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CONFERENCE OF EUROPEAN STATISTICIANS

Forty-ninth plenary session (Geneva, 11-13 June 2001)

PROGRAMMES OF INTERNATIONAL STATISTICAL WORK IN THE ECE REGION, 2001/2002 AND 2002/2003: AN INTEGRATED PRESENTATION

(Pre-plenary session version)

INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW

Purpose of this document and its addenda

- 1. The main purposes of the plenary sessions of the Conference of European Statisticians are for the Conference to coordinate the statistically related work that various international and supranational organizations carry out in the ECE region, and for the Conference to decide on its future work programme. The CES plenary session has become the forum in which the work programmes of all other international and supranational agencies active in the ECE and OECD areas (including the European Union) are considered and reviewed in the context of the CES programme. Although the Conference has no jurisdiction over the work programmes of other agencies because they have their own decision-making bodies, the Conference has authority based on its comprehensive and very senior membership, and its longstanding history of scrutinising and co-ordinating international statistical work.
- 2. Increasingly, too, as this document and its addenda show, expert meetings are organised jointly by two or more agencies such as the ECE with Eurostat, OECD and other international organizations.
- 3. The most important document for the plenary session is always therefore this Integrated Presentation Programme of Work of the 25 or so international agencies active in the ECE and OECD areas. This single comprehensive document is intended to bring together all the information necessary to enable the plenary session to make well-informed decisions about future work in its own programme and to comment and give advice on statistical work planned to be undertaken by other institutions. It is important to note too that the work is considered in the light of objectives defined by national statistical offices rather than by international secretariats. More details are given under the heading "Background information" below.

4. This version of the Integrated Presentation was prepared for review by the Conference of European Statisticians at its 2001 plenary session. It contains, among other things, in each field of statistics, the list of subjects that the Bureau decided should be brought to the attention of the Conference, and the proposed decisions that the Bureau recommends the Conference to take at the plenary session.

Mandate of the Conference

- 5. The Integrated Presentation and the programme of work of the Conference provides the structure within which the plenary session of the Conference of European Statisticians provides guidance and direction in pursuing its objectives as confirmed by the Conference at its 1991 plenary session, as follows (see ECE/CES/38, Annex II, para. 2):
 - to improve national statistics and their international comparability having regard to the recommendations of the Statistical Commission of the United Nations, the Specialized Agencies and other appropriate bodies, as necessary;
 - to promote close co-ordination of the statistical activities in Europe of international organizations so as to achieve greater uniformity in concepts and definitions and to reduce to a minimum the burdens on national statistical offices; and
 - to respond to any emerging need for international statistical cooperation arising out of transition, integration and other processes of cooperation both within the ECE region and between the ECE region and other regions.

Background information

- 6. The Integrated Presentation contained in this document and in its six addenda, each dealing with a different work area, provides an overview of the international statistical work that is planned to be carried out in the next two years by all of the major international organizations that is likely to have an impact on ECE, EU and OECD countries. The Integrated Presentation also provides summary information on the planned future statistically-related work programme of the UN/ECE, Eurostat, OECD and approximately two dozen other international organizations working in this region.
- 7. This version of the Integrated Presentation was prepared for review by the Conference at its 2001 plenary session. It is intended to assist the Conference in carrying out its primary role of coordinating the international statistical work that is planned to be carried out by international organizations in the next two years that is of relevance to ECE, EU and OECD countries. Countries also use the Integrated Presentation as a valuable tool for coordination at the national level, as a tool for helping them in deciding on their participation in different meetings convened by the various international organizations.
- 8. In many of the programme elements contained in this version of the Integrated Presentation there are references to various issues in individual fields of statistics that the Bureau of the Conference considered warranted being brought to the attention of the Conference at the plenary session. These issues are listed in the Integrated Presentation in each programme element under the heading "Attention of the Conference is drawn to the following". It also lists under the heading "Decisions recommended by the CES Bureau to the 2001 plenary session" various decisions that the Bureau recommends the Conference to take in each work area at the plenary session.
- 9. The major innovations that the CES Bureau has introduced into this year's version of the Integrated Presentation are the following:

- a) The Bureau conducted an in-depth review of Programme Activities 1, 2 and 4 (see Table 1) since the 2000 plenary session. (The Bureau conducts similar types of in-depth reviews of three programme activities each year, so as to ensure that the entire work programme is reviewed in depth every two years).
- b) **Review of some parts of the Integrated Presentation in greater depth**: In accordance with past practise, because of the large size of the Integrated Presentation, rather than reviewing each of the 48 or so programme elements in turn at the plenary session, the Conference now generally reviews a few programme elements in depth. The three programme elements or work areas that the Bureau has selected to be reviewed in depth at this year's plenary session are listed below. They will be reviewed primarily on the basis of a paper that a country has contributed and a paper that the Rapporteur or some other international organization has contributed.
 - The Internet and the dissemination of statistics (parts of Programme Elements 2.1 and 2.3): The United Kingdom and the ECE secretariat, as Rapporteur, will contribute papers that will serve as the basis of the Conference's review of this work area (CES/2001/5-6 and CES/2001/3/Add.2).
 - New manuals and standards in the field of economic statistics, and their inter-relationships and their relationship with SNA '93 (parts of PEs 3.1 and 3.2): The IMF and the ECE secretariat will contribute a paper that will serve as the basis of the Conference's review of this work area (CES/2001/7, CES/2001/10/Add.1 and CES/2001/3/Add.3).
 - Measuring the new economy, and adapting to it (this is a cross-cutting topic affecting several PEs in the field of economic statistics): Canada and the OECD will contribute papers that will serve as the basis of the Conference's review of this work area (CES/2001/8-9 and CES/2001/3/Add. 3).
- c) Review of other parts of the Integrated Presentation: At previous plenary sessions, after the Conference had reviewed the three selected subjects in depth, about 30-40 minutes was reserved to permit the Conference to review the 40 or so remaining Programme Elements in a more general or cursory manner. At this year's plenary session, a much more brief period of time will be available for this, and a different procedure will be used. For this year's plenary session, the ECE secretariat will send a circular letter to national statistical offices around late April or early May, together with a complete set of the Integrated Presentation. Countries will be asked in that letter to review the material in the Integrated Presentation for these 40 or so Programme Elements, and to inform the secretariat in writing prior to the plenary session of any issues that they would like to raise for discussion at the plenary session concerning them. The Chairman of the Conference will then bring the list of those issues to the attention of the plenary session. The Bureau hopes that this procedure will enable these 40 or so Programme Elements to be dealt with at the plenary session more quickly and efficiently than was the case at earlier plenary sessions.
- d) Use of new section headings in this year's version of the Integrated Presentation: In this year's version of the Integrated Presentation, some new headings of sections of each Programme Element are used such as "Problem statement" (in place of "Objectives over the next several years" that was used in earlier editions of the Integrated Presentation) and ""Strategic medium-term goals" (in place of expected collective output in the next two years" that was used in earlier editions of the IP). The Conference agreed at its 2000 plenary session to this new change in the wording of section headings so that the headings would be more consistent with the wording of titles that are used in the UN Statistics Division's IP. (Note: In some cases, the text under these new headings, especially in PAs 3, 5 and 6, has not yet been altered to reflect the new wording used in the heading; the content of the text under these new headings will be aligned in the autumn of 2001 when the Bureau will conduct an in-depth review of PAs 3, 5 and 6).

e) **Future of the Integrated Presentation:** A brief time will also be set aside towards the end of agenda item on the Integrated Presentation for the Conference to discuss the possible future development of the Integrated Presentation. To facilitate this discussion, papers will be contributed by the United Kingdom (CES/2001/10), Louis Kincannon as a consultant to the ECE secretariat (CES/2001/10/Add.1) and a joint paper prepared by Eurostat and the ECE and OECD secretariats (CES/2001/11).

(<u>Note</u>: See also para. 22 below re the survey in the form of a circular letter that the ECE secretariat plans to conduct on the Integrated Presentation, as part of a "self-evaluation programme" that the secretariat plans to conduct in the late summer or early autumn of 2001on selected major activities in the ECE Statistical Division's work programme.)

Structure of the Integrated Presentation

- 10. The Integrated Presentation is divided into six major work areas ("programme activities") which comprise the programme of work of the Conference, and they are in turn sub-divided into a total of 48 programme elements (see Table 1).
- 11. <u>Programme activity 1</u> covers issues concerned with the general management of the programme of work of the Conference, issues of statistical policy that are of direct concern to heads of NSOs, and issues such as international coordination, technical assistance in statistics and relations with countries outside the ECE region (see CES/2001/3/Add.1).
- 12. <u>Programme activity 2</u> deals with substantive cross-cutting issues (including the managerial aspects of such issues) of concern to NSOs, which do not relate to a specific subject-matter field of statistics (e.g. issues of information technology with relation to statistical work (see CES/2001/3/Add.2).
- 13. The core of the programme lies in the substantive <u>programme activities 3, 4 and 5</u> which address economic statistics, social and demographic statistics, and environment statistics respectively. Each of these programme activities may address conceptual issues, standards, and questions of design, collection, production, dissemination and analysis of statistical data arising in their domains (see CES/2001/3/Add.3-5).
- 14. <u>Programme activity 6</u> covers the coordination of international data collection, the work of the secretariats in disseminating statistical data, and other statistically-related activities of the ECE secretariat (see CES/2001/3/Add.6).
- 15. The division of these six programme activities into 48 programme elements aims to be comprehensive while keeping the number of programme elements to a minimum, and consistent with the aims of the Conference. Each programme element is characterised by a statement of broad objectives and scope in a homogeneous area of statistical activity. The complete list of programme elements in the Conference's programme of work is provided in Table 1, together with an indication of the document in the Integrated Presentation in which information for the programme element can be found. The list of abbreviations used in the work programmes is given in Annex I.
- 16. While the structure and delineation of programme elements are expected to change slowly, the level of activity within programme elements will vary more rapidly between elements and over time. At any one time, some programme elements will be dormant, while others may be very active. For each planning period, the Conference will be required to review proposed goals and activities for particular programme elements and to decide on priorities.

- 17. The descriptions of each of the programme elements aim to provide a framework for all international statistical work relevant to national statistical offices in ECE, EU and OECD countries. The following standard headings are used within each programme element.
 - **PROBLEM STATEMENT**: Broad aims of national statistical offices for international work in that field over the next several years.
 - **STRATEGIC MEDIUM-TERM GOALS**: Specific outputs expected by countries in the next two years.
 - **ATTENTION OF THE CONFERENCE IS DRAWN TO THE FOLLOWING**: List of issues in each field of statistics that the Bureau of the Conference considers should be brought to the attention of the Conference at the plenary session.
 - **DECISIONS RECOMMENDED BY THE CES BUREAU TO THE 2001 PLENARY SESSION**: List of proposed decisions on its programme of work that the Bureau recommends the Conference to take at the 2001 plenary session.
 - **MEETINGS IN THE NEXT TWO YEARS**: Sponsoring agency, title, date.
 - **RAPPORTEUR**: International organization that the Conference has recommended be assigned responsibility for preparing short issue- and strategic-oriented reports for the Bureau and for assessing on behalf of the Conference progress towards the objectives and outputs specified for a programme element.
 - **ACTIVITIES AND MEANS IN THE NEXT TWO YEARS**: Description of the major activities of agencies in that field from June 2001 to June 2003.
 - Information is also given in this section on **ECE resource implications** for the work to be carried out by the ECE secretariat. The resource implications are classified as follows: minimal (less than 3 work months); moderate (3-6 work months); and substantial (over 6 work months).

Functions of Rapporteurs

- 18. The Conference concluded at its 1995 plenary session that in programme elements where several international organizations are actively working, it would be useful for the Conference to ask one agency to serve as the "rapporteur" for work in that field. Rapporteurs have now been appointed for most of the programme elements. Rapporteurs report to the Bureau, who in turn take the reports into account in proposing changes to the integrated presentation.
- 19. The Bureau conducts an in-depth review of three programme activities each year, so that the entire work programme can be reviewed every two years. It began this two year review cycle during the 1996/97 year, and in 2001/2002 the Bureau will conduct in-depth reviews of programme activities 3, 5 and 6 (see Table 1). These in-depth reviews are conducted on the basis of the following material: (i) the amended version of the integrated presentation that is prepared immediately after the Conference's plenary session, and which reflects the outcome of the discussion that took place at the plenary session (Addenda 3, 5 and 6 of the updated versions of CES/2001/3 to be produced after the 2001 plenary session); and (ii) short reports that the Rapporteurs prepare for the Bureau in the fields of statistics covered by these work areas.
- 20. The <u>specific functions</u> which the Bureau asks the Rapporteurs to perform on behalf of the Conference are summarised below:

- to keep abreast of the relevant activities that are being undertaken by other relevant agencies, in order to fulfil the following function;
- to report to the Bureau, in short reports that are intended to be essentially issue- and strategicoriented in character, on the extent to which progress is being made collectively by the agencies in meeting what is presented in the Integrated Presentation as the Member States' objectives ("Problem statement") and of their Strategic medium-term goals for international statistical work in a given field of statistics. The reports are to be submitted to the Bureau through the Secretary of the Conference, no later than the beginning of September each year for programme activities to be reviewed that year; the Bureau will report to the Conference the following June);
- to identify in their reports any important issues in their field of statistics which they consider warrant being brought to the attention of the Bureau and/or the Conference (e.g. key new issues, gaps, problems or developments);
- to advise the Bureau, through their candid reports, on how the objectives and outputs might best be achieved; and
- in cases where a Programme Element has been selected by the Bureau as one for in-depth review at the forthcoming plenary session (see para. 9, sub-para (b), above), to prepare a paper for the plenary session relating to that programme element, which (together with a national paper) should serve as the basis of the Conference's in-depth review of that programme element; the Rapporteur's paper (like that of the country) should be issue-oriented for the Conference at large, and it should also contain concrete proposals for discussion and/or action.

Planned future development of the Integrated Presentation

- 21. The process of improving the integrated presentation is an on-going one. It will continue with the indepth reviews of individual programme activities that the Bureau will conduct each year. The content and structure of future editions of the Integrated Presentation may also differ in the future, depending on the outcome of the Conference's discussion at the 2001 plenary session on the possible future direction of the Integrated Presentation (see **CES/2001/10, CES/2001/10/Add.1** and **CES/2001/11**).
- 22. During the late summer or early autumn of 2001, the ECE secretariat will send a circular letter to national statistical institutes in the ECE region, asking countries their views on the Integrated Presentation, what they use the material in it for, and for any suggestions they may have on either how to improve the Integrated Presentation or its review at the Conference's annual plenary sessions. This survey will be part of a "self-evaluation" programme that the secretariat plans to conduct on major activities in its work programme during the coming year. The results of the survey will be reported to the Bureau at its autumn 2001 meeting. Consequently, NSIs are encouraged to provide concrete suggestions in their responses to this questionnaire, so that the Bureau can take them into account in its planned future work aimed at improving the Integrated Presentation.

Other relevant information

- 23. The list of abbreviations that are used by Eurostat and the OECD in describing their work programmes is given in Annex I.
- 24. Background information on ECE secretariat resources that will be available to help support the work programme of the Conference in 2001/2002 and 2002/2003 is given in Annex II of this note. The Conference took this information into account when it reviewed its draft work programme at the 2001 plenary session.

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Table 1. List of programme elements (PE) in the programme of work of the Conference (together with an indication of the document in which information for that PE can be found)

Programme Activity		Programme Element
Programme Activity 1: Organization and Operation of statistical services (CES/2001/3/Add.1)	1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4	Promotion and coordination of multilateral statistical work Managerial and policy issues of direct concern to presidents of national statistical offices Countries in transition in the ECE region Relations with countries outside the ECE region (including countries in the Mediterranean region)
Programme Activity 2: Technical infrastructure and other cross-cutting issues (CES/2001/3/Add.2)	2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8	Management of information technology infrastructure Statistical data collection and processing Dissemination and interchange of statistical information Statistical classifications Statistical research and development Geographical and regional data Human resource development Sustainable development indicators
Programme Activity 3: Economic statistics (CES/2001/3/Add.3)	3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9 3.10 3.11 3.12 3.13 3.14	Implementation of the system of national accounts Money and banking, government finance, and balance of payments International trade in goods Transport and communication statistics Distributive trades International trade in services Tourism Other marketed services, and non-marketed services Price statistics, including purchasing power parities Agriculture, forestry and fishery statistics Industrial statistics Energy statistics Science and technology statistics Business registers and administrative records in support of economic statistics Other work in the field of economic statistics

Programme Activity	Programme Element
Programme Activity 4: Social and demographic	 4.1 Demographic statistics (including projections, migration, fertility and families and households) 4.2a Population and housing censuses
statistics (CES/2001/3/Add.4)	4.2b Statistics on population groups of special interest4.3 Human settlements and housing statistics
	 4.4 Labour statistics 4.5 Education and training statistics 4.6 Culture statistics
	4.7a Statistics of household income and expenditures, of the welfare of the population, and of poverty and income inequality4.7b Social security statistics
	 4.8 Crime and criminal justice statistics 4.9 Health statistics 4.10 Gender statistics
	 4.11 Other work in the field of social and demographic statistics 4.11a Social indicators and frameworks 4.11b Multi-purpose social surveys
	4.11c Registers and administrative records for social and demographic statistics
Programme Activity 5: Environment statistics (CES/2001/3/Add.5)	 5.1 Sectoral concepts, definitions and classifications Themes: emissions, waste, land use/cover, etc. 5.2 Environmental accounting 5.3 Environmental databases and reporting
Programme Activity 6: Dissemination and support for secretariat activities (CES/2001/3/Add.6)	6.1 Coordination of international data collection6.2 Other statistically-related activities of the ECE secretariat

Annex I. List of more frequently used abbreviations employed in the work programmes of Eurostat and the OECD

CAP Common Agricultural Policy (Eurostat)

PAC [Politique agricole commune]

CCEET Centre for Co-operation with the European Economies in Transition

[Centre pour la Coopération avec les Economies en Transition]

CDIS Management Committee on Statistical Information (Eurostat)

[Comité Directeur de l'Information Statistique]

CD-ROM Compact disks with read-only memory

CEEC Central and Eastern European Countries
PECO [Pays d'Europe centrale et orientale]

CESD European Training Centre for Economists-Statisticians from Developing Countries (Eurostat)

[Centre de formation des Economistes-Statisticiens des pays en voie de développement]

CIT Countries in transition

CMFB Committee on Monetary, Financial and Balance of Payments Statistics (Eurostat)

[Comité des statistiques Monétaires, Financières et de Balance des paiements]

COFOG Classification of the Functions of Government (Eurostat)
CFAB [Classification des fonctions des administrations publiques]

CPA Classification of Products according to Activity (Eurostat)

[Classification des Produits liés aux Activités]

DGINS Conference of the Directors General of National Statistical Institutes (Eurostat)

[Conférence des Directeurs Généraux des Instituts Nationaux de Statistique]

DOSES Specific programme for the Research and Development of Statistical Expert Systems (Eurostat)

[Programme spécifique de recherche-développement des systèmes experts en statistique]

DSIS Distributed Statistics Information System (Eurostat)

[Système d'Information Statistique Réparti]

EAA Economic Accounts for Agriculture (Eurostat)

CEA [Comptes économiques de l'agriculture]

ECCI European Employment Cost Index (Eurostat)

ECHP European Coordinated Household Panels (Eurostat)

ECMT The European Conference of Ministers of Transport

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CEMT [Conférence Européenne des Ministres des Transports]

EEA European Economic Area (Eurostat) EEE [Espace économique européen]

EEA European Environment Agency (Eurostat)
AEE [Agence européenne de l'environnement]

EECI European Employment Costs Index (Eurostat)

[Indice européen du coût de la main-d'oeuvre]

EHLASS European Home and Leisure Accident Surveillance System (Eurostat)

[Système européen de contrôle des accidents au foyer et lors des activités de loisir]

EMI European Monetary Institute (Eurostat)

IME [Institut monétaire européen]

EMU Economic and Monetary Union (Eurostat)

UEM [Union économique et monétaire]

ESA European System of integrated national Accounts (Eurostat)

SEC [Système européen de comptes nationaux intégrés]

ESSPROS European System of Integrated Social Protection Statistics (Eurostat) SESPROS [Système européen de statistiques intégrées de la Protection Sociale]

FISIMs Financial Intermediation Services Indirectly Measured (in the European System of Accounts,

ESA 95)

GISCO Geographic Information System for the Commission

NACE General Industrial Classification of Economic Activities within the European Communities

(Eurostat)

[Nomenclature générale des activités économiques dans les Communautés Européennes]

NIS New Independent States (former Republics of the USSR)

Nouveaux Etats Indépendants

NSI National Statistical Institutes (Eurostat)
INS [Instituts nationaux de statistique]

NUTS Nomenclature of Territorial Units for Statistics (Eurostat)

[Nomenclature des unités territoriales statistiques]

OWN/d OECD World data Network

PHARE Action plan for coordinated aid for restructuring economies in Poland and Hungary (Eurostat)

[Pologne-Hongrie Assistance à la Restructuration des Economies]

PIT Partners in Transition (Hungary, Poland, Czech and Slovak Republics)

PPP Purchasing Power Parities

SCCTAS Steering Committee to Coordinate Technical Assistance in Statistics to countries of the former

Soviet Union

SERIEE Collection of economic information on the environment (Eurostat)

[Collecte d'informations économiques sur l'environnement]

SERT Business statistics and telematics networks (Eurostat)

[Statistiques des Entreprises et Réseaux Télématiques]

SIRENE System of Distributed Information on Energy (Eurostat)

SME Small and Medium sized Enterprises (Eurostat)

PME [Petites et moyennes entreprises]

SOPEMI Continuous Reporting System on Migration

[Système d'observation permanente des migrations]

SPC Statistical Programme Committee (Eurostat)

CPS [Comité du Programme Statistique]

SPEL Sectoral production and income model for Community Agriculture (Eurostat)

[Modèle de la production et des revenus du secteur agricole communautaire]

TACIS Technical Assistance CIS (Eurostat)

TES Training of European Statisticians (Eurostat)

[Formation des statisticiens européens]

TRAINS Transport Information System (Eurostat)

[Gestion statistique des transports terrestres]

UOE UNESCO-OECD-Eurostat (joint questionnaire on education statistics)

Annex II

ECE secretariat resources expected to be available for the work programme of the Conference of European Statisticians in 2001/2002 and 2002/2003

- 1. The programme of work of the Conference of European Statisticians for 2001/2002 and 2002/2003 is presented in addenda 1-7 of this note, in conjunction with the planned statistical work programmes of other international and supranational organizations whose work relates to ECE, EU and OECD countries.
- 2. This annex contains information on the amount of ECE secretariat resources that are expected to be available for the Conference's work programme for the two year period commencing in July 2000, for the Conference to take into account when deciding on its own work programme.
- 3. In considering its draft programme of work for the coming two-year period, the Conference is also invited to take the following information about secretariat resources into account. It responds to the provisions of the Economic Commission for Europe's decisions "E (48)" on the provision of adequate resources for the servicing of the priority and other sectors of the Economic Commission for Europe and "I (48)" on reporting from the Subsidiary Bodies to the Commission:
 - Division to be comprised of 37 regular budget posts¹. Twenty-one of the posts are expected to be available to serve the work programme of the Conference in 2001/2002, and the remaining 16 posts are intended for work that the Statistical Division performs for other Divisions of the ECE. This refers to the work the Statistical Division does for the Economic Analysis Division (12 posts), to the ECE Graphical Design Unit which provides graphics design work for all parts of the ECE (3 posts), and one post is on loan to the ECE Population Activities Unit. This resource base is supplemented by 5% of the UNOG (United Nations Office at Geneva) costs apportioned to ECE for conference services, personnel services and other services, a share of which is absorbed by the Conference of European Statisticians.
 - The salary and related costs associated with these regular budget posts are expected to comprise more than 98% of the budgetary allocation, and the remaining part is composed of small amounts available for official travel, consultants, equipment and external printing of publications.
 - The work of the Statistical Division is also expected to be supported during the 2002-2003 biennium by some extra-budgetary funds. The extra-budgetary funding involved pertains to the UNDP-financed project on social reporting and human development, which is aimed at assisting countries in transition in producing a wide range of basic social statistics for inclusion in national and international yearbooks of social statistics.
 - Of the 21 regular budget secretariat posts that are expected to be available to service the work programme of the Conference of European Statisticians, they are planned to be allocated to the following work areas during the coming year:

Thirty-six regular budget posts are in the "core" budget of the ECE (Section 18 of the UN budget). The thirty-seventh post is the Statistical Division's Regional Adviser post, which is financed from Section 21 ("Regular programme of technical cooperation") of the UN budget.

- 22% will be devoted to programme activity 1 (Organization and operation of statistical services) (work in this area includes the work that is undertaken by the Statistical Division's Regional Adviser in Statistics and in the Division's extra-budgetary projects, that is aimed primarily at countries in transition);
- 22% will be devoted to programme activity 2 (Technical infrastructure and other crosscutting issues);
- 22% will be devoted to programme activity 3 (Economic statistics);
- 8% will be devoted to programme activity 4 (Social and demographic statistics);
- 9% will be devoted to programme activity 5 (Environment statistics); and
- 17% will be devoted to programme activity 6 (Dissemination and support for secretariat activities).
- The number of half-day meeting sessions with interpretation used to support the work of the Conference of European Statisticians in the past one-year period (i.e. from 1 April 2000 through 31 March 2001), in accordance with Commission Decision O(45), was about 26 (this amounts to approximately 4% of the total number of half-day meeting sessions with interpretation that ECE had during this period).

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