COVID-19 Response

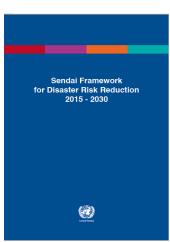
Using statistics and available data to support COVID-19 management of pandemic response

Taylor Warren
Disaster Risk Management, COVID-19 M&E





Key frameworks for all hazards health emergencies & disasters



REGULATIONS

Health-specifi

- **A2**. Mortality
- **B2**. People injui

- Other: C5, E1,



- D2. Damage he
- **D7**. Disruption



Coordinated Response

UN CMT

23 UN entities

9 areas of work

IASC

18 agencies

COVID-19 adapted system wide scale up protocols

UNCT

136 UN Country Teams

Interagency coordination for country action







COVID-19 plans and frameworks (2021)



















Socio-economic framework

Protect health services and systems

- Protect people: social protection and basic services
- Protect jobs, small and medium-sized enterprizes, and informal sectors
- Facilitate macroeconomic response and multilateral collaboration

Complementary Strategies

Humanitarian overview

- Contain the spread of COVID-19 and decrease morbidity and mortality
- Reduce the deterioration of human assets and rights, social cohesion and livelihoods
- Protect, assist, and advocate for refugees, internally displaced people, migrants, and vulnerable communities

SPRP 2021

- Suppress transmission
- Reduce exposure by engaging with and mobilizing communities
- Protect the vulnerable through vaccination
- Reduce mortality and morbidity from all causes
- Catalyse development of and access to COVID-19 vaccines, therapeutics, and diagnostics





Inter-Agency Standing Committee





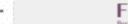




















ACT-A partners:





















OVID-19: A multi-layered, comprehensive response...



Since day 1...



1. Country-level coordination, planning and monitoring



2. Risk communication, community engagement and infodemic management



3. Surveillance, case investigation and contact tracing



4. Points of entry



5. National laboratory system



6. Infection prevention and control



7. Case management and knowledge sharing



8. Operational support and logistics in supply chain and workforce resilience



9. Strengthening essential health services



10. COVID-19 vaccination



11. Vulnerable & marginalized populations



12. National legislation & financing



13. Public health & social measures

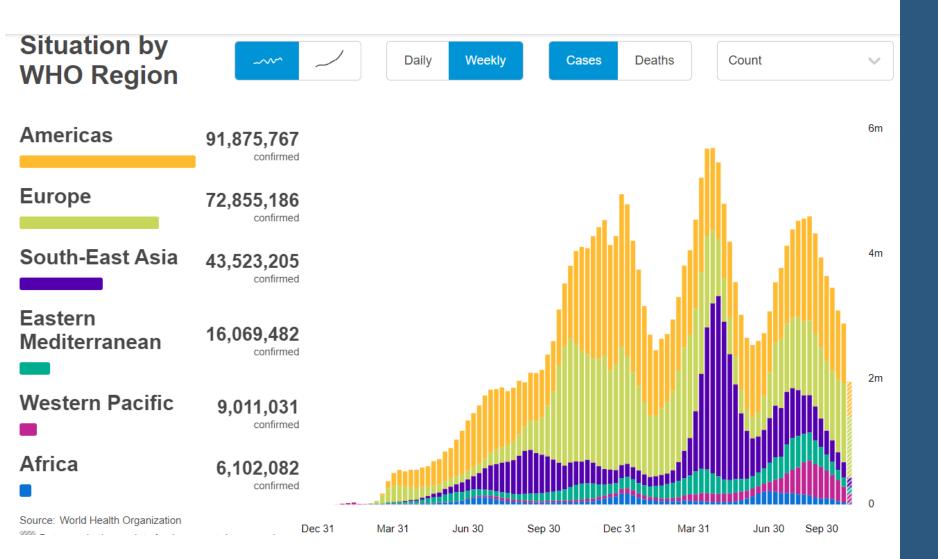


14. le cross-cutting issues



Public-Facing Dashboards

Offering data exploration and support for trend analysis



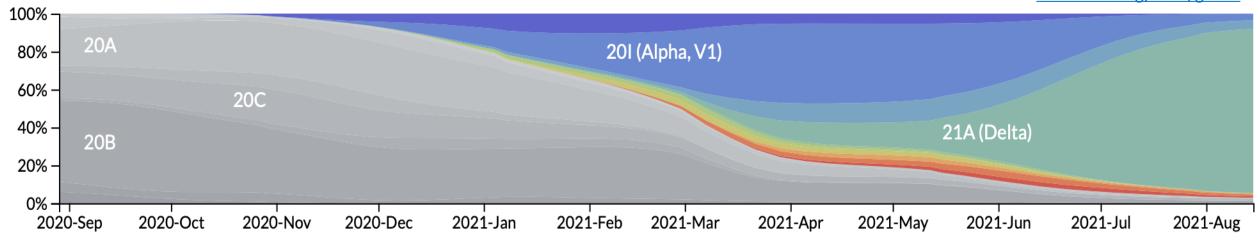
- Data Explore 'tab'
 - sex ratio/age pyramid
 - Health workers
 - Testing
- Vaccination and Doses /Cases/Deaths
- Consolidated PHSM
- Seroprevalence tracker
- Epidemic Intelligence from Open Source (EIOS)

https://covid19.who.int/

Continuous virus evolution – Genomic Spread of VOC



Source: Nextstrain based on GISAID data nextstrain.org/ncov/global



WHO label	Pango lineage*	GISAID clade	Nextstrain clade	Earliest documented samples	Date of designation
Eta	B.1.525	G/484K.V3	21D	Multiple countries, Dec-2020	17-Mar-2021
lota	B.1.526	GH/253G.V1	21F	United States of America, Nov-2020	24-Mar-2021
Карра	B.1.617.1	G/452R.V3	21B	India, Oct-2020	4-Apr-2021
Lambda	C.37	GR/452Q.V1	21G	Peru, Dec-2020	14-Jun-2021
Mu	B.1.621	GH	21H	Colombia, Jan- 2021	30-Aug-2021

Pango lineages	GISAID clade	Nextstrain clade	Earliest documented samples	Date of designation
B.1.427 B.1.429*	GH/452R.V1	21C	United States of America, Mar-2020	VOI: 5-Mar-2021 Alert: 6-Jul-2021
R.1	GR	-	Multiple countries, Jan-2021	07-Apr-2021
B.1.466.2	GH	-	Indonesia, Nov-2020	28-Apr-2021
8.1.621 8.1.621.1	GH	21H	Colombia, Jan-2021	26-May-2021
B.1.1.318	GR	-	Multiple countries, Jan-2021	02-Jun-2021
8.1.1.519	GR	20B/S.732A	Multiple countries, Nov-2020	02-Jun-2021
C.36.3 C.36.3.1	GR	-	Multiple countries, Jan-2021	16-Jun-2021
B.1.214.2	G	-	Multiple countries, Nov- 2020	30-Jun-2021
B.1.1.523	GR	-	Multiple countries, May- 2020	14-July-2021
8.1.619 8.1.619.1	G	20A/S.126A	Multiple countries, May- 2020	14-July-2021
B.1.620	G	-	Multiple countries, November 2020	14-July-2021

Countries, territories, and areas reporting Variants of Concern
(situation as of 12 octobre 2021)

Alpha (195)

Beta (145)

Data (191)

Lineage not specified (2)

Lineage not specified (3)

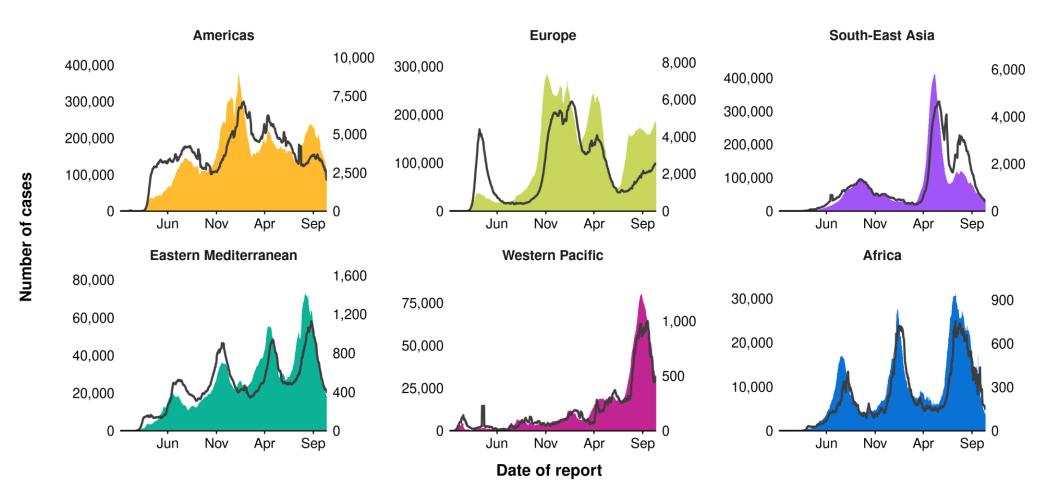
Lineage not specifie

ommunity cases. Please see Annex 2 for further details

VOI Alerts VOCs

Number of deaths

COVID-19 epidemic curve (by region) (as of 13 October 10H CEST)



Cases depicted by bars; deaths depicted by line. Data smoothed with 7-day moving average. Note different scales for y-axes.

<u>Collective Service</u>: a partnership endorsed by the IASC for a community-centred approach on Risk Communication & Community Engagement focusing on scale and quality



WHO | 2021 Dadra and Nagar Haveli: Working with communities to raise vaccine acceptance



NICEF | 2021
Risk Communication and
Community Engagement Driving
Innovations in the Covid-19 Response
in South Asia



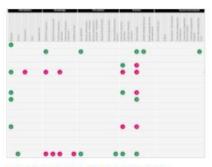
My Brother SG | 2021 A national risk communication and community engagement campaign for large, closed communities in Singapore



BEHAVIOURAL INDICATORS



COMMUNITY FEEDBACK



SURVEY & DATASETS

Collective | Risk Communication and service | Community Engagement









- Collaborative
- Community-led
- Reinforce capacity
- Data driven

www.rcce-collective.net

Early Al-supported Response with Social Listening

COVID-19 online conversations in 30 pilot countries



30



41



9

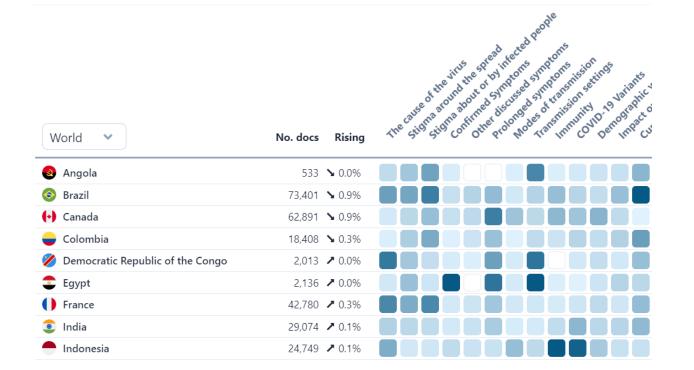


countries covered

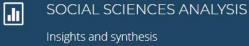
COVID-19 categories tracked

languages analyzed

posts analyzed since 15 December 2020











COVID-19 Supply Chain System: collective effort of UN agencies, health and donor partners to access and procure \$1.1 billion of essential supplies for 192 countries

Co-Chairs



Numerous External Partners







UNHCR





































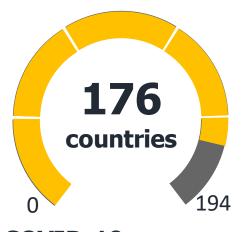




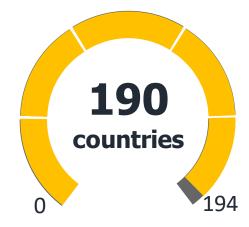


Informed by the epidemiological and operational intelligence monitored by WHO and partners Underpinned by WHO technical guidance, standards and supply forecasting tools

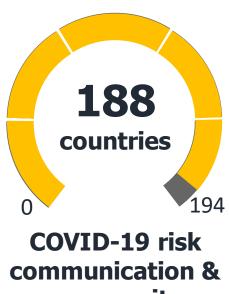
Country impact: interagency action, three-level commitment







COVID-19 functional multisectoral, multi-partner coordination mechanism







Multisectoral mental health & psychosocial support working group







COVID-19 NDVP shared on WHO Partners Platform





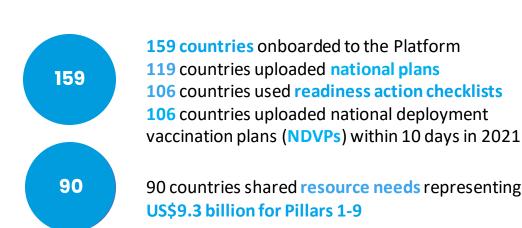


COVID19PartnersPlatform.WHO.int - a tool for country-centered readiness and response with global coordination

Over 6500 approved users from Government, UN entities, partners and donors sharing information in real time, in solidarity





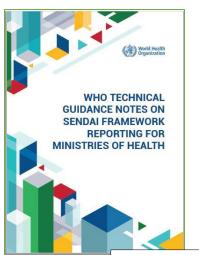








Health Sector reporting for the Sendai Framework



- Guidance to Ministries of Health to report all hazards health information under Sendai FW Monitor
- Facilitates coordination between health sector and Sendai Focal Point / other sectors reporting on DRR



Indicate (27). A key issue, in the coordisation between the Sendel Framework Meditorized coordisating uniform and the Ministrie, of Health which have responsible for health sector properties on COVID-3 to effect, the data reported in the Sendel Framework Menister on COVID-19 that have a significant or the Sendel Framework Menister on COVID-19 that is published to Ministry of Health responsing on COVID-19 that is published to Ministry of Health responsing on COVID-19 that is published to Ministry of Health responsing properties and supports personal responsive reporting based on easiting reportering the COVID-19 that is published to the COVID-19

UNDRR has facilitated this process by including COVID-19 as a specific hazard on the <u>Sendal</u> <u>Framework Monitor</u>.

Sendial Framework data is used for official Member State reporting on the corresponding St indicators to the UN Department of Economic and Social Affairs (UN DES) and will serve as input the SDG reporting in 2021 including for the High-Level Political Forum on Sustainable Development July 2021 Ecilitated by UNDRS, Sendial Framework data is included in the WHO 100 Global Heal Holicitators and the VHO 13¹⁹ General Pressurame of West 1027 PMPI Results Framework.

There are two milestones for Sendai Framework reporting in 2021: i.e. 31 March 2021 an 30 September 2021 which are used for SDG and UNDRR reporting respectively.

Purpose

WHO has published the official <u>WHO Technical guidance notes on Sendal Framework reporting to ministries of health</u> that provides substantial guidance towards strengthening reporting on health aspects of the Bendal Framework targets and indicators for all types of risks.

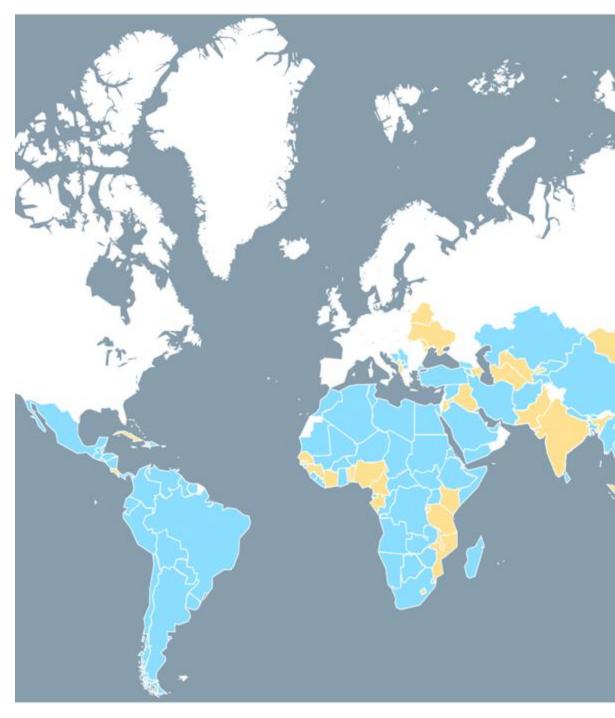
- Reporting COVID-19 information under Sendai FW Monitor
- Facilitates coordination between the Health DRR FPs/National IHR FPs and Sendai framework FPs
- Aligns with MOH Guidance for regular reporting on Sendai FW Monitor

Statistics in COVID-19 Management

- Build on gains made during COVID-19 to continue to improve information management and data sharing in emergencies
- Leverage existing systems (influenza, genomic sequencing, laboratory networks, IHR)

 Support gender and age disaggregated data collection and sharing

• Linking statistics/data to decision-makers



"Our mission and mandate are to work with all nations equally, without regard to the size of their populations or economies.

COVID-19 does not discriminate between rich nations and poor, large nations and small. It does not discriminate between nationalities, ethnicities or ideologies.

Neither do we. This is a time for all of us to be united in our common struggle against a common threat – a dangerous enemy."

- Director-General Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus



