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Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods and on the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

Sub-Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods

Thirty-eighth session
Geneva, 29 November–7 December 2010
Item 4 of the provisional agenda
Listing, classification and packing

Dimethyl disulphide (UN 2381): subsidiary risk 6.1

Transmitted by the expert from Germany¹

Introduction

- 1. Dimethyl disulphide is a volatile liquid that is listed in Chapter 3.2 of the Model Regulations under UN 2381 and is currently assigned to Class 3, flammable liquids, packing group II.
- 2. In recent years, a number of cases were reported where short-term exposure to accidentally released dimethyl disulphide vapour on board ships resulted in symptoms of acute poisoning such as nausea, headache, faintness, and respiratory problems.
- 3. Experimental data reported in the scientific literature² indicate that dimethyl disulfide meets the criteria for classification in Division 6.1, packing group II, due to its toxicity by inhalation in conjunction with its volatility. The reported LC_{50} value in rats of 805 ppm after 4 h exposure can be converted to an estimated value of 1610 ppm after 1 h exposure, taking into account paragraph 2.6.2.2.4.5 of the Model Regulations. Based on a reported vapour pressure of 2930 Pa at 20 °C, the saturated vapour concentration of dimethyl disulphide at 20 °C and standard atmospheric pressure is calculated as 113.30 g/m³ corresponding to 26000 ppm. Thus, the criteria for assignment to Division 6.1, packing group II are met: $V \ge LC_{50}$ and $LC_{50} \le 3000$ ml/m³.



GE.10-

¹ In accordance with the programme of work of the Sub-Committee for 2009-2010 approved by the Committee at its fourth session (refer to ST/SG/AC.10/C.3/68, para. 118 (b) and ST/SG/AC.10/36, para. 14).

² MF Tansy et al., J. Toxicol. Environ. Health, A: Curr. Iss., 8 (1981) 71-88.

- 4. Following paragraph 2.0.3 of the Model Regulations (Precedence of hazard characteristics), dimethyl disulphide would remain to be classified under Class 3, with the addition of subsidiary risk 6.1. Accordingly, entry UN 2381 would need to be amended as outlined below. The proposed amendment will lead to assignment of T7 instead of T4, therefore a transitional period should be included in the Model Regulations as well.
- 5. The updated data sheet for dimethyl disulphide is contained in the Annex to this document.

Proposal

6. Amend the entry for UN 2381 in the Dangerous Goods List of Chapter 3.2 to read as follows:

UN No.	Name and description	Class or division	Subsidiary risk	UN packing group	Special provisions	Limited and excepted quantities		excepted		Packagings	s and IBCs		nks and bulk niners
								Packing instruction	Special provisions	Instruction	Special provisions		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)		
2381	DIMETHYL DISULPHIDE	3	6.1	II	354	1 L	E2	P001 IBC02		Т7	TP2 TP13		
											TPXX		

7. Add a new TP XX in 4.2.5.3 as follows:

"TP XX The portable tank instructions prescribed in the Model Regulations annexed to the 16th revised edition of the Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods may continue to be applied until 31 December 2016.".

Annex

Data sheet to be submitted to the United Nations for new or amended classification of substances [English only]

Submitted by......GERMANY Date31 August 2010

Supply all relevant information including sources of basic classification data. Data should relate to the product in the form to be transported. State test methods. Answer all questions - if necessary state "not known" or "not applicable" - If data is not available in the form requested, provide what is available with details. Delete inappropriate words.

Section 1. SUBSTANCE IDENTITY

20 °C

2.93 kPa

1.1	Chemical name	Dimethyl disulphide					
1.2	Chemical formula	C2 H6 S2					
1.3	Other names/synonyms	Methyldithiomethane					
1.4.1	UN number 2381	1.4.2 CAS number 624-92-0					
1.5	Proposed classification for the Recommendations						
	1.5.1 Proper shipping na	me (3.1.2) DIMETHYL DISULPHIDE					
	1.5.2 Class/division 3. packing group II	subsidiary risk(s) 6.1					
	1.5.3 Proposed special p	rovisions, if any					
	1.5.4 Proposed packing	instruction(s) P001					
Section	2. PHYSICAL PROPER	TIES					
2.1	Melting point or range .	87.4 °C					
2.2	Boiling point or range	109.6 °C					
2.3	Relative density at:						
	2.3.115 °C						
	2.3.220 °C	1.063					
2.4	2.3.350 °C Vapour pressure at :						
	2.4.150 °C	kPa					
	2.4.265 °C	kPa					
	• • • •						

2.5	Viscos	ity at 20 °C						
2.6	Solubility in water at 20 °C2500 ppm							
2.7	Physical state at 20°C (2.2.1.1) liquid							
2.8	Appearance at normal transport temperatures, including colour and odour							
	yellow	yellow liquid, odour threshold in air 6 ppm						
2.9	Other	relevant physical properties						
Section	on 3. FLA	MMABILITY						
3.1	Flamn	Flammable vapour						
	3.1.1	Flash point (2.3.3) 16 °C cc						
	3.1.2	Is combustion sustained? (2.3.1.3)						
3.2	Autoig	nition temperature°C						
3.3	Flammability range (LEL/UEL) %							
3.4	Is the s	Is the substance a flammable solid? (2.4.2) no						
	3.4.1 If yes, give details							
Section	on 4. CHE	EMICAL PROPERTIES						
4.1	Does the substance require inhibition/stabilization or other treatment such as nitrogen blanket to prevent hazardous reactivity? no							
	If yes, state:							
	4.1.1	Inhibitor/stabilizer used						
	4.1.2	Alternative method						
	4.1.3	Time effective at 55 °C						
	4.1.4	Conditions rendering it ineffective						
4.2	Is the s	Is the substance an explosive according to paragraph 2.1.1.1? (2.1) no						
	4.2.1	If yes, give details						
4.3	Is the substance a desensitized explosive? (2.4.2.4) no							
	4.3.1	If yes, give details						

4.4	Is the substance a self-reactive substance? (2.4.1) no If yes, state:									
	4.4.1	Exit box of flow	chart	•••••						
		What is the se	lf-accelerating	decom	omposition temperature (SADT) for a 50 kg					
		package?	°C							
		Is the temperatu	4.2.3.4) yes/no							
	4.4.2	Proposed contro	l temperature	for a 50	kg package °C					
	4.4.3	Proposed emergency temperature for a 50 kg package °C								
4.5	Is the s	substance pyropho:	ric? (2.4.3)	no						
4.6	4.5.1 Is the s	I If yes, give detailse substance liable to self-heating? (2.4.3) no								
4.7	4.6.1 If yes, give details Is the substance an organic peroxide (2.5.1) no									
	If yes state:									
	4.7.1	Exit box of flow chart								
		What is the self accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT) for a 50 kg								
		package?°C								
		Is temperature control required? (2.5.3.4.1) yes/no								
	4.7.2	Proposed control temperature for a 50 kg package °C								
	4.7.3	Proposed emergency temperature for a 50 kg package °C								
4.8	Does the substance in contact with water emit flammable gases? (2.4.4) no									
	4.8.1 If yes, give details									
4.9	Does the substance have oxidizing properties (2.5.1) no									
	4.9.1 If yes, give details									
4.10		sivity (2.8) to:								
	4.10.1	mild steel	mm/year	at	$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$					
	4.10.2	aluminium	mm/year	at	°C					
	4.10.3other packaging materials (specify)									
			mm/year	at	°C					
			mm/year	at	°C					
4.11	Other	relevant chemical _l	properties							

Section 5. HARMFUL BIOLOGICAL EFFECTS

5.1	LD ₅₀ , oral (2.6.2.1.1) 190 mg/kg	Animal SpeciesRat
5.2	LD ₅₀ , dermal (2.6.2.1.2) >2000 mg/kg	Animal Species Rabbit
5.3	LC_{50} , inhalation (2.6.2.1.3)mg/l.	Exposure time 4 hours
	or 805 ml/m ³	Animal speciesRat
5.4	Saturated vapour concentration at 20 °C (2.6	26000 ml/m ³
5.5	Skin exposure (2.81) results moderately in	ritating Animal Species: Rabbit
5.6	Other data	
5.7	Human experience	
	Workers exposed to 0.31 ppm complained of	f headaches.

Section 6. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

6.1 Recommended emergency action

- 6.1.1 Fire (include suitable and unsuitable extinguishing agents)
 Estinguish fire using water spray. Cargoes in tanks exposed to heat may explode suddenly in or after a fire keep tanks cool with water, fight fire from a protected position.
- 6.1.2 Spillage

Wear suitable protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Avoid all sources of ignition, spillage may evolve flammable vapours. Provide good ventilation. Clean area thoroughly with water.

- 6.2 Is it proposed to transport the substance in:
 - 6.2.1 Bulk Containers (6.8) yes/no
 - 6.2.2 Intermediate Bulk Containers (6.5)? **yes/no**
 - 6.2.3 Portable tanks (6.7)? **yes/no**

If yes, give details in Sections 7, 8 and/or 9.

Section 7. BULK CONTAINERS (only complete if yes in 6.2.1)

7.1 Proposed type(s)

Section 8. INTERMEDIATE BULK CONTAINERS (IBCs) (only complete if yes in 6.2.2)

8.1 Proposed type(s) as specified by IBC02

Section 9. MULTIMODAL TANK TRANSPORT (only complete if yes in 6.2.3)

9.1	Description of proposed tank (including IMO tank type if known)	as specified by T7
9.2	Minimum test pressure	
9.3	Minimum shell thickness	
9.4	Details of bottom openings, if any	
9.5	Pressure relief arrangements	
9.6	Degree of filling	as specified by TP2
9.7	Unsuitable construction materials	