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<u>Fifty-second plenary session</u> (Paris, 8-10 June 2004)

PROGRAMMES OF INTERNATIONAL STATISTICAL WORK IN THE ECE REGION, 2004/2005 AND 2005/2006: AN INTEGRATED PRESENTATION

(Excerpt of the Integrated Presentation database)

Paper prepared by the ECE secretariat

I. INTRODUCTION

- 1. The Bureau of the Conference of European Statisticians decided at its February 2003 meeting that an excerpt of the "Integrated Presentation of International Statistical Work in the ECE Region" would be prepared, presenting the first part of each programme element for distribution at the annual plenary sessions of the Conference.
- 2. In previous years, before the Integrated Presentation (IP) was developed into a database and made available on the internet, the whole document of some 250 pages was produced in seven separate documents for general distribution and translation into the three ECE official languages. However, the translation of the Integrated Presentation into French and Russian was often delayed and not available in time for the CES plenary session.
- 2. The excerpt of the Integrated Presentation, presented in this document, is composed of approximately 90 pages as compared to 260 pages of the full document, and offers in an integrated unique document general information on the various statistical areas, including the following sections: goals, issues and problems, strategic medium-term objectives; expected outcomes in the next two years; attention of the Conference is drawn to; meetings and activities of the ECE (CES).
- 3. The CES Bureau also decided that only the excerpt of the IP would be translated into French and Russian. More information on the IP and plans for its future review and development as agreed by the CES Bureau in February 2004 are described in document CES/2004/3.
- 4. The full version of the Integrated Presentation database, presenting detailed information on the statistical activities of the various international organizations, is available on the ECE website at: http://www.unece.org/stats.

PROGRAMME ACTIVITY 1 ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF STATISTICAL SERVICES

1. Т	Title	Organization and operation of statistical services (edition 2004)
1.1 T	Title	Promotion and coordination of multilateral statistical work
1.1:C		That multilateral statistical work is consistent, coherent and harmonious in regard to its use of classifications and definitions, publications, work programmes and collection of data.
1.1:S	ssues and problems:	 Managing multilateral relations between international statistical organizations on matters relating to national statistical offices. Coordination of multilateral statistical work in conducting global statistical surveys and joint data collection, so that duplication in data collection from member countries is avoided. Improve efficiency of data collection by the international organisations and decrease reporting burden to member countries. Improve incoherent definitions of metadata and the dissemination of metadata. More transparency regarding the methods used by the international organisations for different compilation methods, as well as the various quality assessment procedures. Quality of the statistical work. Monitor the satisfaction of the users of the Integrated Presentation. Strengthen the work of the Conference so that it could better respond to major
n	nedium-term objectives:	changes affecting countries in the ECE region. • Further strengthen the role of the Conference and its Bureau in providing guidance on statistical activities carried out by other ECE Principal Subsidiary Bodies. • Contribute to improving the coordination in statistics among the organisations within the UN system depending on developments in this direction.
1.1:F	Rapporteur:	ECE
1	Expected Outcomes	 Extension of the Integrated Presentation to cover statistical activities of other UN Regional Commissions. OECD/EU glossary of meta-data terms. Declaration of principles for the statistical activities of international organizations.
d		The need for further work on strengthening the coordination of statistical data collection among the various international organisations.
	Decisions	To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
	ecommended	programme element (see "Activities of CES").
1.1:N	Meetings	 CCSA: Committee for the Coordination of Statistical Activities (two meetings per year, in March and September) (New York, 1 Sep 2004 tentative) ECE (CES): Annual plenary session (Paris, 8 Jun 2004 - 10 Jun 2004) See: http://www.unece.org/stats/documents/2004.06.ces.htm for more information ECE (CES): Bureau meeting (Washington D.C., 18 Oct 2004 - 19 Oct 2004) ECE (CES): Bureau meeting (Geneva, 10 Feb 2005 - 11 Feb 2005) ECE (CES): Annual plenary session (Geneva, 14 Jun 2005 - 16 Jun 2005)
1	Activities of ECE (CES)	Integrated Presentation (Activity 1.1 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme) Summary description: The Integrated Presentation of International Statistical Work brings together the

statistical programmes of work of about 25 international agencies active in the
UNECE and OECD areas, with the aim of coordinating statistical work and
avoiding possible duplication.

Ultimate output:

• Develop the Integrated Presentation database to facilitate (i) browsing and search of information by the users and (ii) updating of the information by the participating organizations.

Detailed description:

- The Integrated Presentation is updated every year in January, based on the Statistical Programme and contributions from about 25 International Organizations. Eurostat and OECD are the main contributors, including their statistical programmes. For the ECE, the updating of the Integrated Presentation in January 2004 will be done on the basis of the ECE Statistical Programme for 2004.
- It is expected that, in 2004, the annual updating of the Integrated Presentation will be done for the first time using the IP database. Since April 2003, the IP database is available on the public ECE website in a test version.
- Further work will be carried out to develop and improve the IP database, with the aim of facilitating browsing and search of information by the users. It is expected that the development and improvement of the IP database will progressively reduce the need for a paper version of the Integrated Presentation.
- The main contributing organizations (UNECE, Eurostat and OECD) will continue to work together on the implementation of batch updating of the database using e-mail.
- A review of the Integrated Presentation (including possible changes to the timeframe and the classification of statistical activities) will take place in 2004, based on the decisions taken by the CES Bureau.

Secretariat resources: Substantial See also: http://unece.unog.ch/IntPres

1.1: Activities of ECE (CES)

Annual ECE statistical programme (Activity 1.2 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)

Summary description:

The Annual ECE Statistical Programme presents, in an integrated document, all statistical activities carried out by the various ECE Divisions and Units.

Ultimate output:

- Comprehensive, well presented Annual ECE Statistical Programme **Detailed description:**
- The main purpose of the ECE Statistical Programme is to (i) give an overview of all statistical activities carried out by the various Divisions and Units of the UNECE; (ii) help prioritise the activities undertaken by the ECE Statistical Division; and (iii) allow for more transparency and focus on the work.
- The Annual ECE Statistical Programme for 2005 will be prepared on the basis of the 2004 edition, which will be updated by the respective ECE Divisions and Units
- A report on the implementation of the 2004 programme describing the changes made after its completion (in particular new activities and activities that were dropped) will be prepared for review by the CES Bureau in October 2004.

Secretariat resources: Moderate

See also: http://www.unece.org/stats/activities.e.htm

1.1: Activities of ECE (CES)

Towards a statistical system of International Organizations (Activity 1.3 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)

Summary description:

Participation in a drafting group under the auspices of the UN Committee for the Coordination of Statistical Activities (CCSA) to establish a declaration of

principles for the statistical activities of international organizations.

Ultimate output:

• List of principles to be agreed at the meeting of the CCSA in September 2004, for later adoption by the Statistical Commission and endorsement by the appropriate high-level bodies of each international organization.

Detailed description:

• Under the leadership of UNSD, the drafting group is composed of IMF, World Bank, OECD, UNESCO, World Trade Organisation, World Tourism Organisation, and ECE. The final product should include a list of principles, based on the fundamental principles of official statistics, but modified and complemented in such a way as to be applicable to the various types of statistical activities of international organizations. This activity is a follow-up to the paper prepared by ECE for the CCSA meeting in September 2003 under the title "Towards a Statistical System".

Secretariat resources: Minimal

1.1: Activities of ECE (CES)

Secretariat support to the work of the CES and its Bureau (Activity 1.4 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)

Summary description:

Provide secretariat support to the work of the Conference of European Statisticians (CES), which is the Principal Subsidiary Body of the UNECE Statistical Division. The CES coordinates the statistical activities of the three main international organizations working in the region, Eurostat, OECD and ECE, as well as the statistical activities of CIS-STAT, UNSD and of other organizations in the UN system such as IMF, ILO, WHO and the World Bank. The work of the Conference is steered by its Bureau.

Ultimate output:

• Improved coordination of the international statistical work (data collection, processing and dissemination, methodological work, technical cooperation, etc.) carried out by the various international agencies active in the UNECE region with the goal of avoiding duplication of work, efficient use of resources and reducing the burden on member countries.

Detailed description:

- Provide secretariat support for the work of the Bureau on an ongoing basis, including the Conference.
- Organize, prepare and service the annual plenary session of the CES (June 2004), which includes three modules: a session on formal business and two seminar sessions.
- Organize, prepare and service the two Bureau meetings (February and October 2004).
- Prepare the documentation for the CES plenary session and the Bureau meetings (see also PE 1.1: Integrated Presentations, and PE 1.2: Annual ECE Statistical Programme).
- Coordinate the work of the various Steering Groups that work under the auspices of the CES in various statistical areas and report their activities to the Bureau.

Secretariat resources: Substantial

See also: http://www.unece.org/stats/archive/01.e.htm

1.2	Title	Managerial and policy issues of direct concern to presidents of National
		Statistical Offices
1.2:	Goal:	That relationships among the top management level of the national statistical
		offices as well as contact with the management of international statistical
		organisations be efficient.
	Issues and	• The role of the different international players, and the different and partial
	problems:	overlap of groups of countries require special attention.
		• Focus and give priority to some specific topics for a certain period of time.
		• The conflict between increased demand for statistics and shrinking resources.
		• Promotion of the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics and assessments by the CES of whether they should be revised or updated.
		• The development strategy of national statistical offices.
		• The overall design and conception of official statistics.
		• Professional ethics in statistics.
		• Promoting the spread of "best statistical practices" among ECE countries.
		• Enhancing the role and policy relevance of statistics at the national and
		international level.
1.2:	Strategic	• Ensure that data collection activities by international organisations are
	medium-term	coordinated and monitored. This objective is also relevant for programme
	objectives:	element 6.1 Dissemination of data and coordination of international data
		collection.
		• Review the implementation of the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics;
		perform benchmark studies.
		• Review the functioning of different meetings and processes of supporting
		standardisation, methodological development and exchange of best practice.
1.0		• Focus on the relevancy of statistics in relation to policy purposes.
-	Rapporteur:	Chair or the CES
	Expected	• Review of the application of the Fundamental Principles in all CES member
	Outcomes	countries.
		• Find a solution for improved monitoring of international data exchange and
		document the improved coordination of data collection in specific areas. • Substantive papers and in-depth reviews prepared for the plenary sessions on
		development of international statistical standards and methods and their
		application in statistical practice.
		 Review the meetings' structure within the international framework.
		 Minutes of the major Bureau meetings and reports of the expert meetings of
		the Conference work to be available at the plenary session as room documents.
		 Decisions and guidance from the Conference on the statistical work
		programmes planned by the international organisations.
1.2:	Attention of the	• The enlargement of the European Union and the need for the Conference to
	Conference is	evaluate its activities and priorities.
	drawn to the	1
	following	
	Decisions	To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
	recommended	programme element (see "Activities of CES").
1.2:	Meetings	• Eurostat : 52nd SPC (12 Feb 2004)
		• Eurostat : 53rd SPC (27 May 2004)
		• Eurostat: Programmation et coordination avec le SSE (21 Jun 2004)
		• Eurostat: 90th DGINS (13 Sep 2004 - 14 Sep 2004)
		• Eurostat : 54th SPC (18 Nov 2004)
		• Eurostat: 14th CEIES (19 Nov 2004)
1.2:	Activities of	Handbook of official statistics (Activity 1.5 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical

ECE (CES) Programme) Summary description: The Handbook of Official Statistics presents a description of organizational and legal aspects of national systems of official statistics in all 55 member countries of the UN Economic Commission for Europe. Ultimate output: • Updated online version of the Handbook of Official Statistics Detailed description: New activity: • The Handbook of Official Statistics is available online on the ECE website, but in the past few years the information was not regularly updated. During 2004, the information contained in the Handbook will be reviewed. A mechanism to ensure that information will be regularly updated in future will be set up. • Material currently available on this subject, including information on national statistical legislation available on the UNSD website, will be taken into consideration in updating the Handbook of Official Statistics.

Secretariat resources: Minimal

See also: http://www.unece.org/stats/handbook/

1.3	Title	Relations with countries in Southeast Europe and the CIS
	Goal:	That countries in Southeast Europe and the CIS have mature, stable and adequate
1.5.	Gour.	statistical infrastructure suitable for their needs; that they receive advice and
		assistance from the international statistical community in applying them; and that
		they adhere to international statistical standards and norms.
1 3.	Issues and	• Transferring knowledge concerning statistical priorities and the creation of solid
	problems:	statistical programmes.
	problems.	• The implementation of international standards.
		• Evaluation, by both recipient and donor countries, of the progress that is being
		made as a result of technical assistance given and received.
		• For EU Candidate Countries, the objective for Technical Assistance is to
		comply with acquis communautaire.
1 3.	Strategic	• Ensure that activities undertaken by countries and international organisations
	medium-term	are carried out in a co-ordinated and efficient manner.
	objectives:	• Ensure that the building of sustainable national statistical systems meets
	objectives.	· ·
		national and international needs and priorities.
		• Adopt statistical legislation in those countries where it does not exist yet,
		including an explicit reference to the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics.
		• Periodic review of the technical cooperation activities of international and national organisations in Southeast Europe and the CIS.
1 2.	Dommontoriu	ECE
	Rapporteur:	
	Expected	• Strengthen statistical capacity in Southeast Europe and the CIS.
	Outcomes	• Eurostat: Availability of comparable statistics in key areas among EU
		candidate countries.
	Attention of the	• The development of official statistics in Western Balkan countries is lagging
	Conference is	behind the other European countries because of economic and social difficulties
	drawn to the	in their progress towards a market economy. This calls for a tailored development
	following	of statistics in the region supported by a sustained technical assistance by the
		international organisations active in the region.
		• Further activities to achieve comparability of CIS statistics with the statistical
1.0	.	data of the other countries in the region.
	Decisions	• To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
	recommended	programme element (see "Activities of CES").
1.3:	Meetings	• Eurostat : Management group Statistical co-operation Candidate and CARDS
		countries (18 Mar 2004 - 19 Mar 2004)
		• Eurostat : TACIS steering group on EU statistical cooperation with new
		independent states and Mongolia (14 Jun 2004 - 18 Jun 2004)
		OECD: Workshop on the non-observed economy for Western Balkan
		countries (27 Sep 2004 - 30 Sep 2004)
		• Eurostat : Policy Group Statistical Co-operation CARDS countries
		(21 Oct 2004 - 22 Oct 2004)
1.3:	Activities of	Bilateral technical cooperation (Activity 4.1 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical
	ECE (CES)	Programme)
		Summary description:
		Statistical capacity building in individual countries.
		Ultimate output:
		• Increased statistical capacity in individual ECE member countries, enabling
		them to meet the needs of data users at the national and international level.
		Detailed description:
1		• Statistical capacity building in ECE member countries, with a special emphasis

	• Bilateral technical cooperation is provided at the request of national authorities and/or international organizations involved in the capacity building of the country. It is carried out by the Regional Adviser on Statistics and/or by staff members of the Statistical Division. Various topics are covered, such as: general organization of the statistical system, fundamental principles of official statistics, indicators for human development and MDG reporting, economic or social
	statistics, etc.
	Secretariat resources: Moderate
 Activities of	Multilateral technical cooperation (Activity 4.2 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical
ECE (CES)	Programme)
	Summary description:
	Statistical capacity building in sub-regional groups of countries.
	Ultimate output:
	• Increased statistical capacity in groups of ECE member countries, especially
	within South-East Europe and the CIS countries, enabling them to meet the needs of data users at the national and international level.
	Detailed description:
	• Statistical capacity building in groups of ECE member countries, through training services provided to these countries by the Regional Adviser on Statistics
	budget and through the regular meetings programme of the Conference of
	European Statisticians. Countries are mainly part of South-East Europe or the CIS.
	• Participation in inter-agency collaborative efforts aimed at assisting Southeast European and CIS countries.
	• Structuring all programme activities and seminar sessions of the Conference of
	European Statisticians to reflect also the concerns of Southeast European and CIS
	countries.
	Secretariat resources: Substantial
	See also: http://www.unece.org/stats/archive/04.11ab.e.htm

1.4	Title	Relations with countries outside the ECE region (including countries in the
1		Mediterranean region)
1.4:	Goal:	That Countries outside the ECE region have mature, stable and adequate statistical
		infrastructure suitable for their needs and adhere to international standards and
		norms.
1.4:	Issues and	The implementation of international standards in countries outside the ECE
		region.
		• Provision of guidance to countries outside the ECE region in their efforts to take
		on the characteristics required of statistical agencies of market economy countries.
		Measurement and monitoring of human rights and good governance.
		• Implications and consequences of customs union projects in different economic
		zones.
		Transferring knowledge concerning statistical priorities and the creation of solid
		statistical programmes.
1.4:	Strategic	• Ensure that activities undertaken by countries and international and supranational
		organizations are carried out in a coordinated and efficient manner.
	objectives:	Periodic consideration by the Bureau of the Conference and by the CES plenary
		session of ways in which the statistical experience of ECE member countries could
		effectively be transferred to and /or used by countries outside the ECE region.
		• Development with other UN regional commissions of regionally relevant sets of
		Millennium Development Goals indicators and sustainable development indicators,
		in collaboration with the UN standing committee on economic and social
		indicators.
		• Establishment of regional transition tables between the above-mentioned regional
		sets of indicators and UN-DESA sets of indicators at the world evel.
		• Implementation of UN statistical standards in economic, social and environmental
1 4		areas in ACP (Africa, Caribbean and Pacific) and Mediterranean countries.
	- 11	ECE Control of the Co
	Expected	Strengthened statistical capacity in countries outside the ECE region.
	Outcomes	AT d'
	Attention of the Conference is	Nothing.
	drawn to the	
	following Decisions	• None.
	recommended	• None.
		• Paris 21 : Numerous regional workshops, methodological workshops, and task
1.7.	_	team meetings
		• Eurostat : MEDSTAT reflection group (15 Mar 2004 - 16 Mar 2004)
		• Eurostat: MEDSTAT reflection group (13 Mai 2004 - 16 Mai 2004) • Eurostat: MEDSTAT reflection group (21 Apr 2004 - 22 Apr 2004)
		• Eurostat: MEDSTAT reflection group (21 Apr 2004 - 22 Apr 2004) • Eurostat: MEDSTAT reflection group (10 May 2004 - 11 May 2004)
		• OECD: Workshop on the non-observed economy for countries of the ESCAP
		region (see OECD's activity "Non-observed economy" in PE 1.3) (11 May 2004 - 14 May 2004)
		• Eurostat : MEDSTAT reflection group (8 Jun 2004 - 9 Jun 2004)
		• Eurostat: NEDSTAT Tellection group (8 Juli 2004 - 9 Juli 2004) • Eurostat: Statistical cooperation (7 Jul 2004 - 8 Jul 2004)
		• Eurostat : Statistical cooperation (7 Jul 2004 - 8 Jul 2004) • Eurostat : MEDSTAT reflection group (15 Sep 2004 - 16 Sep 2004)
		• Eurostat: The measurement of poverty (séminaire de préparation) (27 Sep 2004)
		- 28 Sep 2004) - Eurostat - Statistical cooperation (28 Oct 2004 - 20 Oct 2004)
		• Eurostat: Statistical cooperation (28 Oct 2004 - 29 Oct 2004)
		• Eurostat : MEDSTAT reflection group (25 Nov 2004 - 26 Nov 2004)

PROGRAMME ACTIVITY 2 TECHNICAL INFRASTRUCTURE AND OTHER CROSS-CUTTING ISSUES

2.	Title	Technical Infrastructure and other cross-cutting issues (edition 2004)
	Title	Management of information technology infrastructure
2.1:	Goal:	That the benefits of information and communication technology (ICT) be
		harnessed to the greatest extent possible in the collection, processing and
		dissemination of statistical data
2.1:	Issues and	• The potential of the emerging ICT has not yet been realised and it is perceived
	problems:	that considerable such potential exists.
		• Countries within the ECE area vary considerably in their ICT capabilities.
		• Priority should be given to re-engineering processes in the collection,
		processing and dissemination of statistics holistically as a consequence of the
		rapid proliferation of Internet services in statistical practice.
		• The Conference at its 2002 plenary session identified various issues requiring
		follow up by the International Organisations. In particular, the Conference asked: - to investigate the possibility of developing a common system (portal) for
		monitoring data collection activities by International Organisations;
		- to ensure the development of data sharing models;
		- to give both NSOs and other data providers easy access to statistics available at
		the international organizations in a form allowing comparisons and usage in
		national dissemination programmes;
		to put in place secure and operational methods and tools for the transmission of
		sensitive information. The experiences from the STADIUM/STATEL solution
		supporting GESMES CB should be considered in this context;
		- to investigate the possibility of defining a standard codification scheme for
		economic time-series (for national accounts and balance of payments) with an
		initial focus on short term-indicators;
		- to work with NSOs to facilitate the reuse of their standard products.
2.1:	Strategic	(NOTE: Work is under way on the issues identified by the Conference at its 2002
	medium-term	plenary session as requiring follow-up by the International Organisations. These
	objectives:	issues are listed in the section "issues and problems")
		• Improved structure and cooperation with national focal points on the website on
		IT practices in national statistical offices.
		• Introduction of video and internet conferencing facilities in the international
		statistical cooperation
		For the ECE:
		• A re-designed architecture for collection, processing and dissemination of statistical data under the rapid development in ICT with emphasis on the
		integration of data sources and data dissemination on both national and
		integration of data sources and data dissemination on both hational and international levels.
		• Improved dissemination of official statistics via Internet.
		• Increased level of implementation of common EDI messages standards in
		transition countries.
		For Eurostat:
		Agreement on common architecture for statistical information services
		(collection, production & internal reference, external reference, dissemination).
		• Adoption and integration of open-EDI technologies such as common exchange
		standards for documents, statistical reports, statistical data, classifications and
		metadata.

		A descendent on common EDI massages and ADIs (Application Descrepming
		• Agreement on common EDI messages and APIs (Application Programming
		Interfaces) to couple distributed statistical information services (e.g. locating,
		extracting and downloading relevant statistical data for a specific domain).
		For the OECD:
		• Further standardise and integrate statistical work in the Organisation with the
		aim of creating a corporate data warehouse.
		• Further coordinate statistical data collection and dissemination with other
		international organisations and relevant countries.
		For World Bank:
		• To develop a web-based statistical data collection and dissemination system for
		its own staff and for users in other countries and institutions by 2005. Its aims
		will include:
		- As a first step, socio-economic, external debt and trade indicators and other
		related Bank/IDA (Interchange of Data between Administrators) data will be
		included in this warehouse;
		- The capability of supporting user specified queries over the Internet;
		- Differentiated access based on privileges;
		- The development of software that could be disseminated to countries to increase
		their statistical capacity.
2.1:	Rapporteur:	ECE
2.1:	Expected	• Improved and publicised website on best applications of statistical information
	Outcomes	and communication technologies.
		• Progress in follow up to the priorities towards using the information systems
		infrastructure for better sharing of data, coordination of international data
		collection, improved dissemination of statistics by IOs to NSOs.
		-
		• CIS-STAT: Increase the proportion of data transmitted by CIS member
		country correspondents using common standards for the electronic interchange of
		statistics.
		• ECE: Improved technological environment for collection, processing and
		dissemination of data with particular focus on the Internet technology.
		• ECE: A joint programme (with UNSD) of technical assistance to CIS
		countries focusing on information systems issues related to population and
		housing censuses
		• ECE (CES): Draft set of current best practices on statistical confidentiality
		and access to microdata.
		• Eurostat: Creation of new Data Preparation System.
		• Eurostat: Introduction of new ICT architecture.
		• Eurostat: Construction of a single interface for Eurostat reference bases.
		• Eurostat: Installation of new version of Eurostat internet site.
		• IMF: Increase the number of member country correspondents using the
		GESMES/CB standard UN/EDIFACT message for electronic interchange of
		monetary, balance of payments and other statistics from countries in the ECE
		region.
		• OECD: Installation of a new version of the OECD Statistics Portal
		• OECD: Complete a metadata driven universal interface to OECD.Stat
		_
		• OECD: Complete the development of new OECD statistical systems
2 1	A: 2 :	(OECD.Stat)
	Attention of the	Nothing.
	Conference is	
	drawn to the	
	following	
2.1:	Decisions	• To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
	recommended	programme element (see "Activities of CES").
<u> </u>	I	F0

2.1: Meetings	• ECE (CES) Eurostat : Joint ECE/Eurostat Work Session Electronic Data
	Reporting (Autumn 2004) (1 Sep 2004 tentative)
	• ECE (CES): Meeting on Management of Statistical Information Systems
	(17 May 2004 - 19 May 2004)
	See: http://www.unece.org/stats/documents/2004.05.msis.htm for more
	information
	• Eurostat: IT Steering Committee (20 Oct 2004 - 21 Oct 2004)
	• Eurostat: Statistical confidentiality (10 Dec 2004)
	• ECE (CES): Meeting on Management of Statistical Information Systems
	(1 May 2005 tentative)
2.1: Activities of	Statistical information processing (Activity 3.2 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical
ECE (CES)	Programme)
Lee (els)	Summary description:
	This area covers the methodological and organizational aspects of statistical data
	processing focusing on structures, models and procedures.
	Ultimate output:
	• Improved statistical information systems in national and international statistical
	agencies
	• Facilitate cooperation among statistical agencies in the field of statistical
	information processing and better harmonisation of data models, concepts, etc.
	• Facilitate cooperation work, data and knowledge sharing among statistical
	agencies.
	Detailed description:
	Management of statistical information systems:
	• Steering Group on Management of Statistical Information Systems to: (i)
	provide a forum for exchange of experiences; (ii) make recommendations on the
	coordination of the activities of different international organizations in this area;
	(iii) collect, discuss and make available the best practices; (iv) facilitate and
	encourage implementation of standards and recommendations in the field of
	statistical data processing in the ECE region.
	• Meeting on Management of Statistical Information Systems (17-19 May 2004),
	to consider: (i) web technology in statistical information systems; (ii)
	development of IT strategies in statistical offices; (iii) open source in statistics;
	(iv) review and follow-up to the activities in the field of statistical data
	processing with focus on statistical metadata.
	Interchange of statistical information:
	• Joint ECE/Eurostat Work Session Electronic Data Reporting (second half of
	2004), to consider: (i) National integration (e-government initiatives); (ii)
	National research (quality issue, organization, administrative sources); (iii)
	Respondents' behaviour (security, e-commerce, built-in edits, benchmarking of
	data); (iv) Communication and support (helpdesk, training); (v) Implementation
	(in parallel with the programme of work of the work session).
	• Active cooperation with other international organizations in the work aimed at
	standardization of electronic data interchange (EEG6, GMWG, SDMX).
	Secretariat resources: Moderate
	See also: http://www.unece.org/stats/documents/2004.05.msis.htm
2.1: Activities of	Statistical confidentiality and access to microdata (Activity 3.4 of the 2004
ECE (CES)	UNECE Statistical Programme)
	Summary description:
	Secretariat support to the work of the Task Force on Confidentiality and
	Microdata working under the auspices of the Conference of European
	Statisticians to develop a set of principles and associated guidelines for
	confidentiality protection of microdata and their dissemination (this activity is a
	follow-up to the seminar on statistical confidentiality and microdata held at the

2003 CES plenary session).

Ultimate output:

• Compile a set of current best practices to guide the implementation of the principles for confidentiality protection in accessing microdata by researchers.

Detailed description:

• Provide secretariat support to the work of the Task Force, in line with the Terms of Reference. The Task Force is composed of the Heads of the National Statistical Offices of Australia (Chair), Canada, Denmark, Georgia, Italy and Poland. Delivery of a draft set of current best practices for consideration by the CES Bureau in October 2004.

Secretariat resources: Minimal

2.2 Title	Statistical data collection and processing
2.2:Goal:	That the benefits of ICT be harnessed to the greatest extent possible in the
	collection and processing of statistical data, and that the reporting burden placed
	on countries be minimised.
2.2:Issues and	• Electronic data interchange standards are being promoted in order to further
problems:	integrate technically the statistical systems of countries and international
	agencies.
	• The use and sharing of efficient methodology and software in common
	collection and processing operations carried out by statistical agencies (e.g.
	sampling, data entry, editing, coding, estimation), best practices in data editing
	methods and techniques especially those allowing cost savings are to be
	identified and made available.
2.2: Strategic	• Progress in putting in place secure and operational methods and tools for the
medium-term	transmission of sensitive information drawing on the best practices (e.g.
objectives:	STADIUM/STATEL, GESMES CB, etc.)
	• The reuse of NSOs' standard electronic data products by the international
	organisations when it is cost effective and feasible
	For the ECE:
	• Progressive re-engineering in data collection for statistical surveys caused by
	the expansion of web services.
	• Increased use of electronic data reporting methods and techniques in data
	collection from enterprises, administration and other sources.
	• Better use of EDI standards for statistical data collection with focus on
	transition economies.
	• Recommendations on the best practices on the evaluation of the efficiency of
	the data editing process.
	For Eurostat:
	Adoption of XML version of RDRMES as UN standard.
	• Agreement on the use of EDI messages to specify the statistical requirements to
	the economic operators and their declarers.
	• Production of documentation on EDI projects for decision-makers, key partners
	in data collection, key technological players such as software houses, EDI
	providers, and standardization bodies, etc. For the OECD:
	• The OECD will continue its efforts to contribute to reducing the burden on
	national statistical agencies by further co-ordinating data collection activities
	across the Organisation and with other international organisations both in terms
	of content, timing and use of common technology (XML / Gesmes).
	For the World Bank:
	• Reorganisation of official statistical data collection and processing in the
	Russian Federation
2.2:Rapporteur:	ECE
2.2: Expected	• Creation of a secure environment where researchers can access micro EU data
Outcomes	for Scientific purposes (Safe Centre).
	• ECE (CES): Methodological publication "Statistical Data Editing, Vol. 3"
	devoted to evaluation methods and quality indicators for statistical data editing.
	• Eurostat: Proposals for IT security standards for the ESS.
	• Eurostat: Publication of "Statistical Confidentiality in the EU".
	• Eurostat: Fublication of Statistical Confidentiality in the EO. • Eurostat: Windows version of IDEP/CN8.
2.2: Attention of the	
Conference is	Possible combined use of business registers data and data collected for fiscal
drawn to the	purposes.
following	
ronowing	

2.2:	Decisions	To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
	recommended	programme element (see "Activities of CES").
2.2:	Meetings	• ECE (CES): Work Session on Statistical Data Editing (Ottawa, 1 Mar 2005 -
		- tentative)
2.2:	Activities of	Statistical data editing (Activity 3.3 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)
	ECE (CES)	Summary description:
		This area covers the methodological issues related to data quality control at the
		collection phase.
		Ultimate output:
		• Improved quality of statistical data used within the national statistical offices in
		the region
		• Facilitate cooperation among experts on issues related to data editing and
		imputation, exchange of experience, harmonization of methods and concepts and
		development of new methods and techniques.
		Publish methodological guides on data quality control, data editing and
		imputation.
		Detailed description:
		Statistical data editing:
		• Methodological publication "Statistical Data Editing, Vol. 3" devoted to
		evaluation methods and quality indicators for statistical data editing.
		• Work Session on Statistical Data Editing (autumn 2004- spring 2005), to
		discuss data editing methods and techniques with a particular focus on evaluation
		methods and quality indicators for statistical data editing.
		Secretariat resources: Moderate

2.3	Title	Dissemination and interchange of statistical information
	Goal:	That the benefits of ICT be harnessed to the greatest extent possible in the
2.5.	Gour.	dissemination and interchange of statistical information
		(NOTE: this programme element is focused on the technical and methodological
		aspects of data dissemination, while the content of dissemination is treated under
		PE 6.1)
2.3:	Issues and	• Implementation of meta-information systems at national level and
	problems:	harmonization of metadata systems of international organizations.
	1	• Further spreading of use of Internet for dissemination of statistical data.
		• Implementation of common EDI standards for statistical data dissemination.
		• Dissemination of market-sensitive economic data to mass media.
2.3:	Strategic	• Improved and user friendly dissemination of statistics collected by the
	medium-term	international organisation to NSOs and other data providers.
	objectives:	For the ECE:
		• Improved tools for dissemination of statistics, with a particular focus on Internet
		• Progress in the integration of metadata related to the dissemination of statistics
		by international organisations.
		• Preparation of a compendium of examples of disseminated statistical
		commentary and stories.
		• Improved use of common standards for EDI in transition countries.
		For Eurostat:
		• Agreement on concentrated efforts, investments and resources on DSIS 6
		priorities (metadata, reference environment, raw data collection, design and
		integration of EDI technologies, multimedia and information highways,
		integration with networking technologies).
		• Agreement on use of standardized EDI messages as a corner to exchange data
		and metadata between reference environments.
		• Implementation of reference and dissemination environments (new architecture)
		conforming to common recommendations, requirements and memorandum of
		understanding (including access rights, copyrights, accounting practices).
		• Feasibility studies on how statistical information services can benefit from EDI
		and multimedia technologies.Improvement in the quality of publications and reductions in the number of
		titles.
		For the OECD:
		• Further increase the dissemination of free data on the Internet and improve the
		coherence of on-line dissemination by integrating datasets and improving the
		descriptive metadata content.
		Co-ordinate dissemination policies across NSOs and International
		Organisations.
		For the IMF:
		• Completion of the initial set of draft standards for the exchange of statistical
		information by the Statistical Data and Metadata Exchange (SDMX).
		For the UNSD:
		• Development of the Millennium Indicators Database for monitoring the
		implementation of the Millennium Declaration.
_	Rapporteur:	ECE
	Expected	• Output delivery in the four SDMX priority areas (practical case study on
	Outcomes	emerging e-standards, batch time series data exchange; a metadata common
		vocabulary; and metadata repositories)
		• ECE (CES): Publication of best practices for dealing with the media
		summarising the outcomes of preceding meetings on statistical output for
		dissemination to information media.

	i e	
		• ECE (CES): Compendium of examples of statistical commentary and stories.
		• Eurostat: A reflection on charging policy will be conducted with EU Member
		States.
		• Eurostat: A new version of the Euro-Indicator website will be launched and
		evaluated
		• Eurostat: Data Shop and Data Shop Relays action plan will be implemented.
		• Eurostat: Version 2 of the Metadata Vocabulary to be made available on
		Internet for ESS users.
		• Eurostat: New version of an Internet user-friendly database.
		• Eurostat: Repository for management of textual metadata.
		• Eurostat: New version of NewCronos.
		• OECD: Manual containing international recommendations and guidelines on
		the presentation of data and metadata in various dissemination media, including
2.2.	Attantion of the	the Internet.
		• The Conference is expected to discuss at its 2004 Plenary session the possible
	Conference is drawn to the	creation of a Task Force which would prepare a draft common metadata
		framework, on the basis of a proposal by the ECE Secretariat.
	following Decisions	To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
		programme element (see "Activities of CES").
	Meetings	• ECE (CES): Work Session on Dissemination of (1 Apr 2005 tentative) to
2.3.	iviceungs	consider the following topics:
		(i) How to train and educate statisticians for dissemination of statistical
		commentary and stories; (ii) How to exchange experience in disseminating
		statistical analysis, commentary and stories; (iii) How to increase acceptance and
		reception of statistics among the general public and media, and how to overcome
		the "fear" of numbers; (iv) Monitoring user feedback and measuring the
		effectiveness of statistical commentary and stories.
		• Eurostat : Groupe de réflexion sur l'avenir de la diffusion (26 Jan 2004)
		• Eurostat : Diffusion de l'information statistique (19 Feb 2004 - 20 Feb 2004)
		• Eurostat : Diffusion de l'information statistique (28 Apr 2004 - 29 Apr 2004)
		• Eurostat : STNE (13 May 2004 - 14 May 2004)
		• Eurostat : Groupe de réflexion sur l'avenir de la diffusion (9 Jun 2004)
		• Eurostat : METADATA, Statistical metadata (17 Jun 2004 - 18 Jun 2004)
		• Eurostat : Diffusion de l'information statistique (7 Oct 2004 - 8 Oct 2004)
2.3:	Activities of	Statistical metadata (Activity 3.5 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)
	ECE (CES)	Summary description:
		This activity is focused on data models and structures for statistical metadata in
		statistical information processing and dissemination context.
		Ultimate output:
		Identification and publication of good practices in statistical metadata
		• Implementation of developed standards and recommendations on statistical
		metadata
		Detailed description:
		• Joint UNECE-Eurostat-OECD Work Session on Statistical Metadata (METIS)
		(9-11 February 2004) to consider: (i) Functions of metadata in statistical
		production; (ii) Metadata interchange; (iii) Metadata models and terminology; (iv)
		Using metadata for searching and finding statistical data in websites and portals.
		Secretariat resources: Minimal
2 -		See also: http://www.unece.org/stats/documents/2004.02.metis.htm
	Activities of	Managing statistical output for dissemination (Activity 3.6 of the 2004 UNECE
	ECE (CES)	Statistical Programme)
		Summary description:

Identification and promotion of good practices in dissemination of statistical information by national statistical offices in the light of the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics.

Ultimate output:

- Publication of good practices in dissemination of statistical information **Detailed description:**
- Publication of best practices for dealing with the media summarising the outcomes of preceding meetings on statistical output for dissemination to information media.
- Preparation of a compendium of examples of statistical commentary and stories.
- A Work Session on dissemination of statistical commentary and stories to be held in 2004/2005 to consider: (i) How to train and educate statisticians for dissemination of statistical commentary and stories; (ii) How to exchange experience in disseminating statistical analysis, commentary and stories; (iii) How to increase acceptance and reception of statistics among the general public and media, and how to overcome the "fear" of numbers; (iv) Monitoring user feedback and measuring the effectiveness of statistical commentary and stories. Secretariat resources: Minimal

2.4	Title	Statistical classifications
2.4:	Goal:	The worldwide implementation of single statistical classification standards in
		each area of statistics.
2.4:	Issues and	• Significant discrepancies still exist in the classifications used by NSOs
	problems:	within the ECE region, particularly between ISIC/NACE and NAICS.
		Differences exist between official statistical classifications and those used
		by private corporations.
		• Limited resources to support national adaptations of ISCO-88.
		• A socio-economic classification has yet to be created, though progress is
		being made funded by Eurostat with the ILO participation.
		• The fast-changing nature of some sectors of the economy compared with the
		limited capacities to up-date the classifications.
	~	• To establish an inventory of implementation plans in different countries and
	J	current deviations from international classifications.
		To bring out greater convergence between NAICS (the North American
		Industrial Classification System) and NACE (Nomenclature Statistique des
		Activités Economique dans la Communauté Européenne).
		• To monitor the program on CPC/CPA revisions.
		UNSD revision of ISIC in 2007.
	11	Eurostat
2.4:		Development of interim classifications for IT sector of the economy
		pending full-scale revision of NACE.
		• The effort made by Statistics Canada, the Instituto Nacional de Estadística,
		Geografía e Informática of Mexico, the United States Bureau of the Census
		and Eurostat on the convergence of industrial classifications NAICS/NACE.
	Ŭ .	The revision of ISIC.
		• None.
	recommended	
2.4:	=	• UN Statistics Division : Classifications Workshop for ECE countries
		(2004- tentative)
		• UN Statistics Division : Meeting of the Technical Subgroup (1 Oct 2004
		tentative)
		• Eurostat : Customs code committee "Tariff and statistical nomenclature
		section" (4 Feb 2004 - 5 Feb 2004)
		• UN Statistics Division : Meeting of the Technical Subgroup (22 Mar 2004
		- 26 Mar 2004)
		• Eurostat : Customs code committee "Tariff and statistical nomenclature
		section" (18 May 2004 - 19 May 2004)
		• Eurostat : Nomenclatures CPS NACE/CPA (8 Sep 2004 - 10 Sep 2004)
		• Eurostat : Nomenclatures CPS NACE/CPA (15 Dec 2004 - 17 Dec 2004)

2.5: Goal: A continuing programm whose results are dissen	
whose results are discor	e of productive and relevant research and development,
whose results are disself	ninated widely
2.5: Issues and • Establishing research a	and development priorities.
problems: • Avoiding duplication.	
• Disseminating results v	widely.
• To develop guidelines	for statistical agencies on policies and practices for
managing data quality in	n statistical programs, including the definition, control
and description of data of	quality, and its implication for data release.
2.5: Strategic • To promote an active p	program of research, technology development and transfer
medium-term within the region on stat	istical and methodological issues that cut across other
objectives: PEs in the Work program	nme (e.g. seasonal adjustment; data quality
measurement: non-samp	ling error; sampling and estimating; questionnaire
design; confidentiality p	rotection; longitudinal surveys).
• To ensure that the resu	lts of this work are accessible to statistical offices
throughout the region.	
• To publish manuals on	best practices for the most common adjustment and
estimation procedures in	Eurostat.
2.5: Rapporteur: Eurostat	
2.5:Expected • Setting up of a compe	etence network on seasonal adjustment among NSO's,
Outcomes Universities, and Centra	l Banks: To have improved the co-operation framework
for seasonal adjustment	activities in the ESS and to implement the co-operative
arrangement with the US	S. The network would bring together the different actors,
such as Eurostat, NSO's.	Central Banks, and the US Bureau of the Census. It
would ease the converge	ence of Member States policies, and the development
(and support) of method	s and tools.
• Eurostat: The handbo	ook on seasonal adjustment: To have finalised the
handbook on best practic	ces for seasonal adjustments. The handbook is being
	aplement the Eurostat seasonal adjustment policy, and
	al and methodological aspects. A chapter will be
	he user about the quality of seasonal adjustments. The
	ol for both Eurostat production Units and the National
Statistical Institutes.	
	Useful Practices for Constructing Composite Indicators.
	Economic Globalisation Indicators
	ition of the OECD Glossary of Statistical Terms (already
	ution on the OECD website).
	despread implementation of ICT calls for new data and
Conference is meta-data modelling.	
	of data modelling is lacking and should be given high
following priority.	
2.5: Decisions • None.	
recommended	
2.5: Meetings • FAO : FAO Demonst	ration Centre on Food Security Statistics for Eastern
1 1	naia, Romania, 1 Mar 2004 tentative)
	International Round Table Discussions on Statistics of
1 1 - 1 - 1	Trade, Supply/Utilization Accounts and Food Balance
Sheets (Chisinau, Moldo	ova, 1 May 2004 tentative)
• Eurostat : Seasonal A	Adjustment (user group) (1 Apr 2004 - 2 Apr 2004)
• Eurostat : Structural	indicators network (22 Jun 2004)
• Eurostat : Seasonal A	Adjustment (conference) (13 Sep 2004 - 15 Sep 2004)
• FAO : Third Internati	onal Conference on Agricultural Statistics – Measuring

Sustainable Agriculture Indicators (co-organised by FAO) (Cancun, Mexico, 2 Nov 2004 - 4 Nov 2004)

• Eurostat: FEBI-FEBS-UNICE-Eurostat-INS (8 Nov 2004)

• Eurostat: EPROS (8 Nov 2004 - 9 Nov 2004)

• Eurostat: Assessment of quality in statistics (15 Nov 2004 - 16 Nov 2004)

2.6 Title		Geographical and regional data
2.6: Goal:		That geographical information standards are universally adopted and that
		geographically based information is disseminated as widely and efficiently as
		possible.
2.6: Issues		• Development and integration of statistics for sub-national and supra-national
problei	ms:	regions.
		• The efficiency, quality and comparability of the geographic dimension of official statistics.
		• The measurement and reinforcement of economic and social cohesion of the
		European Union using high quality statistical information on the European
		regions.
		• Availability of necessary regional data for the definition, follow-up and
		evaluation of regional policies (both national and European Union) and the
		evaluation of the socio-economic situation and evolution of the regions of
		Europe.
		• To design and develop concepts and standards, new tools and technology (GIS),
2.6.0.	•	dissemination of geographical products and spatial analysis.
2.6: Strateg medium		For Eurostat: • Publication of statistical yearbook "REGIONS".
objecti		• Publication of statistical yearbook REGIONS . • Complete classification of regions for the new member states.
Objecti	VCS.	Publication of methodology for regional household accounts.
		 Publication of first results of the screening exercise.
2.6:Rappor	rteur:	Eurostat
2.6: Expect		• Eurostat: Creation of the EU Portrait of the Regions website.
Outcon		• Eurostat: Medium term strategy for urban statistics (2004).
		• OECD: Report on "Geographic Equity in Health in OECD countries".
		• OECD: Publication of "OECD Regions at Glance" in the Territorial Outlook
		2004.
		• World Bank: Addition of sub-national data to World Bank databases.
2.6: Attenti		• There needs to be closer co-operation among National Statistical Offices,
Confer		national mapping agencies and national administrative systems if the availability
drawn		and comparability of spatial information is to be improved.
followi		
2.6: Decisio		• To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
	nended	programme element (see "Activities of CES").
2.6: Meetin	gs	• ECE (CES): Joint UNECE-Eurostat Work Session on Geographical Information Systems (16 Jun 2004 - 18 Jun 2004)
		• Eurostat: Regional account and indicators (24 May 2004 - 25 May 2004)
		• Eurostat: Geographical information system for statistics (25 Oct 2004 -
		26 Oct 2004)
		• Eurostat : Statistiques régionales (Statistiques urbaines et infra-régionales)
		(29 Nov 2004 - 30 Nov 2004)
2.6: Activit	ies of	Integration of statistics and geography (Activity 3.7 of the 2004 UNECE
ECE (C	CES)	Statistical Programme)
		Summary description:
		This activity, which evolved from former activities on survey processing, is
		oriented to particular issues of using geo-referenced data in statistical production.
		Ultimate output:
		• Exchange of experience on geo-coding and geo-referencing
		Detailed description: • Joint LINECE Eurostat Work Sassian on Goographical Information Systems
		• Joint UNECE-Eurostat Work Session on Geographical Information Systems (16-18 June 2004) to consider: (i) infrastructure requirements for geo-statistics;
		(1) infrastructure requirements for geo-statistics;

(ii) cooperation between national statistical institutes and geo-data providers; (iii) solutions for supporting user needs, and (iv) geo-coding and geo-referencing of datasets used in statistics in different countries
• A possible one-day training session for interested countries may be organized
back-to-back with the meeting.
Secretariat resources: Minimal

2.7	Title	Human resource development
2.7:	Goal:	That personnel involved in statistical work should be appropriately trained
		and that adequate systems exist for the on-going training and development of
		staff.
2.7:	Issues and	• Experience of training in general shall be exchanged, its organisation and
	problems:	practises be reviewed, the complementarity between national and international
		training be investigated.
		• The needs of countries with small internal resources for training should
		especially be considered.
		• The EU considers a new permanent structure for the organisation of
		European statistical training necessary.
		• Training is a fundamental basis of building a harmonised, high quality
		statistical system. The training aspect should in general be seen to be an
		important element of most meetings, involving exchange of information on
		tools, methods and best practises.
		• Joint international training courses should be promoted, taking into account
		specific needs for training due to changing methods, tools, staff requirements,
		and the needs for international harmonisation.
		• As the main systematic contribution for training in the ECE area is provided
		by the training programme of Eurostat (TES), it is important to ensure a good
		functioning of the programme.
	_	• To ensure a well prepared training programme within the framework of
	term objectives:	TES, by analysing user requirements and by involving the countries in its
		preparation and execution.
		To seek economy of scale in organisation of training among similar
		countries.
		• To ensure wide participation in this training programme by distributing
		information on the programme.
		• To ensure improved co-ordination of training offered by international actors
		and NSOs by exchange of information, Eurostat being the centre for co-
		ordination. Joint information should be made available via the Eurostat Circa
		Interest group; to evaluate the training component in different working groups offered by Eurostat, OECD or ECE.
2.7.	Rapporteur:	Eurostat
	* *	
	Attention of the	• Coordination in the field of statistical training should be increased. As
	Conference is drawn to the	training on an international level shall fill gaps within national training schemes and gain synergies, the exchange of information is an important and
	following	basic issue.
	•	
	Decisions recommended	• None.
_		- Francetot - TEC Westing among (16 Apr. 2004)
2.7:	Meetings	• Eurostat : TES Working group (16 Apr 2004)

2.8	Title	Sustainable development
	Goal:	To identify best measures for sustainable development; develop indicators or
2.0.	Sour.	framework to evaluate sustainable development
2.8.	Issues and	• International organizations have tried to identify a single set of indicators,
	problems:	but the conclusion was that this is not a feasible and/or useful target. In fact,
	problems.	user needs are different in various contexts and there is no scope to try to
		force them to adopt a single set of indicators. Many international projects
		nowadays are based on a policy-oriented approach where a list of indicators is
		drawn up in order to monitor defined commitments and policies such as
		Agenda 21.
		• Problems have been identified with the currently proposed indicators for SD
		and their relationship to official statistics. In order to respond adequately to
		the policy demands, a statistical strategy is needed. On the one hand, more
		attention should be paid to the development of accounting frameworks for
		measuring sustainable development, able to take into account the economic,
		social and environmental dimensions. Concrete plans to produce
		methodologically integrated statistics across different subject areas in order to
		calculate indicators for SD need to be developed in parallel.
		• Statistics on sustainable development need to be produced in such a way as
		to ensure that they can be integrated across the social, economic and
2 0.	Ctuata ai a madium	environmental spheres of sustainable development.
	Strategic medium- term objectives:	• To devise a theoretical framework to allow the integration of statistics from various subject areas which is both practical and relevant to policy
	Rapporteur:	OECD
		• Eurostat: Compilation and improvement of indicators on integrating
۷.6.	Expected Outcomes	environmental concerns relating to agriculture, energy, transport and
		industry.
		• Eurostat: Development and compilation of a set of indicators on
		sustainable development supporting the EU Sustainable Development
		Strategy.
		• Eurostat: Compilation and improvement of the set of Environmental
		Pressure Indicators.
		• Eurostat: Creation of a website on Sustainable Development Indicators
		(2004).
		OECD: Development of new accounting frameworks; this includes the
		development of indicators for peer reviews and evaluating sectoral trends.
		• WHO - Euro: Complete the pilot implementation of the Environment and
		Health (EH) indicator system in selected countries and obtain endorsement for
		a comprehensive EH indicators system (at the 4th ministerial conference on
		health and environment, Budapest 2004).
	Attention of the	Better coordination is necessary between the UN Commission on
	Conference is	Sustainable Development and other international organizations active in this
	drawn to the	field. The role of official statistics in measuring SD needs to be brought out
	following	and strengthened.
		Necessity for active cooperation of NSOs in developing measures for
		sustainable development.
		More coordination is needed between national agencies in charge of
		sustainable development and national statistical offices.
		• In February 2004 the CES Bureau agreed to devote one of the 2005 CES
		seminars to the discussion of the role of official statistics in the measurement
		of sustainable development, and approved the creation of a Steering Group to prepare the seminar.
		prepare the seminar.

	Decisions	• To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
	recommended	programme element (see "Activities of CES").
2.8:	Meetings	• OECD : Workshop in 2004, in co-operation with other international
		organisations
		• Eurostat : Sustainable development indicators (14 Jun 2004 - 15 Jun 2004)
2.8:	Activities of ECE	Sustainable development statistics (Activity 3.8 of the 2004 UNECE
	(CES)	Statistical Programme)
		Summary description:
		Secretariat of the CES Steering Group on Sustainable development.
		Ultimate output:
		• 2005 CES Seminar on sustainable development addressed to chief
		statisticians.
		Detailed description:
		New activity in 2004:
		• Review of activities carried out by international organizations and selected
		national statistical offices in the area of sustainable development statistics.
		Identification of key issues related to the role of national statistical offices in
		the collection, dissemination and analysis of statistics for sustainable
		development.
		• Support the members of the Steering Group in the finalization of an agenda
		for the CES seminar in 2005 and the development of a proposal for CES work
		programme on sustainable development statistics.
		Secretariat resources: Minimal

2.9	Title	Millennium Development Goals and human development
2.9:	Goal:	To improve the quality and availability of statistics to monitor MDG at national
		and global level
2.9:	Issues and	• International organizations are strengthening their collaboration and efforts to
	problems:	improve the global reporting of MDG indicators (based on the standard list of indicators) through the regular Inter-Agency and Expert Meeting on MDG indicators. However, gaps and quality issues still exist in areas such as environment, malnutrition, maternal mortality, HIV/AIDS and other major diseases. Issues that are also under discussion include principles to compute regional and sub-regional aggregates and common regional desegregations. • A process to review the standard list of indicators approved by the UN General Assembly has started and working groups in the areas of poverty, gender, environment, slums, and education have been established to review current indicators and bring to the Secretary General office a proposal for new indicators by 2005 • Countries, with the assistance of UNDP and other international organizations are engaged in developing systems and indicators to monitor MDG at national level. The standard list of indicators is used as reference but national lists are
		produced to monitor goals that are put in the national context and may require more specific statistics
2.9:	Strategic	To produce annual reports to monitor MDG at global level and improve the
	medium-term	availability and quality of the statistics and aggregates presented
	objectives:	• To revise the current standard list of indicators by 2005
		To agree on common practices to compute regional and sub-regional
		 aggregates To strengthen the statistical capacity of countries to regularly produce the
		statistics needed to monitor national MDG
2.9:	Rapporteur:	UN Statistics Division
	Attention of the	Country participation in the global monitoring system should be
	Conference is	strengthened
	drawn to the	National statistical offices should be better involved in the national
	following	monitoring systems and the role of official statistics should be strengthened in the national reports
		National MDG monitoring systems should be coordinated with PRSP
		processes
2.9:	Decisions	To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
	recommended	programme element (see "Activities of CES").
	Activities of	Human development and Millennium Development Goals (MDG)
	ECE (CES)	indicators (Activity 3.1 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)
		Summary description:
		Development of standard statistical indicators for human development reporting
		and monitoring of progress towards achievement of MDG in South-East Europe and CIS countries.
		Ultimate output:
		• Relevant indicators used by countries in South-East Europe and the CIS in
		their national reports on human development and Millennium Development
		Goals.
		Detailed description:
		• In cooperation with the UNDP Regional Bureau for Europe and the CIS (RBEC), ECE will continue to elaborate proposals for a core set of statistical indicators to be used by countries for national human development reports and national reports on progress towards the achievement of MDG. This will include methodological work on the disaggregation of indicators at the local
<u> </u>		procedure memodological work on the disaggregation of indicators at the focus

level.
 Organization of workshops at the regional and sub-regional level to ensure a
proper feedback from analysts to national statistical offices.
• Develop and implement statistical methodologies, such as factor analysis, to
analyse progress towards MDGs.
Secretariat resources: Moderate

PROGRAMME ACTIVITY 3 ECONOMIC STATISTICS

3.	1.Title	Implementation of the system of national accounts (edition 2004)
	l:Goal:	That there exists the full range of high quality national accounts data produced
		according to SNA/ESA standards for all CES countries with lengthy time-series.
3.	l:Issues and	• The following task forces of national accounts experts have been set up:
	problems:	- Insurance services with emphasis on catastrophe insurance
	F	- Banking services, especially portfolio management
		- Software measurement
		• The Canberra II Group (secretariat OECD), chaired by Australia, continues to
		review the treatment of non-financial assets.
		• Timeliness of transmission of the accounts, especially institutional sector
		accounts and general government accounts remains a serious issue. Eurostat
		intends to compile flash estimates for European aggregates at 45/48 days as a
		first step.
		• The availability of balance sheet data on households is poor.
		• Progressive implementation of the SNA 93 is still a significant focus of activity.
		• For the transition economies, improvements in national accounts over the next
		few years are conditional on the improvement in the basic data underlying them
		to which priority should be given. CIS-STAT to prepare material for improving
		the statistics on the non-observed economy (NOE).
3.	l:Strategic	• Prepare SNA 93 Rev 1, for publication around 2008
	medium-term	• Develop a common policy on the timing of national accounts revisions
	objectives:	• Implement the reform of the questionnaire, less annual data, more quarterly data
		• Test the NAWWE initiative, designed to significantly lower response burden in
		the future
3.	l:Rapporteur:	OECD
3.	l:Expected	 Management structure for updating the SNA 93 will be fully implemented,
	Outcomes	with a project manager and editor appointed, involving EDGs, city groups and
		the Canberra Group on non-financial assets. Recommendations of these
		specialised groups will be forwarded to the Advisory Expert Group on National
		Accounts for review.
		 Improvements to quarterly national accounts.
		• ECE (CES): Disseminate the survey of best practice in estimating service
		lives of fixed assets.
		• OECD: Support a selected group of Non-Member countries in the
		implementation of the NOE Handbook.
		• OECD: Revive the Financial Accounts Database (2004).
		• OECD: Publish a volume on general government and subsector accounts.
		• OECD: Data on capital services for productivity measurement will be
		increased and country coverage expanded.
3.	1: Attention of the	• Future action in joint data collection : Eurostat, in cooperation with the OECD,
	Conference is	is preparing a reform of the common questionnaire. The OECD has launched the
	drawn to the	NAWWE initiative, which objective is to have countries to update the tables of
1	1	the questionnaire directly on their web sites. Australia and Canada accepted to
	following	the questionnaire directly on their web sites. Australia and Canada accepted to
	following	participate in the tests. This initiative should avoid any double or triple
	following	*
	following	participate in the tests. This initiative should avoid any double or triple
	following	participate in the tests. This initiative should avoid any double or triple transmission by countries. International organisations would use directly these

3.1: Decisions	• To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
recommended	programme element (see "Activities of CES").
3.1: Meetings	• ECE (CES): Special ECE session on National Accounts for Transition
	Economies organized back-to-back with the OECD meeting on National
	Accounts (1 Oct 2004 tentative)
	• Eurostat : Directors of national accounts (28 Jan 2004)
	• Eurostat: National accounts (25 Feb 2004 - 26 Feb 2004)
	• OECD : Canberra II Group on the Measurement of Non-financial Assets.
	Bank Profitability - Financial Statements of Banks (17 Mar 2004 - 19 Mar 2004)
	• Eurostat : Gross national income committee (25 Mar 2004 - 26 Mar 2004)
	• ECE (CES) Eurostat OECD: Special session on National Accounts for the
	CIS countries, back-to-back with the Joint ECE/Eurostat/ OECD Meeting on
	National Accounts (Geneva, 27 Apr 2004) to consider the following topics:
	(i) Flash estimates of GDP; (ii) Allocation of FISIM; (iii) NOE.
	See: http://www.unece.org/stats/documents/2004.04.scissna.htm for more
	information
	• ECE (CES) OECD Eurostat: Joint UNECE/OECD/Eurostat Meeting on
	National Accounts, Geneva, to be held under the general motto "Responding to
	user needs" (28 Apr 2004 - 30 Apr 2004) to consider the following topics:
	(i) Short-term statistics and their relation to national accounts; (ii) Consistency of
	time series: practical solutions for defining long series when there are changes in
	methodologies and classifications; (iii) The link between satellite accounts and
	national accounts (including: do we have to benchmark satellite accounts to
	national accounts?); (iv) Quantitative methods to control the quality of national
	accounts (including the interaction with basic statistics); (v) Conceptual issues
	and recent methodological developments.
	See: http://www.unece.org/stats/documents/2004.04.sna.htm for more
	information 2004 10 M 2004
	• Eurostat : National accounts (18 May 2004 - 19 May 2004)
	• Eurostat : Directors of national accounts (14 Jun 2004)
	• Eurostat : Gross national product committee (5 Jul 2004 - 6 Jul 2004)
	• OECD: Fourth Meeting of Canberra II (1 Sep 2004 - 3 Sep 2004)
	• Eurostat : Gross national product committee (4 Nov 2004 - 5 Nov 2004)
	• Eurostat : National accounts (24 Nov 2004)
3.1: Activities of	National accounts (Activity 3.9 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)
ECE (CES)	Summary description:
	Promote the implementation of the methodology of 1993 System National
	Accounts (1993 SNA) in the UNECE member countries with emphasis on the
	Transition Economies.
	Ultimate output:
	• Ensure that a full range of high quality national accounts data produced
	according to the 1993 SNA standards exists for all countries in the UNECE
	region with emphasis on the Transition Economies, and more particularly the CIS
	countries and South-East Europe.
	Detailed description:
	Methodological work: • The methodological work related to the implementation of 1993 SNA is carried
	out in close cooperation with Eurostat, OECD and CIS-STAT. The work is
	coordinated within the Intersecretariat Working Group on National Accounts
	(ISWGNA) composed of Eurostat, OECD, IMF, World Bank, UN Statistics
	Division and the UN Regional Commissions.
	• Participate and contribute to the work of the ISWGNA, which steers the work
	on national accounts in the ECE region.
	on national accounts in the Deli 1051011.

- Contribute to the work undertaken by the UNSD, following the decision of the Statistical Commission, for updating the SNA methodology by 2008. Ensure the regional context of the revision.
- Contribute to the work of the Canberra II Group on Measurement of Capital
- Prepare and disseminate the methodological document on best practices in estimating service lives of fixed assets. The document will be reviewed in April 2004 by a National Accounts Expert Group meeting.

Secretariat resources: Moderate

See also: http://www.unece.org/stats/documents/2004.04.sna.htm

3.2	Title	Money and banking, government finance, and balance of payments
3.2:	Goal:	That there exists a comprehensive, coherent and balanced system of money,
		banking government finance and balance of payments statistics capable of
		supporting government activities relating to developing and adjusting policy,
		and deepening the understanding of the determinants of globalisation.
3.2:	Issues and	• Rapid change in the areas covered by finance statistics - especially in monetary
	problems:	and financial statistics.
		• How to put in place an international financial architecture that will enhance
		and spread the benefits of globalization while minimizing its risks.
		• Dissemination of data and metadata in finance statistics is especially
		challenging in part because, first, the use of data for monetary policy puts a high
		premium on timeliness of dissemination and, second, because the increasing
		extent to which data and metadata are needed beyond the national boundaries
		puts a high premium on rapid and user-friendly modes of distribution.
		• Data quality is an especially important and/or difficult issue in areas of
		statistics that are, inter alia, derived from multiple sets of source data; are
		relatively newly developed and thus less familiar to users; and are used for
		policy and operational purposes. Several of the sets of finance statistics meet
		one or more of these criteria.
		• Harmonisation with 1993 SNA of balance of payments, international
		investment position (IIP), government finance, and money and banking
2.2	~ .	statistics.
	Strategic	For IMF:
	medium-term	• An IMF database consistent with the standards in the Monetary and Financial
	objectives:	Statistics Manual.
		• A compilation guide to accompany the Monetary and Financial Statistics
		Manual. Lindsting the fifth edition of the IME's Pelance of Peymants Manual to take
		• Updating the fifth edition of the IMF's Balance of Payments Manual to take account of rapid changes in relevant areas such as services, financial derivatives
		and other financial activities, and to provide more detailed IIP guidelines.
		• Assist member countries to compile IIP statistics. The Statistics Department
		released a document entitled International Investment Position: A Guide to Data
		Sources in November 2002 to provide practical advice on existing data sources
		that could be used to build an IIP statement within a relatively short time.
		• Collection of Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) flow and stock data.
		• Development of guidance on the compilation of financial soundness indicators
		to meet mandate from the IMF Executive Board.
		For Eurostat:
		• Production of statistics needed for the conduct of macroeconomic policy and
		to support the Stability and Growth pact.
		For OECD:
		• OECD will provide Internet access to the public at large to the information on
		Member countries resulting from the joint IMF/OECD Survey of
		Implementation of Methodological Standards of Direct Investment (SIMSDI).
		• A joint OECD/World Bank web site will be organised and opened to the
		public on privatisation statistics.
	Rapporteur:	IMF
	Expected	• Conversion of the IMF's databases of monetary and financial statistics to
	Outcomes	comply with the Monetary and Financial Statistics Manual.
		• CIS-STAT: Preparation for CIS countries in 2004 of Basic provisions of a
		new international standard for monetary, credit and financial statistics.
		• ECB: Improvements to data on securities issues, interest rates.
1 1		• ECB: Further improvements to bank (MFI) balance sheet data and derivation

		of monetary statistics and counterparts from them.
		• ECB: Financial accounts for the euro area, starting with financing and
		investment of non-financial sectors.
		• ECB: Better links between balance of payments and monetary statistics
		• ECB: Better data on the balance of payments (notably in the areas of
		investment income and portfolio account).
		• ECB: Data on (non-monetary) financial institutions.
		• ECB: The ECB intends to develop a Centralised Securities Database as a
		means of improving the treatment of negotiable securities across the financial
		accounts.
		• Eurostat: A compilation manual on sources and methods for financial
		accounts should be operational within in the next two years.
		• IMF: Automated data collection of balance of payments statistics.
		• IMF: Conversion of the IMF's databases for the Government Finance
		Statistics Yearbook and for International Financial Statistics to comply with the Government Finance Statistics Manual (end-2004).
		• IMF: IMF Compilation Guide on Financial Soundness Indicators (end-
		2004).
		• OECD: Working papers on various methodological studies, including
		additional operational guidelines to foreign direct investment statistics, will be
		issued to the public as they become available.
		• UNCTAD: Issuing of guidance for the compilation of FDI flow and stock
		data and their dissemination via UNCTAD.
		• UNCTAD: Issuing of guidance for the compilation of external debt statistics.
3 2.	Attention of the	Harmonization of public sector accounting with the statistical guidelines
5.2.	Conference is	(GFS Manual 2001 and SNA).
	drawn to the	• Problems that countries are facing in collection of good quality data on
	following	balance of payments.
		• None.
	recommended	Trong.
	Meetings	• IMF: Experts group on currency union issues
		• IMF: Experts group on other balance of payments of issues
		• ITF on Financial Statistics: Inter-Agency Task Force on Finance Statistics
		(ad hoc meetings, as required)
		• OECD IMF : Joint OECD-IMF Experts group on direct investment statistics
		• ECB: Statistics Committee: about 5 meetings per year (Working groups
		reporting to the Committee meet with varying frequency)
		• TF on Harmonization of Public Sector Accounting: Meeting of the Inter-
		Agency Task Force on the Harmonization of Public Sector Accounts
		(1 Feb 2004 tentative)
		• OECD IMF: Direct Investment Technical Group (DITEG) joint IMF/OECD
		(1 Jun 2004 tentative)
		• ECB Eurostat : Quarterly Financial Accounts for the Government Sector
		(June) (1 Jun 2004 tentative)
		(1 Nov 2004 tentative)
		Agency Task Force on the Harmonization of Public Sector Accounts
		(1 Feb 2005 tentative)
		• Eurostat : Comité des statistiques monétaires, financières et de la balance des
ĺ		paiements (CMFB) (29 Jan 2004 - 30 Jan 2004)
		 IMF: Committee on Balance of Payments Statistics (two meetings per year) (1 Oct 2004 tentative) OECD IMF: Direct Investment Technical Group (DITEG) joint IMF/OECD (1 Nov 2004 tentative) TF on Harmonization of Public Sector Accounting: Meeting of the Inter-Agency Task Force on the Harmonization of Public Sector Accounts

- **OECD**: WP-STAT informal meeting about CRS User's Guide and other issues (9 Feb 2004 10 Feb 2004)
- **Eurostat :** Joint Eurostat/ECB meeting Quarterly financial accounts for general governments (19 Feb 2004 20 Feb 2004)
- Eurostat : Balance of payments (18 Mar 2004 19 Mar 2004)
- **OECD**: Workshop on International Investment Statistics (22 Mar 2004 24 Mar 2004)
- Eurostat: Financial accounts (10 May 2004 11 May 2004)
- **OECD**: Steering Group on Revenue Statistics (8 Jun 2004)
- **OECD**: Task Force on Pension Statistics (15 Jun 2004)
- Eurostat : Comité des statistiques monétaires, financières et de la balance des paiements (CMFB) (15 Jun 2004 16 Jun 2004)
- **Eurostat :** Réunion conjointe Eurostat-BCE : Short term (STPFS)/Quarterly financial accounts for general government (16 Jun 2004 18 Jun 2004)
- **Eurostat :** Joint Eurostat/ECB meeting Quarterly financial accounts for general governments (8 Jul 2004 9 Jul 2004)
- **OECD**: Working Party on Government Debt Management (14 Sep 2004 15 Sep 2004)
- **OECD**: Working Party on Financial Statistics (11 Oct 2004 12 Oct 2004)
- Eurostat: Balance of payments (14 Oct 2004 15 Oct 2004)
- **OECD**: Steering Group on Revenue Statistics (16 Nov 2004)
- Eurostat : Financial accounts (18 Nov 2004 19 Nov 2004)
- **Eurostat :** Short term Public Finance Statistics (STPFS) (13 Dec 2004 14 Dec 2004)

3.3	Title	Statistics on international trade in goods
3.3:	Goal:	To make available consistent and comprehensive international trade in goods
		statistics that are up-to-date and consistent with international standards and
		definitions.
3.3:	Issues and problems:	• Countries generally tend to implement the recommended international concepts and definitions for international merchandise trade statistics. However,
		there are still differences in the levels and details of implementation between countries.
		National authorities also tend to report international merchandise trade
		statistics to international organizations on different time schedules. At the
		international level, organizations adjust the data for comparability and can
		estimate non-reported data. The methodologies applied are not fully
		harmonised, leading to different results that unnecessarily confuse users. • The assessment of data quality of national data.
		• the exchange of information on statistical metadata in trade statistics and the
		identification of best practises.
		• UNSD and OECD agreed in a Memorandum of Understanding that UNSD
		sources its merchandise trade data directly from OECD for all its member
		countries but Mexico. UNSD and OECD also agreed to compare their respective
		processing practices with a view of adopting common standards.
	Strategic	• To adapt existing and develop new conceptual and methodological material to
	medium-term	new economic developments.
	objectives:	• Reduce the response burden on countries by further rationalizing data
		collection of international organisations, for example through increased data sharing.
		• To ensure consistency of data held by each organization through developing a
		commonly agreed, consistent aggregate data set on merchandise trade by
		country (WTO-UNSD-IMF-UNCTAD-OECD-Eurostat) for joint dissemination.
		To continuously improve the coverage of Comtrade and to develop strategic
		plans for its platform.
		• To assist countries in capacity building and technical assistance activities to
		improve international trade statistics.
	Rapporteur:	World Trade Organisation
	Expected Outcomes	 Agreed processing standards between the OECD and UNSD for jointly collected data.
		 Common Data Set on aggregate merchandise trade data by country.
		 Manual on Foreign Trade Indices (leading organization IMF).
		• Supplement to the Compilers' Manual for International Merchandise Trade
		Statistics.
3.3:		• The work led by WTO to develop a commonly agreed data set on aggregate
	Conference is	merchandise trade statistics through an interagency cooperation which should
	drawn to the	provide consistent analytical data to the statistical user.
	following	 Development and adoption of joint processing procedures between OECD and UNSD.
		• Development of a Manual on Foreign Trade Indices (Lead: IMF).
		Development of a SITC, Rev.4.
3.3:	Decisions	• None.
	recommended	
3.3:	Meetings	• ITF on Trade Statistics: Inter-secretariat Task Force on International
		Merchandise Trade Statistics, 2004 and 2005
		• Eurostat : EDICOM ITC (11 Feb 2004 - 12 Feb 2004)
		• Eurostat : Comité Statistiques des échanges de biens + Réunion

d'Elargissement (10 Mar 2004 - 12 Mar 2004)

• OECD : International Trade Statistics Expert Group Meeting (followed by Trade in Services Expert Group meeting) (26 Apr 2004 - 29 Apr 2004)

• Eurostat : Comité Statistiques des échanges de biens + Réunion d'Elargissement (28 Jun 2004 - 30 Jun 2004)

• Eurostat : EDICOM ITC (18 Oct 2004 - 19 Oct 2004)

• Eurostat : Comité Statistiques des échanges de biens + Réunion

d'Elargissement (15 Nov 2004 - 17 Nov 2004)

3.4	Title	Transport statistics
	Goal:	That there exist transport statistics that are consistent with the standards,
		classifications and needs of mainstream economic statistics and with
		international standards and definitions.
		(NOTE: For statistical work in the area of information and communications
		technology see PE 3.13 Science and technology statistics, including ICT)
3 4.	Issues and	• Improve data comparability through the development of a standardized
5. 1.	problems:	terminology, definitions and classifications in transport statistics.
	proofems.	• Develop a set of standard price and quantity indices for transport services.
		• Monitor developments in the field of transport database and information
		systems and promote the co-ordination of these.
3.4:	Strategic medium-	Publication of a third expanded edition of the Glossary for Transport
	term objectives:	Statistics (ECE-ECMT-Eurostat).
		• Harmonisation of existing classifications for the transport of goods.
		Conduct the first Combined Census of Rail Traffic and Inventory of
		Standards and Parameters in 2005.
3.4:	Rapporteur:	Eurostat
		Publication of pan-European survey on long distance mobility.
[r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• Finalise in co-operation with EUROSTAT and ECE an electronic version of
		the Common Questionnaire. Catch up with the delays in publications and
		improve their timeliness.
		 Produce an Internet version of the Common Questionnaire.
		3rd edition of Glossary of Transport Statistics.ECE/Eurostat
		Agreement on the second digit of the NST/R classification of transport
		commodities. Eurostat
		Reference manual for road freight transport statistics (1998 Council Regulation)
		Regulation).
		• Reference manual for maritime transport statistics (1995 Council Directive).
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		• Glossaries for air and maritime transport statistics and road accident statistics.
		Methodological guidelines for inter-modal freight transport.
		• Implementation of EU Regulation on air transport statistics.
		Inter-secretariat Working Group on Transport Statistics
		(OECD/ECMT/Eurostat)
		• Implementation of EU Regulation on rail transport statistics (passengers and
2 4		freight), rail safety, including draft reference manual.
3.4:	Attention of the	• Very little progress has been made in developing price indices for transport,
	Conference is	which remains an area of high demand.
	drawn to the	
2.4	following	
3.4:	Decisions	• None.
2 1	recommended	OPOD POME POME A AGAIN
3.4:	Meetings	• OECD ECMT : ECMT Group of Statisticians (1 May 2004 tentative) to
		consider the following topics:
		- Investment in Transport Infrastructure
		- Quarterly Transport Statistics
		- Road Accidents
		- Transport Sector Trends Analysis
		• Eurostat: CCST (Coordination statistiques des transports) (11 Mar 2004 -
		12 Mar 2004)
		• IWG on Transport Statistics Eurostat: Inter-secretariat Working Group

on Transport Statistics (ECE, ECMT and Eurostat). Two-three meetings per year, with the location rotating between Geneva, Paris and Luxembourg. (Paris, 22 Apr 2004 - 23 Apr 2004) to consider the following topics: Continuous work on common projects such as the Glossary, database and common questionnaires.

- Eurostat : Rail transport statistics (29 Apr 2004 30 Apr 2004)
- Eurostat : Maritime transport statistics (7 Jun 2004 8 Jun 2004)
- ECE Transport (ITC): Working Party on Transport Statistics (9 Jun 2004 11 Jun 2004)
- Eurostat : CCST (Coordination statistiques des transports) (18 Oct 2004 19 Oct 2004)
- Eurostat : Air transport statistics (10 Nov 2004 11 Nov 2004)
- Eurostat: Passenger mobility statistics (2 Dec 2004 3 Dec 2004)
- ECE Transport (ITC): Working Party on Transport Statistics (8 Jun 2005 10 Jun 2005)

NOTE: Programme element 3.5 was deleted in 2003 and merged with PE 3.8

3.6	Title	Statistics on international trade in services
	Goal:	
3.0:	Goal:	That there exist consistent and comprehensive statistics on international trade in
2.6	T	services that are consistent with international standards and definitions.
3.0:	Issues and	• To develop suitable international nomenclatures and standards to ensure that
	problems:	national measurements are internationally comparable and consistent with basic
		economic statistics.
		• To identify and establish a basic set of comparable data that meet the
		requirements of revised international standards for reporting Balance of Payments
		(BOP), National Accounts (SNA) data, the Manual on Statistics of International
		Trade in Services (MSITS) and of recent agreements on international services trade.
		• To give due attention to data quality and provision of sufficient detail to address
		the needs of users including trade negotiators and analysts.
		• To ensure that transition economies have access to the methods and practices
		developed for the measurement of trade in services.
		• To contribute to the adaptation of the CPC to the specific needs of international
		trade in services.
		• Change from settlements to direct survey/reporting systems (EU MSS).
3.6:	Strategic	For OECD:
	medium-term	• The main objective is implementation of recommendations of MSITS and the
	objectives:	corresponding coordinated collection of data. (OECD, WTO, Eurostat, UNSD, UNCTAD and the IMF)
		• OECD in cooperation with Eurostat and TFSITS will monitor implementation
		of MSITS and data quality.
		• MSITS provides a link between trade-in services statistics and GATS
		requirements.
		• TFSITS is to coordinate production of a Compilation Guide concerning methods
		of collecting information in line with the recommendations of MSITS.
		• Defining and measuring international trade in software and online delivery of
		products
		Measuring trade by GATS mode of supply
		Reduction of bilateral asymmetries (OECD/EU)
3.6:	Rapporteur:	OECD
3.6:	Expected	• Issuing of guidance on the compilation of statistics on the activities of TNC's
	Outcomes	and their affiliates, foreign affiliates trade in services, and travel expenditure in
		the balance of payments, and their dissemination (UNCTAD and IMF in
		cooperation with TFSITS).
		• Expansion of data collection to provide a wider and more detailed picture of
		trade in services
		• Change in data collection systems. This work is top priority, as most MSs will
		shift from settlements to direct reporting/surveys (DR/surveys) systems. Eurostat
		(in co-operation with the ECB) will monitor the whole process in following up
L		the national plans.
3.6:	Attention of the	• The need for resource to be devoted to technical assistance in development of
	Conference is	country reporting of trade in services.
	drawn to the	
	following	
3.6:	Decisions	• None.
	recommended	
3.6:	Meetings	OECD Eurostat : OECD-Eurostat Experts on Trade-in-services Statistics
		(27 Apr 2004 - 29 Apr 2004)
		• ITF on International Trade in Services: Interagency Task Force on
		Statistics of International Trade in Services (30 Apr 2004)

exists a comprehensive, coherent and balanced system of tourism pable of supporting government activities relating to developing ng policy, and deepening the understanding of the determinants of
lopment of conceptual frameworks.
concepts and methodologies for measurement and integration of
and should also assessed the based areas of assessment interests
on should also support the broad range of non-government interests bublic) including research, and coherent linkages with other areas
ial, demographic, business, economic and environmental studies.
nent of sustainability indicators
lan for a co-ordinated and co-operative development of approaches
rrent international tourism-related statistics.
the compatibility and the consistency of concepts, definitions and
ons.
special agreements with neighbouring countries on the
ion of methodologies and exchange of statistics on tourism flows
em. opment of a credible economic statement of the size and
e of tourism industries and their linkages with other industries in the
to tourism muustres and then mikages with other muustres in the
or measuring the effects of tourism on employment.
t: Producing various publications including a Yearbook on CD-
rism in Europe, in the Central European countries and in the
ean countries - Key figures; and Tourism in Europe – Trends.
t: Developing a practical implementation manual adapted to the
y situation to assist Member States starting to produce Tourism
ecounts (TSA).
t: Making regional data available in the TOUR, REGIO and New
abases.
To produce an up-to-date inventory of Member countries'
s, analysis and problems in regard to Tourism Satellite accounts ation.
To produce with the Environment Directorate a methodology for
national sustainable tourism indicators.
To contribute to the update of the 1993 UN recommendations on
tistics.
Courism Organisation: Guidelines for estimating tourism
e: A specific questionnaire on tourism expenditure will be designed
ed to non-residents, preferably at national borders on departure from
of reference. The corresponding guidelines will be prepared to
erational.
Courism Organisation: Enzo Paci papers on measuring the
ignificance of tourism: Publication to be prepared every year, bring a better knowledge in the preparation of a TSA and its use by
it users (public and private).
Courism Organisation: Conceptual framework for a tourism
count: Ongoing process for improving and expanding the
gical framework for the development of the TSA, making use of the
of those countries that have a TSA.

		• World Tourism Organisation: Publications related to the TSA: Set of
		technical documents designed to be used for the preparation of TSAs in
		countries with different levels of statistical infrastructure, as well as training
		material and other instruments of support for the development of ad hoc
		initiatives with a view to support the WTO-TSA project.
3.7:	Attention of the	• International cooperation in the field of tourism statistics continues to work
	Conference is	well. The next important field to work on is the update of the 1993 UN
	drawn to the	Recommendations on Tourism Statistics.
	following	
3.7:	Decisions	• None.
	recommended	
3.7:	Meetings	• World Tourism Organisation: International Conference "Understanding
		and measuring tourism in a global economy" (First half of 2005)
		• Eurostat: Tourism statistics (26 Jan 2004 - 27 Jan 2004)
		• OECD Eurostat: 7th International OECD-Eurostat Forum on tourism
		statistics (9 Jun 2004 - 11 Jun 2004)
		• OECD : 30th meeting of the Statistical Working Party of the Tourism
		Committee (13 Dec 2004 - 14 Dec 2004)

3.8	Title	Statistics on other marketed services, and non-marketed services
3.8:	Goal:	To provide or make available service sector statistics that are consistent with
		international standards and definitions.
3.8:	Issues and	• Development of suitable international nomenclatures and standards to ensure
	problems:	that national measurements are internationally comparable.
		• To support policy-makers' analytical needs with data offering new
		possibilities for analysis in the areas of emerging activities, small- and
		medium-sized enterprises, productivity or employment at a disaggregated
		level.
		• To ensure that countries in transition have access to the methods and
		practices developed for the measurement of activity in the services industries.
		• To keep pace with developments in business services and e-commerce.
		• Keep international manuals and standards in this field up-to-date in the light
		of changes taking place in the structure of the retail and wholesale sectors.
		Provide a forum for transition economies and other countries to discuss
		methodological problems in this field.
		• Supplementary detail in NACE/CPA needed in this area.
		• International comparison of the public sector and its management.
		Measurement of public sector pay.
2 0.	Strategic medium-	
5.0.	term objectives:	• To continue to develop the detail, comparability and timeliness of the annual
	term objectives.	publication giving detailed statistics on output and employment in service activities.
		Development of price indices for services purchased by producers.
		• The measurement of labour productivity in government: to improve output measures in real terms.
		• Apply existing concepts, definitions and data collection procedures relevant
		to international comparison of the public sector to all member states (OECD).
		• The partial integration of the standard balance of payments items on
2.0	D .	transactions in services with measures of domestic production.
	Rapporteur:	Eurostat
3.8:	Expected Outcomes	• Eurostat: Updating of methodological manual for telecommunications
		statistics
		• UNCTAD: Best practice guidance on the compilation of e-commerce
		statistics
3.8:	Attention of the	• The publication of databases on "Indicators of Industry and Services" and
	Conference is	"Services Statistics: Value Added and Employment" are suspended (OECD).
	drawn to the	• Information Society Statistics, see also PE 3.11 and PE 3.13: The OECD
	following	Working Party on Indicators for the Information Society (WPIIS), after having
		developed an OECD activity-based definition of the Information and
		Communication Technology (ICT) sector, is now extending the ICT sector
		definition to a commodity-based one.
		• The 2007 revision of ISIC and the need for substantially better coverage of
		the information sector and other service sectors.
3.8:	Decisions	None.
	recommended	
3.8:	Meetings	Voorburg Group on Services Statistics : Meeting of the Voorburg Group
		(Autumn 2005)
		• Voorburg Group on Services Statistics : Meeting of the Voorburg Group
		(Ottawa, 1 Sep 2004 tentative)
	1	15 /

3.9	Title	Price statistics, including purchasing power parities
3.9:	Goal:	That there exist internationally comparable and reliable measures of price
		changes, levels and trends and of purchasing power parities
3.9:		• To define standards for the collection, compilation and dissemination of
		timely, reliable and internationally comparable measures of changes over time
	<u>*</u>	in the prices of goods and services acquired by households that are relevant for
		users' needs, and for their correct interpretation.
		• To help countries in transition convert their measures of price change into
		internationally comparable indexes.
		• Timeliness of PPP statistics.
		• To improve comparability between national accounts time series and PPP
		comparison results.
		• Developing the measurement of PPPs for dwelling services and for non-
		market services.
		• The effect of the Euro on inflation rates is a very important issue. There is a
		* *
		need for an international initiative (a specific study or a collection of existing
		material on this subject) to highlight good practices and problems in measuring
2.0.		such effect.
	U	For Eurostat:
		• The adoption of PPP regulation has been scheduled for 2005.
		• Research is being done into the possibility of obtaining price data more
		efficiently using existing sources including barcode scanner data.
		• Contribution to the International Comparison of Prices (ICP project).
		For OECD:
		• Co-ordinating the methodology used between Eurostat and OECD within the
		OECD –Eurostat PPP Programme and reinforcing linkage between the
		European and non-European countries participating in the programme.
•		• Contribution to the International Comparison of Prices (ICP project)
	* * *	Statistics Canada (CPI) and OECD (PPPs & other price statistics)
3.9:	_	OECD-Eurostat PPP manual.
		Manual for the ICP.
		• ECP 2000 to be published by ECE in 2004.
		 Methodological guide for developing PPIs for services activities.
		 Export and import price index manual.
		• ILO: The IWGPS "Consumer Price Index Manual: Theory and Practice"
		will be published in 2004.
		• ILO: In 2004, the ILO will begin disseminating national CPI series rebased
		to 2000=100.
		• ILO: A new edition of Volume 1 (Consumer price indices) in the series
		"Sources and Methods: Labour Statistics" will be prepared and disseminated
		on the statistical Web site (laborsta.ilo.orf) and on CD-ROM.
		• IMF: International manual on PPI to be published in 2004.
3 9.		• The measurement of prices and volumes in the service sector.
٥.,		 PPP work could benefit significantly from the participation of national
		accountants.
	following	accountaints.
3 0.		To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
		programme element (see "Activities of CES").
-		
الا.ك	_	• OECD: "Pacific group" meeting on results of the 2002 round
		• Ottawa Group on Price Indices: Meeting of the Ottawa Group (Spring
		2006, United Kingdom)
		• ECE (CES) ILO: Joint meeting on CPI (1 Apr 2006 tentative) to

consider the following topics: i) Scope of the CPI: Systems of price indices, domain of the index depending on its main use: treatment of owner occupied housing and other own production, compensation in kind, individual consumption of NPISH and Government, monetary versus monetary plus non monetary transactions. ii) Quality adjustment: standards for product descriptions; ICP structure iii) Other CPI issues: Users feedback on the Manual on CPI; Revision policies; Indices for Services; Seasonality and seasonal adjustment; Hidden economy; Treatment of second hand transactions within Households sector and between Households and other sectors; Use of seanner data. • ECE (CES) ILO: Special session for Transitions Economies to be organised back to back with the Joint ECE/ILO Meeting on CPI (1 Apr 2006 -rentative) • Eurostat: Harmonised indices of consumer prices (24 Mar 2004 - 26 Mar 2004) • Eurostat: PPA: Biens d'équipement + construction (21 Jun 2004 - 22 Jun 2004) • Eurostat: PPA: Biens d'équipement + construction (24 Jun 2004 - 25 Jun 2004) • Ottawa Group on Price Indices: Meeting of the Ottawa Group (Helsinki, 23 Aug 2004 - 25 Aug 2004) • Eurostat: Harmonised indices of consumer prices (20 Sep 2004 - 22 Sep 2004) • Eurostat: Purchasing power parities (22 Nov 2004) • Eurostat: Purchasing power parities (22 Nov 2004) • Eurostat: Purchasing power parities (29 Nov 2004 - 1 Dec 2004) • Eurostat: Purchasing power parities (29 Nov 2004 - 1 Dec 2004) • Eurostat: Purchasing of CPI (Activity 3.11 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme) Summary description: • Under the guidance of a Steering Group conduct a survey on the scope of the consumer price index in relation to its main uses in the countries' surveys. Detailed description: • Under the guidance of a Steering Group conduct a survey on the Manual on CPI: usefulness, applicability and completeness of the manual. • Start the preparations for the April 2006 ECE/ILO joint meeting on CPI, and the special session for Transitions Economies to be organised bac			
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Summary description:			
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Farticipate in programmes on international comparisons of GDP, such as the			Participate in programmes on international comparisons of GDP, such as the
European Comparison Programme (ECP) and the International Comparison			
Programme (ICP).			
Ultimate output:			
• Support comparisons in the ECE Region.			
• Publication of the 2000 ECP.			• Publication of the 2000 ECP.
Detailed description:	1		Detailed description:

• ECP: Joint Consultation with all the international and national statistical
offices involved in the calculation of the 2004 results to be organized in 2006,
provided that the results for the CIS countries are available and that financial
provision is made so that they will be able to attend the Consultation.
• ICP: Contribute to the current global comparisons undertaken by the World
Bank, in the context.
• Benchmarking Purchasing Power Parities to multiple occasional benchmarks.
Secretariat resources: Minimal

3.10	Title	Agriculture, forestry and fishery statistics
3.10:	Goal:	To provide or make available internationally comparable and reliable statistics
		on sustainable agricultural, forestry and fishing activities as well as on rural
		development that provides national and international policy makers with
		adequate information.
3.10:	Issues and	• To adapt the concepts and definitions used in agricultural statistics to
	problems:	encompass a wider view of agriculture reflecting economic, rural, social and
		environmental linkages.
		• To exchange information on experiences in collecting and compiling food,
		agriculture, forestry and fishery statistics including their environmental
		aspects, to ensure that such data are integrated, comply with comparable
		conceptual frameworks and help answer current policy concerns.
		• To develop recommendations for agricultural censuses and to ensure that the
		concerns and requirements of countries in transition are adequately reflected.
		To assist national statistical offices to develop agricultural statistical systems
		capable of being used for organizing agricultural surveys for the collection,
		analysis and dissemination of current data on both crops and livestock.
		• To continue close inter-organisation co-operation in collecting and publishing
		forest sector data, relevant to the monitoring of sustainable forest management.
		• The issue of food safety will have increasing importance in the future.
		For Eurostat:
		• to provide the essential data required for the Common Agricultural Policy
		(CAP) within the European Union and the plans for its reform.
		• Income statistics, productivity, measuring and forecasting food supplies, GIS
		and administrative data.
		For OECD:
		• To provide the essential data needed for agricultural policy analyses.
		• Structural and economic agricultural statistics, agri-environmental indicators,
2 10.	Strategic medium-	 agricultural trade and commodity forecasts, fishery. Building up an agricultural information system with focus on integrated
	term objectives:	information of the natural resource base of a country (IWG.AGRI)
	term objectives.	• Progressively implementing the recommendations from the 8th IWG.AGRI
		Seminar "PARIS" to set up Inter-Agency Task Forces on identified themes
		requiring intensified attention, such as rural statistics, environmental EAA,
		review of basic unit.
		• Agreed concepts and definitions for implementation in the forthcoming round
		of agricultural censuses.
		• A centrally developed and supported training programme in food and
		agricultural statistics for developing countries and countries in transition.
		Training Seminars organized jointly by ECE-OECD-FAO-Eurostat
		(IWG.AGRI).
		• Preparation and publication of a new methodological manual for agricultural
		price statistics is being undertaken by Eurostat.
		• A work programme to develop the use of agricultural statistics to obtain
		environmental information (Cross-reference: See also Programme Activity 5,
		environment statistics).
		• An improved, more comprehensive set of forest sector statistics collected
		jointly by FAO, ECE, Eurostat and ITTO.
-	Rapporteur:	IWG-AGRI
3.10:	Expected Outcomes	• ECE Timber: Capacity building in member countries through workshops
		and meetings of national correspondents.
		• ECE Timber: Agreed plans for next forest resource assessment, closely
		respond to Ministerial Conference on the Protection of Forests in Europe for

	reporting on indicators for sustainable forest management.
	• Eurostat: Land use and landscape: possible repetition of the LUCAS
	project in 2003.
	 Eurostat: Fisheries statistics. In collaboration with FAO particular attention
	will be given to updating and extending the content of the joint publication
	"Handbook of Fishery Statistics" and the production of a CD-ROM version of
	the publication.
	• Eurostat: Rebasing agricultural prices to 2000=100.
	• FAO: To publish in CD-Rom format Technical Conversion Factors.
	• FAO: To publish the Handbook on Preparation of Economic Accounts for
	Agriculture for Use of Developing Countries.
	• FAO: To update the information on the web page on agricultural census:
	www.fao.org/WAICENT/FAOINFO/ECONOMICS/ESS/wcares/wcaresfr.htm
	• FAO: To complete the documentation of the Handbook of Fishery
	Statistics.
	• FAO: To prepare and publish The Handbook on Food Balance Sheets.
	• FAO: To release the revised and updated version of the Handbook on
	Internet.
	• FAO: To publish a handbook on collection of data for compilation of
	environmental indicators and accounts relating to agriculture.
	• IWG-AGRI: A manual on statistics on rural development and the
	agriculture household unit
	• OECD: To release a new series of agricultural accounts with more
	harmonised data SNA93/EAA97
3.10: Attention of the	Existing joint data collection: Eurostat and OECD have implemented a
Conference is	unified and harmonised framework for the Economic Accounts for Agriculture
drawn to the	(EAA).
following	• Future action in joint data collection (agriculture other than economic
	accounts for agriculture): Eurostat and FAO have agreed to co-operate in the
	area of agriculture price statistics. Other types of data sets are successively to
	be identified and included in framework of Common Data Consultation and
	Utilization.
	• Future action in joint data collection (fishery statistics): Following a joint
	Eurostat/FAO/OECD meeting with national statisticians in February 2000 and
	discussions on this topic in the OECD Committee for Fisheries proposals are
	being formulated to minimise the duplication of demands made on the national
	services and to improve the exchange of data between the international
	agencies.
	• Future action in joint data collection (agro-environment indicators): See PE
	5.1.
3.10: Decisions	To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
recommended	programme element (see "Activities of CES").
3.10: Meetings	Paris 21 : Agricultural and Rural Statistics Task Team may organize
	seminars on specific areas of interest to donors and recipients of technical
	assistance in agricultural and rural statistics
	• FAO ECE Timber: Global Forest Resource Assessment Advisory Group
	• ECE Timber FAO Eurostat: Inter-secretariat Working Group on Forest
	Sector Statistics (membership: ECE, FAO, Eurostat, ITTO, OECD, EEA,
	CEC). Meetings about twice a year.
	• FAO ECE Timber : Meeting of national statistical correspondents (as
	funds allow)
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	• FAO ECE Timber : Working Party on Forest Economics and Statistics (March 2004) (<i>I Mar 2004 tentative</i>)
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		• FAO ECE Timber : Joint FAO/ECE Working Party on Forest Economics
		and Statistics (March 2005) (1 Mar 2005 tentative)
		• Eurostat : Animal products (15 Mar 2004 - 16 Mar 2004)
		• Eurostat : Land use (19 Apr 2004 - 20 Apr 2004)
		• Eurostat : Food safety (22 Apr 2004 - 23 Apr 2004)
		• Eurostat : Fishery+CPSA (3 May 2004 - 4 May 2004)
		• Eurostat : CSA+CPSA (6 May 2004 - 7 May 2004)
		• Eurostat : Crop products (1 Jun 2004 - 3 Jun 2004)
		• Eurostat : Food safety (10 Jun 2004 - 11 Jun 2004)
		• Eurostat: Structure and typology of agricultural holdings (14 Jun 2004 -
		15 Jun 2004)
		• Eurostat : Rural development (24 Jun 2004 - 25 Jun 2004)
		• Eurostat : Agricultural Accounts and Prices (1 Jul 2004 - 2 Jul 2004)
		• Eurostat : Milk statistics (1 Jul 2004 - 2 Jul 2004)
		• Eurostat : Agriculture/environment statistics (13 Sep 2004 - 14 Sep 2004)
		• Eurostat: Structure and typology of agricultural holdings (4 Oct 2004 -
		5 Oct 2004)
		• Eurostat : Land use (13 Oct 2004 - 14 Oct 2004)
		• Eurostat : Animal products (27 Oct 2004 - 28 Oct 2004)
		• Eurostat : Forestry (28 Oct 2004 - 29 Oct 2004)
		• Eurostat: Third World Conference on Agriculture (2 Nov 2004 -
		4 Nov 2004)
		• OECD: Measuring Sustainable Agriculture Indicators - MEXSAI
		(2 Nov 2004 - 5 Nov 2004)
		• Eurostat : Forestry (3 Nov 2004 - 5 Nov 2004)
		• Eurostat : Rural development+CPSA (15 Nov 2004 - 16 Nov 2004)
		• Eurostat : New requirements for European Agricultural statistics
		(19 Nov 2004)
		• Eurostat : Food safety+ CPSA (22 Nov 2004 - 23 Nov 2004)
		• Eurostat : CSA +CPSA (22 Nov 2004 - 26 Nov 2004)
		• Eurostat : Agricultural Accounts and Prices (29 Nov 2004 - 30 Nov 2004)
		• Eurostat : Rural development+CPSA (6 Dec 2004 - 7 Dec 2004)
		• Eurostat : Crop products (8 Dec 2004 - 9 Dec 2004)
		• FAO ECE (CES) Eurostat: ECE/Eurostat/OECD/FAO Meeting on Food
		and Agriculture Statistics (29 Jun 2005 - 1 Jul 2005) to consider the following
		topics:
		(a) Rural development statistics within the framework of agriculture;
		(b) Measurement of agricultural household income including the definition of
		the agricultural household;
		(c) Statistics related to food safety and in this context use of control;
		(d) Agri-environmental, organic farming and sustainability statistics;
2 10.	Activities of ECE	(e) The role of the agriculture, agri food and the agri-industry in the economy. Agriculture statistics – Task force on rural development (Activity 3.13 of
	(CES)	the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)
	(CLS)	Summary description:
		Development and dissemination of standards and norms on best practices in
		agriculture and rural development statistics.
		Ultimate output:
		• Manual on statistics on rural development and the agriculture household unit
		(2005)
		Detailed description:
		• Prepare the 3rd World Conference on Agriculture Statistics in 2004 (ECE-
		Eurostat-FAO-OECD-ISI).

- Start preparations for the 2005 joint ECE/Eurostat/FAO/OECD Meeting on Food and Agriculture Statistics.
- Preliminary discussions with FAO on procedures for the 2010 round of agricultural censuses.
- Contribution to the work of the Task Force on Rural Development Statistics and Agriculture Household Income. The Task Force will prepare an international handbook on compiling rural statistics and propose definitions of the agriculture household and how to measure its income and wealth. This work will have an important political relevance in the sense that greater focus will be made on follow-up systems on "Who gets what?". The final product will be reported to the 2005 meeting (see above).

Secretariat resources: Moderate

See also: http://www.unece.org/stats/documents/rural.htm

3.11	Title	Industrial statistics
3.11:	Goal:	To provide or make available industry sector statistics that are consistent with
		international standards and definitions, and ensure that policy-makers have
		adequate information in the areas of SME's, productivity, technology and
		employment at an appropriate disaggregated level.
3.11:	Issues and	• To ensure that industry statistics are consistently classified for purposes of
	problems:	international comparability.
		• To ensure that recent trends in the structure of the economy
		(industry and services) can be analysed by means of series of statistics that are
		harmonised, comparable, detailed and up-to-date.
		• To support policy-makers' analytical needs with longitudinal micro-level
		databases offering new possibilities for analysis in the areas of small and
		medium-sized enterprises, entrepreneurship, productivity, technology or
		employment at a disaggregated level.
		• To contribute to the development of internationally comparable and policy-
		relevant indicators such as productivity measures at detailed industry level.
		• Changeover from ISIC (Rev.2) to ISIC (Rev.3).
		• To provide relevant short-term economic indicators for industry and services
		sectors.
3.11:	Strategic medium-	• Advance the compilation and publication of core industry-level data in ISIC
	term objectives:	Rev. 3 (NACE Rev. 1) with the objective of providing time series that can be
	J	used for policy-relevant analysis;
		• examine measurement issues in industry statistics such as those associated
		with information and communication technology;
		• publish international SME statistics;
		• advance the development of a manual for the development of globalisation
		indicators and for the measurement of productivity.
		• Creation of Small and Medium Enterprise (SME) database (UNCTAD)
3.11:	Rapporteur:	OECD
3.11:	Expected Outcomes	• Eurostat: Production of a methodology of Foreign Affiliates Trade
		Statistics (FATS)
		• Eurostat: Production of a methodology of Business Demography
		• Eurostat: Production of a Short Term Statistics methodological manual
		• Eurostat: Production of PRODCOM methodological manual
		• Eurostat: Reduced set of Steel Statistics after the expiry of the ECSC
		(European Coal and Steel Community) Treaty.
		• Eurostat: Production of a methodology of Business Services
		• OECD: Measuring Globalisation: the Role of Multinationals in OECD
		Economies (CD ROM).
		• OECD: Measuring Globalisation: the Role of Multinationals in OECD
		Economies-volume I the manufacturing sector (paper version).
		OECD: Business Tendency Surveys - Handbook on Methodology, Harmonization and Analytical Lie
		Harmonisation and Analytical Use.
		• UN Statistics Division: Revision of the Handbook on Index Numbers of
		Industrial Production.
		• UNIDO: UNIDO's Set of Industrial Development Indicators will be
		expanded both in terms of number of indicators and the number of countries
		covered.
		• UNIDO: UNIDO's International Yearbook of Industrial Statistics will be
		published in paper form in 2003 and 2004 and also on the Internet
		• UNIDO: UNIDO's INDSTAT database will cease at the 4-digit level of
		ISIC(Rev.2) but continue for 3-digit level by conversion from ISIC (Rev.3)

		data
3 11.	Attention of the	Future action in joint data collection (structural business statistics):
5.11.	Conference is	agreement on joint data collection has been reached between OECD and
	drawn to the	
	following	Eurostat.
	Tollowing	• Future action in data collection on SME statistics: Data collection will continue to be carried out by OECD.
3.11:	Decisions	To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
	recommended	programme element (see "Activities of CES").
3.11:	Meetings	OECD European Commission : Joint European Commission-OECD-
		CIRET Workshop on International Development of Business Tendency and
		Consumer Opinion Surveys (1 Sep 2004 tentative)
		• OECD ECLAC : ECLAC-OECD Workshop on Harmonised Business
		Tendency Surveys in Latin America (1 Nov 2004 tentative)
		• OECD: Evaluation of Business Tendency Survey implemented by the
		Central Bank of Chile (1 Nov 2004 tentative)
		• Eurostat : FATS (4 Mar 2004 - 5 Mar 2004)
		• Eurostat : BusinessDemography/Factors of Success (29 Mar 2004 -
		30 Mar 2004)
		• Eurostat : SBS - Steering Group (21 Apr 2004 - 23 Apr 2004)
		• Eurostat : BusinessDemography/Factors of Success (29 Apr 2004 -
		30 Apr 2004)
		• Eurostat : Services Statistics (6 May 2004 - 7 May 2004)
		• OECD: Towards a more systematic statistical measurement of SME
		behaviour (2 Jun 2004 - 6 Jun 2004)
		• Eurostat : Business statistics Directors (10 Jun 2004 - 11 Jun 2004)
		• Eurostat : La mise en oeuvre du règ. sur les statistiques conjoncturelles
		(21 Jun 2004 - 22 Jun 2004)
		• Eurostat : Comité préparatoire du CPS pour le règlement SSE
		(PRODCOM) (28 Jun 2004 - 29 Jun 2004)
		• OECD : OECD Short-term Economic Statistics Expert Group (STESEG)
		(28 Jun 2004 - 30 Jun 2004)
		• Eurostat : La mise en oeuvre du règ. sur les statistiques conjoncturelles
		(6 Sep 2004)
		• Eurostat : Euro-Indicators (20 Sep 2004 - 21 Sep 2004)
		• Eurostat : FATS (22 Sep 2004 - 24 Sep 2004)
		• Eurostat : Services Statistics (14 Oct 2004 - 15 Oct 2004)
		• Eurostat : La mise en oeuvre du règ. sur les statistiques conjoncturelles (15 Oct 2004)
		• Eurostat : La mise en oeuvre du règ. sur les statistiques conjoncturelles
		(4 Nov 2004 - 5 Nov 2004)
		• Eurostat: SBS - Steering Group (8 Nov 2004 - 9 Nov 2004)
		• Eurostat : Séminaire Annuel (8 Nov 2004 - 12 Nov 2004)
		• OECD: Statistical Working Party of the Committee on Industry and the
		Business Environment (15 Nov 2004 - 17 Nov 2004)
		• Eurostat : Comité préparatoire du CPS pour le règlement SSE
		(PRODCOM) (17 Nov 2004 - 18 Nov 2004)
		• Eurostat: SBS Financial annexes (6 Dec 2004 - 7 Dec 2004)
		• Eurostat : La mise en oeuvre du règ. sur les statistiques conjoncturelles
		(13 Dec 2004 - 14 Dec 2004)
3.11:	Activities of ECE	Robotics (Activity 2.5 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)
	(CES)	Summary description:
		Collect, compile and analyse robot statistics.

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Ultimate output:
 Publication World Robotics 2004.
Detailed description:
• Collect, compile and analyse robot statistics for inclusion in the publication
World Robotics 2004.
Secretariat resources: Minimal
See also: http://www.unece.org/stats/publications/robots.e.htm
http://www.unece.org/stats/robotics

3.12 Title		Energy statistics
3.12: Goal:		That there exist energy sector statistics that are consistent with international
		standards and definitions and allow to monitor a fast evolving energy
		situation.
3.12: Issues a	ınd	The integrated compilation of statistics on energy
problen		• The growing gap between the quantity of data to be collected and the
		resources allocated to do so (countries, organisations)
		• Liberalisation of markets leading to confidentially and a loss of transparency
		• The use of internationally agreed and harmonised concepts and definitions
		• Proper linkages between energy statistics, other fields of economic statistics
		(e.g. conventional industrial statistics and transport statistics) and
		environmental statistics
		• Reducing the gap between supply and demand in monthly oil statistics (IEA)
		(EU)
		• Monitoring of greenhouse gas emissions (GHG) (EU) (IEA)
		• Monitoring of sustainable development in the energy sector (EU)
		• Monitoring of progress in energy efficiency (EU) (IEA)
		• Monitoring of electricity and gas markets liberalisation (EU) (IEA)
		• Development of methods for temperature correction of energy consumption
		monthly statistics (EU)
		• The rapid development of renewables energy (IEA) (EU)
		• EU enlargement (EU)
3.12: Strategi		• Consistent, integrated data on energy statistics - flows of production and
term ob	jectives:	consumption – compiled according to agreed frameworks.
		• Assessment of whether different databases for energy statistics are needed.
		• Dissemination from time to time of updates to existing standards and
		methods for the compilation of energy statistics.
		• Establishing a Renewables database (iEA/OECD).
		• Improvement of the transparency of oil data (iEA/OECD).
		 Full integration of 10 new Member States data on energy (EU). Development a new energy price statistics system adapted to the liberalised
		market requirements (EU).
3.12:Rappor	teur	OECD IEA
5.12.Expecte	ed Outcomes	• OECD IEA – EU: An inter-organisations website on monthly statistics
		• Eurostat: Pocketbook on Energy, Transport and Environment Indicators
2.12. 44	C (1	OECD IEA: Production of a manual on energy questionnaires
3.12: Attention Conference		Nothing.
drawn t		
followi		
3.12: Decisio		To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
recomm		programme element (see "Activities of CES").
3.12: Meeting		• OECD IEA Eurostat :
5.12.hvicetili8	50	
		• OECD IEA Eurostat : 5th International Meeting on Oil Statistics, jointly with APEC/OLADE/OPEC and UNSD – Asia (place to be decided), 4th
		Quarter 2004 (1 Oct 2004 tentative)
		• OECD IEA: Meeting on Monthly Oil Statistics (Paris, 1 Nov 2004
		tentative)
		• Eurostat : Energy Statistics Committee (27 May 2004)
		• Eurostat: Energy Statistics Committee (27 May 2004) • Eurostat: Energy Statistics Committee (29 Sep 2004 - 30 Sep 2004)
		• OECD IEA Eurostat ECE (CES): Energy Statistics Working Group
		Meeting (Paris, 16 Nov 2004 - 17 Nov 2004)

		• Eurostat: Combined Heat & Power plant statistics (1 Dec 2004)
3.12:	Activities of ECE	Energy statistics (Activity 2.7 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)
	(CES)	Summary description:
		Contribute to the timely update of the IEA/OECD/Eurostat database on energy
		statistics.
		Ultimate output:
		• Contribution to the IEA/OECD/Eurostat database on energy statistics, with
		reference in particular to non-EU countries.
		Detailed description:
		• Dispatch questionnaires to CIS and Balkan countries for processing by IEA
		and Eurostat.
		Negotiate access to database for participating countries.
		Secretariat resources: Minimal

3.13	Title	Science and technology statistics, including Information and Communication Technology
	Goal:	Establish and maintain international statistical standards in the field of science and technology (S&T) statistics, including definitions and statistical methods. S&T covers research and development (R&D), innovation, patents, -technology balance of payments and human resources in S&T (HRST).
	Issues and problems:	 Describe statistically the role of S&T in the national innovation systems of member countries and the economic impact and determinants of S&T activities; Improve the set of internationally agreed standards and conceptual frameworks for the compilation of S&T statistics, adapt them to evolving economic conditions (e.g. emergence of New activities such as IT and biotechnologies) and changing policy needs.
	Strategic medium- term objectives:	 The review of the Oslo Manual for innovation surveys. The activity of patents, aimed at building an international statistical infrastructure (methods and data bases) will continue, in co-operation notably with patent offices and the WIPO. Bridging the gap between the Frascati approach and national accounts for R&D statistics. Developing countries launch their own statistical compilation programmes on e-commerce and the use of ICT Development of IT indicators database.
3.13:	Rapporteur:	OECD
3.13:	Attention of the Conference is drawn to the following	 Revised guidelines for patents statistics. Revised Oslo manual (finalised possibly in 2005). Revised guidelines for HRST statistics. Development of R&D data consistent with national accounts. OECD: Framework and guidelines for the development and measurement of Indicators for the Information Society. OECD: Develop indicators and analysis of the information society that provide insights for policy making and analysis. Continue analytical and methodological work on patents and where necessary improve the Patent Manual. More coordination is needed to avoid duplication of work on ICT and the confusing roles of different organizations. Finalise improvements of various aspects of the Frascati Manual for R&D surveys and put them into practice. Continue to develop and improve surveys of technological innovation and the associated indicators and, where necessary, improve the Oslo Manual. Update and expand existing methodologies and surveys in order to provide better indicators of the internationalization of science and technology and its application.
	Decisions recommended Meetings	 To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this programme element (see "Activities of CES"). Eurostat: Information society statistics (22 Mar 2004 - 23 Mar 2004) Eurostat: S&T&I Statistics (4 May 2004 - 5 May 2004) OECD: Fifth Ad hoc Meeting on Biotechnology Statistics (24 May 2004 - 25 May 2004) Eurostat: Audiovisual statistics (27 May 2004 - 28 May 2004) OECD: Working Party of National Experts on Science and Technology Indicators - NESTI (21 Jun 2004 - 24 Jun 2004) Eurostat: Audiovisual statistics (29 Sep 2004 - 30 Sep 2004)

		• Eurostat : Information society statistics (11 Oct 2004 - 13 Oct 2004)
		• Eurostat : Communications services statistics (15 Nov 2004 - 16 Nov 2004)
		• Eurostat : S&T&I Statistics (22 Nov 2004 - 23 Nov 2004)
3.13:	Activities of ECE	Information and communication technology (ICT) (Activity 3.14 of the
	(CES)	2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)
		Summary description:
		Follow-up and finalise the ECE/UNCTAD/ITU/UIS/OECD/Eurostat
		Workshop on Monitoring the Information Society (December 2003).
		Ultimate output:
		• Conclusions and recommendations of the Workshop.
		Detailed description:
		• Prepare the "Conclusions and recommendations" of the Workshop and
		communicate them to the Statistical Commission.
		Secretariat resources: Minimal
		See also: http://www.unece.org/stats/documents/2003.12.wsis.htm

3.14	Title	Business registers and administrative records in support of economic statistics
3.14:	Goal:	That there exist business registers of sufficiently good quality to support all
		business surveys and to provide consistent data on business structures and
		demography, making best use of administrative records for statistical
		purposes.
3.14:	Issues and	Promoting the use of business registers and general purpose survey frames
		for business surveys.
	1	• Harmonization of the coverage of business registers and the concepts used,
		and of the uses of business registers.
		• Developing business registers that deal effectively and consistently with
		Multi-National Enterprises.
		• Developing business registers as a tools for business demography.
		• Dissemination of best practices used by countries in the construction and
		maintenance of business registers.
		Training in business registers, recognising the latest technological
		developments in leading statistical offices.
3.14:		• The harmonization of the treatment of enterprise groups, which is essential
	_	for improving statistics on globalisation, through support of the study led by
	3	Statistics Canada of Multi-National Enterprises.
		• Further development of the Eurostat Business Registers Manual of
		Recommendations and support for translation to meet the needs of all of the
		ECE.
		Occasional bulletins on developments in business register topics.
3.14:	Rapporteur:	Steering Group on Business Registers
		Publication of comparative data on the structure of businesses for ECE
	P	countries.
		• Support for the use of the EU business register manual of recommendations
		in ECE countries and the development with Eurostat of a supporting glossary.
		Development of guidelines for Multi-National Enterprises (MNE).
3 14.	Attention of the	Many countries are still in the implementing phase of the harmonization and
	Conference is	development of business registers as a survey frame and source of
	drawn to the	information.
	following	• A global harmonization of the treatment of enterprise groups is necessary, as
	~	the information on enterprise groups is essential for improving statistics on
		globalisation; in this context, the development of the OECD Manual of
		Economic Globalisation Indicators is important and an agreement at the UN
		level should be achieved.
3 14.	Decisions	To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
	recommended	programme element (see "Activities of CES").
	Meetings	• Round Table on Business Survey Frames: The next meeting is scheduled
5.14.	- C	for October 2004 (Beijing, 1 Oct 2004 tentative)
		• Eurostat ECE (CES) OECD: Joint Seminar on Business Registers
		(Geneva, 16 Jun 2005 – 17 Jun 2005) to consider the following topics:
		-8a) Development of a quality framework based on the business registers
		annual questionnaire, including measurement of convergence.
		Expected output: Agreement on a quality framework.
		(b) Sharing of experience in planning the implementation of ISIC 2007 on the
		business registers.
		Expected output: Inventory of national experiences.
		(c) Discussion of issues relating to complex multinational groups, based on
		specific cases.

		Francisco de contrato Desciona de como esta el como esta el del descripción Como de
		Expected output: Review document of experiment led by Statistics Canada. (d) Use of the business register to support the demand for statistics on Small
		and Medium sized enterprises.
		•
		Expected output: Inventory of uses from Eurostat/ UNECE questionnaire; and
		review business register contribution to the Bologna Process.
		• Eurostat : Business registers (2 Jun 2004 - 4 Jun 2004)
		• Eurostat : Statistical units (9 Dec 2004 - 10 Dec 2004)
	Activities of ECE	Measuring globalisation – The multinational enterprises (MNEs) project
	(CES)	(Activity 3.10 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)
		Summary description:
		• Secretariat support to the work of the Steering Group on measuring the
		activities of multinational enterprises (MNEs) to be carried out under the
		auspices of the Conference of European Statisticians and its Bureau - the MNE
		Project (this activity is a follow-up to the seminar on globalisation held at the
		2003 CES plenary session)
		Ultimate output:
		• Recommendations on measuring the activities of MNEs, contributing to
		improved national and international economic statistics.
		Detailed description:
		• Provide secretariat support to the work of the Steering Group, in line with the
		Terms of Reference. The MNE Project was proposed by Statistics Canada and
		endorsed by the Conference of European Statisticians in June 2003. Four
		National Statistical Offices (Canada, France, Spain and United Kingdom) will
		participate in an initial phase of the project. The OECD, IMF, UNCTAD and
		the European Central Bank also expressed interest in the project. The project is
		expected to continue in successive phases over several years. If the
		recommendations on measuring the activities of MNEs are endorsed by the
		CES, they would be passed on to the National Statistical Offices or to the
		appropriate international organizations or standard-setting body (e.g. the UN
		Statistical Commission).
		• Progress report of the Steering Group at the annual CES session in June
		2004.
		Secretariat resources: Minimal
3 14.	Activities of ECE	Business registers (Activity 3.15 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)
	(CES)	Summary description:
	(CLS)	Development and dissemination of standards and norms and best practices in
		business registers.
		Ultimate output:
		• Results of the survey on business registers in non-EU countries, to be
		published on the ECE website.
		Detailed description:
		• Prepare and disseminate the ECE/Eurostat questionnaire on business
		registers, and prepare an analytical paper on the results.
		• Start the preparations on the joint ECE/Eurostat/OECD meeting on business
		registers (June 2005).
		Secretariat resources: Minimal

PROGRAMME ACTIVITY 4 SOCIAL AND DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS

4.	Title	Social and demographic statistics (edition 2004)
	<u> </u>	
4.1	Title	Demographic statistics (including projections, migration and fertility)
4.1:	Goal:	That member states be able to produce reliable, internationally comparable
		and timely demographic statistics and projections according to
		international standards, thereby facilitating national policy-making and
		internationally comparative analysis.
4.1:	Issues and	• Poor quality migration estimates (international and internal).
	problems:	• Varying quality of local population registers (undercounting and over-
		counting).
		Relative infrequency of national population censuses.
4.1:	Strategic medium-	Registers:
	term objectives:	• Improved quality of population registers, including conversion into
		electronic form.
		• The role of high quality local, regional and centralised population
		registers and their integration should play a more prominent role in the
		planned future work of NSOs in the region.
		Projections:
		• Use of best practices for demographic estimates and projections (for
		Eurostat).
		Migration:
		• Increased compliance with the UN recommendations on international
		migration statistics adopted in 1997 by the UN Statistical Commission
		(applicable to all Organizations).
		• Review of the UN recommendations on international migration statistics,
		and provision of guidance and assistance to countries in applying them at
		the national level (ECE, Eurostat and UNSD).
		• Improved data on international migration flows (for all Organizations).
		• Improved integration between migration stock and flow data (applicable
		to all Organizations). • Provision of monthly immigration and asylum data in support of Treaty
		of Amsterdam provisions on security and free movement of people (for
		Eurostat).
		• Provision of guidance and technical assistance to countries in transition,
		countries in the Mediterranean region and other countries interested in
		putting in place statistical systems for measuring immigration and
		emigration flows (ECE and Eurostat).
		Fertility:
		• Follow-up to the International Conference on Population and
		Development (ICPD) in transition economies comprising work on the ECE
		population database (for the ECE PAU).
		• Promotion and coordination of conduct of a new round of surveys. Search
		for funding modalities at the regional and national level (for the ECE
		PAU).
		• Improved documenting and understanding of changes in the fertility
		behaviour in the context of family and society changes (for ECE PAU).
		Families and households:
		• Review of current practices in the collection and dissemination of
		statistics on families and households and development of new
	_1	parameter on runnings and nouseholds and development of new

		recommendations for censuses and surveys.
		• Promotion and coordination of conduct of a new round of surveys on the
		behaviour and conditions of men and women of different generations.
		Search for funding modalities at the regional and national level (ECE
		PAU).
		• Further elaboration of methodologies for the collection and analysis of
		comparable survey data, census-based microdata samples and macro-level
		contextual indicators in support of this research (for the ECE PAU, subject
		to the availability of additional extra-budgetary funds).
4.1:	Rapporteur:	ECE & Eurostat
4.1:		Families and households: Assessment of current definitions and
	1	classifications of families and households, particularly with reference to
		emerging new types of family and household units; development of
		improved concepts, definitions and classifications for them for use in the
		2010 round of censuses and in other sources (ECE, Eurostat and UNSD).
		• Fertility: The collection of new internationally comparable survey data
		to document and explain fertility behaviour. Data to include information on
		fertility outcomes and their contexts – partnership and family dynamics,
		gender relations, labour market conditions, values and family policies.
		Aggregate-level information from other sources need to complement the
		survey data (ECE/PAU).
		• To promote further analysis of the FFS data by making standard recode
		tapes available to researchers and, subject to availability of resources, carry
		out further analysis (ECE PAU).
		• Migration: Adoption by the Commission of a proposal of a Community
		legislation on migration and asylum statistics, by June 2004 (Eurostat)
		• In-depth studies conducted by 4-5 interested countries on their
		experiences in implementing the current set of UN recommendations on
		international migration statistics in censuses and other data sources (ECE and Eurostat, 2005)
		• Cross-country comparisons by Eurostat and the ECE on international
		migration flows (2005)
		• Technical report on international migration statistics (UNSD, 2006).
		• Handbook on statistics of international migration (UNSD, 2006).
		• Projections: New series of national level and regional level (NUTS2)
		population projections (Eurostat, 2004)
		• Fifth edition of the estimates and projections of the economically active
		population, with revised and updated estimates of labour force
		participation rates to 2002, and projections to 2020 (ILO, 2004).
		• CIS-STAT: Publication of analytical materials on the demographic
		situation in CIS countries (CIS-Stat, 2004-2006).
		• ECE PAU: Production of technical documents relating to Generations
		and Gender on:
		- New survey data;
		- Micro-census data samples;
		- Contextual macro-level indicators.
		• Eurostat: Updated version of Definition and methods of collection of
		demographic statistics.
		• UN Population Division: Review and appraisal of implementation of
		Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and
		Development.
4.1:	Attention of the	Under the auspices of the Bureau a Task Force on Families and
	Conference is	Households has started its work in reviewing current practices in the
	drawn to the	collection and dissemination of census data in this field and has elaborated
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

	following	a timetable to develop new census recommendations by 2006.
		• Estimates of international migration flows and stocks remain very low in
		quality, and in order to improve them it is important that NSOs work in
		close cooperation with the other Government agencies and administrations
		concerned. Countries are urged to work towards achieving a greater degree
		of harmonisation in national definitions of immigration and emigration,
		and to complying more fully with the UN recommendations.
		A new EU regulation on migration and asylum statistics is being
		finalised. It is expected that the new regulation will be adopted by the
		European Commission by June 2004.
		• The cooperation among international organisations in data collection
4.1.	Destrict	should be further improved.
4.1:	Decisions	• To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
	recommended	programme element (see "Activities of CES").
		• To approve the activities to be undertaken by the ECE's Population
		Activities Unit in this programme element (see "Activities of the ECE
		PAU").
4.1:	Meetings	• Eurostat : Migration Statistics (25 Feb 2004 - 26 Feb 2004)
		• Eurostat : Asylum and Immigration statistics (9 Nov 2004)
		• OECD : Continuous reporting system on migration (SOPEMI) Expert
		Group (8 Dec 2004 - 10 Dec 2004)
		• ECE (CES) Eurostat : Joint ECE/Eurostat Work Session Migration
		Statistics) (1 Mar 2005 tentative)
		• ECE (CES) Eurostat : Joint ECE-Eurostat Work Session on Population
		Projections (1 Apr 2005, tentative)
		• ECE PAU: Ninth meeting of the Consortium Board of the Generations
		and Gender Programme on the launching of the data collection (Spring
		2004)
		• ECE PAU: Third meeting (Spring 2004) of the Informal Working
		Group of the Generations and Gender Programme
		-
		• ECE PAU: Fourth meeting (Fall 2004 or Spring 2005) of the Informal
		Working Group of the Generations and Gender Programme
		• UN Population Division : UN Population Div. : Expert group meeting
		on population policies: past, present and future (2004-2005)
		• UN Population Division : UN Population Div. : Expert group meeting
		on social and economic implications of changing population age structures
		(2004-2005)
		• UN Population Division : UN Population Div. : Technical meeting on
		projections methodology, with special emphasis on the projection of the
		impact of HIV/AIDS (2004-2005)
		• UN Population Division : UN Population Div.: Expert group meeting
		on mortality and HIV/AIDS (2004-2005)
		• UN Statistics Division: Workshop on fertility and mortality
		measurement in English-speaking countries of Africa
4.1:	Activities of ECE	Families and households (Activity 3.16 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical
	(CES)	Programme)
		Summary description:
		Work, in collaboration with Eurostat and some NSOs, on a project aimed
		at (i) evaluating household and family issues encountered by countries in
		their 2000 population censuses and in major European surveys, and (ii)
		developing recommendations on families and households for the 2010
		population censuses and for large-scale household surveys.
		Ultimate output:
		-

		• Improved recommendations on families and households to be used for the 2010 round of censuses (2006) and in large-scale household surveys.
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		Detailed description:
		• Work, in collaboration with Eurostat and other interested NSOs (e.g.
		Canada, Norway and the USA), on the following three tasks:
		- Task 1: Evaluate household and family issues encountered by countries in
		their 2000 population censuses;
		- Task 2: Evaluate household and family issues encountered by countries in
		major European surveys such as EU-SILC and LFSs;
		- Task 3: Develop and propose improved recommendations on families and
		households for inclusion in the new set of ECE-Eurostat recommendations
		for the 2010 round of population censuses in the ECE region (see also PE
		4.2.1: Population and Housing censuses)
		- Task 4: Develop recommendations on families and households for large-
		scale household surveys.
		• Task Forces composed of interested NSOs will be established to help to
		advance the work more quickly. Task 1 will be conducted from Autumn
		2003 – Summer 2004; Task 2 requires funding support, and can be started
		when funding becomes available; Tasks 3 and 4 will have to draw on the
		outputs of the first two tasks.
4.1.	Activities of ECE	Secretariat resources: Minimal
4.1:		Migration statistics (Activity 3.17 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical
	(CES)	Programme)
		Summary description: Provide support and contribute to the activities of the Steering Group
		working on the preparation of the 2005 Joint ECE-Eurostat Work Session
		on Migration Statistics.
		Ultimate output:
		• Cross-country comparisons by Eurostat and the ECE on international
		migration flows (2005)
		• In-depth studies conducted by 4-5 interested countries on their
		experiences in implementing the current set of UN recommendations on
		international migration statistics in censuses and other data sources (2005)
		• Input to the ECE-Eurostat recommendations for the 2010 round of
		population censuses in the ECE region (2006)
		Detailed description:
		Methodological work:
		Preparatory work for the Joint ECE-Eurostat Work Session on Migration
		Statistics (Spring 2005) to focus on: (i) Carrying out of cross-country
		comparisons by Eurostat and the ECE on international migration flows,
		and (ii) Presentation of the results obtained by 4-5 countries from in-depth
		studies they conducted on their experiences in implementing the current set
		of UN recommendations on international migration statistics in censuses
		and other data sources.
		Data collection:
		• Annual collection of statistics on international migration flows (joint data
		collection of Eurostat, ECE, UNSD, Council of Europe and ILO).
		Secretariat resources: Minimal
4.1:	Activities of ECE	Demographic projections (Activity 3.18 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical
	(CES)	Programme)
		Summary description:
		Contribute to the organization of the Joint Eurostat/ECE Work Session on
		Demographic Projections (Vienna, Spring 2005).
		Ultimate output:
	· ·	

• Exchange of experiences and discussion on new methodologies for
demographic projections.

Detailed description:

- Joint Eurostat/ECE Work Session on Demographic Projections (Vienna, Spring 2005), to consider the following topics:
- Latest international, national and sub-national population and household projections;
- New approaches and experiences in estimating, analysing and projecting trends and patterns of fertility, mortality, migration and household structures and dynamics;
- Accuracy and uncertainty in international, national and sub-national population and household projections;
- Documentation and dissemination strategies;
- Users and uses of projections; and
- Evaluation and use of projections software.
- Preparatory work for the meeting carried out in cooperation with the Netherlands (NIDI and Statistics Netherlands) and Austria as the host country (Statistics Austria and IIASA).

Secretariat resources: Minimal

4.1: Activities of ECE PAU

Generations and gender programme (GGP) (Activity 6.1 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)

Summary description:

The GGP (subject to availability of additional extra-budgetary funds) is a cross-national, comparative, multidisciplinary, longitudinal study of the dynamics of the family and family relationships in the contemporary industrialised countries.

Ultimate output:

- Methodological Guidelines for survey instruments, including the study design and sampling, the questionnaires, and contextual database.
- Data from participating countries for comparative research
- Descriptive and analytical reports of participating countries
- Analytical thematic cross country reports

Detailed description:

Methodological work:

- (i) Promotion and coordination of conduct of a new round of crossnationally comparable surveys conducive to documenting and explaining changes in the behaviour and conditions of men and women of different generations within the context of differential family formation;
- (ii) Promotion and collection of census samples from the 2000-round of censuses in cooperation with the Minnesota Population Center, University of Minnesota (for details see also Activity 6.2: Population Ageing Project) (iii) Inventory of national and international databases for the contextual macro-level indicators.
- Further elaboration of methodologies for the collection and analysis of comparable survey and census sample data and macro-level contextual data for the study of the behaviour and conditions of men and women of different generations.
- Technical documents pertaining respectively to the collection and standardization of data collection and analysis especially (i) survey design and sampling for longitudinal data; (ii) 2000-round microdata census samples and (iii) contextual macro-level indicators.

New activities to be undertaken:

• For the survey programme: the conduct of pilot surveys using the standard model questionnaire in participating countries; the development

		of survey codebook; development of analysis programme, and conduct of surveys in participating countries.
		• For the census programme: modification of the existing strategy for
		drawing microdata samples from the 2000-round of population and
		housing censuses; prepare census comparability study; draw microdata census samples.
		• For the contextual analysis: inventory of relevant national and
		international databases; establishing the operational parameters of a
		contextual database, and initiating the creation and maintenance of such a
		database in a central location.
		See also: http://www.unece.org/ead/pau/ggp/Welcome.html
4.1:	Activities of ECE	Development and updating of the ECE population database (Activity
	PAU	6.3 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)
		Summary description:
		Further development and regular updating of the ECE population database.
		Ultimate output:
		• Provide internal and external users with a consistent and comprehensive
		demographic data set on the countries of Central and Eastern Europe.
		Detailed description:
		• The work on development and regular updating of the ECE population
		database is carried out as a follow-up activity to the International
		Conference on Population and Development.
		Work on the database includes:
		- Regular updating of the data collections included in the database
		- Finalization of a data collection exercise aimed at filling the gaps of the
		time series
		- Development of a system to make the database available to the public
		through the Web.
		See also: http://w3.unece.org/stat/pau.asp

4.2.1	Title	Population and housing censuses
4.2.1:		Censuses are conducted according to international standards and norms of efficiency and effectiveness while meeting the needs of individual countries.
4.2.1:	Issues and problems:	 As approved by the Bureau, a new set of census recommendations will be developed by 2006. As recommended by the Steering Group appointed by the Bureau to monitor this process the following topics will have an in depth review: migration families and households usual residence collective dwelling Other issues may be identified as problematic after evaluating the results of a questionnaire that ECE sent to countries to evaluate their practices in the 2000 round of censuses.
4.2.1:	Strategic medium- term objectives:	 Exchanges of information among national and international statistical services on critical issues that emerged in the 2000 round of censuses, on best census methods and practices, and on changing or sensitive topics (e.g. ethnicity, families and the measurement of unpaid work in the household). For ECE and Eurostat: Preparation of a revised set of International recommendations for the 2010 round of population and housing censuses in the ECE region, to be completed in 2006. For Eurostat, UNSD, the ILO and CIS/STAT: Preparation and publication of guidelines and methodological materials on censuses.
4.2.1:	Rapporteur:	ECE
		 ECE: New set of recommendations for the 2010 round of population and housing censuses in the ECE Region (ECE and Eurostat, 2006). UN Statistics Division: Handbook on the collection of economic characteristics on population censuses (2004). UN Statistics Division: Technical report on census evaluation (2006). UN Statistics Division: Technical report on census data dissemination (2006).
	Attention of the Conference is drawn to the following	 The planned transition from traditional censuses to register-based censuses or other forms of censuses such as rotating samples that are to take place in some countries in the region can have important consequences (e.g. in areas such as statistics on special groups). Some countries were unable to carry out the censuses for financial or technical reasons.
4.2.1:	Decisions recommended	• To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this programme element (see "Activities of CES").
4.2.1:	Meetings	 ECE (CES) Eurostat: Joint ECE-Eurostat Work Session on Population Censuses (22 Nov 2004 –24 Nov 2004) ECE (CES) Eurostat: Joint ECE-Eurostat Work Session on Housing Censuses (25 Nov 2004) ECE (CES) Eurostat: Joint ECE-Eurostat Meeting on Population and Housing Censuses (1 Nov 2005 tentative)
4.2.1:	Activities of ECE (CES)	Population and housing censuses (Activity 3.19 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme) Summary description:

Promote and coordinate, jointly with Eurostat, the work on the preparation of the new set of CES recommendations for the 2010 round of population and housing censuses in the ECE Region.

Ultimate output:

• New set of CES recommendations for the 2010 round of population and housing censuses in the ECE Region (2006)

Detailed description:

Methodological work:

- Preparation (jointly by ECE and Eurostat) of the new set of CES recommendations for the 2010 round of population and housing censuses in the ECE Region. To the extent possible, the work will be closely coordinated with the work UNSD undertakes on preparing the world recommendations for the 2010 round of censuses that will be tailored more to the needs of developing countries, while the CES recommendations are tailored more to the circumstances and needs of statistically more advanced countries. The CES recommendations for the 2010 round of censuses will likely be of great importance for achieving international comparability of the census results, because of the growing divergence among countries in the ECE region in the methods and data sources they plan to use in collecting and producing census and census-like data. Work on the preparation of the new set of recommendations is expected to culminate in the CES adopting the new set of recommendations in 2006.
- A Steering Group on Population Censuses was set up to provide guidance and assistance on the planning and execution of the programme. The work plan proposed by the Steering Group includes the following steps for 2004:
 Step 1: Distribute a detailed questionnaire to all ECE countries to obtain information on the extent to which they complied with the ECE/Eurostat Recommendations for the 2000 round of censuses, as well as feedback on which parts of the 2000 recommendations should be revised and improved, and which new issues should be addressed.
- Step 2: Analyse the results of the questionnaires, identify additional areas to review (in addition to those identified by the Steering Group) if necessary and summarize the practices used by countries in order to facilitate the development of new recommendations.
- Step 3: Prepare first draft of parts of the new recommendations based on input from Task Forces and results of the questionnaire.
- Step 4: Discuss first draft of parts of the new recommendations at the November 2004 Work sessions on Population and Housing Censuses.

Secretariat resources: Moderate

4.2.2	Title	Statistics on population groups of special interest
4.2.2:	Goal:	That comprehensive and comparable data are collected on population
		groups of special interest
		(NOTE: For disability statistics, see P.E. 4.9 - Health statistics)
4.2.2:	Issues and	• Better coordination of research on the older population, minorities,
	problems:	children, refugees, the homeless, etc.
		• Integration of data collection on these groups with that of current
		surveys.
4.2.2:	0	• Preparation of recommendations for a series of internationally
	term objectives:	comparable reports on population groups of special interest (ECE PAU).
		• Agreements on data collection priorities and related research concerning
		the behaviour and conditions of certain groups of special interest with
		national and regional partners (ECE PAU, ILO).
		Generations and Gender project (ECE PAU).
	Rapporteur:	ECE
4.2.2:	Expected Outcomes	• ILO: Several Child Labour Surveys.
		• ILO: Manuals on Child Labour Surveys: Manual on survey methods,
		and Manual on data analysis
		• ILO: International guidelines for statistics on child labour.
		• ILO: Global report on forced labour (2005)
4.2.2:	Attention of the	Nothing.
	Conference is	
	drawn to the	
	following	
4.2.2:	Decisions	• To approve the activities to be undertaken by the ECE's Population
	recommended	Activities Unit in this programme element (see "Activities of the ECE
		PAU").
4.2.2:	Activities of ECE	Population ageing project (Activity 6.2 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical
	PAU	Programme)
		Summary description:
		The main objectives of the Population Ageing Project are: to assemble a
		set of cross-nationally comparable microdata samples based on the 1990
		and 2000-round national population and housing censuses in countries of Europe and North America, and to use these samples to study the social
		and economic conditions of older persons.
		Ultimate output:
		• A collection of harmonized microdata samples based on the 1990- and
		2000- rounds of national population and housing censuses in up to 15
		countries in the UNECE region;
		• An integrated system of metadata on the census samples;
		• A series of reports on the social and economic status of older persons in
		selected countries;
		Detailed description:
		• Maintenance of the collection of census samples based on the 1990 round
		of censuses (this will involve working with the data distributors on the
		release of the data sets and support to end-users; maintenance of the data
		sets as they are upgraded from beta to pre-release and final versions;
		working to increase the visibility and use of the data sets).
		• Assembling a collection of census samples based on the 2000 round of
		censuses in cooperation with the Minnesota Population Center, University
		of Minnesota, (Minneapolis, USA) and the Center for Demographic
		Studies (Barcelona, Spain) within the framework of the ICM Europe
1		project (including a study of census data comparability for the censuses of

the 2000 round; modification of the existing strategy for drawing microdata samples from the population and housing censuses; drawing the samples from the 2000 round of censuses). • Promotion of cross-national comparative research on the status of older
persons. See also: http://www.unece.org/ead/pau/age/Welcome.html

4.3	Title	Human settlements and housing statistics
4.3:	Goal:	That housing statistics be adequate for policy needs and public purposes
		and conform to international standards and norms
		(For household income statistics see P.E. 4.7a - Statistics of household
		income and expenditures, of the welfare of the population, and of poverty
		and income statistics)
4.3:	Issues and	• Social aspects of housing and in particular social exclusion to be
	problems:	included.
		• This is a low priority area e.g., in Eurostat this work depends entirely on
		data sources that currently exist, namely, the ECHP, population and
		housing censuses and household budget surveys.
4.3:	Strategic medium-	• Review of the data collected by UNECE for their Housing Bulletin.
	term objectives:	• Continuation of work as described above. It should be noted that ECE
		and Eurostat are among the few international organisations working in this
		field.
4.3:	Rapporteur:	ECE
4.3:	Expected Outcomes	• CIS-STAT: Information reports on the development of the housing
		market and on housing conditions for the urban population in
		Commonwealth countries (2005).
		• ECE ENHS: Country profile for the Russian Federation (2004).
4.3:	Attention of the	• In February 2004 the CES Bureau agreed to set up a Steering Group on
	Conference is	the Coordination of International Housing Statistics. The Steering Group is
	drawn to the	expected to prepare a programme of work and related timetable to be
	following	submitted to the Bureaux of the CES and the Committee on Human
		Settlements.
4.3:	Decisions	None.
	recommended	

4.4	Title	Labour statistics
4.4:	Goal:	That labour statistics be adequate for describing labour market conditions
		and identifying the underlying causal conditions in order to enable
		governments to have the information with which to intervene to improve
		conditions and to harmonise economic and social policies and programmes
		and conform to international standards and norms.
4.4:	Issues and	Development of statistics on labour market dynamics.
	problems:	• Need to revise ISCO-88.
		• Reconciliation of labour statistics from different sources.
		• Child labour.
		• Informal employment.
		• Social dialogue.
		• Decent work and quality of employment.
		• Working time.
		• Demand for labour.
4.4:	Strategic medium-	• To develop a Labour Accounting System which could serve as a link to
	term objectives:	the SNA (see programme element 3.1).
		• To develop statistics capable of measuring skills of workers.
		• To develop statistics on informal employment (see programme element
		3.1).
		• To develop statistics on social dialogue.
		• To develop measures of decent work.
		• A co-ordinated work plan for data collection in the field of labour
		statistics for statistics to be collected by Eurostat, the ILO and the OECD.
		• Co-operation and co-ordination among the international organisations
		concerned in the development and improvement of international statistical
		instruments and in technical co-operation and training.
		• Publication of methodological analyses on earnings labour costs and
		labour prices and on employment and unemployment statistics.
4.4:	Rapporteur:	ILO
4.4:	Expected Outcomes	Follow-up to the guide on the economic characteristics in censuses for
		the 2010 round (ILO and UNSD).
		• CIS-STAT: Reports on "The labour market situation in CIS countries"
		and "Labour costs and nominal and real wages and salaries" (2004-2006).
		• CIS-STAT: Recommendations on a methodology for recording foreign
		labour migration and the cooperation of statistical services in its
		measurement (2004).
4.4:	Attention of the	• The 17th International Conference of Labour Statistics (November-
	Conference is	December 2003 adopted a Resolution concerning further work on the
	drawn to the	International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO),
	following	recommending that ISCO-88 be modified and updated by the end of 2007.
		• The ILO considers that there is a growing need for NSOs to collect
		information needed for measuring the quality of work, and to measure
		progress being made by countries towards decent work.
		• At the Lisbon Special European Council (March 2000) the EU set itself
		as the strategic goal for the next decade to become the most competitive
		and dynamic knowledge-based economy in the world capable of
		sustainable economic growth with more and better jobs, and greater social
		cohesion.
		• The Bureau has decided to invite the ILO to participate in one of the
		Bureau's meetings in the upcoming year, in order to discuss some of the
		critical issues it identified in its Rapporteur Report and to receive advice
		from it on how best the Bureau could address some of those issues.
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		Work is needed on the harmonization of the measurement of income
		earnings. A higher degree of harmonisation of the measures of income
		should be achieved with the Statistics on Income and Living Conditions
		developed by Eurostat.
		• There is a need to reinforce communication and coordination between
		international and supranational agencies working in the field of labour
		statistics, particularly with reference to the collection of data from NSOs
		and the development of international guidelines.
4.4:	Decisions	To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
	recommended	programme element (see "Activities of CES").
4.4:	Meetings	• ILO ECE (CES) Eurostat: Seminar on Measurement of the Quality of
	11100111185	Employment on the theme "Equitable opportunities for employment:
		conceptual and methodological issues" (Early 2005) to consider the
		following topics:
		(i) Access to the labour market, social exclusion;
		(ii) Inadequate employment situations (skill-related, income-related, etc.);
		(iii) Non-discrimination at work or in access to work (sex, age, education,
		ethnic origin, migration status, balance between work and family life, etc.);
		(iv) Workers' representation and participation. (Timing of the meeting to
		be proposed to the CES Bureau based on consultations to take place
		between ILO and Eurostat and interested countries serving on the
		meeting's Steering Committee).
		• ILO: Tripartite Meeting of Experts on the measurement of decent work
		(provisional, 2005)
		• OECD : Paris City Group on Labour and Compensation Statistics
		(1 Sep 2004 tentative)
		• Eurostat : LCI feasibility studies (9 Feb 2004 - 10 Feb 2004)
		• Eurostat: Earnings and labour costs statistics (1 Mar 2004 -
		2 Mar 2004)
		• Eurostat : Employment statistics (9 Mar 2004 - 10 Mar 2004)
		• Eurostat : Employment statistics (5 Nat 2004 - 10 Nat 2004)
		• Eurostat: Earnings and labour costs statistics (7 Oct 2004 - 8 Oct 2004)
4.4.	Activities of ECE	
4.4:	(CES)	Labour statistics (Activity 3.20 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical
	(CES)	Programme) Summary description:
		Contribute to the development of methodologies and identification of good
		practices on the measurement of various aspects related to labour
		conditions.
		Ultimate output:
		• Good practices on the measurement of various aspects related to labour
		conditions.
		Detailed description:
		• Joint ECE-Eurostat-ILO Seminar on Measurement of the Quality of
		Employment (early 2005), on the theme "Equitable opportunities for
		employment: conceptual and methodological issues", to consider:
		(i) Access to the labour market, social exclusion;
		(ii) Inadequate employment situations (skill-related, income-related, etc.);
		(iii) Non-discrimination at work or in access to work (sex, age, education,
		ethnic origin, migration status, balance between work and family life, etc.);
		(iv) Workers' representation and participation.
		(Timing of the meeting to be proposed after consultations between ECE,
		ILO, Eurostat and interested countries serving on the meeting's Steering
		Committee).
		Secretariat resources: Minimal
	L	NOTE THAT A DECIMAL OFFICE ATTACKERS.

4.5	Title	Education and training statistics
4.5:	Goal:	That education and training statistics be adequate for policy needs and
		public purposes and conform to international standards and norms.
4.5:	Issues and	• Development work is still required on indicators of educational systems,
	problems:	in particular with respect to resolving outstanding definitional and
	F	comparability questions, enhancing the comparative understanding of
		national educational systems and fostering the analytical use of the
		indicators.
		• Development of "learning outcomes" indicators.
		Development of statistics on adult education and early childhood
		education.
		• Implementation of new methods to measure literacy.
4.5:	Strategic medium-	Produce regular, reliable and internationally comparable indicators of
Τ.σ.	term objectives:	student achievement in reading, mathematics and science.
	term objectives.	• Fully take advantage of the International Standard Classification of
		Education, to take account of the variety of educational provision and the
		complexities of national educational systems and provide as well a multi-
		dimensional classification of educational programmes that can be used for both enrolment and attainment data.
		• The expansion of the UNESCO/OECD/Eurostat data collection
		procedures and definitions to more countries in the ECE region. • Consolidation of data collection on teachers.
		• The improvement of comparability of Finance statistics in Education and
		training.
		• The development of indicators on student outcomes, the school-to-work
		transition, non-institutional tertiary education, disparities in educational
		access and attainment; early childhood education, teacher training and
		professional development, decision making and school autonomy, school
		leadership, and the use of information technology in the classroom.
		• To enhance cooperation and collaboration between the international
		organisations with regard to the collection and publication of education
		and training statistics.
		• To develop methodology and tools for measuring teacher quality,
		teachers' work conditions and socio-economic factors affecting teacher
		supply.
		• To pursue development work in a number of areas, in particular the
		school-to-work transition, vocational education, lifelong learning
		(including continuing education and training), early childhood education,
		tertiary education (private funding and the separation of research from
		teaching expenditures) and disparities in educational access, resources and
		achievement.
		• To continue assistance in the implementation of the UNESCO / OECD /
		Eurostat questionnaire, definitions and methodology to developing and
		transition countries.
4.5:	Rapporteur:	OECD
4.5:	Expected Outcomes	• CIS-STAT: Annual report entitled "Status of education in
		Commonwealth countries".
		• Eurostat: Adult Education Survey (Target: 2006)
		• Eurostat: 3rd Continuing Vocational Training Survey (CVTS) (target:
		2005)
		• ILO: Database on investments in training.
		Decorate of investments in training. OECD: Handbook for Internationally Comparable Education Statistics
		(2004)
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4.6	Title	Culture statistics
4.6:	Goal:	That cultural statistics be adequate for policy needs, and can meet the
		increasing expectations of both new and traditional communities for
		official statistics to span all aspects of their way of life.
4.6:	Issues and	• The lack of an international framework for culture statistics with linkages
1.0.	problems:	to social and demographic statistics and to economic statistics (especially
	procr e ms.	national accounts).
		• The need to establish or improve programs of integrated data on cultural
		activities.
		• Exploration of the link between cultural participation and social goals.
4.6:	Strategic medium-	• To develop a work plan for a coordinated and cooperative development
	term objectives:	of approaches to:
	com sojoon vos.	- Assess current international culture statistics against the goal listed
		above.
		- Highlight areas of overlap or duplication among international agencies.
		- Suggest priorities where major advances in line with the objectives would
		be promising.
		• To develop an internationally agreed common language on culture
		statistics that goes well beyond the current UNESCO framework. Only
		joint efforts of international organisations will make possible acceptable
		proposals on this matter.
4.6:	Rapporteur:	Eurostat
4.6:		• The next ECE-Eurostat-Unesco-OECD joint meeting to be planned and
		organized by the four organizations should not focus on international
		comparability but on more basis issues such as clarifying what is meant by
		culture and cultural statistics, who the users are, what the users expect and
		need and what the next joint meeting should aim at achieving.
4.6:	Attention of the	The OECD has offered to associate itself with the next ECE-Eurostat-
	Conference is	Unesco joint work session on cultural statistics, because of its experience
	drawn to the	in the related field of education statistics, and as a possible means of
	following	facilitating more rapid progress occurring in the field of cultural statistics.
		Work by the CES in this field has been essentially dormant for several
		years, awaiting UNESCO's Institute for Statistics, the international
		organization that has primary competence in this work area, to propose
		work of possible mutual interest to it, the CES and other international
		organizations.
		Countries are encouraged to start using international classifications
		already available (NACE, ISCO) in the production of their national
		statistics on culture. This would be a useful starting point for the design
		and implementation of the common framework referred to above in the
		medium-term objectives.
4.6:	Decisions	• None.
	recommended	1101101
4.6:	Meetings	• Eurostat : Culture statistics (4 Mar 2004 - 5 Mar 2004)
۲.0.	1,100011180	Eurostat Culture statistics (+ with 2004 - 3 with 2004)

4.7.1	Title	Statistics of household income and expenditures, of the welfare of the population, and of poverty and income inequality
4.7.1:	Goal:	That there exist comprehensive, comparable, reliable and timely statistics describing the distribution of the capacity of individuals, families, and households to acquire goods and services; to identify the sources of inequality in incomes; to understand processes of social exclusion; to assess the need for intervention in the distribution of incomes to target interventions deemed necessary and to monitor the effectiveness of such interventions.
4.7.1:	Issues and problems:	 Lack of internationally comparable measures of household income. Difficulties in measuring non-income poverty. Difficulties to measure poverty disaggregated by other social-
		demographic variables such as sex, age, education, and ethnicity. • International comparability of earnings.
4.7.1:	Strategic medium- term objectives:	 Identification of conceptual and methodological issues impeding the production of internationally comparable measures of household income and expenditure, and development of an approach to eliminate these impediments (e.g. development of international guidelines, expert meetings, seminars, commissioned studies, and promotion of international collaboration in research). Development of summary measures such as measures of low income and on the role of income in shedding light on social exclusion and on labourmarket exclusions. For ILO, to follow national developments in collecting and compiling statistics of income related to paid and self-employment in order to evaluate the implementation of the resolution concerning the measurement of employment-related income adopted by the 16th ICLS in October 1998.
		• To carry out further work on the consistency between the various ILO guidelines dealing with income and expenditure, CPI and employment-related income, with a view to harmonizing them.
4.7.1:	Rapporteur:	Eurostat
	* *	 CIS-STAT: Recommendations on the simultaneous observation of household composition and tax payments will be drawn up in 2004 Eurostat: Technical handbook on methods for income, poverty and social exclusion. ILO: Technical guide on household income and expenditure statistics (in collaboration with various international organizations). OECD: Benefits and Wages: OECD Indicators. UN Statistics Division: Publication on statistical concepts, methods and best practices for poverty statistics (2005).
4.7.1:	Attention of the Conference is drawn to the following	 The final report and recommendations of the Canberra Group on Household Income Statistics are available at the following address: http://www.lisproject.org/links/canbaccess.htm Major improvements have been made in relation to the definition of income and for monetary income poverty, but there is a need to do more work on non-monetary indicators of social exclusion (including longitudinal indicators). Further work is also needed in the area of the measurement of income earnings, to improve data quality and international comparability. The 17th ICLS supported the idea of creating a city group on expenditure statistics; a national statistical office is looking into the possibility of setting it up; others have stated their intention of participating in it.

4.7.1:	Decisions	•	None.
	recommended		
4.7.1:	Meetings	•	Eurostat: Income, poverty and social exclusion (19 Apr 2004)
		•	Eurostat: Income, poverty and social exclusion (7 Jul 2004)

4.7.2	Title	Social security statistics
4.7.2:	Goal:	That social security statistics be adequate for policy needs and public
		purposes and conform to international standards and norms.
4.7.2:	Issues and	• Clarifying and improving the link between social protection statistics and
	problems:	the national accounts.
4.7.2:	Strategic medium-	For Eurostat:
	term objectives:	• Implementation of ESSPROS and LMP data collections in the acceding
		countries.
		• Revision of the ESSPROS methodology in order to respond better to new
		developments in social protection in Europe.
		For the ECE's Population Activities Unit (PAU):
		• In the field of population ageing and the status of older persons, (i)
		PAU's collection of census samples; (ii) studies on the implications of
		population ageing for social security systems and pension schemes, and on
		the consequences of disordered cohort flows in transition countries.
		Eurostat
4.7.2:	Expected Outcomes	• Eurostat: Publication of ESSPROS results (2004).
		• ILO: Book on social security statistics in the ILO's "Quantitative
		Methods in Social Protection" series.
		• OECD: Social Expenditures Database (SOCX) CD-ROM.
4.7.2:	Attention of the	• In the field of Social Protection, it is particularly important for NSOs to
	Conference is	collaborate with and involve in the work the Ministries of Labour, Social
	drawn to the	Security, etc., in the production of statistical data. Therefore, closer co-
	following	operation between the NSOs and the different Ministries involved in
		collecting administrative data should be encouraged in order to ensure
		better quality of the data.
		• The increasing attention and the various activities on the ageing of the
		population and the costs associated with it.
4.7.2:	Decisions	• None.
	recommended	
4.7.2:	Meetings	• Eurostat : Social protection (11 Oct 2004 - 12 Oct 2004)

4.8	Title	Crime and criminal justice statistics
4.8:	Goal:	That there exist reliable, comprehensive and internationally comparable
		system of crime and justice statistics capable of supporting social policy
		development and enhanced public awareness and accountability.
4.8:	Issues and	Measurement of and reporting of illegal activities, e.g., corruption,
	problems:	organised crime and trafficking in human beings.
	f	• Vast differences in legal and justice systems create problems for
		statistical comparability.
		• Survey methods used in official statistics should be more harmonized.
4.8:	Strategic medium-	A work plan for a coordinated and cooperative development of approaches
	term objectives:	to:
		• Assess current international statistics related to crime and criminal justice
		against the objectives listed above.
		• Highlight areas of overlap or duplication among international agencies.
		• Exchange experiences in the collection and dissemination of crime
		statistics and within the framework of official statistics develop common
		methodologies to be applied in Surveys.
4.8:	Rapporteur:	UNODC
4.8:	Expected Outcome	s • ECE (CES): Guidelines to improve comparability of crime and justice
		statistics
4.8:	Attention of the	• The field of crime statistics has been identified as a priority area of work
	Conference is	in an increasing number of NSOs, and the necessity of working on
	drawn to the	improving the comparability of the statistics is widely recognized.
	following	• ECE and UNODC are organising a meeting in November 2004 to
		identify priorities in crime statistics and set up an agenda for future work in
		this field. A steering group was set up to develop terms of reference for the
		meeting.
		Further work is needed to improve data comparability of crime
		statistics.
		• Attention should also be paid to the differences existing between survey
		data and administrative data.
4.8:	Decisions	• To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
	recommended	programme element (see "Activities of CES").
4.8:	Meetings	HEUNI Siena Group on Social Statistics Statistics Finland: Joint
		meeting. The agenda of the meeting will include, among other topics,
		statistics on safety, crime and justice. (Helsinki, 1 Jan 2005 tentative)
		• Council of Europe : Meeting to establish priorities for the continuation
		of the European Sourcebook (Frankfurt, 27 Feb 2004 - 28 Feb 2004)
		• UNODC ECE (CES) : Joint UNODC – UN ECE Statistical Division
		Meeting on Crime and Criminal Justice Statistics (Geneva, 3 Nov 2004 -
		5 Nov 2004)
4.8:	Activities of ECE	Crime and justice statistics (Activity 3.21 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical
	(CES)	Programme)
		Summary description:
		Work towards the preparation of guidelines for comparable crime and
		justice statistics in the ECE region, to be discussed at a meeting organized
		in 2004 or 2005.
		Ultimate output:
		• Regional guidelines to improve international comparability of crime and
		justice statistics.
		Detailed description:
		New activity in 2004:

- Following the discussion at the June 2003 plenary session of the Conference of European Statisticians, ECE is launching work towards the improvement of comparability of crime and justice statistics in the region, in cooperation with interested international organizations.
- A Steering Group composed of the international organizations concerned (including the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime UNODC) plus two or three country representatives will prepare Terms of Reference for a meeting to be organized in late 2004 or early 2005, which will be presented to the Bureau of the Conference of European Statisticians for its review and endorsement.

Secretariat resources: Minimal

4.9	Title	Health statistics
4.9:	Goal:	That there exists a coherent system of health statistics capable of
		supporting policy analysis and decision-making in the field of health
		(including long-term nursing care)
4.9:	Issues and	• Monitoring the performance of health care systems by tracing the inputs,
	problems:	throughputs and outcomes of health care systems in both monetary and
		non-monetary terms.
		• Development of standardised instruments in household surveys to
		measure health and disability in order to supplement health data from
		administrative sources, and promotion of their use in national and
		international surveys.
		• Integrating the many diverse statistics into a coherent system of health
		statistics and assisting countries in developing national health information
		strategies.
		• Agreed common methodology in public health issues such as morbidity,
		disability, injuries and performance of public health systems needs further
		development.
4.9:	Strategic medium-	• Development of conceptual frameworks, definitions and methodologies
	term objectives:	for measurement and collection of health statistics in particular for
		indicators of population health status and performance of health care
		systems.
		• Improving data availability and comparability of health resources (e.g.
		beds and employment) and health care activities (e.g. surgical procedures
		in inpatient and ambulatory settings and pharmaceutical consumption and sales).
		, and the second
		• Development of methodology for the preparation of comparable estimates of occupational diseases and injuries, and work-related fatalities.
		• Development of methodology for statistics on disabled workers.
		• Improve estimates of national health accounts and support exchange of
		national administrations on implementations of international health
		accounting standards. This includes the ongoing development of
		supporting guidelines, in particular to complement the OECD manual "A
		System of Health Accounts".
		• Development of indicators for the technical quality of medical care.
		• Develop database of comparable hospital data (EU/WHO Euro).
		• Coordinate the work of the different organizations involved in the region
		in the collection of data and measurement of health status through
		population based data collection activities.
4.9:	Rapporteur:	WHO Headquarters
4.9:	Expected Outcomes	• Eurostat: Methodology for collection and analysis of data on efficiency
		and effectiveness in healthcare provision
		• Eurostat: EU manual on Causes of Death certification and coding
		(linked with the implementation of the International Classification of
		Diseases established by the WHO).
		• Eurostat: SILC (Survey on Income and Living Conditions) module on
		health.
		• ILO: Manual on the collection of basic information on occupational
		injuries from household and establishment surveys.
		• ILO: Guidelines for compilation of statistics on the employment
		situation of persons with disabilities.
		• UN Statistics Division: Set(s) of general disability measures, suitable
		for use in censuses, sample-based national surveys, or other statistical
		formats (jointly with the Washington Group on Disability Statistics).

		• WHO - Euro: Completion of EUROHIS (Health Interview Surveys)
		methodology project
4.9:	Attention of the	• The issue of data confidentiality, which is particularly felt in the area of
	Conference is	health statistics.
	drawn to the	• Joint data collection:
	following	Informal agreements exist between WHO, OECD and Eurostat for
		improvement of data collection, harmonised data collection and analysis,
		the use of common instruments, mutual exchange of data of common
		interest. A close collaboration is also developed with ILO in the field of
		Occupational Health and Safety statistics.
		 While good progress has been made in recent years towards a common
		framework on health care statistics, as well as progress with survey
		instruments, the absence of a comprehensive and up-to-date international
		classification on procedure in health care poses a major challenge for
		future work on health care statistics.
		• Coordination needs to be improved between the WHO programme on
		the World Health Survey and the activities related to health surveys carried
		out by other national and regional organizations. This issue was addressed
		in considerable detail by the CES Bureau at its February 2003 meeting and
		by the UN Statistical Commission at its March 2003 session.
		• Exchange of information:
		Informal agreements exist between OECD and Eurostat to exchange
		information and data obtained from MS for the purpose of cross-checking and completing respective own data collections.
4.9:	Decisions	 To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
۲.۶.	recommended	programme element (see "Activities of CES").
4.9:	Meetings	• Eurostat : Technical Group on Accidents at work statistics (ex-
۲.۶.	Wiccings	Accidents du travail) (28 Jan 2004)
		• Washington Group on Disability Statistics: Washington Group on
		Disability Measurement (19 Feb 2004 - 20 Feb 2004) to consider the
		following topics:
		i) identifying the purpose/s that a general disability measure should
		address, and
		ii) the structure and operational guidelines for the Group.
		• Eurostat: Technical Group on Causes of Death statistics (13 May 2004)
		- 14 May 2004)
		• WHO Headquarters ECE (CES) Eurostat: Meeting on Health
		Statistics. (Geneva, 24 May 2004 - 26 May 2004) to consider the following
		topics:
		i) International and regional activities and experiences in measuring health
		status
		ii) Countries' experiences in measuring health status
		iii) Methodological issues in the measurement and reporting of health status
		iv) Health status indicators
		v) Implementation and co-ordination of health surveys in the ECE region
		See: http://www.unece.org/stats/documents/2004.05.health.htm for more
		information
		• Eurostat : Technical Group on Health Care statistics (14 Jun 2004 -
		15 Jun 2004)
		• Eurostat : Technical Group on Occupational diseases statistics (ex-
		Maladies Professionnelles) (6 Jul 2004)
		• Eurostat: Technical Group on Health and health-interview survey data
	1	, and the second

		(16.5 - 2004 17.5 - 2004)
		(16 Sep 2004 - 17 Sep 2004)
		OECD : Meeting of OECD Health Data National Correspondents
		(29 Sep 2004 - 30 Sep 2004)
		OECD : Annual Meeting of Experts in National Health Accounts
		(30 Sep 2004 - 1 Oct 2004)
		• Eurostat: Health and safety at work statistics (6 Oct 2004 - 7 Oct 2004)
		• Eurostat : Public health (24 Nov 2004 - 25 Nov 2004)
4.9:	Activities of ECE	Health statistics (Activity 3.22 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical
	(CES)	Programme)
		Summary description:
		Work towards the improvement of the comparability of health status
		statistics in the ECE region, in cooperation with the World Health
		Organisation (WHO) and Eurostat.
		Ultimate output:
		• Guidelines for improving international comparability of statistics on
		health status.
		Detailed description:
		New activity in 2004:
		• Organize a joint ECE/WHO meeting on health statistics in 2004, in
		cooperation with Eurostat. The main recommended items on the agenda
		will be:
		- Recent advances in measurement of population health status
		- Comparability issues in health status survey data
		- Targeting at a regional set of questions to be used in surveys to measure
		health status.
		• Identify some countries to use the regional set of questions on health
		status in their household surveys and report back on their experiences and
		results.
		Secretariat resources: Moderate
	1	Designation a consistent intomerate

4.10	Title	Gender statistics
4.10:	Goal:	To mainstream gender into the collection, analysis and dissemination of
		statistical data
4.10:	Issues and	• Integration of the gender perspective, not only by having data
	problems:	disaggregated by sex, but also by the improvement of data collection
	problems.	methods, concepts and definitions.
		Developing policy -relevant approaches for monitoring and assessing
		women and men's conditions in countries and highlight the concerns that
		are related to unequal access to resources and participation in social,
		economic, and political life
		• Assessing and monitoring women's and men's contribution to the
		economy and society in the form of paid and unpaid work.
4.10	G 1:	• Implementation of EU recommendations on household satellite accounts.
4.10:	Strategic medium-	• To improve the mainstreaming of gender into the production, analysis
	term objectives:	and dissemination of statistics into all relevant areas.
		• To identify and quantify sex differences in living conditions and status.
	_	• Improving the measurement of paid and unpaid work.
4.10:	Rapporteur:	ECE
4.10:	Expected Outcomes	• ECE: Updating of the regional gender statistics website with indicators
		and gender-related information including statistics on fertility, mortality,
		population, families and household, employment, public life and decision
		making, health, crime and education.
		• UN Statistics Division: World's Women 2005. This issue will focus on
		assessing the adequacy of official national statistics in responding to
		increasing user needs in gender statistics.
		• UN Statistics Division: Guide to producing statistics on time-use for
		measuring paid and unpaid work (2005)
4.10:	Attention of the	• To respond to the policy concerns that have been addressed or will be
	Conference is	addressed at the 2003 and 2004 Commission on the Status of Women,
	drawn to the	organizations should work towards developing and/or harmonizing
	following	statistical methods and improving statistical data related to the following
		areas: i) women and men accessibility to media, information and
		communication technologies, ii) women's human rights and elimination of
		all forms of violence against women and girls, iii) the role of men and boys
		in achieving gender equality, and iv) women's equal participation in
		conflict prevention, management and conflict resolution and in post-
		conflict peace-building.
		• Further work is needed to improve the measurement of gender
		differences in earnings. Eurostat will try to improve this measurement
		using the best sources (or a combination) available from each country in
		order to cover the whole labour market.
4 10.	Dagisions	
4.10:	Decisions	• To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
4.10	recommended	programme element (see "Activities of CES").
4.10:	Meetings	• ECE (CES): Work session on gender statistics (Geneva, 18 Oct 2004
		22 Oct 2004)
4.10:	Activities of ECE	Gender statistics database (Activity 2.2 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical
	(CES)	Programme)
		Summary description:
		Provide relevant, timely and harmonized statistics for gender policy
		analysis.
		Ultimate output:
		• User-friendly database accessible to the public through the ECE regional

gender statistics website with up-to-date statistics that are relevant to gender policy analysis in the economic and social areas.

Detailed description:

- Maintain and update the UNECE Gender Statistics Database, the central database for sex-disaggregated social data. This database contains Common Gender Indicators for the ECE region, and detailed statistical data series that are used to calculate these indicators. Data series are presented in line with the policy areas, which are:
- population
- families and households
- work and the economy
- education
- public life and decision-making
- health
- crime and violence

New activity in 2004:

• A new strategy for updating of the Gender Statistics Database and the associated web site will be implemented. The aim is to have a regular update without overburdening National Statistical Offices, in making an optimal use of existing data available in other international organizations, through agreements between UNECE and these organizations. Questionnaires will continue to be sent to country gender statistics focal points only for those data that are not available in other international organizations.

Secretariat resources: Substantial

See also: http://w3.unece.org/stat/gender.asp http://www.unece.org/stats/gender/web/

4.10: Activities of ECE (CES)

Gender statistics (Activity 3.23 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)

Summary description:

Methodological work on gender statistics

Ultimate output:

 Regional guidelines defining relevant statistics on emerging genderrelated issues

Detailed description:

New activity in 2004:

- Methodological work on the methods used to collect and disseminate statistics on emerging gender-related issues, especially (i) women and men entrepreneurship; (ii) gender and ICT; (iii) violence from a gender perspective.
- Prepare proposals for regional guidelines on the basis of surveys conducted by ECE in 2003 on national practices in these areas, and discussions in international fora (OECD seminar on entrepreneurship, World Summit on Information Society, etc.)
- Work session on gender statistics to be organized in late 2004 or early 2005. A Steering Group will be established to define the Terms of Reference of the work session and propose an appropriate timing for scheduling of the session.

Secretariat resources: Moderate

See also: http://w3.unece.org/stat/gender.asp http://www.unece.org/stats/gender/web/

4.11.1		Social indicators and frameworks
4.11.1:		That there exists a coherent framework of internationally comparable social indicators in selected fields such as health, education, crime and social safety nets.
	Issues and problems:	• How to continue the work on social indicators by building selectively on the ideas developed in the 1960s and 1970s, and taking account of the reasons for the failure of efforts at that time. This work should also build on the sectoral work and on links between different sectoral levels. Initially, work should focus at the conceptual level.
		• Questions of standardization of concepts and definitions to follow the general conceptual work, and the detailed work of the specific sectors.
	Strategic medium- term objectives:	• A work plan for a co-ordinated and co-operative development of a coherent social indicators framework, identifying existing areas of overlap or duplication among international agencies, and taking account of developments in other sectoral work plans.
	Rapporteur:	Eurostat Council of Europe: Guidebook for the use of Social Indicators
		 European Commission: Publication "The social situation in the European Union". The 2004 report will focus on enlargement, and the 2005 report on Time Use. Eurostat: Publication of the statistical pocketbook "Living Conditions in Europe". OECD: Publication "Society at a glance" (2004).
	Attention of the Conference is drawn to the following	 The Bureau considered that more work is required to improve international collaboration on social statistics, and it noted that there is a need to establish a new mechanism where the work on social statistics could be coordinated, especially since existing groups like the Siena Group have not been as effective as desired. It also concluded that the work of the proposed new group should focus more on specific outputs. The Bureau agreed to come back to this issue at one of its future meetings, based in part on the outcome of the March 2003 session of the Statistical Commission and the May 2003 Expert Group Meeting on Setting the Scope of Social Statistics that UNSD and the Siena Group are collaborating in organizing in New York in May 2003. The Siena Group on Social Statistics held its eighth meeting in London in November 2001. Social capital was the theme of the meeting.
	Decisions recommended	• None.
	Meetings	• Siena Group on Social Statistics: General meetings envisaged early 2005 in Helsinki, Finland and in 2006 (Helsinki, <i>I Jan 2005 tentative</i>)

4.11.2	Title	Multi-purpose social surveys
4.11.2:	Goal:	That there exists a comprehensive range of reliable, timely and comparable social statistics and indicators for policy formation and implementation purposes, as well as monitoring policy outcomes in areas such as poverty, social exclusion, convergence, cohesion and social reporting.
	Issues and problems:	The multi-dimensional nature of social change.
	term objectives:	 To produce a wide range of comparable, multidimensional social statistics and social indicators, including harmonised income distributions and related measures, with subsets of information on the dynamics of social processes and traditions. To produce associated social reports. To support developments in survey methodologies, including questionnaire design and implementation, sampling, design, non-response aspects, imputations, longitudinal databases and so on. To work on definitions and measurement rules of harmonised variables, also using national sources, related to persons and households and the meta-data linked to these variables.
4.11.2:	Rapporteur:	Eurostat
4.11.2:		• UN Statistics Division: Handbook on designing household sample surveys.
	Attention of the Conference is drawn to the following	 Eurostat is the only organization doing this kind of Europe-wide multipurpose social surveys. Improving the timeliness and comparability of data from multi-purpose social surveys is of prime importance.
	Decisions recommended	• None.
4.11.2:	Meetings	• Eurostat : EU-SILC (17 Feb 2004 - 18 Feb 2004)
		 Eurostat : EU-SILC (6 Sep 2004 - 7 Sep 2004) Eurostat : Time use survey (2 Dec 2004 - 3 Dec 2004)

4.11.3	Title	Registers and administrative records for social and demographic statistics
4.11.3:	Goal:	That statistical systems make the best use of administrative data.
4.11.3:	Issues and	The costs of data collection.
	problems:	The burden on respondents.
		• The quality of data.
		• Combining administrative and statistical requirements in the same system.
4.11.3:	Strategic	To establish a framework to integrate data from administrative sources,
	medium-term	surveys and other sources.
	objectives:	To conduct methodological research on the characteristics of administrative
		sources such as timeliness, coverage, completeness and reliability.
		• A programme of exchange of documentation on the experiences of member
		countries in the field of exploiting registers and administrative sources.
		• Other activities in the international programmes of work on social statistics
		should contain, as an element in the plan, the exchange of information on
4 11 2.	D	exploiting administrative sources.
	Rapporteur:	Eurostat
1	Expected Outcomes	• ECE (CES): Compendium on best practices in the use of administrative
	Attention of the	data for social and demographic registers.
4.11.3:	Conference is	• In many countries of the region registers and administrative records are
	drawn to the	increasingly used for census purposes, representing in some cases the main sources of information (see P.E. 4.2.1).
	following	sources of information (see F.E. 4.2.1).
	Decisions	• To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
	recommended	programme element (see "Activities of CES").
	Meetings	• Eurostat : European directors of social statistics (1 Apr 2004 - 2 Apr 2004)
7.11.3.	ivicetings	• Eurostat: European directors of social statistics (1 Apr 2004 - 2 Apr 2004)
		22 Oct 2004)
		• ECE (CES) Eurostat: Joint ECE-Eurostat Work Session on Registers and
		Administrative Records for Social and Demographic Statistics (1 Jun 2005,
		tentative)
4.11.3:	Activities of	Registers and administrative records for social and demographic
	ECE (CES)	statistics (Activity 3.24 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)
		Summary description:
		Provide support and contribute to the activities of the Steering Group
		preparing the next Joint UNECE/Eurostat Work Session on Registers and
		Administrative Records for Social and Demographic Statistics, tentatively
		scheduled in Spring 2005.
		Ultimate output:
		• Compendium on best practices in the use of administrative data for social
		and demographic registers (2005) Detailed description:
		• At the December 2002 Joint UNECE-Eurostat Work Session on Registers
		and Administrative Records for Social and Demographic Statistics, a Steering
		Group was appointed to elaborate a concrete proposal for future work to be
		submitted to the CES Bureau (tentatively in February 2004).
		• In the course of 2004, the Steering Group should approach a small number
		of countries with experience in this field and ask them to prepare
		methodological material on the use of registers and administrative records for
		social and demographic statistics, for publication in a "Compendium on best
		practices in the use of administrative data for social and demographic
		registers".
<u></u>		Secretariat resources: Minimal

PROGRAMME ACTIVITY 5 ENVIRONMENT STATISTICS

5. Title	Environment statistics (edition 2004)
5 4 km; i	
5.1 Title	Sectoral concepts, definitions, classifications and environmental databases
5.1:Goal:	To have established, within a specified time frame, an integrated system of internationally comparable environmental statistics as a necessary tool for governments when setting and adjusting management policies which directly or indirectly affect the environment.
5.1: Issues and problems:	 Need for further work on developing methodologies, harmonising the concepts and identifying common sets of indicators. The following areas can be mentioned: measuring emissions to air, especially relating to climate change monitoring waste generation and movements, especially hazardous waste bio-diversity water resources, water use and discharges of water other natural resources including land and sea resources and biological resources environmental expenditures and revenues chemicals and health issues Need for filling the gaps and improving the quality of data collected in the field of environment. Need for a more visible, common priority among environmental topics. In this respect, it should also be pointed to which topics there is a need of legal instruments, general agreements or other regulatory instruments. Need for better co-ordination between work in the field of environmental statistics, environmental accounts and sustainable development indicators. As environment statistics is cross-sectoral, there is a need to: focus on needs for data covering environmental dimensions in structural statistics focus on the share of response for sectoral-environmental data production and dissemination
5.1:Strategic medium- term objectives:	 Need for improving institutional cooperation in data collection, data treatment and data exchange Need for better dissemination and simplified communication of statistics, accounts and indicators, independent of what kind of these 'labels' are put on the results. Further develop a memorandum of understanding concerning the share of response areas between international bodies. An inter-secretariat group for collaboration is established with participation from OECD, EU, UNSD). Review and assess current questionnaires and ensure the joint development of any new questionnaire with a view to eliminating redundancy and avoidable differences in concepts and definitions. Streamline and harmonise the dataflow from countries to international databases, by developing a 'Shared European Environmental Information System'. Improve the quality of data available in international databases.
	 Review the list of indicators for environment statistics and update the respective classifications. Produce agreed standard methodologies for waste and recycling; water, environmental protection expenditure and facilities; environmentally related

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		taxes and other economic instruments.
		Continue to develop methodologies for emissions to air, bio-diversity,
		chemicals and natural resources.
		• Extension of EEA monitoring networks to include EU accession countries,
		the Balkans and CIS.
5.1:	Rapporteur:	Statistics Norway
5.1:	Expected Outcomes	• DG Env. + Eurostat: A common understanding on the ways of reporting
		according to directives and regulations.
		• Eurostat + EEA: Streamlining data reporting work, especially on the topic
		waste.
		• OECD + Eurostat: Further progress in the work of streamlining common
		data collection work and harmonising data bases.
5.1:	Attention of the	• The UN Statistical Commission (March 2003) which approved the creation
	Conference is	of an Inter-Secretariat Working Group on Environment Statistics.
	drawn to the	• At the same time the constant and urgent need for better coordination of
	following	data collection, avoid duplication and focus on priority data sets
		("streamlining data collection").
		• The need to fill data gaps for prioritised environment statistics and to
		improve the data quality.
		The development of indicators to monitor progress towards sustainable
		development (see also PE 2.8 Sustainable development).
5 1.	Decisions	None.
	recommended	None.
	Meetings	• UN Statistics Division : Annual meetings of the Interagency Working
5.1.	ivicetings	Group on Environment Statistics
		_
		• UN Statistics Division: Expert meeting to discuss the draft Manual of
		Environment Statistics (2005)
		• EEA: National Focal Point meetings (3 Feb 2004 - 4 Feb 2004)
		 Eurostat: Environment Statistics: Sub-group Waste statistics (26 Apr 2004 27 Apr 2004)
		• Eurostat : Environment Statistics: Sub-group Water (29 Jun 2004 - 30 Jun 2004)
		• Eurostat : Environment Statistics (4 Oct 2004 - 5 Oct 2004)
		• EEA: National Focal Point meetings (5 Oct 2004 - 6 Oct 2004)
		• Eurostat: Environment Statistics: Sub-group Waste statistics (4 Nov 2004 - 5 Nov 2004)
Ь	1	5 7.0. 200.)

5.2	Title	Environmental accounting
5.2:	Goal:	Integrating environmental and economic information in physical and, when possible, in monetary terms in a common framework using consistent
		concepts, definitions and classifications.
	Issues and	To review developments in natural resource accounting.
	problems:	Further methodological work on water accounting and practical
		implementation of environmental accounts.
		• To suggest ways in which a synthesis of different approaches may be
		constructed to ensure flexibility for special cases within a framework that is
		consistent overall.
		• To work to avoid a divergence in approach taken by ECE Members and that
5.2	C4	taken by countries outside the region (specifically developing countries).
	Strategic medium-	• Integrate environmental accounts with existing environmental data
	term objectives:	collection and indicators activities
		• Standardize practices of implementation of selected components of the
		SEEA-2003 develop practical guidelines, in particular on water accounting and subsoil asset accounting
		• Promote the implementation of the SEEA-2003 in countries and the use of
		environmental accounting for policy making
		• Continue theoretical developments of components of the SEEA-2003 that
		are not yet well advanced (e.g. valuation of degradation, etc.)
		• Explore possibilities of expanding the SEEA-2003 to include selected social
		aspects
5.2:	Rapporteur:	UN Statistics Division
		• UN Statistics Division: Handbook on Water Resources Accounting (with
	-	Eurostat and the London Group).
		• UN Statistics Division: Handbook on Fishery Resources Accounting (with
		FAO and UNU).
5.2:	Attention of the	Close interaction of environmental and economic accounting.
	Conference is	Publication of the revised SEEA handbook and the need to implement
	drawn to the	SEEA in as many countries as possible
	following	
	Decisions	• None.
	recommended	
5.2:	Meetings	• UN Statistics Division: Regional workshop on water resources accounting
		for the ESCWA region (2004)
		• London Group on Environmental Accounting: 10th Meeting, location
		to be determined (1 Sep 2005 tentative)
		• Eurostat: Environmental Accounts: material flows workshop (24 Jun 2004)
		- 25 Jun 2004)
		• London Group on Environmental Accounting: 9th Meeting of the
		London Group (Copenhagen, 22 Sep 2004 - 24 Sep 2004)
		• Eurostat : Environmental Accounts (6 Oct 2004)
		• Eurostat: Environmental Accounts: NAMEA (25 Oct 2004 - 26 Oct 2004)

PROGRAMME ACTIVITY 6 DISSEMINATION AND SUPPORT FOR SECRETARIAT ACTIVITIES

6.	Title	Dissemination and support for secretariat activities (edition 2004)
c 1	T'd.	
	Title Goal:	Dissemination of data and co-ordination of international data collection That coordination of international data collection and dissemination be done
0.1:	Goar:	effectively.
6.1.	Issues and	• To coordinate policies of the international organizations involved in the
	problems:	collection of national statistical data, which are needed for their socio-
	problems.	economic analysis and publications.
		• To avoid any inefficient duplication in the data collection activities between
		international organizations, and to ensure that the burden placed on NSOs in
		responding to international data requests is kept to a minimum.
		• To implement jointly prepared questionnaires in international data
		collection.
		• Further improvement in on-line data capture aiming to improve timeliness of
		data collection.
		To share data stored in statistical databases that are maintained by
		international organizations.
		To make collected data available to national and international statistical
		agencies in printed or electronic form.
	\mathbf{c}	• Improved procedures and tools for coordination of data collection
	term objectives:	• Issuing of statistical publications and products by all the organizations.
	Rapporteur:	ECE CONTROL OF CONTROL
6.1:	Expected Outcomes	• Full implementation of the OECD-UNSD data sharing agreement
		concerning international trade in goods covering all OECD member countries (see also PE 3.3).
		 Completion of the initial set of draft standards for the exchange of
		statistical information by the Statistical Data and Metadata Exchange
		(SDMX).
		• Expansion of joint UNESCO/OECD/Eurostat data collection procedures
		and definitions in the area of education and training statistics to more
		countries in the ECE region (see also PE 4.5).
		Joint data collection by Eurostat and ILO of selected labour statistics from
		EU member States (see also programme elements 4.4 and 4.9).
		• Establishment of a Website on annual energy questionnaires jointly by IEA
		and OECD (see also PE 3.12).
		• Implementation of the joint data collection agreement that has been reached
		between OECD and Eurostat on Structural Business Statistics (see also PE 3.8
		and 3.11).
		• INTERNET access to the electronic version of the common questionnaire
		by Eurostat and ECE for the collection of transport statistics (see also PE
		3.4).
		• Enhancement in coverage of website on the joint BIS, IMF, OECD, World
		Bank statistics on External Debt.
		• Implementation of the new national accounts questionnaire based on SNA
		93 and ESA 95, and sharing data among UNECE, UNSD, Eurostat and OECD.
		 Joint data collection by ECE and Eurostat of macro-economic data from the
		EU candidate countries (see also PE 3.1).
		 Development of a Common Questionnaire for Road Accident Statistics.
		20. stopment of a common questionnaire for front rectaint statistics.

		• OECD: The OECD to complete the test phase of the NAWWE initiative,
		the objective of which is to have countries update the tables of the
		questionnaire directly on their web-sites (see also PE 3.1)
6.1:	Attention of the	• Differences in pricing policies used by different national and international
	Conference is	statistical agencies in the dissemination of statistical information.
	drawn to the	• The increasing role of Internet in data collection. These innovations
	following	represent an opportunity to reduce the burden on NSOs. Further development
		of electronic data interchange standards (e.g. the XML-based standard for
		Statistical Data and Metadata Exchange (SDMX)) is expected to considerably
		enhance the use of Internet based data collection. However, in order to take
		·
		full advantage of this opportunity, a high level of coordination among
(1.	Daniniana	international organizations on data collection is required.
	Decisions	To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
	recommended	programme element (see "Activities of CES").
6.1:	Activities of ECE	Trends in Europe and North America: the statistical yearbook of the
	(CES)	ECE (Activity 2.4 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)
		Summary description:
		Preparation of a publication of the yearbook type, which has been published
		every two years. The target audience is the general public.
		Ultimate output:
		• 2005 issue of Trends in Europe and North America
		Detailed description:
		• Review the current publication and develop a new strategy for its production
		and dissemination in future.
		• Study possible synergies with work on other databases maintained by the
		Statistical Division.
		New activity:
		• Introduction of thematic maps using new software tools.
		Secretariat resources: Moderate
		See also: http://www.unece.org/stats/trend/trend_h.htm
6.1:	Activities of ECE	Public access to ECE statistical databases (Activity 2.6 of the 2004 UNECE
	(CES)	Statistical Programme)
		Summary description:
		Public dissemination of data collected and processed by ECE for its analytical
		activities, in particular the "Economic Survey of Europe", the Gender
		Statistics database, and "Trends in Europe and North America – the Statistical
		Yearbook of the ECE".
		Ultimate output:
		• WEB-accessible central database for all ECE data disseminated to the
		public.
		Detailed description:
		New activities:
		Statistical data series collected and processed for the economic analysis
		conducted by the UNECE will be organized by broad themes and delivered
		over the WEB by PC-AXIS. This dissemination service will include a
		metadata system in support of public users.
		Organize statistical data and text information presented in the Gender
		Statistics Website and in "Trends in Europe and North America" for public
		access via the WEB.
		Web access to the core national accounts series for all ECE countries using
		PX-Web.
		• Web access to a set of main tables of Trends using PX-Web.
		(see also PE 6.2: Economic data collection, analysis and advice, PE 4.10:
1		Gender Statistics Database, and PE 6.1: Trends in Europe and North America

		Secretariat resources: Moderate
		See also: http://www.unece.org/stats/data.htm
6 1.	Activities of ECE	Contribution to "UNECE Weekly" (Activity 2.8 of the 2004 UNECE
	(CES)	Statistical Programme)
	(CES)	Summary description:
		Contribution of statistical tables and information notes to "UNECE Weekly",
		newsletter introduced in 2003.
		Ultimate output:
		• Up-to-date, relevant and well presented statistical tables and information
		notes for the "UNECE Weekly"
		Detailed description:
		• Statistical tables are selected, formatted and submitted for inclusion in all
		issues of the "UNECE Weekly". Occasionally, statistical tables proposed by
		other Divisions are also checked.
		• Short articles are drafted and submitted for inclusion in "UNECE Weekly"
		on an ad-hoc basis, reflecting important events or news.
		• Short articles are also drafted and submitted for inclusion in "UNSD
		Newsletter" on an ad-hoc basis.
		Secretariat resources: Minimal
		See also:
		http://www.unece.org/highlights/unece_weekly/unece_weekly_index.htm
6 1	Activities of ECE	Statistical Journal of the UNECE (Activity 3.25 of the 2004 UNECE
	(CES)	Statistical Programme)
	(625)	Summary description:
		The UNECE Statistical Journal covers a wide range of statistical areas of
		international concern, including: statistical cooperation in Europe and North
		America; organization and operation of statistical services; methodological
		development and harmonization of statistics in different fields; conceptual
		development and frameworks; measurement issues related to specific topics.
		Ultimate output:
		• Four issues of the Journal per year.
		Detailed description:
		• The work on the preparation of the Statistical Journal is coordinated by an
		Editorial Board which:
		- Identifies potential authors and contributors of papers
		- Reviews and selects papers for publications
		- Coordinates the publishing process with the publisher (IOS Press)
		- Works towards publicising and disseminating the journal
		• The papers to be published in the journal are selected in different ways:
		- Papers voluntarily submitted by authors
		- Papers requested by the Editorial Board
		- Papers presented at meetings in the CES work programme (which are always
		posted on the ECE website).
		Secretariat resources: Moderate
		See also: http://www.unece.org/stats/publications/journal.e.htm

6.2	Title	Other statistically-related activities of the ECE secretariat
	Goal:	To provide effective statistical services to its customers with a high degree of
		professionalism
6.2:	Issues and	For ECE:
	problems:	• To collect statistical data and to provide other statistical support needed for
	1	the ECE's economic analysis (some macro-economic data from the EU
		candidate countries is collected jointly with Eurostat, see also PA 3:
		Economic statistics).
		• To develop and maintain a statistical database for this purpose with
		emphasis on countries under the transition process.
		• To provide statistical services to other ECE divisions.
		• To further develop electronic data interchange between national statistical
		offices and the ECE secretariat based on international standards developed
		within the Western European EDIFACT Board.
6.2:	Strategic medium-	For ECE:
	C	Database on macroeconomic data from market economy countries and
	· ·	transition economies; operational network for EDI collection of
		macroeconomic data from market economy and transition economies;
		periodic progress reports to the CES plenary sessions.
6.2:	Rapporteur:	ECE
6.2:	Expected Outcomes	Increasing availability on the WEB of a core set of macro-economic
		indicators for all economies in the ECE region
6.2:	Attention of the	Nothing.
	Conference was/is	
	drawn to the	
	following	
		To approve the activities to be undertaken by the Conference in this
		programme element (see "Activities of CES").
6.2:		Economic data collection, analysis and advice (Macroeconomic database)
	(CES)	(Activity 2.1 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)
		Summary description:
		Provide relevant, timely and harmonized statistics for economic analysis
		conducted by the ECE.
		Ultimate output:
		• Maintain database and produce timely and relevant statistical data for:
		• Economic Survey of Europe" (2 issues per year)
		Mid-year Review of Economic Conditions in ECE Region Structural and other and time in death according and assist studies.
		• Structural and other one-time in-depth economic and social studies
		 "Trends in Europe and North America" (2005) Public electronically accessible database (see Activity 2.6: Public access to
		ECE statistical databases)
		Detailed description:
		• Ongoing maintenance (collection, verification and analysis) of a database of
		over 50,000 economic time series covering 55 countries in the region, in the
		following areas:
		- National Accounts
		- Industrial Production
		- Industrial Production - Employment - Unemployment
		- Employment
		- Employment - Unemployment
		- Employment - Unemployment - Population

- Retail trade
- Investment outlays
- Prices
- Purchasing Power parities
- Exchange rates
- Interest rates, money supply
- Imports and exports
- Balance of payments
- Government expenditure, revenue and deficit
- Although the database covers all 55 ECE member countries, most of the resources are used for processing data on transition economies.
- One time collection, verification, analysis and compilation of detailed historical data sets as input to special economic and social studies:
- Evolution and adaptation of economic structures in the ECE region
- Analysis of intra-industry and other foreign trade patterns
- Development/implementation of statistical methodologies, as required, to enhance data quality and usefulness and to support analytical studies:
- Methods of regional aggregation for various series such as GDP, price indices, etc.
- Development, implementation, and maintenance of SQL-based software applications required to manage and provide access to data series, and to implement statistical methodologies.

Secretariat resources: Substantial

6.2: Activities of ECE (CES)

Statistical database advisory and support services (Activity 2.3 of the 2004 UNECE Statistical Programme)

Summary description:

Advisory and support services provided to other divisions regarding use of the ECE SQL database system for data management and the PC-Axis software family products for data dissemination.

Ultimate output:

- Ensure that the statistical assets of the Statistical Division and the ECE are properly documented and managed, and can be easily retrieved when required.

Detailed description:

- A database management system using MS SQL Server was developed by the Statistical Division to manage data series for the macroeconomic database. This system is also used by the Environment and Human Settlements Division for the Human Settlements Database, by the Population Activities Unit (Economic Analysis Division) for the Demographic Database and by the Transport Division for the transport statistics database (see Activity 6.3: Development and updating of the ECE population database; Activity 7.2: Collection, processing and dissemination of housing statistics; and Activity 9.1: Collection, processing and dissemination of transport statistics). The Statistical Division will support these other users to ensure the continuous good functioning of the system.

- The Statistical Division has completed the selection of a software tool (PC Axis family of products) for the public dissemination of time series via the Web. An implementation plan for the Statistical Division data was agreed and work is underway. The Statistical Division will provide support on the use of the PC-Axis system to other interested users. (see also PE 6.1: Public access to ECE Statistical Databases).

Secretariat resources: Minimal

See also: http://www.unece.org/stats/data.htm