



# **NATIONAL INDICATOR FRAMEWORKS AND VOLUNTARY NATIONAL REVIEWS**

A WEBINAR BY CARA WILLIAMS  
AND MIRIAM BLUMERS



# WEBINAR OUTLINE.

01. TED TALK
02. NATIONAL INDICATOR FRAMEWORKS
03. SIMILARITIES & DIFFERENCES
04. VOLUNTARY NATIONAL REVIEWS
05. KEY FINDINGS
06. THE ROLE OF DATA
07. COUNTRY OVERVIEW
08. CONCLUSIONS AND QUESTIONS

A dark blue world map serves as the background for the entire slide. The continents are outlined in a slightly lighter shade of blue. A yellow rectangular border frames the main title text on the left side of the slide.

# NATIONAL INDICATOR FRAMEWORKS.

**NATIONAL INDICATOR FRAMEWORKS** ARE A SET OF NATIONALLY DEFINED INDICATORS  
RESPONDING TO NATIONAL PRIORITIES AND NEEDS DIRECTLY RELATING TO THE  
17 SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

# NIF CHALLENGES



1

WHOLE-OF-SOCIETY APPROACH? **ALL IN FAVOUR, RAISE YOUR HAND.**

2

DATA TO INFORM EVIDENCE-BASED **POLICY POLITICS**

3

IF EVERYTHING IS A PRIORITY, **THEN NOTHING IS A PRIORITY.**

# BEST PRACTICES

## UNDERSTAND WHO IS AT RISK OF BEING LEFT BEHIND

- INFORMED BY EXISTING, ROBUST, DISAGGREGATED DATA

## IDENTIFY PRIORITIES, POLICIES AND EXISTING INDICATORS

- REFINE TO ALIGN MEASUREMENT WITH NATIONAL EFFORTS
- ENHANCE COLLABORATION WITH POLICY DEVELOPERS
- DEFINE ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES AND ADHERE
- MAINTAIN STATISTICAL INDEPENDENCE AND NONPARTISANSHIP

## SYSTEMATIC SELECTION CRITERIA

- CLARIFYING WHICH INDICATORS TO BE SELECTED AND WHY, STREAMLINE SELECTION AND SET REALISTIC EXPECTATIONS

# GENERAL SIMILARITIES

	 CA	 TM	 IL	 FR	 DE	 AL	 CH	 AT	 MD	 IT
<b>Refined Framework</b>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
<b>Vulnerable Groups</b> Identify levels of disaggregation	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
<b>Mainly GIF Indicators</b>	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓
<b>Defined Selection Criteria</b>	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
<b>Public Progress Reports</b> Additional to the VNR	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

# SUBSTANTIAL DIFFERENCES



## NIF Size Range

Albania – 36  
Canada - 60  
Germany – 65  
Azerbaijan - 119



Alignment with  
the Global  
Indicator  
Framework



Emphasis on  
different  
dimensions of  
sustainable  
development



Status of NIF  
development  
and reporting

## OVERVIEW

### 2020: AUSTRIA'S FIRST **INDICATOR REPORT AND VNR**

200 NATIONAL INDICATORS SHOW DEVELOPMENT TOWARDS THE 17 GLOBAL GOALS AND THE INDICATOR REPORT PROVIDES INPUT FOR THE PROGRESS CHAPTER OF THE VNR

### **CHALLENGES IN STATISTICAL LANGUAGE**

FOR THE VNR, IT WAS NECESSARY TO REWORD THE STATISTICALLY NEUTRAL TERMINOLOGY INTO A MORE EASILY UNDERSTANDABLE POLITICAL LANGUAGE

## BEST PRACTICES

### **STATISTICAL INDEPENDENCE IS KEY**

AND MUST BE STRICTLY RESPECTED AND SUPPORTED BY ALL PARTNERS

### **PRE-SELECTION OF MAIN INDICATORS BY STATISTICS AUSTRIA**

THE IMPORTANCE OF THE STATISTICAL ANALYSIS ON PROGRESS DONE BY STATISTICS AUSTRIA IN ORDER TO MAINTAIN STATISTICAL INDEPENDENCE

## LESSONS LEARNED

### **CO-OPERATION BETWEEN POLICY-MAKERS AND STATISTICIANS**

CAN ENHANCE THE VNR WITH ESSENTIAL DATA BUT ALSO INCREASE THE IMPORTANCE OF THE MONITORING PROCESS FOR THE NATIONAL STATISTICAL OFFICE

### **RESPONSIBILITIES MUST BE CLEARLY DEFINED**



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### THE EUROPEAN UNION **PERSPECTIVE**

ITS COMMITMENT TO BECOMING A MEMBER OF THE EU FAMILY MADE IT IMPORTANT THAT IT BRING EU PERSPECTIVES INTO AGENDA 2030, THE SDGS AND THE REVIEW

### ESTABLISHMENT OF THE **SDG ROLLOUT WORKING GROUP**

TO LEAD THE PROCESS OF CREATING THE VNR, DRAFTING THE SDG FRAMEWORK, AND WORK ON SDG INDICATORS AND STATISTICS

## BEST PRACTICES

### DATA ANALYSIS FROM **VISION 2030**

IDENTIFIED DEVELOPMENT PATHWAYS TO INFORM KEY STRATEGIC PLANNING PROCESSES IN THE COUNTRY

### COMPLEXITY ANALYSIS FROM **SDG DASHBOARD DATA**

THE DASHBOARDS SUPPORTED THE ADAPTATION OF SDG INDICATORS AND TARGETS AND THEIR MUTUAL INFLUENCE IN THE COUNTRY CONTEXT

## LESSONS LEARNED

### THE SUCCESS OF **IMAGINE 2030**

WORKSHOPS PROVIDED AN OPPORTUNITY FOR CITIZENS TO CO-CREATE THE FUTURE AND FORM AN UNDERSTANDING OF THE COUNTRY'S BASELINE POSITION

### THE USE OF THE **SENDAI FRAMEWORK**

THROUGH THE SENDAI FRAMEWORK, BIH'S MINISTRY OF SECURITY IS RESPONSIBLE FOR DATA ENTRY AND ANALYTICAL CAPABILITIES ON BEHALF OF THE COUNTRY

## OVERVIEW

### THE ROLE OF THE **NATIONAL STATISTICAL OFFICE**

ISTAT IS TASKED WITH COMPILING STATISTICAL INFORMATION NECESSARY FOR MONITORING THE 2030 AGENDA

### THE **NATIONAL INDICATOR FRAMEWORK**

123 UN-IAEG-SDG INDICATORS INCLUDING 319 STATISTICAL MEASURES AVAILABLE

## BEST PRACTICES

### THE “**UNIVERSALITY**” APPROACH

IT IS IMPORTANT TO CONSIDER THE INTERCONNECTIONS BETWEEN THE 3 DIMENSIONS OF SUSTAINABILITY AND LOOK AT IT FROM A TOP-DOWN PERSPECTIVE

### ANALYSIS OF **INTERLINKAGES**

FACILITATES THE PRODUCTION OF STATISTICAL INFORMATION, MAKES COMPLEX DATA MORE AVAILABLE AND INFORMS POLICY

## LESSONS LEARNED

### ATTENTION GIVEN TO **LEAVING NO ONE BEHIND**

RECOGNIZING THE NEED TO EXPAND BREAKDOWNS BY GENDER, CITIZENSHIP, PRESENCE OF LIMITATIONS (DISABILITY), AGE GENERATIONS AND TERRITORIAL LEVEL

### DEFINING THE **NATIONAL CONTEXT**

SOME OF THE MEASURES ADOPTED WERE INSERTED TO PROVIDE FURTHER DETAIL USEFUL TO UNDERSTANDING A TARGET FROM A NATIONAL PERSPECTIVE

## OVERVIEW

### THE ROLE OF THE **NATIONAL STATISTICAL OFFICE**

NBS COORDINATED DATA COLLECTION, COMPILED SDG DATABASE AND PROVIDED TO VNR AUTHORS. NBS IS CO-CHAIR OF THE NATIONAL INTER-MINISTERIAL STEERING GROUP ON VNR DEVELOPMENT

### THE **NATIONAL INDICATOR FRAMEWORK**

338 INDICATORS INCL. 121 GLOBAL, 53 GLOBAL ADJUSTED, 77 GLOBAL DIVIDED, 87 NATIONAL PROXIES. OUT OF WHICH 13 ARE REPETITIVE, 201 AVAILABLE, 194 FULLY DISAGGREGATED

## BEST PRACTICES

### THE **“EVERYBODY’S BUSINESS”** WORKING APPROACH

INNOVATIVE TOOLS USED FOR VNR DRAFTING, INSTITUTIONAL COORDINATION FRAMEWORK ORGANIZED BY 5 PS, COVERING ALL 17 GOALS

### **DATA-BASED** PRIORITIZATION

NATIONAL SDG MONITORING FRAMEWORK (DATA & METADATA) GUIDED THE SELECTION OF PRIORITY TARGETS TO BE SUBJECT OF EVALUATION

## LESSONS LEARNED

### PROMOTING **NSO & NATIONAL STATISTICS**

VNR AS OPPORTUNITY FOR NBS TO STRENGTHEN ITS COORDINATION ROLE, FOR MAPPING NEEDS AND DEFINING A ROADMAP ON FURTHER IMPROVEMENTS

### INCREASING **ACCOUNTABILITY OF ONAs**

OTHER NATIONAL AUTHORITIES PRODUCING SDG INDICATORS HAVE ACKNOWLEDGED THE WEAKNESS OF THEIR DATA QUALITY, IMPORTANCE OF METADATA AND ACTIONS REQUIRED

## OVERVIEW

### ● THE ROLE OF THE **NATIONAL STATISTICAL OFFICE**

THE STATE STATISTICS SERVICE OF UKRAINE IS THE DESIGNATED DATA COLLECTION COORDINATOR FOR SDG MONITORING

### ● UKRAINE'S **NATIONAL INDICATORS**

183 TOTAL INDICATORS OF WHICH 182 HAVE METADATA, 164 HAVE AVAILABLE DATA, AND 106 HAVE TARGET VALUES

## BEST PRACTICES

### ● IMPLEMENTATION OF **POLICIES FOR THE SDGS**

A NORMATIVE ACT CREATED CONDITIONS FOR OPTIMAL DATA COLLECTION FOR THE SDGS INCLUDING THE PROVISION OF DATA TO THE STATE STATISTICS SERVICE

### ● THE DEVELOPMENT OF A **SDG MONITORING SYSTEM**

THE SYSTEM SUCCESSFULLY IDENTIFIED THE LEAST REPRESENTED GOALS WHICH ALLOWED UKRAINE TO BETTER FORMULATE TARGETED STRATEGIES

## LESSONS LEARNED

### ● MULTI-TIERED SYSTEM FOR **INDICATOR PROGRESS**

THE MONITORING SYSTEM SPLIT THE SDG INDICATORS INTO 4 GROUPS WITH THE LAST GROUP IDENTIFYING INDICATORS REQUIRING ATTENTION TO ACHIEVE ITS TARGETS

## OVERVIEW

### ● THE ROLE OF THE **NATIONAL STATISTICAL OFFICE**

INSEE PROVIDES INDICATORS AND DATA TO CUSTODIAN AGENCIES FOR GLOBAL SDG MONITORING IN ADDITION TO ITS OWN NATIONAL MONITORING

### ● ESTABLISHMENT OF **WORKING GROUPS**

17 WORKING GROUPS (ONE FOR EACH GOAL) COMPRISED OF MINISTRY REPRESENTATIVES AND OTHER STAKEHOLDERS

## BEST PRACTICES

### ● ASSESSMENT OF **DATA SOURCES**

DATA SOURCES AND PROVIDERS IDENTIFIED TO SHAPE THE CURRENT AND FUTURE AVAILABILITY OF INDICATORS

### ● SHAPING THE **SDGS TO THE NATIONAL CONTEXT**

IT IS IMPORTANT THAT NATIONAL INDICATORS HAVE STRONG LINKS WITH NATIONAL POLICIES AS WELL AS BEING ALIGNED WITH THE GLOBAL INDICATORS

## LESSONS LEARNED

### ● GOVERNANCE **GUIDELINES**

EVIDENCE-BASED DECISION-MAKING AND ENSURING THAT ANY DATA GATHERED IS IN A MEASURABLE CONTEXT

### ● REPORT ON UN INDICATORS **AS BEST AS POSSIBLE**

THIS MAKES IT POSSIBLE TO COMPARE FRANCE'S POSITION AND PROGRESS WITH THOSE OF OTHER COUNTRIES

## OVERVIEW

### ● THE ROLE OF THE **NATIONAL STATISTICAL OFFICE**

THE ISRAELI CENTRAL BUREAU OF STATISTICS COORDINATES DATA COLLECTION FROM VARIOUS GOVERNMENT OFFICES AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS ON SDG INDICATORS

### ● INTER-MINISTERIAL COMMITTEE **FORMED FOR THE VNR**

IT HELD CONSULTATIONS OVER AN 18-MONTH PERIOD TO PREPARE A REPORT WITH ALL RELEVANT DATA

## BEST PRACTICES

### ● EMPHASIS ON **INTER-GOVERNMENTAL COOPERATION**

A MAPPING PROCESS WAS CONDUCTED ON SDG INDICATOR DATA WITHIN THE NSO AND OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES TO MAXIMIZE REPORTING CAPACITY

### ● THE USE OF **STATISTICAL ANNEXES**

THE ANNEX IS A PLATFORM WHERE DATA FOR SDG INDICATORS FOR A COUNTRY ARE AVAILABLE

## LESSONS LEARNED

### ● PROMOTING **DATA-BASED DECISION MAKING**

GOOD QUALITY DATA WAS MORE OBTAINABLE WHEN IT WAS POLICY-BASED

### ● THE INVOLVEMENT OF THE **NSO IN STATISTICS**

DATA IN THE VNR REPORT WERE NOT SUBJECT TO THE SAME QUALITY CHECKS AND VALIDATIONS AS THE STATISTICAL ANNEX WHICH WAS PREPARED BY THE NSO

## OVERVIEW

### ● THE ROLE OF THE **NATIONAL STATISTICAL OFFICE**

THE STATE STATISTICS COMMITTEE OF TURKMENISTAN IS RESPONSIBLE FOR METHODOLOGY, COLLECTION, COORDINATION OF DATA AND THE SDG DATABASE

### ● THE NATIONAL SYSTEM OF **SDG INDICATORS**

175 INDICATORS INCLUDING 117 GLOBAL, 44 ADAPTED, AND 14 NEW INDICATORS

## BEST PRACTICES

### ● USING SURVEYS TO **COLLECT DATA**

COMPREHENSIVE, DISAGGREGATED AND RELIABLE DATA THROUGH THEMATIC SAMPLE SURVEYS

### ● THE IMPROVEMENT OF **STATISTICAL CAPACITY FROM WITHIN**

PROVIDED METHODOLOGICAL SUPPORT, BASELINE DATA COLLECTION AND ASSESSMENT AND A DATA MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM

## LESSONS LEARNED

### ● FURTHER WORK ON STRENGTHENING **ECONOMIC DIMENSION**

POSITIVE RESULTS IN THE SOCIAL DIMENSION STEMMED FROM STRONG SOCIAL POLICIES AND IDENTIFIED THE NEED TO WORK ON THE ECONOMIC DIMENSION

### ● COORDINATION WITH **NON-GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATIONS**

WORKING CLOSELY WITH INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND UN AGENCIES HELPS TO FURTHER INTEGRATE THE SDGS INTO NATIONAL PLANS

A dark blue world map is centered in the background, showing the outlines of continents and countries in a lighter shade of blue. The map is slightly faded and serves as a backdrop for the text.

# QUESTIONS



A dark blue world map is visible in the background, showing the outlines of continents and countries. The map is centered on the Atlantic Ocean.

# VOLUNTARY NATIONAL REVIEWS.

THE 2030 AGENDA FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT ENCOURAGES MEMBER STATES TO CONDUCT REGULAR AND INCLUSIVE REVIEW OF PROGRESS AT THE NATIONAL AND SUB-NATIONAL LEVELS, WHICH ARE COUNTRY-LED AND COUNTRY-DRIVEN

# OVERVIEW

- VNRS ARE INTENDED TO TRACK PROGRESS IN IMPLEMENTING THE 2030 AGENDA
- TO DATE, 142 COUNTRIES HAVE PRESENTED VNRS

# HOW IT WORKS

- VNR HELP SHARE EXPERIENCES INCLUDING SUCCESSES, CHALLENGES AND LESSONS LEARNED
- THEY ARE PRESENTED AT THE ANNUAL HIGH-LEVEL POLITICAL FORUM IN JULY

# GUIDELINES

- VNRS AIM TO INVOLVE AN INCLUSIVE, PARTICIPATORY, TRANSPARENT AND THOROUGH REVIEW PROCESS AT NATIONAL AND SUB-NATIONAL LEVELS
- THEY SHOULD HAVE A FOCUS ON THE POOREST AND MOST VULNERABLE GROUPS

A dark blue world map with white outlines of continents and countries, serving as the background for the slide.

# KEY FINDINGS

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75%

## OF COUNTRIES FOLLOWED **VNR GUIDELINES**

GUIDELINES PROVIDE A FRAMEWORK FOR COMMON ELEMENTS

- 87% INCLUDED INFORMATION ON **AT LEAST ONE VULNERABLE GROUP** IMPROVEMENTS ON AVAILABILITY OF DISAGGREGATED DATA

55%

## INCLUDED THE SDGS IN **NATIONAL BUDGETS**

BUT MOST COUNTRIES HAVE NOT ASSESSED THE FULL COSTS OF THE SDGS

- 59% HAVE IDENTIFIED **FINANCIAL RESOURCES TO AID IMPLEMENTATION**

83%

## HAD IDENTIFIED **NATIONAL PRIORITIES**

THE ECONOMY, SOCIAL OUTCOMES AND GOVERNANCE WERE MOST COMMON

- 27% HAVE SELECTED **NATIONAL TARGETS & INDICATORS**

# KEY FINDINGS



70%

## WORKED WITH **NON-STATE ACTORS**

THE WHOLE-OF-SOCIETY APPROACH IS BECOMING STANDARD

- **63% RECOGNIZED CIVIL SOCIETY CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE 2030 AGENDA**  
CIVIL SOCIETY REPRESENTS CITIZENS AND THOSE LEFT BEHIND



60%

## REPORTED INTEGRATING THE **SDGS INTO POLICIES**

POLICIES ARE INFORMED BY DATA AVAILABILITY AND BASELINE ASSESSMENTS

- **BUT OVER 54% DID NOT ASSESS THE FULL SET OF SDGS**  
REPORTS WERE MORE LIKELY TO PLACE MORE EMPHASIS ON THE SOCIAL DIMENSION OVER ENVIRONMENT OR ECONOMIC



75%

## PROVIDED INFORMATION ON **REVIEW PROCESSES**

INCLUDING FOLLOW-UP AT THE NATIONAL LEVEL

- **MOST OF THE TIME, ACCOUNTABILITY MECHANISMS REMAIN UNKNOWN**

A dark blue world map with white outlines of continents and countries, serving as the background for the entire slide.

# THE ROLE OF DATA

AN **ANALYSIS** OF COUNTRY APPROACHES TOWARDS  
VOLUNTARY NATIONAL REVIEWS FROM A **DATA PERSPECTIVE**

## MOST COUNTRIES HAVE PERFORMED DATA ASSESSMENTS TO INFORM POLICIES

TYPES OF BASELINE OR GAP ASSESSMENTS LISTED IN VNR REPORTS, 2017 TO 2019

ASSESSMENT OF DATA AVAILABILITY AND/OR BASELINES



POLICY AND DATA ASSESSMENT



MAPPING OF POLICIES AGAINST THE SDGS



0% 5% 10% 15% 20% 25% 30%

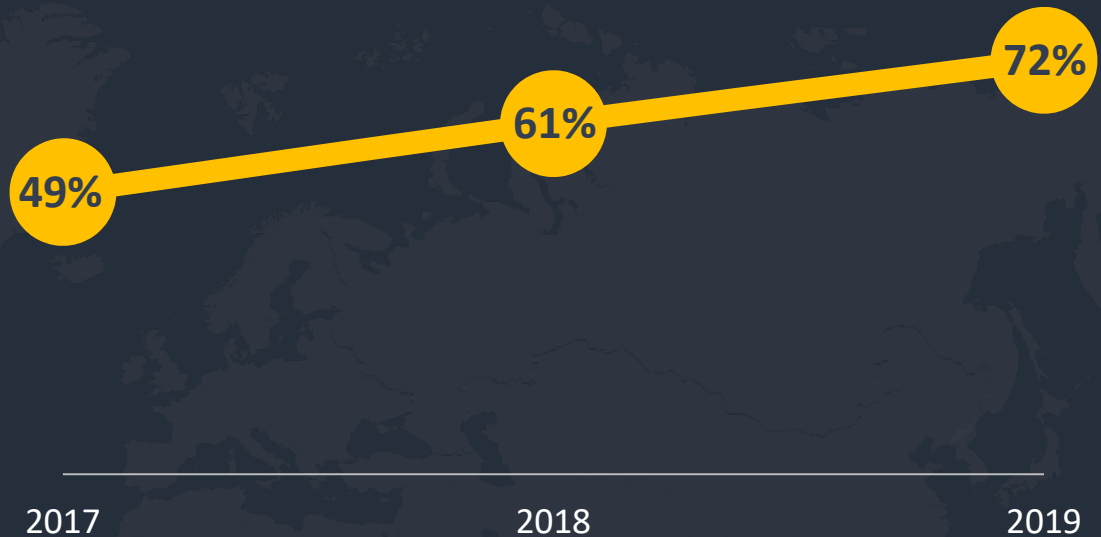


OF COUNTRIES REPORTED INFORMATION ON **DATA**  
**AVAILABILITY**

DISAGGREGATED DATA REMAINS A CHALLENGE FOR MOST COUNTRIES

## THE USE OF STATISTICAL ANNEXES IN VNRS HAS **INCREASED** **OVER TIME**

STATISTICAL ANNEXES PROVIDE A BETTER  
PICTURE OF A COUNTRY'S **OVERALL CAPACITY**  
TO MONITOR SDG IMPLEMENTATION



## COMMON **DATA REPORTING** METHODS

REPORTING AT THE NATIONAL  
LEVEL ENCOURAGES  
**ACCOUNTABILITY**



ENGAGED IN  
REGULAR **NATIONAL**  
REPORTS



USED **DASHBOARDS OR**  
**WEB PORTALS** TO  
REPORT ON DATA



## THE INTEGRATION OF ALL DIMENSIONS OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT REMAINS A CHALLENGE

AND MAY INDICATE THAT COUNTRIES ARE NOT ENSURING FULL INTEGRATION IN THEIR APPROACHES TO THE 2030 AGENDA IMPLEMENTATION



# NATIONAL DATA TRENDS

## REGIONAL SDG INDICATORS

● INHERENT SIMILARITIES DUE TO **REGIONAL SIMILARITIES AND PRIORITIES**

## EMPHASIS ON SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC INDICATORS

● INHERENT SIMILARITIES DUE TO **REGIONAL SIMILARITIES AND PRIORITIES**

## 2019 VNR - DATA ASSESSMENTS TO INFORM POLICY

● PERCENTAGE OF 2019 VNR **INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING:**



Mapping policies  
against the SDGs



Statistical Annexes



Information on  
data availability



# COUNTRY SPOTLIGHT.

## OVERVIEW

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# QUESTIONS

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# **SEMINAR CONCLUSIONS.**



**END.**