



**Convention on the Protection and Use of Transboundary
Watercourses and International Lakes**

**Second Joint meeting of the Working Groups on Monitoring and Assessment and on Integrated
Water Resources Management**

**Working Group on Integrated Water Resources Management
Thirteenth meeting***

**Working Group on Monitoring and Assessment
Fourteenth meeting***

Geneva, 28-30 May 2018

Item 16 of the provisional agenda

**Programme of work for 2019-2021 and preparations for the eighth session of the Meeting of the
Parties**

**Main outcomes of the online survey exercise for the development of the programme of work
2019-2021**

Background:

At its 12th meeting, the Working Group on Integrated Water Resources Management (WG-IWRM) decided to develop the programme of work for 2019-21 of the Water Convention through a consultative process that would include a written survey among Parties, non-Parties and partners, a round of interviews with selected key actors (see document ECE/MP.WAT/WG.1/2018/INF.3- ECE/MP.WAT/WG.2/2018/INF.3) as well as the more traditional discussions on the future programme of work in the Convention's subsidiary bodies (Task Forces and Joint Expert Group).

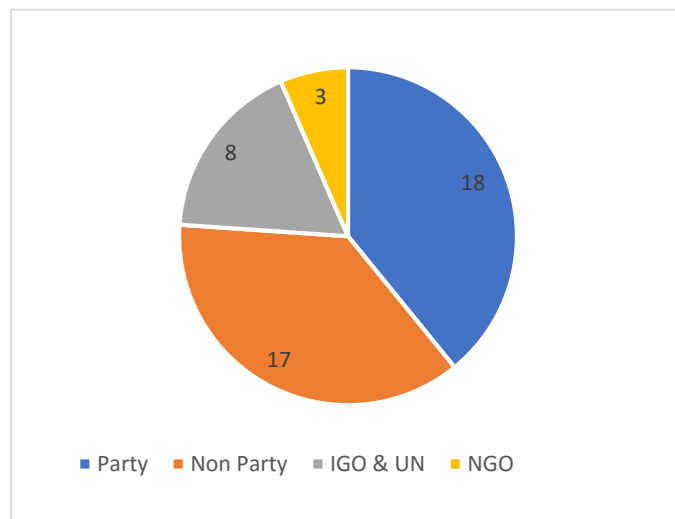
The Water Convention secretariat launched in November 2017 an online survey to collect suggestions and expectations from countries and partners (Parties, non-Parties, IGOs and NGOs). The survey invited the participants to identify five priority topics for future work under the Water Convention out of fifteen and to suggest corresponding specific activities and foreseen contributions. In total, 46 respondents completed the survey. The survey results are therefore not fully representative, as many countries and partners did not complete the survey.

This document presents an analysis of the survey's results and aims at informing the Working Group for its discussion on the 2019-2021 programme of work. It gives an overview of the distribution of responses for each priority topic through graphs. The main types of suggested activities and contributions have been listed for each priority topic.

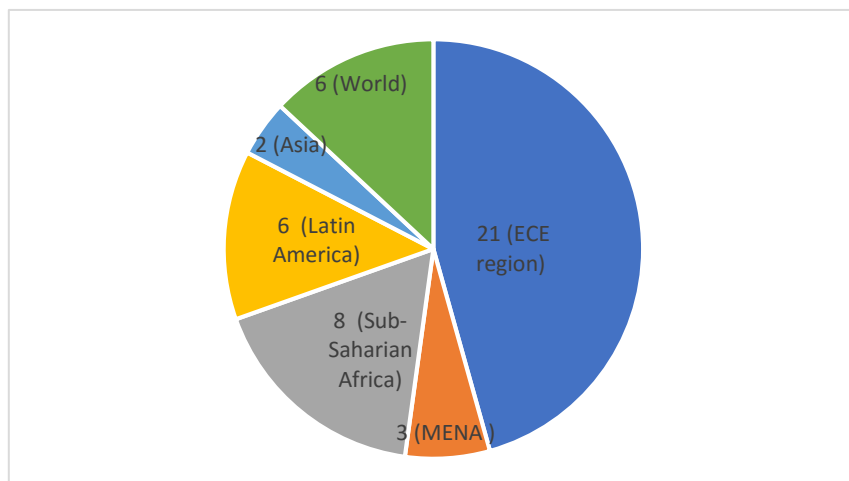
* Second joint meeting of the two working groups.

I. Analysis of the 46¹ survey respondents

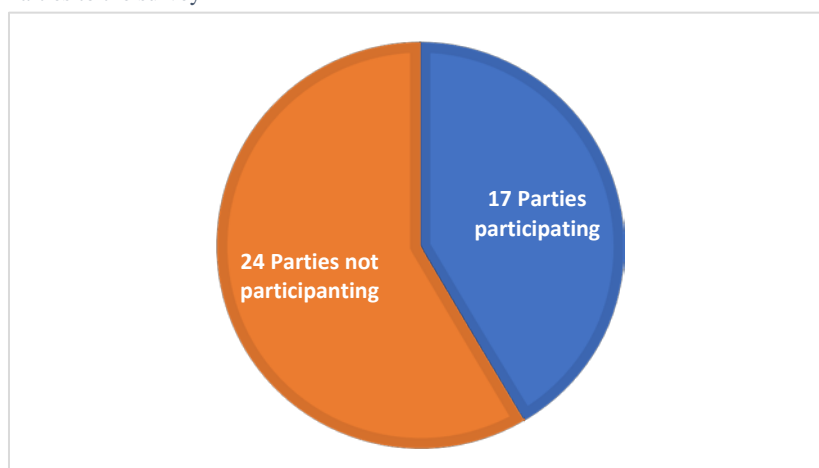
Graph 1: Number of participation per category of respondents



Graph 2: Survey respondents by region



Graph 3: Participation of Parties to the survey



¹ Replies to the survey were expected to be consulted at the national level / within organizations and represent a consolidated position and not an individual one. However, within the 49 respondents, some countries responded twice to the survey. This is the case for Albania, Jordan and the Russian Federation. Out of these, only the most complete answers received for each of those 3 countries were included in the analysis. The total number of answers is therefore 46 instead of 49.

II. Overview of votes for all priority topics:

The respondents of the survey had to prioritize 5 priorities out of the 15 proposed priorities listed below:

Priority 1: Promoting and communicating the benefits of transboundary cooperation to support hydrodiplomacy through understanding the Convention

Priority 2: Supporting the development of agreements (bilateral, basin, regional) and the establishment of joint bodies

Priority 3: Promoting integrated water resources management (IWRM) in transboundary basins

Priority 4: Promoting sustainable transboundary groundwater management

Priority 5: Promoting the reduction of risks from industrial accidents in transboundary basins

Priority 6: Supporting financing of transboundary water cooperation

Priority 7: Raising awareness and developing capacities on the Convention and on international water law and supporting national processes towards accession

Priority 8: Supporting reporting under the Convention and on SDG indicator 6.5.2 and using of the reports and their results for activities in the countries or under the Water Convention

Priority 9: Supporting intersectoral dialogues and assessments in selected transboundary basins through the Nexus approach

Priority 10: Supporting sustainable water allocation in the transboundary context

Priority 11: Promoting sustainability of investments through a nexus approach

Priority 12: Supporting monitoring, assessment and information/data sharing in transboundary basins

Priority 13: Promoting climate change adaptation in transboundary basins

Priority 14: Facilitating access to climate finance from international and domestic sources for climate change adaptation measures in transboundary basins

Priority 15: Supporting national policy dialogues on integrated water resources management in countries in Eastern Europe, the Caucasus and Central Asia Activities in the framework of the European Union Water Initiative

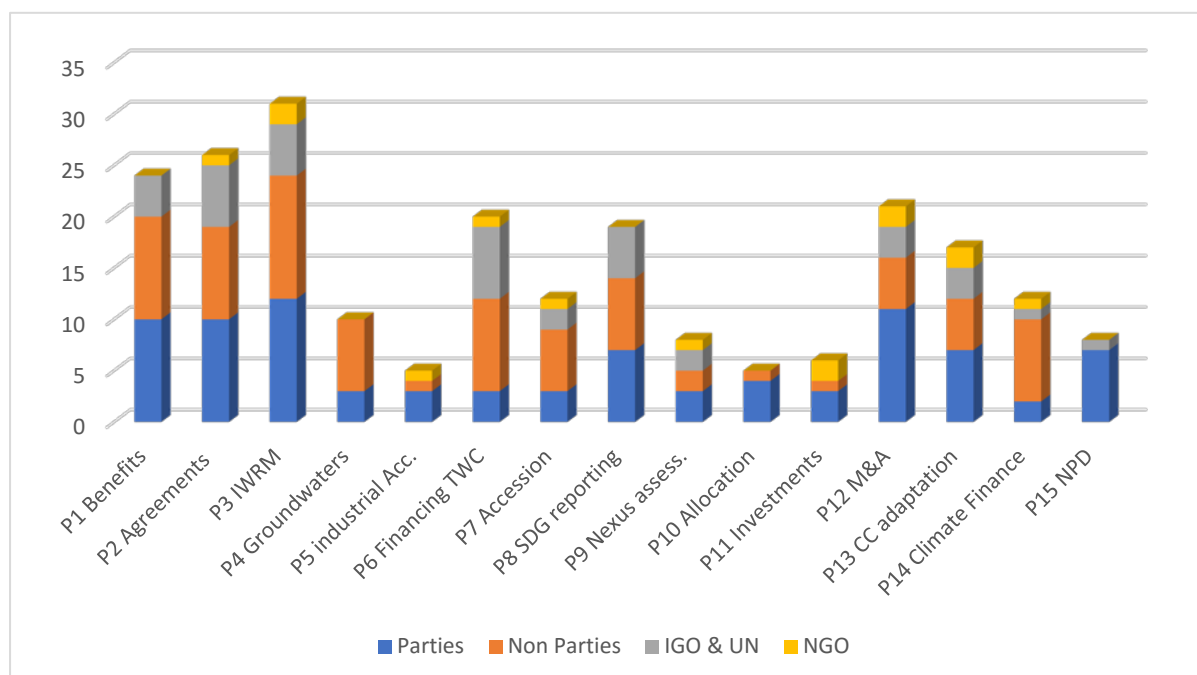
An additional priority called “priority 16” was created to allow the respondents to make suggestions and proposals for topics that were relevant for them and not captured by the list of priorities. The respondents also had the opportunity to send additional comments.

This table presents the total votes for each priority as well as the votes received from Parties, non-Parties, IGO/UN and NGO.

Table 1: Number of votes per priority per types of respondents

Priorities	Categories of respondents				Total
	Parties	Non Parties	IGO & UN	NGO	
P1 Benefits	10	10	4	0	
P2 Agreements	10	9	6	1	24
P3 IWRM	12	12	5	2	26
P4 Groundwaters	3	7	0	0	31
P5 Industrial Accidents	3	1	0	1	10
P6 Financing Transboundary Water Cooperation (TWC)	3	9	7	1	5
P7 Accession	3	6	2	1	20
P8 SDG reporting	7	7	5	0	12
P9 Nexus assess.	3	2	2	1	19
P10 Allocation	4	1	0	0	8
P11 Investments	3	1	0	2	5
P12 Monitoring and Assessment (M&A)	11	5	3	2	6
P13 CC adaptation	7	5	3	2	21
P14 Climate Finance	2	8	1	1	17
P15 National Policy Dialogues (NPD)	7	0	1	0	12

Graph 4 Number of votes per priority per types of respondents

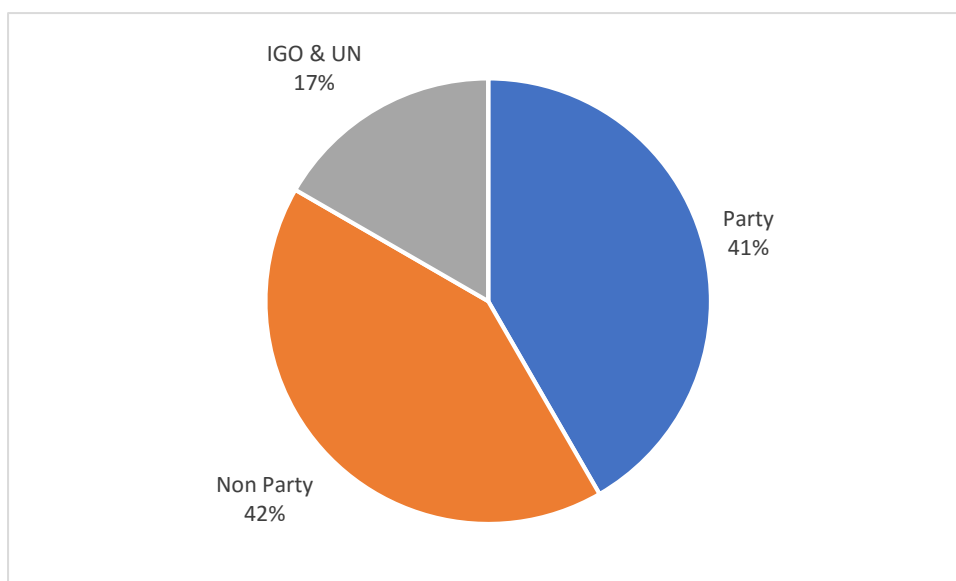


III. Detailed analysis for each priority

This part analyzes more in depth the 15 priorities, looking at the number and types of votes they received as well as the main types of activities and contributions suggested by the respondents.

Priority 1: Promoting and communicating the benefits of transboundary cooperation to support hydrodiplomacy through understanding the Convention

Graph 5: Percentage of votes per types of respondents for Priority n°1



Main types of activities proposed for Priority 1:

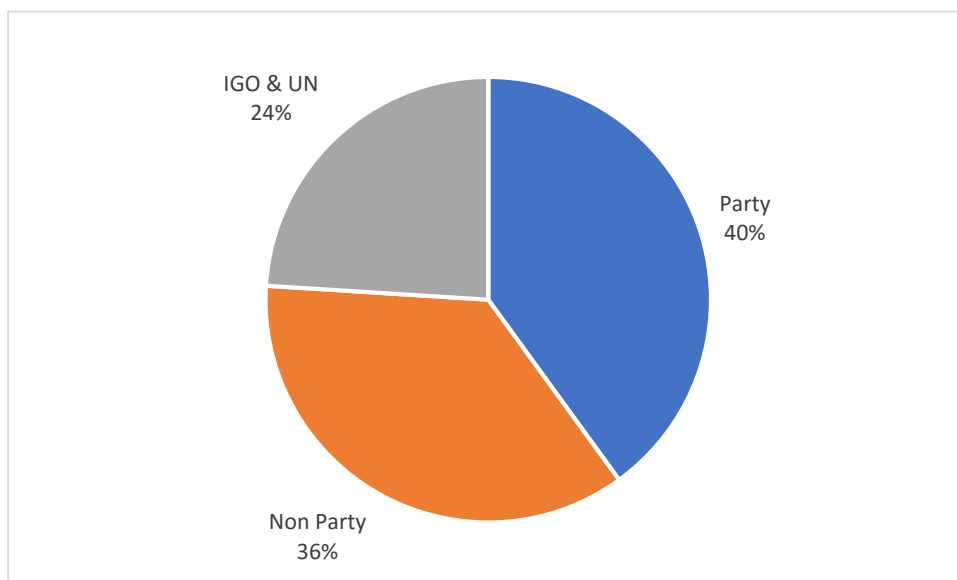
- Capacity Building on hydro diplomacy
- International/Regional workshops to inform/raise awareness/train ministerial authorities
- Experience sharing
- Produce publications/Frequently Asked Questions papers
- Develop demonstration and pilot projects
- Implement shared basins management sub- committee /committee
- Use existing regional platform to raise advocacy (ex UNESCAP)

Main contributions proposed for Priority 1:

- Provide expertise and knowledge when needed
- Share experiences
- Co-finance
- In-kind contributions
- Communicate on TWC Benefits across the world and include benefits issue in regional bodies
- Co-organize events

Priority 2: Supporting the development of agreements (bilateral, basin, regional) and the establishment of joint bodies

Graph 6: Percentage of votes per types of respondents for Priority n°2

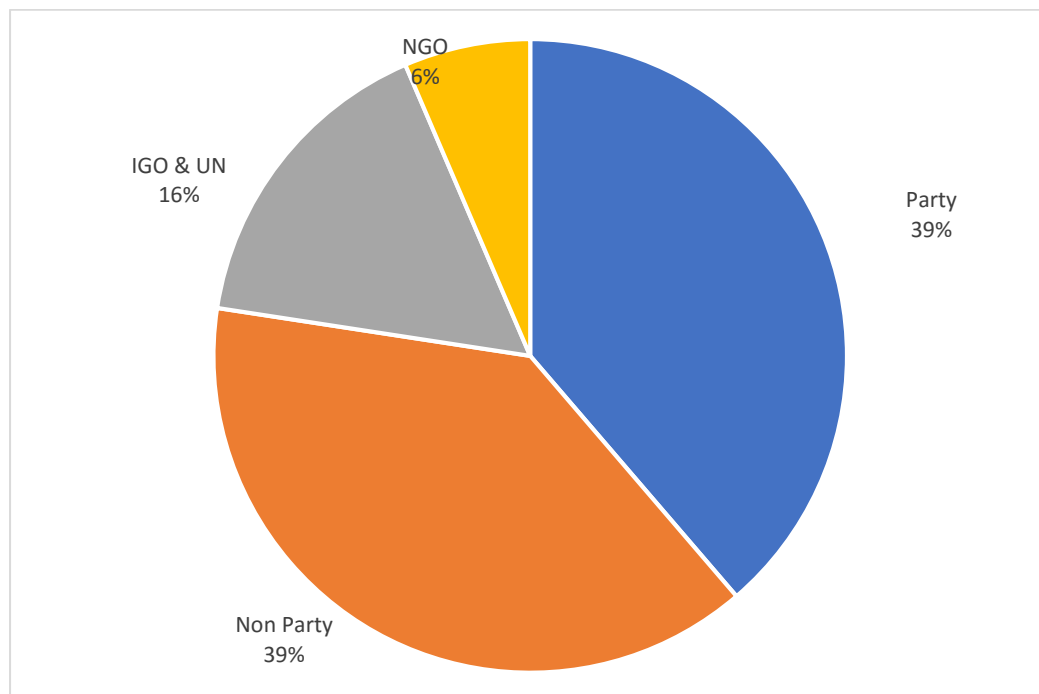


Main types of activities proposed for Priority 2 :

- Workshop on how to draft agreements (e.g identify indicators for these agreements)
- Exchange of experiences and Capacity Building
- Direct negotiation and technical support
- Organize high level meeting between riparian countries
- Exchange of experiences and capacity building
- Organize regional workshops (Asia)
- Identify joint institution for implementation
- Technical and legal advise
- Support existing agreements and action plans development/monitoring/updating

Main contributions proposed for Priority 2:

- Sharing knowledge and experiences
- Co-financing
- Influence other countries in the region to sign agreements and promote agreements
- Offer mediation for others countries
- Strengthen cooperation with different types of structure working on environment, international organizations working on water
- Find local partners at regional level to co-organize workshop
- Drafting agreements documents for riparian countries
- Take the lead to implement activities in a specific region

Priority 3: Promoting integrated water resources management (IWRM) in transboundary basinsGraph 7 Percentage of votes per types of respondents for Priority n°3**Main types of activities proposed for Priority 3:**

- Workshops for knowledge exchange, experience sharing, training, capacity building
- Develop tools and guidance documents on IWRM
- Development /Implementation of pilot project
- Support establishment of national/international basins council
- Creation of IWRM plans
- Monitoring of water quality
- Construction of water infrastructures
- Demonstrate linkages between IWRM and nexus/benefits
- Compliance assessment for IWRM programs
- Financial support for intergovernmental agencies
- Develop a report on the economics of IRWM with case studies from different regions of the world
- Support the development of IWRM principles for joint bodies, working groups and NPD

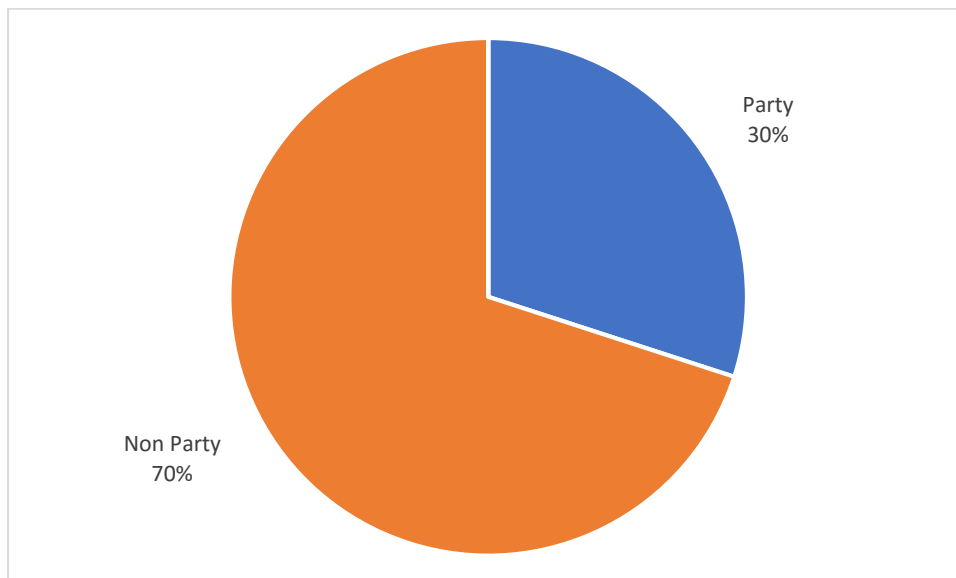
Main contributions proposed for Priority 3:

- Regional experience, knowledge and expertise sharing
- In-kind contribution
- Co-financing
- Data exchange on IWRM
- Strengthen technical capacities at national and regional level
- Cooperation with EUWI and NPD
- Research support
- Access to NPD
- Adoption of new water technologies
- Organize basins council meetings
- Promote IWRM at multilateral meetings

- Prepare provision to establish/operate basins councils

Priority 4: Promoting sustainable transboundary groundwater management

Graph 8: Percentage of votes per types of respondents for Priority n° 4

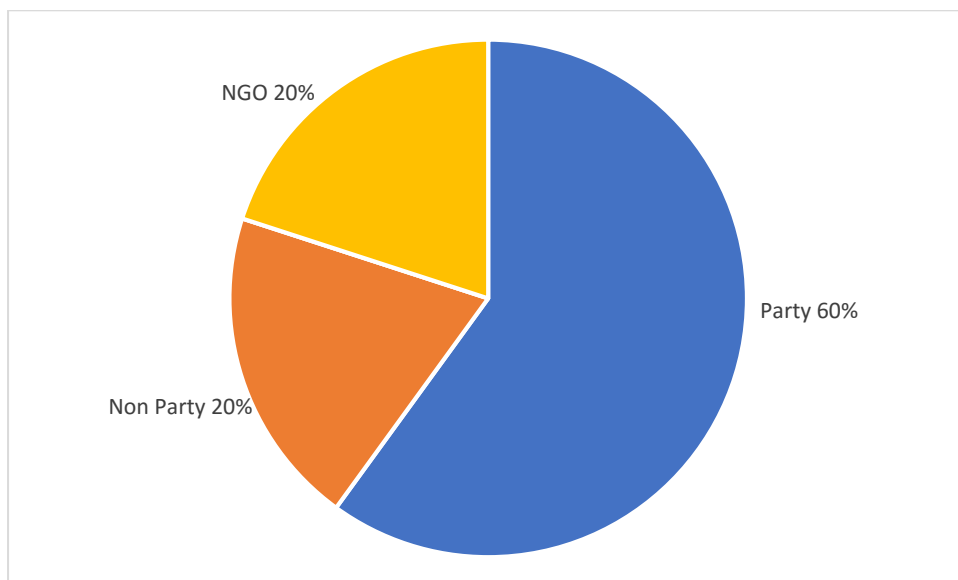


Main types of activities proposed for Priority 4:

- Exchange of experience and good practices
- Development of tools and guidelines on integrated management of groundwater
- Groundwaters quality monitoring systems
- Capacity building (groundwater management, groundwater bodies
- Data sharing
- Compliance assessment of Transboundary water Groundwaters and stakeholders analysis to manage basin committee
- Develop drip irrigation
- Construction of groundwaters dams

Main contributions proposed for Priority 4:

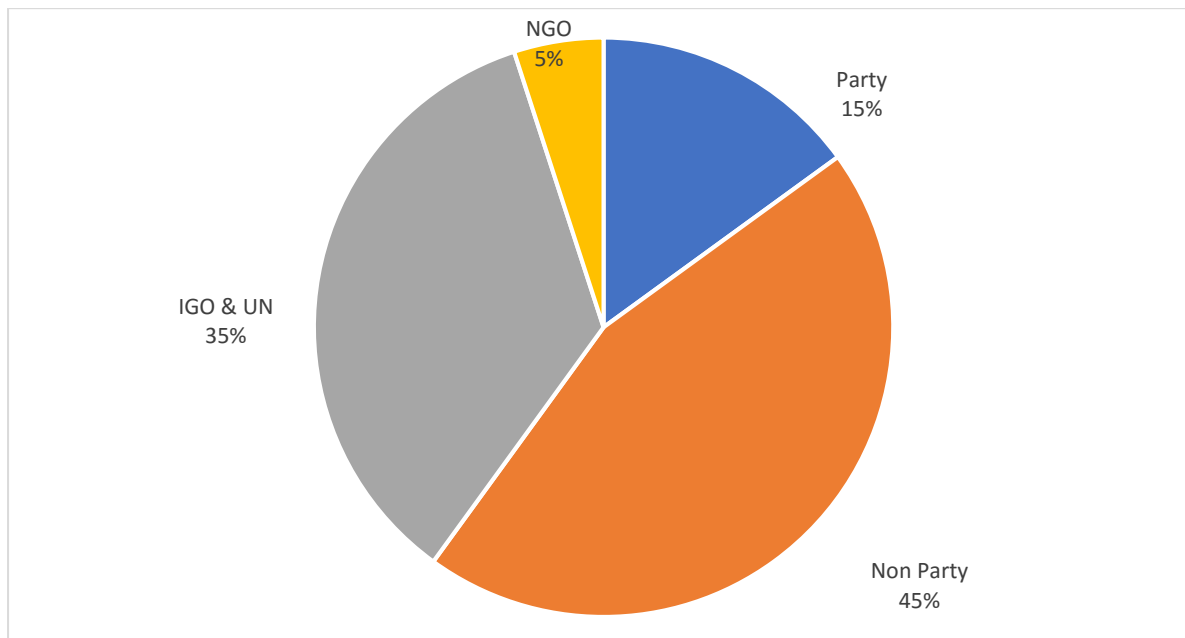
- Sharing information and experiences (on relevant topics and compliance assessment)
- Promoting transboundary groundwater management at meetings

Priority 5: Promoting the reduction of risks from industrial accidents in transboundary basins*Graph 9: Percentage of votes per types of respondents for Priority n°5***Main types of activities proposed for Priority 5:**

- Capacity building in the basin/training workshop
- Exchange of experience and good practices
- Inventory of industrial pollution sources and proposed measures for risk reduction

Main contributions proposed for Priority 5:

- Experience/Information sharing
- Promote risk reduction at the bilateral level
- Support with specific knowledge
- Co-finance

Priority 6: Supporting financing of transboundary water cooperationGraph 10: Percentage of votes per types of respondents for Priority n°6**Main types of activities proposed for Priority 6:**

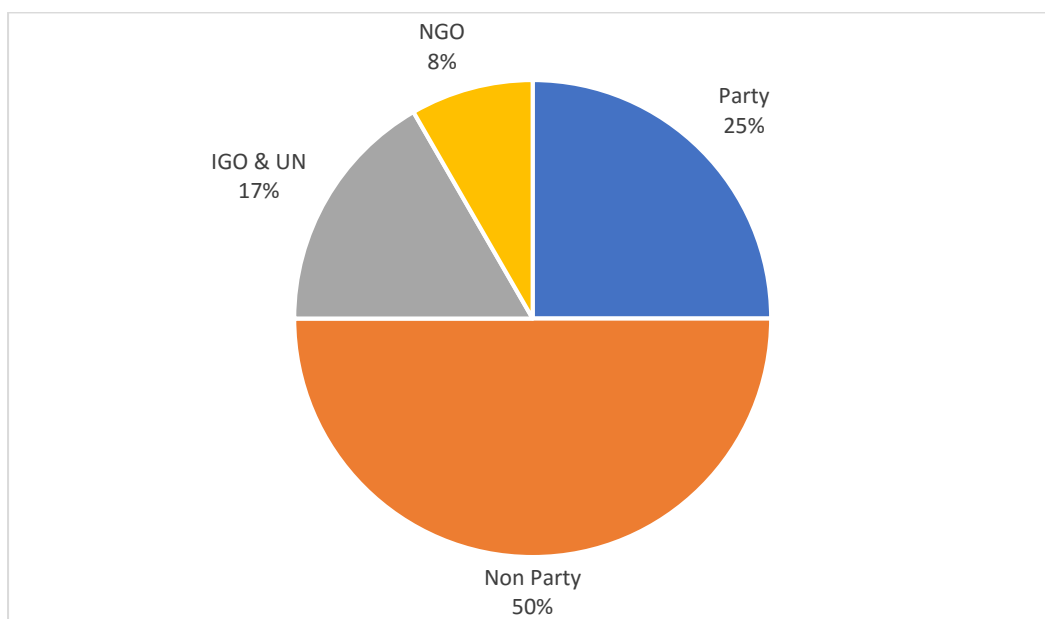
- Capacity building on new tech, int. water law, project proposal
- Provide resources to finance projects
- Workshop for experience sharing, awareness raising, promotion of innovative financial mechanisms
- Support in finding financial resources and identifying donors
- Involve the Global Environment Facility (GEF)
- Support in implementing activities of action plan
- Information document on opportunity to finance TWC in a specific region (request for UNESCAP for Asia-Pacific region)

Main contributions proposed for Priority6:

- Support with specific knowledge and expertise
- Closely cooperate with the Water Convention and other international organizations in the field of water resources protection and management
- Increase funding for the broader organization of conferences
- Advocate with donors
- Identify bankable projects
- Support in drafting project proposal
- Use network to involve financial institutions (including GEF)

Priority 7: Raising awareness and developing capacities on the Convention and on international water law and supporting national processes towards accession

Graph 11: Percentage of votes per types of respondents for Priority n°7



Main types of activities proposed for Priority 7:

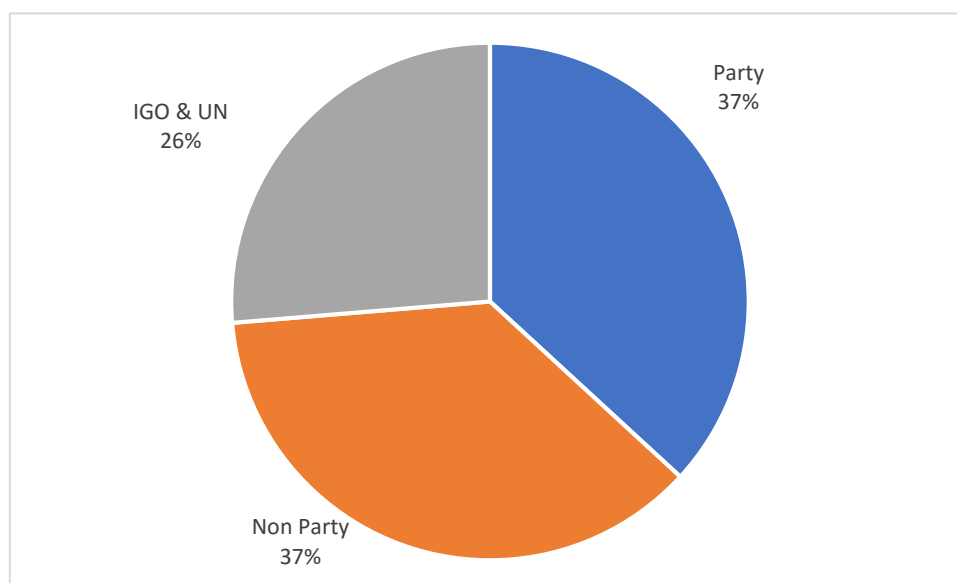
- Capacity Building and training
- Public awareness raising, education
- Share practical experience on how to apply the Water Convention

Main contributions proposed for Priority 7:

- Experience sharing
- In kind contribution
- Co-financing
- Participation in capacity building programme

Priority 8: Supporting reporting under the Convention and on SDG indicator 6.5.2 and using of the reports and their results for activities in the countries or under the Water Convention

Graph 12: Percentage of votes per types of respondents for Priority n°8



Main types of activities proposed for Priority 8:

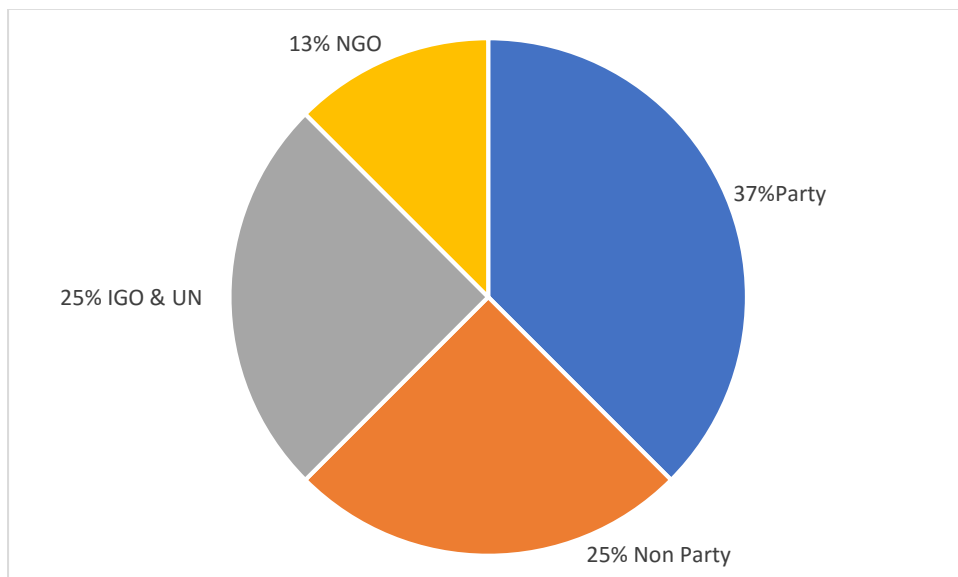
- Capacity building/Workshop on understanding and reporting against SDG 6.5.2 indicator (monitoring process, report methodology)
- Guiding document
- Provision of financial support

Main contributions proposed for Priority :8

- Cooperation and improvement in submitting the SDG report
- Provide knowledge and regional expertise
- Co-finance
- Use national instrument to apply SDG
- Include SDG indicator 6.5.2 as a national indicator
- Collaborate with UNECE to support country in reporting

Priority 9: Supporting intersectoral dialogues and assessments in selected transboundary basins through the Nexus approach

Graph 13: Percentage of votes per types of respondents for Priority n°9

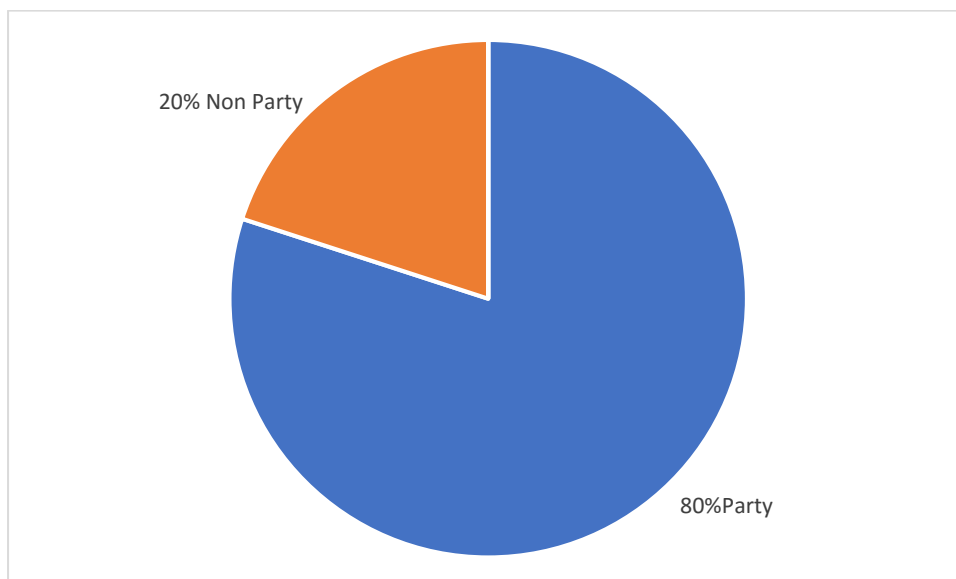


Main types of activities proposed for Priority 9:

- Technical and policy support (intersectoral dialogues, nexus assessment approach)
- Exchanges of experience and dissemination of achievements and results
- Guidance publications/ provide methodology (link between Water Convention and conservation; integration of climate change in the nexus approach)

Main contributions proposed for Priority 9:

- Provide technical guidance and support (existing instruments, specific knowledge, research)
- Jointly develop guidance on conservation
- Increase collaboration on nexus approach

Priority 10: Supporting sustainable water allocation in the transboundary contextGraph 14: Percentage of votes per types of respondents for Priority n°10**Main types of activities proposed for Priority 10:**

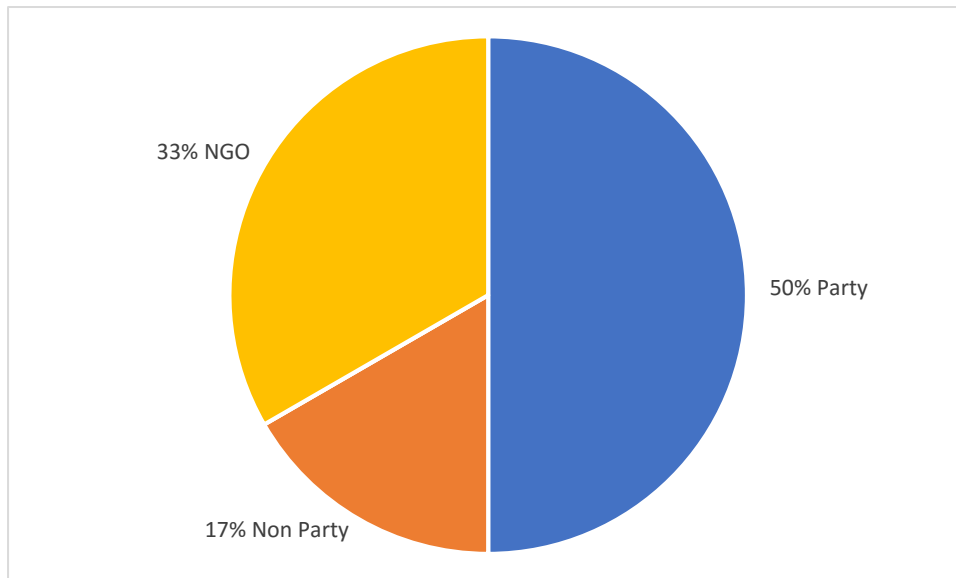
- Support development of agreements on water allocation
- Capacity building/Training workshop
- Exchange of experience
- Elaborate guidelines for water allocation in Transboundary River basins
- Support reporting under the Water Convention and on SDG indicator 6.5.2

Main contributions proposed for Priority 10:

- Supporting with specific knowledge and expertise (development of agreements, organization of workshops, development of guidelines)
- Co-finance activities

Priority 11: Promoting sustainability of investments through a nexus approach

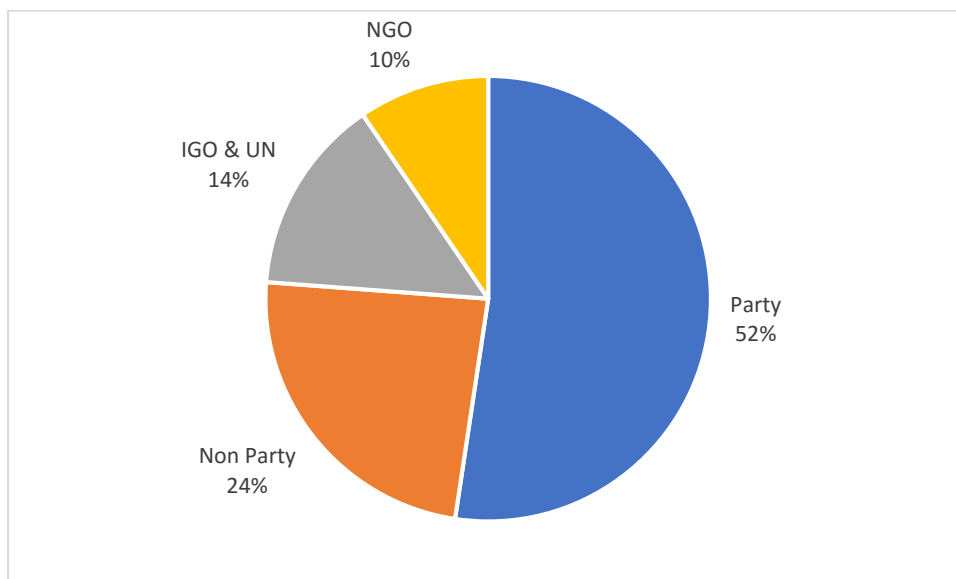
Graph 15: Percentage of votes per types of respondents for Priority n°11

**Main types of activities proposed for Priority 11:**

- Pilot project with practical application of sustainable investments based on nexus approach
- Development of guidance (on methods, applications, water related investments risks)
- Identify financing instruments to support the nexus approach
- Support in adjusting national budget to better integrate the nexus approach

Main contributions proposed for Priority 11:

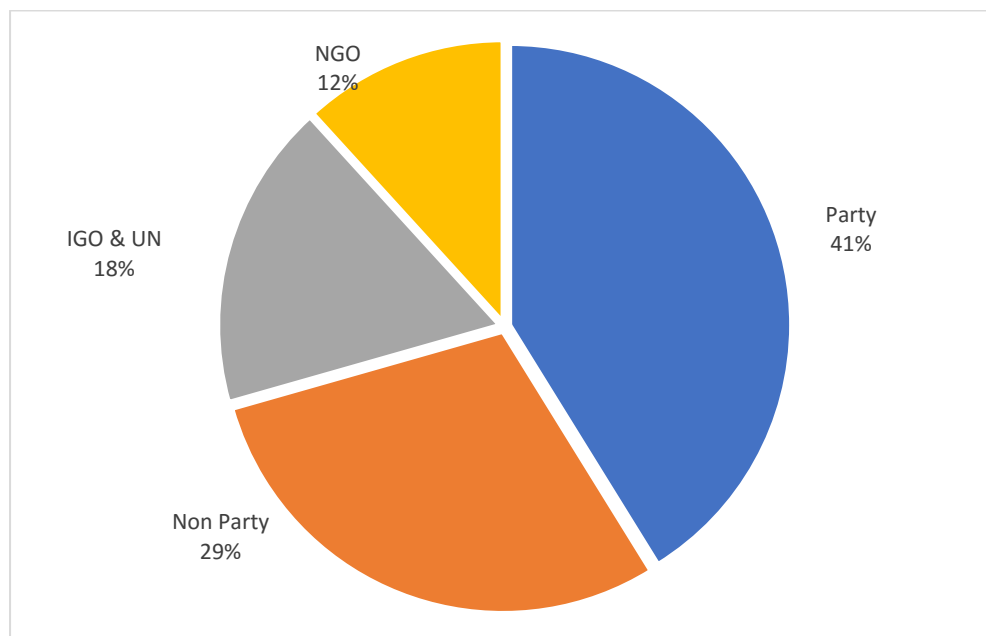
- Share information and experience
- Available to participate in expert group
- Research support

Priority 12: Supporting monitoring, assessment and information/data sharing in transboundary basinsGraph 16: Percentage of votes per types of respondents for Priority n°12**Main types of activities proposed for Priority 12:**

- Organize workshops to exchange experiences and build capacity
- Support/Provide assistance to develop monitoring and assessment mechanisms
- Implement joint monitoring
- Promote data sharing
- Update and create guidance tools
- Implement pilot projects

Main contributions proposed for Priority12:

- Share experience and knowledge
- Cooperate with relevant stakeholders
- Offer to co-finance activities
- Build capacity at regional level

Priority 13: Promoting climate change adaptation in transboundary basinsGraph 17: Percentage of votes per types of respondents for Priority n° 13**Main types of activities proposed for Priority 13:**

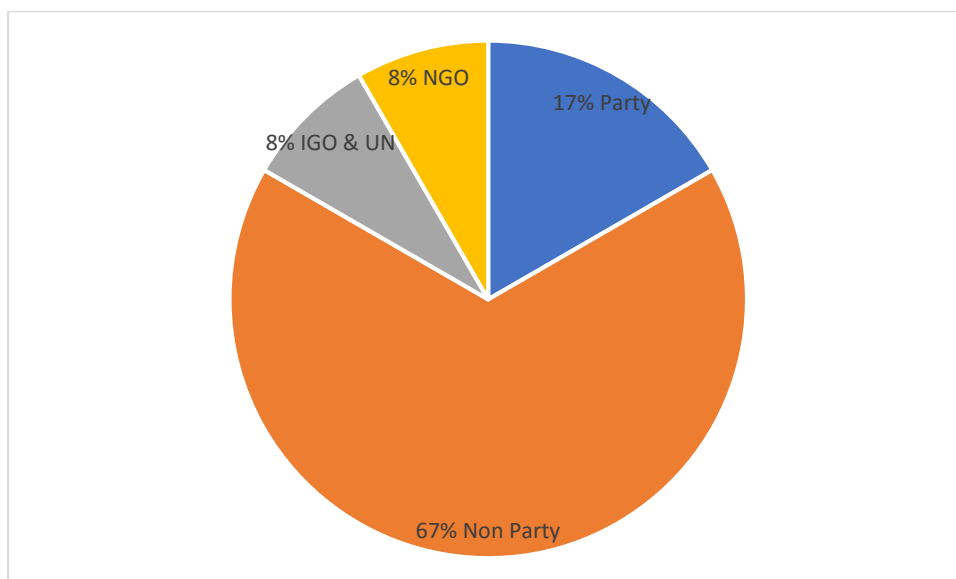
- Workshops/Promotion best practices at regional and global level on climate change adaptation
- Technical and policy support for the development of adaptation strategies
- Revise guidelines documentation/ publication on best practices
- Support in accessing climate finance
- Demonstration project

Main contributions proposed for Priority 13:

- Technical and policy support (data /data/experience sharing)

Priority 14: Facilitating access to climate finance from international and domestic sources for climate change adaptation measures in transboundary basins

Graph 18: Percentage of votes per types of respondents for Priority n°14



Main types of activities proposed for Priority 14:

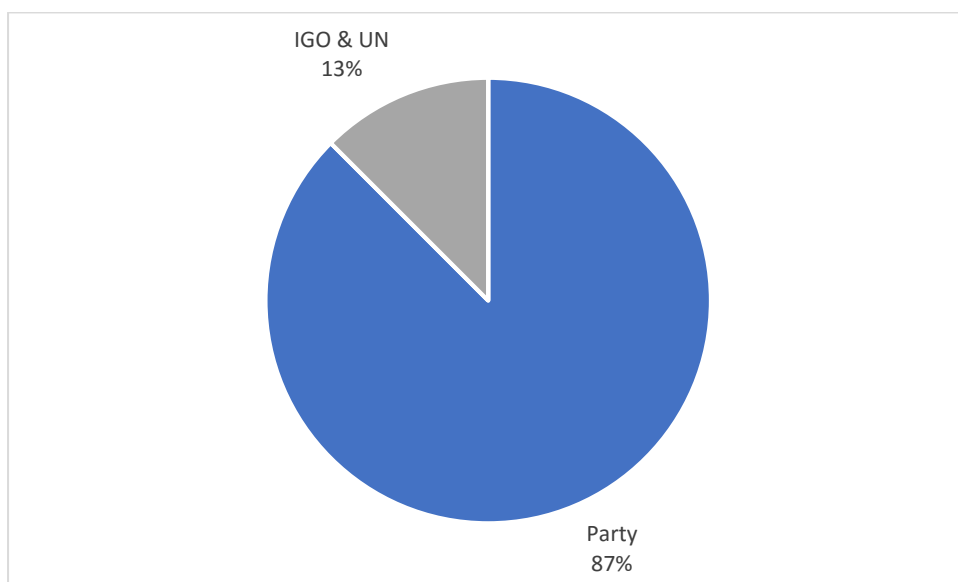
- Technical and policy support to facilitate access to climate finance (including workshops)
- Establish cooperation between the Water Convention and International financing institutions
- Develop guidance document

Main contributions proposed for Priority 14:

- Technical support (knowledge, research)
- Cooperation with relevant ministries
- Co-finance
- National effort to implement adaptation strategies

Priority 15: Supporting national policy dialogues on integrated water resources management in countries in Eastern Europe, the Caucasus and Central Asia Activities in the framework of the European Union Water Initiative

Graph 19: Percentage of votes per types of respondents for Priority n° 15



Main types of activities proposed for Priority 15:

- Continuation for the NPDs meeting/capacity building
- Conduct evaluation of NPDs
- Conduct 3rd comprehensive assessment of transboundary rivers

Main contributions proposed for Priority 15:

- Provide expertise and knowledge for NPDs
- Participate to events and exercise

IV. Additional priorities suggested by the survey respondents:

Five respondents suggested additional priorities to be taken into account in the development of the Programme of Work 2019-2021. These proposals are captured in the table below.

Table 2: Additional priorities suggested by the survey respondents

Respondents	Additional priorities suggested	Activities suggested
Global Water Partnership Mediterranean (GWP-Med)	<p>1) International water law (IWL): Building IWL capacity of transboundary basin practitioners, officials and civil society actors working on water diplomacy</p> <p>2) Supporting River Basin Organization and Regional Economic Commission to address challenges of transboundary waters: Through training on tools for better water governance, such as international water law, project development support/joint project development in the areas of IRWM, climate change and nexus related to transboundary waters</p>	<p>1) International water law: Currently, UNECE is collaborating with GWP's IWL training. In the future, we can strengthen the collaboration by increasing the number of participants supported by UNECE, as well as having a regular resource person from UNECE on this training</p> <p>2) Supporting River Basin Organization and Regional Economic Commission to address challenges of transboundary waters: GWP works closely with river basin organizations and regional economic commissions in various regions. There is an opportunity to work with UNECE on building their capacities</p>
Guinea Equatorial	Carrying out inventories to determine the volume of water and surface areas of the basins	Co-financing
Iraq	Supporting the establishment of bilateral or multilateral agreements among the countries shared in international rivers	Organize and hold sessions on water negotiations by inviting the neighbouring countries with the assistance of the secretary of water convention.
Rivers without borders (RwB)	Supporting assessment, valuation and preservation of ecosystem services as part of transboundary water management (should be pursued in the context of IWRM and climate adaptation)	RwB is ready to participate in development of methodology and recommends World Wide Funds Freshwater Program as lead on the subject.
Serbia	Linking activities under the Protocol on Water and Health with activities under the Water Convention	Exchange of experience on national implementation of programme activities and link with SDG indicators

V. Additional comments from respondents:

The online survey allowed respondents to make additional comments if they wanted to. Five respondents took this opportunity to share ideas and remind the relevance of transboundary water cooperation.

Chad mentioned the difficulty of selecting only 5 priorities in the list and reiterated the importance of water allocation, climate change adaptation, climate finance. The food water energy and ecosystems nexus approach at transboundary level is also a very critical topics for African countries.

The Dominican Republic as a non Party highlighted the importance of involving non-parties in the Water Convention activities to enhance dialogue at regional level on transboundary water issue and encouraged the secretariat to continue to give such opportunities in the future.

GWP-Med expressed its will to explore specific collaboration activities in UNECE regions, particularly Central Asia and Central and Eastern Europe with a specific focus on areas such as. National Policy Dialogues; SDG: Support for linking between SDG 6.5.2 (UNESCO/UNECE) and 15.3 United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD), their reporting, validation, and implementation; Interregional cooperation with International Water Assessment Center • Integrated Drought Management Programme in Central and Eastern Europe (IDMP CEE); Cooperation with the International Commission for the Protection of the Danube River (ICPDR).

The Russian Federation reiterated the importance of:

- the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development in moving towards consolidation of international community's efforts to comprehensively address the issues related to shared water resources on a global scale.
- the Convention on the Protection and Use of Transboundary Watercourses as a key international legal tool for water resources management.
- the assignment of one Sustainable Goal to water (SDG 6) "Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all": its specific targets provide clear guidance for collaborative and national actions. It is essential to enhance the effectiveness of measures taken to overcome the water and sanitation challenges.
- the positive outcomes of the UN International Decade for Action "Water for Life" (2005-2015)

The Scientific Information Center of Interstate Coordination Water Commission (SIC IWC) mentioned that the cooperation between SIC IWC and UNECE could be improved.

Annexe:

Respondents	Information
1. Afghanistan	Kawa Sahab , Director of Technical Unit of Transboundary Water Ministry of Energy and Water
2. Alliance for Global Water Adaptation) (AGWA)	John Matthews , Coordinator, AGWA
3. Albania	Gerta Lubonja , National Secretary for Water Technical Secretariat of National Water Council
4. Albania (2)	Lutaj margarita , Specialist, Department of Water Resources Policy, Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development
5. Austria	Christian Schilling , Focal point UNECE Water Convention Federal Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, Environment and Water Management, National and International Water Policy Unit
6. Azerbaijan	Matanat Ahmedovna Avazova , Deputy Director of the Environmental Monitoring Department, The Ministry of Ecology and Natural Resources of Azerbaijan
7. Belarus	Tatyana Vyacheslavovna Slizh , Head of Department of Water Use and Protection, Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Protection
8. Burkina Faso	Amidou Savadogo , Chief Executive Officer, Directorate-General for Hydraulic Development and Irrigation Development, Ministry of Agriculture and Water Development
9. Burundi	Epimaque Murengerantwari , Minister's Advisor Ministry of Water, Environment, Spatial Planning and Town and Country Planning
10. Chad	Nelngar Younane , Assistant au Secrétariat Général Ministère de l'Eau et de l'Assainissement
11. Czech Republic	Veronika Matuszná , Officer Ministry of the Environment
12. Costa Rica	Vivian González Jiménez, Geog. Herberth Villavicencio Rojas, Leonardo Cascante Chavarría, José Joaquín Chacón Solano, Department of Water
13. Democratic Republic of Congo	Henri Muyembe Ngasili , Head of Legal and Regulatory Studies Division Regulatory Affairs and Environmental Litigation Division, Department of Environment and Sustainable Development
14. Dominican Republic	Francisco Domínguez Brito , Environment and Natural Resource Minister, Ministry of Environmental and Natural Resources
15. Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA)	Carol Chouchani Cherfane , Chief, Water Resources Section
16. Estonia	Harry Liiv , Deputy Secretary General, Bureau Member of the Water Convention, Ministry of the Environment
17. Finland	Seppo Rekkolainen , Director Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry
18. The Former Yugoslav Republic Of Macedonia	Ylber Mirta , Head of Department for Waters Ministry of Environment and Physical Planning)
19. Gambia	Yusupha Bojang , Senior Network Officer Department of Water Resources
20. Germany	Heide Jekel , Head of Division Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation, Building and Nuclear Safety
21. Global Water Partnership	Yumiko Yasuda , Senior Network Officer
22. Guatemala	Elisa Colom Caballeros de Morán , Advisor, Sovereignty and Dominion Unit, Ministry of Foreign Affairs
23. Guinea Equatorial	Deogracias Ikaka Nzamio , Director General of Water Resources and Coasts, Ministry of Fisheries and Water Resources

24. Honduras	Eng. Oscar Godoy , Position Focal Point and Consultant of the Sovereignty and Frontier Commission, Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation
25. Iraq	Jamal Mohsin Ali , General Director of Planning and Follow up Office, Ministry Of Water Resources
26. ISRBC (International Sava River Basin Commission)	Dragana Milovanović , Deputy Secretary for Integrated River Basin Management and Water Planning, International Sava River Basin Commission Secretariat
27. Jordan	Wael Rasheed Yousef Elayyan , Secretary General Assistant for strategic planning, Ministry of Water and Irrigation
28. Jordan (2)	Ali Subah , Secretary General, Ministry of Water and Irrigation
29. Lesotho	Bahlakoana David 'Malebese , Senior Conservation Officer Acting Principal Engineer, Ministry of Forestry, Range and Soil Conservation
30. Luxembourg	Anne-Marie Reckinger , Research fellow, Water Management Administration
31. Mexico	Sean Carlos Cázares Ahearne , International Cooperation Manager, National Water Commission (Conagua)
32. Netherlands	Carien van Zwol , Senior advisor International Water Affairs Ministry of Infrastructure and Water Management
33. Peru	Juan Carlos Pomareda Muñoz , Third Secretary - Diplomatic Service, Ministry of Foreign Affairs
34. Rivers without Boundaries	Eugene Simonov , Coordinator
35. Romania	Carmen Neagu , Adviser, National Focal Point, Ministry of Waters and Forests
36. Russia	Vladimir Vyacheslavovich Ivlev , Deputy Director, International Cooperation Department, The Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment
37. Russia (2)	Vakhtang Gennadievich Astakhov The Federal Water Resources Agency (Rosvodresursy)
38. Senegal	Niokhor Ndour , Director of Resources Planning and management, Ministry of Hydraulic and sanitation
39. Serbia	Marija Lazarevic , Head of the Group for International Cooperation in the field of water, Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management – Water Directorate
40. SIC ICWC	Victor Abramovich Dukhovnij , Director
41. Slovakia	Zdenka Kelnarová , Water Director Deputy (EU) Ministry of Environment
42. Slovenia	Aleš Bizjak , co-national focal point to the UNECE Water Convention Water Agency / Head of Office / International cooperation
43. Sweden	Ulrika Stensdotter Blomberg , Senior scientific officer Swedish Agency for Marine and Water Management
44. United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (UN ESCAP)	Duangta Pawa , Research Assistant Environment and Development Division, UN ESCAP
45. United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)	Blanca Jimenez Cisneros , Director of the Division of Water Sciences and Secretary of the International Hydrological Programme
46. Uzbekistan	Sharifjon Kuchkarov , Head of the Water Balance and Water Resources Saving Technologies Department, The Ministry of Agriculture and Water Resources
47. Waterlex	Florian Thevenon , Scientific Officer
48. World Meteorological Agency (WMO)	Johannes Cullmann , Climate & water department
49. World Wide Funds (WWF)	Dean Muruven , Global Policy Lead: Freshwater

