



**Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
and on the Globally Harmonized System of Classification
and Labelling of Chemicals****Sub-Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods****Forty-fifth session**

Geneva, 1 – 9 December 2014

Item 2 (e) of the provisional agenda

**Recommendations made by the Sub-Committee on its forty-third,
forty-fourth and forty-fifth sessions and pending issues: miscellaneous pending issues****Use of the terms “mark” and “marking” in the Model
Regulations****Transmitted by the expert from the United Kingdom¹****Background**

1. During discussions of the Secretariat’s paper ST/SG/AC.10/C.3/2012/96 at the forty-second session, experts queried the distinction between the terms “mark” and “marking” as used in the Model Regulations. Neither is defined in Chapter 1.2. The expert from the United Kingdom delegation explained her understanding orally and agreed to provide a paper on the subject during the next biennium (see ST/SG/AC.10/C.3/84, para 47).
2. The expert from the United Kingdom distinguished between the two terms by saying that a/the “mark” should indicate the letters/numbers/symbols/pictogram appearing on dangerous goods packaging for the purpose of providing information, e.g. about the packaging material or the contents, while “marking” (“to mark”) should be used to indicate the actual act of applying a mark. ‘Marked’ is used to indicate that marking has been carried out/a mark has been applied.
3. It is however apparent that, at least in the first sense, the two terms have often been used interchangeably in the Model Regulations, sometimes within a single point. Examples are:

¹ In accordance with the programme of work of the Sub-Committee for 2013-2014 approved by the Committee at its sixth session (refer to ST/SG/AC.10/C.3/84, para. 86 and ST/SG/AC.10/40, para. 14).

3.4.8.1, final paragraph:

*The **marking** shall be in the form of a square set at an angle of 45 degrees (diamond shaped). The top and bottom portions and the surrounding line shall be black. The centre area shall be white or a suitable contrasting background. The minimum dimensions shall be 100mm x 100mm and the minimum width of line forming the diamond shall be 2mm. The symbol “Y” shall be placed at the centre of the **mark** and shall be clearly visible.*

and

6.1.3

***NOTE 1:** The **marking** indicates that the packaging which bears it correctly corresponds to a successfully tested design type and that it complies with the requirements of this Chapter which are related to the manufacture, but not to the use, of the packaging. In itself, therefore, the **mark** does not necessarily confirm that the packaging may be used for any substance: generally the type of packaging (e.g. steel drum), its maximum capacity and/or mass, and any special requirements are specified for each substance in Part 3 of these Regulations.*

4. The mark or marking may also be either all or part of a descriptive sequence. For example:

6.1.3.7 – Any additional markings authorised by a competent authority shall still enable the **parts of the mark** to be correctly identified with reference to 6.1.3.1.

and

6.2.2.9.2 (h) *The **country mark and the manufacturer’s mark shall be separated by a space or a slash***

or

6.3.4.3 Marking shall be applied in the sequence shown in 6.3.4.2. (a) to (g); **each element of the marking** required in these sub paragraphs shall be clearly separated, e.g. by a dash or space, so as to be clearly identifiable. For example, see 6.3.4.4.

The primary **marking** required above **shall be applied in the sequence** of the sub-paragraph.

5. While none of these usages are actually inaccurate and sometimes appear to be for stylistic purposes, greater consistency would clearly be desirable, especially to assist accurate translation. The United Kingdom therefore proposes that usage could be rationalised, in line with the explanation given above. This would generally involve changing “marking(s)” to “mark(s)” in cases where “marking” has been used to indicate the mark which appears on the package/transport unit. In a few cases it is necessary to change from the singular to the plural form in making this amendment. (NB The use of the term “marked” was also considered, but it is consistently used in the Model Regulations to indicate that a mark or marking has been/must be applied and no amendments are needed.)

6. Some of the examples where change is proposed relate to radioactive materials and it may be necessary to seek the views of the IAEA.

7. The proposals below therefore give details of where the United Kingdom believes an amendment to the text in respect of mark/markings could be adopted. (The second proposal relates only to wording adopted during this biennium for inclusion in the nineteenth edition of the Model Regulations.) A complete list of references noting where “marking” and “markings”, as well as “(to) mark” and “marked”, appear in the text (excluding the Table of

Contents) is attached at Annex A, to indicate the instances where no amendment is judged necessary.

8. These proposals, along with suggestions for definitions for the terms “mark”, “label” and “placard” were first presented at the 43rd session. During debate, it became apparent that there was no consensus on the definitions, but only the Secretariat (in INF 9) and CGA suggested changes to the mark/marking elements. The United Kingdom invited any further comments in writing and some (on mark/marking) have been provided by CGA and a United Kingdom expert. INF 9 flagged up text deleted in error; CGA proposed that ‘mark’ be changed to ‘marks’ in a few cases. The United Kingdom expert suggested an amendment to the headings for figures 6.7.2.20.1, 6.7.3.16.1 and 6.7.4.15.1. No comments have been received on the definitions.

9. The United Kingdom has incorporated the suggested changes for mark/marking but has decided not to propose new definitions for Chapter 1.2 at this stage.

Proposal 1

10. Make the following amendments to the text of the Model Regulations:

<i>Reference</i>	<i>Comment</i>
2.7.2.4.1.3 (b)	Each instrument or manufactured article bears the mark “RADIOACTIVE” on its external surface.... (ii) Consumer products that either have received regulatory approval in accordance with 1.5.1.4 (e) or do not individually exceed the activity limit for an exempt consignment in Table 2.7.2.2.1 (column 5) provided such products are transported in a package that bears the mark “RADIOACTIVE” on its internal surface.... (iii) Other instruments or articles too small to bear the mark “RADIOACTIVE”, provided that they are transported in a package that bears the mark “RADIOACTIVE”...
2.7.2.4.1.4 (b)	The package bears the mark “RADIOACTIVE” on either.....
3.1.2.2	When conjunctions such as “and” or “or” are in lower case or when segments of the name are punctuated by commas, the entire name of the entry need not be shown in the transport document or package marks.
3.1.2.3	Proper shipping names may be used in the singular or plural as appropriate. In addition, when qualifying words are used as part of the proper shipping name, their sequence on documentation or in package marks is optional.
3.4.7.1	Except for air transport, packages containing dangerous goods in limited quantities shall bear the mark shown in figure 3.4.1: Figure 3.4.1 Mark for packages containing limited quantities The mark shall be readily visible. Legible and able to withstand open weather exposure without a substantial reduction in effectiveness. The mark shall be in the form of a square set at an angle of 45 degrees (diamond-shaped).
3.4.7.2	If the size of the package so requires, the minimum outer dimensions shown in Figure 3.4.1 may be reduced to be not less than 50mm x 50 mm provided the mark remains clearly visible.
3.4.8.1	Packages containing dangerous goods packed in conformity with the provisions of Part 3, Chapter 4 of the ICAO Technical Instructions for the Transport of Dangerous Goods may bear the mark shown in Figure 3.4.2 to certify conformity with these provisions:

<i>Reference</i>	<i>Comment</i>
	(Figure 3.4.2.) Mark for packages containing limited quantities conforming to Part 3, Chapter 4 of the ICAO Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air The mark shall be readily visible, legible and able to withstand open weather exposure without a substantial reduction in effectiveness. The mark shall be in the form of a square....
3.4.8.2	If the size of the package so requires, the minimum outer dimensions shown in Figure 3.4.2 may be reduced to be not less than 50mm x 50 mm provided the mark remains clearly visible.
3.4.9	Packages containing dangerous goods bearing the mark shown in 3.4.8, with or without the additional labels and marks for air transport, shall be deemed to meet the provisions of section 3.4.1 as appropriate and of sections 3.4.2 and 3.4.4 of this Chapter and need not bear the mark shown in 3.4.7.
3.4.10	Packages containing dangerous goods in limited quantities bearing the mark shown in 3.4.7
3.4.11	When packages containing dangerous goods in limited quantities are placed in an overpack, the overpack shall be marked with the word "OVERPACK" and the marks required by this Chapter unless marks representative of all dangerous goods in the overpack are visible.
3.5.2 (e)	Each package shall be of such a size that there is adequate space to apply all necessary marks;
3.5.4.2	The mark shall be in the form of a square.
3.5.4.3	An overpack containing dangerous goods in excepted quantities shall display the required by 3.5.4.1 unless such marks on packages within the overpack mark is are clearly visible.
4.1.1.5	...Inner packagings containing liquids shall be packed with their closures upward and placed within outer packagings consistent with the orientation marks prescribed in 5.2.1.7.....
4.1.1.19.1 Note	A salvage pressure receptacle may be used as an overpack in accordance with 5.1.2. When used as an overpack, marks shall be in accordance with 5.1.2.1 instead of 5.2.1.3.
4.1.2.4.	Except for routine maintenance of metal, rigid plastics, composite and flexible IBCs performed by the owner of the IBC, whose State and name r authorised symbol is durably marked on the IBC, the party performing routine maintenance shall durably mark the IBC near the manufacturer's UN design type mark to show.....
4.1.4.1, P205 (6)	Metal hydride storage systems shall be filled with hydrogen at a pressure not exceeding the rated charging pressure shown in the permanent marks on the system.....
P650 (10)	When packages are placed in an overpack, the package marks required by this packing instruction shall either be clearly visible or be reproduced on the outside of the overpack.
4.1.6.1.12 (c)	Pressure receptacles shall not be offered for filling: ...c) unless the required certification, retest, and filling marks are legible.
4.1.6.1.13 (d)	Filled pressure receptacles shall not be offered for transport: ...d) unless the required certification, retest, and filling marks are legible.

<i>Reference</i>	<i>Comment</i>
4.1.8.4	Before an empty packaging is returned to the consignor, or sent elsewhere, it shall be disinfected or sterilised to nullify any hazard and any label or mark indicating that it had contained an infectious substance shall be removed or obliterated.
4.2.1.13.14	The mark as required in 6.7.2.20.2 shall include the UN number and the technical name with the approved concentration of the substance concerned.
4.2.4.5.6	MEGCs shall not be offered for filling: ...c) unless the required certification, retest, and filling marks are legible
4.2.4.6 (d)	Charged MEGCs shall not be offered for transport: ... d) unless the required certification, retest, and filling marks are legible
5.1.2.1	An overpack shall be marked with the word "OVERPACK", with the proper shipping name and the UN number and labelled, as required for packages by Chapter 5.2, for each item of dangerous goods contained in the overpack unless marks representative of all dangerous goods in the overpack are visible, except as required in 5.2.2.1.12. The lettering of the "OVERPACK" mark shall be at least 12mm high. NOTE: The size requirement for the "OVERPACK" mark shall apply as from 1 January 2016.
5.1.2.2.	The "overpack" mark is an indication of compliance with this requirement.
5.1.2.3	Each package bearing package orientation marks as prescribed in 5.2.1.7 of these Regulations and which is overpacked or placed in a large packaging shall be oriented in accordance with such marks.
5.2.1.1.	...In the case of unpackaged articles the mark shall be displayed on the article, on its cradle or on its handling, storage or launching device. For goods of Division 1.4, Compatibility Group S, the division and compatibility group letter shall also be marked unless the label for 1.4S is displayed. A typical package mark is: Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. Caprylyl chloride) UN 3265 NOTE: The size requirements for the UN number mark shall apply as from 1 January 2014.
5.2.1.2	All package marks required by 5.2.1.1: ...(d) Shall not be located with other package marks that could substantially reduce their effectiveness.
5.2.1.3	...The lettering of the "SALVAGE" mark shall be at least 12mm high. NOTE: The size requirement for the "SALVAGE" mark shall apply as from 1 January 2016.
5.2.1.5.1	Each overpack shall be legibly and durably marked on the outside of the overpack with an identification of either the consignor or consignee, or both unless these marks of all packages within the overpack are clearly visible.
5.2.1.5.7	Where LSA-I or SCO-I material is contained in receptacles or wrapping materials and is transported under exclusive use as permitted by 4.1.9.2.4, the outer surface of these receptacles or wrapping materials may bear the mark "RADIOACTIVE LSA01" or "RADIOACTIVE SCO-I", as appropriate.
5.2.1.6.2	The environmentally hazardous substance mark shall be located adjacent to the marks required by 5.2.1.1. The requirements of 5.2.1.2 and 5.2.1.4 shall be met.

<i>Reference</i>	<i>Comment</i>
5.2.1.6.3	... The mark shall be in the form of a square set at an angle of 45 degrees (diamond-shaped.) ... If the size of the package so requires, the dimensions/line thickness may be reduced, provided the mark remains clearly visible.
5.2.2.1.	<i>NOTE: ... However, additional marks or symbols indicating precautions to be taken in handling or storing a package (e.g. a symbol representing an umbrella indicating that a package shall be kept dry) may be displayed on a package if appropriate.</i>
5.2.2.1.6 (a), (b)	Except as provided in 5.2.2.2.1.2, each label shall: (a) Be located on the same surface of the package near the proper shipping name mark, if the package dimensions are adequate; (b) Be so placed on the packaging that they are not covered or obscured by any part or attachment to the packaging or any other label or mark.....
5.2.2.1.12.1	... Labels shall not cover the marks specified in 5.2.1
5.3.2.2	... The mark shall be an equilateral triangle.
5.5.2.3.2	... The mark shall be a rectangle. The minimum dimensions shall be 400 mm wide x 300 mm high and the minimum width of the outer line shall be 2 mm. The mark shall be in black print.....
5.5.3.4.2	The marks shall be durable, legible and placed in such a location and of such a size relative to the package as to be readily visible.
5.5.3.6.2	... The mark shall be a rectangle.
6.1.3.	Marks <i>NOTE 1: The mark indicates that the package which bears it corresponds to a successfully tested design type and that it complies with the requirements of this Chapter.....</i> <i>NOTE 2: The mark is intended to be of assistance to packaging manufacturers, reconditioners, packaging users, carriers and regulatory authorities. In relation to the use of a new packaging, the original mark is a means for its manufacturer(s) to identify the type and to indicate those performance test regulations that have been met.</i> <i>NOTE 3: The mark does not always provide full details of the test levels, etc and these may need to be taken further into account, e.g. by reference to a test certificate, to test reports or to a register of successfully tested packagings. For example, a packaging having an X or Y mark may be used.....</i>
6.1.3.1	Each packaging intended for use according to these Regulations shall bear marks which are durable, legible and placed in a location and of such a size relative to the packaging as to be readily visible. For packages with a gross mass of more than 30kg, the marks or a duplicate thereof shall appear on the top or on a side of the packaging. The mark shall show: ... (e) ... Packagings of types 1H and 3H shall also be appropriately marked with the month of manufacture; this may be marked on the packaging in a different place from the remainder of the mark. In such a case the two digits of the year in the type approval mark and in the inner circle of the clock shall be inserted.
6.1.3.2	In addition to the durable marks prescribed in 6.1.3.1, every new metal drum.....
6.1.3.3 For packagings other than metal drums of a capacity greater than 100 litres, these permanent marks may replace the corresponding durable marks prescribed in 6.1.3.1. <u>(NB typing mistake in previous sentence, 'indicted' instead of 'indicated'.)</u>

<i>Reference</i>	<i>Comment</i>
6.1.3.4	For remanufactured metal drums, if there is no change to the packaging type and no replacement or removal of integral structural components, the required marks need not be permanent (e.g. embossed). Every other remanufactured metal drum shall bear the marks in 6.1.3.1 (a) to (e)....
6.1.3.5	Metal drums made from material (e.g. stainless steel) designed to be reused repeatedly may bear the marks indicated in 6.1.3.1 (f) and (g) in a permanent form (e.g. embossed).
6.1.3.7	Marks shall be applied in the sequence shown in 6.1.3.1; each element of the marks required in these sub-paragraphs and when appropriate (h) to (j) of 6.1.3.8, shall be clearly separated, e.g. by a slash or space, so as to be easily identifiable. Any additional marks authorised by a competent authority shall still enable the parts of the mark to be correctly identified with reference to 6.1.3.1.
6.1.3.8	After reconditioning a package, the reconditioner shall apply to it, in sequence, a durable mark showing.....
6.1.3.9	When, after reconditioning, the marks required by 6.1.3.1 (a) to (d) no longer appear on the top head or the side of a metal drum, the reconditioner shall apply them in a durable form followed by 6.1.3.8 (h), (i) and (j). These marks shall not identify a greater performance capability than that for which the original design type had been tested and marked.
6.1.3.10	<i>Examples of marks for NEW packagings</i>
6.1.3.11	<i>Examples of marks for RECONDITIONED packagings</i>
6.1.3.12	<i>Example of mark for SALVAGE packagings</i> ...NOTE: The marks, for which examples are given in 6.1.3.10, 6.1.3.11 and 6.1.3.12, may be applied in a single line or in multiple lines provided the correct sequence is respected.
6.1.5.5.4	... This pressure is the one to be included in the mark required by 6.1.3.1 (d).
6.2.1.1.2	In recognition of scientific and technological advances, and recognising that pressure receptacles other than those that are marked with a UN certification mark may be used on a national or regional basis.....
6.2.1.5.1(i)	An inspection of the marks on the pressure receptacles
6.2.1.6.1(a)	Check of the external conditions of the pressure receptacle and verification of the equipment and external marks
6.2.2.5.2.1	...In instances where the competent authority that approves a pressure receptacle is not the competent authority in the country of manufacture, the marks of the approval country and the country of manufacture shall be indicated in the pressure receptacle marks (see 6.2.2.7 and 6.2.2.8).
6.2.2.5.5	..The application of the pressure receptacle marks shall be considered a declaration that the pressure receptacle complies with the applicable pressure receptacle standards and the requirements of this conformity assessment system and these Regulations. The inspection body shall affix or delegate the manufacturer to affix the pressure receptacle certification marks and the registered mark of the inspection body to each approved pressure receptacle.
6.2.2.6.2.1	...In instances where the competent authority that approves a body performing periodic inspection and test of a pressure receptacle is not the competent authority of the country approving the manufacture of the pressure receptacle, the marks of the approval country of periodic inspection and test shall be indicated in the pressure receptacle marks (see 6.2.2.7).

<i>Reference</i>	<i>Comment</i>
6.2.2.6.5	The application of the periodic inspection and test marks to a pressure receptacle shall be considered a declaration that the pressure receptacle complies with the applicable pressure receptacle standards and the requirements of these Regulations. The periodic inspection and test body shall affix the periodic inspection and test marks, including its registered mark, to each approved pressure receptacle (see 6.2.2.7.7.).
6.2.2.7.5	The following is an example of the marks applied to a cylinder.
6.2.2.7.7(a)	This mark is not required if this body is approved by the competent authority of the country approving manufacture;
6.2.2.8.3	<i>NOTE: Non-refillable pressure receptacles may, on account of their size, substitute a label for these permanent marks.</i>
6.2.2.9.4 (a)	This mark is not required if this body is approved by the competent authority of the country approving manufacture;
6.2.3.5	The marks shall include the water capacity and test pressure of the salvage pressure receptacle.
6.3.4 Heading, Notes 1-3	Marks <i>NOTE 1: The mark indicates that the packaging which bears it corresponds to a successfully tested design type and that it complies with the requirements of this Chapter.....</i> <i>NOTE 2: The mark is intended to be of assistance to packaging manufacturers, reconditioners, packaging users, carriers and regulatory authorities.</i> <i>NOTE 3: The mark does not always provide full details of the test levels, etc. and these may need to be taken further into account, e.g. by reference to a test certificate, to test reports or to a register of successfully tested packagings.</i>
6.3.4.1	Each packaging intended for use according to these Regulations shall bear mark is which are durable, legible and placed in a location and of such a size relative to the packaging as to be readily visible. For packages with a gross mass of more than 30kg, the marks or a duplicate thereof shall appear on the top or on a side of the packaging.
6.3.4.2 (g)	For packagings meeting the requirements of 6.3.5.1.6, the letter “U”, inserted immediately following the mark required in (b) above.
6.3.4.3	Marks shall be applied in the sequence shown in 6.3.4.2. (a) to (g); each element of the mar required in these sub-paragraphs shall be clearly separated, e.g. by a slash or space, so as to be easily identifiable. For example, see 6.3.4.4. Any additional marks authorised by a competent authority shall still enable the parts of the mark to be correctly identified with reference to 6.3.4.1.
6.3.4.4	<i>Example of mark</i>
6.3.5.1.6 (g)	In addition to the marks prescribed in 6.3.4.2. (a) to (f), packagings shall be marked in accordance with 6.3.4.2 (g).
6.4.23.12 (a)	Each certificate and each package shall bear the appropriate identification mark, comprising the symbols prescribed in 6.4.23.11 (a), (b), (c) and (d) above, except that, for packages, only the applicable design type codes including, if applicable, the symbols “-96”, shall appear following the second stroke, that is, the “T” or “X” shall not appear in the identification mark on the package.
6.5.2.1.1	Each IBC manufactured and intended for use according to these Regulations shall bear marks which are durable, legible and placed in a location so as to be readily visible.....

Reference	Comment
	(a) For metal IBCs on which the mark is stamped or embossed, the capital letters “UN” may be applied instead of the symbol;... Marks shall be applied in the sequence shown in (a) to (h); each element of the mark required in these subparagraphs and when appropriate, in 6.5.2.2, shall be clearly separated.....
6.5.2.1.2	<i>Examples of marks for various types of IBC in accordance with (a) to (h) above:</i>
6.5.2.2.1	Each IBC shall bear the marks required in 6.5.2.1. (in table) Additional marks
6.5.2.2.3	In addition to the marks required in 6.5.2.1, flexible IBCs may bear a pictogram indicating recommended lifting methods.
6.5.2.2.4	The inner receptacles of composite IBCs manufactured after 1 January 2011 shall bear the marks indicated in 6.5.2.1.1 (b), (c), (d) where this date is that of the manufacture of the plastics inner receptacle, (e) and (f).....The marks shall be applied in the sequence shown in 6.5.2.1.1.... The date of the manufacture of the plastics inner receptacle may alternatively be marked on the inner receptacle adjacent to the remainder of the mark... In such a case, the two digits of the year in the primary mark and in the inner circle of the clock shall be identical.
6.5.2.3	The mark indicates that IBCs correspond to a successfully tested design type....
6.5.2.4	The marks specified in 6.5.2.1.1 and 6.5.2.2 shall be removed from the original IBC or made permanently illegible and new marks shall be applied to an IBC remanufactured in accordance with these Regulations.
6.5.4.4.1(a) (i)	conformity to design type including marks
6.5.4.5.3	The party performing the tests and inspections after the repair shall durably mark the IBC near the manufacturer’s UN design type mark...
6.6.3.1	Each large packaging manufactured and intended for use according to these Regulations shall bear marks which are durable, legible and placed in a location so as to be readily visible.(a)...For metal large packagings on which the mark is stamped or embossed, the capital letters “UN” may be applied instead of the symbol; The primary mark required above shall be applied in the sequence of the sub paragraphs. <i>NOTE The size requirement for the primary mark shall apply for large packagings manufactured as from 1 January 2014.</i>
6.6.3.2	Examples of marks
6.7.2.19.8 (g)	Required marks on the portable tank are legible and in accordance with the applicable requirements
6.7.2.20.1 fig	Example of a plate for marking
6.7.3.15.8 (f)	Required marks on the portable tank are legible and in accordance with the applicable requirements;
6.7.3.16.1 fig	Example of a plate for marking
6.7.4.14.9 (e)	Required marks on portable tanks are legible and in accordance with the applicable requirements
6.7.4.15.1 fig	Example of a plate for marking
6.7.5.12.6 (e)	Required marks on the MEGC are legible and in accordance with the applicable requirements;

<i>Reference</i>	<i>Comment</i>
6.7.5.13.1 fig	Example of identification plate marks
6.8.5.5.1	Each flexible bulk container manufactured and intended for use according to these Regulations shall bear marks that are durable, legible and placed in a location so as to be readily visible....
6.8.5.5.2	Marks shall be applied in the sequence shown in (a) to (h); each element of the mark required in these subparagraphs shall be clearly separated. Example of a mark
7.1.9.2	Information reported shall include at least the description of the goods as provided in 5.4.1.4, description of the accident/incident, date and location, estimated loss of dangerous goods, containment information (e.g., packaging or tank type, identification marks, capacity and quantity) and cause and type of any packaging or tank failure that resulted in a release of dangerous goods.

Proposal 2

11. Make the following amendments to the texts adopted for the 19th edition:

4.1.41, P200	(4) the filing of pressure receptacles shall be carried out by qualified staff using appropriate equipment and procedures The procedures shall include checks of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The conformity to regulations for receptacles and accessories; - Their compatibility with the product to be transported; - The absence of damage which might affect safety; - Compliance with the degree or pressure of filling, as appropriate; - Markings and identification.
6.5.2.2.4	Inner receptacles that are of composite IBC design type shall be identified by the application of the marks...”,

Annex

(Chapters 1-7, excluding Table of Contents)

<i>Reference</i>	<i>Occurrence of "marking"</i>	<i>Occurrence of "markings"</i>	<i>Occurrence of "mark(s)"</i>	<i>Occurrence of "marked"</i>
1.1.1.1				1
1.3.2	1		2	
1.5.5.1	1			
2.6.3.2.3.8				1
2.6.3.2.3.9				2
2.7.2.4.1.3 (b)	4			
2.7.2.4.1.4 (b)	1		1	
3.1.2.2		1		
3.1.2.3		1		
3.3.1 29				1
3.3.1 172 (c)	1			
3.3.1 188 (b) (f) (g)				3
3.3.1 219				1
3.3.1 274	1			
3.3.1 294	1			
3.3.1 295			1	1
3.3.1 319				1
3.3.1 331			1	
3.3.1 339				1
3.3.1 348				1
3.3.1 361 (e)				1
3.3.1 367	1			
3.3.1 372				1
3.3.1 376				1
3.3.1 377				1
3.4.7	1			
3.4.7.1	4			
3.4.7.2	1			
3.4.8	1			
3.4.8.1	4		1	
3.4.8.2	1			
3.4.9	2	1		
3.4.10	1		1	
3.4.11	1	1		1
3.5.2 (e)		1		
3.5.4	1			
3.5.4.1			3	1
3.5.4.2	1		2	
3.5.4.3		2		
Notes to the index - 7.	1			

<i>Reference</i>	<i>Occurrence of "marking"</i>	<i>Occurrence of "markings"</i>	<i>Occurrence of "mark(s)"</i>	<i>Occurrence of "marked"</i>
4.1.1.5		1		
4.1.1.10				8
4.1.1.19.1 Note		1		
4.1.2.4.	1		1	1
4.1.3.5				3
4.1.3.6.9	1			
P101				1
P137, PP70				1
P200			2	
P203			1	
P205 (4) (6)		1	1	
P208 (13)			1	
P601 (3)				1
P620 2 (b)				1
P650		1	4	2
P804				1
P904			3	
4.1.6.1.12 (c)		1		
4.1.6.1.13 (d)		1		
4.1.8.4	1			
4.2.1.13.14	1			
4.2.3.7.2				1
4.2.3.8 (e)				1
4.2.4.5.6		1		
4.2.4.6 (d)		1		
4.2.5.3 TP34				1
4.2.6	3			1
4.3.2.4.2 (c)				1
5.1.1.1	1			
5.1.1.2				1
5.1.2.1	2	1		1
5.1.2.2.	1			
5.1.2.3		2		
5.1.3.1				1
5.1.4				1
5.1.5.1.4 (d)			1	
5.1.5.2.1			1	
5.1.5.4.1				1
5.1.5.4.2 (a)			1	
5.2	1			
5.2.1	1			
5.2.1.1.	3			1
5.2.1.2		2		
5.2.1.3	2			1
5.2.1.4				1

5.2.1.5	1			
5.2.1.5.1		1		2
5.2.1.5.2	1			
5.2.1.5.3				1
5.2.1.5.4				3
5.2.1.5.5			1	1
5.2.1.5.6				1
5.2.1.5.7	1			
5.2.1.5.8	1			
5.2.1.6	1			
5.2.1.6.1			1	1
5.2.1.6.2		1	1	
5.2.1.6.3	2		3	
5.2.1.7.1				1
5.2.1.7.3				1
5.2.1.8			1	1
5.2.2.1.		1		
5.2.2.1.6 (a), (b)	2			
5.2.2.1.12.1		1		
5.3	1			
5.3.1.2.1			1	
5.3.2	1			
5.3.2.2	1		3	
5.3.2.3			1	
5.3.2.3.1			1	1
5.3.2.3.2			1	
5.4.1.5.7.1 (g)			1	
5.4.1.6.1				2
5.4.2.1. (g) (h)				2
5.4.4.2 Fig 5.4.1			2	1
5.5.2.1.2	1			
5.5.2.3	1			
5.5.2.3.1			2	1
5.5.2.3.2	2		2	
5.5.2.3.3			1	1
5.5.2.3.4			1	
5.5.2.4.4			1	1
5.5.3.4	1			
5.5.3.4.1				1
5.5.3.4.2		1		
5.5.3.6	1			
5.5.3.6.1			2	1
5.5.3.6.2	1		2	
6.1.3 Heading and Notes 1-3	6		1	
6.1.3.1	3	2	1	2
6.1.3.2		1	2	1

<i>Reference</i>	<i>Occurrence of "marking"</i>	<i>Occurrence of "markings"</i>	<i>Occurrence of "mark(s)"</i>	<i>Occurrence of "marked"</i>
6.1.3.3		1	3	
6.1.3.4		2		
6.1.3.5		1		
6.1.3.6			2	1
6.1.3.7	2	1	1	
6.1.3.8	1			
6.1.3.9		2		1
6.1.3.10		1		
6.1.3.11		1		
6.1.3.12	1	1		
6.1.5.1.7 (h)			1	2
6.1.5.1.11				2
6.1.5.5.4	1			
6.2.1.1.2	1			1
6.2.1.3.6.3				1
6.2.1.5.1 (i)		1		
6.2.1.6.1 (a)		1		
6.2.2.5.2.1	1		1	
6.2.2.5.2.3			2	
6.2.2.5.5	2		1	
6.2.2.6.2.1	1		1	
6.2.2.6.2.3			1	
6.2.2.6.4.4			1	
6.2.2.6.5	2		1	
6.2.2.7	3			
6.2.2.7.1			4	1
6.2.2.7.2	1		2	
6.2.2.7.3			2	
6.2.2.7.4			6	
6.2.2.7.5		1	4	
6.2.2.7.6			4	
6.2.2.7.7	1		3	1
6.2.2.8	1			
6.2.2.8.1			6	1
6.2.2.8.2			1	
6.2.2.8.3 Note	1			
6.2.2.8.4			3	
6.2.2.9	1			
6.2.2.9.1			4	1
6.2.2.9.2	1		8	
6.2.2.9.3			3	
6.2.2.9.4	1		3	1
6.2.2.10	1			
6.2.2.10.1				1
6.2.2.10.2			3	1

<i>Reference</i>	<i>Occurrence of "marking"</i>	<i>Occurrence of "markings"</i>	<i>Occurrence of "mark(s)"</i>	<i>Occurrence of "marked"</i>
6.2.2.10.3			4	
6.2.2.10.4			6	
6.2.3.2				1
6.2.3.4	1			
6.2.3.5	3			
6.3.4 Heading, Notes 1-3	4			
6.3.4.1		2		
6.3.4.2	1		1	1
6.3.4.3	3		1	
6.3.4.4	1			
6.3.5.1.6 (g)		1		1
6.3.5.2.2				1
6.4.23.11			4	
6.4.23.12	1		11 + 1 re-marking	5
6.4.23.13			1	
6.4.23.14			1	
6.4.23.15			1	
6.4.23.16			1	
6.4.23.17			1	
6.4.23.18			1	
6.4.24.2				1
6.5.1.1.3	1			
6.5.2	1			
6.5.2.1	1			
6.5.2.1.1	3	1	2	
6.5.2.1.2		1		
6.5.2.2	1			
6.5.2.2.1	2	1		
6.5.2.2.2			1	1
6.5.2.2.3		1		
6.5.2.2.4	4	1		1
6.5.2.2.5				1
6.5.2.3	1			
6.5.2.4	2	1		
6.5.4.3			1	
6.5.4.4.1	1			
6.5.4.4.3	1			
6.5.4.5.3	1		1	
6.6.3	1			
6.6.3.1	4	1	1	
6.6.3.2	1			
6.6.3.3			1	1
6.6.5.1.9				2
6.6.5.4.1			1	

<i>Reference</i>	<i>Occurrence of "marking"</i>	<i>Occurrence of "markings"</i>	<i>Occurrence of "mark(s)"</i>	<i>Occurrence of "marked"</i>
6.7.2.5.5				1
6.7.2.7.1				1
6.7.2.13	1			
6.7.2.13.1				1
6.7.2.13.2				1
6.7.2.18.1			1	
6.7.2.19.8 (g)		1		
6.7.2.20	1			
6.7.2.20.1			3	2
6.7.2.20.1 fig	1			
6.7.2.20.2				1
6.7.2.20.3				1
6.7.3.5.8				1
6.7.3.9	1			
6.7.3.9.1				1
6.7.3.9.2				1
6.7.3.14			1	
6.7.3.15.8 (f)		1		
6.7.3.16	1			
6.7.3.16.1			3	2
6.7.3.16.1 fig	1			
6.7.3.16.2				1
6.7.3.16.3				1
6.7.4.5.7				1
6.7.4.8	1			
6.7.4.8.1				1
6.7.4.8.2				1
6.7.4.13.1			1	
6.7.4.14.9 (e)		1		
6.7.4.15	1			
6.7.4.15.1			3	2
6.7.4.15 1 Fig	1			
6.7.4.15.2				1
6.7.4.15.3				1
6.7.5.3.3				1
6.7.5.6	1			
6.7.5.6.1				1
6.7.5.6.2				1
6.7.5.11.1			1	
6.7.5.12.6		1		
6.7.5.13		1		
6.7.5.13.1			3	2
6.7.5.13.1 Fig	1			
6.7.5.13.2				1
6.8.3.4	1			

<i>Reference</i>	<i>Occurrence of "marking"</i>	<i>Occurrence of "markings"</i>	<i>Occurrence of "mark(s)"</i>	<i>Occurrence of "marked"</i>
6.8.3.4.1				1
6.8.5.5	1			
6.8.5.5.1	2	1	2	
6.8.5.5.2	1			
7.1.1.2 (a)				1
7.1.1.4				1
7.1.7.1.1				2
7.1.7.1.2				1
7.1.9.2		1		
