

PN measurements according to Reg. 49 Annex 4c

PNC Stability Experience at Scania Engine Development



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Test Cell Development



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Scania Technical Centre

All in one place in Södertälje

- Laboratory
- Proving grounds
- Design, styling
- 2,800 engineers
- Production nearby
- Engines
- Gearboxes, axles
- Electronics
- Truck cabs, chassis
- Buses, chassis modules



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Scania engine development

- 600 engineers
- 31 engine test cells and 5 chassis dynos
- 21 systems for PM and PN measurements compliant with Reg. 49 Annex 4c
 - Including partial dilution system, gravimetric measurement and particle counting
- 3 systems for PN measurements for development work (raw exhaust sampling)



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Background

- 4 particle counters sent to instrument supplier for annual service and calibration
- All four instruments failed validation deviation >10% from calibration
 - VPR validation passed for PCR_F = 10 x 10
 - CPC validation failed. Deviation 14 to 70%
- The particle counters
 - complied with Regulation No. 49, Annex 4c
 - have exclusively been used in diluted exhaust (CVS mode)
 - were less than 12 months old when validated (delivered August 2010)
 - did not indicate any errors

Validation results

Limit 10%

		VPR validation		
No	VPR	10 x 10	200 x 20	1000 x 10
215	GH0672	7%	14%	8%
216	GH0672	6%	19%	34%
217	GH0672	3%	15%	9%
218	GH0672	11%	14%	17%

$CE_{41} > 0.9$

$CE_{23} = 0.38$
-0.62

slope = 0.9-1.1

		CPC validation			
No	CPC old	23 nm	41 nm	slope	
215	71011091	14%	36%	24%	counting 0
216	71011224	32%	59%	70%	
217	71011225	40%	75%	86%	
218	71011226	31%	82%	25%	



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CPC Validation - Results

- CPC validation failed for all 4 units s/n 215, 216, 217 and 218
- Scania standard procedure to exchange CPC annually
- Reliability of collected data between calibration and validation?
 - Reply from instrument supplier (October 12, 2011):

“You can **either correct them or disregard the measurement**”

“Based on these results: [...] the **only data that can be trusted**

s/n 216 LOW with 30% correction for the PNC

s/n 217 LOW and HIGH (PND2-10) with 14% correction for the PNC”

- **Validation failed due to drift of the CPC**

“For PNCs it’s the **degradation of the wick** due to exhaust aerosol (see our publication in JAS, 42, 195-203, 2011”

CPC Validation – Actions to be taken

- **Ensure good measurement accuracy during engine development work**
 - **Understand the dignity of the failed validation**
 - **Parallel particle counters for WHTC testing**
 - **On-site check with soot particles**
 - **Service of all particle counters**
 - **Exchange of wick + better butanol quality**
 - **Traceability of the particle counters in the test cells**
- **Lessons learned - Ensure that deviation is not repeated**
 - **New routine for on-site check**
 - **New service procedure**

Scania Results - On-site CPC check against reference CPC

Serial number	Months used	Ambient air + ET		mini-CAST + VPR	Ambient air + ET
		PND1 [h]	Old wick	Several conc. levels	New wick
296	0	43	-5.6%	8.5%	-
217	2.5	433	-3.0%	12.6%	-
114	6	2449	-35.4%	-28.5%	2.6%
283	6		-16.6%	-5.7%	-
284	6	81	-18.4%	-3.2%	-
274	7	95	6.9%	3.9%	-
158	9	946	21.0%	11.5%	-

- Degradation might occur after 6 months use
 - Exchange of wick re-establishes the counting efficiency
- Discrepancy between the available variable to monitor usage and the actual time used
 - => need for a PNC service alert
- Check with ambient air less accurate than mini-CAST check
- Overestimation >10% might occur after 9 months use
- ⇒ On-site checks demands skilled engineers to draw correct conclusions

New routine for CPC on-site check and new service need

Recommendations from instrument supplier:

- **On-site check with ambient air ideally monthly.**
1 test cell daily to manage 21 units within one month.
Approx. 1 h / unit incl. warming up
- **When difference with ambient air is outside $\pm 10\%$ tests with mini-CAST are conducted to specify the difference.**
Approx. 3 h / unit
- **If the difference is outside $\pm 10\%$, the wick of the PNC is exchanged.**
Approx. 2 h / unit
- **Repeat of the ambient air and mini-CAST tests.**
Approx. 4 h / unit

TOTAL: Minimum: 1 h / unit monthly in the test cell
 Expected: 4 h / unit monthly times 21 units

=> 50 % of a full time to check stability of Scania's particle counters

Summing up

- Although following Annex 4c of Reg. 49, instruments may underestimate PN by up to 70%
- On-site check of PNC with reference PNC
 - Ambient air check less accurate than soot generator check
 - Time consuming: 4h + installation and warm up time
 - Need for skilled engineer for analysis of results
- **Maturity of the PN measurement method?**
- **Long term stability of the complete particle counter instrument?**
- **Repeatability of the calibration and validation methods?**



Thank you for your attention



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