

**Table 1. Growth Rates of GDP and Women's and Men's Employment,
in Selected CEE Countries, the Baltic States, and the CIS
1991-2000 (a) (cumulative, percentage)**

	1991-1994			1995-1998			1999-2000		
	GDP	Employment		GDP	Employment		GDP	Employment	
		Men	Women		Men	Women		Men	Women
Eastern Europe									
Albania	-20	-14	-24	24	0.4	-16	16	-5	4
Bulgaria	-15	..	..	-11	..	..	8	..	..
Croatia	-32	..	..	24	..	..	3	..	..
Czech Republic	-10	-11	-11	8	..	1	3	-4	4
Hungary	-13	-26	-26	13	-0.6	-2	9.6	3	4
Poland	4	-10	-5	27	5	9	8	-5	-5
Romania	-16	-9	-6	-0.5	-14	-11	-0.6	-4	0.4
Slovakia	-19	-20	-19	25	1	5	4	-2	-3
Slovenia	-7	-15	-21	17	7	6	10	-1	-2
The FYR of Macedonia	-20	-22	-22	5	-24	-18	9	-2	4
Yugoslavia	-55	-13	-8	24	-13	-8	-12	..	..
Baltic States									
Estonia	-31	-14	-18	26	-10	-5	6	-5	-5
Latvia	50	-23	-24	16	-3	-4	8	-0.6	-0.4
Lithuania	-44	-2	-16	22	2	-4	-0.2	-7	-2
CIS									
Armenia	-51	-7	-11	26	-10	-10	9.4	-3	-6
Azerbaijan	-53	..	..	4	..	..	19	..	..
Belarus	-28	-8	-9	11	-4	-8	9	-4	5
Georgia	-72	..	..	30	..	..	5	..	..
Kazakhstan	-33	-12	-19	-8	-5	-9	13	-3	6
Kyrgyzstan	-46	..	..	14	..	..	9	..	..
Republic of Moldova	-60	..	..	-12	..	..	-2	..	..
Russian Federation	-35	-5	-13	-11	-6	-8	14	0.3	1
Tajikistan	-59	..	..	-22	..	..	12	..	..
Turkmenistan	-32	..	..	-8	..	..	36	..	..
Ukraine	-46	-6	-13	-25	-1	-5	6	-5	-5
Uzbekistan	-18	..	..	11	..	..	9	..	..

Source: UNECE secretariat estimates, based on national labour force surveys, statistical yearbooks and direct communications from national statistical offices.

(a) Labour force divided by working age population.

(b) Unemployment divided by labour force

(c) Instead of 2001, all calculations are based on 2000 data.

(d) Instead of 2001, activity rates are calculated on the basis of 2000 data.