







Bosnia and Herzegovina Transport-related SDGs and Road Safety System

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# The Road Safety Strategy in Greece

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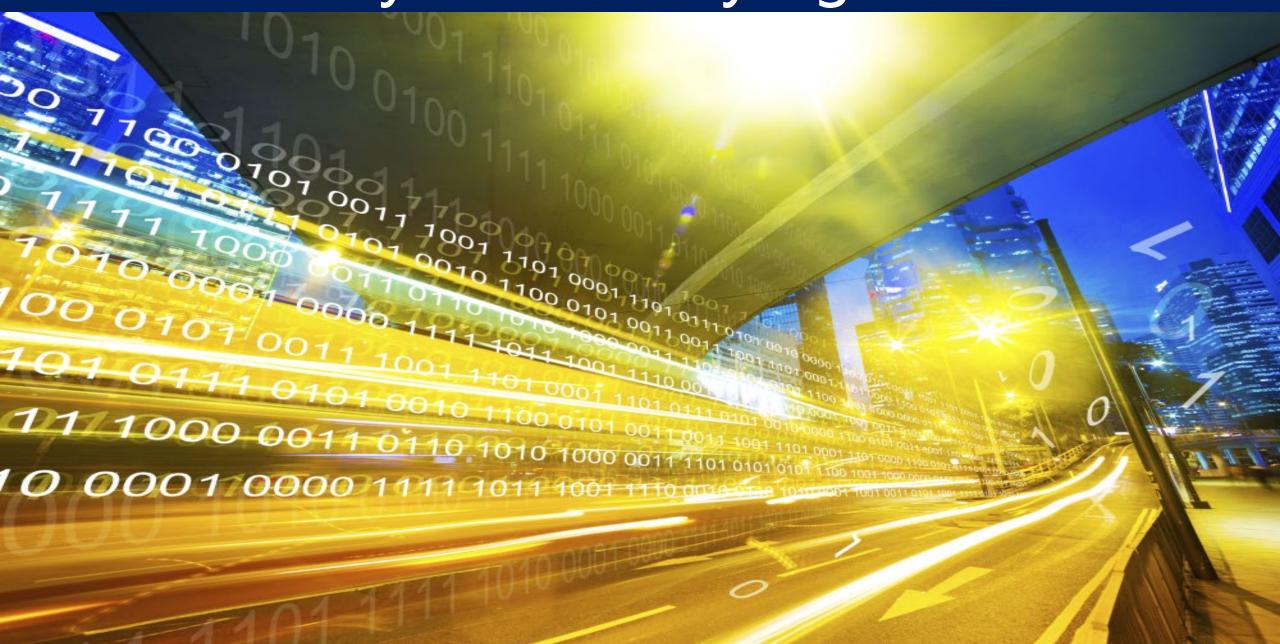
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## **Presentation Outline**

- 1. Key Road Safety Figures
- 2. Road Safety Strategy in Greece (2001-2010)
- 3. Road Safety Strategic Plan (2011-2020)
- 4. Concluding Remarks



# Key Road Safety Figures



#### Basic road safety figures



#### www.nrso.ntua.gr

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2019/2010
Injury Road accidents	15,032	13,849	12,398	12,109	11,690	11,440	11,318	10,848	10,737	10,762	-28%
Fatalities	1,258	1,141	988	879	795	793	824	731	700	699	-44%
Serious Injuries	1,709	1,626	1,399	1,212	1,016	999	879	706	727	636	-63%
Slight Injuries	17,399	15,633	14,241	13,963	13,548	13,097	12,946	12,565	12,422	12,059	-31%
Vehicle Fleet (x1000)	8,062	8,087	8,070	8,035	8,048	8,076	8,173	8,263	8,237	8,266	3%
Fatalities per million vehicles	156	141	122	109	99	98	101	88	85	85	-46%
Speed infringements	263,382	238,033	186,675	178,816	156,892	173,476	176,592	208,190	213,333	208,079	-21%
Drink & drive infringements	38,033	34,992	30,707	30,853	29,597	29,191	33,192	32,964	33,394	32,952	-13%
Seat belt infringements	49,703	37,120	33,722	35,478	34,526	29,611	34,831	31,510	33,380	31,626	-36%
Helmet infringements	51,526	47,250	47,736	58,122	54,354	52,783	63,971	59,405	52,706	46,381	-10%

Road fatalities in Greece have decreased by **44%** since 2010, however injury road accidents

decreased only by 28%

Processing:

A stagnation

of road fatalities in 2019 is observed

46% since 2010

Figures in italics are based on provisional data Notes: March 3rd, 2020 Issued: www.nrso.ntua.gr/wp-content/uploads/nrso-data-gr5.pd About the data: Hellenic Statistical Authority (ELSTAT) Sources: Traffic Police

NTUA - Road Safety Observatory

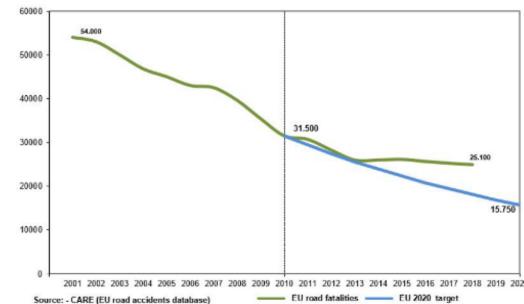
The rate fatalities per number of **Fatalities** Vehicles Road fatalities, Greece 2010-2019 vehicles has decreased by 8,500 2,200 8,000 2,000 7,500 1,800 7,000 1,600 6,500 1,400 6,000 → Fatalities 1,200 5,500 Vehicle Fleet (x1000) 1,000 5,000 800 4,500 4,000 2010 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019

# Road Safety Evolution and Target

- ➤ 700 fatalities in 2018: the best ever performance since 1965
- The most impressive road safety improvement in the EU since 2010: **43%** road fatalities decrease
- The respective decrease in the EU was 22% over the same period
- ➤ In 2019, the number of road fatalities is estimated to remain stable
- ➤ Around **70 lives to be saved** to reach the 2020 target







# Road Safety in Greece

- ➤ Significant part of the fatalities reduction since 2010 is attributed to the **economic crisis**
- > Several **positive activities** also contributed to this improvement:
  - reat improvement of the main road network (from 750km of motorways in 2007 to 2.200 km in 2018)
  - > several Local Authorities implemented city mobility and safety plans
  - ➤ implementation of all EU Directives and all procedures is always tighter
  - > new traffic fines scheme (2018) based on infringement safety importance and offenders' income
  - introduction of vehicle control inspection run by private entities; very efficient against corruption



# Road Safety Strategy in Greece (2001-2010)



# Road Safety Strategic Plans (2001-2010)

- ➤ 1st Strategic Plan for the Improvement of Road Safety in Greece (2001-2005)
  - Target: decrease of 20% up to 2005 and 40% up to 2015 in road fatalities compared to 2000.
  - > Actual result: decrease of 18,6%
- ➤ 2nd Strategic Plan for the Improvement of Road Safety in Greece (2006-2010)
  - > Target: decrease the number of road fatalities, in 2010, by 50%, compared to 2000.
  - > Actual result: decrease of 37,1%



# Lessons from the implementation of road safety strategies in Greece 2001 - 2010

- The low road safety level in Greece, with more than 15.000 accidents and 1.500 yearly fatalities, and related social costs exceeding 4 billion euro, was strongly associated with the lack of an integrated national road safety policy
- The lack of a central authority in charge of road safety management, together with some overlap and ambiguity in the responsibilities of the several involved authorities resulted in a lack of systematic and long-term road safety planning and monitoring
- Road safety programmes and measures were often poorly implemented, and seldom monitored or evaluated



# Lessons from the implementation of road safety strategies in Greece 2001 - 2010

- ➤ The measures of the 1st and 2nd National Strategic Plan were **not efficiently implemented** beyond 2003, resulting in a stabilization of the number of fatalities and an increase of the deviation from the adopted national (and EU) target for reduction of fatalities
- Additional factors related to the current low road safety level in Greece concern not only the aggressive and risk-taking behaviour, together with a low compliance to traffic rules of Greek drivers, but also the significantly high traffic of motorcycles and pedestrians. Young drivers and two-wheeler riders are particular high-risk groups.



# Road Safety Strategic Plan (2011-2020)



### RS Strategic Plan in Greece, 2011-2020

- Developed by the Department of Transportation Planning and Engineering of NTUA for the Ministry of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks.
- ➤ 1st phase: national and international assessment, targets and structure
- ➤ 2nd phase: measures, programmes, implementation plan



#### Steps for the development of the Strategic Plan

- Assessment of the implementation of the previous Road Safety Strategic Plans
- ➤ Identification, analysis and assessment of critical road safety parameters in Greece
- ➤ Identification, analysis and assessment of European and international road safety developments
- Setting up the **targets** and the **structure** of the Strategic Plan
- Development of road safety programmes and measures
- Development of the framework for the implementation, monitoring and assessment



## The road safety target 2011 - 2020

- ➤ Adoption of the new EU target for reducing the number of road fatalities by **50% by 2020** comparing to those in 2010.
  - ➤ 650 lives to be saved annually (from 1.300 fatalities in 2010 to 650 fatalities in 2020).
  - Estimated actual result: decrease of 43%
- ➤ Intermediate targets
  - ➤ 2010-2014: Decrease of 90 fatalities per year Actual result: average annual decrease of 115 fatalities
  - ➤ 2014-2020: Decrease of 50 fatalities per year <u>Estimated actual result</u>: average annual decrease of around 60 fatalities

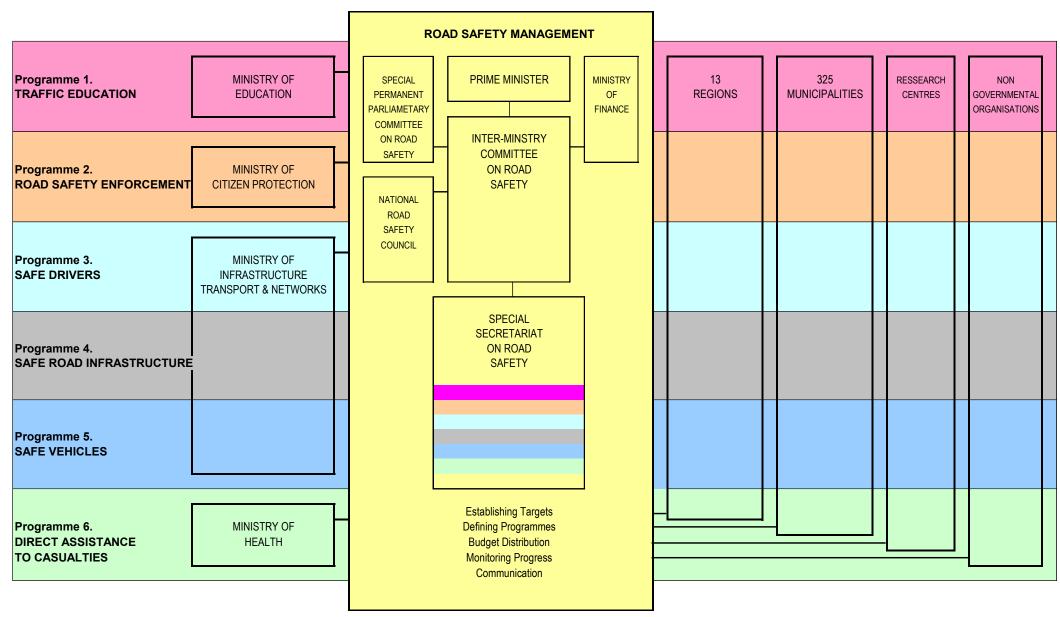


### The vision: Developing Road Safety Culture

- ➤ Introduce road safety values, attitudes, beliefs, expectations, decisions and guide and motivate cultural-based behaviors in the Greek society
- ➤ Focus not only to road safety culture of the driving population, but also to road safety culture of the authorities in charge of planning, implementing and enforcing road safety policy
- A proactive, long-term focus is needed to cultivate and sustain road safety culture transformation, including traffic education and engagement of the mass media
- ➤ Traditional interventions must be combined with culturalbased interventions involving changes in attitudes and perceptions of normative behaviors at the community and individual levels

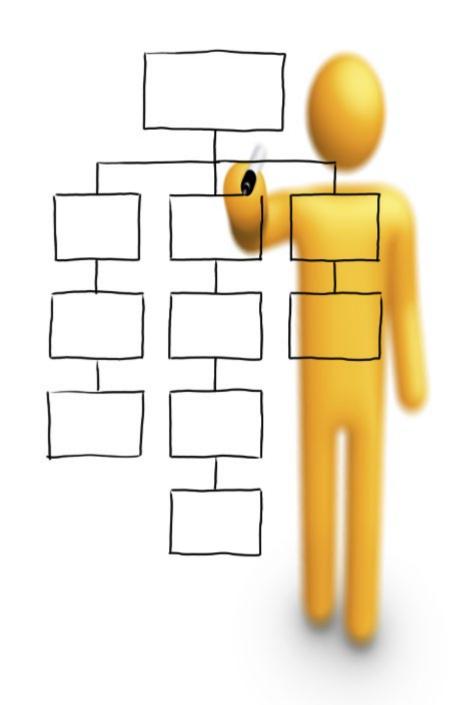


#### Structure of the National RS Strategic Plan (1/3)



#### Structure of the National RS Strategic Plan (2/3)

- ➤ The Road Safety Inter-Ministry Committee is in charge for:
  - > setting and updating the targets
  - > the approval of the programmes
  - > securing the budget
  - > the appropriate functioning of the Special Secretariat
  - > accountability to the Prime Minister and the Parliament
- > The Road Safety Special Secretariat is in charge for:
  - > preparing the programmes
  - > the budget distribution
  - > monitoring progress
  - > communication
  - > accountability to the Inter-Ministry Committee





#### Structure of the National RS Strategic Plan (3/3)

- ➤ Road Safety Inter-Party Committee of the Parliament controls the performance of the Road Safety Inter-Ministry Committee
- ➤ Ministries, Regional and Municipal Authorities, are in charge for:
  - > preparing the measures
  - > implementing the measures
  - > accountability to the Road Safety Special Secretariat
- ➤ Ministries of Finance and of Interior participate and support the Inter-Ministry Committee and are in charge to secure the budget and the cooperation of the regional and Municipal Authorities
- ➤ The National Road Safety Council has an advisory role for all issues of the competence of the Inter-Ministry Committee

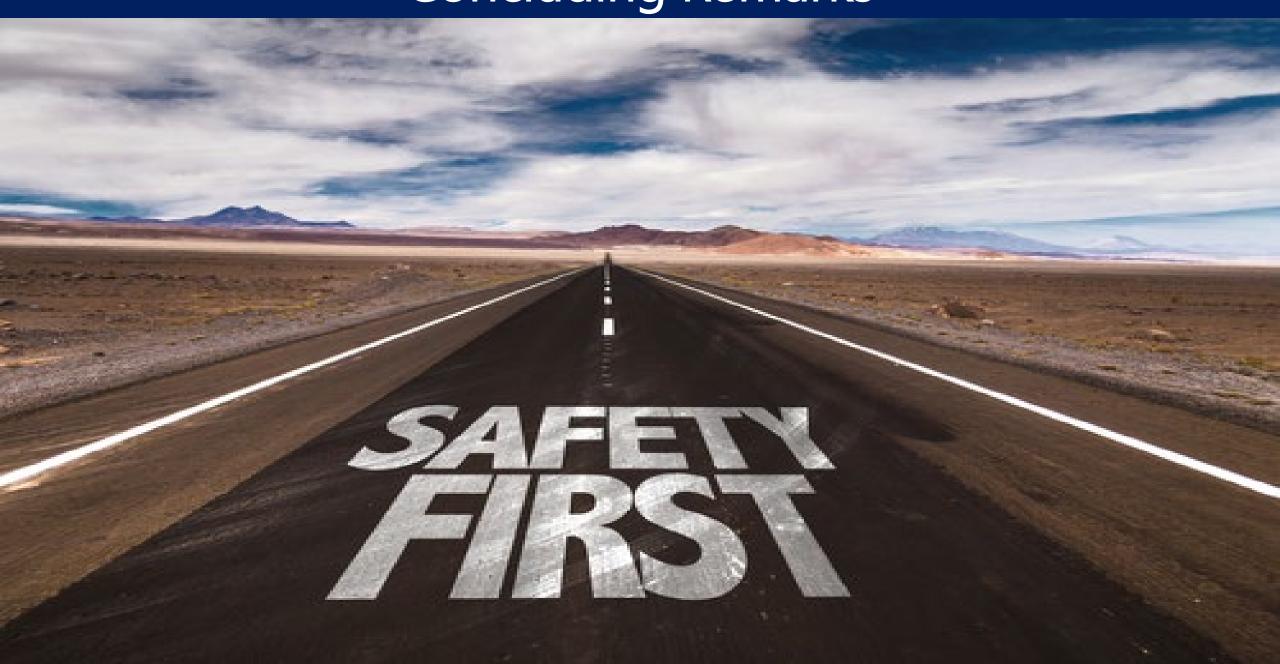


# The six road safety programmes

- ➤ In each programme, there are foreseen:
  - > specific annual targets
  - > specific budget
  - > specific measures
  - > specific timelines
- The **responsibility** for the implementation of every measure belongs to:
  - > the Ministries
  - > the Regional Authorities
  - > the Municipal Authorities
  - > the research centres and the NGOs
- ➤ Budget distribution is linked with the degree of implementation and their efficiency.



# Concluding Remarks



#### Overall Assessment of the RS Strategic Plan

- ➤ The **targets** of the 3<sup>rd</sup> RS Strategic Plan are close to be reached, despite the partial implementation of the programmes
- ➤ Authorities and Society have not given the necessary priority to the problem of road accidents
- ➤ Public administration deficiencies limit significantly the efficiency of any road safety measures (lack of safe system approach)
- Lack of accountability due to overlap of duties and responsibilities



# **Key Challenges**

- The significant reduction of road casualties during the last decade, mainly attributed to the economic crisis and the significant upgrade of the road network indicates that there is a great potential for further improvements
- The consistent and continuous implementation of the priority measures by all parties involved at national, regional and local level is not only a tool for the achievement of the targets, but also a challenge for citizens and authorities to work together for a significant improvement of road safety level in Greece



# Prerequisites for the success

- ➤ Strong political will at the highest political level and financial support in order to activate the necessary mechanisms for the efficient implementation of the Strategic Planning
- ➤ Intensification of enforcement by the Traffic Police with emphasis on the most dangerous behavioural offenses
- > Systematic monitoring of the implementation of actions and of the factors affecting the road safety level (through KPIs)
- Development and implementation of an effective road infrastructure safety management system
- Design and implementation of an integrated policy to promote safe driving behaviour



### Conclusions

- The road safety level in a country or a region reflects the culture in this country or region and it is linked to the efforts on time and resources put
- ➤ It is fundamental duty of the each State to protect citizens' lives that are literally lost in vain in road accidents just because the issue of Road Safety is not dealt within a scientific and responsible way











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