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UNITED NATIONS OFFICE ON DRUGS AND CRIME

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Session 1 – Invited paper

COURT STATISTICS IN THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA

Submitted by Ministry of Justice, Slovenia*

I.

- 1. Court Statistics in the Republic of Slovenia is issued by Ministry of Justice in compliance with Article 74 of the Courts Act and Article 50 of the Court Code. The collected and processed data provide an overview particularly of the movement and adjudication of cases in courts, duration of proceedings, method of disposition, structure of some types old pending cases, backlogs as well as numbers of judges and court staff.
- 2. Courts statistics is issued as semi annual and annual journal where semi annual is based on data per 30th of June of year, while annual journal is based on data per 31st of December of the previous year. Journal is distributed to each court, Judicial Council, Government of Republic of Slovenia, National Assembly of Republic of Slovenia, Constitutional Court, Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia, to universities, to chambers of Notaries and Lawyers and as well as to Economic Chamber.
- 3. Court statistic journals from year 2001 on are published also on web site of Ministry.

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ORGANISATION OF COURTS IN REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA

4. Pursuant to Courts Act judicial authority in the Republic of Slovenia is exercised by local courts, district courts, high courts, Supreme court of Republic of Slovenia ads well as specialised courts.

Local courts (44) and **district courts** (11) are courts of first degree.

High courts (4) have jurisdiction on deciding at second instance on appeals against decisions of local and district courts in their territory, as well as deciding over the jurisdiction between local or district courts and deciding on the transfer of jurisdiction to another local or district courts in their territory.

Supreme court of the Republic of Slovenia has jurisdiction in adjudicating or deciding on administrative disputes, except where jurisdiction is conferred on another court of first instance by law (Administrative Court of the Republic of Slovenia), adjudicating on appeals at second instance against the decisions of afore mentioned courts, adjudicating at third instance on regular legal remedies against decisions of courts of second instance, and other matters determined by law.

- 5. Statistical data are collected and processed for each court, for each group of courts and for all courts together, as well as per types of cases.
- 6. Data from 2002 onward are collected by means of electronic questionnaires filled out at the Ministry's website. By collecting data in such way there are less possibilities for occurring of mistake at retyping data from paper into processing programmes. For this years' journal Ministry is preparing new program for collecting which will, among other, enable control of collected data by each court already before final processing, thus enabling early detection and correction of mistakes.
- 7. Movement of case is based on following data: unsolved cases at the beginning of statistical period, new cases, solved cases and unsolved cases at the end of statistical period.
- 8. Ministry of Justice is processing collected statistical data also for the purpose of preparing of legislation and taking part in establishing of needs for human resources.

1.a)

For Criminal Judiciary at **LOCAL COURTS** the following data are collected and processed:

- **Movement** of cases,
- **Time for writing a decision**: less than 8 days, from 8 to 30 days, from 1 month to 3 months, more than 3 months,
- Unsolved older cases, per starting year, beginning with 1980,

b)

Concerning particular cases, the following data are collected:

- Criminal cases,
- Criminal investigation acts,
- Various criminal cases,
- Acquitting of defendant.

c)

- **Detention**: in preliminary proceedings, after accusation act and number of cases where after detention there was no charge,
- **Duration of detention**: less than 3 days, from 4 to 15 days, from 16 to 30 days, from 1 month to 3 months, over 3 months.

- Number of appeals against detention, number of granted and number of rejected appeals,
- **House arrest** duration: less than 1 month, from 1 to 3 months, from 3 to 6 months and over 6 months; number of turning to detention,
- **Restraining order prohibiting approach to a certain person -** duration: less than 1 month, from 1 to 3 months, from 3 to 6 months and over 6 months; number of turning to detention,
- **Reporting at the police station -** duration: less than 1 month, from 1 to 3 months, from 3 to 6 months and over 6 months; number of turning to detention,
- **Charges** presented by: state prosecutor, private prosecutor, the injured party as prosecutor, cases, transferred from other courts and to other courts, after the reversed decision,
- **Number of solved cases:** by rejecting of charge, by acquitting, found guilty, stooping the procedures, by joining of cases,
- **Duration of procedure:** less than 3 months, from 3 to 6 months, from 6 month to 1 year, from 1 to 2 years, from 2 to 3 years and over 3 years,
- **Backlogs:** Article 50 of Courts Code determines that a case is deemed as backlog if it takes more than 18 months from obtaining of a case till issuing judgement at first instance in criminal cases and 6 months from obtaining a case till proceeding to a state prosecutor in preliminary proceedings.

2.a)

For Criminal Judiciary at **DISTRICT COURTS** the following data are collected and processed:

- Movement of criminal cases,
- **Time for writing a decision**: less than 8 days, from 8 to 30 days, from 1 month to 3 months, more than 3 months,
- Unsolved older cases, per starting year, beginning with 1980.

b)

Concerning particular cases, the following data are collected:

- Criminal cases,
- Criminal investigation acts,
- Investigations,
- Various criminal cases,
- Juvenile cases detention,
- Juvenile criminal cases,
- Acquitting of defendant,
- Non trial penal,
- Execution of imprisonment,
- Execution of sentences of foreign courts.

c)

- **Detention**: in preliminary proceedings, after accusation act and number of cases where after detention there was no charge,
- **Duration of detention**: less than 3 days, from 4 to 15 days, from 16 to 30 days, from 1 month to 3 months, over 3 months,
- Number of appeals against detention, number of granted and number of rejected appeals,
- **House arrest** duration: less than 1 month, from 1 to 3 months, from 3 to 6 months and over 6 months; number of turning to detention,

- **Restraining order prohibiting approach to a certain person** duration: less than 1 month, from 1 to 3 months, from 3 to 6 months and over 6 months; number of turning to detention,
- **Reporting at the police station -** duration: less than 1 month, from 1 to 3 months, from 3 to 6 months and over 6 months; number of turning to detention,
- **Investigation** duration: less than 1 month, from 1 to 3 months, from 3 to 6 months, 6 months to 1 year and over 1 year,
- Appeals against investigation judge's decision appeals against starting of investigation, appeals against other decisions, number of granted and number of rejected appeals,
- **Charges** presented by: state prosecutor, private prosecutor, the injured party as prosecutor, cases, transferred from other courts and to other courts, after the reversed decision,
- **Number of solved cases:** by rejecting of charge, by acquitting, found guilty, stooping the procedures, by joining of cases,
- **Duration of procedure:** less than 3 months, from 3 to 6 months, from 6 month to 1 year, from 1 to 2 years, from 2 to 3 years and over 3 years,
- **Juveniles** proceedings stopped, sentence pronounced, educational measure pronounced, resolved in other way,
- **Duration of procedure:** less than 3 months, from 3 to 6 months, over 6 month,
- **Juvenile detention** in preliminary proceedings, by a panel of judges, proceedings stopped,
- **Duration of detention:** less than 3 days, from 3 to 5 days, from 15 to 30 days, over 1 month,
- Renewal of a case number of granted and number of rejected cases,
- Backlogs: Article 50 of Courts Code determines that a case is deemed as backlog if it takes more than 18 months from obtaining of a case till issuing judgement at first instance in criminal cases, 18 months from obtaining a case till proceeding to a state prosecutor after investigation, 6 months from obtaining a case till proceeding to a state prosecutor in preliminary proceedings, 6 months from obtaining a case till proceeding to a state prosecutor in preliminary proceedings in juvenile cases and 1 year from obtaining of a case till issuing judgement at first instance in criminal cases against juvenile.

3.)a

For Criminal Judiciary at **HIGH COURTS** the following data are collected and processed:

- **Movement** of criminal cases at second instance: appeal by defendant, by state prosecutor, private prosecutor, defendant and prosecutor;
- Number of rejected appeals,
- Number of confirmed, reversed /reason, changed decisions,
- **Punishment:** increased or reduced.
- **Duration:** less than 1 month, from 1 to 3 months, over 3 months,
- **Backlogs:** Article 50 of Courts Code determines that a case is deemed as backlog if it takes more than 6 months from obtaining of a case till issuing judgement.

4.)a

For Criminal Judiciary at the **SUPREME COURT OF REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA** the following data are collected and processed:

- Movement of criminal cases at third instance, number of rejected appeals,
- Number of rejected appeals,
- Number of confirmed, reversed /reason, changed decisions,
- Punishment: increased or reduced,
- Request for protection of legality in criminal cases,
- Extraordinary mitigation of punishment.

These are data that are collected at present by Ministry of Justice.

- 9. Courts are collecting also other data in criminal procedures, proceeding them to the Statistical Office of Republic of Slovenia, which is processing and publishing them.
- 10. It has also already been agreed by representatives of Ministry of Justice, Supreme Court of Republic of Slovenia ant Judicial Council, that each of them should present future solutions to other parties, in order to achieve compatibility, in some day in future, also a joint system, in which
- 11. It has been also established that in Republic of Slovenia the level of statistical information available is very high, which provides good basis for estimation on future courts workload. But at the same time it has been also established that there is not enough coordination between gathering of data and reporting. Numerous bodies collect similar data for different purposes and in different form, which leads to duplication of work.
- 12. With respect to gathering statistical data it is obvious that more coordination in data collecting, analysing, reporting and making recommendations should be achieved between the Ministry of Justice, the Supreme Court and the Judicial Council. Main task should be monitoring of the performance of the courts, identifying of priorities and making recommendations upon relocation of resources. Furthermore the goal should be to achieve more often report of data, which should not mean additional burden but should mean only quick and efficient way of monitoring of courts' work.
- 13. One of possibilities, with regard to the above ascertainments, would be creation of a Coordination Committee, with equal representation of Ministry of Justice, Supreme Court and Judicial Council, with consideration of provisions of Court Code, which defines that:
- statistical service is executed by court upon instructions of Ministry of Justice, and competent statistical body for collecting and analysing of statistical data,
- for execution of statistical researches Ministry of Justice issues methodological instructions for statistical researches upon court operation. Statistical forms are part of such instructions.
- 14. Such Coordination Committee could work within such frame, or certain advisory competences could be assigned to it by amending of Court Code.

- 15. Possible tasks respectively competencies of the Coordination Committee could be:
- Defining of level of access to the data base to certain body;
- Restoring of technical possibilities for gradual unification or at least compatibility of systems of data gathering and analysing;
- Keeping of records of needs for introduction or unification of statistical researches, providing their comparability.
- 16. It has to be said that courts are making great effort in putting all registered data for particular procedures in electronic way. After these goal will be achieved, a basis for collecting and proceeding of statistical data will be available, and these basis will be a part of system, where by defining of rights for use of certain data users will be allowed to process them for their use.

II. Other institutions that collect and publish statistical data on crime statistics, in direct relation to court procedures

1.

17. Ministry of Justice is responsible also for the prison system in Slovenia and in 1995 the **National Prison Administration** was established as a body within the Ministry of Justice.

The National Prison Administration carries out administrative and expert tasks pertinent to:

- serving of sentences,
- organisation and management of prisons and the correctional centre,
- ensuring of financial, material, staff, technical and other conditions for the operation of prisons,
- staff training,
- exercise of rights and obligations of persons deprived of liberty.
- 18. National Prison Administration is issuing a yearly report, where statistical data, concerning prisoners, punishments, work with and of prisoners, their education, health insurance, medical and special treatments like dependence of alcohol and drugs, as well as disciplinary procedures against prisoners is available.
- 19. In Slovenia, prison sentences sentences that most severely affect a person's right to freedom of movement are served in six prisons, with facilities at 13 different locations and two of them are open departments.
- 20. If a prisoner is given a prison sentence of up to three years, the court can order the sentence to be served in an open institution. If the imposed prison sentence is up to five years, the court can order the sentence to be served in a semi-open institution.
- 21. A prison sentence may be imposed for a term not shorter than fifteen days and not longer than fifteen years. The sentence of thirty years of imprisonments may alternatively be prescribed for the intentional committing of the most serious crimes.
- 22. A prison sentence of less than three months can be replaced by performing community work for humanitarian organisations or for the local community, which is the court decision.

2.

- 23. Statistical data are also collected by **State prosecution**, which is also issuing a yearly report, where statistical data on perpetrators and criminal proceedings, led by state prosecution against them, are published.
- 24. There has already legal basis been given that statistical researches upon work of state prosecutors will be published by Ministry of Justice, but it still has to be implemented.

3.

25. Data on crime statistics are also collected, proceeded and issued by Statistical office of Republic of Slovenia.

They collect data with the following statistical questionnaires:

- on an adult against whom the procedures after the criminal complaint and preliminary proceedings have been finished,
- on an accused adult against whom the criminal procedure has been legally finished,
- on a juvenile against whom the procedure after the criminal complaint and preliminary proceedings have been finished,
- on a juvenile against whom the criminal procedure before the senate has been legally finished,
- on a legal person against which the procedure after the criminal complaint and preliminary proceedings for crime have been finished,
- on a legal person against which the procedure for crime has been legally finished.

Data are obtained on monthly basis while data processing is performed once a year for the calendar year.

III.

- 26. It can be said that Ministry of Justice can influence the way the statistical data upon crime statistics is collected and published within judiciary, as it has legal basis for issuing respective instructions for data collecting, processing and publishing.
- 27. As a conclusion it has to be repeated that with respect to gathering statistical data more coordination in data collecting, analysing, reporting and making recommendations should be achieved between the Ministry of Justice, the Supreme Court and the Judicial Council, with adding also State prosecution. Main task should be monitoring of the performance of the courts, identifying of priorities and making recommendations upon relocation of resources.
- 28. But it also has to be said that at present, as there are little financial resources available, which would enable establishing of completely new system, it is reasonable to equalize, step by step, in frame of present competencies and present state of informatisation, existing collections of statistical data, and enable transfer and use of this data to Ministry of Justice, Supreme Court, Judicial Council and State prosecution.
- 29. For informational purpose I am including some tables on criminal statistics, unfortunately from Statistical journal for 2002, as later journals have not been translated into English.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT COURTS

Criminal cases

a) A gain st Adults (K)

Duration of proceedings in criminal cases (K)

Table 1

Courts	Year	up to 3	3-6 m.	6 m1 year	over 1 year
		m.			
District	2001	17.0%	13.5%	17.7%	51.8%
	2002	15.9%	13.8%	21.5%	48.8%
Local	2001	13.3%	8.9%	14.5%	63.3%
	2002	13.25%	10.24%	15.25%	61.24%

Method of disposing cases in criminal cases against adults (K)

Table 2

District Courts	2001 in%	2002 in%
by a judgement of refusal	5.8%	5.9%
by a judgement acquitting the defendant	7.9%	9.3%
• by a judgement finding the defendant guilty	71.6%	70.7%
by stopping the proceedings	8.9%	9.6%
• by a joinder of cases	5.8%	4.5%
Local Courts	2001 in%	2002 in%
by a judgement of refusal	10.9%	11.42%
by a judgement acquitting the defendant	5.2%	5.19%
• by a judgement finding the defendant guilty	44.8%	42.60%
by stopping the proceedings	28.4%	29.32%
• by a joinder of cases	10.7%	11.46%

b) against minors in preliminary proceedings and in proceedings before the juvenile panel (Km, Kmp)

Duration of proceedings in juvenile criminal cases

Table 3

Year	up to 3 m.	3-6 months	over 6 months
2001	31.6%	32.0%	36.4%
2002	38.2%	26.2%	35.6%

LOCAL COURTS

Table 4

		Pending	New	Total no.	Resolved	Pending	Difference%
		cases on	cases	of cases	cases	cases on	01.01.2002
		01.01.2002				31.12.2002	31.12.2002
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
ALL (CASES	441648	392030	833678	346838	486840	10.2%
ALL I	MAJOR CASES	80209	49012	129221	58526	70695	-11.9%
K	criminal	18066	10338	28404	10977	17427	-3.5%
Kpd	criminal investig.	2455	3253	5708	3517	2191	-10.8%
	activities						
Kr	various criminal cases	550	2910	3460	2885	575	4.5%
Po	pardon	7	27	34	25	9	28.6%
P	litigation	39953	15249	55202	21696	33506	-16.1%
Pl	payment orders	27	1776	1803	1783	20	-25.9%
I	enforcement	106712	88634	195346	46753	148593	39.2%
Ig	commercial enforcement	35275	41502	76777	26543	50234	42.4%
In	real-estate	12667	7000	19667	4789	14878	17.5%
Z	insurance	2672	9119	11791	9660	2131	-20.2%
D	inheritance	16881	21387	38268	23563	14705	-12.9%
N	non-contentious	5309	2038	7347	2290	5057	-4.7%
Dn	land register	198810	169661	368471	173278	195193	-1.8%
Rz	various land register cases	585	5873	6458	5757	701	19.8%
Pom	legal aid	475	3339	3814	3316	498	4.8%
Pr	detention	99	3083	3182	3156	26	-73.7%
R	various civil cases	1105	6841	7946	6850	1096	-0.8%

MAJOR CASES:

criminal cases (K), litigation (P), inheritance (D) and non-contentious major cases (N) No. of land certificates issued 394,968

1. CRIMINAL CASES (K)

Table 5

COURT LOCAL COURT	Pending	New	Total no.	Resolved	Pending	Difference
CODE	cases on	cases	of cases	cases	cases on	in%
	01.01.2002				31.12.2002	01.01.2002
						31.12.2002
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
TOTAL	18066	10338	28404	10977	17427	-3.5%
500 ajdovšcina	154	41	195	73	122	-20.8%
501 Brežice	421	181	602	233	369	-12.4%
502 CELJE	842	517	1359	452	907	7.7%
503 CERKNICA	61	54	115	51	64	4.9%
504 CRNOMELJ	108	173	281	169	112	3.7%
505 domžale	686	263	949	225	724	5.5%
506 GORNJA RADGONA	151	120	271	149	122	-19.2%
507 GROSUPLJE	200	128	328	136	192	-4.0%
509 idrija	43	38	81	42	39	-9.3%
508 ILIRSKA BISTRICA	141	92	233	67	166	17.7%
510 JESENICE	153	130	283	105	178	16.3%
511 KAMNIK	130	100	230	95	135	3.8%
513 KOPER	551	313	864	310	554	0.5%
512 KOCEVJE	295	212	507	200	307	4.1%
514 KRANJ	569	320	889	443	446	-21.6%
515 KRŠKO	468	194	662	234	428	-8.5%
516 LENART	86	61	147	40	107	24.4%
517 LENDAVA	200	180	380	174	206	3.0%
518 LITIJA	72	86	158	52	106	47.2%
519 LJUBLJANA	4871	2128	6999	2102	4897	0.5%
520 LJUTOMER	70	75	145	108	37	-47.1%
521 MARIBOR	1207	727	1934	813	1121	-7.1%
522 MURSKA SOBOTA	590	366	956	445	511	-13.4%
554 NOVA GORICA	276	148	424	196	228	-17.4%
523 NOVO MESTO	345	400	745	398	347	0.6%
524 ORMOŽ	50	53	103	55	48	-4.0%
525 PIRAN 526 POSTOJNA	492	252	744	241	503	2.2%
526 POSTOJNA 527 PTUJ	69	125	194	107	87	26.1%
528 RADOVLJICA	1142 226	436 154	1578 380	565 152	1013 228	-11.3% 0.9%
529 SEVNICA	65	91	156	106	50	-23.1%
530 SEŽANA	411	151	562	131	431	4.9%
532 SLOVENJ GRADEC	564	433	997	441	556	-1.4%
531 SLOVENSKA BISTRICA	194	120	314	160	154	-20.6%
533 SLOVENSKE KONJICE	123	153	276	161	115	-6.5%
534 ŠENTJUR PRI CELJU	200	112	312	99	213	6.5%
535 ŠKOFJA LOKA	215	118	333	164	169	-21.4%
536 ŠMARJE PRI JELŠAH	299	119	418	193	225	-24.7%
537 TOLMIN	54	42	96	49	47	-13.0%
538 TRBOVLJE	161	170	331	132	199	23.6%
539 TREBNJE	62	73	135	100	35	-43.5%
540 VELENJE	598	363	961	409	552	-7.7%
541 VRHNIKA	180	153	333	189	144	-20.0%
542 žalec	271	173	444	211	233	-14.0%

DISTRICT COURTS

Table 6

COURT		Pending	New	Total no. of	Resolved	Pending	Difference in
		cases on	cases	cases	cases	cases on	01.01.2002
		01.01.2002				31.12.2002	31.12.2002
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		49127	106044	155171	11134	43825	-10.8%
ALL (CASES				6		
		39765	25474	65239	29250	35989	-9.5%
ALL N	IAJOR CASES						
K	criminal	5523	3594	9117	3439	5678	2.8%
Kpd	criminal investigation activities	126	7135	7261	7115	146	15.9%
Kpr	investigations	3479	3329	6808	3657	3151	-9.4 %
Kr	various criminal	141	2744	2885	2731	154	9.2%
Kmp	juvenile crime – prelim.	1185	1597	2782	1699	1083	-8.6%
	proceedings						
Km	juvenile criminal cases	395	828	1223	921	302	-23.5%
Po	pardon	33	121	154	119	35	6.1%
Ks	non-trial panel	361	6276	6637	6117	520	44.0%
IKZ	carrying out of prison sentence	344	1527	1871	1475	396	15.1%
IKZt	enforcement of foreign judgements	1	1	2	2	0	-
							100.0%
Pp	decisions on human rights and	6	85	91	82	9	50.0%
	freedoms						
P	litigation	13694	9468	23162	9554	13608	-0.6%
Pl	payment orders	4	18	22	11	11	175.0%
Pom	legal aid	285	1662	1947	1615	332	16.5%
Pom-i	international legal aid	526	3137	3663	3102	561	6.7%
R	various civil	236	3460	3696	3394	302	28.0%
Rg	various civil commercial	80	15705	15785	15737	48	-40.0%
Ov-i	foreign authentications	0	1664	1664	1664	0	
Ov-H	authentications according to the	0	4726	4726	4726	0	
	Hague Convention						
Pg	commercial litigation	15745	7491	23236	11045	12191	-22.6%
Plg	commercial payment orders	14	203	217	201	16	14.3%
St-pp	compulsory settlement	60	136	196	127	69	15.0%
St-st	bankruptcy	929	764	1693	634	1059	14.0%
St-rl	regular liquidation	32	17	49	18	31	-3.1%
Srg	court register	5689	27178	32867	29240	3627	-36.2%
Ng	non-contentious (commercial)	13	108	121	104	17	30.8%
Bpp	free legal aid	226	3070	3296	2817	479	111.9%

CRIMINAL CASES (K) Table 7

COURT DISTRICT COURT	Pending	New	Total no.	Resolved	Pending	Difference%
CODE	cases on	cases	of cases	cases	cases on	01.01.2002
	01.01.2002				30.12.2002	31.12.2002
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
TOTAL	5523	3594	9117	3439	5678	2.8%
543 CELJE	887	377	1264	338	926	4.4%
544 KOPER	515	369	884	278	606	17.7%
553 KRANJ	358	234	592	280	312	-12.8%
545 KRŠKO	254	137	391	135	256	0.8%
546 LJUBLJANA	1391	1065	2456	1018	1438	3.4%
547 MARIBOR	812	420	1232	460	772	-4.9%
548 MURSKA	420	216	636	256	380	-9.5%
SOBOTA						
549 NOVA GORICA	196	219	415	181	234	19.4%
550 NOVO MESTO	174	150	324	201	123	-29.3%
551 PTUJ	311	252	563	166	397	27.7%
552 SLOVENJ	205	155	360	126	234	14.1%
GRADEC						

${\bf CRIMINAL\ INVESTIGATION\ ACTIVITIES\ (\ Kpd\)}$

Table 8

COURT DISTRICT COURT	Pending	New	Total no.	Resolved	Pending	Difference%
CODE	cases on	cases	of cases	cases	cases on	01.01.2002
	01.01.2002				30.12.2002	31.12.2002
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
TOTAL	126	7135	7261	7115	146	15.9%
543 CELJE	3	848	851	835	16	433.3%
544 KOPER	5	1049	1054	1032	22	340.0%
553 KRANJ	9	362	371	351	20	122.2%
545 KRŠKO	1	342	343	343	0	-100.0%
546 LJUBLJANA	57	1795	1852	1811	41	-28.1%
547 MARIBOR	11	921	932	922	10	-9.1%
548 MURSKA	12	476	488	476	12	
SOBOTA						
549 NOVA GORICA	13	243	256	250	6	-53.8%
550 NOVO MESTO	6	414	420	418	2	-66.7%
551 PTUJ	0	428	428	423	5	
552 SLOVENJ	9	257	266	254	12	33.3%
GRADEC						

HIGH COURTS – TYPES OF CASES

Table 9

	ALL CASES	PENDING	NEW	TOTAL	RESOLV	PENDING	PENDING
		CASES ON	CASES	NO. OF	ED	CASES ON	ON
		01.01.2002		CASES	CASES	31.12.02	01.01.2002
							31.12.2002
							difference
							in%
	TOTAL	13449	25650	39099	26863	12236	-9.0%
Kp	criminal cases at 2nd	1220	4707	5927	4062	1865	52.9%
	instance						
Kr	various criminal cases	1	457	458	450	8	700.0%
Ср	civil cases at 2nd	8785	13964	22749	15327	7422	-15.5%
_	instance						
R	various civil cases	23	1210	1233	1217	16	-30.4%
Rg	various commercial	8	313	321	277	44	450.0%
	cases and 2nd instance						
Cpg	commercial disputes at	3412	4999	8411	5530	2881	-15.6%
	2 nd instance						

CRIMINAL CASES AT SECOND INSTANCE (Kp)

Table 10

COUR	T HIGH COURT	Pending	New cases	Total no.	Resolved	Pending	Difference
CODE		cases on		of cases	cases	cases on	in%
		01.01.2002				30.12.2002	01.01.2002
							31.12.2002
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	TOTAL	1220	4707	5927	4062	1865	52.9%
103	CELJE	45	459	504	463	41	-8.9%
104	KOPER	388	627	1015	583	432	11.3%
101	LJUBLJANA	271	2316	2587	2102	485	79.0%
102	MARIBOR	516	1305	1821	914	907	75.8%

SUPREME COURT OF THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA

Movement of cases

ALL CASES	PENDING CASES ON	NEW CASES	NO. OF		PENDING CASES ON 31.12.02	Pending cases 1.1./31.12.
	01.01.2002					difference in%
TOTAL	3.596	3979	7575	3663	3912	8.8%
CRIMINAL DIVISION	744	787	1531	908	623	-16.3%
CIVIL DIVISION	423	931	1354	896	458	8.3%
COMMERCIAL DIVISION	82	215	297	218	79	-3.7%
ADMINISTRATIVE	2120	1660	3780	1292	2488	17.4%
DIVISION						
LABOUR AND SOCIAL	227	386	613	349	264	16.3%
DIVISION						

DURATION OF PROCEEDINGS IN MAJOR CASES AT DISTRICT AND LOCAL COURTS

1. Duration of proceedings in criminal cases (\boldsymbol{K}) at district courts Table $\boldsymbol{11}$

		up to 3 m.	_	6 m1	over 1 year
			months	year	
	TOTAL	15.90%	13.78%	21.46%	48.87%
543	CELJE	10.64%	4.86%	9.73%	74.77%
544	KOPER	12.08%	16.23%	20.38%	51.32%
553	KRANJ	12.82%	5.49%	25.27%	56.41%
545	KRŠKO	19.67%	5.74%	9.84%	64.75%
546	LJUBLJANA	15.24%	17.95%	26.51%	40.29%
547	MARIBOR	18.06%	11.67%	14.10%	56.17%
548	MURSKA	15.66%	4.02%	16.47%	63.86%
	SOBOTA				
549	NOVA GORICA	27.27%	31.25%	15.91%	25.57%
550	NOVO MESTO	15.98%	10.82%	41.75%	31.44%
551	PTUJ	25.61%	21.34%	25.61%	27.44%
552	SLOVENJ	9.60%	23.20%	26.40%	40.80%
	GRADEC				

2. Duration of proceedings in criminal cases (K) at local courts ${f Table~12}$

			up to 3	3-6	6 m1	over 1
			m.	months	year	year
	TOTAL		13.25%	10.24%	15.27%	-
500	AJDOVŠCINA		15.38%	4.62%	3.08%	76.92%
501	BREŽICE		17.98%	3.51%	2.19%	76.32%
502	CELJE		9.13%	10.69%	14.25%	65.92%
503	CERKNICA		31.37%	7.84%	23.53%	37.25%
504	CRNOMELJ		45.24%	26.79%	15.48%	12.50%
505	DOMŽALE		4.65%	2.79%	5.58%	86.98%
506	GORNJA RADGO	NA	24.16%	37.58%	20.81%	17.45%
507	GROSUPLJE		17.29%	6.77%	9.02%	66.92%
509	IDRIJA		28.57%	16.67%	23.81%	30.95%
508	ILIRSKA BISTRIC	CA	38.71%	25.81%	19.35%	16.13%
510	JESENICE		4.85%	5.83%	32.04%	57.28%
511	KAMNIK		11.11%	7.78%	13.33%	67.78%
512	KOCEVJE		6.03%	13.57%	19.60%	60.80%
513	KOPER		1.73%	0.35%	9.00%	88.93%
514	KRANJ		10.78%	8.72%	20.87%	59.63%
515	KRŠKO		4.44%	3.11%	1.78%	90.67%
516	LENART		0.00%	5.00%	42.50%	52.50%
517	LENDAVA		14.37%	24.14%	26.44%	35.06%
518	LITIJA		7.84%	5.88%	60.78%	25.49%
519	LJUBLJANA		6.12%	6.17%	6.47%	81.23%
520	LJUTOMER		22.22%	62.96%	9.26%	5.56%
521	MARIBOR		11.39%	12.02%	14.77%	61.83%
522	MURSKA SOBOT	Α	35.45%	25.68%	2.95%	6.82%
554	NOVA GORICA		8.95%	9.47%	22.11%	59.47%
523	NOVO MESTO ORMOŽ		8.48%	16.20%	43.96%	31.36%
524	PIRAN		45.45%	5.45%	16.36%	32.73%
525 526	POSTOJNA		6.85% 20.56%	10.05% 49.53%	8.68% 20.56%	74.43% 9.35%
527	PTUJ		11.13%		20.36% 5.57%	79.53%
527	RADOVLJICA		13.51%	3.77% 17.57%	22.30%	46.62%
528 529	SEVNICA			17.57%		
530	SEŽANA		32.08% 26.89%	15.09%	1.68%	69.75%
531	SLOV. BISTRICA		17.02%	4.20%	24.94%	53.85%
532	SLOVENJ GRADE		10,78%	5.03%	9.43%	19.50%
533	SLOVEN, KONJIC		43,97%	31.88%	25.63%	18.75%
534	ŠENTJUR		14.14%	10.10%	14.14%	61.62%
535	ŠKOFJA LOKA		4.88%	7.32%	14.63%	73.17%
536	ŠMARJE		10.58%	5.29%	10.05%	74.07%
537	TOLMIN		40.00%	13.33%	20.00%	26.67%
538	TRBOVLJE		19.38%	24.81%	25.58%	30.23%
539	TREBNJE		36.00%	23.00%	24.00%	17.00%
540	VELENJE		15.40%	11.25%	31.78%	41.56%
541	VRHNIKA		18.18%	21.39%	27.81%	32.62%
542	ŽALEC		18.93%	5.83%	18.9%	56.31%