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# **Economic Commission for Europe**

Meeting of the Parties to the Convention on the Protection and Use of Transboundary Watercourses and International Lakes

# **Eighth session**

Astana, 10–12 October 2018 Item 5 of the provisional agenda Reporting under the Convention and on Sustainable Development Goal indicator 6.5.2

# Draft decision on reporting and revised template for reporting under the Convention

Prepared by the secretariat in consultation with the Bureau and with the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

#### *Summary*

At its seventh session in November 2015, by decision VII/2, the Meeting of the Parties to the Convention on the Protection and Use of Transboundary Watercourses and International Lakes introduced a regular reporting mechanism under the Convention starting with a pilot reporting exercise.

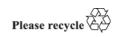
The introduction of the reporting under the Convention coincided with the adoption of the Sustainable Development Goals and their targets in 2015 followed by the adoption of indicator 6.5.2 to measure progress on transboundary water cooperation as part of the global indicator framework for the Sustainable Development Goals and targets of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. The United Nations Economic Commission for Europe and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization have been designated as "custodian agencies" for the indicator.

In order to maximize synergies and efficiencies, the pilot reporting under the Convention and the first reporting on indicator 6.5.2 were combined.

Decision VII/2 requested the Working Group on Integrated Water Resources Management to review the template for reporting under the Convention based on the

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experience with the pilot reporting exercise and the comments received, and to submit to the Meeting of the Parties at its eighth session a draft decision on reporting, including the frequency and modalities of reporting, together with a revised reporting template.

At their second joint meeting (Geneva, 28–30 May 2018), the Working Group on Integrated Water Resources Management and the Working Group on Monitoring and Assessment reviewed and endorsed the draft decision on reporting and draft revised reporting template as contained in document ECE/MP.WAT/WG.1/2018/7-ECE/MP.WAT/WG.2/2018/7 and entrusted the secretariat with the task of submitting it to the eighth session of the Meeting of the Parties.

The present document contains the draft decision on reporting under the Convention and the draft revised template for reporting. Annex I, containing section I on the calculation of indicator 6.5.2 is presented for information only as is it not part of the template for reporting under the Convention. Annex II, containing sections II to IV, formally constitutes the template for reporting under the Convention for its Parties.

The Meeting of the Parties is invited to consider the draft decision contained herein with a view to adopting it.

# I. Introduction

- 1. At its seventh session in November 2015, by decision VII/2, the Meeting of the Parties to the Convention on the Protection and Use of Transboundary Watercourses and International Lakes (Water Convention) introduced a regular reporting mechanism under the Convention. By decision VII/2, the Meeting of the Parties encouraged all Parties and non-Parties, especially those sharing basins with Parties and those considering accession to the Convention, to participate in the pilot reporting exercise by submitting to the secretariat their filled-out reporting forms and their comments on the reporting template. On the basis of the reports submitted, the secretariat was asked to prepare a report providing an overview of the Convention's implementation and the advancement of transboundary water cooperation.
- 2. The introduction of the reporting under the Convention coincided with the adoption of the Sustainable Development Goals and their targets in 2015. Target 6.5 calls for countries to implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate. To measure progress, indicator 6.5.2 was agreed by the United Nations Statistical Commission in March 2016 and was subsequently adopted in July 2017 by the General Assembly as part of the global indicator framework for the Sustainable Development Goals and targets of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. The indicator is defined as the "proportion of transboundary basin area with an operational arrangement for water cooperation". The United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (ECE) and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) have led the development of the step-by-step methodology to calculate indicator 6.5.2 and have been designated as "custodian agencies" for the indicator.
- 3. In order to maximize synergies and efficiencies, at the eleventh meeting of the Working Group on Integrated Water Resources Management (Geneva, 18–19 October 2016), it was decided to combine the reporting under the Convention and the reporting on indicator 6.5.2 and to send only one template to all Parties to gather this information. Therefore, the Working Group decided that the template to be used for reporting in the pilot reporting exercise under the Convention would be slightly different compared with the template in decision VII/2 to ensure coherence with indicator 6.5.2.
- 4. Similarly, all other countries in the world sharing transboundary waters were invited to report on indicator 6.5.2 through a questionnaire which, in addition to a section on the calculation of 6.5.2, includes three other sections based on the Convention's reporting template. This makes it possible to outline a complete picture of the situation concerning transboundary water cooperation, track progress more closely beyond the indicator value and better describe the current baseline.
- 5. All Parties were invited to report under the Convention and on Sustainable Development Goal indicator 6.5.2 by 15 May 2017. All other countries were invited to report on indicator 6.5.2 by 15 June 2017. Countries were requested to send their reports to both ECE and UNESCO. As of 28 February 2018, 106 countries have submitted a reply.
- 6. Decision VII/2 also requested the Working Group on Integrated Water Resources Management, in consultation with the Implementation Committee, to review the template

See the "Step-by-Step Monitoring Methodology for Indicator 6.5.2 on Transboundary Cooperation", developed by ECE and UNESCO and available from the UN-Water website: www.unwater.org/publications/step-step-methodology-monitoring-transboundary-cooperation-6-5-2/(version 11 January 2017).

for reporting under the Convention based on the experience with the pilot reporting exercise and the comments received, and to submit to the Meeting of the Parties at its eighth session a draft decision on reporting, including the frequency and modalities of reporting, together with a revised template.

- 7. In July 2017, and subsequently in October 2017, countries that had submitted a national report on indicator 6.5.2 and on the implementation of the Water Convention were invited to provide comments on the process of reporting and the reporting template. Comments on the template for reporting under the Water Convention were received from Parties and non-Parties in writing and during discussions at the twelfth meeting of the Working Group on Integrated Water Resources Management (Geneva, 5–6 July 2017).
- 8. Based on these comments, a revised template was developed by the secretariat and UNESCO and discussed at the "Technical meeting on the template for reporting on Sustainable Development Goal indicator 6.5.2 and under the Water Convention" (Budapest, 16–17 January 2018).<sup>2</sup> The technical meeting brought together over 50 participants from all over the world, representing both Parties and non-Parties, and was targeted primarily at experts responsible for completing the template for reporting.
- 9. The template was further revised in light of the comments received at the technical meeting, and a draft decision on reporting under the Convention and the draft template for reporting under the Convention were considered by the Working Group on Integrated Water Resources Management and the Working Group on Monitoring and Assessment at their second joint meeting (Geneva, 28-30 May 2018). The two Working Groups endorsed the document and entrusted the secretariat with the task of submitting it to the eighth session of the Meeting of the Parties (ECE/MP.WAT/WG.1/2018/2-ECE/MP.WAT/WG.2/2018/2).
- 10. The present document contains the draft decision on reporting under the Convention and the draft template for reporting under the Convention (annex II). In the revised draft template for reporting, deleted text compared to the template used for the pilot reporting exercise is indicated as strikethrough and new text is indicated in bold (or bold underline for text already in bold).
- 11. The draft decision sets 30 June 2020 as the deadline for submission of the next round of national reports under the Convention, also aligned with the next round of reporting on Sustainable Development Goal indicator 6.5.2. Drawing upon the experience of the pilot reporting, this date has been set to allow sufficient time to analyse the reports in order to report to future sessions of the Meeting of the Parties, and feed the results into the Sustainable Development Goal monitoring process, such as the High-level Political Forum on Sustainable Development.
- 12. Annex I, containing section I on the calculation of indicator 6.5.2. is being submitted to the working groups for information only, as is it not part of the template for reporting under the Convention. Annex II, containing sections II to IV, formally constitutes the template for reporting under the Convention for its Parties. As in the first reporting exercise on indicator 6.5.2, it will be offered to all countries sharing transboundary waters to complete sections I to IV.

Documents for the technical meeting, including the draft template for reporting considered at the meeting, are available on a dedicated web page of the Convention website: www.unece.org/index.php?id=47476.

# II. Draft decision on reporting under the Convention

The Meeting of the Parties to the Convention on the Protection and Use of Transboundary Watercourses and International Lakes,

*Determined* to facilitate the implementation and application of and compliance with the Convention on the Protection and Use of Transboundary Watercourses and International Lakes (Water Convention),

Recalling article 17, paragraph 2 (f), of the Convention, which states that the Meeting of the Parties shall consider and undertake any additional action that may be required for the achievements of the purposes of the Convention,

Also recalling article 17, paragraph 2, of the Convention, which states that, at their meetings, the Parties shall keep under continuous review the implementation of the Convention,

Further recalling its decision VII/2 through which it introduced a regular reporting mechanism under the Convention, starting with a pilot reporting exercise,

*Recognizing* that reporting is key for reviewing and enhancing national implementation of the Convention as well as accession to it,

Also recognizing that reporting provides a means to enhance basin-specific cooperation,

*Noting* that regular reporting may also serve as a means to keep the public informed of measures taken to implement the Convention,

*Underlining* that reporting provides information that helps to identify the specific needs of basins, and thereby supports the mobilization of resources, for example, for capacity-building and technical assistance activities,

*Noting* that reporting also allows for the identification of emerging issues and difficulties in the implementation of the Convention, and so can inform the development of future programmes of work under the Convention and the work of the Implementation Committee,

*Recognizing* that reporting promotes the accumulation and exchange of lessons learned, good practices and experience to enhance implementation of the Convention,

Recalling the adoption by the international community of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, including the establishment of Sustainable Development Goal 6 to "ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all", with a target calling for transboundary cooperation to implement integrated water resources management (target 6.5),

Also recalling the adoption by the United Nations General Assembly in July 2017 of the global indicator framework for the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development which includes indicator 6.5.2 on transboundary water cooperation for which the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (ECE) and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) have been designated as custodian agencies,

*Recognizing* the relevance of the Water Convention as an instrument that can help countries reach the Sustainable Development Goal on clean water and sanitation,

*Emphasizing* the role of reporting under the Convention as a useful means for reviewing countries' progress towards achieving target 6.5,

Expressing appreciation for the outcomes of the first reporting exercise under the Water Convention and on indicator 6.5.2 carried out in 2017–2018,

Recognizing the many benefits of the first reporting exercise highlighted by countries, such as improved cooperation at the national level, increased political attention to transboundary water cooperation and exchange of experience with other countries and, when templates have been filled out together or in coordination, discussion and agreement on issues and problems with other riparian countries, especially in the framework of existing joint bodies,

- 1. *Welcomes* the submission of 38 reports by Parties on the implementation of the Convention during the pilot reporting exercise;
- 2. *Also welcomes* the 106 responses by countries in the first reporting exercise on Sustainable Development Goal Indicator 6.5.2;
- 3. *Commends* the alignment of the reporting under the Convention and the reporting on Sustainable Development Goal indicator 6.5.2 to increase synergies between the processes and avoid duplication of efforts,
- [4. *Takes note with appreciation* of the first report on implementation of the Convention prepared by the secretariat and the indicator report on progress on Sustainable Development Goal indicator 6.5.2 prepared by ECE and UNESCO;]
- [5.] *Calls upon* countries to make use of the reports in order to improve their transboundary cooperation, for example by setting national or basin-wide targets;
- [6.] *Adopts* the revised reporting template as contained in annex II for future reporting under the Convention;
- [7.] *Decides* that the frequency of reporting under the Convention should be every three years, in line with the frequency of the Meeting of the Parties;
- [8.] Also decides that the deadline for the submission of reports in the next reporting exercise will be 30 June 2020;
- [9.] Further decides that subsequent reporting deadlines are set triennially on 30 June;
- [10.] Requests all Parties to submit to the secretariat their completed templates by the set deadlines;
- [11.] *Strongly encourages* all countries sharing transboundary waters to report on Sustainable Development Goal indicator 6.5.2;
- [12.] *Encourages* riparian countries to cooperate when preparing their national reports;
- [13.] *Entrusts* the Working Group on Integrated Water Resources Management with the support of the secretariat to develop a guide for reporting under the Convention, in time for the next reporting cycle;
- [14.] *Requests* the secretariat to make the national reports under the Convention publicly available on the Convention's website in the languages in which they were submitted;
- [15.] Also requests the secretariat, based on the national reports received, to prepare regular reports for future sessions of the Meeting of the Parties on the implementation of the Convention, pending availability of resources;
- [16.] *Further requests* the secretariat to develop a proposal for an online reporting system, including technical and financial implications, for review and discussion by the Bureau and the Working Group on Integrated Water Resources Management;

- [17.] Also requests the secretariat to carry out capacity-building activities, pending availability of resources. Such activities should, among others, promote the findings of the national reports and the setting of national or basin targets on transboundary cooperation, enhance the quality of future reports and promote broad participation in future reporting exercises;
- [18.] Invites UNESCO to closely cooperate with the secretariat in the development of the guide for reporting under the Convention, the proposal for an online reporting system and on capacity building activities;
- [19.] Requests the Working Group on Integrated Water Resources Management and the Working Group on Monitoring and Assessment to organize regular sessions allowing countries to review progress on transboundary water cooperation and exchange experience on reporting.

# Annex I

# Calculation of Sustainable Development Goal indicator 6.5.2

#### I. Calculation of Sustainable Development Goal indicator 6.5.21

#### Methodology

- 1. Using the information gathered in section II, the information gathered in this section allows for the calculation of Sustainable Development Goal global indicator 6.5.2, which is defined as the proportion of transboundary basin area with an operational arrangement for water cooperation.
- 2. The step-by-step monitoring methodology for indicator 6.5.2, developed by ECE and UNESCO in the framework of UN-Water, should be referred to for details on the necessary data, the definitions and the calculation.<sup>2</sup>
- 3. The value of the indicator at the national level is derived by adding up the surface area in a country of those transboundary basins (river and lake basins and aquifers) that are covered by an operational arrangement and dividing the area obtained by the aggregate total area in a country of all transboundary basins (both river and lake basins, and aquifers).
- 4. Transboundary basins are basins of transboundary waters, that is, of any surface waters (notably rivers, lakes) or groundwaters which mark, cross or are located on boundaries between by two or more States. For the purpose of the calculation of this indicator, for a transboundary river or lake, the basin area is determined by the extent of its catchment. For groundwater, the area to be considered is the extent of the aquifer.
- 5. An "arrangement for water cooperation" is a bilateral or multilateral treaty, convention, agreement or other formal arrangement among riparian countries that provides a framework for cooperation on transboundary water management.
- 6. For an arrangement to be considered "operational" all the following criteria need to be fulfilled:
- (a) There is a joint body, joint mechanism or commission (e.g., a river basin organization) for transboundary cooperation (criterion 1);
- (b) There are regular (at least once per year) formal communications between riparian countries in form of meetings (either at the political or technical level) (criterion 2);
- (c) Joint objectives, a common strategy, a joint or coordinated management plan, or an action plan have been agreed upon by the riparian countries (criterion 3);
- (d) There is a regular (at least once per year) exchange of data and information (criterion 4).

#### Calculation of indicator 6.5.2

7. Please list in the tables below the transboundary basins (rivers and lakes and aquifers) in your country's territory and provide the following information for each of them:

Section I on the calculation of indicator 6.5.2 is not part of the template for reporting under the Convention. ECE and UNESCO may make additional changes to this section during the next round of reporting on indicator 6.5.2.

Available from the UN-Water website: www.unwater.org/publications/step-step-methodology-monitoring-transboundary-cooperation-6-5-2/ (version 11 January 2017).

- (a) The country/ies with which the basin is shared;
- (b) The surface area of the basin (the catchment of rivers or lakes and the aquifer in the case of groundwater) within the territory of your country (in square kilometres  $(km^2)$ );
- (c) Whether a map and/or a geographical information system (GIS) shapefile of the basin has been provided;
  - (d) Whether there is an arrangement in force for the basin;
  - (e) The verification of each of the four criteria to assess operationality;
- (f) The surface area of the basin within the territory of your country which is covered by a cooperation arrangement that is operational according to the above criteria.
- 8. In case an operational arrangement is in place only for a sub-basin or a portion of a basin, please list this sub-basin just after the transboundary basin it is part of. In case there is an operational arrangement for the whole basin, do not list sub-basins in the table below.

Table 1
Transboundary river or lake basin (please add rows as needed)

Name of transboundary river	It is a basin or	Countries	Surface area of the basin/ sub-basin (in km²) within the territory of the	Map and/or GIS shapefile provided	Covered by an arrangement (entirely, partly, no) (Ref. to questions in	Criterion 1 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in	Criterion 2 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in	Criterion 3 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in	Criterion 4 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in	Surface area of the basin/sub-basin (in km²) covered by an operational arrangement within the territory of
Name of transboundary river or lake basin/sub-basin	It is a basin or a sub-basin?a	Countries shared with	of the country	provided (yes/no)	questions in sect. II)	questions in sect. II)	questions in sect. II)	questions in sect. II)	questions in sect. II)	territory of the country

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} (A) \\ Total surface area of transboundary basins/sub-basins of rivers and lakes covered by operational arrangements within the territory of the country (in <math display="inline">km^2)$ 

(do not double count sub-basins)

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{(B)} \\ \textbf{Total surface area of transboundary basins of rivers} \\ \textbf{and lakes within the territory of the country (in $km^2$)} \\ \textbf{(do not double count sub-basins)} \end{array}$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> List sub-basins after the basin they belong to.

Table 2 **Transboundary aquifers (please add rows as needed)** 

Name of the transboundary Co	Surface a of the aqu (in km²) within the puntries shared territory of	ifer Map and/ or GIS shapefile	Covered by an aquifer specific arrangement (entirely, partly, no) (Ref. to questions in	Covered within an arrangement not specific to the aquifer <sup>a</sup> (entirely, partly, no) (Ref. to questions in	Criterion I applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in	Criterion 2 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in	Criterion 3 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in	Criterion 4 applied (yes/no) (Ref. to questions in	Surface area of the aquifer (in km²) covered by an operational arrangement within the territory of the
aquifer wit		,	sect. II)	sect. II)	sect. II)	sect. II)	sect. II)	sect. II)	country

(C) Sub-total: surface area of transboundary aquifers covered by operational arrangements (in km²)			
(D) Total surface area of transboundary aquifers (in km²)			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> In the text of the agreement or arrangement or in the practice.

# Indicator value for the country

# **Surface waters:**

Percentage of surface area of transboundary basins of rivers and lakes covered by an operational arrangement:

 $A/B \times 100 =$ 

# **Aquifers:**

Percentage of surface area of transboundary aquifers covered by an operational arrangement:

 $C/D \times 100 =$ 

# Sustainable Development Goal indicator 6.5.2:

Percentage of surface area of transboundary basins covered by an operational arrangement:

$$((A + C)/(B + D)) \times 100 =$$

# **Spatial information**

If a map (or maps) of the transboundary surface water catchments and transboundary aquifers (i.e., "transboundary basins") is available, please consider attaching them. Ideally, shapefiles of the basin and aquifer delineations that can be viewed in GIS should be sent.

# **Additional information**

If the respondent has comments that clarify assumptions or interpretations made for the calculation, or the level of certainty of the spatial information, please write them here:

# Annex II

II.

# **Draft revised template for reporting under the Convention**

Does your country have transboundary agreements or arrangements for the protection and/or management of transboundary waters (i.e., surface waters or aquifers rivers, lakes or groundwater), whether bilateral or multilateral and/or at the basin level? Yes \( \scalendrightarrow\) No \( \scalendrightarrow\) If yes, list the bilateral **and** multilateral <del>and basin</del> agreements **or arrangements** (listing for each of the countries concerned): [fill in] Ouestions for each transboundary basin, sub-basin, part of a basin, or group of basins (river, lake or aquifer) Please complete this second section for each transboundary basin (river or lake basin, or aquifer), sub-basin, part of a basin or fora group of basins or aquifers covered by the same agreement or arrangement and where conditions are similar.<sup>5</sup> It might also be convenient to group basins or sub basins for which your country's share is very small. In some instances, you may provide information on both a basin and one or more of its subbasins or parts thereof, for example, where you have agreements<sup>6</sup> or arrangements on both the basin and its sub-basin. You may coordinate your responses with other States with which your country shares transboundary waters the basin or aquifer, or even prepare a joint report for shared basins. General information on transboundary water management at the national level should be provided in section III and not repeated here. Please reproduce this whole section with its questions for each transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, or group of basins basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins for which you will provide a reply. Name of the transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, or group thereof sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins: [fill in] List of the riparian States: [fill in] In the case of an aquifer, what is the nature of the aquifer and its relation with the river or lake basin: Unconfined aquifer connected to the river or lake Unconfined aquifer with no or limited relation with surface water Deep confined aquifer Other Please describe: [fill in] No information

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> In principle, section II should be submitted for every transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer, in the country, but States may decide to group basins in which their share is small or leave out basins in which their share is very minor, e.g., below 1 per cent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> In section II, "agreement" covers all kinds of treaties, conventions and agreements ensuring cooperation in the field of transboundary waters. Section II can also be completed for other types of arrangements, such as memorandums of understanding.

Percentage of your country's territory within the basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins Country's share of the basin: [fill in] 1. Is there one or more transboundary (bilateral or multilateral) agreement(s) or arrangement(s) on this basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins? One or more agreements or arrangements exist and are in force Agreement or arrangement developed but not in force Agreement or arrangement developed, but not in force for all riparians Please insert the name of the agreement or agreement(s) or arrangement(s) [fill in] Agreement or arrangement is under development No agreement or arrangement If there is no agreement or arrangement or it is not in force, please explain briefly why not and provide information on any plans to address the situation: [fill in] If there is no agreement or arrangement and no joint body or mechanism for the transboundary <del>basin, river, lake or aquifer</del> basin, sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins then jump to question 4; if there is no agreement or arrangement, but a joint body or mechanism then go to question 3. Questions 2 and 3 to be completed for each bilateral or multilateral agreement or arrangement in force in the transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer or group of basins or sub-basins sub-basin, part of a basin or group of basins. 2. Does this agreement or arrangement specify the basin area subject to cooperation? Yes /No / If yes, does it cover the entire basin or group of basins and all riparian States? Yes /No If not, what does it cover?: Additional explanations? [fill in] Or, if the agreement or arrangement relates to a sub-basin, does it cover the entire sub-basin? Yes /No / Additional explanations? [fill in] Which States (including your own) are bound by the agreement or arrangement? (Please list): [fill in] If the agreement or arrangement relates to a river or lake basin or subbasin, does it also cover aquifers? (or groundwater bodies) covered by the agreement/arrangement? Yes /No If yes, please list the aquifers covered by the agreement or arrangement: [fill in] What is the sectoral scope of the agreement or arrangement?

All water uses

A single water use or sector Several water uses or sectors  ${\it If one or several water uses or sectors, please list (check as appropriate):}$ 

	Water uses or sectors	
	Industry	
	Agriculture	
	Transport (e.g., navigation)	
	Households	
	Energy: hydropower and other energy types	
	Fisheries	
	Tourism	
	Nature protection	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
(d) arrar	What topics or subjects of cooperation are included in the agree agement?	ement or
	Procedural and institutional issues	
	Dispute and conflict prevention and resolution	
	Institutional cooperation (joint bodies)	
	Consultation on planned measures	
	Mutual assistance	
	Topics of cooperation	
	Joint vision and management objectives	
	Joint significant water management issues	
	Navigation	
	Human health	
	Environmental protection (ecosystem)	
	Water quality	
	Water quantity or allocation	
	Cooperation in addressing floods	
	Cooperation in addressing droughts	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Monitoring and exchange	
	Joint assessments	
	Data collection and exchange	
	Joint monitoring	
	Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
	Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
	Common early warning and alarm procedures	

	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on planned measures	
	Joint planning and management	
	Development of joint regulations on specific topics	
	Development of international or joint river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Development of shared infrastructure	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
_	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces ment or arrangement and its implementation, if any? (please desceable): [fill in]	
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with national laws, policies and programmes	
	Aligning implementation of agreement or arrangement with regional laws, policies and programmes	
	Lack of financial resources	
	Insufficient human capacity	
	Insufficient technical capacity	
	Tense diplomatic relations	
	Non-participation of certain riparian countries in the agreement	
	No significant difficulties	
	Other (please describe): [fill in]	
(f) arrang	What are the main achievements in implementing the agreer gement and what were the keys to achieving such success?: [fill in]	ment or
	Please attach a copy of the agreement or arrangement or provide ass of the document ( <i>please attach document or insert web adacable</i> ): [fill in]	
-	ur country a member of any operational joint body or mechanism s for this agreement f or arrangement?	<del>or joint</del>
Yes [	/No	
If no,	why not? (please explain): [fill in]	
When	re there is a joint body <del>(or bodies) <u>or mechanism</u></del>	
(a) mech	If there is a joint body <b>or mechanism</b> , which kind of joint banism (please tick one)?	oody or
	Plenipotentiaries	
	Bilateral commission	
	Basin or similar commission	
	Expert group meeting or meeting of national focal points	

3.

		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	(b) sub-ba <del>States</del>	Does the joint body <b>or mechanism</b> cover the entire transboundary asin, <b>part of a basin</b> river, lake or aquifer or group of basins and all?	
	Yes [	]/No []	
<del>If no, v</del>	<del>vhat d</del> e	oes it cover?: [fill in]	
	(c) mecha	Which States (including your own) are members of the joint anism? (Please list): [fill in]	body o
	(d) mecha	Are there any riparian States that are not members of the joint anism? (please list): [fill in]	body o
	(e) how d	If not all riparian States are members of the joint body or medoes the joint body or mechanism cooperate with them?	chanisn
		No cooperation	
		They have observer status	
		Other (please describe): [fill in]	
	( <b>d f</b> ) (pleas	Does the joint body <b>or mechanism</b> have any of the following <i>e tick the ones applicable</i> )?	feature
		A secretariat	
		If the secretariat is a permanent one, is it a joint secreta does each country host its own secretariat? (Please describe): [fill in	
		A subsidiary body or bodies	
		Please list (e.g., working groups on specific topics): [fill in]	
		Other features (please list): [fill in]	
	( <del>e-</del> g)	What are the tasks and activities of this joint body <b>or mechanism</b> ? <sup>7</sup>	
		Identification of pollution sources	
		Data collection and exchange	
		Joint monitoring	
		Maintenance of joint pollution inventories	
		Setting emission limits	
		Elaboration of joint water quality objectives	
		Management and prevention of flood or drought risks	
		Preparedness for extreme events, e.g., common early warning and alarm procedures	
		Surveillance and early warning of water related disease	
		Water allocation and/or flow regulation	

This may include tasks according to the agreement or tasks added by the joint body, or its subsidiaries. Both tasks which joint bodies coordinate and tasks which they implement should be included.

	Policy development	
	Control of implementation	
	Exchange of experience between riparian States	
	Exchange of information on existing and planned uses of water and related installations	
	Settling of differences and conflicts	
	Consultations on planned measures	
	Exchange of information on best available technology	
	Participation in transboundary EIA	
	Development of river, lake or aquifer basin management or action plans	
	Management of shared infrastructure	
	Addressing hydromorphological alterations	
	Climate change adaptation	
	Joint communication strategy	
	Basin-wide or joint public participation and consultation of, for example, basin management plans	
	Joint resources to support transboundary cooperation	
	Capacity-building	
	Any other tasks (please list): [fill in]	
( <b>f h</b> ) operat	What are the main difficulties and challenges that your country faces ion of the joint body <b>or mechanism</b> , if any?	with the
	Governance issues	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Unexpected planning delays	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Lack of resources	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Lack of mechanism for implementing measures	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Lack of effective measures	
	Please describe, if true: [fill in]	
	Unexpected extreme events	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Lack of information and reliable forecasts	
	Please describe, if any: [fill in]	
	Others (please list and describe, as appropriate): [fill in]	

	( <b>h i</b> )	Does the joint body <b>or mechanism,</b> or its subsidiary bodies meet Yes \( \subseteq /\text{No} \subseteq \)	regularly?
		If yes, how frequently does it meet? [fill in]	
		More than once per year	
		Once per year	
	(: <u>*</u> )	Less than once per year	 
	( <del>i</del> j) mech	What are the main achievements with regards to the join nanism?: [fill in]	it body <b>or</b>
	•	Are representatives of international organizations invited to the bint body (or bodies) as observers?	meetings of
	Yes [	⊒⁄No □	
	(k) coope	Did the joint body <b>or mechanism</b> ever invite a <b>non-riparian</b> coaerate?	istal State to
	Yes [	/No	
		s, please give details. If no, why not, <b>e.g. are the relevant coastal</b> ian States and therefore already members of the joint body or m n]	
4.	strate subje coord	re a joint or coordinated management plan (such as an action plan or gy) or have joint objectives been set specifically on the transbourset to cooperation? Have joint objectives, a common strategy, dinated management plan or action plan been agreed for the a, part of a basin or group of basins?	dary waters a joint or
	Yes [	/No	
	If yes	, please provide further details: [fill in]	
5.	or gr	is the transboundary basin, river, lake or aquifer sub-basin, part roup of basins protected, including the protection of ecosystems, instainable and rational water use?	
	Regu	lation of urbanization, deforestation, and sand and	
	grave	el extraction.	
		conmental flow norms, including consideration of levels and onality	
		er quality protection, e.g. nitrates, pesticides, faecal coliforms, y metals	
	Wate	er-related species and habitats protection	
	Affor	restation	<del></del>
	Resto	oration of ecosystems	<del></del>
	Grou	ndwater measures (e.g., protection zones)	<del></del>
		r measures (please <del>list</del> describe): [fill in]	
6.	(a)	Does your country <b>regularly</b> exchange information and data an States in the basin, <b>sub-basin</b> , <b>part of a basin or group of basin</b>	
	•	/No	

<b>(b)</b>	If yes, how often:	
	More than once per year	
	Once per year	
	Less than once per year	
(c) meeti	Please describe how information is exchanged (e.g. in connectings of joint bodies): [fill in]	on with
( <b>b d</b> )	If yes, on what subjects are information and data exchanged?	
	Environmental conditions	
	Research activities and application of best available techniques	
	Emission monitoring data	
	Planned measures taken to prevent, control or reduce transboundary impacts	
	Point source pollution sources	
	Diffuse pollution sources	
	Existing hydromorphological alterations (dams, etc.)	
	Discharges-Flows or water levels (including groundwater levels)	
	Water abstractions	
	Climatological information	
	Future planned measures with transboundary impacts, such as infrastructure development	
	Other subjects (please list): [fill in]	
	Other comments, e.g. spatial coverage of data and information ex [fill in]	change:
(e-d)	Is there a shared database or information platform?	
Yes [	]/No []	
(d)	Is the database publicly available?	
Yes [	]/No []	
If yes,	please provide the web address: [fill in]	
(e) <del>(pleas</del>	What are the main difficulties and challenges to data exchange, if apperedescribe): [fill in]	olicable?
Frequ	nency of exchanges	
Timin	ng of exchanges	
Comp	parability of data and information	
Limit	ed spatial coverage	
Inade	quate resources (technical and/or financial)	
Other	(please describe): [fill in]	
Additi	ional comments: [fill in]	

		What are the main beneet to cooperation basin, use describe): [fill in]		_		-	
7.		he riparian States carry on, part of a basin or grou	-	-		y basin, s	ub-
	Yes	□/No □					
	(a)	If yes, what does the joi	nt monitorin	g cover?			
			Covered?	Hydrological	Ecological	Chemical	
Boro	der surfa	ace waters	$\Box$				
Surf	ace wat	ers in the entire basin					
	ace watercourse	ers on the main					
Suri	face wa	ters in part of the basin	$\Box$				
	pleas	se describe [fill in]					
aqui	ifer(s) <del>(c</del>	Fransboundary o <del>r groundwaters)</del> or unconnected)					
<del>grou</del> terr	<del>indwate</del> itory of	d aquifers (or rs) Aquifer(s) in the one riparian connected oundary river or lake					
	(b)	If joint monitoring is car	rried out, ho	w is this done?			
		National monitoring state or common stations	tions connec	ted through a n	etwork		
		Please describe: [fill in	]				
		Joint and agreed method	lologies				
		Please describe: [fill in	]				
		Joint sampling					
		Please describe: [fill in	]				
		Common monitoring ne	twork				
		Please describe: [fill in]	]				
		Common agreed parame	eters				
		Please describe: [fill in]	]				
	(c) any:	Please describe the rate [fill in]	nain achiev	rements regard	ling joint n	nonitoring,	if
	(d)	Please describe any diff	iculties expe	erienced with jo	int monitorin	g: [fill in]	
8.		he riparian States carry ou <del>or aquifer?</del> <b>sub-basin, pa</b> r			-	y basin, <del>riv</del>	<del>∕er,</del>
	Yes	□/No □					

	If yes, please provide the date of the last or only assessment, the freque scope (e.g., surface waters or groundwaters only, pollution sources, etc. assessment, and assessment methodology applied: [fill in]	•
9.	Have the riparian States agreed to use joint water quality standards?	
	Yes  /No	
	If yes, is the basis an international or regional standard (please specify whas it been adapted from the national standards of the riparian Stat	
	standards have been applied, e.g. international or regional standards specify which), or have national standards of the riparian States been a [fill in]	(please
10.	What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in accidental pollution?	npact of
	Notification and communication	
	Coordinated or joint <b>early warning or</b> alarm system for accidental water pollution	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
11.	What are the measures implemented to prevent or limit the transboundary in extreme weather events <b>and climate change</b> ?	npact of
	Notification and communication	
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for floods	
	Coordinated or joint alarm system for droughts	
	Joint climate change adaptation strategy	
	Joint disaster risk reduction strategy	
	Other (please list): [fill in]	
	No measures	
	If not, why not? What difficulties does your country face in in place such measures?: [fill in]	putting
12.	Are procedures in place for mutual assistance in case of a critical situation?	
	Yes/No	
	If yes, please provide a brief summary: [fill in]	
13.	Are the public or relevant stakeholders involved in transboundary management in the basin, river, lake or aquifer basin, sub-basin, part of a group of basins?	
	Yes  /No	
	If yes, how? (please tick all applicable) (Please note: If your country is a the Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation in Decision and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters (Aarhus Convention), you not your country's report under that Convention.):	<del>making</del>
	Stakeholders have observer status in a joint body	

or mechanism	
Stakeholders have an advisory role in the joint body	
Stakeholders have a decision-making role in the joint body	
If yes, please specify the stakeholders for <b>the</b> each joint body o [fill in]	r mechanism:
Intergovernmental organizations	
Private sectors organizations or associations	
Water user groups or associations	
Academic or research institutions	
Other non-governmental organizations	
General public	
Other (please specify): [fill in]	
Availability of information to the public	
Consultation on planned measures or river basin management plans <sup>8</sup>	
Public involvement	
Other (please specify): [fill in]	
Please remember to complete section II for each of the transbo	
Please remember to complete section II for each of the transbebasin, part of a basin or group of basins, rivers, lakes or remember to attach copies of agreements or arrangements, if any	aquifers. Please also
basin, part of a basin or group of basins, rivers, lakes or	aquifers. Please also
basin, part of a basin or group of basins, rivers, lakes or a remember to attach copies of agreements or arrangements, if any	tion on transboundary waters. Information s, port of basins and
basin, part of a basin or group of basins, rivers, lakes or a remember to attach copies of agreements or arrangements, if any  III. Transboundary-Water management at the national level  In this first section, you are requested to provide general informat water management at the national level as it relates to transboundar on specific transboundary basins, rivers, lakes or aquifers sub-basin	tion on transboundary waters. Information s, port of basins and and not repeated here.  , action plans and
in this first section, you are requested to provide general informat water management at the national level as it relates to transboundary on specific transboundary basins, rivers, lakes or aquifers sub-basin groups of basins, and agreements should be presented in section II at 1. (a) Does your country's national legislation, policies strategies refer to measures to prevent, control and reductions.	tion on transboundary waters. Information s, port of basins and and not repeated here.  , action plans and
III. Transboundary Water management at the national level  In this first section, you are requested to provide general informat water management at the national level as it relates to transboundar on specific transboundary basins, rivers, lakes or aquifers sub-basin groups of basins, and agreements should be presented in section II at 1. (a) Does your country's national legislation, policies strategies refer to measures to prevent, control and reducting impact?	tion on transboundary y waters. Information s, port of basins and and not repeated here.  , action plans and ce any transboundary
III. Transboundary Water management at the national level  In this first section, you are requested to provide general informat water management at the national level as it relates to transboundar on specific transboundary basins, rivers, lakes or aquifers sub-basin groups of basins, and agreements should be presented in section II at 1. (a) Does your country's national legislation, policies strategies refer to measures to prevent, control and reduction impact?  Yes //No //  If yes, list the main national legislation please briefly described.	tion on transboundary y waters. Information is, port of basins and ind not repeated here.  , action plans and ice any transboundary
<ul> <li>basin, part of a basin or group of basins, rivers, lakes or remember to attach copies of agreements or arrangements, if any</li> <li>III. Transboundary Water management at the national level  In this first section, you are requested to provide general informat water management at the national level as it relates to transboundar on specific transboundary basins, rivers, lakes or aquifers sub-basin groups of basins, and agreements should be presented in section II at 1. (a) Does your country's national legislation, policies strategies refer to measures to prevent, control and reduction impact?  Yes □/No □  If yes, list the main national legislation please briefly described by the provided plans and strategies [fill in]</li> <li>(b) Do your country's national policies, action plans and strategies</li> </ul>	tion on transboundary y waters. Information is, port of basins and ind not repeated here.  , action plans and ice any transboundary
III. Transboundary Water management at the national level  In this first section, you are requested to provide general informat water management at the national level as it relates to transboundar on specific transboundary basins, rivers, lakes or aquifers sub-basin groups of basins, and agreements should be presented in section II at 1.  (a) Does your country's national legislation, policies strategies refer to measures to prevent, control and reduction impact?  Yes //No //  If yes, list the main national legislation please briefly described by the prevent, action plans and strategies fill in formal prevent, control and reduction please briefly described by the prevent, control and reduction please briefly described by the prevent, control and reduce any transboundary impact?	tion on transboundary by waters. Information is, port of basins and and not repeated here.  , action plans and the any transboundary  the the main national

 $<sup>^{8}\,</sup>$  Or, where applicable, aquifer management plans.

Precautionary principle	Yes/No			
Polluter pays principle	Yes  /No			
Sustainable development	Yes/No			
User pays principle	Yes □/No □			
If yes, please briefly descriptional level: [fill in]	ribe how these principles are implemente	ed at the		
(dc) Does your country have a national licensing or permitting system for wastewater discharges and other point source pollution? (e.g., in industry, mining, energy, municipal, wastewater management or other sectors)?				
Yes  \[ \]/No  \[ \]				
If yes, for which sectors?				
Industry				
Mining				
Energy				
Municipal				
Livestock raising				
Aquaculture				
Other (please list): [fill in]				
Please briefly describe the licensing or permitting system, indicating whether the system provides for setting emission limits based on best available technology?				
If yes, for which sectors? (please list): [fill in]				
If not, please explain why not (giving the most important reasons) or provide information if there are plans to introduce a licensing or permitting system: [fill in]				
If your country has a licensing system, does the system provide for setting emission limits based on best available technology?				
Yes /No /				
(e) Are the authorized discharge	ges monitored and controlled?			
Yes  \[ \]/No  \[ \]				
If yes, how? (Please tick the ones	applicable):			
Monitoring of discharges				
Monitoring of physical and chemic	cal impacts on water			
Monitoring of ecological impacts	on water			
Conditions on permits				
Inspectorate				
Other means (please list): [fill in]				
If your country does not have a discharge monitoring system, please explain why not or provide information if there are plans to introduce a discharge monitoring system: [fill in]				
(f) What are the main measures which your country takes to reduce diffuse sources of water pollution on transboundary waters (e.g., from agriculture, transport,				

forestry or aquaculture)? The measures listed below relate to agriculture, but other sectors may be more significant. Please be sure to include these under "others":

	Legislative measures	
	Norm for uses of fertilizers	
	Norms for uses of manure	
	Permitting system	
	Bans on or norms for use of pesticides	
	Others (please list): [fill in]	
	Economic and financial measures	
	Monetary incentives	
	Environmental taxes (such as fertilizer taxes)	
	Others (please list): [fill in]	
	Agricultural extension services	
	Technical measures	
	Source control measures	
	Crop rotation	
	Tillage control	
	Winter cover crops	
	Others (please list): [fill in]	
	Other measures	
	Buffer/filter strips	
	Wetland reconstruction	
	Sedimentation traps	
	Chemical measures	
	Others (please list): [fill in]	
	Other types of measures	
	If yes, please list: [fill in]	
(g) resour	What are the main measures which your country takes to enhance rees allocation and use efficiency?	e water
Please	tick as appropriate (not all might be relevant)	
	A regulatory system regarding water abstraction	
	Monitoring and control of abstractions	
	Water rights are elearly defined	
	Water allocation priorities are listed	
	Water-saving technologies	
	Advanced irrigation techniques	

IV.

	Demand management activities			
	Other means (please list)			
	(h) Does your country apply the ecosystems approach?			
	Yes  /No			
	If yes, please describe how: [fill in]			
	(i) Does your country take specific measures to prevent the p groundwaters?	ollution of		
	Yes  /No			
	If yes, please list briefly describe the most important measures: [fill in]			
2.	Does your country national laws require transboundary environment assessment (EIA)?	ntal impact		
	Yes  /No			
	Does your country have procedures for transboundary EIA?			
	Yes  /No			
	If yes, please make reference to briefly describe the legislative basis(p) the name and section of the relevant laws), and any related im	plementing		
	procedures. (Please note: If your country is a Party to the Con Environmental Impact Assessment in a Transboundary Context, you m your country's report under that Convention.): [fill in]			
	If not, do other measures provide for transboundary EIA? [fill in]			
Final	questions			
1.	What are the main challenges your country faces in implementing the and cooperating on transboundary waters? ( <i>Please describe</i> ): [fill in]	Convention		
	Differences between national administrative and legal framewo	orks 🗌		
	Lack of relevant data and information			
	Difficulties in data and information exchange			
	Sectoral fragmentation at the national level			
	Language barrier			
	Resource constraints			
	Environmental pressures, e.g. extreme events			
	Sovereignty concerns			
	Please list other challenges and/or provide further details: [fill	in]		
2.	What have been the main achievements in implementing the Convector cooperating on transboundary waters? What were the keys to achieving the (Please describe concrete examples): [fill in]			
	Improved water management			
	Enhanced regional integration, i.e. beyond water			
	Adoption of cooperative arrangements			

	Adoption of joint plans and programmes		
	Long-lasting and sustained cooperation		
	Financial support for joint activities		
	Stronger political will for transboundary water cooperation		
	Better knowledge and understanding		
	Dispute avoidance		
	Stakeholder engagement		
	Please list other achievements, keys to achieving success, and/or provide examples: [fill in]	de concrete	
3.	Name and contact details of the person(s) who filled out the questionnaire (please nsert): [fill in]		
	Date: [fill in] Signature: [fill in]		
3.	Please indicate which institutions were consulted during the completion of the questionnaire include any additional information on the process of preparing the report (e.g., whether there was an exchange or consultation within the joint body or with riparian countries), in particular which institutions have been consulted (please describe): [fill in]		
	Joint body or mechanism		
	Other riparian or aquifer countries		
	National water management authority		
	Environment agency/ authority		
	Basin authority (national)		
	Local or provincial government		
	Geological survey (national)		
	Non-water specific ministries, e.g. foreign affairs, finance, forestry and energy		
	Civil society organizations		
	Water user associations		
	Private sector		
	Other (please list): [fill in]		
	Please briefly describe the process by which the question completed: [fill in]	naire was	
4.	If you have any other comments please add them here (insert comments): [fill in]		
5.	Name and contact details of the person(s) who filled out the questionnaire (please insert): [fill in]		
	Date: [fill in] Signature: [fill in]		
Thank	you very much for taking the time to complete this report.		

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