TABLE 2

Annual changes in real GDP in south-east Europe and the CIS, 2002-2005

(Percentage change over the previous year)

	2002	2003	2004 [a]	2005 [a]
South-east Europe	6.5	5.1	7.9	5.2
Albania	3.4	6.0	6.0	6.0
Bosnia and Herzegovina	3.7	3.2	4.0	4.3
Bulgaria	4.9	4.3	5.5	5.3
Croatia	5.2	4.3	4.0	4.4
Romania	5.0	4.9	7.5	5.2
Serbia and Montenegro [b]	3.8	1.5	7.0	4.5
The former Yugoslav Republic of				
Macedonia	0.9	3.4	2.5	3.5
Turkey	7.9	5.8	9.0	5.3
CIS	5.2	7.7	7.9	6.4
Armenia	15.1	13.9	10.0	8.0
Azerbaijan	10.6	11.2	9.5	14.0
Belarus	5.0	6.8	10.0	9.0
Georgia	5.5	11.1	6.0	5.0
Kazakhstan	9.8	9.3	9.3	7.9
Kyrgyzstan	0.0	6.7	6.5	7.0
Republic of Moldova [c]	7.8	6.3	8.0	6.0
Russian Federation	4.7	7.3	6.8	5.8
Tajikistan	9.5	10.2	11.0	8.3
Turkmenistan [d]	1.8	6.8	6.0	7.0
Ukraine	5.2	9.4	12.4	6.5
Uzbekistan	4.2	4.4	7.6	6.4
Total above	5.6	6.9	7.9	6.0
Memorandum items:				
South-east Europe without Turkey....	4.6	4.2	6.4	5.0
CIS without Russian Federation........	6.2	8.5	10.1	7.5
Caucasian CIS countries	9.9	11.7	8.6	10.0
Central Asian CIS countries	6.6	7.5	8.4	7.3
Three European CIS countries	5.3	8.6	11.6	7.2
Low-income CIS economies	6.3	7.7	8.1	7.9

Source: National statistics, CIS Statistical Committee; reports by official forecasting agencies.

Note: The aggregation was performed using weights based on purchasing power parities. Aggregates shown are: south-east Europe (the 8 countries below that line); CIS (the 12 member countries of the Commonwealth of Independent States). Sub-aggregates are: Caucasian CIS countries: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia; central Asian CIS countries: Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan; three European CIS countries: Belarus, Republic of Moldova, Ukraine; low -income CIS economies: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, Republic of Moldova, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Uzbekistan. Unless otherwise noted, country forecasts shown are those reported by official forecasting agencies.

[a] Forecasts.

[b] Excluding Kosovo and Metohia.

[c] Excluding Transdniestria.

[d] UNECE secretariat estimates. On the methodology used, see box 5.2.1.