

# Individual exercise on the Natural Resource Asset Accounts

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management**

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# True/false quiz – Natural Resource Asset Accounts Basics

	True	False
1. Environmental assets are of value because they provide inputs used in production processes.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2. Current generations should be stewards (or guardians) of environmental assets on behalf of future generations.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3. A national park is an example of an environmental asset in the SEEA-CF.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4. Illegal mining should not be included in the valuation of mineral assets.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5. The SEEA-CF significantly expands the asset boundary of the SNA.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6. A mineral deposit is an asset even if it is not possible to exploit it with today's technology.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7. The UNFC provides a single, consistent framework for classifying all natural resource assets in the SEEA-CF.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8. In the SEEA-CF, environmental assets are measured only in monetary terms.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
9. Ecosystem assets are excluded from the SEEA-CF because their values are so large they would swamp all other assets in the economy.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10. In the SEEA-CF, reclassifications are defined as changes in mineral and energy assets due to new information about deposits.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>