

# CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT FOR THE SDGS –

## GLOBAL INITIATIVES

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**DA10/DA10+**





# Development account – 10th Tranche (DA10) – Global initiatives

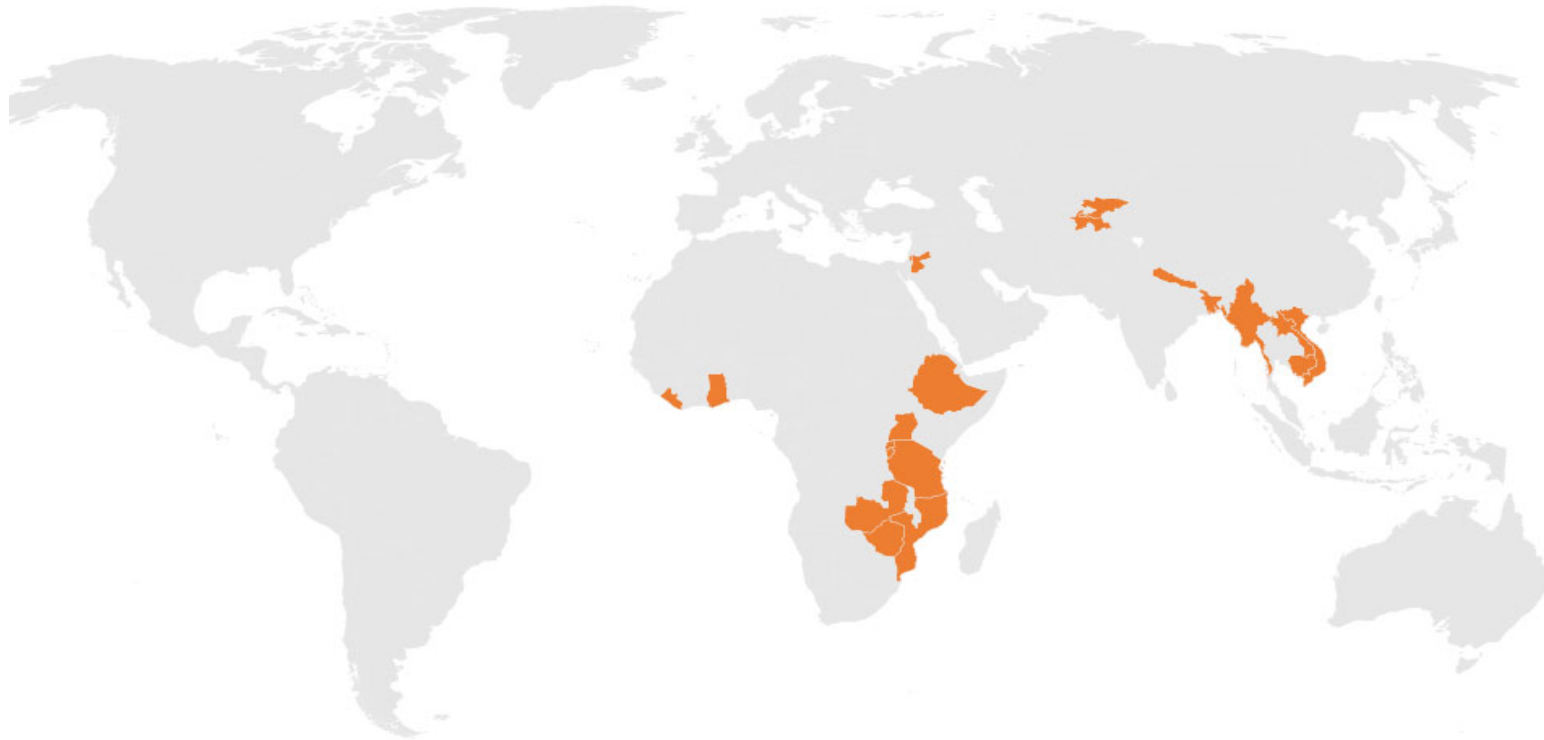
- *DA10 (Component 1)*
  - Ongoing
  - (sub-)Regional workshops:
    - data disaggregation
    - geospatial information, big data and administrative data
- *DA10+*



# UNSD-DFID project on SDG monitoring



# UNSD-DFID Project on SDG monitoring



Bangladesh	Ghana	Liberia	Palestine	Uganda
Burundi	Jordan	Mozambique	Rwanda	Viet Nam
Cambodia	Kyrgyzstan	Myanmar	Tajikistan	Zambia
Ethiopia	Lao PDR	Nepal	Tanzania	Zimbabwe

# What does the project cover?

Activities and tools which help in making national and global SDG indicators available to users

- SDG capacity gap assessments -> SDG monitoring strategies
- National dissemination platforms
- SDG Metadata compilation
- Data and metadata exchange
- Coordination of NSS – data sharing arrangements
- Open data and interoperability
- Making use of administrative and emerging data sources
- SDG User engagement strategies

# National dissemination and reporting platforms

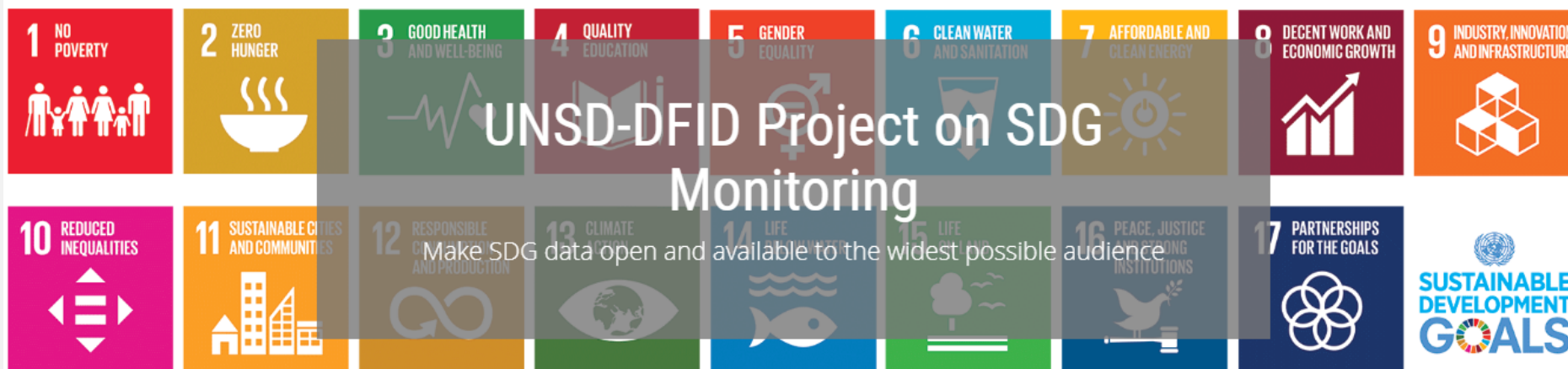
- The project will work with each country to identify a suitable statistical dissemination platform
  - Not necessarily limited to SDGs
- Training in the use of the platform as well as other support will be provided as necessary
- Each country should decide on their choice of
  - *Front end*: The platform that the user sees and where he/she accesses to find SDG information
  - *Back end*: The database which manages all the data and their relations in the background

# UNSD-DFID Project webpage

United Nations » Department of Economic and Social Affairs » Statistics Division



HOME COUNTRIES ACTIVITIES MEETINGS ABOUT RESOURCES



## UNSD-DFID

Welcome to UNSD-DFID Project on SDG Monitoring website

For more info: <https://unstats.un.org/capacity-building/UNSD-DFID/>





# A Federated Information System for the SDGs (FIS4SDGs)



# Why a Federated Information System for the SDGs?

## Vision

Implementing the 2030 Agenda through the effective **dissemination and use of integrated statistical and geospatial data**, supported by technologies that facilitate data sharing and interoperability and collaboration to **report on the SDGs across local, national and global data hubs.**



# How does the federated system work?

- Country-led “system of systems”
- Open standards and principles for data interoperability
- GIS technology and data analytics capabilities
- Web-based collaboration, communication and user engagement

# Capacity building objectives of FIS4SDGs

Support...	Enable...	Empower...
... NSOs in managing <b>statistical and geospatial data</b> for sustainable development	...national and local decision makers to access, understand, and use <b>data</b> for SDG implementation	... <b>Member States</b> to directly contribute to global <b>SDG reporting</b> through innovative data applications



## Workshops supporting Voluntary National Review process



# Importance of including Data and Statistics in VNRs

- VNR countries are encouraged to provide as much as possible analysis based on statistics and VNR indicators.
- It is up to individual countries to determine how they wish to include statistics and indicators in their VNRs.
- Countries may want to illustrate the main elements of the reviews with figures showing trends, as appropriate.
- Countries may include an annex with data, using the global Sustainable Development Goal indicators and adding priority indicators identified at the regional and national levels where appropriate.

# Evidence-based VNRs

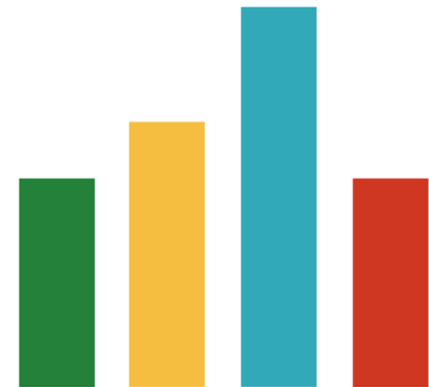
Focusing from how to including where, what and who:

- Where are making progress?
- What policies are effective and what not?
- Who are left behind?

Experiences from previous VNRs:

- statistical annexes: 1 to over 100 pages
- different levels and structures and different forms to present them
- the selection of statistics presented doesn't always reflect national SDG or policy priorities stated elsewhere in the same VNR.

=> **Challenge:** availability of statistics and data for monitoring, especially disaggregated and alternative data.





## How UNSD supports VNR workshops

- Support UNDESA global VNR workshops
- Conduct HLPF VNR labs
  - i.e., 2018 VNR lab on data in the VNRs
- Conduct “Using data for evidence-based VNR workshop” in fall 2019.





# Lessons from existing VNRs

- **Establishment of national/regional targets**
- **Making statistics available to the general public:** **Bangladesh** Bureau of Statistics and other government and private stakeholders, designed and developed SDG Tracker ([www.sdg.gov.bd](http://www.sdg.gov.bd)).
- **Data collection and management:** - In **Ethiopia**, the Central Statistics Agency (CSA) generates and disseminates to users socio-economic data pertaining to national development needs. The Ethiopian Mapping Agency (EMA) generates and disseminates geospatial data. Both CSA and EMA have been made legally accountable to the National Planning Commission (NPC), which is directly accountable to the prime minister.
- **Involving stakeholders**
- **Usage of new data sources:** **Uganda** mentioned analysis of **social media** and **SMS messages**
- **Mobilizing resources and investment in statistics**

**Thank you for your attention!**



SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS