
Wate	er uses or sectors	
	Industry	
	Agriculture	
	Transport (e.g., navigation)	
	Households	
	Energy: hydropower and other energy types	
	Fisheries	
	Tourism	
	Nature protection	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(d) arrang	What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agree gement?	ement or
	Procedural and institutional issues	
	Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	
	Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	
	Consultation on planned measures	
	Mutual assistance	
	Topics of cooperation	
	Joint vision and management objectives	
	Joint significant water management issues	
	Navigation	
	Human health	
	Environmental protection (ecosystem)	
	Water quality	
	Water quantity or allocation	
	Cooperation in addressing floods	
	Cooperation in addressing droughts	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Monitoring and exchange	
	Joint assessments	

		Data collection and exchange	
		Joint monitoring	
		Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
		Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
		Common early warning and alarm procedures	
		Exchange of experience between riparian States	
		Exchange of information on planned measures	
		Joint planning and management	
		Development of joint regulations on specific topics	
		Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
		Management of shared infrastructure	
		Development of shared infrastructure	
		Other (please list): [fill in]	
	(e) agreen	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces ment or arrangement and its implementation, if any?	with the
		Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	
		Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	
		Lack of financial resources	
		Insufficient human capacity	
		Insufficient technical capacity	
		Tense diplomatic relations	
		Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
		No significant difficulties	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(f) arrang	What are the main achievements in implementing the agreen tement and what were the keys to achieving such success? [fill in]	nent or
		Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide to so of the document (please attach document or insert web add able): [fill in]	
3.	-	ar country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agreement?	ment or
Yes [	]/No [		
If no, 1	why not	t? (please explain): [fill in]	
Wher	e there	is a joint body or mechanism	
	(a) (pleas	If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or med e tick one)?	chanism

3.

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		Plenipotentiaries	
		Bilateral commission	
		Basin or similar commission	
		Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(b) basin,	Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary bar part of a basin or group of basins?	sin, sub-
Yes [	]/No [		
	(c) mecha	Which States (including your own) are members of the joint anism? (Please list): [fill in]	ody or
	(d) mecha	Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint anism? (please list): [fill in]	body or
	(e) the join	If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism hint body or mechanism cooperate with them?	ow does
		No cooperation	
		They have observer status	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(f) tick th	Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following features the ones applicable)?	(please
		A secretariat	
		If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secreta does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe): [fill in]	
		A subsidiary body or bodies	
		Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]	
		Other features (please list): [fill in]	
	(g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism? <sup>58</sup>	
		Identification of pollution sources	
		Data collection and exchange	
		Joint monitoring	
		Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
		Setting emission limits	
		Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
		Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	
		Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	

This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

	Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	
	Water allocation and/or flow regulation	
	Policy development	
	Control of implementation	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	
	Settling of differences and conflicts	
	Consultations on planned measures	
	Exchange of information on best available technology	
	Participation in transboundary EIA	
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Addressing hydromorphological alterations	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Joint communication strategy	
	Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	
	Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	
	Capacity-building	
	Any other tasks (please list): [fill in]	
(h) operat	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces tion of the joint body or mechanism, if any?	with the
	Governance issues	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Unexpected planning delays	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Lack of resources	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Lack of effective measures	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Unexpected extreme events	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Lack of information and reliable forecasts	

		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]	
	(i)	Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet regu	larly?
	Yes	]/No	
	If yes	, how frequently does it meet?	
		More than once per year	
		Once per year	
		Less than once per year	
	(j) [fill in	What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or med	hanism?
	(k) coope	Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coastal rate?	State to
Yes [	]/No [		
		please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal Standard an States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechani	
4.		joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of b	_
Yes [	]/No		
If yes,	please	provide further details: [fill in]	
5.	protec	is the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basins or group of ted, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustain al water use?	
		ation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and l extraction.	
	Enviro	onmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and nality	
		quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, metals	
	Water	related species and habitats protection	
	Other	measures (please describe): [fill in]	
6.	(a) States	Does your country regularly exchange information and data with other in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	riparian
Yes [	]/No [		
	(b)	If yes, how often:	
		More than once per year	
		Once per year	
		Less than once per year	
	(c) meetin	Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connectings of joint bodies): [fill in]	on with

	(d)	If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?	
		Environmental conditions	
		Research activities and application of best available techniques	
		Emission monitoring data	
		Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts	
		Point source pollution sources	
		Diffuse pollution sources	
		Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.)	
		Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels)	
		Water abstractions	
		Climatological information	
		Future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development	
		Other subjects (please list): [fill in]	
		Other comments, e.g. spatial coverage of data and information exchanin]	nge: [fill
	(e)	Is there a shared database or information platform?	
Yes [	]/No [	]	
	(f)	Is the database publicly available?	
Yes [	]/No [	]	
If yes,	please	provide the web address: [fill in]	
	(g)	What are the main difficulties and challenges to data exchange, if app	licable?
	Freque	ency of exchanges	
	Timing	g of exchanges	
	Compa	arability of data and information	
	Limite	d spatial coverage	
	Inadeq	quate resources (technical and/or financial)	
	Other	(please describe): [fill in]	
	Additi	onal comments: [fill in]	
	(h) basin o	What are the main benefits of data exchange on the basin, sub-basin, por group of basins? ( <i>please describe</i> ): [fill in]	part of a
7.		riparian States carry out joint monitoring in the transboundary basin, su a basin or group of basins?	b-basin,
Yes [	]/No 🔀		
	(a)	If yes, what does the joint monitoring cover?	

			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
Borde	er surfa	ce waters			
Surfa	ce wate	ers in the entire basin			
	ce wate	ers on the main			
Surfa	ce wate	ers in part of the basin			
	please	e describe [fill in]			
	bounda connect	ary aquifer(s) (connected ted)			
ripari	an hydr	the territory of one raulically connected to a ry river or lake			
	(b)	If joint monitoring is carried out, how	w is this done?		
		National monitoring stations connector common stations	ted through a n	etwork	
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint and agreed methodologies			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint sampling			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common monitoring network			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common agreed parameters			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
	(c) in]	Please describe the main achievemen	nts regarding jo	int monitorin	g, if any: [fill
	(d)	Please describe any difficulties expe	rienced with jo	int monitorin	g: [fill in]
8.	Do the riparian States carry out joint assessment of the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?				
Yes [	]/No [	$\boxtimes$			
	If yes, please provide the date of the last or only assessment, the frequency and scope (e.g., surface waters or groundwaters only, pollution sources, etc.) of the assessment, and assessment methodology applied: [fill in]				
9.	Have	the riparian States agreed to use joint	water quality s	tandards?	
Yes [	]/No [	$\boxtimes$			
	If yes, what standards have been applied, e.g. international or regional standards (please specify which), or have national standards of the riparian States been applied? [fill in]				

10.	What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary im accidental pollution?	pact of
	Notification and communication	
	Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	$\boxtimes$
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
11.	What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary imextreme weather events and climate change?	pact of
	Notification and communication	
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
	Joint climate change adaptation strategy	
	Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	$\boxtimes$
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
12.	Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?	
Yes [	]/No ⊠	
If yes,	, please provide a brief summary: [fill in]	
13.	Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water mana in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	gement
Yes [	]/No ⊠	
	If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)	
	Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	
	Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	
	Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
	If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	
	Intergovernmental organizations	
	Private sectors organizations or associations	
	Water user groups or associations	
	Academic or research institutions	
	Other non-governmental organizations	
	General public	

	Other (please specify): [fill in]	
	Availability of information to the public	
	Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans <sup>59</sup>	
	Public involvement	
	Other (please specify): [fill in]	
II.	Questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin, or gr (river, lake or aquifer)	oup of basins
	Please complete this second section for each transboundary basin (river or aquifer), sub-basin, part of a basin or a group of basins covered by the same arrangement where conditions are similar. <sup>60</sup> In some instances, you may provi on both a basin and one or more of its sub-basins or parts thereof, for exam have agreements <sup>61</sup> or arrangements on both the basin and its sub-basin. You responses with other States with which your country shares transbound even prepare a joint report. General information on transboundary water man national level should be provided in section III and not repeated here.	e agreement or ide information ple, where you may coordinate dary waters, or
	Please reproduce this whole section with its questions for each transboundarin, part of a basin or group of basins for which you will provide a reply.	ary basin, sub-
	Name of the transboundary basin,—sub-basin, part of a basin or gro LITORÂNEO NORTE AQUIFER (COSTEIRO)	oup of basins:
	List of the riparian States: Brazil and French Guyana	
	In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation or lake basin:	with the river
	Unconfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	$\boxtimes$
	Unconfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
	Confined aquifer connected to surface water	
	Confined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
	Other	
	Please describe: [fill in]	
	Unknown	
	Percentage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part group of basins: $0,\!06\%$	t of a basin or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

In principle, section II should be submitted for every transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, in the country, but States may decide to group basins in which their share is small or leave out basins in which their share is very minor, e.g., below 1 per cent.

<sup>61</sup> In section II, "agreement" covers all kinds of treaties, conventions and agreements ensuring cooperation in the field of transboundary waters. Section II can also be completed for other types of arrangements, such as memorandums of understanding.

<ol> <li>Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agreem arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?</li> </ol>							
	One o	or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force					
	Agre	ement or arrangement developed but not in force					
	Agre	ement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians					
	Pleas	se insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s) [fill in]					
	Agre	ement or arrangement is under development					
	No ag	greement or arrangement	$\boxtimes$				
		ere is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please expla not and provide information on any plans to address the situation: ity.					
trans ques	boundtion 4;	no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism ary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or mequestion 3.	jump to				
	ngemei	2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agree nt in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin					
2.	(a)	Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to coope	eration?				
	Yes [	/No					
	If yes	If yes, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States?					
	Yes  \[ \scalendrightarrow\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \						
	Addi	tional explanations? [fill in]					
	Or, if the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the entire sub-basin?						
	Yes [	Yes  \[ \scalendrightarrow\ No \[ \]					
	Addi	tional explanations? [fill in]					
	Which States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrangement? (Please list): [fill in]						
	(b) does	If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or s it also cover aquifers?	ub-basin,				
	Yes  /No						
	If yes	s, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [fil	l in]				
	(c)	What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?					
		All water uses					
		A single water use or sector					
		Several water uses or sectors					
	If one	e or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriate):					
Water uses or sectors							

	Industry	
	Agriculture	
	Transport (e.g., navigation)	
	Households	
	Energy: hydropower and other energy types	
	Fisheries	
	Tourism	
	Nature protection	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(d) arrar	What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agreement?	eement or
	Procedural and institutional issues	
	Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	
	Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	
	Consultation on planned measures	
	Mutual assistance	
	Topics of cooperation	
	Joint vision and management objectives	
	Joint significant water management issues	
	Navigation	
	Human health	
	Environmental protection (ecosystem)	
	Water quality	
	Water quantity or allocation	
	Cooperation in addressing floods	
	Cooperation in addressing droughts	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Monitoring and exchange	
	Joint assessments	
	Data collection and exchange	
	Joint monitoring	
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Common early warning and alarm procedures	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on planned measures	

		Joint planning and management	
		Development of joint regulations on specific topics	
		Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
		Management of shared infrastructure	
		Development of shared infrastructure	
		Other (please list): [fill in]	
	(e) agreer	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces ment or arrangement and its implementation, if any?	with the
		Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	
		Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	
		Lack of financial resources	
		Insufficient human capacity	
		Insufficient technical capacity	
		Tense diplomatic relations	
		Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
		No significant difficulties	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(f) arrang	What are the main achievements in implementing the agreen gement and what were the keys to achieving such success? [fill in]	nent or
		Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide to so of the document (please attach document or insert web adapable): [fill in]	
3.	-	ar country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agreement?	ment or
Yes [	]/No [		
If no,	why no	t? (please explain): [fill in]	
When	e there	e is a joint body or mechanism	
	(a) (pleas	If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or medetick one)?	chanism
		Plenipotentiaries	
		Bilateral commission	
		Basin or similar commission	
		Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(b) basin,	Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary bas part of a basin or group of basins?	in, sub-

3.

Yes [	]/No [			
	(c) mecha	Which States (including your own) are members of the joint lanism? (Please list): [fill in]	body	or
	(d) mecha	Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint mism? (please list): [fill in]	body	or
	(e) the joi	If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism h nt body or mechanism cooperate with them?	ow do	oes
		No cooperation		
		They have observer status		
		Other (please describe): [fill in]		
	(f) tick th	Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following features <i>e ones applicable</i> )?	s (pled	ase
		A secretariat		
		If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secreta does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe): [fill in]		or
		A subsidiary body or bodies		
		Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]		
		Other features (please list): [fill in]		
	(g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism? <sup>62</sup>		
		Identification of pollution sources		
		Data collection and exchange		
		Joint monitoring		
		Maintenance of joint pollution inventories		
		Setting emission limits		
		Elaboration of joint water quality objectives		
		Management and prevention of flood or drought risks		
		Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures		
		Surveillance and early warning of water related disease		
		Water allocation and/or flow regulation		
		Policy development		
		Control of implementation		
		Exchange of experience between riparian States		
		Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations		

This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

	Settling of differences and conflicts			
	Consultations on planned measures			
	Exchange of information on best available technology			
	Participation in transboundary EIA			
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans			
	Management of shared infrastructure			
	Addressing hydromorphological alterations			
	Climate change adaptation			
	Joint communication strategy			
	Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans			
	Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation			
	Capacity-building			
	Any other tasks (please list): [fill in]			
(h) opera	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces tion of the joint body or mechanism, if any?	with the		
	Governance issues			
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]			
	Unexpected planning delays			
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]			
	Lack of resources			
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]			
	Lack of mechanism for implementing measures			
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]			
	Lack of effective measures			
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]			
	Unexpected extreme events			
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]			
	Lack of information and reliable forecasts			
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]			
	Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]			
(i)	Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet regulated	larly?		
Yes	Yes/No			
If yes	, how frequently does it meet?			
	More than once per year			
	Once per year			

		I th	
	<i>(</i> 1)	Less than once per year	
	(j) [fill i	What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or men]	chanism?
	(k) coop	Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coasta erate?	l State to
Yes [	/No [		
		s, please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal Stian States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechan	
4.		e joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of	_
Yes [	/No[	$\boxtimes$	
If yes	s, pleas	e provide further details: [fill in]	
5.	prote	is the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basins or group cted, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainal water use?	
	_	elation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and el extraction.	
		ronmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and onality	
		er quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, y metals	
	Wate	er-related species and habitats protection	
	Othe	r measures (please describe): [fill in]	
6.	(a) State	Does your country regularly exchange information and data with others in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	er riparian
Yes [	/No [	$\boxtimes$	
	(b)	If yes, how often:	
		More than once per year	
		Once per year	
		Less than once per year	
	(c) meet	Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connectings of joint bodies): [fill in]	tion with
	(d)	If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?	
		Environmental conditions	
		Research activities and application of best available techniques	
		Emission monitoring data	
		Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts	
		Point source pollution sources	

	Diffuse pollution sources			
	Existing hydromorphological altera	tions (dams, etc	.)	
	Flows or water levels (including gro	oundwater level	s)	
	Water abstractions			
	Climatological information			
	Future planned measures with transinfrastructure development	boundary impac	ets, such as	
	Other subjects (please list): [fill in]			
	Other comments, e.g. spatial covera in]	ge of data and i	information e	xchange: [fill
(e)	Is there a shared database or inform	ation platform?		
Yes  \[ \]/No				
(f)	Is the database publicly available?			
Yes  \[ \]/No				
If yes, pleas	se provide the web address: [fill in]			
(g)	What are the main difficulties and c	hallenges to dat	a exchange, i	f applicable?
Freq	uency of exchanges			
Tim	ing of exchanges			
Con	parability of data and information			
Lim	ited spatial coverage			
Inad	equate resources (technical and/or fina	ncial)		
Othe	er (please describe): [fill in]			
Add	itional comments: [fill in]			
(h) basi	What are the main benefits of data on or group of basins? (please describe)	-	basin, sub-b	asin, part of a
	he riparian States carry out joint monito of a basin or group of basins?	oring in the trans	boundary bas	in, sub-basin,
Yes  \[ \]/No				
(a)	If yes, what does the joint monitoring	ng cover?		
		Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
Border surf	ace waters			
Surface wa	ters in the entire basin			
Surface was	ters on the main			
Surface wa	ters in part of the basin			
	se describe [fill in]			

			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
	sbound	ary aquifer(s) (connected ted)			
Aquifer(s) in the territory of one riparian hydraulically connected to a transboundary river or lake					
	(b)	If joint monitoring is carried out, ho	w is this done?		
	(0)	National monitoring stations connector common stations		etwork	
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint and agreed methodologies			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint sampling			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common monitoring network			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Common agreed parameters			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
	(c) in]	Please describe the main achieveme	nts regarding jo	oint monitorin	ng, if any: [fill
	(d)	Please describe any difficulties expe	erienced with jo	int monitorir	ng: [fill in]
8.		he riparian States carry out joint asso, part of a basin or group of basins?	essment of the	transbounda	ry basin, sub-
Yes [	]/No	$\boxtimes$			
	(e.g.,	s, please provide the date of the last or surface waters or groundwaters only, assessment methodology applied: [fill	pollution source		
9.	Have	the riparian States agreed to use joint	water quality s	tandards?	
Yes [	]/No	$\boxtimes$			
	(plea	s, what standards have been applied, use specify which), or have national tied? [fill in]			
10.		t are the measures implemented to pre- lental pollution?	event or limit th	e transbound	lary impact of
		Notification and communication			
		Coordinated or joint early warning of water pollution	or alarm system	for accident	al 🔲
		Other (please list): [fill in]			
		No measures			

	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
11.	What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in extreme weather events and climate change?	npact of
	Notification and communication	
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
	Joint climate change adaptation strategy	
	Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	$\boxtimes$
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
12.	Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?	
Yes [	]/No 🖂	
If yes,	please provide a brief summary: [fill in]	
13.	Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water mana in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	gement
Yes [	]/No 🖂	
	If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)	
	Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	
	Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	
	Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
	If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	
	Intergovernmental organizations	
	Private sectors organizations or associations	
	Water user groups or associations	
	Academic or research institutions	
	Other non-governmental organizations	
	General public	
	Other (please specify): [fill in]	
	Availability of information to the public	
	Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans <sup>63</sup>	
	Public involvement	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>63</sup> Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

## II. Questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin, or group of basins (river, lake or aquifer)

Please complete this second section for each transboundary basin (river or lake basin, or aquifer), sub-basin, part of a basin or a group of basins covered by the same agreement or arrangement where conditions are similar.<sup>64</sup> In some instances, you may provide information on both a basin and one or more of its sub-basins or parts thereof, for example, where you have agreements<sup>65</sup> or arrangements on both the basin and its sub-basin. You may coordinate your responses with other States with which your country shares transboundary waters, or even prepare a joint report. General information on transboundary water management at the national level should be provided in section III and not repeated here.

Please reproduce this whole section with its questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins for which you will provide a reply.

## Name of the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: RORAIMA GROUP

In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation with the river

List of the riparian States: Brazil, Guyana and Venezuela

or la	ke basin:	
Unco	onfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	
Unco	onfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Conf	ined aquifer connected to surface water	
Conf	ined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Othe	r	$\boxtimes$
Pleas	se describe: mostly semiconfined, but some part unconfined	
Unkr	nown	
	entage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of a p of basins: $0.06\%$	basin o
1.	Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agreem arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	ent(s) o
	One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force	
	Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force	
	Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians	
	Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s) [fill in]	
	Agreement or arrangement is under development	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> In principle, section II should be submitted for every transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, in the country, but States may decide to group basins in which their share is small or leave out basins in which their share is very minor, e.g., below 1 per cent.

<sup>65</sup> In section II, "agreement" covers all kinds of treaties, conventions and agreements ensuring cooperation in the field of transboundary waters. Section II can also be completed for other types of arrangements, such as memorandums of understanding.

No agreement or arrangement	$\boxtimes$
If there is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please expla	in briefly
why not and provide information on any plans to address the situation:	Lack of

priority.

If there is no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism for the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then jump to question 4; if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or mechanism then go to question 3.

Questions 2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agreement or arrangement in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins.

2.	(a)	Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to coope	ration?
	Yes [	□/No □	
	If yes	s, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States	?
	Yes [	/No	
	Addi	tional explanations? [fill in]	
	Or, if basin	f the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the era?	ntire sub-
	Yes [	/No	
	Addi	tional explanations? [fill in]	
		ch States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arranges <i>list</i> ): [fill in]	gement?
	(b) does	If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or suit also cover aquifers?	ıb-basin,
	Yes [	/No	
	If yes	s, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [fill	in]
	(c)	What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?	
		All water uses	
		A single water use or sector	
		Several water uses or sectors	
	If one	e or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriate):	
	Wate	er uses or sectors	
		Industry	
		Agriculture	
		Transport (e.g., navigation)	
		Households	
		Energy: hydropower and other energy types	
		Fisheries	
		Tourism	

	Nature protection	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(d) arrang	What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agement?	igreement or
	Procedural and institutional issues	
	Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	
	Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	
	Consultation on planned measures	
	Mutual assistance	
	Topics of cooperation	
	Joint vision and management objectives	
	Joint significant water management issues	
	Navigation	
	Human health	
	Environmental protection (ecosystem)	
	Water quality	
	Water quantity or allocation	
	Cooperation in addressing floods	
	Cooperation in addressing droughts	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Monitoring and exchange	
	Joint assessments	
	Data collection and exchange	
	Joint monitoring	
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Common early warning and alarm procedures	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on planned measures	
	Joint planning and management	
	Development of joint regulations on specific topics	
	Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Development of shared infrastructure	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	

	(e) agreei	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country face ment or arrangement and its implementation, if any?	es with the
		Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	
		Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	
		Lack of financial resources	
		Insufficient human capacity	
		Insufficient technical capacity	
		Tense diplomatic relations	
		Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
		No significant difficulties	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(f) arrang	What are the main achievements in implementing the agre gement and what were the keys to achieving such success? [fill in]	ement or
		Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or providess of the document (please attach document or insert web a cable): [fill in]	
3.	-	ur country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agregement?	eement or
Yes [	]/No [		
If no,	why no	ot? (please explain): [fill in]	
Wher	e there	e is a joint body or mechanism	
	(a) (pleas	If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or nee tick one)?	nechanism
		Plenipotentiaries	
		Bilateral commission	
		Basin or similar commission	
		Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(b) basin,	Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary be part of a basin or group of basins?	oasin, sub-
Yes [	]/No [		
	(c) mecha	Which States (including your own) are members of the joint anism? (Please list): [fill in]	body or
	(d) mecha	Are there any riparian States that are not members of the join anism? (please list): [fill in]	t body or
	(e) the jo	If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism int body or mechanism cooperate with them?	how does
		No cooperation	

	They have observer status		
	Other (please describe): [fill in]		
(f) tick th	Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following features are ones applicable)?	(ple	ase
	A secretariat		
	If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secreta does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe): [fill in]		or
	A subsidiary body or bodies		
	Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]		
	Other features (please list): [fill in]		
(g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism? <sup>66</sup>		
	Identification of pollution sources		
	Data collection and exchange		
	Joint monitoring		
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories		
	Setting emission limits		
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives		
	Management and prevention of flood or drought risks		
	Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures		
	Surveillance and early warning of water related disease		
	Water allocation and/or flow regulation		
	Policy development		
	Control of implementation		
	Exchange of experience between riparian States		
	Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations		
	Settling of differences and conflicts		
	Consultations on planned measures		
	Exchange of information on best available technology		
	Participation in transboundary EIA		
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans		
	Management of shared infrastructure		

This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

		Addressing hydromorphological alterations	
		Climate change adaptation	
		Joint communication strategy	
		Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	
		Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	
		Capacity-building	
		Any other tasks (please list): [fill in]	
	(h) operat	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces ion of the joint body or mechanism, if any?	with the
		Governance issues	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Unexpected planning delays	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Lack of resources	
		Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
		Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	
		Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
		Lack of effective measures	
		Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
		Unexpected extreme events	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]	
	(i)	Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet regul	arly?
	Yes [	]/No[_	
	If yes,	how frequently does it meet?	
		More than once per year	
		Once per year	
		Less than once per year	
	(j) [fill in	What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or meel .]	hanism?
	(k) coope	Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coastal rate?	State to
Yes	]/No [		

riparian States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechanism? [fill in] 4. Have joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management plan or action plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins? Yes □/No⊠ *If yes, please provide further details:* [fill in] How is the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basins or group of basins protected, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainable and rational water use? Regulation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and gravel extraction. П Environmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and seasonality Water quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, heavy metals Water-related species and habitats protection Other measures (please describe): [fill in] 6. Does your country regularly exchange information and data with other riparian States in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins? Yes □/No ⊠ (b) If yes, how often: More than once per year Once per year Less than once per year Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connection with meetings of joint bodies): [fill in] If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged? (d) П Environmental conditions Research activities and application of best available techniques Emission monitoring data Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts Point source pollution sources Diffuse pollution sources Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.) Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels) Water abstractions Climatological information

If yes, please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal States also

	Future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development					
		Other subjects (please list): [fill in]				
		Other comments, e.g. spatial coveragin]	ge of data and in	nformation e	xchange: [fill	
	(e)	Is there a shared database or informa	tion platform?			
Yes	]/No [					
	(f)	Is the database publicly available?				
Yes [	]/No [					
If yes,	please	provide the web address: [fill in]				
	(g)	What are the main difficulties and ch	allenges to data	a exchange, i	f applicable?	
	Frequ	ency of exchanges				
	Timin	ng of exchanges				
	Comp	parability of data and information				
	Limit	ed spatial coverage				
	Inade	quate resources (technical and/or finar	icial)			
	Other	(please describe): [fill in]				
	Additional comments: [fill in]					
	(h) basin	(h) What are the main benefits of data exchange on the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins? ( <i>please describe</i> ): [fill in]				
7.		e riparian States carry out joint monitor f a basin or group of basins?	ing in the transl	ooundary bas	in, sub-basin,	
Yes [	]/No [					
	(a)	If yes, what does the joint monitoring	g cover?			
			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical	
Borde	er surfa	ce waters				
Surfac	ce wate	rs in the entire basin				
	ce wate	ers on the main				
Surface waters in part of the basin						
	please	e describe [fill in]				
Transboundary aquifer(s) (connected or unconnected)						
riparia	an hydr	the territory of one aulically connected to a y river or lake				

(b) If joint monitoring is carried out, how is this done?

		National monitoring stations connected through a network or common stations	
		Please describe: [fill in]	
		Joint and agreed methodologies	
		Please describe: [fill in]	
		Joint sampling	
		Please describe: [fill in]	
		Common monitoring network	
		Please describe: [fill in]	
		Common agreed parameters	
		Please describe: [fill in]	
	(c) in]	Please describe the main achievements regarding joint monitoring, if a	ny: [fill
	(d)	Please describe any difficulties experienced with joint monitoring: [fil	l in]
8.		e riparian States carry out joint assessment of the transboundary bas part of a basin or group of basins?	in, sub-
Yes [	]/No [>		
	(e.g., s	please provide the date of the last or only assessment, the frequency ar surface waters or groundwaters only, pollution sources, etc.) of the asse ssessment methodology applied: [fill in]	_
9.	Have	the riparian States agreed to use joint water quality standards?	
Yes [	]/No [>		
	(pleas	what standards have been applied, e.g. international or regional state specify which), or have national standards of the riparian Stated? [fill in]	
10.		are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in ental pollution?	npact of
		Notification and communication	
		Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution	
		Other (please list): [fill in]	
		No measures	$\boxtimes$
		If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
11.		are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in ne weather events and climate change?	npact of
		Notification and communication	
		Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	
		Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
		Joint climate change adaptation strategy	

	Laint disastar rick raduation stratagy	
	Joint disaster risk reduction strategy  Other (please list): [fill in]	
	• , • •	$\square$
	No measures	
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
12.	Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?	
Yes [	]/No 🖂	
If yes,	please provide a brief summary: [fill in]	
13.	Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water mana in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	agement
Yes [	]/No 🖂	
	If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)	
	Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	
	Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	
	Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
	If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	
	Intergovernmental organizations	
	Private sectors organizations or associations	
	Water user groups or associations	
	Academic or research institutions	
	Other non-governmental organizations	
	General public	
	Other (please specify): [fill in]	
	Availability of information to the public	
	Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans <sup>67</sup>	
	Public involvement	
	Other (please specify): [fill in]	
	ions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin, or group of lake or aquifer)	basins

## II. (river, lake or aquifer)

Please complete this second section for each transboundary basin (river or lake basin, or aquifer), sub-basin, part of a basin or a group of basins covered by the same agreement or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>67</sup> Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

arrangement where conditions are similar.<sup>68</sup> In some instances, you may provide information on both a basin and one or more of its sub-basins or parts thereof, for example, where you have agreements<sup>69</sup> or arrangements on both the basin and its sub-basin. You may coordinate your responses with other States with which your country shares transboundary waters, or even prepare a joint report. General information on transboundary water management at the national level should be provided in section III and not repeated here.

Please reproduce this whole section with its questions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins for which you will provide a reply.

Name of the transboundary basin,-sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: BOA VISTA-AREIAS BRANCAS AQUIFER

In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation with the river

List of the riparian States: Brazil and Guyana

or lal	ke basin:	
Unco	nfined aquifer connected to a river or lake	$\boxtimes$
Unco	nfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Confi	ined aquifer connected to surface water	
Confi	ined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water	
Other	:	
Pleas	e describe: [fill in]	
Unkn	own	
	entage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of p of basins: $0.17\%$	a basin or
1.	Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agree arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins's	
	One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force	
	Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force	
	Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians	
	Please insert the name of the agreement(s) or arrangement(s) [fill in]	
	Agreement or arrangement is under development	
	No agreement or arrangement	$\boxtimes$
	If there is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please exp why not and provide information on any plans to address the situation priority.	

If there is no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism for the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then jump to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>68</sup> In principle, section II should be submitted for every transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, in the country, but States may decide to group basins in which their share is small or leave out basins in which their share is very minor, e.g., below 1 per cent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup> In section II, "agreement" covers all kinds of treaties, conventions and agreements ensuring cooperation in the field of transboundary waters. Section II can also be completed for other types of arrangements, such as memorandums of understanding.

question 4; if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or mechanism then go to question 3.

Questions 2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agreement or arrangement in force in the transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins.

2.	(a)	Does this agreement or arrangement specify the area subject to coope	ration?
	Yes [	]/No	
	If yes	, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States	s?
	Yes [	]/No	
	Addit	ional explanations? [fill in]	
	Or, if basin	the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the er?	ntire sub-
	Yes [	]/No	
	Addit	tional explanations? [fill in]	
		h States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrange list): [fill in]	igement?
	(b) does i	If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or so it also cover aquifers?	ub-basin,
	Yes [	]/No	
	If yes	, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [fill	in]
	(c)	What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?	
		All water uses	
		A single water use or sector	
		Several water uses or sectors	
	<i>If one</i>	or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriate):	
	Wate	r uses or sectors	
		Industry	
		Agriculture	
		Transport (e.g., navigation)	
		Households	
		Energy: hydropower and other energy types	
		Fisheries	
		Tourism	
		Nature protection	
		Other (please list): [fill in]	
	(d)	What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agree	ement or

Procedural and institutional issues

arrangement?

	Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	
	Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	
	Consultation on planned measures	
	Mutual assistance	
	Topics of cooperation	
	Joint vision and management objectives	
	Joint significant water management issues	
	Navigation	
	Human health	
	Environmental protection (ecosystem)	
	Water quality	
	Water quantity or allocation	
	Cooperation in addressing floods	
	Cooperation in addressing droughts	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Monitoring and exchange	
	Joint assessments	
	Data collection and exchange	
	Joint monitoring	
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Common early warning and alarm procedures	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on planned measures	
	Joint planning and management	
	Development of joint regulations on specific topics	
	Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Development of shared infrastructure	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(e) agreei	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces ment or arrangement and its implementation, if any?	s with the
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	

		Lack of financial resources	
		Insufficient human capacity	
		Insufficient technical capacity	
		Tense diplomatic relations	
		Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
		No significant difficulties	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(f) arrang	What are the main achievements in implementing the agreement and what were the keys to achieving such success? [fill in]	eement or
		Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provides of the document (please attach document or insert web a cable): [fill in]	
3.	-	ur country a member of any joint body or mechanism for this agreement?	reement or
Yes [	]/No [		
If no,	why no	ot? (please explain): [fill in]	
Whe	re ther	e is a joint body or mechanism	
	(a) (pleas	If there is a joint body or mechanism, which kind of joint body or is etick one)?	nechanism
		Plenipotentiaries	
		Bilateral commission	
		Basin or similar commission	
		Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(b) basin	Does the joint body or mechanism cover the entire transboundary part of a basin or group of basins?	basin, sub-
Yes [	]/No [		
	(c) mech	Which States (including your own) are members of the join anism? (Please list): [fill in]	t body or
	(d) mech	Are there any riparian States that are not members of the join anism? (please list): [fill in]	nt body or
	(e) the jo	If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or mechanism int body or mechanism cooperate with them?	n how does
		No cooperation	
		They have observer status	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(f) tick th	Does the joint body or mechanism have any of the following feature ones applicable)?	res (please
		A secretariat	

	If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secret does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe): [fill in	
	A subsidiary body or bodies	
	Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]	
	Other features (please list): [fill in]	
(g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body or mechanism? <sup>70</sup>	
	Identification of pollution sources	
	Data collection and exchange	
	Joint monitoring	
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Setting emission limits	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	
	Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	
	Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	
	Water allocation and/or flow regulation	
	Policy development	
	Control of implementation	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	
	Settling of differences and conflicts	
	Consultations on planned measures	
	Exchange of information on best available technology	
	Participation in transboundary EIA	
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Addressing hydromorphological alterations	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Joint communication strategy	
	Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	П

This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

		Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	
		Capacity-building	
		Any other tasks (please list): [fill in]	
	(h) operat	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces ion of the joint body or mechanism, if any?	with the
		Governance issues	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Unexpected planning delays	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Lack of resources	
		Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
		Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	
		Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
		Lack of effective measures	
		Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
		Unexpected extreme events	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
		Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
		Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]	
	(i)	Does the joint body or mechanism, or its subsidiary bodies meet regul	arly?
	Yes [	]/No[_	
	If yes,	how frequently does it meet?	
		More than once per year	
		Once per year	
		Less than once per year	
	(j) [fill in	What are the main achievements with regards to the joint body or med. ]	hanism?
	(k) coope	Did the joint body or mechanism ever invite a non-riparian coastal rate?	State to
Yes [	]/No [		
		please give details. If no, why not, e.g. are the relevant coastal Sta an States and therefore already members of the joint body or mechanis	
4.		joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management plan been agreed for the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of b	
Yes	]/No[>		
If yes,	please	provide further details: [fill in]	

5.	How is the transboundary basin,—sub-basin, part of a basins or group of basins protected, including the protection of ecosystems, in the context of sustainable and rational water use?				
	_	ation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and l extraction.			
	Enviro season	onmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and nality			
		quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, metals			
	Water	related species and habitats protection			
	Other	measures (please describe): [fill in]			
6.	(a) States	Does your country regularly exchange information and data with oth in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	er riparian		
Yes [	]/No [				
	(b)	If yes, how often:			
		More than once per year			
		Once per year			
		Less than once per year			
	(c) meetin	Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connectings of joint bodies): [fill in]	tion with		
	(d)	If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?			
		Environmental conditions			
		Research activities and application of best available techniques			
		Emission monitoring data			
		Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts			
		Point source pollution sources			
		Diffuse pollution sources			
		Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.)			
		Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels)			
		Water abstractions			
		Climatological information			
		Future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development			
		Other subjects (please list): [fill in]			
		Other comments, e.g. spatial coverage of data and information exchin]	ange: [fill		
	(e)	Is there a shared database or information platform?			
Yes [	]/No [				

	(f)	Is the database publicly available?			
Yes [	]/No [				
If yes	, please	e provide the web address: [fill in]			
	(g)	What are the main difficulties and	challenges to dat	ta exchange,	if applicable?
	Frequ	uency of exchanges			
	Timii	ng of exchanges			
	Comp	parability of data and information			
	Limited spatial coverage				
	Inade	equate resources (technical and/or fir	nancial)		
	Other	r (please describe): [fill in]			
	Addi	tional comments: [fill in]			
	(h) basin	What are the main benefits of data or group of basins? (please describe	-	basin, sub-b	asin, part of a
7.		ne riparian States carry out joint moni of a basin or group of basins?	toring in the trans	boundary bas	sin, sub-basin,
Yes [	]/No [	$\boxtimes$			
	(a)	If yes, what does the joint monitor	ing cover?		
			Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical
Bord	er surfa	ace waters			
Surfa	ce wate	ers in the entire basin			
	ce wate	ers on the main			
Surfa	ce wate	ers in part of the basin			
	pleas	e describe [fill in]			
	sbounda connec	ary aquifer(s) (connected ted)			
ripari	an hyd	n the territory of one raulically connected to a ry river or lake			
	(b)	If joint monitoring is carried out, h	now is this done?		
		National monitoring stations conne or common stations	ected through a n	etwork	
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint and agreed methodologies			
		Please describe: [fill in]			
		Joint sampling			
		Please describe: [fill in]			

		Common monitoring network	
		Please describe: [fill in]	
		Common agreed parameters	
		Please describe: [fill in]	
	(c) in]	Please describe the main achievements regarding joint monitoring, if a	any: [fill
	(d)	Please describe any difficulties experienced with joint monitoring: [fil	ll in]
8.		e riparian States carry out joint assessment of the transboundary bas part of a basin or group of basins?	sin, sub-
Yes [	]/No [		
	(e.g., .	please provide the date of the last or only assessment, the frequency are surface waters or groundwaters only, pollution sources, etc.) of the assessment methodology applied: [fill in]	-
9.	Have	the riparian States agreed to use joint water quality standards?	
Yes [	]/No [		
	(pleas	, what standards have been applied, e.g. international or regional st te specify which), or have national standards of the riparian Stated? [fill in]	
10.		are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in ental pollution?	npact of
		Notification and communication	
		Coordinated or joint early warning or alarm system for accidental water pollution	
		Other (please list): [fill in]	
		No measures	$\boxtimes$
		If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
11.		are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in ne weather events and climate change?	mpact of
		Notification and communication	
		Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	
		Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
		Joint climate change adaptation strategy	
		Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	
		Other (please list): [fill in]	
		No measures	$\boxtimes$
		If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
12.	Are p	rocedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?	
Yes	]/No [		

If yes,	, please provide a brief summary: [fill in]	
13.	Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary water n in the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins?	nanagement
Yes [	]/No ⊠	
	If yes, how? (please tick all applicable)	
	Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body or mechanism	
	Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	
	Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
	If yes, please specify the stakeholders for the joint body or mechanism: [fill in]	
	Intergovernmental organizations	
	Private sectors organizations or associations	
	Water user groups or associations	
	Academic or research institutions	
	Other non-governmental organizations	
	General public	
	Other (please specify): [fill in]	
	Availability of information to the public	
	Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans <sup>71</sup>	
	Public involvement	
	Other (please specify): [fill in]	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>71</sup> Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

Please remember to complete section II for each of the transboundary basins, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins. Please also remember to attach copies of agreements or arrangements, if any.

## III. Water management at the national level

In this section, you are requested to provide general information on water management at the national level as it relates to transboundary waters. Information on specific transboundary basins, sub-basins, part of basins and groups of basins, should be presented in section II and not repeated here.

1. (a) Does your country's national legislation, policies, action plans and strategies refer to measures to prevent, control and reduce any transboundary impact?

Yes ⊠/No □

If yes, please briefly describe the main national laws, policies, action plans and strategies

The *National Water Resources Policy* - Law 9,433, of January 8, 1997, also called "Water Law", instituted the National Water Resources Policy and created the National Water Resources Management System (SINGREH). It has six fundamentals: (1) water is a public good; (2) it is a limited natural resource with economic value; (3) multiple uses of water must be guaranteed; (4) in case of scarcity, the priority uses are public supply and animal feed; (5) the hydrographic basin is the water resource management unit and, (6) water resource management must take place in a decentralized manner.

The objectives of the Policy are: 1) to ensure current and future generations with the necessary availability of water, in quality standards appropriate to their respective uses; 2) the rational and integrated use of water resources, including water transport, with a view to sustainable development; 3) prevention and defence against critical hydrological events of natural origin or resulting from the inappropriate use of natural resources.

In order to achieve these objectives, the National Water Resources Policy established the following instruments: water resource plans, framing water bodies in classes of predominant uses, granting the right to use water resources, charging for the use of water and the information system on water resources.

The *National Water Resources Plan* is one of the main instruments provided for in the legislation for the implementation of the National Water Resources Policy (Law 9.433). The current Plan, which dates from 2006 and was prepared for the 2006 - 2020 horizon, defines as strategic objectives the improvement of water availability, in quantity and quality, the reduction of conflicts over the use of water and the perception of water conservation as a socio-environmental value relevant. It consists basically of the following steps: diagnosis, scenarios and programs and goals. A new National Plan is in the process of being prepared by the Ministry of Regional Development (MDR) and ANA, effective from 2021 and with a horizon until 2040.

The monitoring of the implementation of the National Plan is done through the Report on Water Resources in Brazil, produced annually by the National Water Agency, and as established by the National Water Resources Council.

(b)	Does your country's legis	lation provide for the following principles?
	Precautionary principle	Yes ⊠/No □

	Polluter pays principle	Yes ⊠/No □	
	Sustainable development	Yes ⊠/No □	
	User pays principle	Yes ⊠/No □	
	national level: All of the legislation framework - Fed Environmental Sector and Precautionary Principle: Preserved	eribe how these principles are implemented a ese principles are contemplated in the Brazederal Constitution, Federal Laws and Decrees of specific legislation on the Water Resourinciple 15 - Precautionary Principle - of the ment and Sustainable Development was proposence in June 1992.	zilian of the irces. Rio /
	,	a national licensing or permitting system point source pollution? (e.g., in industry, minagement or other sectors)?	
Yes M/N	lo 🗌		
If yes, for	which sectors?		
In	dustry		]
M	ining		]
Er	nergy		]
M	unicipal		
Li	vestock raising		]
A	quaculture		]
Ot	ther (please list): Agriculture		
		sing or permitting system, indicating whethe on limits based on best available technology?	r the
in fo av or wa wa	order to be able to use a certain r discharge. The grant guarante railability. It is up to the granting of the Federal District), depend ater body, to examine each grant	ion, must request to the mandatory agency the solution flow or volume of water, either for abstraction test the user the right to use water, subject to very authority (of the Federal Government, of the String on the water jurisdiction (federal or state) of application and to verify the sufficient existent e and qualitative aspects, so that the application	on or water States of the ace of
gr sit	ant applications may occur w tuations of conflict between the	ity or quantity of water, more detailed analys where minimum efficiencies will be required user sectors or in water scarcity, specific regularms can be established for certain water system	d. In atory
lic		e list): All sectors that discharge sewage and eas of water, treated or not, with the aim of dilu	
		(giving the most important reasons) or prontroduce a licensing or permitting system: [fill	
(d	) Are the authorized discharge	ges monitored and controlled?	
Yes ⊠/N	1o 🗌		
If.	yes, how? (Please tick the ones	applicable):	

Monitoring of discharges	$\boxtimes$
Monitoring of physical and chemical impacts on water	
Monitoring of ecological impacts on water	
Conditions on permits	$\boxtimes$
Inspectorate	
Other means (please list):	
The control of larger users is also carried out through the monitorin through analyses carried out by the users themselves. The data referrir parameters are forwarded by users to ANA through the annual declar water resources, via the Internet. There are specific regulations for ear basin where this procedure is in place.	ng to the effluent eration of use of
If your country does not have a discharge monitoring system, please or provide information if there are plans to introduce a discharge mo [fill in]	
(e) What are the main measures which your country takes to reduce of water pollution on transboundary waters (e.g., from agriculture, traor aquaculture)? The measures listed below relate to agriculture, but o be more significant. Please be sure to include these under "others":	ansport, forestry
Legislative measures	
Norm for uses of fertilizers	
Norms for uses of manure	
Permitting system	$\boxtimes$
Bans on or norms for use of pesticides	$\boxtimes$
Others (please list): [fill in]	
Economic and financial measures	
Monetary incentives	$\boxtimes$
Environmental taxes (such as fertilizer taxes)	
Others (please list): [fill in]	
Agricultural extension services	$\boxtimes$
Technical measures	
Source control measures	
Crop rotation	$\boxtimes$
Tillage control	$\boxtimes$
Winter cover crops	
Others (please list): [fill in]	
Other measures	
Buffer/filter strips	$\boxtimes$
Wetland reconstruction	$\boxtimes$

 $\boxtimes$ 

Sedimentation traps

Chemical measures	
Others (please list): [fill in]	
Other types of measures	
If yes, please list: [fill in]	
(f) What are the main measures which your country takes to e resources allocation and use efficiency?	enhance water
Please tick as appropriate (not all might be relevant)	
A regulatory system regarding water abstraction	
Monitoring and control of abstractions	
Water rights are defined	
Water allocation priorities are listed	$\boxtimes$
Water-saving technologies	
Advanced irrigation techniques	
Demand management activities	
Other means (please list)	
(g) Does your country apply the ecosystems approach?	
Yes □/No ⊠	
If yes, please describe how: Despite not adopting an ecosystem approach, Federal Government is formulating a River Basin Restoration National Progr be grounded on an ecosystem approach. Still, the country has already some printegrated water resources management that consider this kind of approach.	am which will
(h) Does your country take specific measures to prevent the groundwaters?	pollution of
Yes ⊠/No □	
If yes, please briefly describe the most important measures: Well protection p	erimeter;
Protection of recharge areas; and soil contamination control.	
2. Do your national laws require transboundary environmental impa (EIA)?	ct assessment
Yes □/No ⊠	
If yes, please briefly describe the legislative basis, and any related procedures.	implementing
Accordingly, to national regulations, some activities are subject to an EI analyses of transboundary impacts are carried out on a case-by-case ba on the project.	
If not, do other measures provide for transboundary EIA? [fill in]	
Final questions	
1. What are the main challenges your country faces in cooperating on waters?	transboundary
Differences between national administrative and legal framework	rks 🖂

IV.

	Lack of relevant data and information	$\boxtimes$
	Difficulties in data and information exchange	
	Sectoral fragmentation at the national level	$\boxtimes$
	Language barrier	
	Resource constraints	$\boxtimes$
	Environmental pressures, e.g. extreme events	$\boxtimes$
	Sovereignty concerns	
	Please list other challenges and/or provide further details:	
	1) Consider local demands so that the planned actions and me local needs of the transboundary region, ensuring water mana agreement, and considering the different legal instruments of the	gement and the
	2) Achieve the engagement of the actors involved in institu implementing the agreement;	tionalizing and
	3) Achieve an intense cooperation and harmonization between t and inter-state levels, which share the competences on water re application of principles and instruments for transbo- management;	esources, in the
	4) Ensuring the existence, enforcement, coordination and implaws that address water-related issues.	plementation of
	5) Articulate and coordinate inspection actions with neighbor. The limitation of the jurisdictions and powers of each body e limits of action, which constitutes a risk for the adequate use o	nd up allowing
	6) Seek technical and consultative support in the border areas, of river basin committees in these areas;	due to the lack
	7) Try to minimize the impact of institutional changes in the b the water policy; and	odies related to
	8) Overcome the lack of human, financial and technical resour	ces.
2.	What have been the main achievements in-cooperating on transbound	ary waters?
	Improved water management	$\boxtimes$
	Enhanced regional integration, i.e. beyond water	$\boxtimes$
	Adoption of cooperative arrangements	$\boxtimes$
	Adoption of joint plans and programmes	$\boxtimes$
	Long-lasting and sustained cooperation	$\boxtimes$
	Financial support for joint activities	$\boxtimes$
	Stronger political will for transboundary water cooperation	$\boxtimes$
	Better knowledge and understanding	$\boxtimes$
	Dispute avoidance	$\boxtimes$
	Stakeholder engagement	
	Please list other achievements, keys to achieving success, and/or prexamples:	rovide concrete

- 1) The work developed under the agreements that Brazil is part has been opportune in establishing non-conflictual and cooperative relations. Brazil has a proactive and cooperative attitude in its international relations on the water theme, playing an important role in the dissemination of knowledge and techniques for the management of water resources and a strategic role.
- 2) Cooperation on transboundary waters, although their current actions are fluid, still requires improvement in the exchange and systematization of information between riparian countries;
- 3) The model that has shown good results is that established in the cooperation agreements signed for the Mirim Lagoon, Quaraí River and Apa River basins, in which local participation is ensured.
- 4) Brazil has a consolidated internal operational structure to manage, control and monitor the use and quality of transboundary water resources in its jurisdiction. In addition, the country has created mechanisms to foster decentralized and democratic management,
- 5) In terms of cooperation on transboundary waters, Brazil has technical cooperation projects with all border countries, in actions that include exchange of experiences, training, direct dialogue between institutions or promotion of joint research;
- 6) Regarding the monitoring theme, the National Water Agency monitors practically all the most important border and transboundary rivers in the major national hydrographic basins. In this task, it relies on information collected in foreign territory, obtained from the managing bodies of neighbouring countries, many of which are the result of interinstitutional negotiations for a determined joint action and others that are the result of agreements and projects negotiated for the exchange of data and knowledge and training actions.
- 7) Concession of water permits since 2010, by ANA, in border and transboundary rivers, mainly in the Plata and Amazon basins.
- 3. Please indicate which institutions were consulted during the completion of the questionnaire

Joint body or mechanism	$\boxtimes$
Other riparian or aquifer countries	
National water management authority	
Environment agency/ authority	
Basin authority (national)	
Local or provincial government	
Geological survey (national)	
Non-water specific ministries, e.g. foreign affairs, finance, forestry and energy	
Civil society organizations	
Water user associations	
Private sector	
Other (please list): [fill in]	

Please briefly describe the process by which the questionnaire was completed: The questionnaire was completed by the Ministry of Regional Development with technical assistance of the Water National Agency.

- 4. If you have any other comments please add them here (*insert comments*): [fill in]
- 5. Name and contact details of the person(s) who filled out the questionnaire (*please insert*):

Henrique Pinheiro Veiga – General Coordinator, Department of Water Resources and River Basin Revitalization, Ministry of Regional Development

E-mail: henrique.veiga@mdr.gov.br – Phone: +55 61 99576-2998

Marcelo Pereira Borges – National Secretary of Water Security, Ministry of Regional Development – marcelo.borges@mdr.gov.br

Renato Saraiva Ferreira – Director, Department of Water Resources and River Basin Revitalization, Ministry of Regional Development – renato.sferreira@mdr.gov.br

## **Technical Assistance: Brazilian Water Agency**

Assessoria Internacional da Agência Nacional de Águas

Gisela Forattini – gisela@ana.gov.br

Raimundo Lima – raimundo.lima@ana.gov.br

Fernanda Abreu – fernanda.abreu@ana.gov.br

Superintendência de Planejamento de Recursos Hídricos da Agência Nacional de Águas

Sérgio Ayrimoraes – ssoares@ana.gov.br

Marcela Brasil – marcela.brasil@ana.gov.br

Marcus Fuckner - marcus.fuckner@ana.gov.br

Mayara Lima – mayara.lima@ana.gov.br

Raisa de las Cuevas (Consultora) - raisacuevas201@gmail.com

Date: June 24th Signature:

Thank you very much for taking the time to complete this report.