New development from HLG-MOS Modernisation Group Geospatial task team

Juan Muñoz López (Geospatial task team/INEGI, Mexico)

Juan.Munoz@inegi.org.mx

Abstract

Geospatial information can greatly increase relevance of official statistics by providing spatially disaggregated data that are more informative and actionable for policy-makers. GSBPM has been used as a common reference framework within and between many statistical organizations. The geospatial view of GSBPM can facilitate the integration of geospatial information into statistical production process.

As a part of the activities carried out this year by the Supporting Standards Group context, the task team on Geospatial Information have been developing a document to guide Official Statistics Offices on how to consider geospatial information into the GSBPM.

The geospatial task that have been elaborating the document which describes the relation and different applications of geospatial information in the statistical production process reports the advances in the work that has been during this year. The collaborative work of the task team members has covered different aspects, like the analysis of the subprocesses of GSBPM and how the geospatial information is used to help in the planning and execution of the field work, the way geographical features are integrated to clarify, structure and enrich statistics, and the importance of the geospatial data to improve interoperability between statistical services.

Although the work has not been finished yet, the advances that have been got confirms the importance of considering geospatial information into the production of official statistics.

Keywords

[GSBPM][Geospatial information][Geographical features][Supporting Standards Group]

Model GBPM