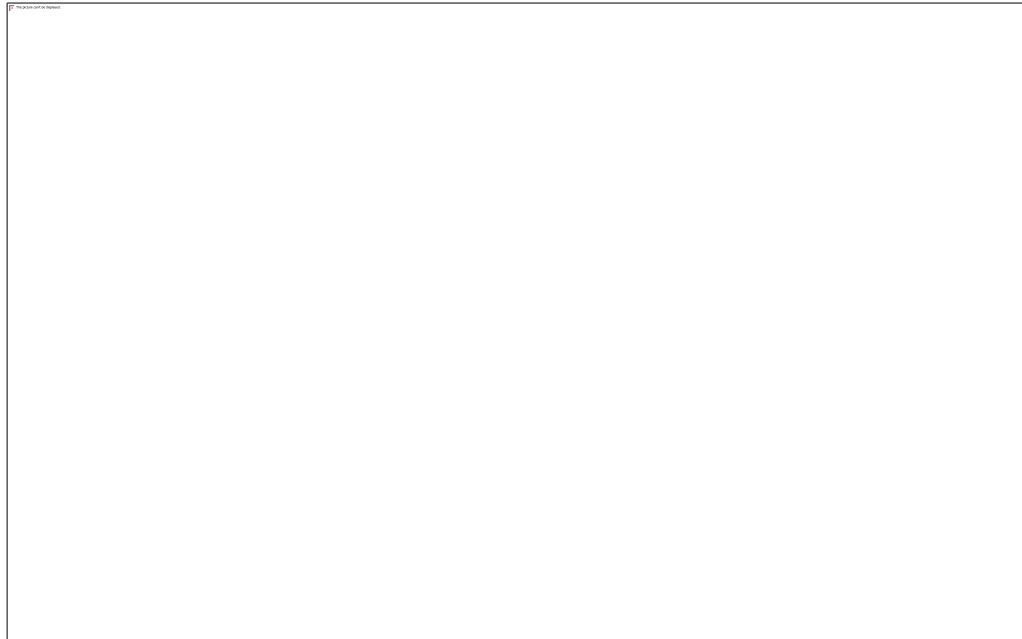


Framework for Fisheries Research Data

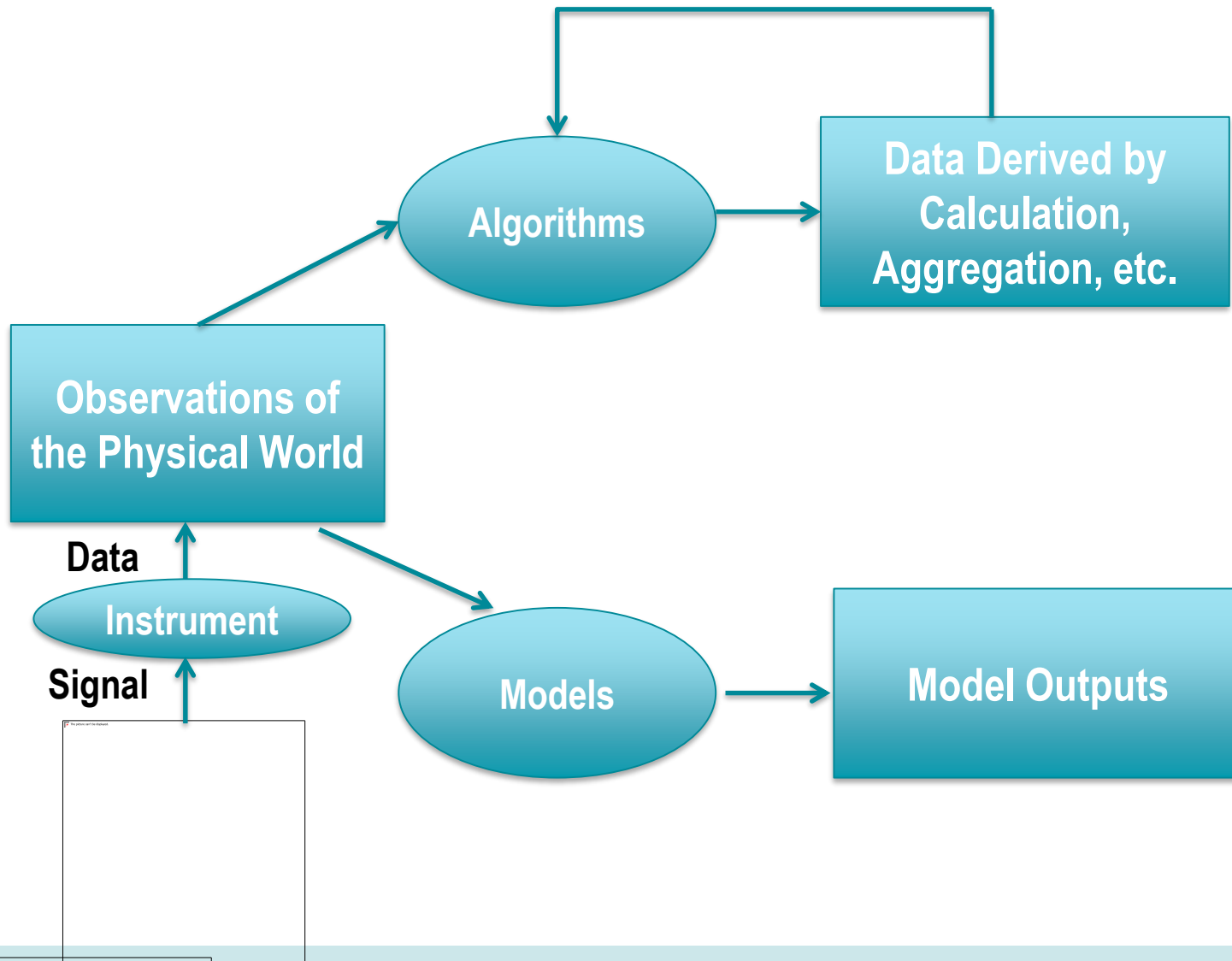


UN/CEFACT
27th Forum

Given the great variety of research data, is it possible to represent it all in a single framework?

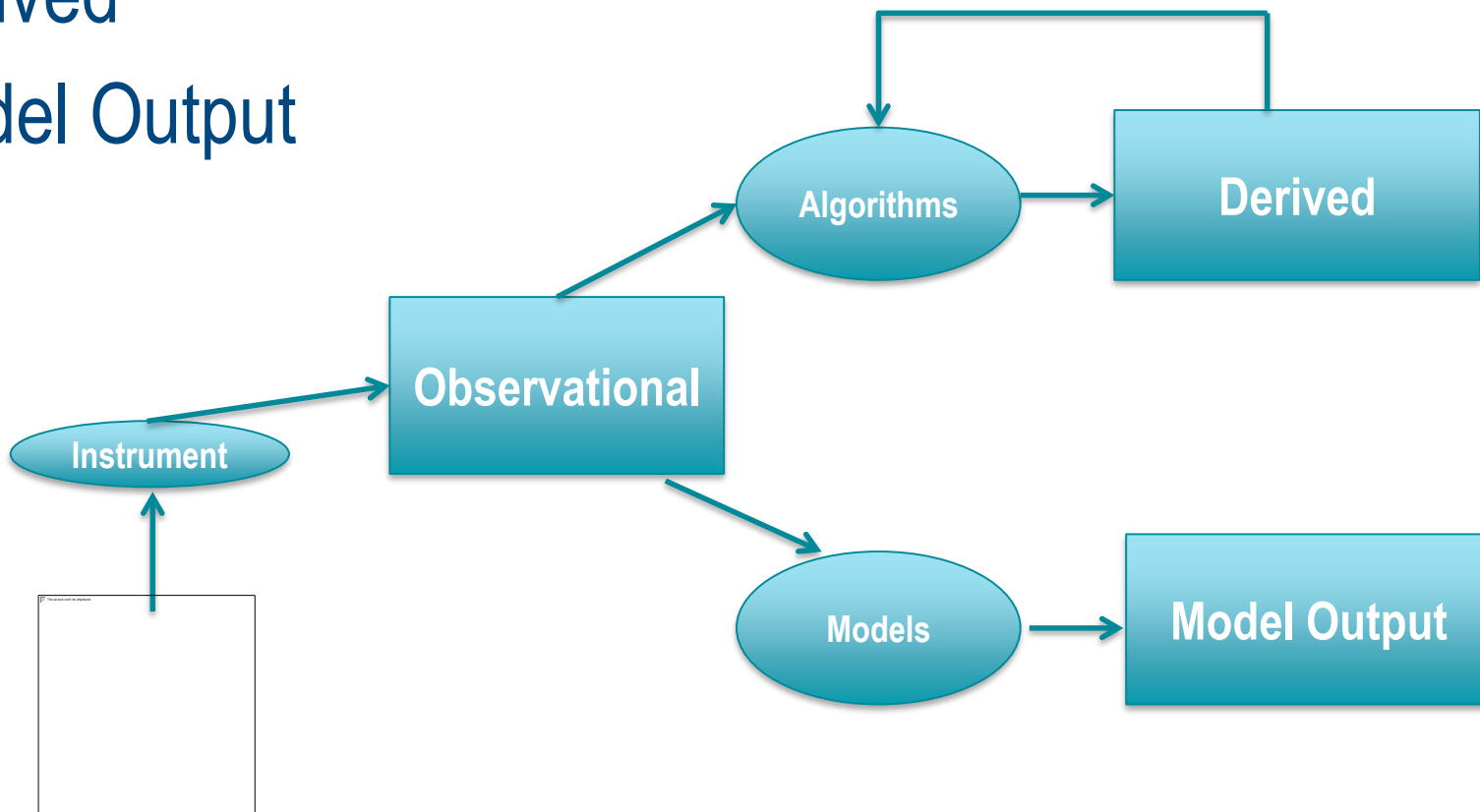
- Yes
- All fisheries research data is derived from observations of the physical world.
- Further datasets are derived from those observations.

Origins of research data



Three Data Origins

- Observational
- Derived
- Model Output



Attributes of research metadata answer these questions:

- Origin?
- If Origin = Observed then
 - What was observed?
 - How?
- In all Origin cases
 - When?
 - Where?
 - Why?

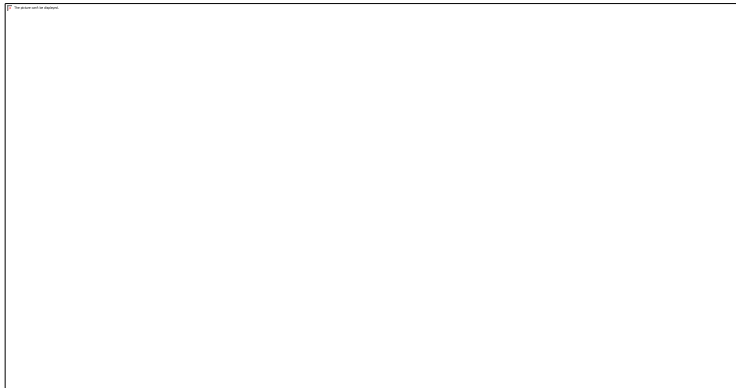
What was observed?

- Is it purely taxonomic?
- No

What was observed?



- Taxon
- Species complex (e.g. *skates of commercial interest*)
- Species found in the same habitat (e.g. *groundfish*)
- Species using a particular form of locomotion (e.g. *plankton, nekton*)
- Species sharing a migration pattern (e.g. *anadromous, catadromous*)
- By trophic level (e.g. autotroph, prey, predator, etc.)
- Habitat or Environment



What was observed? (non-living)

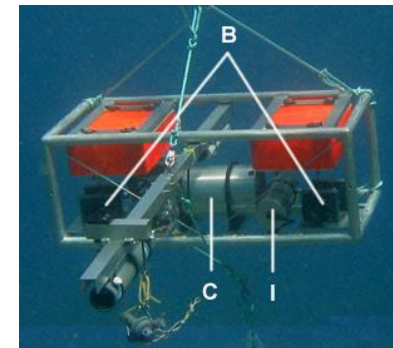
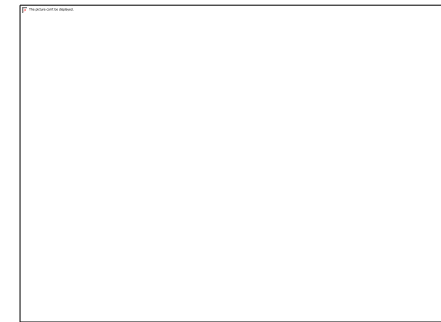
- Air
- Other gases
- Water
- Oil
- Other pollutants
- Sea floor materials
- Equipment

What was observed?

- Humans (such as fishing activity, trade, socio-economic)

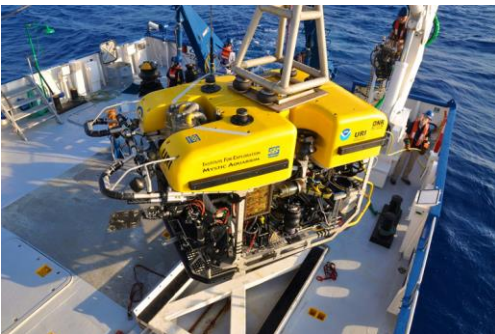
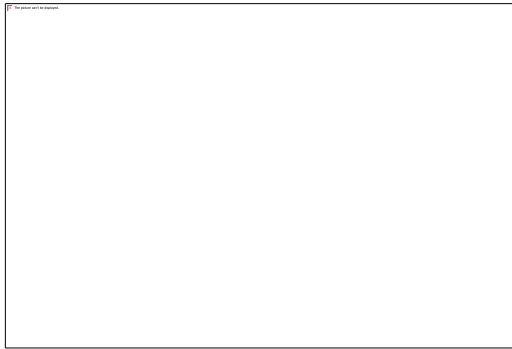
How?

- Platform (NOAA ships, aircraft, buoys, gliders, satellites by model number)
- Physical collection gear (such as fishing gear by type)
- Instrument (such as camera, thermometer, sonar, pressure gauge, by model number)



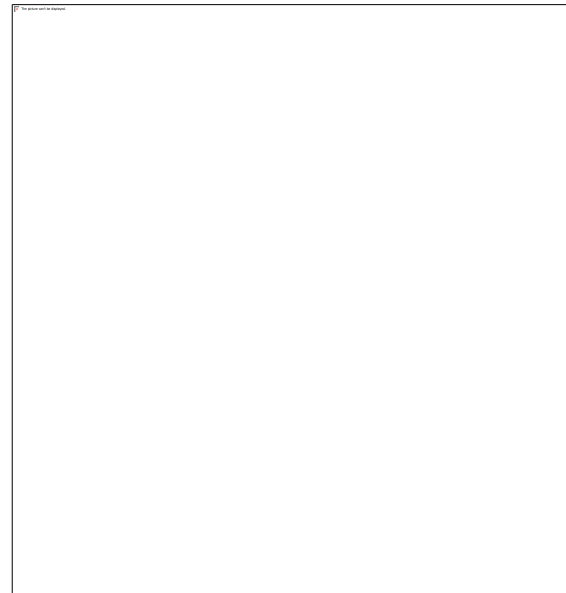
Platforms

- Definition: The thing an instrument or other platform is mounted or transported on.
- Can be an animal.
- It is possible to generate various levels of description from the specific, but not the reverse.
- Avoid mixing levels of description.



Physical Collection Gear

- Definition: things that collect physical specimens. No data is created.
- Fishing gear by category
- Gas, water, and bottom samplers by model number.



Instruments

- Definition: device that converts a physical signal into data. Data is symbolic.
- Data formats, such as acoustic recordings, image data, etc., can be deduced.
- By model number where possible.
- Includes human observer.



Why?

- Legislative reason
- Scientific topic



Legislative – U.S. Examples

- Magnuson Stevens
- Marine Mammal Protective Act
- Endangered Species Act

Scientific Topics

- List based on a sample of 1300 NOAA datasets
 - Aquaculture & Hatcheries
 - Population, Distribution, & Biomass
 - Growth
 - Maturity
 - Reproduction
 - Life History
 - Life Span
 - Pathology & Disease
 - Mortality
 - Stock Definition & Differentiation
 - Habitat & Ecosystem
 - Movements & Migration
 - Systematics
 - Morphology
 - Physiology
 - Diet & Predation
 - Biochemistry
 - Oceanography
 - Weather & Climate
 - Genetics
 - Toxins, Pollution & Debris
 - Other Chemistry
 - Socio-Economics

From topic comes data attributes

- Population example
 - Species
 - Location
 - Date – time
 - Abundance
 - Count
 - Weight
 - Sexual characteristics
 - Lengths
 - Age
 - How? Covered in metadata

From topic comes data attributes

- Migration example
 - Species
 - Space-time path

End