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Conference of European Statisticians
**Road Map on Statistics
for Sustainable Development Goals**

CES Road Map on statistics for SDGs

STATISTICS

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- **Guidance to NSOs on producing statistics for SDGs**
 - What needs to be done
 - Who is to do what and when
 - Who are the stakeholders
 - Opportunities for collaboration
- **Target audience:**
 - National statistical offices;
 - Other stakeholders involved in implementing SDGs (policy makers, academia, civil society, private sector and media)
 - Can be used as a communication tool
- Explains issues related to statistics for SDGs, and the role of official statistics

CES Road Map on statistics for SDGs

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- Developed by the CES Steering Group on statistics for SDGs
Switzerland (co-chair), United States (co-chair), Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Italy, Kyrgyzstan, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Poland, Republic of Moldova, Russian Federation, Sweden, Turkey, United Kingdom, Eurostat, OECD and UNECE
- CES approved in June 2017, to be published before end 2017
- Translated into Russian, French and Spanish
- 6 sections, each section contains recommendations to NSOs and actions for Steering Group
- 15 case studies
- To be updated to take into account new developments and experience acquired with statistics for SDGs



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Some recommendations (1)

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1. Establishing national mechanisms for collaboration
 - **NSOs to be national focal points** for statistics for SDGs
 - Close collaboration of NSOs and policy makers, including with national focal point for SDG implementation
 - Prepare national road maps
2. Assessing countries' readiness to provide data on global SDG indicators - NSOs to play a key role:
 - identify data providers and data sources for SDG indicators
 - identify data and methodological gaps
 - consider data disaggregation requirements



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Some recommendations (2)

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3. Developing national and sub-national indicators

- NSOs to be proactive and identify national indicators on sustainable development policies, in close cooperation with policymakers

4. Providing data on global SDG indicators (data flows)

- NSOs to determine the data flow models at the national level
 - to provide the most transparent and efficient transfer of data from the national to the global level, avoiding duplication and considering the national circumstances
- National Reporting Platforms (NRPs) as one possible mechanism
 - setting up new, or adjusting MDG or sustainability dissemination platform
- The investment in developing the system for SDG indicators from all providers should be of use to the country as a whole



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Some recommendations (3)

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5. Capacity building for SDG statistics

- carry out assessment of capacity building needs in the country
 - identify indicators that can be produced in the short, medium and long term
 - take into account disaggregation requirements
- coordination of capacity building in the country
- donors to take into account the national statistical development strategy
- build upon and share existing tools and mechanisms
- strive towards long-term cooperation (twinning projects, institutional cooperation, partnerships)

6. Communication of statistics for SDGs

- establish communication strategies for statistics on SDGs, linked to a general SDG communication strategy
- information packages for different users and stakeholders
- assess available resources (financial, human and technical)



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Thank you!



www.unece.org/stats/statistics-sustainable-development.html

