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North American Forest Sector Outlook Study, 2006-2030

Jeffrey P. Prestemon



Acknowledgements

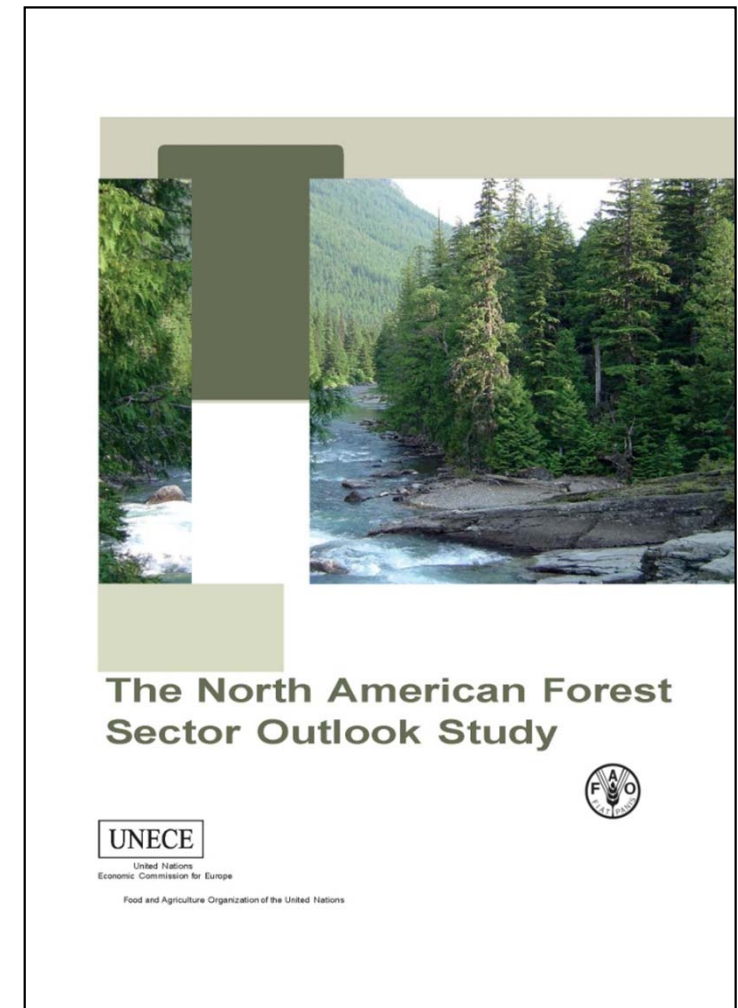
- Joseph Buongiorno
 - University of Wisconsin, Madison
- Susan Phelps and Darcie Booth
 - Canadian Forest Service
- Forest Sector Outlook Team of Specialists
- UNECE Secretariat
- US Forest Service 2010 RPA Assessment Team



NAFSOS Release

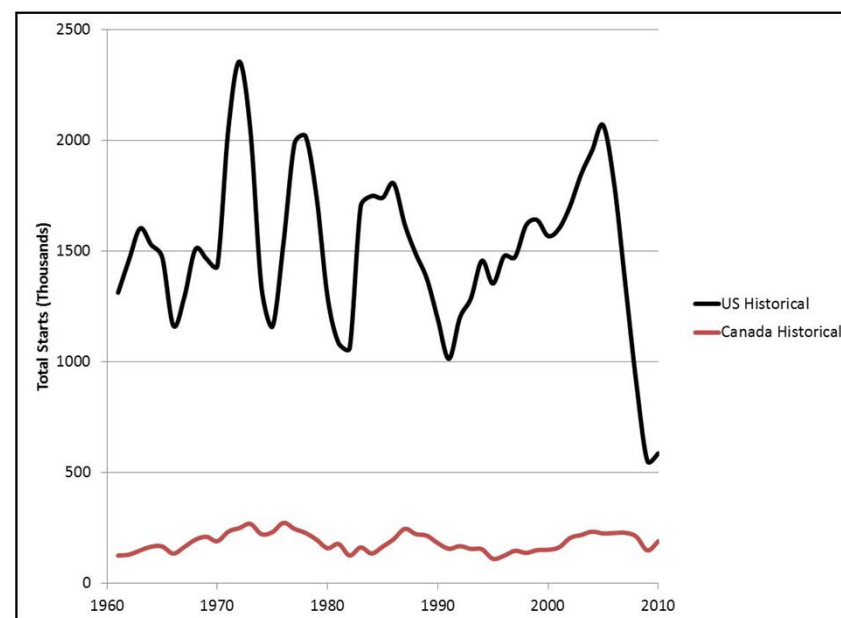
- Released last week,
online

**[http://www.unece.org/forests/
outlook/outputs/mop1.html](http://www.unece.org/forests/outlook/outputs/mop1.html)**



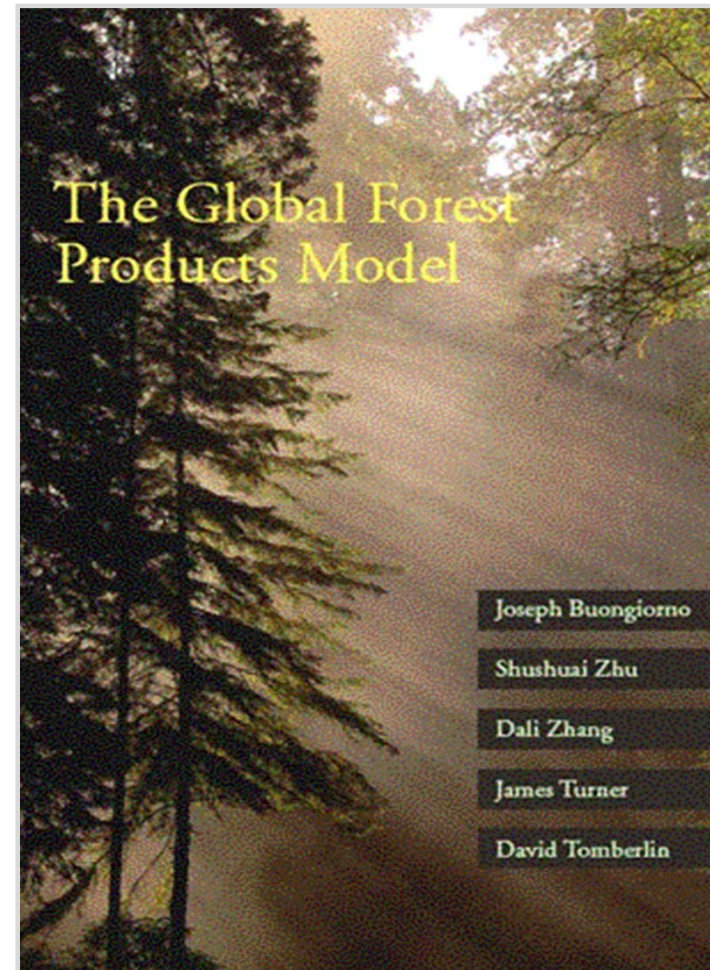
North American Forest Sector Outlook Study, 2006-2030: Outline

- Historical overview of Canada & U.S.
 - Past studies
 - Historical forests, markets
- Canadian & U.S. forests and markets projected to 2030 in a global context
 - Recent forest and market changes
 - Projections of prices, production, consumption, & trade by product category
 - Comparative advantage analysis



Methods: Modeling System

- The Global Forest Products Model
 - 180 Countries
 - Global Spatial Market Equilibrium Specifications
 - Projects forest area, stock
 - Models 14 product categories



Methods: Special U.S. Details

- U.S. is treated differently compared to other Countries in the GFPM
 - Special treatment due to 2010 RPA
- U.S. timber supply and forest area
 - U.S. timber supply affected by climate change
 - U.S. forest area projected with a special land use model



Methods: Scenarios

- Scenario-based
- NAFSOS Scenarios are based on IPCC Third Assessment Report
 - A1B
 - B2
 - A1B without bioenergy sector assumptions



NAFSOS Approach

- Global income growth for Macro Regions consistent with IPCC A1B and B2, but...
- National income per capita growth for countries outside the U.S. based on income convergence theory (Sala-i-Martin 2006)
 - *Avoids* anomalies of
 - High growth for rich countries in poor regions
 - Low growth for poor countries in rich regions
 - Turkey grows faster than its region, for example

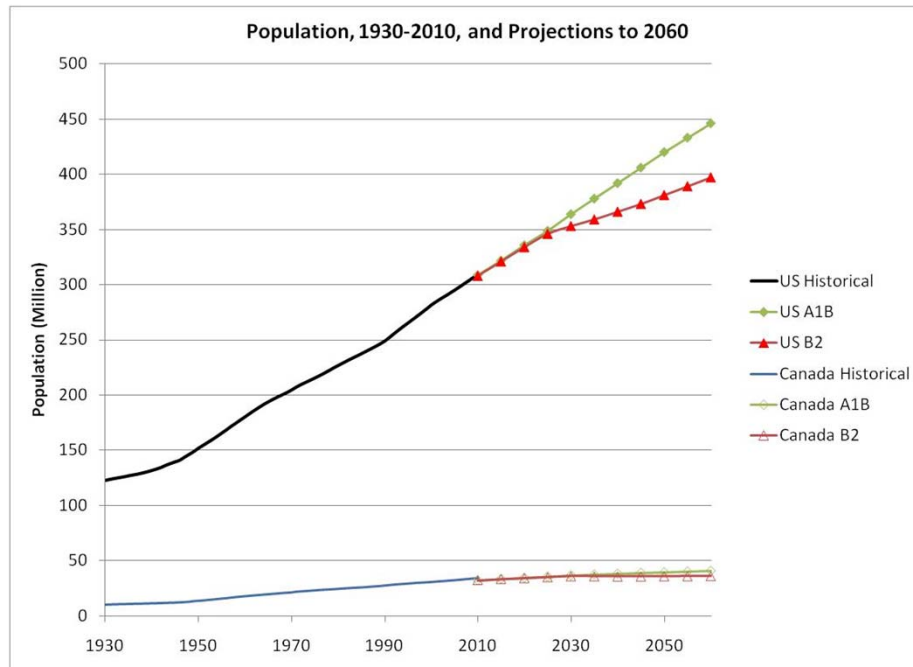


Scenario Overview--Global

	A1B	A1B-Low Fuelwood	<u>B2</u>
General Description	Globalization, Economic Convergence		Localized Solutions, Slow Change
Social Development Themes	Economic Growth, New Technologies, Capacity Building		Sustainable Development, Diversified Technology
Global Real GDP Growth (2010-2030)	High (2.42X)		Medium (1.53X)
Global Population Growth (2010-2030)	Medium (1.17X)		Medium (1.20X)
Global Expansion of Primary Biomass Energy Production (2000-2030)	High	None	Medium

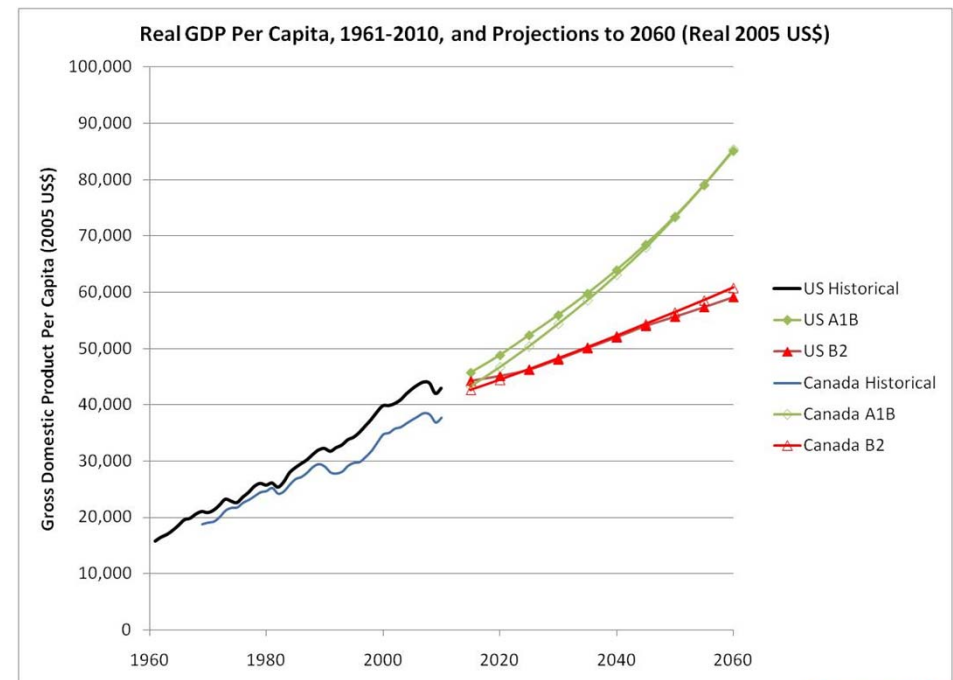


U.S. and Canada Population and GDP per Capita



Population in Canada & U.S.:
A1B is higher

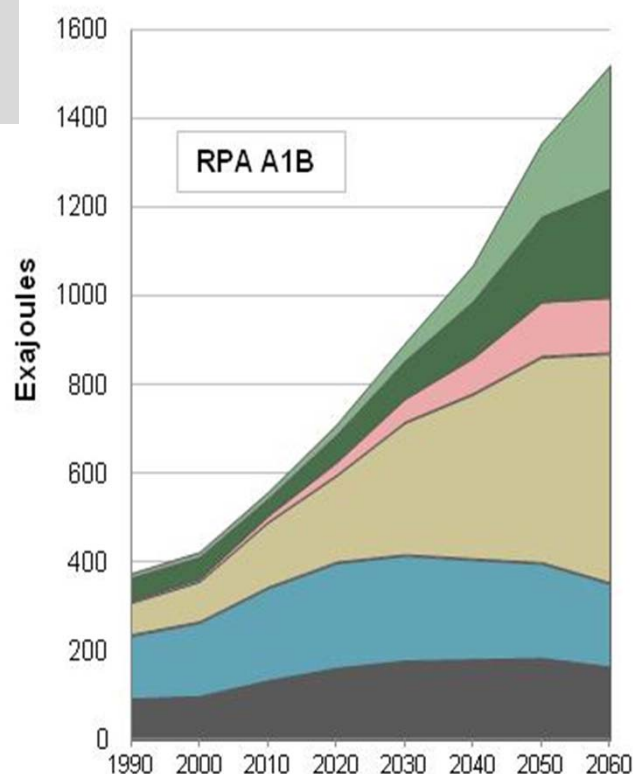
Income per Capita in Canada & U.S.:
A1B is higher



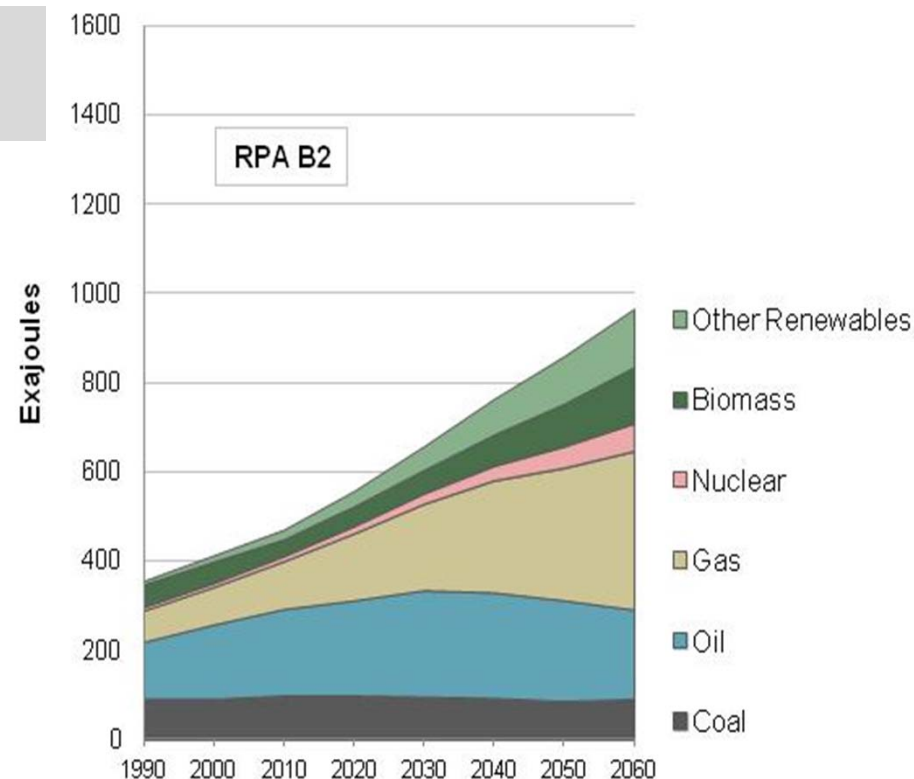
IPCC Global Energy Assumptions . . .

Global biomass energy output increases as oil peaks, but biomass varies by scenario (A1B highest, B2 lowest):

A1B



B2



Global primary energy production for IPCC-based RPA scenarios (exajoules), 1990-2060.



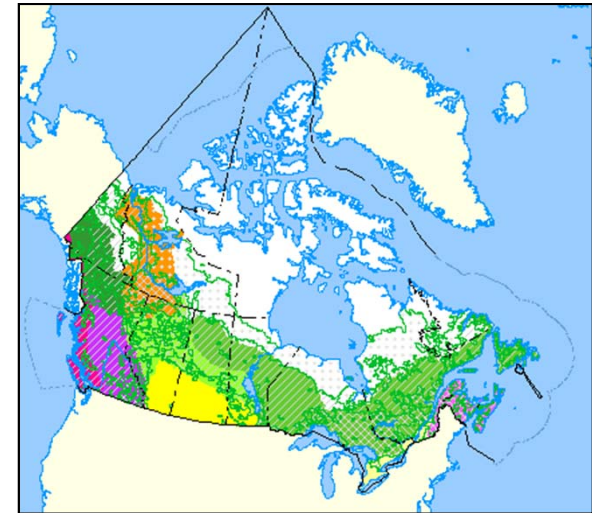
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Slide Courtesy of Peter Ince

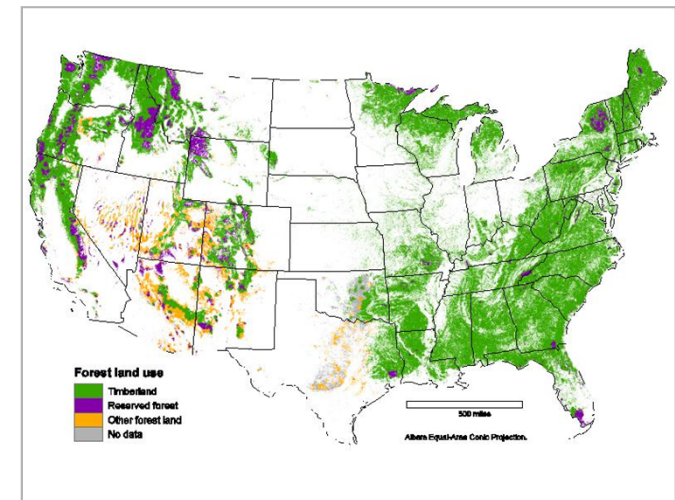


Summary Findings of NAFSOS

- Canada and the U.S. have changed in 50 years
 - Forests stable, but...
 - New “natural” threats: fire, insects, diseases, exotics
 - Growing human threats: land use change, enhancement of natural threats
 - Increasing capital intensity in manufacture
 - Hence job losses



Source: Natural Resources Canada 2012



Source: U.S. Forest Service 2011



Summary Findings of NAFSOS (2)

- Other recent historical changes
 - Technology change
 - Recycled fiber
 - More efficient sawing
 - Changes in external market conditions
 - Asian demand growth
 - Increased production capacities in Asia, Oceania, South America



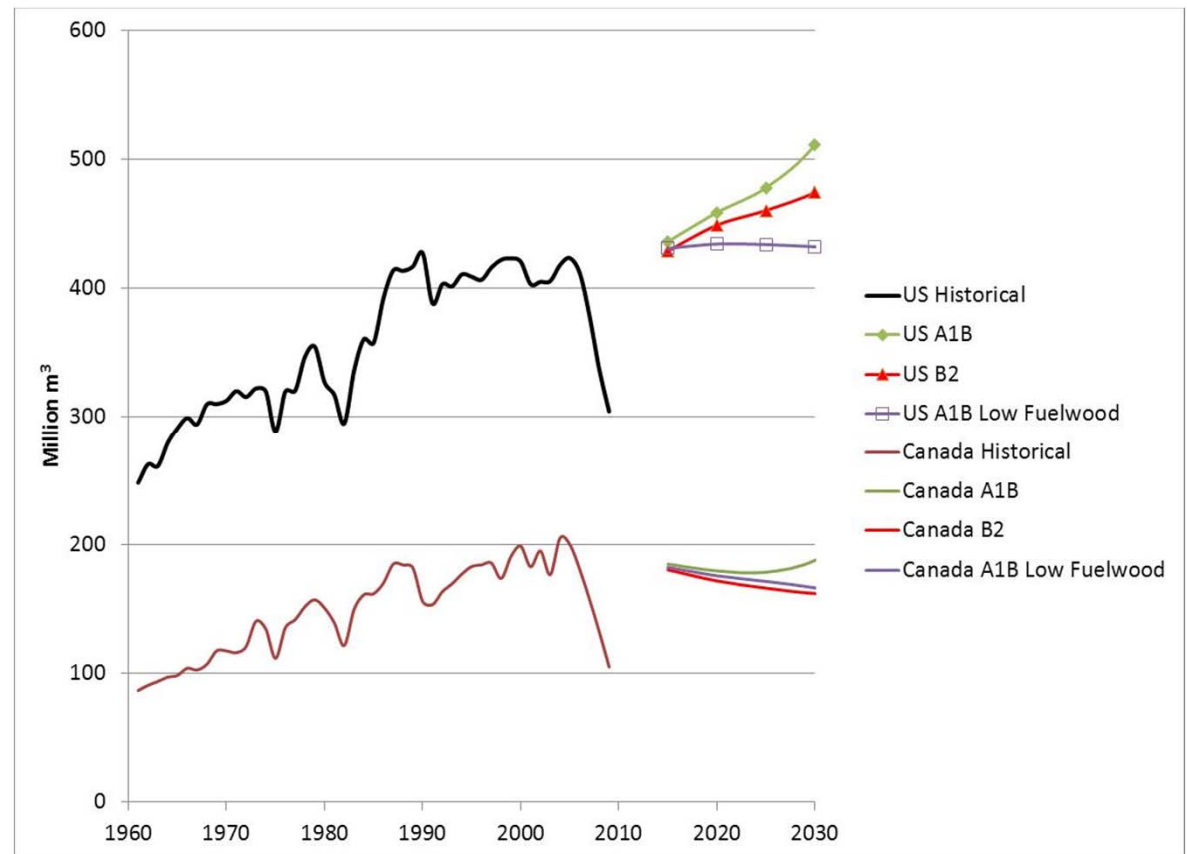
Summary Findings of NAFSOS (3)

- Forest loss in North America
 - U.S. loss of about 0.1-0.2% per year, on average
 - No projected loss for Canada
- North American stock (timber inventory) growth
 - Less growth in the U.S. due to forest loss



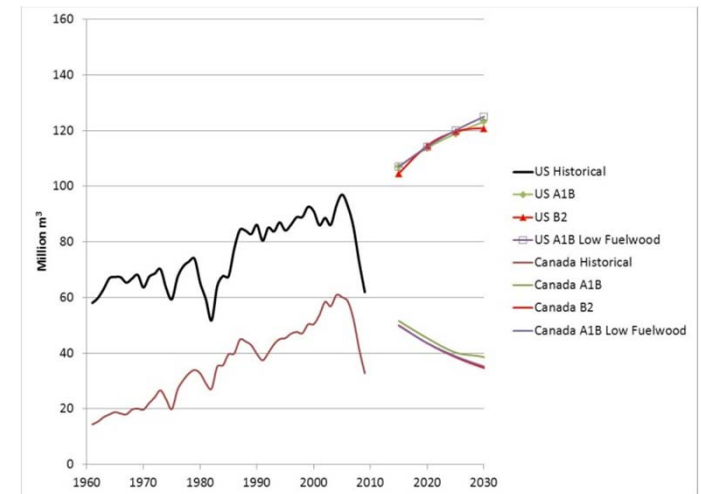
Summary Findings of NAFSOS (4)

- Industrial Roundwood Production Recovery
- Recovery greater for the U.S.
- Canada may have seen its high water mark

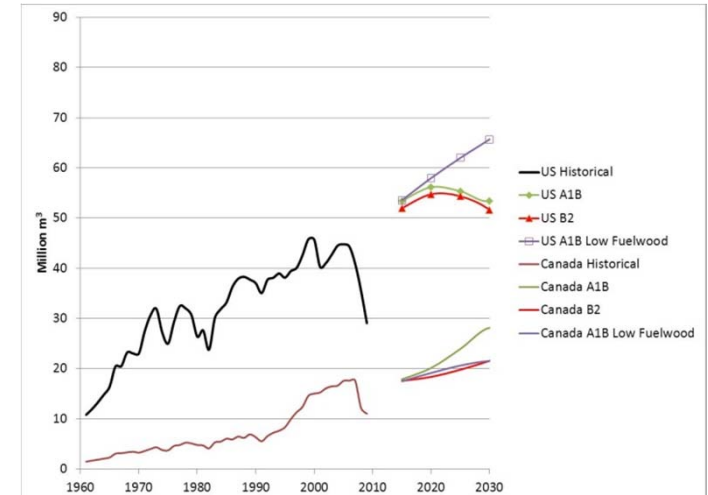


Summary Findings of NAFSOS (5)

- After housing market contraction in the U.S....
 - Wood products market projected to recover
 - Panel market strong growth
 - Lumber market
 - Canada declines
 - U.S. grows



Lumber



Wood Panels

Summary Findings of NAFSOS (6)

- North American paper market faces challenges
 - Growth in Asian demand, but...
 - Growth in overseas capacity
 - Shrinking domestic demands for newsprint and possibly printing and writing paper
 - Leading to capacity shrinkage in these products
 - Other paper and paperboard: continued consumption growth



Summary Findings of NAFSOS (7)

- Bioenergy sector impacts roundwood prices to the detriment of traditional forest products
 - Compare A1B results with those of A1B-low fuelwood
 - Wood based bioenergy sector impacts:
 - Higher prices
 - Lower output
 - Paper sector impacts
 - Lower output
 - Higher pulp prices



Conclusions

- Some forest loss in North America
- Total inventory levels increase
- Paper sector projected to still be affected by rapid global changes
- A large wood-based energy sector would increase timber prices
 - Helping landowners
 - Harming traditional product producers



Questions?

Jeffrey P. Prestemon,
jprestemon@fs.fed.us
Tel. 919-549-4033

Forestry Sciences Laboratory,
Southern Research Station
PO Box 12254
Research Triangle Park, 27709



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More Details Available on Global Market Projections Available from the 2010 RPA Assessment

Outlook to 2060 for World
Forests and Forest Industries

A Technical Document Supporting
the Forest Service 2010 RPA Assessment

Joseph Buongiorno, Shushuai Zhu, Ronald Raunikar, and
Jeffrey P. Prestemon

In Press

- To be released in the coming weeks
- Contains additional results to 2060
- Contains results for another scenario (A2)

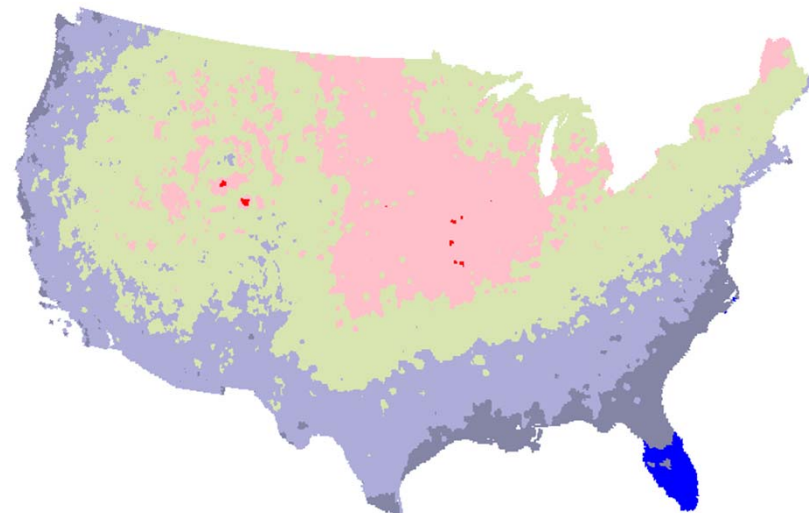
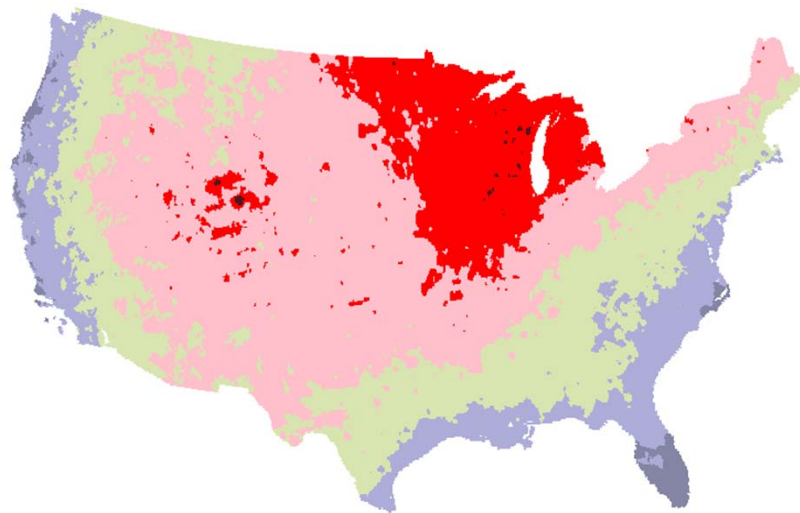


NAFSOS Climate Change Scenarios

Temperature Changes (°C), USA, 2006-2060

A1B

B2



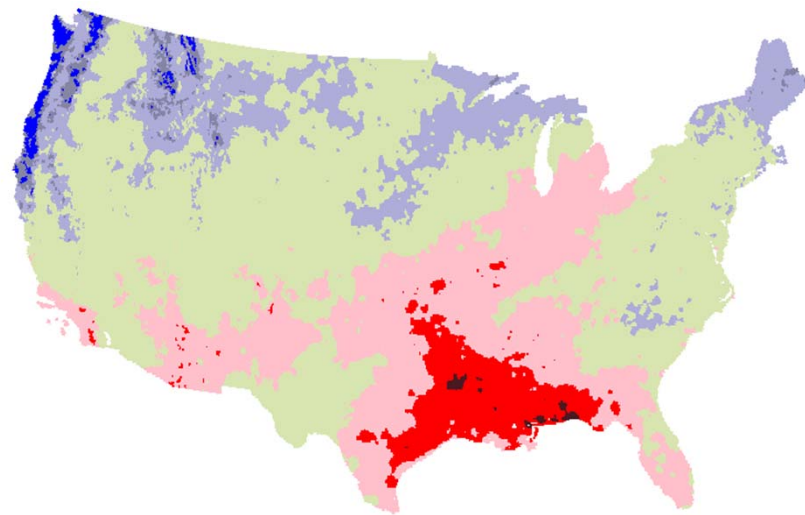
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Source: Joyce et al. (in review)



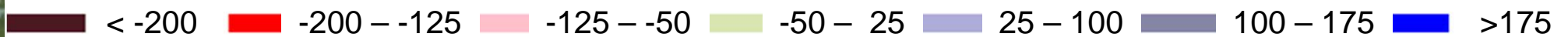
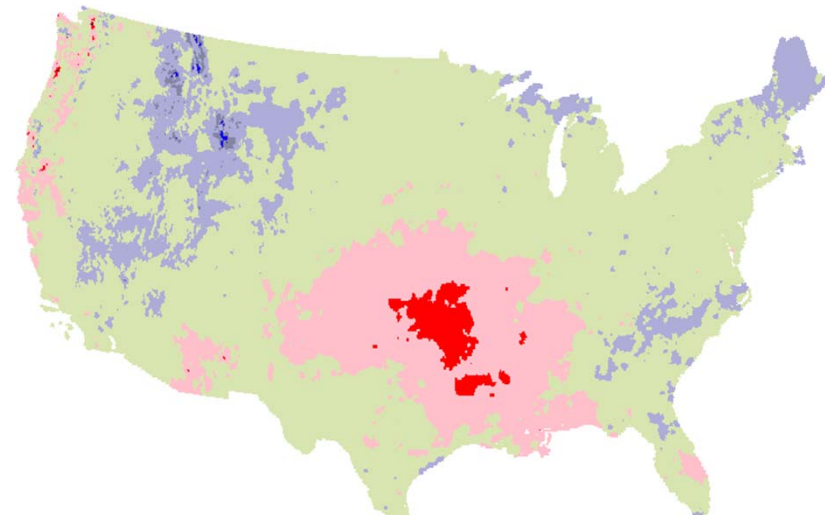
NAFSOS Climate Change Scenarios

Precipitation Changes (mm/year), USA, 2006-2060

A1B



B2

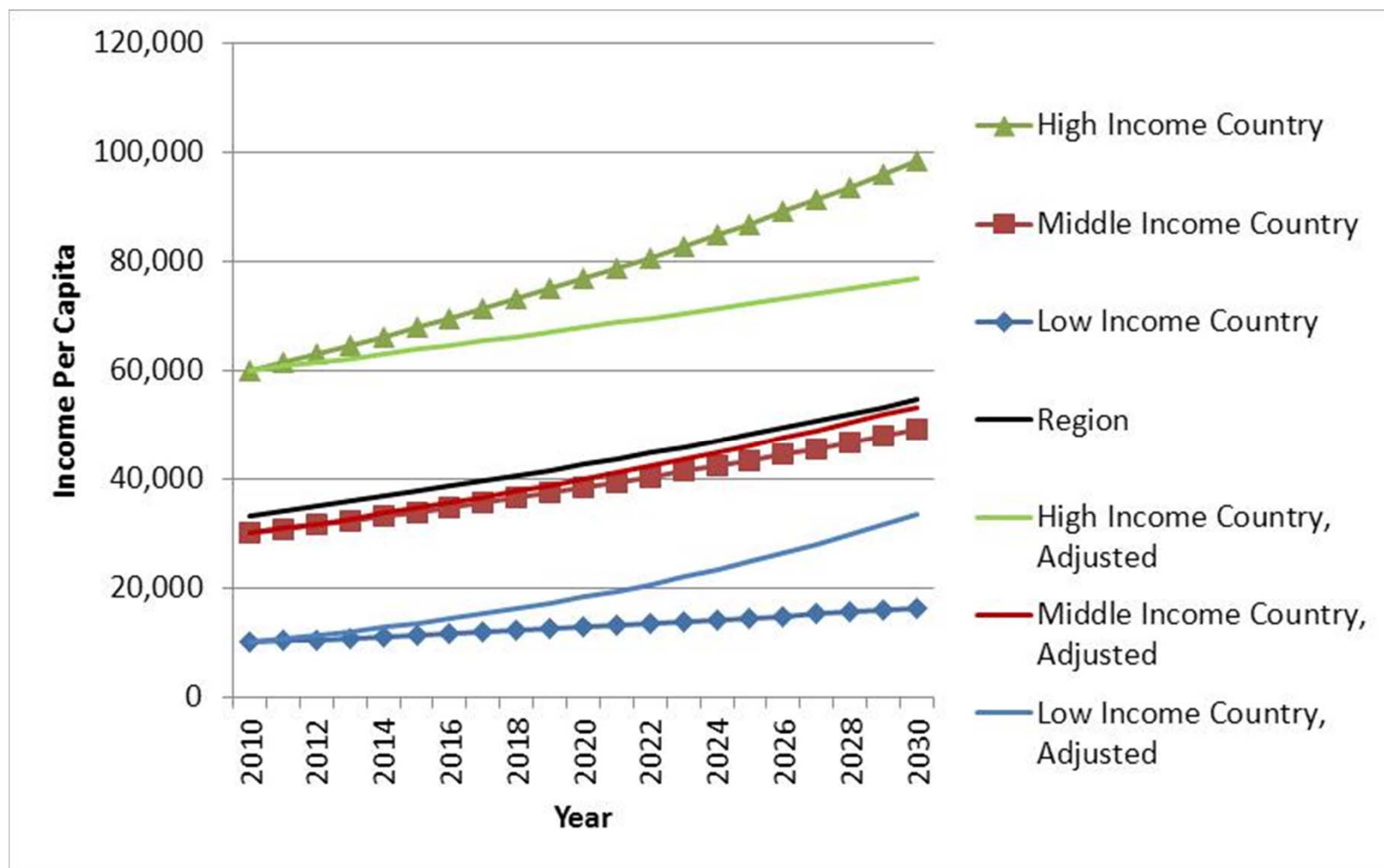


Source: Joyce et al. (in review)

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Example of Income Per Capita Convergence

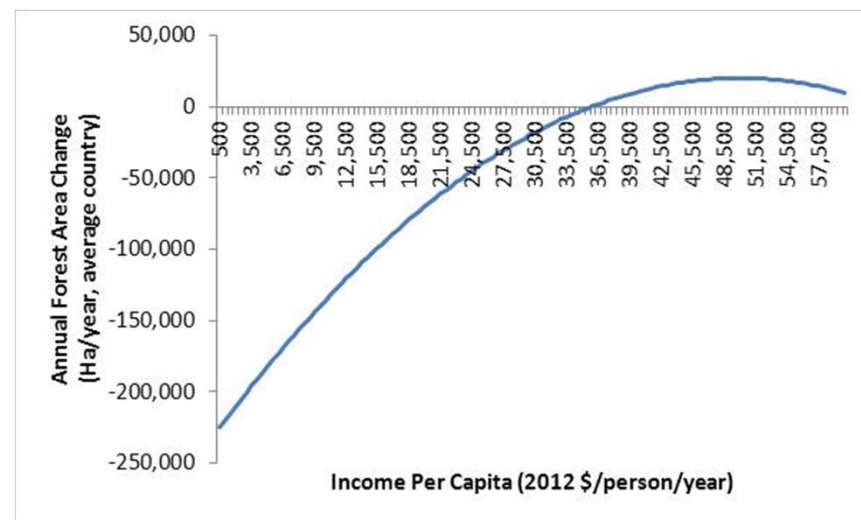


All countries in a region converge to equal income per capita by 2100



NAFSOS Approach

- Forest Area Changes
 - Inside the U.S.: Land Use Model
 - Responsive to timber prices, income and population growth
 - Outside the U.S. (including Canada): EKC
 - Environmental Kuznets Curve as a quadratic function of income per capita
 - Note: no significant change for Canada

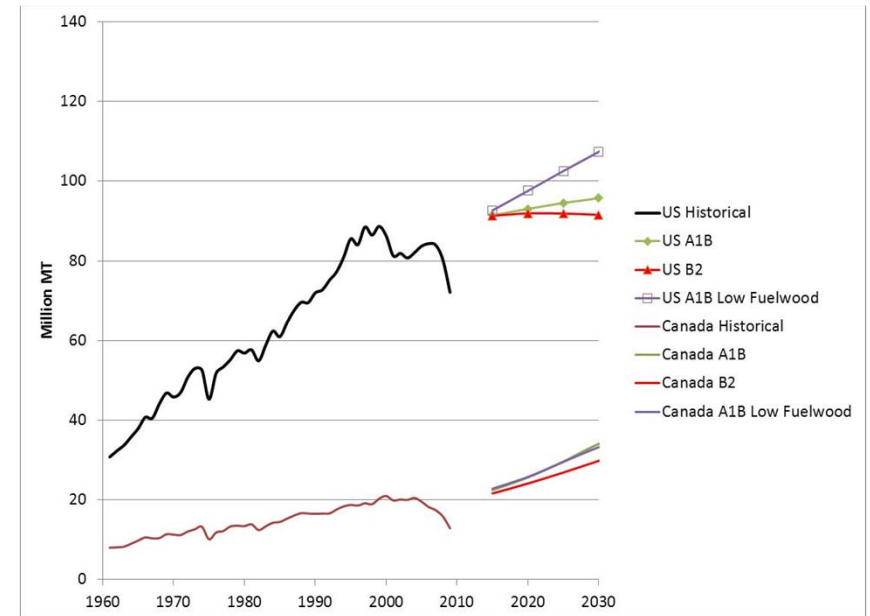


Example Country



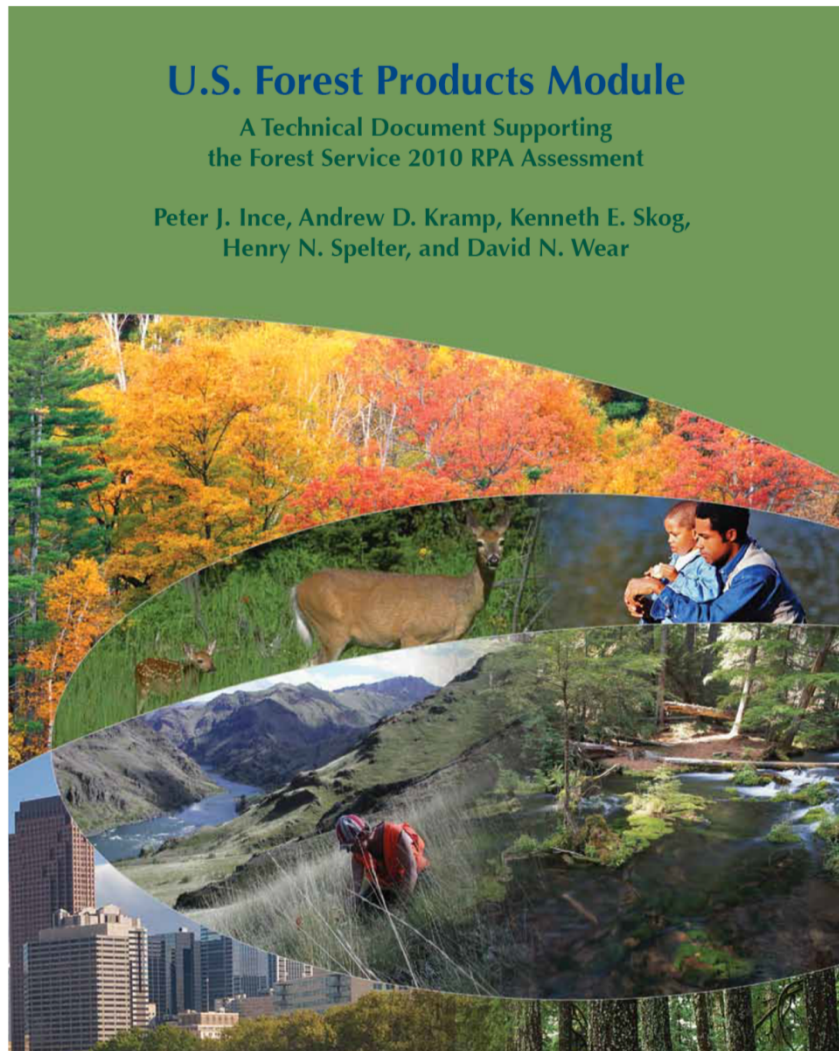
NAFSOS Projections

- Projected return to pre-recession levels
 - Newsprint suffers
 - Printing and writing paper stagnant
 - Other paper and paperboard still growing



Paper Production

USFPM Reports Details for the U.S. for the 2010 RPA



- The U.S. Forest Products Model of Ince et al. is part of the 2010 RPA Assessment
- Embeds a more detailed U.S. market into GFPM
- GFPM used in the NAFSOS has a few differences

