

Target Setting and Reporting Outcomes of work of the Task Force and future activities

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Protocol on Water and Health



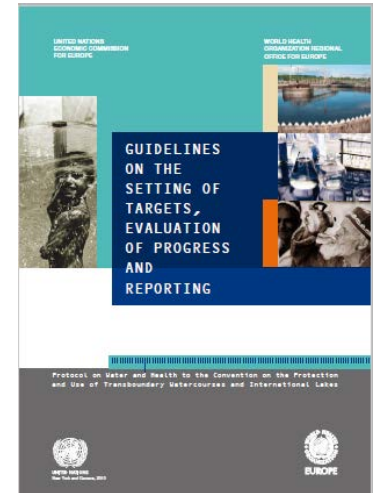
1. Major milestones since 2014

- * 2 Task Force meetings
 - * Decision to establish informal group for providing clarifications and explanations to the current reporting template and for revising the template for future use
 - * Decision to gather good practices and publish a collection of them
- * 2 workshops dedicated to
 - * Links with other reporting mechanisms
 - * Good practices on target setting and reporting
- * National activities in Albania, Azerbaijan, Bulgaria, Kazakhstan, Republic of Moldova, Serbia, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan

2. Main achievements in target setting

The Task Force:

- * Supported the process of setting targets and reporting
- * Continued promoting good practices on setting targets, implementing measures and reporting on progress
- * Organized tailor-made national and subregional workshops to support target setting



3. Collection of good practices and lessons learned

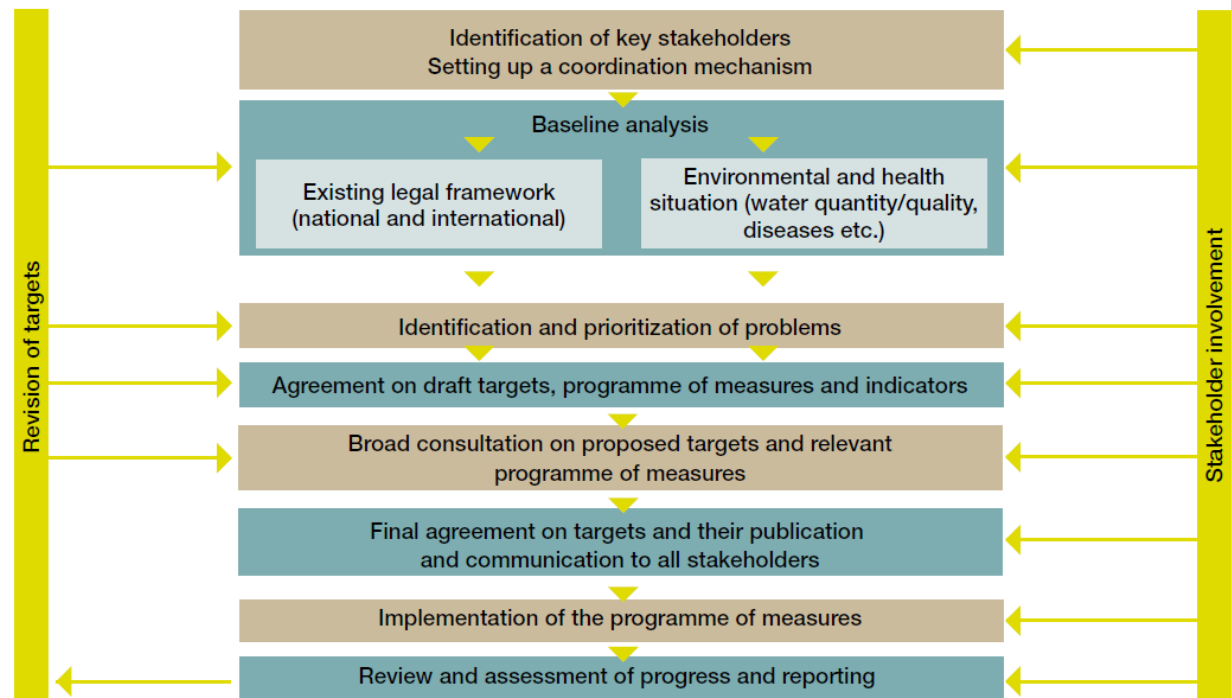
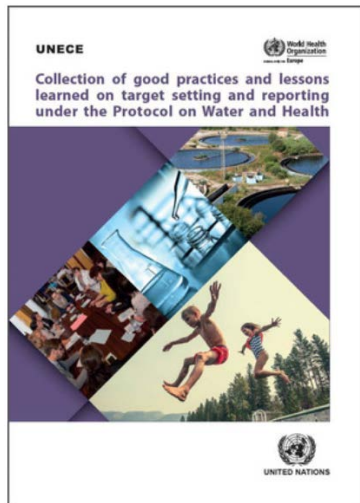


This document illustrates good practices and lessons learned by countries implementing Protocol

- * Extensive participatory exercise
- * Promotion of good practices
- * Highlight of challenges and solutions

4. Collection of good practices and lessons learned

Structure of the document based on the logical framework for the process of setting targets (Target Setting Guidelines)



5. Collection of good practices and lessons learned



Collection of good practices and lessons learned on target setting and reporting

3. Institutional arrangements

Protocol text

Article 6, paragraph 5 (a)

In order to promote the achievement of the targets referred to in paragraph 2 of this article, the Parties shall each establish national or local arrangements for coordination between their competent authorities;

Target-Setting Guidelines

The process of target setting should be led by the main competent authorities (depending on national setting, the Ministry of Health and/or Environment), in close cooperation with a broad range of concerned stakeholders responsible for the overall implementation of the Protocol, including at the highest governmental level.

In order to bring together all stakeholders concerned in the process of target setting and to create an appropriate coordination mechanism, depending on the country's institutional set-up, either use could be made of existing structures and networks or a specific, inter-ministerial committee/working group could be established.

Lessons learned and good practices

- The involvement of leading competent authorities and other stakeholders, including buy-in by key ministries and national and sub-national (regional/local) authorities dealing with environment, water, sanitation and health, is crucial to securing support during the target-setting and implementation process.
- The formalization of interministerial cooperation (e.g. through a cabinet decision, memorandum of understanding or a joint order/decision by the leading ministries) is recommended to ensure its continuity and effectiveness. A formal structure will help mobilize the involvement of other relevant ministries and authorities in the process (e.g. finance, education, rural development). Some countries have formalized interministerial collaboration on Protocol implementation when ratifying the Protocol. Formalizing cooperation by establishing dedicated working groups with clear mandates is useful when allocating necessary human and financial resources.

The involvement of high management in ministries and departments at the technical level (e.g. head of

6. Collection of good practices and lessons learned



Each process step shows

- * The Protocol text
- * The target setting guidelines
- * The lessons learned
- * ...and a box with:
 - * Case summary
 - * Why is it a good practice
 - * Overcoming challenges
 - * Success factors and lessons learned
 - * How to replicate this practice?

7. Main achievements in reporting (art.7)

Tools provided

- * Guidelines and template for reporting
- * Last MOP: decision to review the reporting template

→ **Template for summary reports under the Protocol on Water and Health**

→ **Part One** **General aspects**

1. → Were targets and target dates established in your country in accordance with article 6 of the Protocol?

Please provide detailed information on the target areas in Part Three.

YES → → NO → → IN-PROGRESS →

If targets have been revised, please provide details here.

2. → Were they published and, if so, how?

8. Current reporting cycle

For the third reporting exercise (2015-2016), the informal review group:

- * Provided clarifications and explanations provided to the template adopted at MOP-2
- * WGWH recommended a revised template for use in the 3rd reporting cycle
- * Substantive revisions will be made in the template to be used in future reporting cycles

9. Considerations for future reporting

Considerations for the fourth reporting exercise (2018-2019):

- * Careful judgement of the usefulness of the information collected
- * Harmonization to the program of work
- * Present the progress achieved and success stories
- * Show added value of joining the Protocol
- * Consider linkages with other reporting mechanisms
- * Art. 8 Response systems
 - * Time-bound obligation to establish, improve or maintain surveillance and early warning systems
- * Other articles (9 – 14)
 - * Public information, international cooperation, joint and coordinated international action,...

10. Proposed structure for future reporting template

Executive summary

- 1. General aspects*
- 2. Targets and target dates set and assessment of progress*
- 3. Common indicators*
- 4. Water related disease surveillance and response systems*
- 5. Progress achieved in implementing other articles*
- 6. Thematic part linked to priority areas of work*
- 7. Information on the person submitting the report*

11. Lessons learnt for future work

Reporting

- * Align with other global and regional monitoring systems
 - * JMP, GLAAS, GEMI, EU-, ...
- * SDGs momentum: the reporting mechanism of the Protocol could become one of the tools for measuring progress made in the pan-European region
- * Possibility of developing the online tool

Suggested future work for PA1

Improving governance for water and health: support for setting targets and implementing measures

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1. Suggested future work

Objective: Reinforce the implementation of the core provisions of the Protocol on target setting and reporting under articles 6 and 7

For setting targets and implementing measures:

- * Build capacity to address specific issues and common challenges related to setting targets and implementing measures (Task Force meetings oriented towards thematic exchanges)
- * Organize tailor-made national and subregional workshops to support setting targets (synergies with the National Policy)

1. Suggested future work

...and:

- * Promote good practices on setting targets and implementing measures (twinning between countries)
- * Exchange of experience and analysis of the benefits, outcomes and concrete results achieved at national and regional levels
- * Develop guidance booklet on how to translate the 2030 Agenda into national targets set under the Protocol.

2. Suggested future work

Strengthening reporting capacity

- * Support improvement in the quality of reporting (possibility to develop an electronic tool for reporting)
- * Raise awareness on linkages between Protocol reporting system and 2030 Agenda monitoring framework as well as WHO/UNICEF JMP, GLAAS and GEMI
- * Assist Parties to comply with the reporting obligations of article 7 (regional implementation report on progress achieved at regional level based on national summary reports)