



# Core Set of Gender-Sensitive Indicators for the Agricultural Sector

UNECE 2002



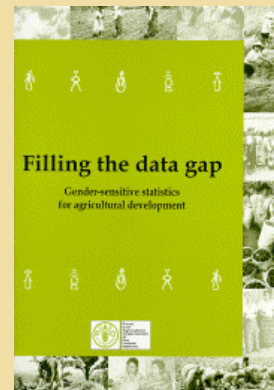
## A Preliminary Proposal



# Introduction

Challenge

- Gender blindness of agricultural data and indicators
- FAO response: guidelines, training, retabulation, tech. support to censuses





# Gender Analysis Framework

SEAGA

## SEAGA Framework:

- Three levels: Field, Intermediate, Macro
- Concepts, tools to focus on rural HHs and individuals, gender roles, responsibilities in context



# GSI and Agricultural Census Data

WCA 2000

FAO technical support in agricultural statistics and gender analysis through the World Census of Agriculture 2000:

- Data base of internationally comparable figures
- FAO guidelines on procedures
- Census categories: tabulation of sex of head of holding/plot mgr.
- Limited set of census data collected/ posted by FAO





## Proposed Core Set of GSI

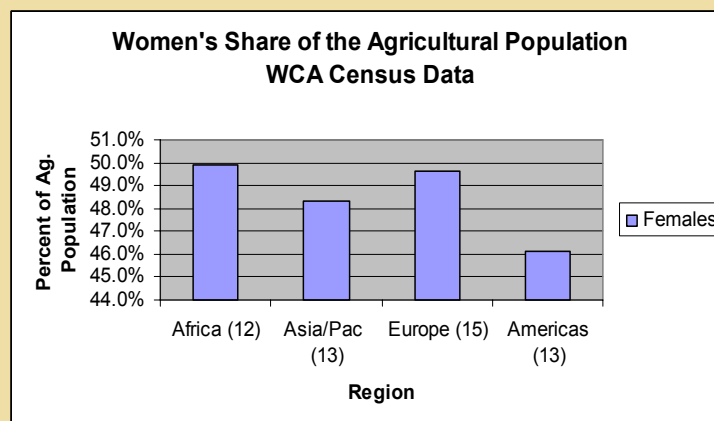
Ag. Census

Gender Analysis Question	CSD Sub-theme	Indicator
Who does what?	Role of Women	M/F ratio labor force
Who owns what?	Ownership of Ag. Land	Female share ag. holdings
Who has access to/controls what?	Use of Farm Machinery	M/F ratio equip. use
Who has access to/controls what?	Use of Fertilizer	M/F HH fertilizer use
Who has access to/controls what?	Use of Ag. Pesticides	M/F HH ratio pesticide use



## Illustration of Selected Indicators

WCA 2000 Data





## Issues and Challenges

### Attributes

- **Specificity**: resource use vs. control
- **Validity**: labor for agricultural tasks
- **Reliability**: metadata important for assessing
- **Cost-effective**: depends on use by policy makers



## Recommendations



- Periodic Review of Core Set
- Train, sensitize to promote use
- Address specificity issues
- Encourage consistent use of standard concepts, etc.
- Limit number of indicators: replace, don't add

