



International Workshop on Commercial Quality Standards for Fresh Fruit and Vegetables (Dubrovnik 2011)

UNECE STANDARD FFV-14. CITRUS FRUIT

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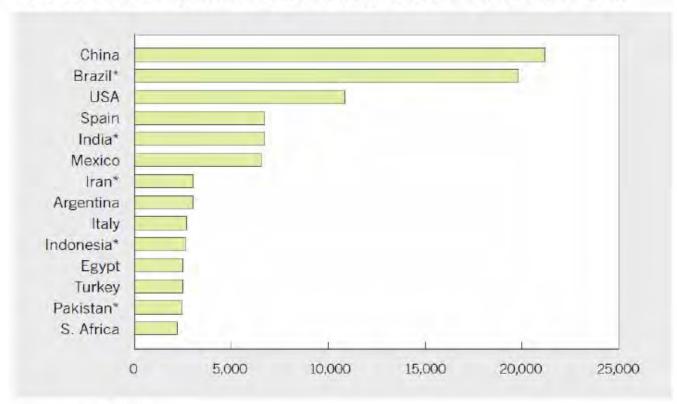


Production and Trade





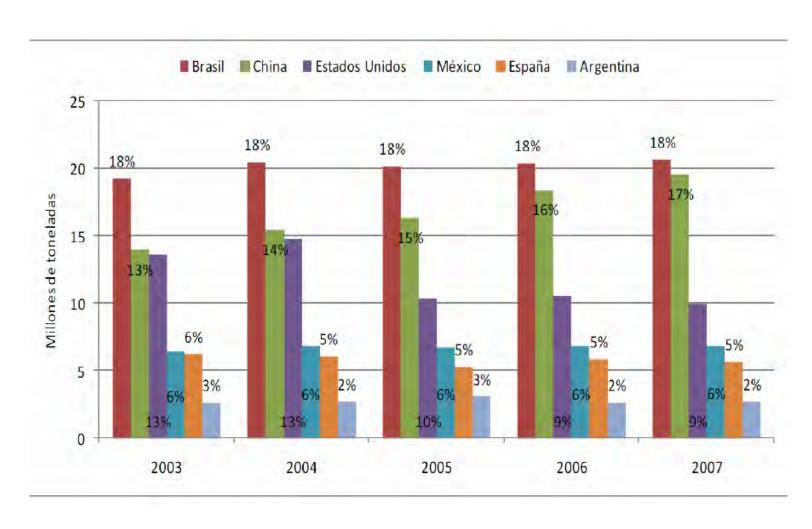
WORLD FRESH CITRUS PRODUCTION 2008/09 (thousand tons)



SOURCE: FAO, CLAM



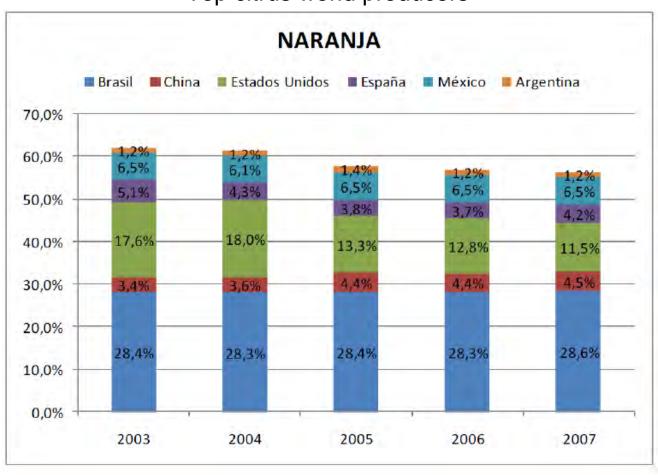








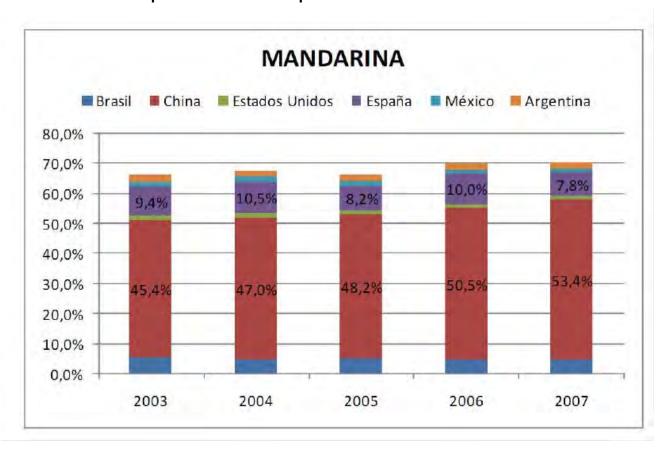
Top citrus world producers







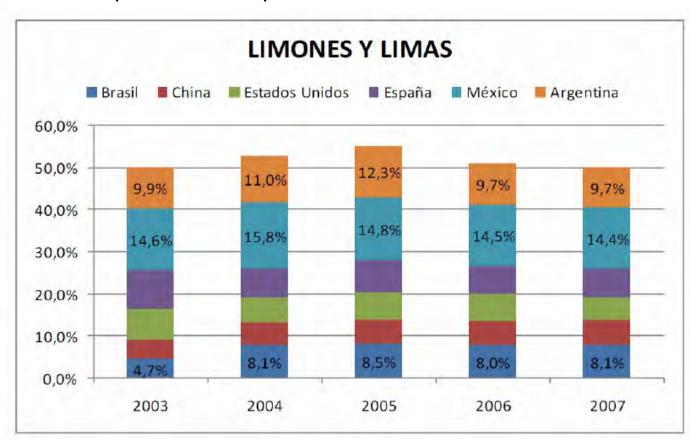
Top citrus world producers. **Mandarins**







Top citrus world producers. Lemons and Limes



Source: FAOSTAT





Citrus fruit production in Spain (Tons)

	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Oranges	2.705.000	3.462.571	2.756.042	2.996.093
Mandarins	2.040.000	2.229.626	2.021.023	2.127.531
Lemons	552.192	945.562	673.075	807.000
Grapefruits	46.194	50.814	52.000	55.000
Total	5.343.386	6.688.573	5.502.140	5.985.624

Source: SHAFFE, AILIMPO, FRESHFEL







¿How Fruit and Vegetable UNECE Standards work?





UNECE Standard

Target: Uniformity, Transparency

- Definition of produce
- II Quality
 - Requirements (Minimum, Maturity,..)
 - Clasification
- III Sizing
 - Minimum size, Uniformity
- IV Tolerances
 - Quality tolerance, Size Tolerances
- V Presentation
 - Uniformity, Packaging
- VI Marking

(Identification, Nature and origen of product, commercial specifications, official control mark)

* Citrus for industrial processing excluded







EU Specific Standard for tomatoes Regulation EU 543/2011 (Oranges, Easy Peelers and Lemons)



UNECE Standard FFV-14. CITRUS FRUIT

OECD Brochure Citrus Fruit

http://www.oecd.org/dataoecd/44/33/43579800.pdf

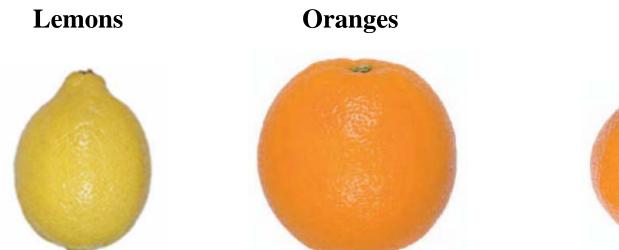




I. Definition of produce

This standard applies to the following varieties of fruit, classified as "citrus fruit, to be supplied **fresh** to the consumer.

Citrus fruits for industrial processing are excluded



Easy Peeler (Mandarins)







Indian sweet lime



Persian Lime



Mexican Lime







Pummelos



Grape fruit







II Provision concerning quality.

The purpose of the standard is to define the quality requirements for citrus fruits at the export-control stage after preparation and packaging.

If it is applied at stages following export, products may show in relation to the requirements of the standard

- a slight lack of freshness and turgidity
- in classes I and II, a slight deterioration due to their development a their tendency to perish.
- the holder/seller of products may not display such products, deliver or market them in any manner other than in conformity with this standard.
- the holder/seller shall be responsible for observing such conformity.



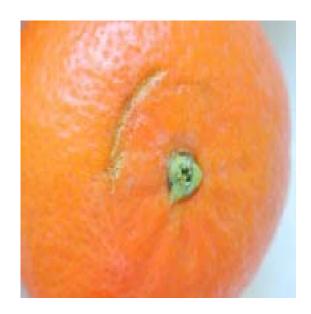


A. Minimum requirements.

In all classes, subject to the special proviciosions foreach class and tolerances allowed, the citrus fruit must be:



Intact



Free of bruising or healed overcuts







Sound, produce affected by rotting or deterioration such as to make it unfit for consumption is excluded



Clean, practically free of any visible foreign matter







Practicaly free from pest



Free from damage caused by pest affecting the flesh

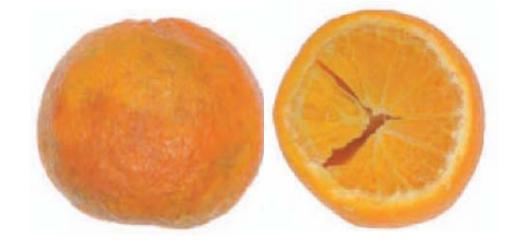




- Free of signs of shrivelling and dehydration
- Free of damage caused by low temperature or frost
- Free of abnormal external moisture
- Free of any foreign smell and/ or taste







Frost damage





The development and condition of the citrus fruit must be such as to enable it:

- to withstand transportation and handling
- to arrive in satisfactory condition at the place of destination.



Physiological maturity vs.

Commercial maturity







Pictures taken from OECD Citrus Fruits Standard Brochure

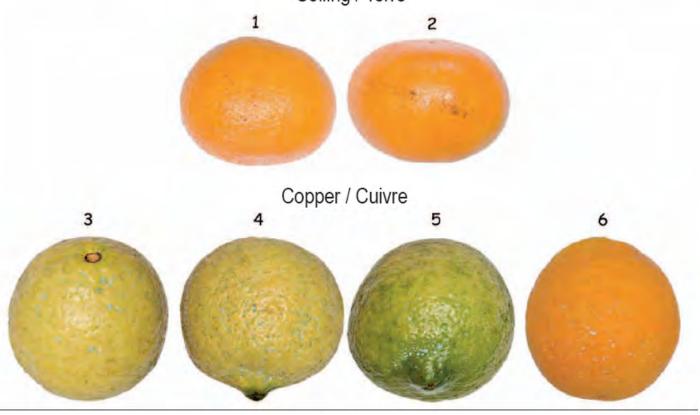
http://www.oecd.org/dataoecd/44/33/43579800.pdf





Presence of Foreign matter (copper/soiling) / Présence de matière étrangère (cuivre/terre)

Soiling / Terre



Oranges / Easy Peelers / Lemons	Extra Class	Class I	Class II	Out of Grade	Notes
Oranges/Petits agrumes/Citrons	Cat. «Extra»	Cat. I	Cat. II	Non conforme	
Presence of Foreign matter (copper/soiling) Présence de matière étrangère (cuivre/terre)		Х	7	1 - h	This illustration used for all product groups. Illustration utilisée pour tous les groupes de produits.





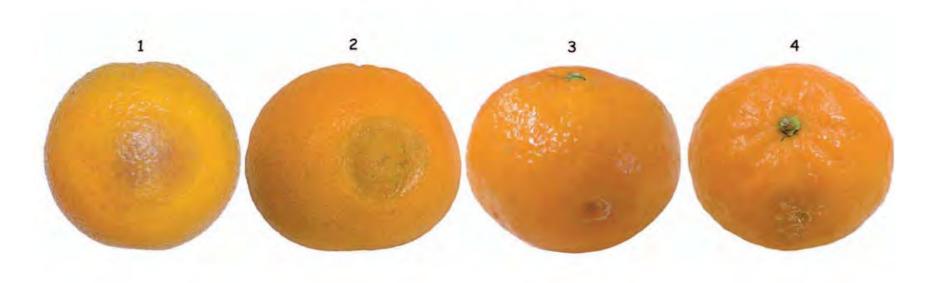
Pitting (Non-Superficial) / Pitting (non superficiel)







Brown rot / Pourriture brune



Oranges / Easy Peelers	Extra Class	Class I	Class II	Out of Grade	Notes
Oranges / Petits agrumes	Cat. «Extra»	Cat. I	Cat. II	Non conforme	
Brown rot Pourriture brune		х		1 - 4	No tolerance This illustration used for all product groups Tolérance: aucune Illustration utilisée pour tous les groupes de produits



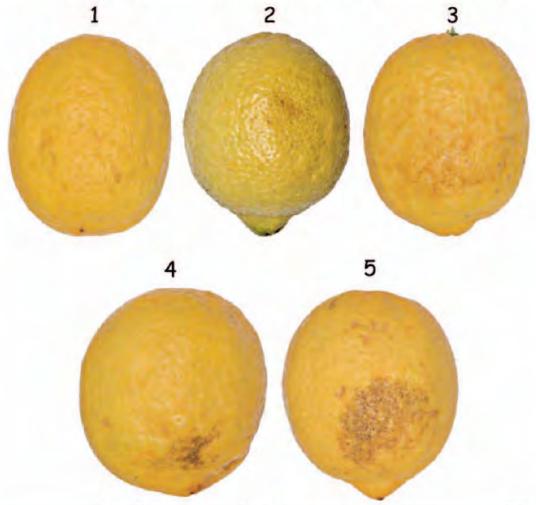


Green Mould / Moisissure verte



Oranges / Easy Peelers	Extra Class	Class I	Class II	Out of Grade	Notes
Oranges / Petits agrumes	Cat. «Extra»	Cat. I	Cat. II	Non conforme	
Moulds Moisissures		х		1,2	No tolerance This illustration used for all product groups Tolérance: aucune Illustration utilisée pour tous les groupes de produits

Canker (Xhantomonas) / Chancre (Xanthomonas)

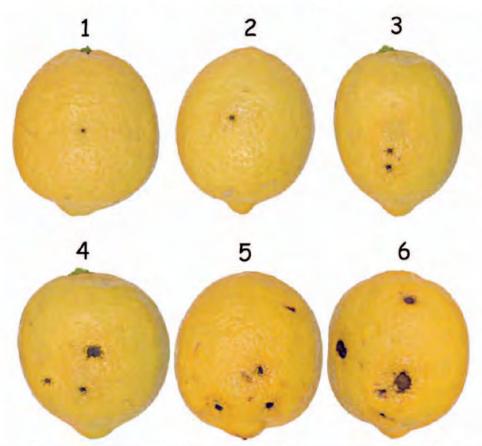


Lemons	Extra Class	Class I	Class II	Out of Grade	Notes
Citrons	Cat. «Extra»	Cat. I	Cat. II	Non conforme	
Canker (Xhantomonas) Chancre (Xanthomonas)		Х		1, 2, 3, 4, 5	





Black pit / Black-pit des agrumes



Lemons	Extra Class	Class I	Class II	Out of Grade	Notes
Citrons	Cat. «Extra»	Cat. I	Cat. II	Non conforme	
Black pit Black-pit des agrumes	х		1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6		





B. Maturity requirements

- The citrus fruit must have reached an appropriate degree of development and ripeness, proper to the variety, the time of picking and growing area.
- Maturity of citrus fruit is defined by the following parameter specified for each species below:
 - minimum juice content
 - minimum soluble solids content
 - minimum sugar/acid ratio
 - Couloring

A reference method for calculating the juice content and the sugar/acid ratio is described in the Guidelines on Objective Test to Determine Quality of Fruit and Vegetables and Dry and Dried Produce (http://www.oecd.org/tad/fv)





	Minimum juice content (per cent)	Minimum sugar content (°Brix)	Minimum sugar/acid ratio	Colouring	
Lemons					
Lemons	20			Typical of the variety. Green colour is allowed.	
Limes					
Persian lime	42			Yellow patches up to 30% of its surface	
Mexican and Indian limes	40			Yellow patches up to 20% of its surface	
Satsumas, clementines, other	er mandarin varietie	s and their hybrid	ds		
Satsumas	33		6.5:1	Typical of the variety on at least	
Clementines	40		7.0:1	1/3 of the surface of the fruit	
Other mandanns and hybrids	33		7.5:1		
Oranges				A TONING TO A TONI	
Blood oranges	30		6.5:1	Typical of the variety. Fruit with	
Navels group	33		6.5:1	light green colour < 1/5 of the total surface area is allowed.	
Other varieties	35		6.5:1	total surface area is allowed.	
Mosambi, Sathgudi and Pacitan with more than one fifth green colour	33				
Other varieties with more than one fifth green colour	45			Oranges produced in areas with high temps and high humidity may have a green colour on > 1/5 of the surface.	
Grapefruit and hybrids					
All varieties and hybrids	35			Typical of the variety. Fruit with	
Oroblanco	35	9		a greenish colour (green in Oroblanco) is allowed.	
Pummelos (Shaddock) and hybrids		8		Typical of the variety on at least 2/3 of the fruit	





Colour

The degree of colouring shall be such that following normal development the citrus fruit <u>reaches the colour typical of the variety at their destination point.</u>



Grape fruit Star Ruby



Pummelo Oroblanco

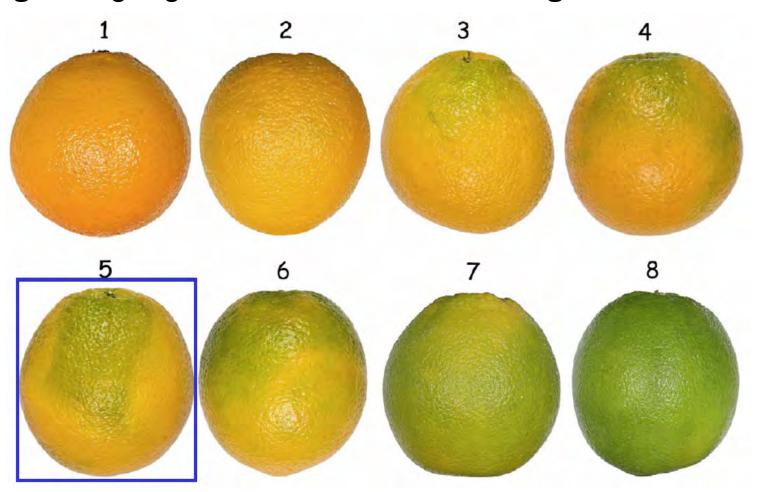


Pummelo Chandler





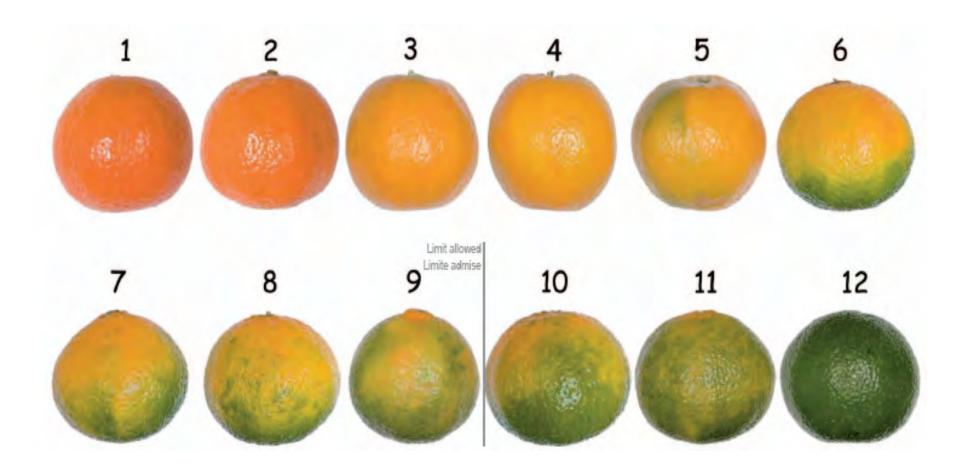
Oranges. Light green colour not exceeding 1/5 of the fruit







Mandarins. Orange colour at least 1/3 of surface of the fruit.







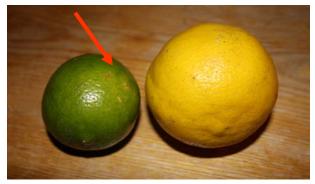
Lemons. Fruits with green colour (but not dark green) are allowed







 Limes. Fruits may show yellow patches up to 30% Persian limes and 20% Mexican limes



Grape fruit. Fruit with a greenish colour are allowed.



• **Pummelos**. Colour must be **typical of variety** on at least 2/3 of the fruit.

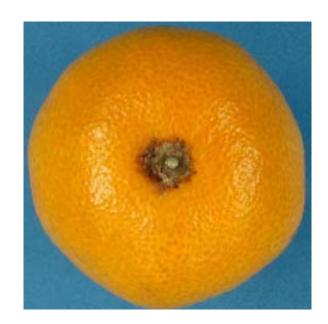






Degreening

Citrus fruit meeting these maturity requirements may be "degreened". This treatment is only permitted if the other natural organoleptic characteristic are not modified.





Degreening damages





QUALITY CLASSIFICATION					
Requeriments	Extra	I	II		
Minimum (intact, sound, free of damages) Quality Appearance Shape Skin Appearance Development	Free from defects with the exception of a very slight superficial defects.	It must be characteristic of variety and commercial type. Slight defects are allowed provide do not affect the general appearance. (Healed due to mechanical cause, hail, rubbing, handling) Partial detachment of peel or rind (for mandarin group)	Satisfies minimum requirements. It's allowed Skin defects occurring during the formation of the fruit, such as silver scurfs, russets or pest damage. Progressive skin defects provided they don't affect the flesh are allowed provided the citrus. Slight and partial detachment of the peel (or rind) for oranges and mandarin		
Maturity Minimum juice content / Minimun sugar content / Minimum sugar/acid ratio / Couloring					

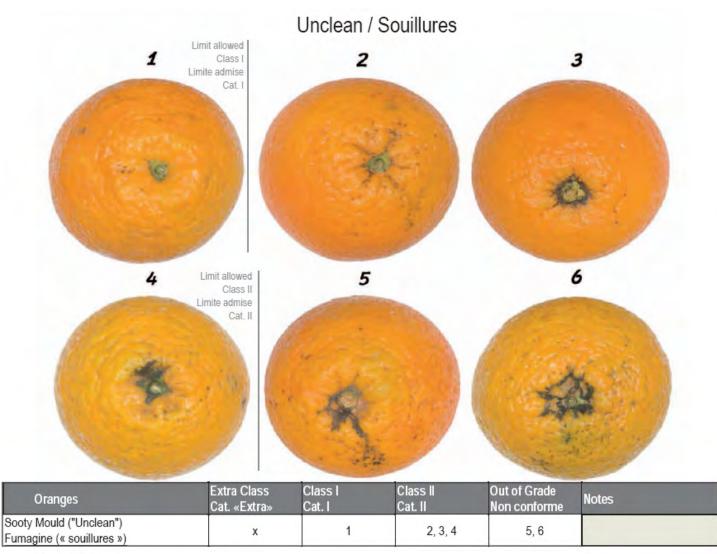




Quality Class... Where is the limit?











Shape

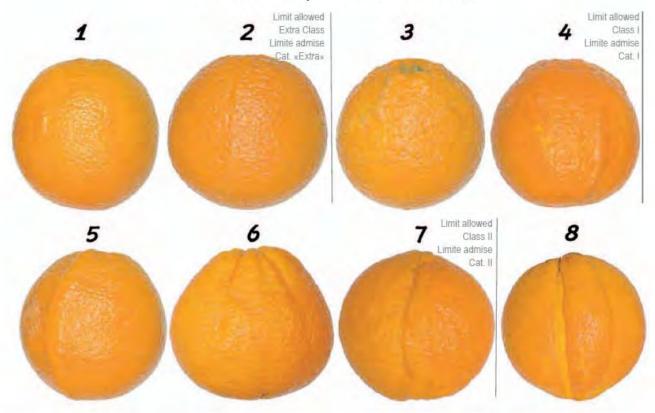




International Standards for Fruit and Vegetables: Citrus Fruits

Normes internationales des fruits

Defects in Shape / Défauts de forme

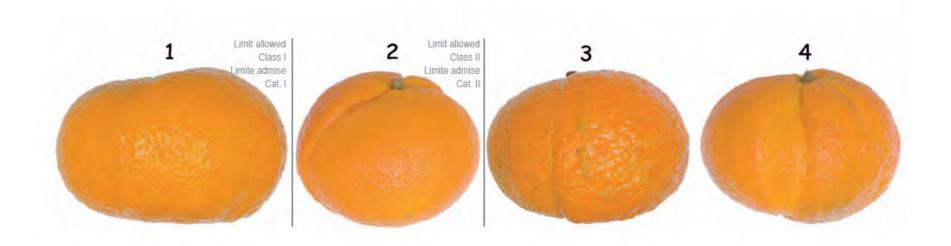


Oranges	Extra Class Cat. «Extra»	Class I Cat. I	Class II Cat, II	Out of Grade Non conforme	Notes	
Defects in Shape Défauts de forme	1, 2	3, 4	5, 6, 7	8		





Defects in Shape / Défauts de forme



Easy Peelers	Extra Class	Class I	Class II	Out of Grade	Notes
Petits agrumes	Cat. «Extra»	Cat. I	Cat. II	Non conforme	
Defects in Shape Défauts de forme	Х	1	2	3, 4	





Defects in Shape / Défauts de forme



Lemons	Extra Class	Class I	Class II	Out of Grade	Notes
Citrons	Cat. «Extra»	Cat. I	Cat. II	Non conforme	
Defects in Shape Défauts de forme	х	1	2	3, 4, 5	





Skin

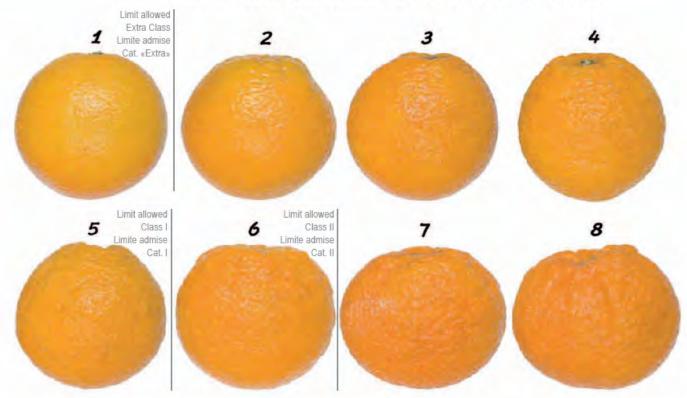




International Standards for Fruit and Vegetables: Citrus Fruits

Normes internationales des fruits et

Skin texture-smooth/rough / Texture de l'écorce - lisse/rugueuse

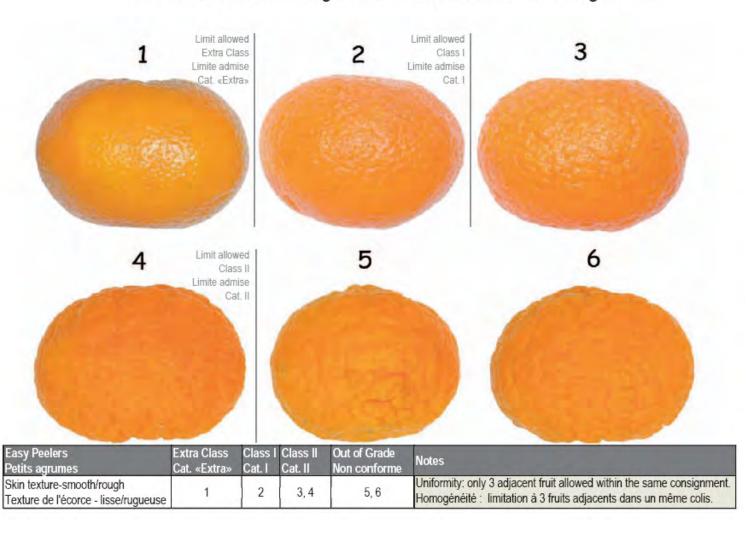


Oranges	Extra Class Cat. «Extra»	EAR STATE	Class II Cat. II	Out of Grade Non conforme	Notes
Skin texture-smooth/rough Texture de l'écorce - lisse/rugueuse	1	2, 3, 4, 5	6	1 8	Uniformity: only 3 adjacent fruit allowed within the same consignment. Homogénéité: limitation à 3 fruits adjacents dans un même colis.



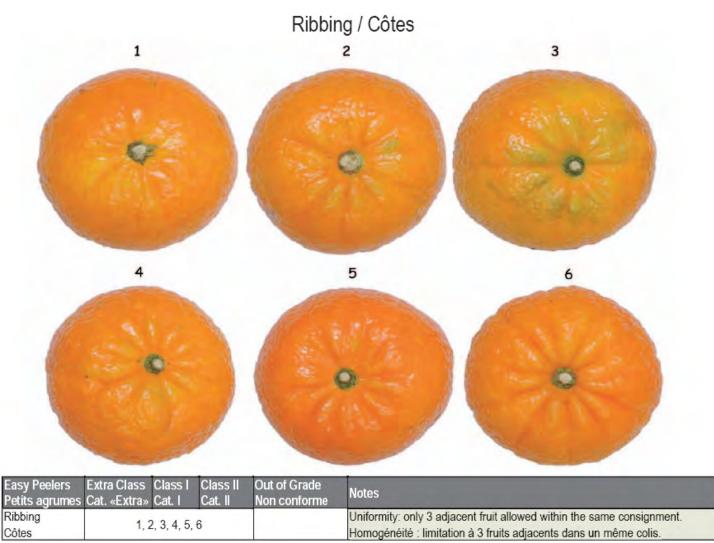


Skin texture-smooth/rough / Texture de l'écorce - lisse/rugueuse













International Standards for Fruit and Vegetables: Citrus Fruits

Normes internationales des fr

Ribbed Navels / Ombilics à côtes



Oranges	Extra Class Cat. «Extra»	Class I Cat. I	Class II Cat. II	Out of Grade Non conforme	Notes
Ribbed Navels Ombilics à côtes	1, 2,	3, 4, 5, 6			Uniformity: only 3 adjacent fruit allowed within the same consignment. Homogénéité : limitation à 3 fruits adjacents dans un même colis.

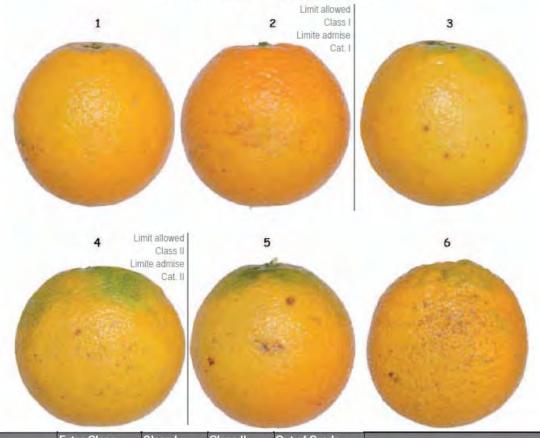




International Standards for Fruit and Vegetables: Citrus Fruits

Normes internationales des frui

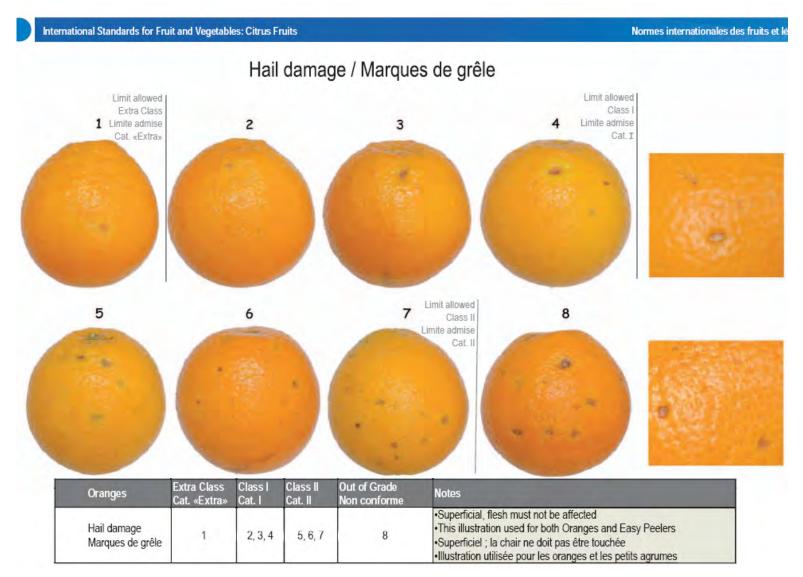
Sunburn / Brûlures du soleil



Oranges	Extra Class Cat. «Extra»	Class I Cat. I	Class II Cat. II	Out of Grade Non conforme	Notes
Sunburn Brûlures du soleil	х	1, 2	3, 4	5, 6	



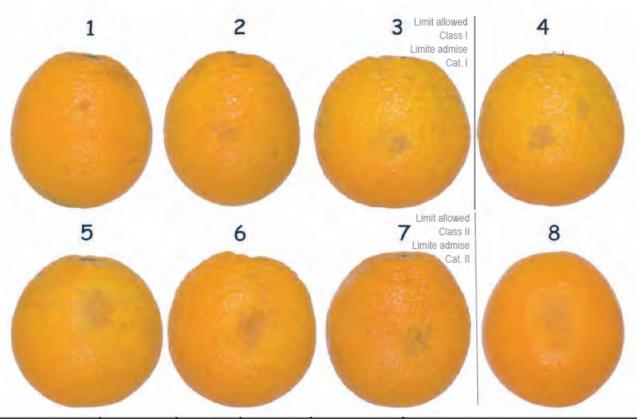








Oil spotting (Oleocellosis) / Taches d'oléocellose



Oranges	Extra Class Cat. «Extra»	Class I Cat. I	Class II Cat. II	Out of Grade Non conforme	Notes
Oil spotting (Oleocellosis) Taches d'oléocellose	х	1, 2, 3	4, 5, 6, 7	8	Colour may change (light to dark) within a few days of packing. La couleur peut évoluer (de clair à foncé) dans les jours qui suivent le conditionnement.

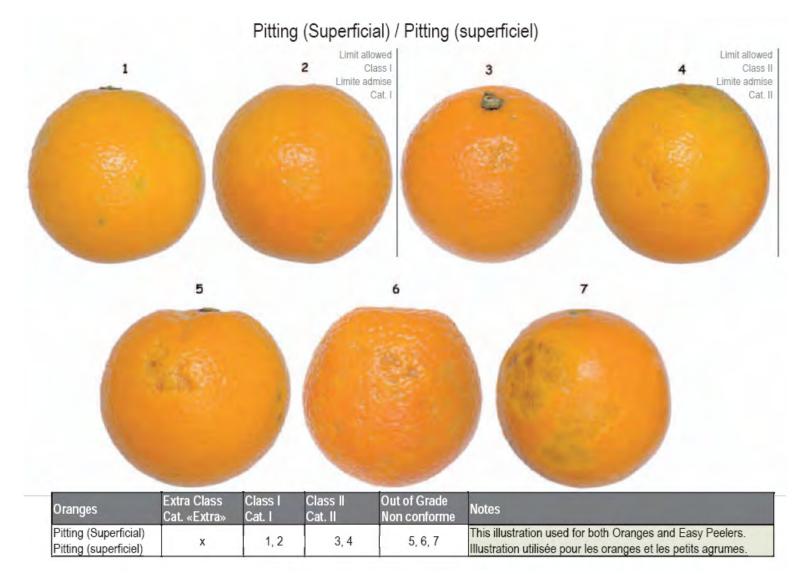




Physiological



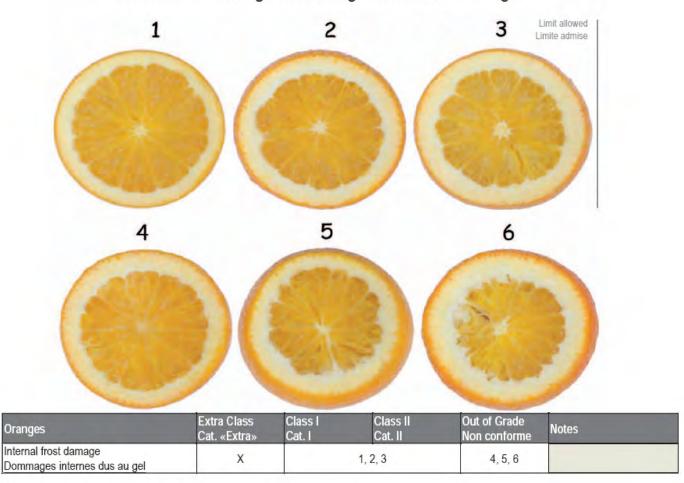








Internal frost damage / Dommages internes dus au gel







Development

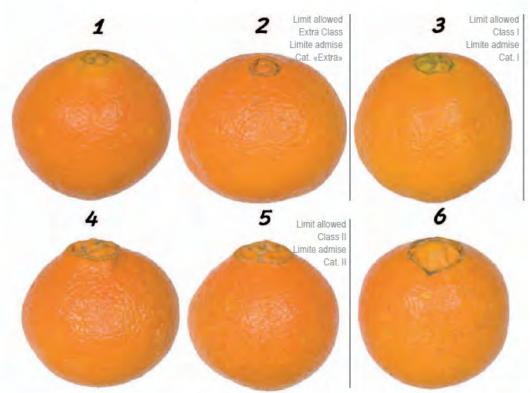




International Standards for Fruit and Vegetables: Citrus Fruits

Normes internationales des fruits

Protruding Navels / Ombilics proéminents



Oranges	Extra Class Cat. «Extra»	Class I Cat. I	Class II Cat. II	Out of Grade Non conforme	Notes
Protruding Navels Ombilics proéminents	1, 2	3	4, 5	6	

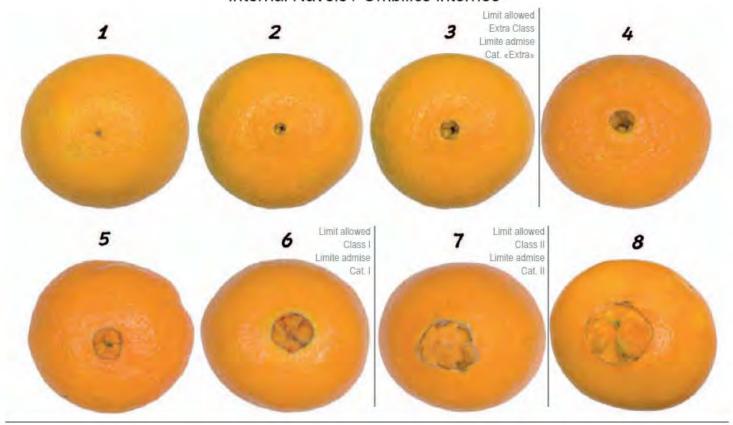




International Standards for Fruit and Vegetables: Citrus Fruits

Normes internationales des fru

Internal Navels / Ombilics internes

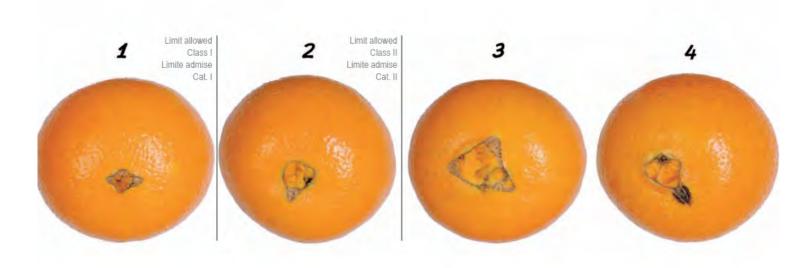


Oranges	Extra Class Cat. «Extra»	Class I Cat. I	Class II Cat. II	Out of Grade Non conforme	Notes
Internal Navels Ombilics internes	1, 2, 3	4, 5, 6	7	8	





Torn navels / Ombilics déchirés



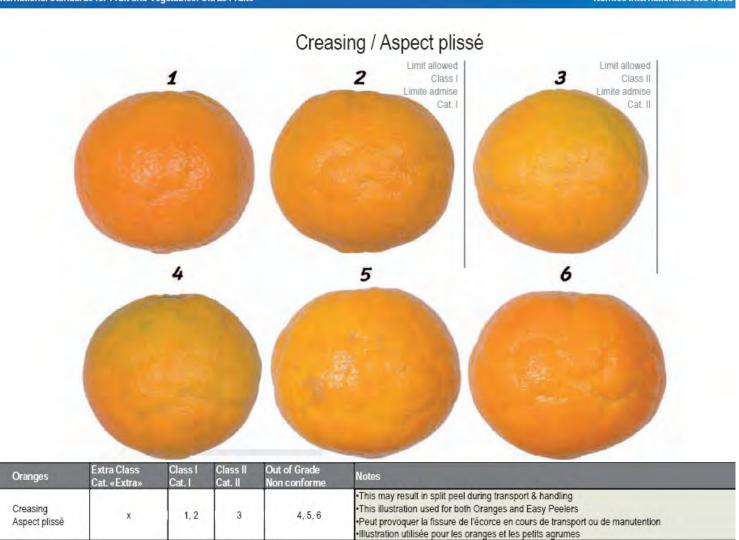
Oranges	Extra Class Cat. «Extra»	Class I Cat. I	Class II Cat. II	Out of Grade Non conforme	Notes
Torn navels Ombilics déchirés	х	1	2	3, 4	This illustration used for both Oranges and Easy Peelers. Illustration utilisée pour les oranges et les petits agrumes.





International Standards for Fruit and Vegetables: Citrus Fruits

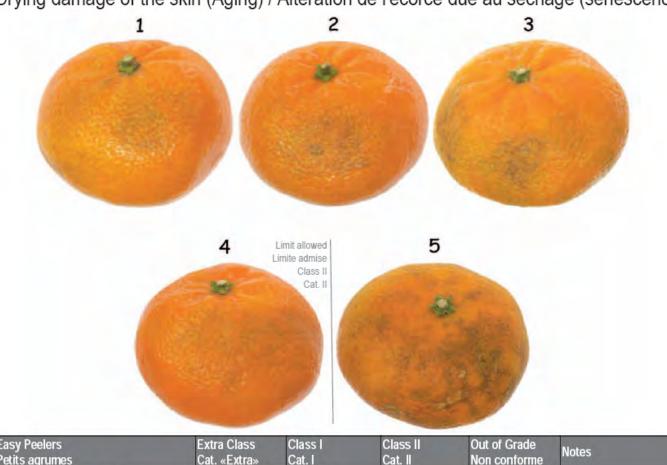
Normes internationales des fruits







Drying damage of the skin (Aging) / Altération de l'écorce due au séchage (sénescence)



Easy Peelers	Extra Class	Class I	Class II	Out of Grade	Notes
Petits agrumes	Cat. «Extra»	Cat. I	Cat. II	Non conforme	
Drying damage of the skin Altération de l'écorce due au séchage		х	1, 2, 3, 4	5	





Handling





International Standards for Fruit and Vegetables: Citrus Fruits Normes internationales de Scratching / Égratignures Limit allowed Extra Class Limite admise Cat. «Extra» Limit allowed Limit allowed Class I Class II Limite admise Limite admise Cat. II

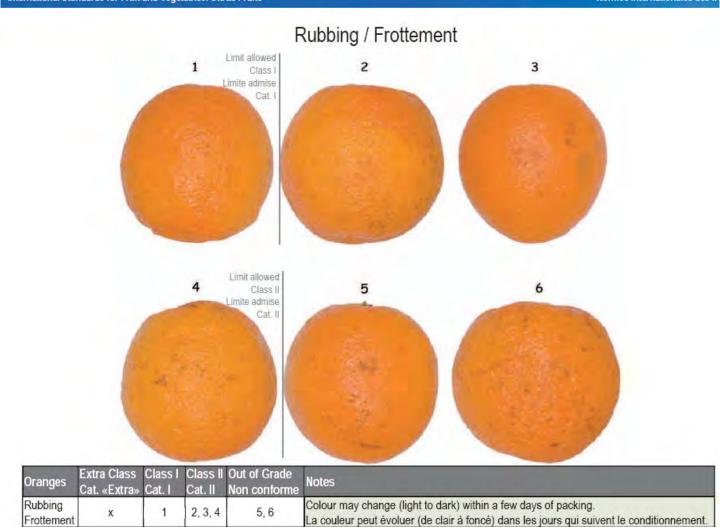
Oranges	Extra Class Cat. «Extra»	Class I Cat. I	Class II Cat. II	Out of Grade Non conforme	Notes
Scratching Égratignures	1, 2	3, 4, 5	6, 7	8	This illustration used for both Oranges and Easy Peelers. Illustration utilisée pour les oranges et les petits agrumes.





International Standards for Fruit and Vegetables: Citrus Fruits

Normes internationales des fro









Oranges	Extra Class Cat. «Extra»	Class I Cat. I	Class II Cat. II	Out of Grade Non conforme	Notes
Stalks Pédoncules	1, 2		3	This illustration used for all product groups. Illustration utilisée pour tous les groupes de produits.	

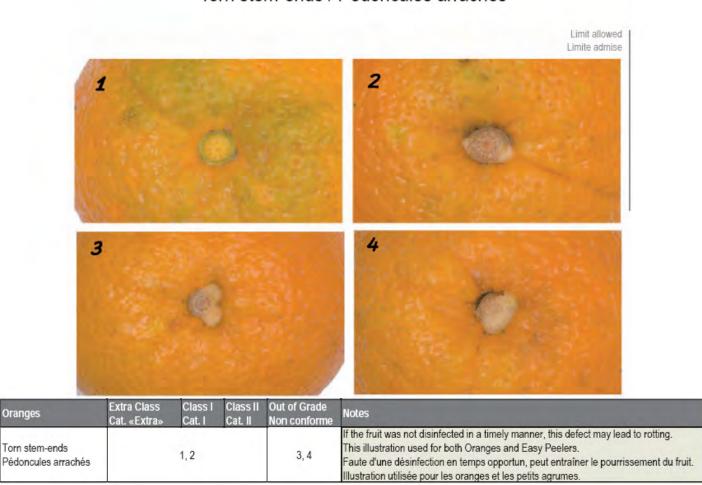


Oranges

International Workshop (Dubrovnik 2011) UNECE Standard FFV-14. CITRUS FRUIT



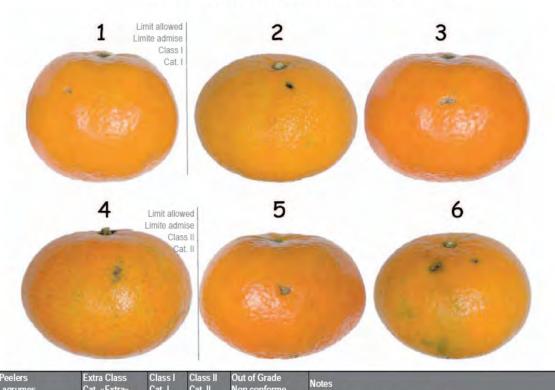
Torn stem-ends / Pédoncules arrachés







Healed injuries / Blessures cicatrisées



Easy Peelers	Extra Class	Class I	Class II	Out of Grade	Notes
Petits agrumes	Cat. «Extra»	Cat. I	Cat. II	Non conforme	
Healed injuries Blessures cicatrisées	х	1	2, 3, 4	5, 6	Superficial, flesh must not be affected This illustration used for both Oranges and Easy Peelers Superficiel; la chair ne doit pas être touchée Illustration utilisée pour les oranges et les petits agrumes



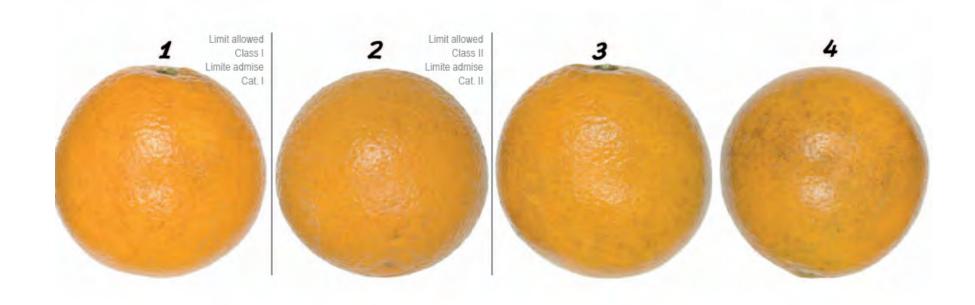


Defects caused by Pests and Diseases





Rust mite damage / Attaques de phytopte

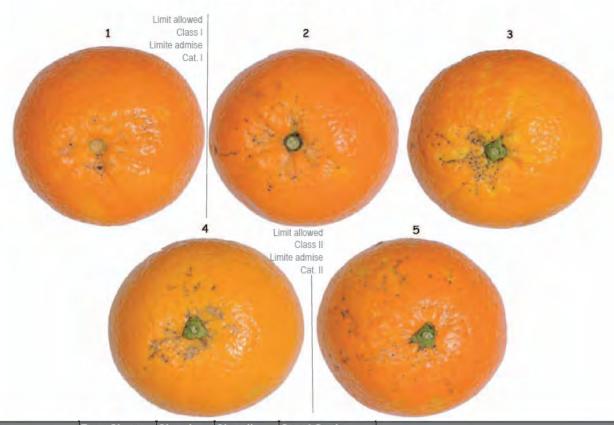


Oranges	Extra Class Cat. «Extra»		Class II Cat. II	Out of Grade Non conforme	Notes
Rust mite damage Attaques de phytopte	x	1	2	3.4	This illustration used for both Oranges and Easy Peelers. Illustration utilisée pour les oranges et les petits agrumes.





Thrips damage / Attaques de thrips



Oranges	Extra Class Cat. «Extra»	Class I Cat. I	Class II Cat. II	Out of Grade Non conforme	Notes
Thrips damage Attaques de thrips	х	1	2, 3, 4	5	This illustration used for both Oranges and Easy Peelers. Illustration utilisée pour les oranges et les petits agrumes.





Rings / Anneaux

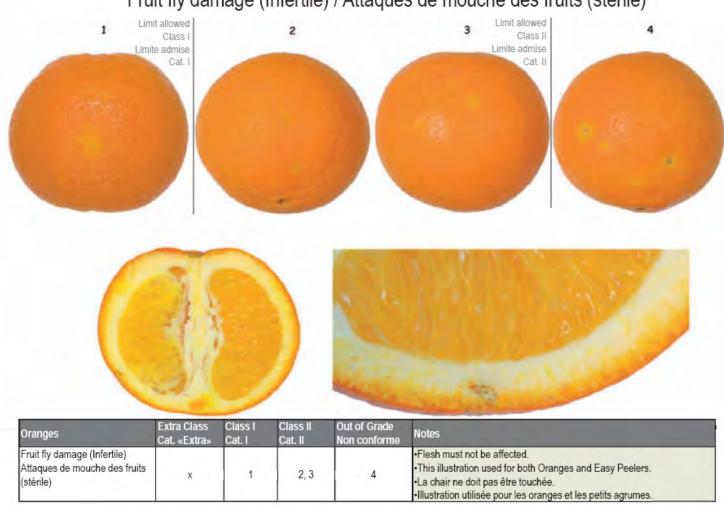


Easy Peelers	Extra Class	Class I	Class II	Out of Grade	Notes
Petits agrumes	Cat. «Extra»	Cat. I	Cat. II	Non conforme	
Rings Anneaux	х	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	6, 7	8	





Fruit fly damage (Infertile) / Attaques de mouche des fruits (stérile)



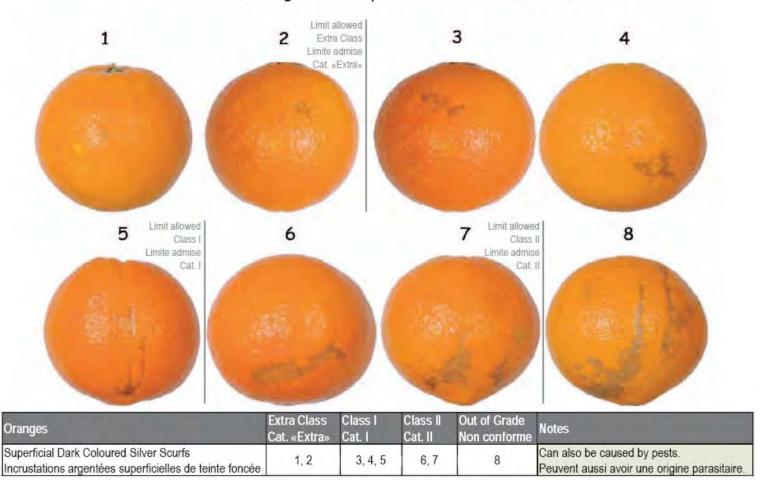




International Standards for Fruit and Vegetables: Citrus Fruits

Normes internationales des fruits e

Superficial Dark Coloured Silver Scurfs Incrustations argentées superficielles de teinte foncée





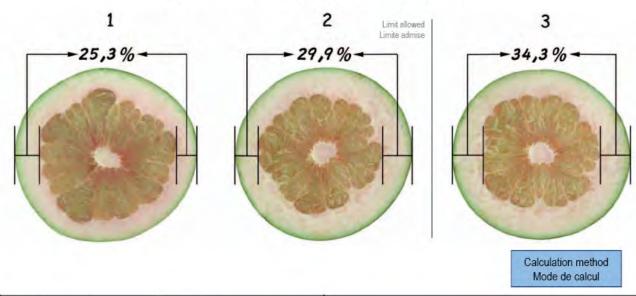


Others criteria of quality (Not included in the standard)





Peel thickness / Épaisseur de l'épiderme

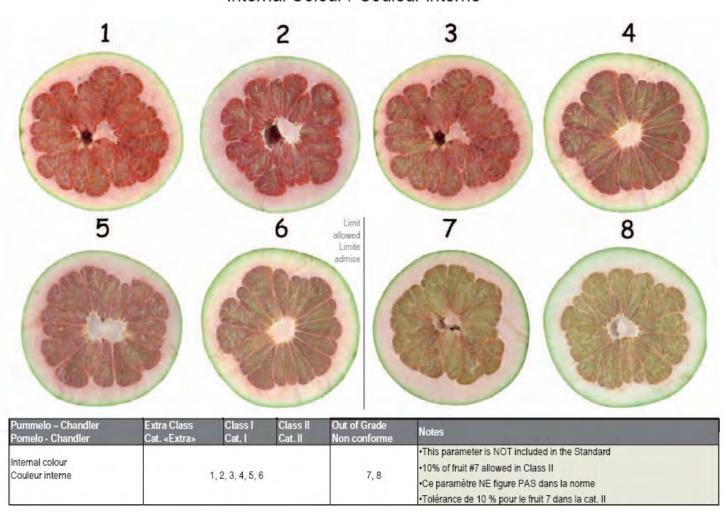


Pummelo – Chandler Pomelo - Chandler	Extra Class Cat. «Extra»	Class I Cat. I	Class II Cat. II	Out of Grade Non conforme	Notes
Peel thickness Épaisseur de l'épiderme		1, 2		3	This parameter is NOT included in the Standard Peel thickness greater than 30% of total fruit diameter should not be accepted Ce paramètre NE figure PAS dans la norme Une épaisseur de l'épiderme supérieure à 30 % du diamètre total du fruit n'est pas acceptable





Internal Colour / Couleur interne







Pips-Seeds / Pépins



Pummelo – Chander / Goliath Pomelo - Chandler / Goliath	Extra Class	No. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20	Class II Cat. II	Out of Grade Non conforme	Notes
					This parameter is NOT included in the Standard
Pips-Seeds					•Too many pips/seeds affects the eating quality
Pépins					•Ce paramètre NE figure PAS dans la norme
					•Un nombre trop élevé de pépins affecte la qualité gustative





III. Provisions concerning sizing.

Size is determined by the maximum diameter of the equatorial section of the fruit or by count.

A. Minimum size.



Fruit	Diameter (mm)
Lemons	45
Persian limes	42
Mexican and Indian limes	25
Satsumas, other mandarin varieties and hybrids	45
Clementines	35
Oranges	53
Grapefruit and hybrids	70
Pummelos and hybrids	100





B. Uniformity.

To ensure uniformity in size, the range in size between produce in the same package shall no exceed:

Smallest fruit diameter	Range
< 60 mm	10 mm
\geq 60 mm but $<$ 80 mm	15 mm
$\geq 80 \text{ mm but} < 110 \text{ mm}$	20 mm
≥ 110 mm	No limit





B. Uniformity options. (size codes)

Oranges			
Size code	Diameter (mm)		
0	92 - 110		
1	87 - 100		
2	84 - 96		
3	81 - 92		
4	77 - 88		
5	73 - 84		
6	70 - 80		
7	67 - 76		
8	64 - 73		
9	62 - 70		
10	60 - 68		
11	58 - 66		
12	56 - 63		
13	53 - 60		

Grapefruit and hybrids			
Size code	Diameter (mm)		
0	>139		
1	109 - 139		
2	100 - 119		
3	93 - 110		
4	88 - 102		
5	84 - 97		
6	81 - 93		
7	77 - 89		
8	73 - 85		
9	70 - 80		





0	ranges	
Size code	Diameter (mm)	
0	92 - 110	
1	87 - 100	
2	84 - 96	
3	81 - 92	
4	77 - 88	
5	73 - 84	
6	70 - 80	
7	67 - 76	
8	64 - 73	
9	62 - 70	
10	60 - 68	
11	58 - 66	
12	56 - 63	
13	53 - 60	

B. Uniformity option (b) Size Codes

Uniformity in size is achieved by the mentioned size scales, unless otherwise stated as follows:

For fruit in **bulk bing** and fruit in sales packages of a maximum net weight of 5 kg, the maximum difference must no exceed the range obtained by **grouping three consecutive sizes** in the size scale.





TOLERANCES

	Extra	Class I	Class II
Quality	5% Not satisfaying requirements but meeting those of Class I	10% Not satisfaying requirements but meeting those of Class II	10% Not satisfaying minimum minimum requirements
	< 0.5% Satisfying requirements Class II	< 1 % Unsatisfying requirements Class II nor minimum requirements or decay	< 2 % Produce affected by decay





A. Size tolerances

- 10% o fruit corresponding to the size immediately below and/or above that (or those, in the case of the combination of three sizes) mentioned on the package is allowed.
- This tolerance of 10% does not apply below this minima

Fruit	Diameter (mm)
Lemons	43
Persian limes	40
Mexican and Indian limes	Not applicable
Satsumas, other mandarin varieties and hybrids	43
Clementines	34
Oranges	50
Grapefruit and hybrids	67
Pummelos and hybrids	98





V. Provisions concerning presentation

A. Uniformity

- The contents of each package must be uniform and contain only citrus fruit of the same origin, variety or commercial type, quality and size, and appreciably of the same degree or ripeness and development.
- In addition, for Extra Class, uniformity in colouring is required.
- **Mixtures** of citrus fruit of distinctly different species **may be packed together** in sales package, provided they are uniform in quality
- The visible package must be representative of the entire content



Non uniform presentation





B. Packaging

The citrus fruit must be packed to protect the produce properly.

The materials used inside the package must be clean and of a quality such as to avoid any external or internal damage.

The use of paper of stamp bearing trade specification is allowed, provided the **printing or labelling has been done with non-toxic ink or glue.**

Stickers affixed to the produce shall be such that, when removed, they neither leave visible traces of glue nor lead to skin defects

If the fruit is wrapped, thin, dry, new and **odourless** paper must be used

Packages must be free of all foreign matter. However a presentation where a short twig with some green leaves adheres to the fruit is allowed.









VI. Provision concerning Marking

Identification.

Packer/or dispatcher/shipper: Name and physical address or a code mark

officially recognized by the national authority.

Nature of produce.

- Common name of the species if the content are not visible from outside.
- "Mixture of fruits" in case of mixtures
- Name of variety for oranges
- Mandarin groups: "Satsumas", "Clementines" (may be followed by seedless/with seeds), other hybrids (name of variety)
- Grapefruit and hybrids "Pink" or "Red"
- Pummelos and hybrids "Pink or red"





VI Provision concerning marking

- Each Packaged must bear the following particular, in letters grouped on the same side, legibly and indelibly marked, and visible from outside
- Identification
- Nature of produce
- Origin of produce
- Commercial specifications
- Official control mark (optional)







C. Origin of produce

- Country of origin.
- In case of mixtures the indication of each country of origin shall appear next to
 - the name of species concerned.

D. Commercial specifications

- Class
- Size express as:
 - i. Minimum and maximum size (in mm) or
 - ii. Size code(s)
 - iii. Count
- Post-harvest treatment (based on legislation of the importing country)

E. Official control mark (optional)





Thank you for your attention



Dubrovnik, october 2011